National Climatic Data Center

DATA DOCUMENTATION

FOR

NOAA Operational Model Archive and Distribution System (NOMADS)

North America Regional Reanalysis (NARR)

"Merge" data set

DATASET DSI-6175

March 17, 2004

Prepared for National Climatic Data Center 151 Patton Ave.

Asheville, NC 28801-5001 USA by

Wesley Ebisuzaki NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC
(w/ edits by Glenn Rutledge NOAA/NESDIS/NCDC)
5200 Auth Rd.

Camp Springs, MD, 20746

Table of Contents

	Topic	Num	age abea	
1.	Abstract	. 	. 2	2
2.	Element Names and Definitions:	. 	. 2	2
3.	Start Date	. 	. 6	5
4.	Stop Date	. 	. 6	5
5.	Coverage	. 	. 6	5
6.	How to order data	. 	. 6	5
7.	Archiving Data Center	. 	. 6	5
8.	Technical Contact	. 	. 6	5
9.	Known Uncorrected Problems	. 	. 7	7
10.	Quality Statement	. 	. 7	7
11.	Essential Companion Data Sets	. 	. 7	7
12.	References			7

1. Abstract

These files are from the North America Regional Reanalysis(NARR) Project and contain the analyses and selected quantities from the 0 to 3 hours forecast. The NARR is a reanalysis of historical observations using a 32 km version of the NCEP 1993 operational ETA model and ETA data assimilation system (EDAS). The domain of analyses includes North and Central America as well as small parts of the UK, Eastern Asia and South America and the oceans in between. The period of the reanalyses is from October 1978 to the present and analyses were made 8 times daily. Horizontal boundary conditions were derived from the NCEP/DOE Reanalysis.

The "merged" dataset provides a high spatial (32 km) and temporal (3 hour) analyses of North America and adjacent oceans and land masses from October 1978 to the present. Advantages over the widely used NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis are its higher resolution and a much better treatment of the land surface through a better land-surface model (NOAH), through the assimilation of more surface data (observed precipitation and surface winds) and through a better representation of the terrain (heights, vegetation, soil type).

This data set contains "conventional" atmospheric analyses as well as model-derived fields which contain estimates of subsurface, surface, and radiative properties.

This data set is encoded in WMO format GRIB version 1 using the NCEP GRIB table 131. The data are stored on a Lambert conformal grid (AWIPS grids 221) and efforts have been make to make the data GrADS compatible (http://grads.iges.org/grads).

2. Elements and Definitions

The files for each analysis time are named

merged_AWIP32.YYYYMMDDHH
and
merged_AWIPS32.YYYYMMDDHH.b

YYYYMMDDHH is the date code which corresponds to the analysis time or the starting time of the forecast for model predicted quantities such as flux or precipitation. The possible HH are 0,03, 06, 09, 12, 15, 18, and 21. All time are in UTC.

The data for each analysis time is split into two files so that the data will be compatible with the software program, GrADS. The ".b" file is much smaller and contains fields that are similar to those in the larger file except they have some differences that GrADS does not recognize. For example, the ".b" file contains 3 hour forecast of the sensible heat flux whereas the larger file contains the average from the 0-3 hour forecast.

These files are in GRIB 1 format using NCEP table 131. A copy of this table can be obtained from

ftp://wesley.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/wgrib/nceptab_131

the GRIB documentation from

http://www.nco.ncep.noaa.gov/pmb/docs/on388/

and a GRIB decoder from

http://wesley.ncep.noaa.gov/wgrib.html

The data is on in a Lambert conformal grid (AWIPS grid 221) and all vector components are earth relative rather than grids relative which is the convention for operational NCEP model. The list of fields produced by the NARR ETA model differs from the operational ETA model.

