LAB7 - Expression (III)

LAB of COMP2021 OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

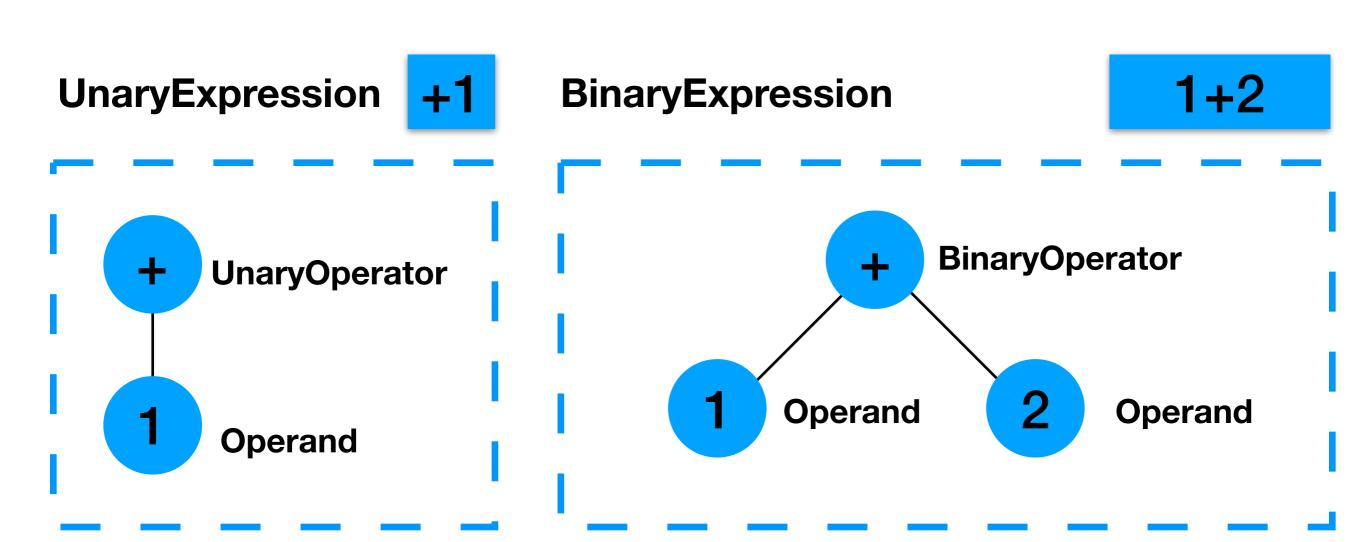
Objectives

- To review the concepts:
 - Inheritance
 - Abstract Class

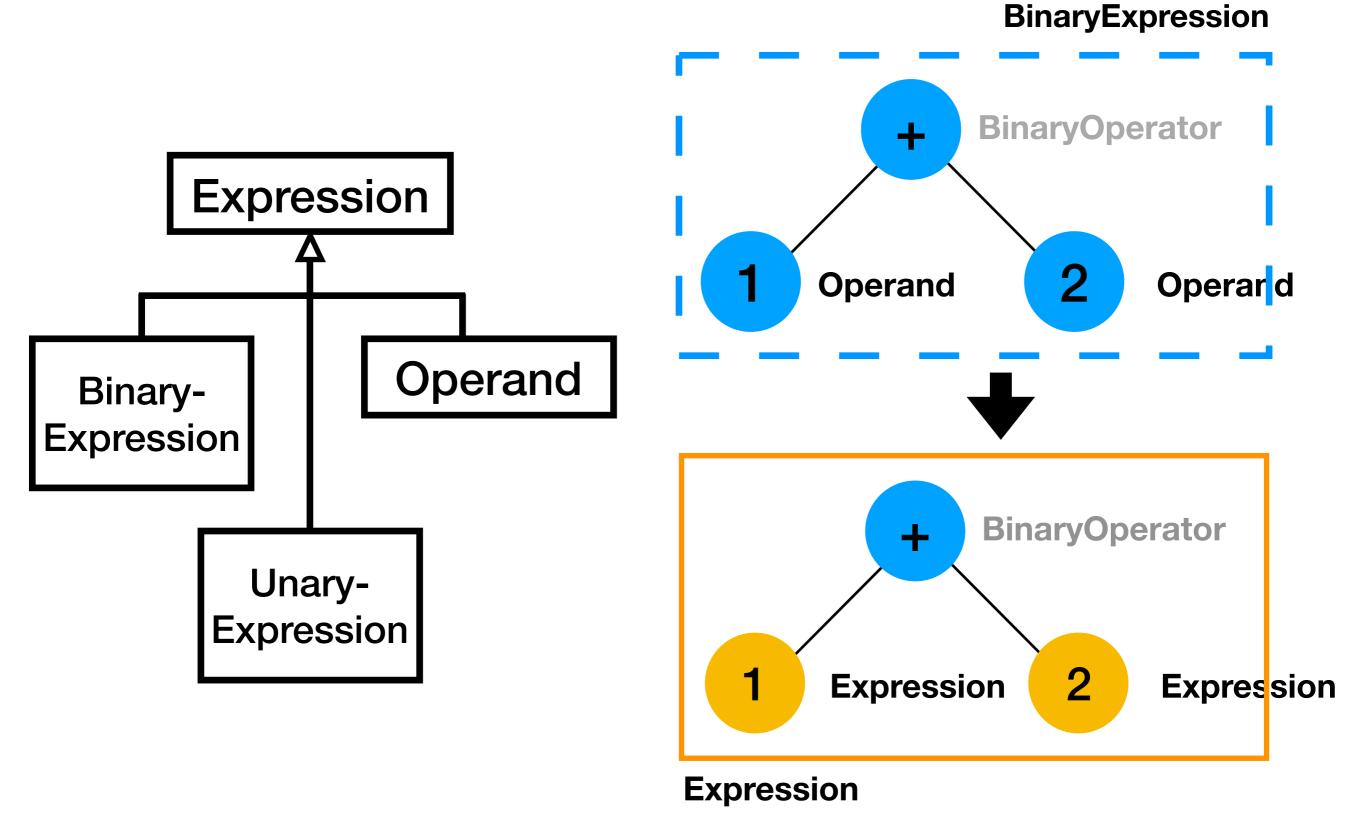
Inheritance

- Inheritance is an important way to reuse existing code
- Defining a new class by inheriting members from an existing class, then
 - Adding new members and/or
 - Overriding inherited methods
 - A superclass defines a more general concept, while a subclass defines a more specific concept

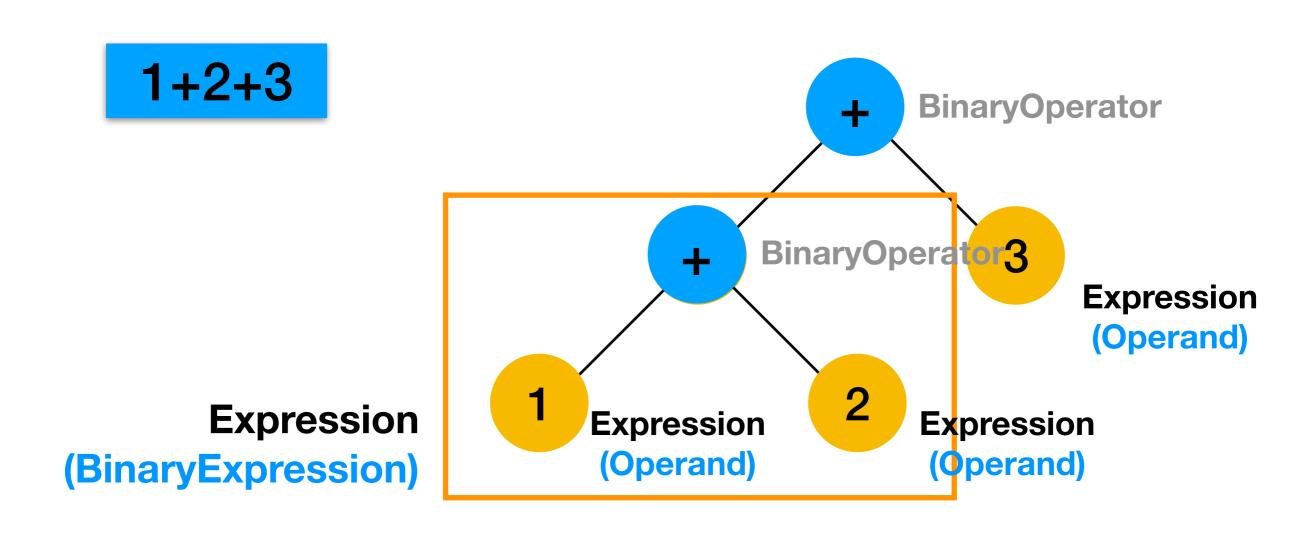
Current Design



A more Genetic Design



A Nested Expression



Requirement

- Abstract Class <u>Expression</u>
- Operand <u>extends Expression</u>
- BinaryOperator
- BinaryExpression <u>extends Expression</u>
