
SimpSOM Documentation

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SIMPSOM (SIMPLE SELF-ORGANIZING MAPS)

1.1 Version 1.1

SimpSOM is a lightweight implementation of Kohonen Self-Organising Maps (SOM) for Python 2.7, useful for unsupervised learning, clustering and dimensionality reduction.

The package is now available on PyPI, to retrieve it just type `pip install SimpSOM` or download it from here and install with `python setup.py install`.

It allows to build and train SOM on your dataset, save/load the trained network weights, and display or print graphs of the network with selected features. The function `run_colorsExample()` will run a toy model, where a number of colors will be mapped from the 3D RGB space to the 2D network map and clustered according to their similarity in the origin space.

1.2 Dependencies

- Numpy 1.11.0 (older versions may work);
- Matplotlib 1.5.1 (older versions may work);
- Sklearn 0.15 (older versions may work), optional, needed only for clustering with algorithms other than Quality Threshold.

1.3 Example of Usage

Here is a quick example on how to use the library with a `raw_data` dataset:

```
#Import the library
import SimpSOM as sps

#Build a network 20x20 with a weights format taken from the raw_data.
net = sps.somNet(20, 20, raw_data)

#Train the network for 10000 epochs and with initial learning rate of 0.1.
net.train(10000, 0.01)

#Save the weights to file
net.save('filename_weights')

#Print a map of the network nodes and colour them according to the first feature_
↪ (column number 0) of the dataset
```

```
#and then according to the distance between each node and its neighbours.
net.nodes_graph(colnum=0)
net.diff_graph()

#Project the datapoints on the new 2D network map.
net.project(raw_data, labels=labels)

#Cluster the datapoints according to the Mean Shift algorithm from sklearn.
net.cluster(raw_data, type='MeanShift')
```

1.4 What's New

- Clustering is now possible with the `cluster` command, Quality Threshold and a few sklearn clustering algorithms are available.

1.5 TO DOs:

- Update the available cluster algorithms from sklearn;
- Add documentation.

2.1 SimpSOM package

2.1.1 Submodules

2.1.2 SimpSOM.densityPeak module

A Rodriguez, A Laio, Clustering by fast search and find of density peaks SCIENCE, 1492, vol 322 (2014)

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```
SimpSOM.densityPeak.densityPeak(array)
```

2.1.3 Module contents

SimpSOM (Simple Self-Organizing Maps) v1.1.2 F. Comitani @2017

A lightweight python library for Kohonen Self-Organising Maps (SOM).

```
SimpSOM.run_colorsExample()
```

Example of usage of SimpSOM: a number of vectors of length three (corresponding to the RGB values of a color) are used to briefly train a small network. Different example graphs are then printed from the trained network.

```
class SimpSOM.somNet (netHeight, netWidth, data, loadFile=None)
Kohonen SOM Network class.
```

```
cluster (array, type='qthresh', cutoff=5, quant=0.2, savefile=True, filetype='dat', show=False, print-
out=True)
```

Clusters the data in a given array according to the SOM trained map. The clusters can also be plotted.

Parameters

- **array** (*np.array*) – An array containing datapoints to be clustered.
- **type** (*str, optional*) – The type of clustering to be applied, so far only quality threshold (qthresh) algorithm is directly implemented, other algorithms require sklearn.
- **cutoff** (*float, optional*) – Cutoff for the quality threshold algorithm. This also doubles as maximum distance of two points to be considered in the same cluster with DBSCAN.

- **quant** (*float, optional*) – Quantile used to calculate the bandwidth of the mean shift algorithm.
- **savefile** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to save the resulting clusters in a text file.
- **filetype** (*string, optional*) – Format of the file where the clusters will be saved (csv or dat)
- **show** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to display the plot.
- **printout** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to save the plot to a file.

Returns A nested list containing the clusters with indexes of the input array points.

Return type (list of int)

data = None

Load the weights from file or generate them randomly.

diff_graph (*show=False, printout=True*)

Plot a 2D map with nodes and weights difference among neighbouring nodes

Parameters

- **show** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to display the plot.
- **printout** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to save the plot to a file.

find_bmu (*vec*)

Find the best matching unit (BMU) for a given vector.

Parameters **vec** (*np.array*) – The vector to match.

Returns The best matching unit node.

Return type bmu (*somNode*)

nodes_graph (*colnum=0, show=False, printout=True*)

Plot a 2D map with nodes and weights values

Parameters

- **colnum** (*int*) – The index of the weight that will be shown as colormap.
- **show** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to display the plot.
- **printout** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to save the plot to a file.

project (*array, colnum=0, labels=[], show=False, printout=True*)

Project the datapoints of a given array to the 2D space of the SOM by calculating the bmus. If requested plot a 2D map with as implemented in `nodes_graph` and adds circles to the bmu of each datapoint in a given array.

Parameters

- **array** (*np.array*) – An array containing datapoints to be mapped.
- **colnum** (*int*) – The index of the weight that will be shown as colormap.
- **show** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to display the plot.
- **printout** (*bool, optional*) – Choose to save the plot to a file.

Returns bmu x,y position for each input array datapoint.

Return type (list)

save (*fileName*=*'somNet_trained'*)
Saves the nodes weights to a file.

Parameters **fileName** (*str*, *optional*) – Name of file where the weights will be saved.

train (*epochs*=5000, *startLearnRate*=0.01)
Train the SOM.

Parameters

- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of training iterations.
- **startLearnRate** (*float*) – Initial learning rate.

update_lrate (*iter*)
Update the learning rate.

Parameters **iter** (*int*) – Iteration number.

update_sigma (*iter*)
Update the gaussian sigma.

Parameters **iter** (*int*) – Iteration number.

class `SimpSOM.somNode` (*x*, *y*, *numWeights*, *weiArray*=[])
Single Kohonen SOM Node class.

get_distance (*vec*)
Calculate the distance between the weights vector of the node and a given vector.

Parameters **vec** (*np.array*) – The vector from which the distance is calculated.

Returns The distance between the two weight vectors.

Return type (float)

get_nodeDistance (*node*)
Calculate the distance within the network between the node and another node.

Parameters **node** (`somNode`) – The node from which the distance is calculated.

Returns The distance between the two nodes.

Return type (float)

update_weights (*inputVec*, *sigma*, *lrate*, *bm*)
Update the node Weights.

Parameters

- **inputVec** (*np.array*) – A weights vector whose distance drives the direction of the update.
- **sigma** (*float*) – The updated gaussian sigma.
- **lrate** (*float*) – The updated learning rate.
- **bm** (`somNode`) – The best matching unit.

INDICES AND TABLES

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