Inventory of main file

ACPCPsfc	ACC*	Convective precipitation [kg/m^2]			
ALBDOsfc		surface Albedo [%]			
APCPsfc	ACC*	Total precipitation [kg/m^2]			
APCPNsfc [kg/m^2]	ACC*	Total precipitation (nearest grid point)			
BGRUNsfc	ACC*	Subsurface runoff (baseflow) [kg/m^2]			
BMIXLhlev1	ANL*	hybrid level 1 Blackadars mixing length scale			
[m]					
CAPEsfc	ANL*	surface Convective available potential energy			
[J/kg]					
CAPE180 0mb	ANL*	180-0 mb above gnd Convective available			
potential energy [J/kg]					
CCONDsfc	ANL*	Canopy conductance [m/s]			
CDsfc	ANL*	Surface drag coefficient [non-dim]			
CDCONclm	AVE*	atmos column Convective cloud cover [%]			
CDLYRclm	AVE*	atmos column Non-convective cloud [%]			
CFRZRsfc	3hr*	Categorical freezing rain [yes=1;no=0]			

```
CICEPsfc
                 3hr* Categorical ice pellets [yes=1;no=0]
                 ANL* Convective inhibition [J/kg]
CINsfc
                 ANL* 180-0 mb above gnd Convective inhibition [J/kg]
CIN180 0mb
                 ANL* 29* Cloud water [kg/kg]
CLWMRprs
                ANL* Plant canopy surface water [kg/m^2]
CNWATsfc
CRAINsfc
                3hr* Categorical rain [yes=1;no=0]
                3hr* Categorical snow [yes=1;no=0]
CSNOWsfc
                AVE* surface Downward longwave radiation flux [W/m^2]
DLWRFsfc
                ANL* 2 m Dew point temp. [K]
DPT2m
                AVE* surface Downward shortwave radiation flux
DSWRFsfc
[W/m^2]
EVPsfc
                ACC* surface Evaporation [kg/m^2]
FRICVsfc
                ANL* Surface friction velocity [m/s]
                AVE* Ground Heat Flux [W/m^2]
GFLUXsfc
                3hr* high cloud level High level cloud cover [%]
HCDChcl
                ANL* 29* Geopotential height [gpm]
HGTprs
                ANL* hybrid level 1 Geopotential height [gpm]
HGThlev1
HGTclb
                ANL* cloud base Geopotential height [gpm]
                ANL* cloud top Geopotential height [gpm]
HGTclt
HGT0deg
                ANL* OC isotherm level Geopotential height [gpm]
                ANL* max wind level Geopotential height [gpm]
HGTmwl
HGTtrp
                ANL* tropopause Geopotential height [gpm]
HLCY0 3000m
                ANL* 3000-0 m above ground Storm relative helicity
[m^2/s^2]
HPBLsfc
                ANL* surface Planetary boundary layer height [m]
                ANL* 29* Ice mixing ratio [kg/kg]
ICMRprs
                3hr* low cloud level Low level cloud cover [%]
LCDClcl
LFTX500 1000mb
                ANL* 500-1000 mb Surface lifted index [K]
LHTFLsfc
                AVE* surface Latent heat flux [W/m^2]
                3hr* mid-cloud level Mid level cloud cover [%]
MCDCmcl
                ANL* Horizontal moisture divergence [kg/kg/s]
MCONVprs
MCONVhlev1
                ANL* hybrid level 1 Horizontal moisture divergence
[kg/kg/s]
MCONV30 0mb
                ANL* 30-0 mb above gnd Horizontal moisture divergence
[kq/kq/s]
                ANL* 60-30 mb above gnd Horizontal moisture
MCONV60 30mb
divergence [kg/kg/s]
MCONV90 60mb
                ANL* 90-60 mb above qnd Horizontal moisture
divergence [kg/kg/s]
MCONV120 90mb
                ANL* 120-90 mb above gnd Horizontal moisture
divergence [kg/kg/s]
MCONV150 120mb
                 ANL* 150-120 mb above gnd Horizontal moisture