- UnaryOperator

We use "#" for <u>PLUS</u> and "~" for <u>MINUS</u> to distinguish between BinaryOperator and UnaryOperator.

UnaryExpression <u>extends Expression</u>

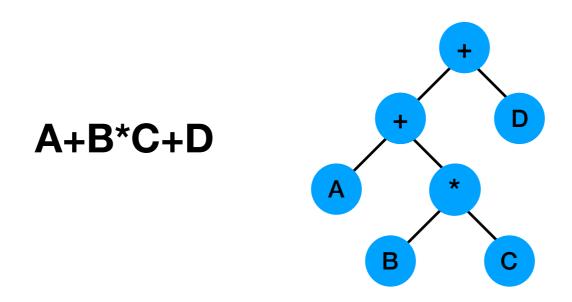
Abstract Class

Keyword: abstract

```
public abstract class Expression {
   public abstract int evaluate();

public abstract String toInfixString();
   public abstract String toPrefixString();
   public abstract String toPostfixString();
}
```

Prefix and Infix Notation



Infix Notation	Prefix Notation	Postfix Notation
A + B * C + D	+ + A * B C D	A B C * + D +
(A + B) * (C + D)	* + A B + C D	A B + C D + *
A * B + C * D	+ * A B * C D	A B * C D * +
A + B + C + D	+ + + A B C D	A B + C + D +

^{*}To simplify our code, we create "()" for every BinaryExpression in Infix Notation

• Thank you