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# 1 Contest Setup

#### 1.1 vimrc

```
" Show line numbers
  set number
  set mouse=a
                   " Enable inaction via mouse
  set showmatch
                       " Highlight matching brace
                       " Show underline
  set cursorline
  set cursorcolumn
                      " highlight vertical column
  filetype on "enable file detection
  syntax on "syntax highlight
  set autoindent
                       " Auto-indent new lines
  set shiftwidth=4
                       " Number of auto-indent spaces
  set smartindent
                      " Enable smart-indent
  set smarttab
                       " Enable smart-tabs
  set softtabstop=4
                      " Number of spaces per Tab
  " -----Optional-----
  set undolevels=10000
                          " Number of undo levels
  set scrolloff=5
                       " Auto scroll
  set hlsearch
                   " Highlight all search results
                  " Enable smart-case search
  set smartcase
  set ignorecase " Always case-insensitive
                  " Searches for strings incrementally
  set incsearch
  highlight Comment ctermfg=cyan
  set showmode
  set encoding=utf-8
  set fileencoding=utf-8
31 scriptencoding=utf-8
```

#### 1.2 bashrc

```
|| alias g++="g++ -Wall -Wextra -std=c++11 -02"
```

## 1.3 C++ template

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

#define x first
#define y second

typedef long long int ll;
typedef pair<int, int> ii;

int main()
{
```

```
13 return 0;
14 }
```

## 1.4 Java template

```
import java.io.*;
  import java.util.*;
  public class Main
       public static void main(String[] args)
           MyScanner sc = new MyScanner();
           out = new PrintWriter(new BufferedOutputStream(System.out));
           // Start writing your solution here.
           // Stop writing your solution here.
           out.close();
13
14
       public static PrintWriter out;
       public static class MyScanner
           BufferedReader br;
           StringTokenizer st;
           public MyScanner()
               br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
           boolean hasNext()
               while (st == null || !st.hasMoreElements()) {
                   try {
                       st = new StringTokenizer(br.readLine());
                   } catch (Exception e) {
                       return false;
               return true;
           String next()
               if (hasNext())
                   return st.nextToken();
               return null;
           int nextInt()
               return Integer.parseInt(next());
```

```
long nextLong()
53
54
                return Long.parseLong(next());
           double nextDouble()
                return Double.parseDouble(next());
59
60
61
           String nextLine()
62
                String str = "";
64
65
                    str = br.readLine();
               } catch (IOException e) {
67
68
                    e.printStackTrace();
69
70
               return str;
72
73 }
```

# 2 Reminder

- 1. 隊友的建議,要認真聽! 通常隊友的建議都會突破你盲點,畢竟他是在 thinking out-of-the-box 狀態!
- 2. Read the problem statements carefully. Input and output specifications and constraints are crucial!
- 3. Estimate the **time complexity** and **memory complexity** carefully.
- 4. Time penalty is 20 minutes per WA, don't rush!
- 5. Sample test cases must all be tested and passed before every submission!
- 6. Test the corner cases, such as 0, 1, -1. Test all edge cases of the input specification.
- 7. Bus error: the code has scanf, fgets but have nothing to read! Check if you have early termination but didn't handle it properly.
- 8. Binary search? 數學算式移項合併後查詢?

# 3 Useful code

# 3.1 Leap year

```
1 | year % 400 == 0 | | (year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0)
```

# 3.2 Fast Exponentiation O(log(exp))

## **3.3 GCD** O(log(a+b))

### 3.4 Extended Euclidean Algorithm

Bezout identity ax + by = gcd(a, b), where gcd(a, b) is the smallest positive integer that can be written as ax + by, and every integer of the form ax + by is a multiple of gcd(a, b).

### 3.5 Mod Inverse

Case 1 gcd(a, m) = 1: ax + my = gcd(a, m) = 1 (use  $ext\_gcd$ )

Case 2 m is prime:  $a^{m-2} \equiv a^{-1} \mod m$  (use Fermat's little theorem)

# 3.6 Prime Generator

### 3.7 Binomial Coefficient

### 3.8 STL quick reference

#### 3.8.1 Map

```
map<T1, T2> m; // iterable
void clear();
void erase(T1 key);
it find(T1 key); // <key, val>
void insert(pair<T1, T2> P);
T2 &[](T1 key); // if key not in map, new key will be inserted with default val
it lower_bound(T1 key); // = m.end() if not found, *it = <key, val>
it upper_bound(T1 key); // = m.end() if not found, *it = <key, val>
```

#### 3.8.2 Set