divergence [kg/kg/s]
MCONV180 150mb
                ANL* 180-150 mb above qnd Horizontal moisture
divergence [kg/kg/s]
MSLETmsl
                ANL* Mean sea level pressure (ETA model) [Pa]
                ANL* 0-100 cm undergnd Moisture availability [%]
MSTAV0 100cm
                ACC* surface Potential evaporation [kg/m^2]
PEVAPsfc
                ANL* surface Potential temp. [K]
POTsfc
                ANL* 10 m Potential temp. [K]
POT10m
                ANL* 30 m Potential temp. [K]
POT30m
                ANL* hybrid level 1 Potential temp. [K]
POThlev1
                3hr* Precipitation rate [kg/m^2/s]
PRATEsfc
                ANL* surface Pressure [Pa]
PRESsfc
                ANL* 2 m Pressure [Pa]
PRES2m
               ANL* 10 m Pressure [Pa]
PRES10m
PRES30m
                ANL* 30 m Pressure [Pa]
```

```
ANL* hybrid level 1 Pressure [Pa]
PREShlev1
PRESclb
                ANL* cloud base Pressure [Pa]
                ANL* cloud top Pressure [Pa]
PRESclt
                ANL* adiabatic lifting condensation level Pressure
PRESadcl
PRESmwl
                ANL* max wind level Pressure [Pa]
                ANL* tropopause Pressure [Pa]
PREStrp
                ANL* surface Pressure (nearest grid point) [Pa]
PRESNsfc
                ANL* Pressure reduced to MSL [Pa]
PRMSLmsl
                ANL* atmos column Precipitable water [kg/m^2]
PWATclm
                ANL* surface Humidity parameter in canopy conductance
RCOsfc
[fraction]
RCSsfc
                ANL* surface Solar parameter in canopy conductance
[fraction]
RCSOLsfc
                ANL* surface Soil moisture parameter in canopy
conductance [fraction]
                ANL* surface Temperature parameter in canopy
conductance [fraction]
RH2m
                ANL* 2 m Relative humidity [%]
                ANL* hybrid level 1 Relative humidity [%]
RHhlev1
                ANL* OC isotherm level Relative humidity [%]
RH0deg
                ANL* surface Exchange coefficient [(kg/m^3)(m/s)]
SFEXCsfc
                AVE* surface Sensible heat flux [W/m^2]
SHTFLsfc
                ANL* Snow depth [m]
SNODsfc
                AVE* Snow phase-change heat flux [W/m^2]
SNOHFsfc
                ACC* Snow melt [kg/m^2]
SNOMsfc
                ANL* Snow cover [%]
SNOWCsfc
SOILLO 10cm
                ANL* 0-10 cm Liquid volumetric soil moisture (non-
frozen [fraction]
                ANL* 10-40 cm Liquid volumetric soil moisture (non-
SOILL10 40cm
frozen) [fraction]
SOILL40 100cm
                ANL* 40-100 cm Liquid volumetric soil moisture (non-
frozen) [fraction]
SOILL100 200cm
                ANL* 100-200 cm Liquid volumetric soil moisture (non-
frozen) [fraction]
SOILMO 200cm
              ANL* 0-200 cm Soil moisture content [kg/m^2]
SOILWO 10cm
                ANL* 0-10 cm Volumetric soil moisture (frozen+liquid)
[fraction]
                ANL* 10-40 cm Volumetric soil moisture
SOILW10 40cm
(frozen+liquid) [fraction]
                ANL* 40-100 cm Volumetric soil moisture
SOILW40 100cm
(frozen+liquid) [fraction]
SOILW100 200cm
                ANL* 100-200 cm Volumetric soil moisture
(frozen+liquid) [fraction]
SPFHprs
                 ANL* 29* Specific humidity [kg/kg]
                ANL* 2 m Specific humidity [kg/kg]
SPFH2m
                ANL* 10 m Specific humidity [kq/kq]
