

# **SMuFL**

## **Standard Music Font Layout**

Version 0.9 (2014-04-17)

## **Acknowledgements**

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http://www.unicode.org/charts/fonts.html

## **Version history**

Version 0.1 (2013-01-31)

Initial version.

Version 0.2 (2013-02-08)

- Added tick barline.
- Changed names of time signature, tuplet and figured bass digit glyphs to ensure that they are unique.
- Add upside-down and reversed G, F and C clefs for cancrizans and inverted canons
- Added Time signature + and Time signature fraction slash glyphs.
- Added Black diamond notehead, White diamond notehead, Half-filled diamond notehead, Black circled notehead, White circled notehead glyphs.
- Added 256th and 512th note glyphs.
- All symbols shown on combining stems now also exist as separate symbols.
- Added reversed sharp, natural, double flat and inverted flat and double flat glyphs for cancrizans and inverted canons.
- Added trill wiggle segment, glissando wiggle segment and arpeggiato wiggle segment glyphs.
- Added string Half-harmonic, Overpressure down bow and Overpressure up bow glyphs.
- Added Breath mark glyph.
- Added angled beater pictograms for xylophone, timpani and yarn beaters.
- Added alternative glyph for Half-open, per Weinberg.
- Added Scrape from rim to center and Scrape around rim glyphs.
- Added Start of stimme glyph.
- Added colon for tuplet ratios.
- Added stem down versions of mensural notes, and signum congruentia and custos glyphs.
- Added three additional mensuration signs.
- Added Riemann Function theorys glyphs.

Version 0.3 (2013-03-11):

Moved combining flags glyphs to accommodate glyphs for 256th note stem up,
 256th note stem down, 512th note stem up and 512th note stem down.

## Version 0.4 (2013-05-16):

- Added range for Arel-Ezgi-Uzdilek (AEU) accidentals for Turkish magam music.
- Added equals sign and open time signature glyphs.

## Version 0.5 (2013-07-08):

- Many existing code points have been changed, as a result of hundreds of new glyphs being added, plus a number of new ranges.
- Added long and very long system dividers for very large scores.
- Added heavy, double heavy and dotted barlines.
- Added square coda and small repeat signs for repeats within bars.
- Added recommended stylistic alternates for segno and coda for the appearance preferred by Japanese publishers.
- Added quindicesima bassa G clef and F clef, G clef combined with C clef, G clefs designed to be ligated with numbers below and above to show the transposition of an instrument, plus recommended ligatures for G and F clefs with numbers above and below; also added G, C and F clefs with arrows up and down, which may be used either as alternatives for octave clefs or to represent the extremes of register on an instrument, and semi-pitched percussion clefs, plus a bridge clef.
- Removed "tall" versions of 6- and 4-string tab clefs, and instead made them recommended stylistic alternates, together with versions that use letterforms with serifs.
- Added +, -, X (multiply), comma, parentheses glyphs for time signatures, plus basic fractions, and Penderecki-style open time signature.
- Added specific noteheads for double whole note and whole note to the noteheads range rather than relying on the glyphs in the pre-composed notes range.
- Added shaped noteheads for specific note values (double whole note, whole note, half note, and quarter note and shorter); also added large up- and downpointing triangles for highest/lowest notes played by an instrument.
- Added large slashed circular noteheads as used by Stockhausen for notating gong/tam-tam hits.
- Added combining glyphs for note clusters of specific note values.
- Added noteheads with *solfège* and chromatic note names embedded within them, as seen in "EZ-Play" educational scores.
- Added specific range of noteheads for sacred harp shape note singing.
- Added pre-composed 1024th notes, tails and rest.
- Added range for typing simple beamed groups of notes in text-based applications,. Designed to be used in conjunction with pre-composed notes, and allowing beamed groups with rhythmic values between 8th notes and 64th notes, plus ties and triplets.

- Added combining stems for multiphonics, damp, sussurando, Saunders vibrato pulse accent.
- Added four- and five-stroke tremolos plus Wieniawski-style unmeasured tremolo glyphs.
- Added stylistic alternates for flags: straight flags; and shorter stem-up flags to avoid collisions with augmentation dots.
- Separated accidentals into several discrete ranges based around the various accidental systems, including 12-EDO, 24-EDO, the system of up- and down-pointing arrows favoured by Gould, Stein-Zimmermann (also known as Tartini-Couper), Sims (also known as Maneri-Sims, due to the adoption of Ezra Sims' accidentals by Joe Maneri of the Boston Microtonal Society), Ben Johnston, Marc Sabat and Wolfgang von Schweinitz's Extended Helmholtz-Ellis Just Intonation Pitch Notation.
- Added George Secor and Dave Keenan's Sagittal system of accidentals.
- Added accidentals used in Turkish folk music.
- Added Persian accidentals.
- Added staccatissimo wedge and stroke glyphs.
- Added very short and very long fermatas, plus short caesura.
- Added left and right halves of multirest H-bars and old-style quarter rest as seen in e.g. Novello editions.
- Added ventiduesima (three octaves, "22") glyphs to octaves range.
- Added precomposed glyphs for common dynamics and niente circle for hairpins.
- Added schleifer (long mordent) and Haydn ornament.
- Added additional brass techniques, including short, medium and long versions of lift, doit, lip fall, smooth fall, rough fall, plus jazz turn.
- Added range of glyphs for embouchure tightness, reed position, multiphonics, and stylistic alternates for double- and triple-tonguing with no slurs.
- Added further overpressure glyphs, plus jété, fouetté, Rebecca Saunders's "vibrato pulse" accent, thumb position and indeterminate bow direction to string techniques range.
- Added plectrum pictogram and combining damp glyph for note stems to plucked techniques range.
- Added arrows for breathing and intonation, plus combining sussurando glyph for note stems, to vocal techniques range.
- Added pedal pictograms, sostenuto pedal symbols, and half-pedal marks to keyboard techniques range.
- Added pictograms for metal rod and tuning key to harp techniques range.
- Added Smith Brindle's pictograms for tuned percussion instruments.
- Added pictogram for Indian table, plus stylistic alternate for tambourine as used by Stockhausen.

- Added pictogram for football rattle, plus Smith Brindle's pictogram for castanets as a stylistic alternate.
- Added pictogram for handbell, plus stylistic alternates for cow bell (from Berio) and sleigh bell (from Smith Brindle).
- Added pictogram for Chinese cymbal.
- Added pictogram for tam-tam with beater from Smith Brindle.
- Added pictogram for maracas, rainstick, plus stylistic alternate for maraca from Smith Brindle.
- Added pictogram for megaphone.
- Added soft and hard glockenspiel beaters, superball beaters, wound beaters with hard and soft cores, plus soft, medium and hard gum beaters.
- Added pluck lift to handbells range.
- Added "Theme" indicators to analytics range.
- Added minor (minus sign) glyph to chord symbols range.
- Added mensural proportion glyphs.
- Added combining raise and lower glyphs to figured bass range.
- Added repetition, angle brackets, and prefix + and ring glyphs to Function theorys range.
- Added new range for multi-segment lines, including moving all of the various "wiggle" glyphs (for trill, glissando, arpeggiando, vibrato, etc.) plus the 11 ornament strokes from the Unicode Musical Symbols range into this range, and adding further glyphs for variable speed trills, alternate arpeggiato ending glyphs, wavy lines, squaretooth and sawtooth lines, group glissando, circular motion, and variable speed and intensity of vibrato.
- Added new range of pictograms for electronic music, including microphone, loudspeaker, transport controls, volume level and MIDI controller level.
- Added new "do not copy" glyphs, eyeglasses and choral divide arrows glyphs to the miscellaneous symbols range.
- Adjusted the registration of many glyphs (e.g. noteheads, accidentals, time signatures, flags, rests) in Bravura in line with the interim guidelines for metrics and registration for SMuFL-compliant fonts intended for use with scoring applications.

