

Spotify Insights

How can data influence creativity?

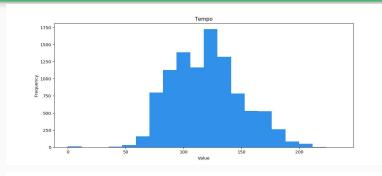
Hypothesis

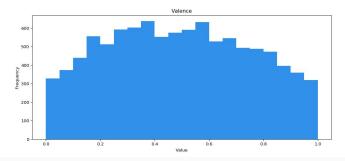
- Are there subsets of music that have measurably different attributes?
- Are there trends present in the way users create their playlists?
- If so, how different are they from the general population?
- How can musicians use the differences to influence creative decisions?

Data in Music

- Objective
 - o Tempo
 - Amplitude (volume)
 - Instrumentalness
- Subjective
 - Energy
 - Valence (mood)

Images from spotify api





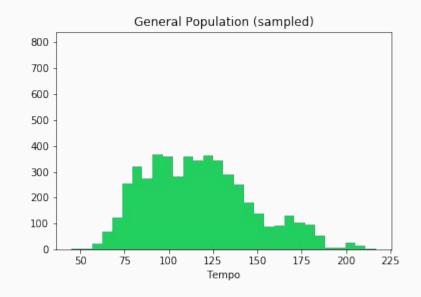
Targets

- Sample of the general population
- Songs taken from user-created playlists with "running" in the title
- Songs taken from user-created playlists with "study" in the title
- N \approx 5,000 for each set
- Playlist songs were gathered by me using the API and a very useful library, <u>Spotipy</u>
- Population data sampled from a <u>Kaggle</u> user
- Metrics generated by Spotify for every song

Tempo

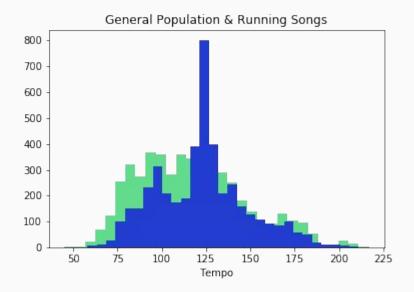
"...the speed or pace of a given piece."

Measured in beats per minute (BPM)



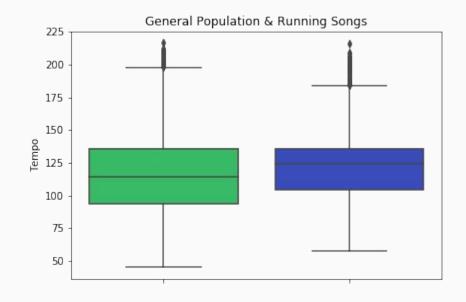
Tempo

• 4 - 7 BPM higher



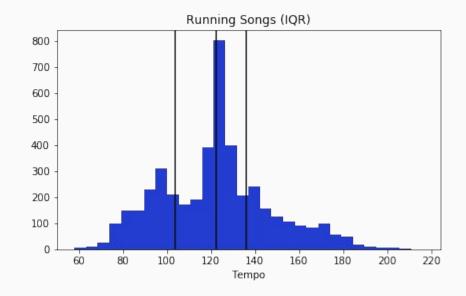
Tempo

- 4 7 BPM higher
- Narrower range



Tempo

- 4 7 BPM higher
- Narrower range
- Emphasis around 122 BPM

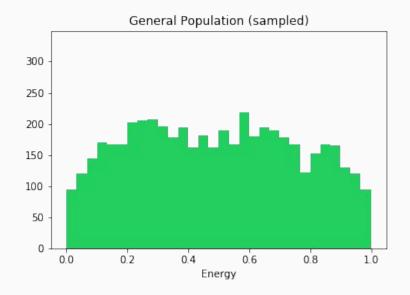


Running Playlists

• Tempo around 122 BPM

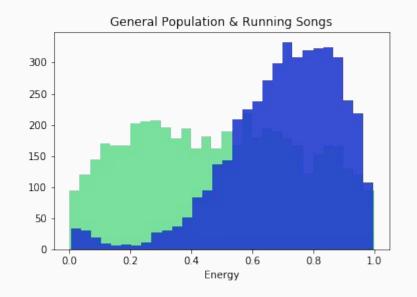
Energy

"...perceptual measure of intensity and activity."