SPFH10m
                ANL* 30 m Specific humidity [kg/kg]
SPFH30m
                ANL* hybrid level 1 Specific humidity [kg/kg]
SPFHhlev1
                ANL* 30-0 mb above gnd Specific humidity [kg/kg]
SPFH30 0mb
SPFH60 30mb
                ANL* 60-30 mb above gnd Specific humidity [kg/kg]
                ANL* 90-60 mb above gnd Specific humidity [kg/kg]
SPFH90 60mb
                ANL* 120-90 mb above gnd Specific humidity [kg/kg]
SPFH120 90mb
                ANL* 150-120 mb above gnd Specific humidity [kg/kg]
SPFH150 120mb
SPFH180 150mb
                ANL* 180-150 mb above gnd Specific humidity [kg/kg]
SSRUNsfc
                ACC* Surface runoff (non-infiltrating) [kg/m^2]
TCDCclm
                3hr* atmos column Total cloud cover [%]
```

```
ANL* 15* Turbulent Kinetic Energy [J/kg]
TKEprs
                 ANL* hybrid level 1 Turbulent Kinetic Energy [J/kg]
TKEhlev1
                 ANL* surface Temp. [K]
TMPsfc
                 ANL* 29* Temp. [K]
TMPprs
                ANL* 2 m Temp. [K]
TMP2m
TMP10m
                ANL* 10 m Temp. [K]
TMP30m
                ANL* 30 m Temp. [K]
               ANL* hybrid level 1 Temp. [K]
ANL* 30-0 mb above gnd Temp. [K]
ANL* 60-30 mb above gnd Temp. [K]
TMPhlev1
TMP30 0mb
TMP60 30mb
TMP90 60mb
               ANL* 90-60 mb above gnd Temp. [K]
TMP12\overline{0} 90mb
                ANL* 120-90 mb above gnd Temp. [K]
TMP150 120mb
                ANL* 150-120 mb above gnd Temp. [K]
TMP180 150mb
                 ANL* 180-150 mb above qnd Temp. [K]
                 ANL* cloud top Temp. [K]
TMPclt
                 ANL* tropopause Temp. [K]
TMPtrp
                 ANL* Soil temp. [K]
TSOILdpl
                 ANL* 0-10 cm undergnd Soil temp. [K]
TSOIL0 10cm
TSOIL10 40cm
                 ANL* 10-40 cm undergnd Soil temp. [K]
                ANL* 40-100 cm undergnd Soil temp. [K]
TSOIL40 100cm
TSOIL100 200cm ANL* 100-200 cm undergnd Soil temp. [K]
                 ANL* surface Zonal momentum flux [N/m^2]
                ANL* 29* u wind [m/s]
UGRDprs
                ANL* 10 m u wind [m/s]
UGRD10m
UGRD30m
                ANL* 30 m u wind [m/s]
                ANL* hybrid level 1 u wind [m/s]
UGRDhlev1
                ANL* 30-0 mb above gnd u wind [m/s]
UGRD30 0mb
UGRD60_30mb
                ANL* 60-30 mb above gnd u wind [m/s]
UGRD90_60mb
                ANL* 90-60 mb above gnd u wind [m/s]
               ANL* 120-90 mb above gnd u wind [m/s]
UGRD120 90mb
              ANL* 150-120 mb above gnd u wind [m/s]
UGRD150_120mb
UGRD180^{-}150mb ANL* 180-150 mb above qnd u wind [m/s]
                ANL* max wind level u wind [m/s]
UGRDmwl
UGRDtrp
                ANL* tropopause u wind [m/s]
                AVE* surface Upward long wave radiation flux [W/m^2]
ULWRFsfc
                AVE* top of atmos Upward long wave radiation flux
ULWRFtoa
[W/m^2]
USTM0 6000m
                 ANL* 6000-0 m above ground u-component of storm
motion [m/s]
USWRFsfc
                 AVE* surface Upward short wave radiation flux [W/m^2]
                 AVE* top of atmos Upward short wave radiation flux
USWRFtoa
[W/m^2]
VEGsfc
                 ANL* Vegetation [%]
VFLXsfc
                ANL* surface Meridional momentum flux [N/m^2]
                ANL* 29* v wind [m/s]
VGRDprs