#### Version 0.6 (2013-07-29):

- Added opening parenthesis and closing parenthesis for noteheads, circled slash notehead, heavy X and heavy X with hat noteheads, as used in Dante Agostini's drum method.
- Added muted slash noteheads.
- Added "si" note name noteheads for French solfège, and H sharp note name noteheads for German.
- Added combining rim shot stem.

- Added "sharp sharp" accidental for compatibility with MusicXML.
- Added extended Stein-Zimmermann accidentals with arrows.
- Added one-third-tone sharp and two-third-tones sharp accidentals as used by Xenakis.
- Significant revision to the ornaments range, including splitting into separate ranges (common ornaments, other baroque ornaments, combining strokes for trills/mordents, precomposed trills/mordents). A small number of glyphs from previous versions of SMuFL have been removed to make way for symbols drawn from Frederick Neumann's authoritative book on baroque ornamentation.
- Added left hand pizzicato.
- Added recommended stylistic alternates for Bartok pizzicato above/below.
- Added recommended stylistic alternates for 'Ped.' and 'Sost.' that do not include terminal dots.
- Added choke cymbal glyph from Weinberg.
- Added open, half-open and closed wah/volume pedals, left- and right-hand tapping glyphs for guitar.
- Added new range for arrows and arrowheads, including moving the up/down/right/left arrows from the vocal techniques into this new range.

## Version 0.7 (2013-11-27):

- Introduced canonical names for every recommended glyph, which are intended to be immutable. Code points, on the other hand, may change as required to accommodate insertions or deletions of glyphs.
- New **Notes for implementers** section with expanded guidelines for glyph registration, with changes for precomposed stems and stem decorations (which should now be centered around x=0) and flags (which should be positioned vertically relative to the end of a stem of normal length at y=0).
- Added specification for JSON metadata files for SMuFL and for SMuFL-compliant fonts, developed in conjunction with Joe Berkovitz.
- Significantly expanded the repertoire of glyphs for Medieval and Renaissance notation, with new ranges for clefs, accidentals and ligatures, plus considerable reworking of the notes and prolations ranges, expansion of the repertoire of glyphs for plainchant notation (with new ranges for staves, divisions, clefs and articulations, and a wider range of neumes).
- Added range for Daseian notation, as found in the ninth century treatises *Musica* enchiriadis and *Scolica* enchiriadis.
- Added new range of control characters for adjusting the staff position of staffrelative glyphs, intended for fonts designed for text-based applications.
- Added narrow and wide staff line glyphs, intended for fonts designed for textbased applications.

- Added C clef *ottava bassa*, and recommended stylistic alternate for G clef *ottava bassa* with parentheses around the 8.
- Added control characters for time signature digits to allow digits to be stacked vertically, intended for fonts designed for text-based applications.
- Added square double whole note (breve) notehead.
- Added new combining harp string noise for stem glyph, and corresponding precomposed stem glyph.
- Added four further quarter-tone accidental symbols to "other microtonal accidentals" group.
- Added some percussion playing technique symbols from Dante Agostini's method books.
- Added a golpe (tap the pick guard) glyph from Claude Worm's flamenco guitar method book.
- Added short and long fermata glyphs as used by Henze.
- Added combining glyphs for accordion couplers, allowing the creation of any coupler diagram not explicitly encoded.
- Added "pf" dynamic.

#### Version 0.8 (2014-02-03):

- Based on community feedback, added clarification that code points for glyphs may change until SMuFL reaches version 1.0, after which point existing code points will become immutable.
- Glyphs in SMuFL encoded in the primary range of U+E000-U+F3FF are no longer considered "mandatory", but rather they are "recommended": in order to be considered SMuFL-compliant, a font need not implement every recommended glyph, just as a text font need not implement every Unicode code point in order to be considered Unicode-compliant. Fonts need only implement those glyphs that are appropriate for their intended use at the correct SMuFL code points in order to be considered SMuFL-compliant.
- Changed guidelines for metrics of text-like glyphs (e.g. dynamics, D.C./D.S. markings in repeats) in fonts intended for use in scoring applications, such that it is recommended that the x-height of such glyphs is around 1 staff space (0.25 em).
- Added Ivan Wyschnegradsky's system of 72-EDO accidentals.
- Added Bosanquet's comma up/down.
- Dispersed the glyphs formerly in the Sagittal-compatible accidentals range to other ranges, and revised the canonical glyph names for Sagittal accidentals that describe specific ratios in order to make those ratios clearer.
- Added slashed sharp/flat accidentals used by John Tavener in his Byzantineinspired choral works.
- Added left/right parentheses for accidentals.

- Added new ranges for Renaissance lute tablature, covering French/English, Italian/Spanish and German conventions.
- Added new ranges for fingering charts for flute, oboe, clarinet, bassoon, saxophone and recorder, as used in educational materials such as instructional or method books.
- Added Britten's curlew sign for a pause of an indeterminate length.
- Added push/pull signs for accordion.
- Added separate noteheads for white mensural notation.
- Added inverted signum congruentiae.
- Added combined tenuto-accent articulation.
- Added quasi-random wiggly lines (wiggleRandom1, wiggleRandom2, wiggleRandom3, wiggleRandom4) to multi-segment lines range.
- Added flipped and large versions of constant circular motion (wiggleCircularConstantFlipped, wiggleCircularConstantLarge, wiggleCircularConstantFlippedLarge) to multi-segment lines range.
- Added combining top/middle/bottom segments for black and white rectangular note clusters.
- Added 2, 3, 4 and 6-dot divisi indicators for measured tremolos (tremoloDivisiDots2, tremoloDivisiDots3, etc.) to tremolos range.
- Added clavichord bebung glyphs for 2, 3, and 4 finger movements (keyboardBebung2DotsAbove, keyboardBebung3DotsBelow, etc.) to the keyboard techniques range.
- Added double-height parentheses and brackets (csymParensLeftTall, csymParensRightTall, csymBracketLeftTall, csymBracketRightTall) to the chord symbols range.
- Added recommendation for stylistic alternates for time signature digits 0-9 suitable for use as large time signatures shown above/between staves (timeSig0Large through timeSig9Large).
- Added sfzp (sforzato-piano) dynamic and ligature.
- Added Penderecki's guarter-flat and Busotti's three-guarter sharp accidentals.
- Added six further accordion coupler diagrams for right-hand three-rank accordions, and accordion ricochet glyphs.

#### Version 0.85 (2014-03-09):

- Updated glyph registration guidelines for articulations, such that articulations above the note should be positioned sitting on the baseline, and articulations below the note should be positioned hanging from the baseline.
- Quite a few changes to canonical glyph names, especially for accidentals, with the aim of making the names clarify the actual interval represented by each accidental (where that is unambiguous) in terms of fractions of a tone.
- Added whole and half rests with leger lines, i.e. as if displayed outside the staff.

- Added clef for diatonic accordion.
- Added recommended stylistic alternates for C and F clef forms used in 18th century French music, and for an F clef form used in 19th century music across Europe.
- Added recommended ligature for G clef with ligated 8 above.
- Added half-brackets for keyboard notation to show notes that should be played by the other hand.
- Moved staff divide arrows from the Miscellaneous symbols range to the (now renamed) Staff brackets and dividers range.
- Moved the percussion swish arrow from the Miscellaneous symbols range to the Percussion playing techniques pictograms range.
- Moved all the glyphs from the Quartertone accidentals (24-EDO) range to the (now renamed) Other accidentals range, eliminating the former range and moving the latter to the very end of all of the ranges of accidentals.
- Further revisions to the plainchant ranges, including adding reversed *virga*, smaller version of *punctum inclinatum*, moving the *punctum mora* to the plainchant articulations range, and eliminating the precomposed *podatus* and *clivis* glyphs in favour of individual components that provide the means to construct these easily for any interval. Also added *strophicus*, *strophicus* auctus, *punctum inclinatum auctum* to the single-note forms range.
- Added new range for Kievian square notation, as used for liturgical chant in the Russian Orthodox Church.
- Added new glyphs for tabling one handbell and tabling a pair of handbells.
- Added alternative pedal heel glyph and pedal heel or toe glyph to **Keyboard** techniques range.
- Added recommended stylistic alternates for braces designed for use across different sizes of gaps, designed to be scaled uniformly rather than simply stretched vertically.
- Added many new electronic music pictograms, including speaker configurations, more transport controls, additional hardware devices, and so on.
- Added guitar fade in, fade out and swell glyphs.
- Added the glyphs used in the Corpus Monodicum project to the Medieval and Renaissance plainchant in CMN range.
- Added notes on the currently-defined classes in the JSON metadata file to the Notes for implementers section.

