

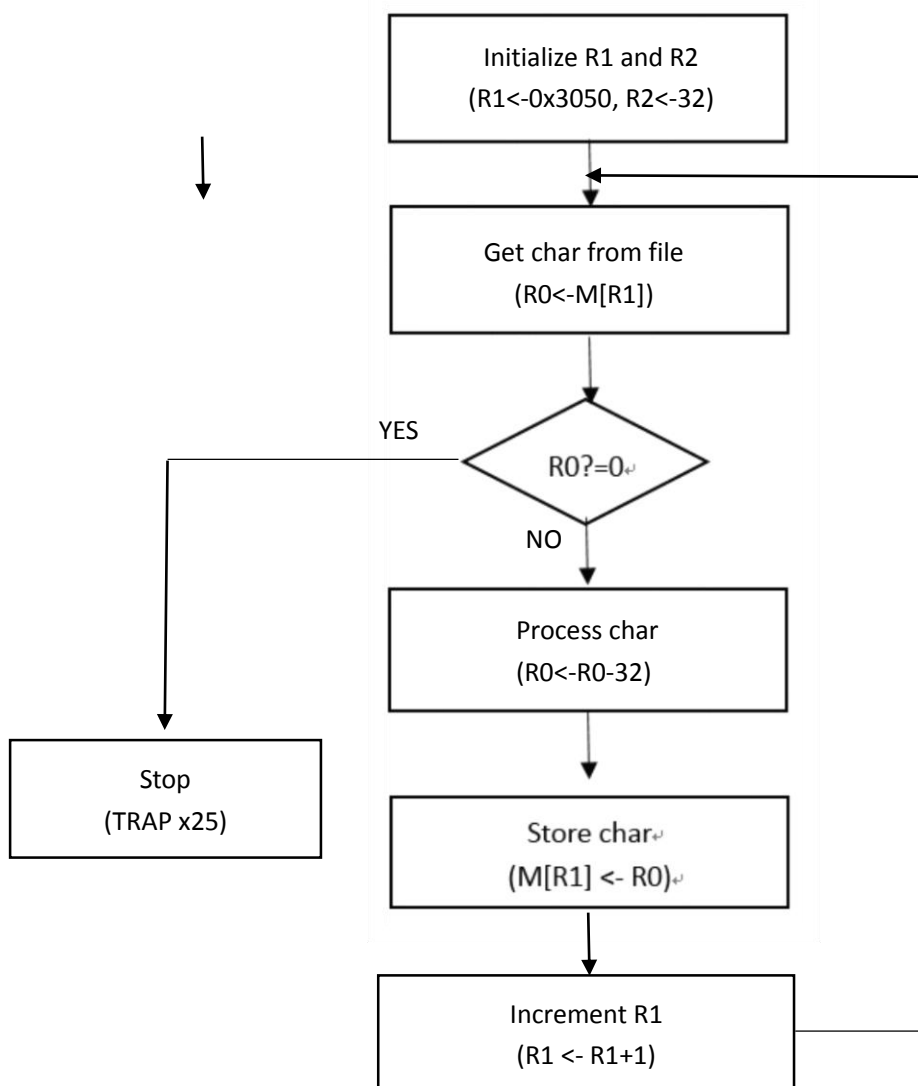
Report for Lab1
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Part 1 Purpose

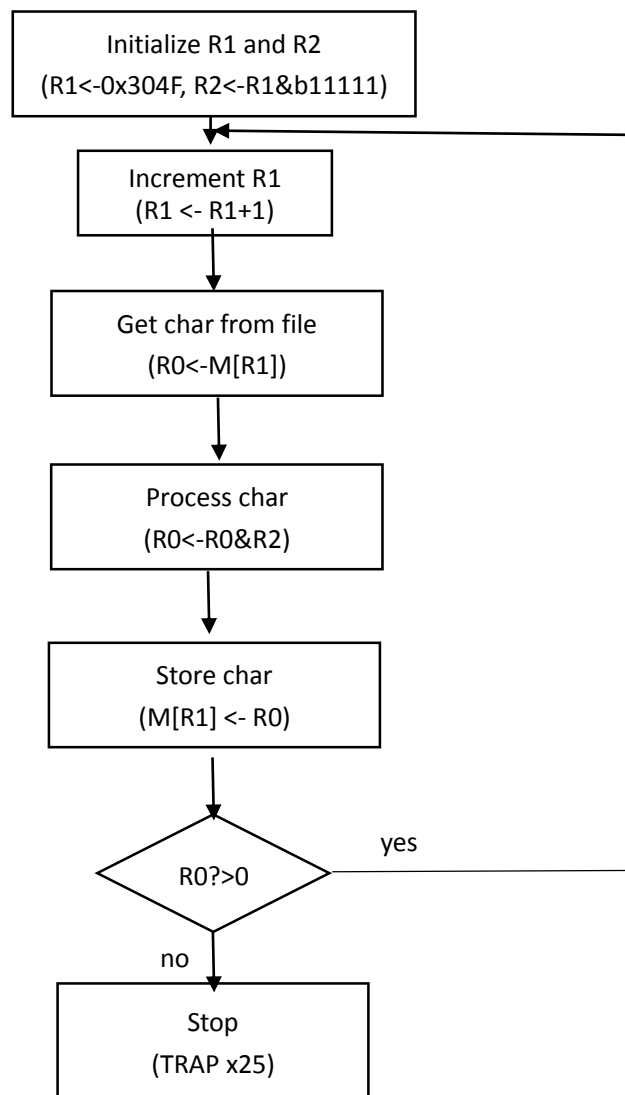
In this assignment, I'm asked to write a program in LC-3 machine language that converts a string of lower case letters in the memory into uppercase and stores the resulting value in memory.