                ANL* 10 m v wind [m/s]
VGRD10m
                ANL* 30 m v wind [m/s]
VGRD30m
                ANL* hybrid level 1 v wind [m/s]
VGRDhlev1
VGRD30 0mb
                ANL* 30-0 mb above gnd v wind [m/s]
VGRD60 30mb
                 ANL* 60-30 mb above gnd v wind [m/s]
VGRD90 60mb
                 ANL* 90-60 mb above gnd v wind [m/s]
                 ANL* 120-90 mb above gnd v wind [m/s]
VGRD120_90mb
               ANL* 150-120 mb above gnd v wind [m/s]
VGRD150_120mb
               ANL* 180-150 mb above gnd v wind [m/s]
VGRD180 150mb
VGRDmwl
                ANL* max wind level v wind [m/s]
                ANL* tropopause v wind [m/s]
VGRDtrp
                ANL* surface Visibility [m]
VISsfc
```

```
VSTM0 6000m
                  ANL* 6000-0 m above ground v-component of storm
motion [m/s]
                  ANL* 29* Pressure vertical velocity [Pa/s]
VVELprs
                  ANL* hybrid level 1 Pressure vertical velocity [Pa/s]
VVELhlev1
VVEL30 0mb
                  ANL* 30-0 mb above qnd Pressure vertical velocity
[Pa/s]
VVEL60 30mb
                  ANL* 60-30 mb above gnd Pressure vertical velocity
[Pa/s]
                  ANL* 90-60 mb above gnd Pressure vertical velocity
VVEL90 60mb
[Pa/s]
                  ANL* 120-90 mb above qnd Pressure vertical velocity
VVEL120 90mb
[Pa/s]
VVEL150 120mb
                  ANL* 150-120 mb above gnd Pressure vertical velocity
[Pa/s]
                  ANL* 180-150 mb above gnd Pressure vertical velocity
VVEL180 150mb
[Pa/s]
                  ANL* tropopause Vertical speed shear [1/s]
VWSHtrp
WCCONVtoa 700mb ACC* TOA-700 mb Water condensate flux convergence
(vert. int) [kg/m<sup>2</sup>]
WCCONVclm
                  ACC* atmos column Water condensate flux convergence
(vert. int) [kg/m<sup>2</sup>]
WCINCtoa 700mb
                  ACC* TOA-700 mb water condensate added by precip
assimilaition [kq/m^2]
                  ACC* atmos column water condensate added by precip
WCINCclm
assimilatiion [kg/m<sup>2</sup>]
WCUFLXtoa 700mb ACC* TOA-700 mb Water condensate zonal flux (vertical
int) [kg/\overline{m}]
WCUFLXclm
                  ACC* atmos column Water condensate zonal flux
(vertical int) [kq/m]
{\tt WCVFLXtoa\_700mb} \quad \bar{\tt ACC*} \ {\tt TOA-700} \ {\tt mb} \ {\tt Water} \ {\tt condensate} \ {\tt meridional} \ {\tt flux}
(vertical int) [kq/m]
                  ACC* atmos column Water condensate meridional flux
WCVFLXclm
(vertical int) [kg/m]
WEASDsfc
                 ANL* surface Accum. snow [kg/m^2]
WVCONVtoa 700mb ACC* TOA-700 mb Water vapor flux convergence
(vertical int) [kg/m^2]
                  ACC* atmos column Water vapor flux convergence
WVCONVclm
(vertical int) [kg/m^2]
WVINCtoa 700mb
                 ACC* TOA-700 mb water vapor added by precip
assimilation [kg/m<sup>2</sup>]
                  ACC* atmos column water vapor added by precip
WVINCclm
assimilation [kg/m<sup>2</sup>]
WVUFLXtoa_700mb ACC* TOA-700 mb Water vapor zonal flux (vertical
int) [kq/m]
WVUFLXclm
                 ACC* atmos column Water vapor zonal flux (vertical
int) [kg/m]
WVVFLXtoa 700mb ACC* TOA-700 mb Water vapor meridional flux (vertical
int) [kg/m]
                  ACC* atmos column Water vapor meridional flux
WVVFLXclm
(vertical int) [kq/m]
           Inventory of .b file
```