#### Version 0.9 (2014-04-17):

 Expanded the specification of font-specific metadata to include new structures to describe stylistic alternates, stylistic sets and ligatures present in fonts for applications that cannot access advanced font features.

- Defined new values for the "glyphs" structure in font-specific metadata to describe cut-outs from the four corners of a glyph's bounding box, in order to allow better kerning or interlocking of glyphs in some circumstances, e.g. when stacking accidentals; also renamed this structure to "glyphsWithAnchors" to clarify its purpose.
- Defined specification for new ranges.json file, which provides information about the ranges of glyphs described in this specification in a machine-readable fashion.
- Added initial glyph registration and font metrics guidelines for fonts intended for use in text-based applications.
- Added new range for Kodály solfège hand signs.
- Added new range for Peter Hayes George's Simplified Music Notation.
- Added narrow and wide versions of the sine wave, square wave and sawtooth wavy lines in the **Multi-segment lines** range.
- Added wide versions of the black and white diamond noteheads, as used in some handbells music.
- Added turned (i.e. inverted) versions of up bow and down bow marks.
- Added oriscus liquescens to the Medieval and Renaissance plainchant singlenote forms range, and moved punctum auctum inclinatum and punctum auctum diminutum to this range.
- Added strophicus liquescens (for intervals of a second up to a fifth) to the
   Medieval and Renaissance plainchant multiple-note forms range.
- Added oblique ligature forms for mensural notes describing intervals of a second up to a fifth for black, void, black and void, and white noteheads to a new
   Medieval and Renaissance oblique forms range.
- Added single glyph for right and left repeat barlines to the **Repeats** range, and a recommended stylistic alternate using thick-thick rather than thin-thick-thin barlines.
- Added reversed versions of brackets to denote play with right/left hand in the Keyboard techniques range, to allow the demarcation of the end of a passage to be played with the other hand.
- Added more recommended stylistic alternates for display on smaller staff sizes: time signature digits; G, C and F clef; black, half, whole and double whole noteheads; standard articulations; dynamics letter forms.
- Added recommended ligatures for standard noteheads and accidentals in parentheses.
- Added open arrowheads and arrows.
- Added Kievan half note on space, and Kievan beam.
- Added new percussion pictograms from the books by Sevsay and Peinkofer/Tannigel, plus new combining glyphs for stems showing the "crush" rudiment, "dead" notes, and to instruct the performer to turn the instrument.

- Added five further mensural proportion signs, from Apel's book.
- Added 12 new pre-composed trills and mordents, based on Bach's ornamentation chart and ornaments found in the Emmentaler font.
- Added restHBarMiddle glyph, for text-based applications to construct H-bar multirests of variable width.
- Added noteheadWholeFilled and noteheadHalfFilled, for modern transcriptions of coloration in Medieval and Renaissance music.
- Consolidated breath marks into a single range, and added a new upbow-like breath mark (as used in music from Russia).
- Added range of glyphs for lyrics, including three lengths of elision undertie, and baseline hyphen (as used in music from Russia).
- Added a wider slash notehead, for whole note (semibreve) duration.
- Added more shape note noteheads to support the 7-shape conventions of Joseph Funk and William Walker.
- Added maxima rest, and double whole (breve) rest with leger lines above and below.
- Added curved caesura.
- Added separate glyphs for the 'e', 'd' and dot in keyboard pedal marks, plus a curved hyphen to be used along with the 'P' to show start/end pedal in some editions.
- Added new mensural C clef, plus variations of the Petrucci C clef for different staff positions.
- Added different custos for different staff positions.
- Added stylistic alternates for the Medieval and Renaissance "soft b" flat accidental.
- Added dedicated glyphs for C, G, and F clef changes, plus new combining clef change character to produce other clef change glyphs by way of glyph substitution.
- Added one- and two-third tones sharp and flat accidentals as used by Brian Ferneyhough.
- Added "just air" open diamond notehead as used by Brian Ferneyhough.
- Added white and wide white diamond noteheads.
- Added a range of glyphs for denoting accel./rit. beam lines above the staff.
- Added normal, wide and narrow leger line glyphs.

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French and English Renaissance lute tablature (U+EBC0-U+EBDF)	253
Italian and Spanish Renaissance lute tablature (U+EBE0-U+EBFF)	256
German Renaissance lute tablature (U+EC00-U+EC2F)	258
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Fingering chart for flute (U+EC40-U+EC7F)	263
Fingering chart for clarinet (U+EC80-U+ECDF)	
Fingering chart for oboe (U+ECE0-U+ED2F)	274
Fingering chart for bassoon (U+ED30-U+ED7F)	
Fingering chart for saxophone (U+ED80-U+EDBF)	286
Fingering chart for recorder (U+EDC0-U+EDFF)	
Kodály hand signs (U+EE00-U+EE0F)	294
Simplified Music Notation (U+EE10-U+EE1F)	295
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## About SMuFL

## A brief history of music fonts

Computer software has been displaying musical symbols of various kinds since the 1960s, but the first font for musical symbols did not arrive until 1985, when Cleo Huggins designed Sonata for Adobe.<sup>1</sup>

Sonata mapped the musical symbols onto keys on the standard QWERTY keyboard, using some simple mnemonics (the treble G clef, for example, was mapped onto the & key, and the sharp sign onto #). Most music fonts developed since then, including Steve Peha's Petrucci (the first music font for Finale, dating from 1988<sup>2</sup>) and Jonathan Finn's Opus (the first music font for Sibelius, dating from 1993), have followed Sonata's layout.

However, since Sonata includes fewer than 200 glyphs, and even conventional music notation<sup>3</sup> requires many more symbols than that, individual vendors have devised their own mappings for glyphs beyond Sonata's initial set.

By 2013, for example, the Opus font family that is still Sibelius's default font set contains no fewer than 18 fonts with more than 600 glyphs between them.

In 1998, Perry Roland of the University of Virginia drafted a proposal for a new range of musical symbols to be incorporated into the Unicode Standard<sup>4</sup>. This range of 220 glyphs was duly accepted into the Unicode Standard, and those symbols are found at code points U+1D100-U+1D1FF<sup>5</sup>. However, its repertoire of 220 symbols does not extend dramatically beyond the scope of the original 1985 version of Sonata, though it does add some symbols for mensural and Gregorian notation.

To date the only commercially available music font that uses the Unicode mapping is Adobe Sonata Std, and its repertoire is incomplete.

## How SMuFL is organized

The aim of the Standard Music Font Layout (SMuFL) is to provide the basis for music font mapping for the age of Unicode and OpenType fonts.

