

Transparency Note: GenAlScript for Generative Al Scripting

Updated February 29, 2024

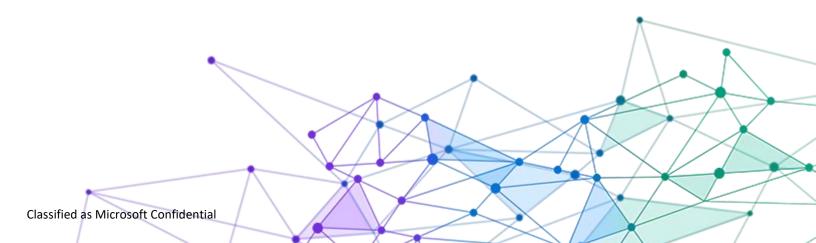


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The basics of GenAlScript

Introduction

GenAlScript is a framework that empowers teams, including non-developers, to create and use Al-enhanced scripts to support their workflows. GenAlScript provides support for authoring and debugging JavaScript scripts that incorporate calls to foundation models and LLMs in their execution¹. GenAlScript is a programming framework that allows its users to author Al scripts (which we call a GenAlScript), debug those scripts in a development environment that is an extension of VS Code, and package those scripts in a command-line interface that can be deployed in many contexts.

Our VS Code extension supports easy authoring of a GenAlScript by writing natural language in markdown syntax plus a small amount of stylized JavaScript programming. Our framework allows users to leverage multiple LLM models, parameterize the calls to the models, execute and debug scripts, trace the construction of the LLM prompts and provide a full trace of execution from prompt construction to LLM generation to parsing the LLM result. Our framework also supports extracting multiple forms of output from LLM generations, including output in files of different types, outputs intended as edits to existing files and outputs in structured formats, such as JSON.

Key terms

GenAlScript A stylized JavaScript program that defines the context for the LLM call, allows arbitrary JavaScript code execution, packages the prompt input for the LLM, calls the LLM, and unpacks that LLM output based on the directions given in the prompt.

GPSpec An optional markdown file(s) used to establish the calling context for the GenAlScript. A GPSpec can be as simple as a list of arguments and as complex as a collection of markdown documents in a repository.

GPVM: A runtime system that given a GenAlScript and an optional GPSpec, executes the GenAlScript, which involves integrating the context into a prompt, calling the specified LLM, and extracting content from the LLM result.

VS Code GenAlScript extension An add-in to VS Code that provides users with easy methods for creating, editing, running and debugging GenAlScript.

Foundation models and LLMs While GenAlScript currently supports different LLMs, in the future we anticipate that we will incorporate additional foundation models beyond large language models.

Capabilities

System behavior

GenAlScript is a general-purpose Al-script authoring framework for seamlessly integrating code execution and foundation model/LLM invocations. A GenAlScript is a JavaScript program in a stylized format that allows users to easily specify the LLM context and prompt, invoked a specified model, and parse the resulting output according to user specifications. This functionality allows even users who are not programmers to inspect model results and double check them for correctness.

¹ Throughout this document when we refer to LLMs we mean any foundation model that is compatible with our interfaces.

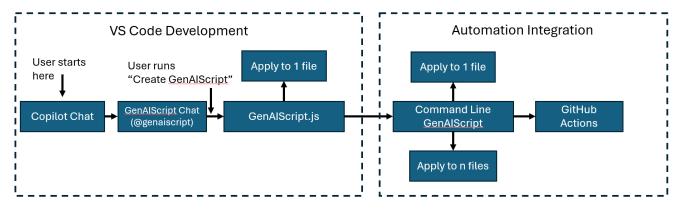
GenAlScript can be written in any IDE but the VS Code GenAlScript add-in makes creating, executing and debugging GenAlScript especially easy. GenAlScript users can implement tools that generate and edit multiple files with a single tool and our integration with VS Code leverages existing functionality in for refactoring to allow users to easily see the results of the tool execution. The add-in supports creating a new GenAlScript, creating a new GPSpec, invoking a given GenAlScript from a GPSpec, tracing the execution of the GenAlScript in establishing the LLM context and final prompt, and unparsing the LLM output into the user-specified elements. Examples of all of these capabilities can be viewed in demo videos in the GenAlScript repository: microsoft/GenAlScript: GenAl Scripting (github.com)

The goal of GenAlScript is to empower a broad range of potential users to innovate with building Al-powered scripts and identify new ways to leverage Al for their daily tasks. We expect that professional developers, who are familiar with writing and using scripts to enhance their productivity will be the early adopters of GenAlScript. GenAlScript will give these users benefit because GenAlScript can do many things that existing scripts written in traditional scripting languages like JavaScript and Python cannot do. While developers can leverage other frameworks, such as langchain and Semantic Kernel, that integrate calls to LLMs into languages like Python and JavaScript, these frameworks require more user effort and have less IDE support than GenAlScript. Ultimately, because our goal is to make GenAlScript easy to author, modify, debug and run, we anticipate that they will be useful far beyond professional developers. The real impact of GenAlScript will be to enable many non-developers to innovate and build GenAlScript that enhance their productivity. We illustrate this point with examples below.

Documentation

To help users get started with GenAlScript, we include documentation in our repository that illustrates in code snippets the contents of several different GenAlScript. The documentation shows both what the example GenAlScript looks like as well as what the effect is from the GenAlScript acting on a particular input. While these examples are intended to explain the technology, they are not intended to be the basis for user-written tools.