```
set<T> s; // iterable
void clear();
size_t count(T val); // number of val in set

void erase(T val);
it find(T val); // = s.end() if not found
void insert(T val);
it lower_bound(T val); // = s.end() if not found, *it = <key, val>
it upper_bound(T val); // = s.end() if not found, *it = <key, val>
```

#### 3.8.3 Algorithm

```
| // return if i is smaller than j
  || comp = [&](const T &i, const T &j) -> bool;
  vector<T> v;
  | bool any of(v.begin(), v.end(), [&](const T &i) -> bool);
  bool all_of(v.begin(), v.end(), [&](const T &i) -> bool);
  void copy(inp.begin(), in.end(), out.begin());
  int count(v.begin(), v.end(), int val); // number of val in v
  it unique(v.begin(), v.end());
                                          // it - v.begin() = size
 | | | / | after calling, v[nth] will be n-th smallest elem in v
void nth element(v.begin(), nth it, bin comp);
  void merge(in1.begin(), in1.end(), in2.begin(), in2.end(), out.begin(),
12 // include union, intersection, difference, symmetric difference(xor)
void set_union(in1.begin(), in1.end(), in2.begin(), in2.end(), out.
       begin(), comp);
bool next permutation(v.begin(), v.end());
15 / v1, v2 need sorted already, whether v1 includes v2
bool inclues(v1.begin(), v1.end(), v2.begin(), v2.end());
it find(v.begin(), v.end(), T val); // = v.end() if not found
it search(v1.begin(), v1.end(), v2.begin(), v2.end());
19 it lower_bound(v.begin(), v.end(), T val);
it upper_bound(v.begin(), v.end(), T val);
bool binary search(v.begin(), v.end(), T val); // exist in v?
void sort(v.begin(), v.end(), comp);
void stable_sort(v.begin(), v.end(), comp);
```

### **3.8.4** String

# 4 Search

- 4.1 Binary Search
- **4.1.1** Find key
- 4.1.2 Upper / lower Bound
- 4.2 Ternary Search
- 4.3 折半完全列舉
- 4.4 Two-pointer 爬行法

# 5 Basic data structure

## 5.1 1D BIT

```
s += bit[i];
i -= (i & -i);
}
return s;
}

void add(int i, int x) {
  while (i <= MAX_N) {
    bit[i] += x;
    i += (i & -i);
}

}
</pre>
```

### 5.2 2D BIT

### 5.3 Union Find

- 5.4 Segment Tree
- 6 Dynamic Programming
- 7 Tree
- 7.1 LCA
- 8 Graph
- 8.1 Articulation point / edge
- 8.2 CC
- 8.2.1 BCC vertex
- 8.2.2 BCC edge
- 8.2.3 SCC
- 8.3 Shortest Path
- 8.3.1 Dijkatra
- 8.3.2 Dijkatra (next-to-shortest path)
- 8.3.3 SPFA
- 8.3.4 Bellman-Ford
- 8.3.5 Floyd-Warshall
- 8.4 Kruskal MST
- 8.5 Flow
- 8.5.1 Max Flow (Dinic)
- 8.5.2 Min-Cut
- 8.5.3 Min Cost Max Flow
- 8.5.4 Maximum Bipartite Graph
- 9 String
- 9.1 KMP
- 9.2 Z Algorithm
- 9.3 Trie
- 9.4 Suffix Array
- 10 Geometry
- 10.1 Template

```
#define x first
#define y second

typedef pair <double , double > pt;

struct line {
    double a, b, c;
    // coefficients in general form, compare up to constant factor
    }

pt operator-(pt u, pt v) { return pt(u.x-v.x, u.y-v.y); }

pt operator+(pt u, pt v) { return pt(u.x+v.x, u.y+v.y); }

pt operator*(pt u, double d) { return pt(u.x*d, u.y*d); }

double operator*(pt u, pt v) { return u.x*v.x + u.y*v.y); } // dot
    product double operator!(pt p) { return sqrt(p*p); } // norm

double operator^(pt u, pt v) { return u.x*v.y - u.y*v.x; } // cross
    product
```

- 10.1.1 Point / Line
- 10.1.2 Intersection
- 10.2 Half-plane intersection
- 10.3 Convex Hull