SMuFL uses the standard Private Use Area in the Basic Multilingual Plane (starting at code point U+E000), and currently includes more than 2550 recommended glyphs, plus several hundred further optional but recommended glyphs, primarily ligatures (i.e. two or more symbols drawn as a single glyph) and stylistic alternates (i.e. a

See http://www.identifont.com/show?12A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See http://blog.finalemusic.com/post/2010/02/18/Meet-Steve-Peha-creator-of-Petrucci-Finales-first-music-font.aspx

A term coined by **Donald Byrd**, Senior Scientist and Adjunct Associate Professor of Informatics at Indiana University. <sup>4</sup> The original proposal (<a href="http://www.lib.virginia.edu/artsandmedia/dmmc/Music/UnicodeMusic/">http://www.lib.virginia.edu/artsandmedia/dmmc/Music/UnicodeMusic/</a>) is no longer available, but an

archived version can be found at http://archive.is/PzkaT

See <a href="http://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/U1D100.pdf">http://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/U1D100.pdf</a>

different appearance for the same glyph with equivalent meaning). SMuFL is a superset of the Unicode Musical Symbols range, and it is recommended that common glyphs are included both at code points in SMuFL and in the Unicode Musical Symbols range. In the tables of glyphs in this document, where glyphs are shared between SMuFL and the Unicode Musical Symbols range, the Unicode Musical Symbols code point is shown following the SMuFL code point.

The groupings of glyphs within SMuFL are based on the groupings defined by Perry Roland in the Unicode Musical Symbols range, but with finer granularity. There are currently 108 groups of glyphs, proceeding roughly in order from least to most idiomatic, i.e. specific to particular instruments, types of music, or historical periods. The grouping has no significance other than acting as an attempt to provide an overview of the included glyphs.

Room for future expansion has generally been left in each group, so code points are not contiguous. Until SMuFL reaches version 1.0, code points may also change between revisions to accommodate the insertion or deletion of individual glyphs and groups of glyphs. However, every glyph in SMuFL also has a canonical name, intended to be immutable, which makes it possible for software developers to minimize the impact of code points changing in the short term. Once SMuFL reaches version 1.0, the code points of existing glyphs will not change in future revisions.

## Recommended and optional glyphs

One of the aims of SMuFL is to make it as simple as possible for developers both of fonts and of scoring software to implement support for a wide range of musical symbols. Although modern font technologies such as OpenType enable a great deal of sophistication in automatic substitution features<sup>6</sup>, applications that wish to use SMuFL-compliant fonts are not obliged to support advanced OpenType features.

The basic requirements for the use of SMuFL-compliant fonts are the ability to access glyphs by their Unicode code point, to measure glyphs, and to scale them (e.g. by drawing the font at different point sizes). If applications are able to access OpenType features such as stylistic sets and ligatures, then additional functionality may be enabled.

However, all glyphs that can be accessed via OpenType features are also accessible via an explicit code point. For example, a stylistic alternate for the sharp accidental designed to have a clearer appearance when reproduced at a small size can be accessed as a stylistic alternate for **accidentalSharp**, but also by way of its explicit code point, which will be in the range U+F400-U+F8FF.

Because optional glyphs for ligatures, stylistic alternates, etc. are not required, and different font developers may choose to provide different sets (e.g. several different

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See <a href="http://www.adobe.com/devnet/opentype/afdko/topic\_feature\_file\_syntax.html">http://www.adobe.com/devnet/opentype/afdko/topic\_feature\_file\_syntax.html</a>

appearances of tab clefs, or different sets of glyphs whose designs are optimized for drawing at different optical sizes), SMuFL does not make any specific recommendations for how these glyphs should be assigned explicit code points, except that they must be within the range U+F400-U+F8FF, which is reserved for this purpose and for any other private use required by font or application developers.

In summary, recommended glyphs are encoded from U+E000, with a nominal upper limit of U+F3FF (a total of 5120 possible glyphs), while optional glyphs (ligatures, stylistic alternates, etc.) are encoded from U+F400, with a nominal upper limit of U+F8FF (a total of 1280 possible glyphs).

In order for a font to be considered SMuFL-compliant, it should implement as many of the recommended glyphs as are appropriate for the intended use of the font, at the specified code points. Fonts need not implement every recommended glyph, and need not implement any optional glyphs, in order to be considered SMuFL-compliant.

## **Implementations**

To date the only available font that implements SMuFL is Bravura, an OpenType font released under the SIL Open Font License that can be downloaded from the SMuFL web site at http://www.smufl.org/fonts.

The example glyphs in this document are all taken from Bravura.

## Sources for symbols

In addition to surveying the music fonts supplied with Sibelius, Finale and other scoring applications, the following texts were consulted as sources for musical symbols:

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- Davis, Roger E. The Organists' Manual. New York: W. W. Norton, 1985.
- Doty, David B. The Just Intonation Primer. San Francisco, USA: The Just Intonation Network, 1993.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See http://www.accordions.com/articles/stradella.aspx

- Draugsvoll, Geir & Højsgaard, Erik (translated Borregaard, Andreas). Handbook on Accordion Notation. Copenhagen: The Royal Danish Academy of Music in Copenhagen, 2001.<sup>8</sup>
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   Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1978.
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   Xenharmonikôn, An Informal Journal of Experimental Music, Volume 18, 2006.
   www.sagittal.org, 2004.
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- Simmons, Nikita. A Primer of Kievian Square-Note (Quadratic or Synodal) Notation. <a href="https://www.synaxis.info">www.synaxis.info</a>, 2004.
- Smith Brindle, Reginald. *Contemporary Percussion*. New York: Oxford University Press, 1991.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See <a href="http://www.rednoteensemble.com/Calls\_for\_Scores\_files/Handbook%20on%20Accordion%20Notation.pdf">http://www.rednoteensemble.com/Calls\_for\_Scores\_files/Handbook%20on%20Accordion%20Notation.pdf</a>

- Stiller, Andrew. Handbook of Instrumentation. Philadelphia: Kallisti Music Press, 1994.
- Stone, Kurt. Music Notation in the Twentieth Century: A Practical Guidebook. New York: W.W. Norton, 1980.
- Weinberg, Norman. *Guide to Standardized Drumset Notation*. Lawton: Percussive Arts Society, Inc., 1998.
- "Ornaments", Grove Music Online, ed. L. Macy (accessed January 24 2013)
- AGEHR Handbell and Handchime Notation Booklet, 8th ed. Dayton: Lorenz, 2010.

#### Other contributors

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Thanks also to Joe Berkovitz for his contribution towards the guidelines for font metrics and glyph registration for fonts intended for use with scoring applications, and the design of the font metadata JSON files.

## Missing symbols?

If you know of any commonly used symbols that are not included in SMuFL, please post your suggestions to the **smufl-discuss** mailing list (see <u>www.smufl.org/discuss</u>).

#### License

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> A summary of the main notations prescribed in this book can be found at <a href="http://www.handbellworld.com/music/HandbellNotation.cfm">http://www.handbellworld.com/music/HandbellNotation.cfm</a>

## **Notes for implementers**

This section provides guidelines and recommendations for metrics, glyph registration and font metadata, and is intended for font designers who want to design SMuFL-compliant fonts, and for software developers who want to build applications that can consume SMuFL-compliant fonts.

## Metadata for SMuFL glyphs and ranges

{

To aid software developers in implementing SMuFL-compliant fonts, three support files in JSON format are available. For more information about the JSON format, see <a href="https://www.json.org">www.json.org</a>.