GenAlScript User Journey



Our goal is to provide a seamless transition from using a chat experience in an IDE such as VS Code to authoring, debugging, and deploying GenAlScript. We illustrate the user journey in the figure above. The user starts by interacting with the existing Copilot Chat capability inside VS Code. If they want to interact with GenAlScript using VS Code chat, they can invoke the @GenAlScript add-in directly in the VS Code chat. When they do this, they will implicitly start building a GenAlScript, leveraging the interfaces that exist in GenAlScript for all users. At any point, the user can explicitly request that a GenAlScript be created from their chat history and our framework will create a new GenAlScript file that they can further edit, run, and debug. This interactive experience is illustrated on the left side of the figure. At some point, a user will have confidence that the GenAlScript they have created is good enough that they want to use it at scale (perhaps applying it to all the files in a directory or repository). To facilitate this, users can create a command line instance of a GenAlScript that can then be integrated into other scripting and automation mechanisms, such as running the tool over all the files in a directory or integrating the tool as GitHub Action.

Use cases

Intended uses

GenAlScript can be used in any context where a command line script written in another programming language might be used but the use cases are much more ambitious because the LLM can do much more than ordinary code. Here are some examples:

- Checking for potential inconsistencies in a collection of configuration files or other content.

 Using the LLM, a GenAlScript can inspect configuration files and leverage the LLM's understanding of common configuration errors to detect and report them. Before LLMs, professional developers would write tools, such as lint², which are complex programs that detect inconsistencies in the syntax of their code files. With GenAlScript, checking tools can be written for much richer scenarios (such as checking for inappropriate variable names), and by individuals who are not professional developers.
- Automating document translation: Given documentation in a repository written in one natural language, a GenAlScript can be written to translate that documentation into another language. For a specific example of why GenAlScript is important for this use, consider the task of maintaining the localization of the MakeCode³ documentation. MakeCode documentation has nearly 2M files, which are typically markdown with a mix of code snippets. Many documents are partially translated (paragraph level). There are 3500 registered volunteer translators for 35+ languages. One cannot just apply Bing translate as it typically destroys the code snippets. With GenAlScript, we can have a script that goes through every documentation file, pulls the current localized version and assembles a prompt to ask the LLM to fill in the missing translations, while leaving the existing ones alone. The LLM already crawled MakeCode and is aware of the syntax.
- **Generating executable code from a natural language specification.** A GPSpec file can be used to specify the task being performed and a GenAlScript that specializes in code generation can translate the spec into code.
- Creating a short version of a longer white paper by summarizing each chapter. LLMs are quite effective at summarizing documents. A GenAlScript can be written to take each chapter of a long document and summarize it in a section of a shorter document.

² <u>Lint (software) - Wikipedia</u>

³ https://makecode.org/

• **Translating a monolog to a dialog.** Given a monolog from a video transcript, a GenAlScript can be written to rewrite the monolog into a dialog between two individuals (akin to sports announcers talking to each other) to make the video more interesting and accessible.

Unintended uses

GenAlScript is a general framework for authoring scripts. As a result, an adversary can use GenAlScript to author adversarial scripts that could be used for malicious purposes. All of the adversarial uses of GenAlScript could also be implemented in other LLM language extension frameworks such as Sematic Kernel, autogen, and langchain, so the danger from unintended uses of GenAlScript stems from possibility that it might make it easier to author adversarial scripts. This issue is present in any infrastructure that makes programming easier, including languages such as PowerShell, JavaScript, and Python, as well as IDEs such as VS Code and Visual Studio. While we cannot prevent unintended uses, we will encourage users to consider Responsible Al practices when then build GenAlScript.

Foundation model best practices

We strongly encourage GenAlScript users to use foundation models and LLMs that support robust Responsible Al mitigations, such as the Azure Open Al (AOAI) services. Such services continually update the safety and RAI mitigations to track our up-to-date understanding on how to deploy and use foundation models most responsibly. This blog post highlights the RAI features in AOAI that were presented at Ignite 2023:

Announcing new Al Safety & Responsible Al features in Azure OpenAl Service at Ignite 2023 (microsoft.com)

Limitations

GenAlScript is an evolving framework that will improve based on input from users. Existing limitations in the framework include weak support for Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG), integration into only one IDE (VS code), and internal support for OpenAl APIs plus a relatively small number of other LLMs. We intend to allow users to integrate calls to external services (such as RAG) in GenAlScript to provide the LLM with more context. In these cases, users can choose to register a set of pre-existing functions and ask the LLM to choose which function to call and with what arguments. Such uses of LLMs have risks related to adversarial and poorly written extensions, which the user has the ability to choose and control. Our documentation will highlight the potential risks of such use cases, and recommend caution when using this feature.

We anticipate adding support for more foundation models as the use cases evolve.

We also anticipate that the on-ramp to using GenAlScript will evolve. We currently support invoking the GenAlScript framework as part of a VS Code Copilot Chat experience (hosted in VS Code Insider's Edition). We are exploring ways to generate a GenAlScript directly from the user chat interactions which will lower the barrier to entry for using GenAlScript. We also understand that some developers would prefer to implement their GenAlScript using Python instead of JavaScript. We anticipate building a Python binding form authoring GenAlScript in the future.

Technical limitations, operational factors and ranges

GenAlScript does not use any Al model in executing the framework itself. Individuals using GenAlScript to author their own Al scripts will be subject to the technical limitations, operational factors, and ranges of the Al LLM their tool uses.

System performance and errors

Not applicable.

Best practices for improving system performance

GenAlScript encourages users to consult the best practices for authoring effective prompts for the specific LLM they are invoking in their tool.

Evaluation of the GenAlScript

Not applicable.

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Learn more about the GenAlScript

Read more about GTools at our GitHub site, microsoft/GenAlScript: GenAl Scripting (github.com)

Contact us

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Published: <date>

Last updated: <date>