DLWRFsfc	3hr* surface Downward longwave radiation flux [W/m^2]
DSWRFsfc	3hr* surface Downward shortwave radiation flux [W/m^2]
GFLUXsfc	3hr* Ground Heat Flux [W/m^2]
LHTFLsfc	3hr* surface Latent heat flux [W/m^2]

```
3hr* atmos column Precipitable water [kg/m^2]
PWATclm
               3hr* surface Sensible heat flux [W/m^2]
SHTFLsfc
               3hr* surface Upward long wave radiation flux [W/m^2]
ULWRFsfc
               3hr* surface Upward short wave radiation flux [W/m^2]
USWRFsfc
              3hr* Accum. snow [kq/m^2]
WEASDsfc
ACC* = accumulation from a 0-3 hour forecast, flux become transports
ANL* = analysis
AVE* = average from a 0-3 hour forecasts
3hr* = 3 hour forecasts
29* = analyses available on the 29 pressure levels (hPA): 1000 975 950 925 900
875 850 825 800 775 750 725 700 650 600 550 500 450 400 350 300 275 250 225
200 175 150 125 100
15* = analyses available on the 15 pressure levels (hPA): 1000 975 950 925 900
875 850 825 800 775 750 725 700 650 600
```

3. Start Date: 1978100100

4. End Date: present

5. Coverage:

a. Southernmost Latitude: 8Nb. Northernmost Latitude: 85Nc. Westernmost Longitude: 150Ed. Easternmost Longitude: 5W

6. How to Order Data:

The cost for this data when accessed through NOMADS system servers or associated ftp web based services is free. For more information contact:

```
National Climatic Data Center
151 Patton Avenue
Asheville, NC 28801-5001
```

Phone 828-271-4800 FAX 828-271-4876 e-mail orders@ncdc.noaa.gov

7. Archiving Data Center:

National Climatic Data Center 151 Patton Avenue Asheville, NC 28801-5001

8. Technical Consultant:

Perry Shafran 5200 Auth Road, Rm. 207 Camp Springs, MD 20746 Perry.Shafran@noaa.gov (301) 763-8000 x7240

Wesley Ebisuzaki 5200 Auth Road, Rm. 811 Camp Springs, MD 20746 Wesley.Ebisuzaki@noaa.gov (301) 763-8000 x7576

Dusan Jovic 5200 Auth Road, Rm. 207 Camp Springs, MD 20746 Dusan.Jovic@noaa.gov (301) 763-8000 x 7224

9. Known Uncorrected Problems:

Gulf of California low level jet is too strong during summer. Surface wind stress was written with insufficient precision.

10. Quality Statement:

Disclaimer

While every effort has been made to ensure that data are accurate and reliable within the limits of the current state of the art, NOAA cannot assume liability for any damages caused by any errors or omissions in the data, nor as a result of the failure of the data to function on a particular system.

NOAA makes no warranty, expressed or implied, nor does the fact of distribution constitute such a warranty.

The data used to produce these analyses and forecasts has undergone automated quality checks.

11. Essential Companion Data Sets

NCEP grib table 131,

ftp://wesley.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/wgrib/nceptab_131

12. References:

- a. Mesinger, F., et al, 2004: NCEP North American Regional Reanalysis, 15th Symp. On Global Change and Climate Variations, Seattle, WA, 11-15 Jan 2004.
- b. Shafran, P., J. Woollen, W. Ebisuzaki, W. Shi, Y. Fan, R. W. Grumbine, M. Fennessy, 2004: Observational Data Used for Assimilation in the NCEP North American Regional Reanalysis, 20th Intl. Conf. On Interactive Information Processing Systems for Meteor. Ocean. And Hydrology. Seattle, WA, 11-15 Jan 2004.
- c. Ebisuzaki, W., J. Alpert, J. Wang, D. Jovic, P. Shafran, 2004: North American Regional Reanalysis: end user access to large data sets, 20th Intl. Conf. On Interactive Information Processing Systems for Meteor. Ocean. And Hydrology. Seattle, WA, 11-15 Jan 2004.
- d. Mesinger, F., G. DiMego, E. Kalnay, P. Shafran, W. Ebisuzaki, Y. Fan, R. Grumbine, W. Higgins, Y. Lin, K. Mitchell, D. Parrish, E. Rogers, W. Shi, D. Stokes, J. Woolen, 2003: NCEP Regional Reanalysis, Symp. on Observing and Understanding the Variability of Water in Weather and Climate, Long Beach, CA, Feb.9-13, 2003.