It is strongly recommended that software developers should refer to specific glyphs within SMuFL by name rather than by Unicode code point. While SMuFL is still under active development, it cannot be guaranteed that code points will remain unchanged from one revision to the next, whereas every effort will be made to keep glyph names consistent between revisions.

glyphnames.json maps code points to canonical glyph names, which by convention use lower camel case, a convenient format for most programming languages. Here is an excerpt of this file:

```
"barlineDashed": {
    "alternateCodepoint": "U+1D104",
    "codepoint": "U+E036",
    "description": "Dashed barline"
},
"barlineDotted": {
    "codepoint": "U+E037"
    "description": "Dotted barline"
},
"barlineDouble": {
    "alternateCodepoint": "U+1D101",
    "codepoint": "U+E031"
    "description": "Double barline"
},
"barlineFinal": {
    "alternateCodepoint": "U+1D102",
    "codepoint": "U+E032"
    "description": "Final barline"
},
"barlineHeavy": {
    "codepoint": "U+E034"
    "description": "Heavy barline"
},
```

```
}
```

The file is keyed using the glyph names, with the SMuFL code point provided as the value for the "codepoint" key, and the Unicode Musical Symbols range code point (if applicable) provided as the value for the "alternateCodepoint" key. The "description" key contains the glyph's description, as it appears in this specification.

classes.json groups glyphs together into classes, so that software developers can handle similar glyphs (e.g. noteheads, clefs, flags, etc.) in a similar fashion. Here is an excerpt of this file:

```
{
    "clefs": [
          "gClef",
          "gClef15mb",
          "gClef8vb",
          "gClef8va",
          "gClef15ma",
          "gClef8vbOld",
          "gClef8vbCclef",
    1,
    "noteheads": [
          "noteheadDoubleWhole",
          "noteheadWhole",
          "noteheadHalf",
          "noteheadBlack",
          "noteheadNull",
    ],
    "flags": [
          "flag8thUp",
          "flag8thDown",
          "flag16thUp",
          "flag16thDown",
          "flag32ndUp",
          "flag32ndDown",
    ],
}
```

Glyphs are listed within their classes using the names specified in **glyphnames.json**. Not all glyphs are contained within classes, and the same glyph can theoretically appear in multiple classes (though, as of the current version, none do).

The classes defined at present are as follows:

Class name

accidentals

accidentals Persian accidentals 53 EDO Turkish accidentals AEU

accidentalsAEU
accidentals72EDOWyschnegradsky
accidentalsSagittalDiacritics
accidentalsSagittalPromethean
accidentalsSagittalTrojan
accidentalsSagittalAthenian
accidentalsSagittalPure
accidentalsSagittalMixed
accidentalsHelmholtzEllis
accidentalsJohnston
accidentalsSims
accidentalsSteinZimmermann
accidentals24EDOArrows

Description

Contains all glyphs in all accidentals ranges.

These classes contain useful subsets of accidentals, each class essentially providing all of the accidentals glyphs required for a given convention or system.

articulations

articulationsBelow articulationsAbove

accidentalsStandard

combining Staff Positions

dynamics

forTextBasedApplications

multiGlyphForms

noteheads

Contains all articulations, regardless of whether they are intended to be positioned above or below the note/staff.

Contains only those articulations that are positioned either above or below the note/staff, as appropriate.

Contains glyphs that are available in ligatures with the Combining staff position glyphs, in fonts intended for use in text-based applications. (N.B. not implemented in the current Bravura font, which is intended for scoring applications.)

Contains the glyphs in the **Dynamics** range, which should be scaled differently to other glyphs in fonts designed for use in text-based applications.

Contains glyphs that scoring applications can generally ignore, i.e. these are useful for text-based applications (or for runs of normal text in scoring applications). This contains glyphs like the **Beamed groups of notes** range, precomposed stems, pre-composed staff lines, etc.

Contains all glyphs that are designed to be used in combination to produce larger forms, e.g. ornaments, wiggly

lines, etc.

Contains all glyphs in all noteheads ranges.

#### Class name

noteheadSetSacredHarp noteheadSetNamesPitch noteheadSetNamesSolfege noteheadSetSquare notehead Set Round SmallnoteheadSetRoundLarge notehead Set Slash Horizontal Endsnotehead Set Slash Vertical EndsparenthesesNotehead noteheadSetHeavyX notehead Set Large Arrow DownnoteheadSetLargeArrowUp noteheadSetCircled noteheadSetDiamondOld noteheadSetDiamond noteheadSetSlashed2 noteheadSetSlashed1 noteheadSetTriangleDown notehead Set Triangle Rightnotehead Set Triangle LeftnoteheadSetTriangleUp noteheadSetWithXnoteheadSetCircleX noteheadSetPlus noteheadSetX noteheadSetDefault

#### Description

These classes contain useful subsets of noteheads, each class providing a set of noteheads, e.g. the notehead to be used for quarter notes and shorter, for half notes, for whole notes, etc., for different conventions.

ornaments

pauses

pausesBelow pausesAbove

rests

stemDecorations

Contains all pre-composed ornament glyphs, excluding the component parts in the Combining strokes for trills and mordents range.

Contains all fermatas/caesuras, regardless of whether they are intended to be positioned above or below the note/staff.

Contains only those fermatas that are positioned either above or below the note/staff, as appropriate.

Contains all rests glyphs.

Contains glyphs that are designed to be positioned on stems. This is a useful class, because the individual glyphs that are intended to be drawn on stems are dotted around various ranges.

#### Class name

zeroWidth

wigglesQuasiRandom wigglesVibratoVariable wigglesCircularMotion wigglesVibrato wigglesArpeggiato wigglesArpeggiatoDown wigglesArpeggiatoUp wigglesTrill

#### Description

These classes contain useful subsets of the **Multi-segment** lines range.

Glyphs that should have zero width in fonts designed for use in text-based applications.

ranges.json provides information about the way glyphs are presented in discrete ranges in this specification. Here is an excerpt of this file:

```
"analytics": {
    "description": "Analytics",
    "qlyphs": [
        "analyticsHauptstimme",
        "analyticsNebenstimme",
        "analyticsStartStimme",
        "analyticsEndStimme",
        "analyticsTheme",
        "analyticsThemeRetrograde",
        "analyticsThemeRetrogradeInversion",
        "analyticsThemeInversion",
        "analyticsTheme1",
        "analyticsInversion1"
    ],
    "range_end": "U+E86F",
    "range start": "U+E860"
}
```

This file uses a unique identifier for each range as the primary key, and within each structure the "description" specifies the human-readable range name (as it appears in this specification), "glyphs" is an array listing the canonical names of the glyphs contained within the range, and the "range\_start" and "range\_end" key/value pairs specify the first and last code point allocated to this range respectively.

The current versions of **glyphnames.json**, **classes.json** and **ranges.json** are available for download at <u>www.smufl.org/download</u>.

It is further recommended that SMuFL-compliant fonts also contain font-specific metadata JSON files, which are described below.

## Designing for scoring applications and text-based applications

In addition to providing a standard approach to how musical symbols should be assigned to Unicode code points, SMuFL also aims to provide two sets of guidelines for the metrics and glyph registration, addressing the two most common use cases for fonts that contain musical symbols, i.e. use within dedicated scoring applications, and use within text-based applications (such as a word processors, desktop publishers, web pages, etc.).

Since it is helpful for scoring applications that all symbols in a font be scaled relative to each other as if drawn on a staff of a particular size, and conversely it is helpful for musical symbols to be drawn in-line with text to be scaled relative to the letterforms with which the musical symbols are paired, in general a single font cannot address these two use cases: the required metrics and relative scaling of glyphs are incompatible <sup>10</sup>.

Therefore, it is recommended that font developers make clear whether a given font is intended for use by scoring applications or by text-based applications by appending "Text" to the name of the font intended for text-based applications; for example, "Bravura" is intended for use by scoring applications, and "Bravura Text" is intended for use by text-based applications (or indeed for mixing musical symbols with free text within a scoring application).