Energy

- Louder
- Busier
- More 'energetic'

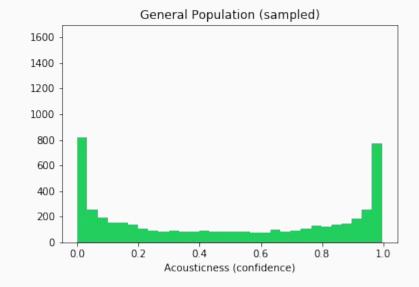


Running Playlists

- Tempo around 122 BPM
- Higher energy level (louder / more dynamic)

Acousticness

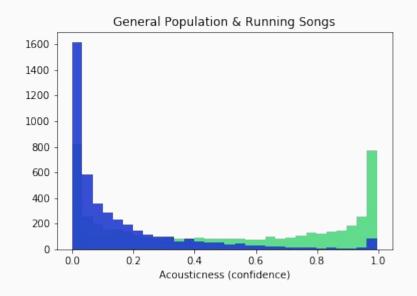
"A confidence measure from 0.0 to 1.0 of whether the track is acoustic."



^{*}note, distribution differs significantly from what is listed in the documentation

Acousticness

 Hardly any acoustic songs in running playlists

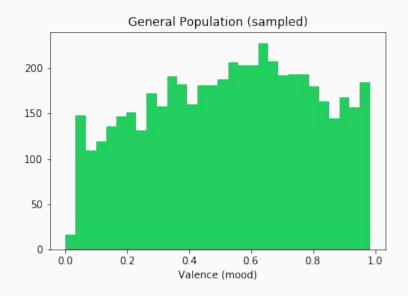


Running Playlists

- Tempo around 122 BPM
- Higher energy level (louder / more dynamic)
- Not acoustic

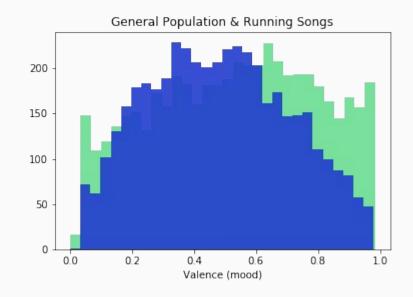
Valence

"...the musical positiveness conveyed by a track"



Valence

- Technically lower by statistical significance
- Small difference and effect size



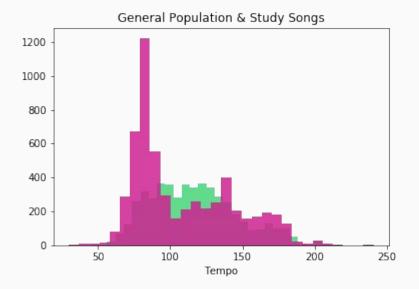
Running Playlists

- Tempo around 122 BPM
- Higher energy level (louder / more dynamic)
- Not acoustic
- Less positive mood

Target Playlists: Studying

Tempo

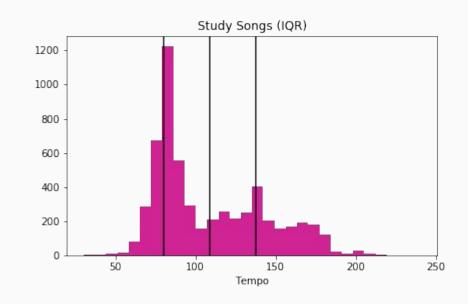
• 7 - 9 BPM lower



Target Playlists: Studying

Tempo

- 7 9 BPM lower
- Bottom of IQR better choice than the average
- Lines up with the mode
- 80 BPM



Running Playlists

- Tempo around 122 BPM
- Higher energy level (louder / more dynamic)
- Not acoustic
- Less positive mood

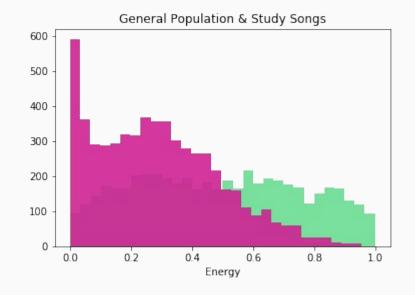
Study

Tempo around 80 BPM

Target Playlists: Studying

Energy

- Much lower energy
- Softer, simpler songs to avoid distracting the listener



Running Playlists

- Tempo around 122 BPM
- Higher energy level (louder / more dynamic)
- Not acoustic
- Less positive mood

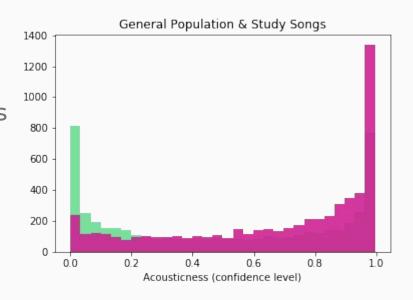
Study

- Tempo around 80 BPM
- Low energy level (simple / less dynamic)