Part 2+3 Principles+Procedures

For this lab, we need only two general purpose register R0 which will contain the value of the processed character, R1, which will be regarded as the pointer for the char to be processed and R2, which will be used to calculate R0-32. The flowchart of the algorithm that solves the problem can be as follows, which needs 9 or 10 instructions.



Then after several hours, I found the solution with only 8 instructions, with the flowchart of the algorithm that solves the problem as follows.



Some details:

Because the chars will start from b 0110 0001 to b 0111 1010, the 6th bits from right side are all 1, which means R0-32 can be realized by R0 & b 1111 1111 1101 1111. So in this method, a mask is used. Since the first address for characteristics is 0x3050, the previous will be 0x304f, i.e. b0011 0000 0100 1111, which can be used as a mask for R2, which should result in R0 & R2 being R0-32.

Here is my code:

```

0011 0000 0000 0000 ; start at 0x3000
1110 0010 0100 1110 ; LEA R1, 0x304f
0101 0100 0111 1111 ; ADD R2, R1, #b111111
0001 0010 0110 0001 ; ADD R1, #1
0110 0000 0100 0000 ; LDR R0, R1 #0
0101 0000 0000 0010 ; AND R0, R0, R2

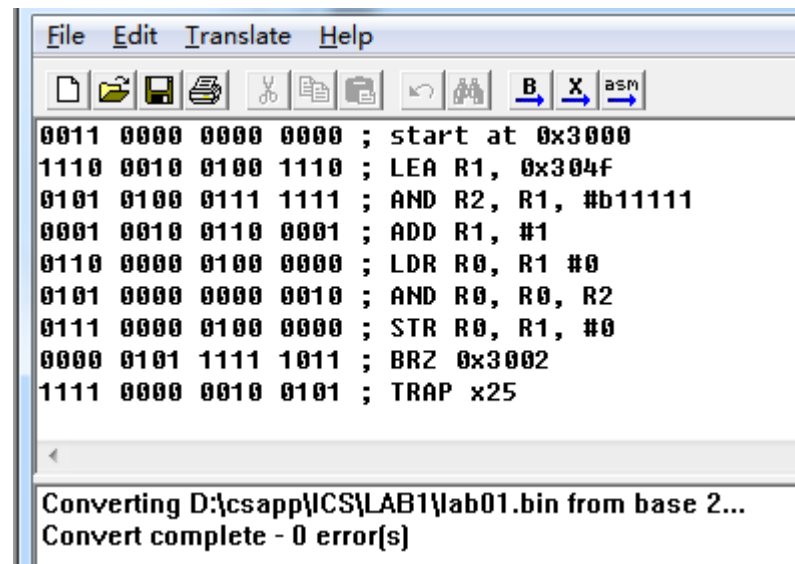
```

```

0111 0000 0100 0000 ; STR R0, R1, #0
0000 0101 1111 1011 ; BRZ 0x3002
1111 0000 0010 0101 ; TRAP x25

```

The result of the compilation



| | | | |
|-------|------------------|-------|-----------------|
| x2FFF | 0000000000000000 | x0000 | NOP |
| x3000 | 1110001001001110 | xE24E | LEA R1, x304F |
| x3001 | 0101010001111111 | x547F | AND R2, R1, #-1 |
| x3002 | 0001001001100001 | x1261 | ADD R1, R1, #1 |
| x3003 | 0110000001000000 | x6040 | LDR R0, R1, #0 |
| x3004 | 0101000000000010 | x5002 | AND R0, R0, R2 |
| x3005 | 0111000001000000 | x7040 | STR R0, R1, #0 |
| x3006 | 0000001111111011 | x03FB | BRP x3002 |
| x3007 | 1111000000100101 | xF025 | TRAP HALT |
| x3008 | 0000000000000000 | x0000 | NOP |
| x3009 | 0000000000000000 | x0000 | NOP |
| x300A | 0000000000000000 | x0000 | NOP |
| x300B | 0000000000000000 | x0000 | NOP |
| x300C | 0000000000000000 | x0000 | NOP |

Part 4 Result.

Set the values from 0x3050 IN DATA.hex as follows: .

```

1 3050
2 0061
3 0062
4 0063
5 0064
6 0065
7 0066
8 0067
9 0068
10 0069
11 006A
12 0000
13 0079

```

run it.:

| | | | | | | |
|-------|------------------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|-----|
| x3050 | 0000000001100001 | x0061 | x3050 | 0000000001000001 | x0041 | NOP |
| x3051 | 0000000001100010 | x0062 | x3051 | 0000000001000010 | x0042 | NOP |
| x3052 | 0000000001100011 | x0063 | x3052 | 0000000001000011 | x0043 | NOP |
| x3053 | 0000000001100100 | x0064 | x3053 | 0000000001000100 | x0044 | NOP |
| x3054 | 0000000001100101 | x0065 | x3054 | 0000000001000101 | x0045 | NOP |
| x3055 | 0000000001100110 | x0066 | x3055 | 0000000001000110 | x0046 | NOP |
| x3056 | 0000000001100111 | x0067 | x3056 | 0000000001000111 | x0047 | NOP |
| x3057 | 0000000001101000 | x0068 | x3057 | 0000000001001000 | x0048 | NOP |
| x3058 | 0000000001101001 | x0069 | x3058 | 0000000001001001 | x0049 | NOP |
| x3059 | 0000000001101010 | x006A | x3059 | 0000000001001010 | x004A | NOP |
| x305A | 0000000000000000 | x0000 | x305A | 0000000000000000 | x0000 | NOP |
| x305B | 0000000001111001 | x0079 | x305B | 0000000001111001 | x0079 | NOP |

The result is correct.