## Metrics and glyph registration for scoring applications

The following guidelines are provided for fonts intended for use in scoring applications:

- Dividing the em in four provides an analogue for a five-line staff: if a font uses 1000 upm (design units per em), as is conventional for a PostScript font, one staff space is equal to 250 design units; if a font uses 2048 upm, as is conventional for a TrueType font, one staff space is equal to 512 design units.
- The origin (bottom left corner of the em square, i.e. x = 0 and y = 0 in font design space) therefore represents the middle of the bottom staff line of a nominal fiveline staff, and y = 1 em represents the middle of the top staff line of that same fiveline staff.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The main problem concerns line spacing: because most applications determine the line spacing required for a font based on a sum of the ascender, descender and line gap values in the font (for which different applications on different operating systems use different combinations of the three places this can be defined, once the **hhea** table and twice in the **OS/2** table), it is impractical to provide a font where all glyphs are scaled correctly relatively to another in such a way that all musical symbols can be drawn at a single scale factor that complements text fonts at the same point size. Many applications clip glyphs that exceed the calculated line spacing, so in order to have a single font in which e.g. a G clef is drawn without clipping and an eighth note is drawn at a corresponding scale factor (such that the clef is around twice as tall as the note), the line spacing would have to be so tall that it would greatly distort the line spacing of the text. For more information about this issue, see <a href="http://typophile.com/node/13081">http://typophile.com/node/13081</a>. Bravura, for what it's worth, uses very large line spacing (1.75 times its em square), such that 99% of glyphs are drawn without clipping in text-based applications, at the expense of making it practical to use the font mixed in-line with text.

- All glyphs should be drawn at a scale consistent with the key measurement that one staff space = 0.25 em.
- Unless otherwise stated, all glyphs shall be horizontally registered so that their leftmost point coincides with x = 0.
- Unless otherwise stated, all glyphs shall have zero-width side bearings, i.e. no blank space to the left or right of the glyph.
- Glyphs that apply to a staff as a whole (e.g. barlines) shall be registered such that the font baseline lies at the nominal vertical position of the bottom line of a fiveline staff. If the glyph is specific to a staff other than a regular five-line staff, then for registration purposes that staff's vertical center shall be exactly aligned with the vertical center of a five-line staff.
- Glyphs for movable notations that apply to some vertical staff position (e.g. note heads, accidentals) shall be registered such that the font baseline lies exactly at that position. For example, a typical notehead or accidental glyph is registered such that it is vertically centered on the baseline.
- Clefs should be positioned such that the pitch the clef refers to is on the baseline (e.g. the F clef is placed such that the upper dot is above and the lower dot below the baseline). If a clef does not refer specifically to a pitch, its y=0 should coincide with the center staff line on a five-line staff, or the visual center for staves with more or fewer than five lines (e.g. tablature staves).
- Noteheads should be positioned as if on the bottom line of the staff (except for complete clusters representing intervals of a second or third, which should be positioned as if in the bottom space of the staff).
- Pre-composed stems should be positioned as if they are pointing upwards and attached to a notehead on the bottom line of the staff. The center of the stem should be at x=0.
- Combining glyphs that are designed to be superimposed on stems (stem decorations) should be registered such that the point that should sit in the center of the stem (i.e. typically the visual center of the symbol) should be at x=0 and y=0.
- Accidentals should be positioned as if they apply to a notehead on the bottom line of the staff.
- Articulations to be positioned above a note or chord should be positioned such that they sit on the baseline (y=0), while articulations to be positioned below a note or chord should be positioned such that they hang from the baseline.
- Pre-composed notes should be positioned as if on the bottom line of the staff.

- Flags are positioned such that y=0 corresponds to the end of a stem of normal length, and such that x=0 corresponds to the left-hand side of the stem.
- Rests are relative to an imaginary staff position, typographically speaking (usually the center line of a five-line staff in which the rest assumes its default position). The font baseline should represent this staff position, with the exception of the whole note (semibreve) rest, which should hang from the font baseline.
- Bracket ends are positioned such that the point at which they connect to the top or bottom of a vertical bracket is at y=0.
- Letters for dynamics (and for D.C./D.S. in the repeats range) should be scaled such that the caps height is around 0.5 em, and the x-height is around 0.25 em.
- Digits for time signatures should be scaled such that each digit is two staff spaces tall, i.e. 0.5 em, and vertically centered on the baseline. Although some glyphs in the time signatures range (such as the large + sign, common and cut time glyphs, etc.) apply to the whole staff, these should likewise be vertically centered on the baseline.

Many of these guidelines are based on the conventions established by Adobe's Sonata font and carried through by most other fonts designed for use in scoring applications, for the sake of making it as easy as possible for font and application developers to transition their existing fonts and software to supporting SMuFL-compliant fonts.

## **Metadata for SMuFL-compliant fonts**

To help software developers integrate SMuFL-compliant fonts, it is recommended that font designers provide a font-specific metadata file, in JSON format, in the distribution package for their fonts.

The metadata file allows the designer to provide information that cannot easily (or in some cases at all) be encoded within or retrieved from the font software itself, including recommendations for how to draw the elements of music notation not provided directly by the font itself (such as staff lines, barlines, hairpins, etc.) in a manner complementary to the design of the font, and important glyph-specific metrics, such as the precise coordinates at which a stem should connect to a notehead.

Glyph names may be supplied either using their Unicode code point or their canonical glyph name (as defined in the **glyphnames.json** file - see above). Measurements are specified in staff spaces, using floating point numbers to any desired level of precision.

The following key/value pairs are mandatory:

Key name Description

"fontName" The name of the font to which the metadata applies

"fontVersion" The version number of the font to which the metadata

applies

All other key/value pairs are optional.

## engravingDefaults

The "engravingDefaults" structure contains key/value pairs defining recommended defaults for line widths etc., as follows, with all measurements expressed in staff spaces:

Key name Description

"staffLineThickness" The thickness of each staff line

"stemThickness" The thickness of a stem

"beamThickness" The thickness of a beam

"beamSpacing" The distance between the inner edge of the primary and outer

edge of subsequent secondary beams

"legerLineThickness" The thickness of a leger line (normally somewhat thicker than a

staff line

"legerLineExtension" The amount by which a leger line should extend either side of a

notehead

"slurEndpointThickness" The thickness of the end of a slur

"slurMidpointThickness" The thickness of the mid-point of a slur (i.e. its thickest point)

"tieEndpointThickness" The thickness of the end of a tie

"tieMidpointThickness" The thickness of the mid-point of a tie

"thinBarlineThickness" The thickness of a thin barline, e.g. a normal barline, or each of

the lines of a double barline

"thickBarlineThickness" The thickness of a thick barline, e.g. in a final barline or a repeat

barline

"dashedBarlineThickness"

The thickness of a dashed barline

"dashedBarlineDashLength" The length of the dashes to be used in a dashed barline

"dashedBarlineGapLength"

The length of the gap between dashes in a dashed barline

"barlineSeparation" The default distance between multiple barlines when locked

together, e.g. between two thin barlines making a double barline, or a thin and a thick barline making a final barline, measured from the right-hand edge of the left barline to the left-

hand edge of the right barline.

Key name	Description
"repeatBarlineDotSeparation"	The default horizontal distance between the dots and the inner barline of a repeat barline, measured from the edge of the dots to the edge of the barline.
"bracketThickness"	The thickness of the vertical line of a bracket grouping staves together
"subBracketThickness"	The thickness of the vertical line of a sub-bracket grouping staves belonging to the same instrument together
"hairpinThickness"	The thickness of a crescendo/diminuendo hairpin
"octaveLineThickness"	The thickness of the dashed line used for an octave line
"pedalLineThickness"	The thickness of the line used for piano pedaling
"repeatEndingLineThickness"	The thickness of the brackets drawn to indicate repeat endings
"arrowShaftThickness"	The thickness of the line used for the shaft of an arrow
"lyricLineThickness"	The thickness of the lyric extension line to indicate a melisma in vocal music
"textEnclosureThickness"	The thickness of a box drawn around text instructions (e.g. rehearsal marks)
"tupletBracketThickness"	The thickness of the brackets drawn either side of tuplet numbers

Below is a dummy "engravingDefaults" structure, with some of the values filled in:

## glyphsWithAnchors

The "glyphsWithAnchors" structure contains a structure for each glyph for which metadata is supplied, with the canonical glyph name or its Unicode code point as the key. Each glyph may define any of the following key/value pairs:

Key name	Description

"numeralBottom"

"stemUpSE"
The exact position at which the bottom right-hand (south-

east) corner of an upward-pointing stem rectangle should start, relative to the glyph origin, expressed as Cartesian

coordinates in staff spaces.