Target Playlists: Studying

Acousticness

- One playlist was very large and contained only solo piano songs
- Maybe better. Would require further analysis



Running Playlists

- Tempo around 122 BPM
- Higher energy level (louder / more dynamic)
- Not acoustic
- Less positive mood

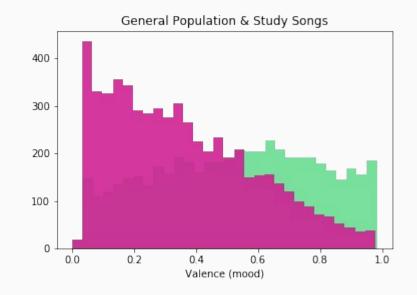
Study

- Tempo around 80 BPM
- Low energy level (simple / less dynamic)
- Maybe acoustic

Target Playlists: Studying

Valence (mood)

- Decidedly less positive
- Music as a tool, not an escape



Running Playlists

- Tempo around 122 BPM
- Higher energy level (louder / more dynamic)
- Not acoustic
- Less positive mood

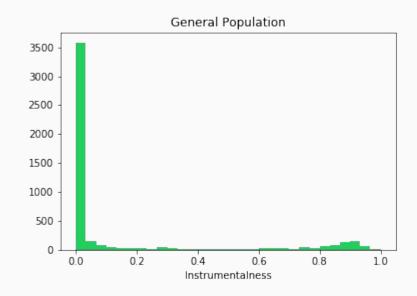
Study

- Tempo around 80 BPM
- Low energy level (simple / less dynamic)
- Maybe acoustic
- Emphasis on less happy

Target Playlists: Studying

Instrumentalness

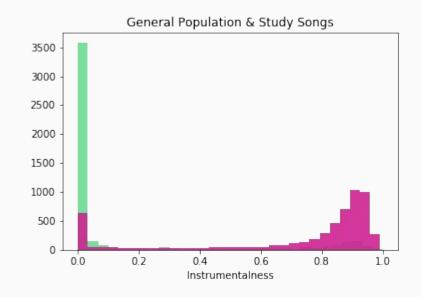
"The closer the instrumentalness value is to 1.0, the greater likelihood the track contains no vocal content."



Target Playlists: Studying

Instrumentalness

- Overwhelming amount of instrumental songs
- Statistically, this represented the largest deviation from the population

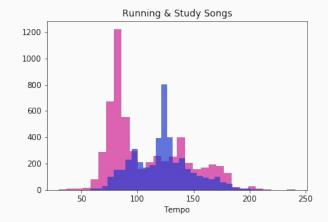


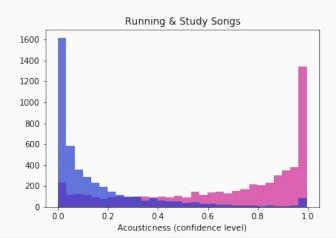
Running Playlists

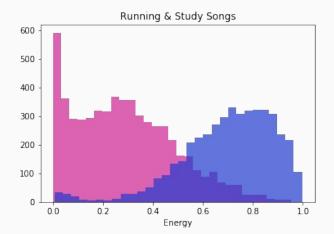
- Tempo around 122 BPM
- Higher energy level (louder / more dynamic)
- Not acoustic
- Less positive mood

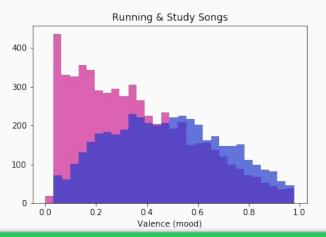
Study

- Tempo around 80 BPM
- Low energy level (simple / less dynamic)
- Maybe acoustic
- Emphasis on less happy
- Minimal lyrical content













Conclusions

- We are able to establish that certain types of playlists carry attributes that are significantly different than the general population.
- With objective measures like tempo, we can set forth a clear target.
- Looking at subjective measures, we can set some loose overall goals for what the music should feel like
- All of these are established in our final set of "Musical Guidelines"

Improvements

- Sample the population in a way that better represents it.
- Limit playlist size and draw from more playlists
- Instead of dropping duplicates, use them to weight the data

Additional Use Cases

- Artists can look through their discography and try to market old songs in a fresh way
- Labels can make their own running or study playlists
- Guide algorithmically generated playlists

Questions?

Thank You