"stemDownNW" The exact position at which the top left-hand (north-west)

corner of a downward-pointing stem rectangle should start,

relative to the glyph origin, expressed as Cartesian

coordinates in staff spaces.

"stemUpNW"

The amount by which an up-stem should be lengthened from

its nominal unmodified length in order to ensure a good

connection with a flag, in spaces. 11

"stemDownSW" The amount by which a down-stem should be lengthened

from its nominal unmodified length in order to ensure a

good connection with a flag, in spaces.

"nominalWidth"

The width in staff spaces of a given glyph that should be used

for e.g. positioning leger lines correctly. 12

"numeralTop" The position in staff spaces that should be used to position

numerals relative to clefs with ligated numbers where those numbers hang from the bottom of the clef, corresponding

horizontally to the center of the numeral's bounding box.

The position in staff spaces that should be used to position numerals relative to clefs with ligatured numbers where those numbers sit on the baseline or at the north-east corner of the G clef, corresponding horizontally to the center of the

numeral's bounding box.

"cutOutNE" The Cartesian coordinates in staff spaces of the bottom left

corner of a nominal rectangle that intersects the top right corner of the glyph's bounding box. This rectangle, together with those in the other four corners of the glyph's bounding box, can be cut out to produce a more detailed bounding box (of abutting rectangles), useful for kerning or interlocking

symbols such as accidentals.

11 It is typical for noteheads and flags to be drawn using font glyphs, while stems themselves are drawn using primitive lines or rectangles. Flag glyphs in SMuFL-compliant fonts are registered such that y=0 represents the end of a stem drawn at its normal length, i.e. typically 3.5 staff spaces, so for simple drawing, any flag can be drawn at the same position relative to the stem and give the correct visual stem length. Modern drawing APIs typically provide sub-pixel RGB anti-aliasing for font glyphs, but may only provide grayscale anti-aliasing for primitive shapes. If the stem is drawn at its normal length with a flag glyph continuing beyond the end of the stem, there may be a poor visual appearance resulting from the primitive stem using standard anti-aliasing and the flag glyph using sub-pixel anti-aliasing. Therefore, it is recommended to extend the stem by the additional height of the flag such that the primitive stem stops at the end (or just short of the end) of the flag. Because the amount by which the stem should be extended is highly dependent on the design of the flag in a particular font, this value should be specified for each flag glyph in the metadata

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Certain fonts, for example those that mimic music calligraphy, may include glyphs that are asymmetric by design, and where a simple calculation of the glyph's bounding box will not provide the correct result for registering that glyph with other primitives. For example, a whole rest may be slightly oblique if mimicking a chisel nib pen, and for precise registration it may be necessary to specify its width independent of the glyph's actual bounding box.

Key name	Description
"cutOutSE"	The Cartesian coordinates in staff spaces of the top left corner of a nominal rectangle that intersects the bottom right corner of the glyph's bounding box.
"cutOutSW"	The Cartesian coordinates in staff spaces of the top right corner of a nominal rectangle that intersects the bottom left corner of the glyph's bounding box.
"cutOutNW"	The Cartesian coordinates in staff spaces of the bottom right corner of a nominal rectangle that intersects the top left corner of the glyph's bounding box.

Below is an excerpt of a dummy font metadata file for the Bravura font, with some of the "glyphs" structure filled in:

```
{
    "glyphs": {
           "noteheadBlack": {
                 "stemDownNW": [
                        0.0,
                        -0.184
                  ],
                  "stemUpSE": [
                        1.328,
                        0.184
                  ]
         },
           . . .
    },
    . . .
}
```

## glyphsWithAlternates

The "glyphsWithAlternates" structure contains a list of the glyphs in the font for which stylistic alternates are provided, together with their name and code point. Applications that cannot access advanced font features like OpenType stylistic alternates can instead determine the presence of an alternate for a given glyph, and its code point, using this data.

Below is an excerpt from a dummy font metadata file for Bravura, with a section of the "glyphsWithAlternates" structure filled in:

For each recommended glyph for which one or more alternates is provided, the "alternates" structure provides an array containing the name and code point of each alternate. Font designers are encouraged to use a consistent naming scheme for alternates.

## glyphBBoxes

The optional "glyphBBoxes" structure contains information about the actual bounding box for each glyph. <sup>13</sup> The glyph bounding box is defined as the smallest rectangle that encloses every part of the glyph's path, and is described as a pair of coordinates for the bottom-left (or southwest) and top-right (or northeast) corners of the rectangle, expressed staff spaces to any required degree of precision, relative to the glyph origin.

Below is an excerpt from a dummy font metadata file for Bravura, with a section of the "glyphBBoxes" structure filled in:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> This data is provided primarily for MakeMusic Finale (<u>www.finalemusic.com</u>), which requires bounding box data for certain graphical and spacing calculations performed by the software. This information is stored in a per-font data file called a Font Annotation (FAN) file, and can be edited directly within Finale in the Font Annotation dialog. Font designers who choose to provide this information for SMuFL-compliant fonts can save end users the steps of creating Font Annotation files in Finale, as future versions of Finale may be able to consume this metadata directly and automatically produce the required Font Annotation file.

```
"bBoxNE": [
                  0.328,
                  3.988
             1
         },
             "name": "reversedBrace",
             "bBoxSW": [
                  0.032,
                  0.0
             ],
             "bBoxNE": [
                  0.352,
                  3.988
             ]
         },
    }
}
```

For each glyph, the "glyphBBoxes" structure provides the glyph's name (key name) and the coordinates of the opposite corners of the bounding rectangle (keys bBoxSW and bBoxNW).

## ligatures

The "ligatures" structure contains a list of ligatures defined in the font. Applications that cannot access advanced font features like OpenType ligatures can instead determine the presence of a ligature that joins together a number of recommended glyphs, and its code point, using this data.

Below is an excerpt from a dummy font metadata file for Bravura, with a section of the "ligatures" structure filled in:

The structure uses the name of the ligature as its key, and the values include its code point, and its component glyphs. The component glyphs should be listed in an array called "componentGlyphs", in the same order as they are listed in e.g. the **liga** OpenType table.

#### sets

The "sets" structure contains a list of stylistic sets defined in the font. Applications that cannot access advanced font features like OpenType stylistic sets can instead determine the presence of sets in a font, the purpose of each set, and the name and code point of each glyph in each set, using this data.

The purpose of each set is specified by the "type" key, which can have any of the following values:

Value	Description
"opticalVariantsSmall"	Glyphs designed for use on smaller staff sizes.
"flagsShort"	Alternate shorter flags for notes with augmentation dots.
"flagsStraight"	Alternate flags that are straight rather than curved.

The current list of values for "type" are based on the sets present in Bravura, which is the only SMuFL-compliant font at the time of writing. If you are a font designer and wish to add other sets to your own font, please propose a new value and description for the "type" key to the SMuFL community so that it can be discussed and subsequently added to the above list in a future revision.

Below is an excerpt from a dummy font metadata file for Bravura, with a section of the "sets" structure filled in:

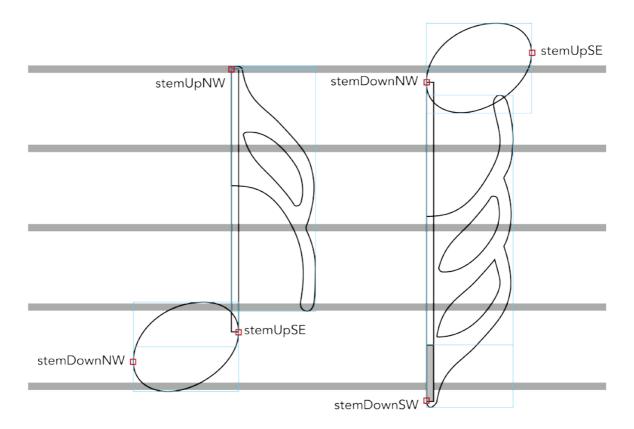
```
"sets": {
    "ss01": {
        "type": "opticalVariantsSmall",
        "glyphs": [
                 "codepoint": "U+F428",
                 "name": "accidentalFlatSmall"
            },
                 "codepoint": "U+F429",
                 "name": "accidentalNaturalSmall"
             },
                 "codepoint": "U+F42A",
                 "name": "accidentalSharpSmall"
            },
                 . . .
        ],
    },
```

```
"ss02": {
             "type": "FlagsShort",
             "glyphs": [
                  {
                      "codepoint": "U+F411",
                      "name": "flag8thUpShort"
                  },
                      "codepoint": "U+F414",
                      "name": "flag16thUpShort"
                  },
                        . . .
             ],
        },
    }
    . . .
}
```

## **Example of glyph registration for notes with flags**

The figure below shows how font-specific metadata may be used in conjunction with the conventions of glyph registration to construct two notes: an up-stem 16th note (semiquaver), and a down-stem 32nd (demisemiquaver).

- The horizontal grey lines denote staff lines, for scale.
- The light blue boxes show glyph bounding boxes, with the left-hand side of the box corresponding to x=0, while the horizontal lines bisecting the blue boxes show the origin for each glyph, i.e. y=0.
- The red boxes show the locations of the glyph attachment points, as specified in the font metadata JSON file.
- The shaded area on the down-stem note shows the amount by which a stem of standard length (i.e. the unfilled portion of the stem) should be extended in order to ensure good on-screen appearance at all zoom levels.



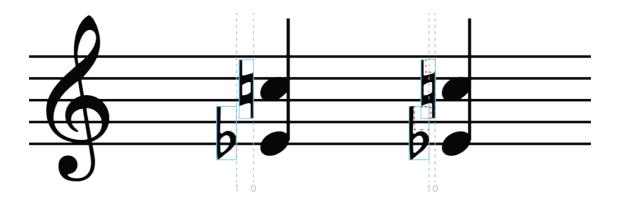
Note that the **stemUpSE** attachment point corresponds to the bottom right-hand (or south-east) corner of the stem, while **stemDownNW** corresponds to the top left-hand (or north-west) corner of the stem. Likewise, for correct alignment, the flag glyphs must always be aligned precisely to the left-hand side of the stem, with the glyph origin positioned vertically at the end of the normal stem length.

### **Bounding box cut-outs**

The four points cutOutNE, cutOutSE, cutOutSW and cutOutNW describe rectangular cut-outs from the four corners of a glyph's rectangular bounding box. The bounding box is the box with the smallest area that encloses every part of the path of a glyph.

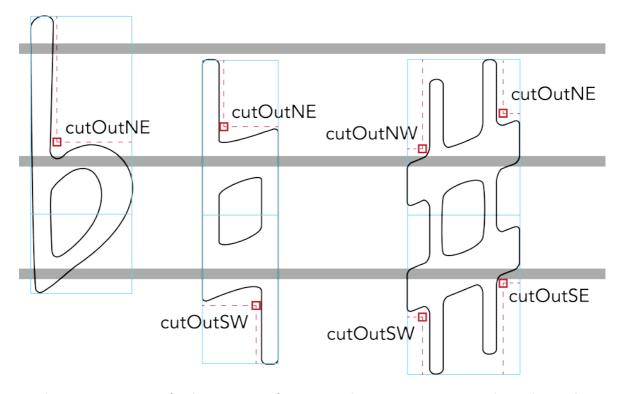
Because a glyph may not occupy every part of its bounding box, it can be useful to have an extra level of detail about the shape of the glyph, but at a coarser level than directly examining the path of the glyph to determine which areas of the bounding box are occupied and which are empty.

For example, when stacking accidentals to the left of a chord, accidentals are arranged into columns, where accidentals belonging to notes separated by a wide interval (normally a seventh or more) are aligned in the same column, i.e. at the same horizontal position. Successive columns of accidentals are laid out from right to left to the left of a chord, and depending on the accidentals that are present, it may be possible to interlock or kern those columns. The figure below shows a simple example:



In the first chord above, the two columns of accidentals (numbered 0 and 1) are positioned almost as close as the bounding boxes of the accidentals (shown in light blue) in each column will allow. In the second chord, column 1 is allowed to interlock with column 0 because the cut-outs in the bounding boxes of the two accidentals (shown as dashed red lines) are removed: the bounding boxes of the accidentals can overlap, provided it is only the cut-outs that overlap.

Font designers can specify four cut-outs to the bounding box, one in each corner, as illustrated in the figure below:



Each cut-out is specified as a pair of X,Y coordinates (in spaces), describing the innermost corner of a nominal rectangle that intersects the bounding box. For example, **cutOutNE** specifies the bottom left corner of a rectangle that intersects the top right corner of the bounding box of the glyph. The positions of each of the other corners of the cut-out rectangle are calculated using the bounding box of the glyph.

#### Metrics and glyph registration for text-based applications

The following guidelines are provided for fonts intended for use in text-based applications, such as word processors, desktop publishers and other text editors.

Upper case letters in a text font do not typically occupy the whole height of the em square: instead, they typically occupy around 75-80% of the height of the em square, with the key metrics for ascender and caps height both falling within this range. In order for the line spacing of a font containing music characters to be equivalent to that of a text font, its key metrics must match, i.e. the ascender, caps height and descender must be very similar. Glyphs with unusually large ascenders and descenders (such as notes of short duration with multiple flags) should not be scaled individually in order to fit within the ascender height, as they will not then fit with the other glyphs at the same point size; however, the behavior of glyphs that extend beyond the font's ascender and descender metrics is highly variable between different applications.

Leading on from the premise that a SMuFL-compliant font for text-based applications should use metrics compatible with regular text fonts, specific guidelines are as follows:

- Dividing 80% of the height of the em in four provides an analogue for a five-line staff. If a font uses 1000 upm (design units per em), as is conventional for a PostScript font, the height of a five-line staff is 800 design units, or 0.8 em; therefore, one staff space height is 200 design units, or 0.2 em. If a font uses 2048 upm, as is conventional for a TrueType font, the height of a five-line staff is 1640 design units, and one staff space is 410 design units.
- The origin (bottom left corner of the em square, i.e. x = 0 and y = 0 in font design space) therefore represents the middle of the bottom staff line of a nominal five-line staff, and y = 0.8 em represents the middle of the top staff line of that same five-line staff.
- All glyphs should be drawn at a scale consistent with the key measurement that one staff space = 0.2 em.
- Unless otherwise stated, all glyphs shall be horizontally registered so that their leftmost point coincides with x = 0.
- Unless otherwise stated, all glyphs shall have zero-width side bearings, i.e. no blank space to the left or right of the glyph.
- Staff line and leger line glyphs (in the class **zeroWidth**) should have an advance width of zero, so that other glyphs can be drawn on top of them easily.
- Time signature digits should also have an advance width of zero, so that they can be positioned above each other (using the timeSigCombNumerator and timeSigCombDenominator ligatures).

- Clefs should be positioned such that they are aligned with the five-line staff glyphs (e.g. staff5lines) at their most usual staff position: G clefs (in the class clefsG) should be positioned such that the bottom loop is aligned with the bottom staff line (0.2 em higher than the position in a SMuFL-compliant font for a scoring application); F clefs (in the class clefsF) should be positioned such that the second-highest staff line passes between the two dots (0.6 em higher than in a font for a scoring application); and C clefs (in the class clefsC) should be positioned such that the middle staff line passes through the middle of the clef (0.4 em higher than in a font for a scoring application). 14
- Glyphs that can appear at different staff positions, e.g. noteheads, notes, accidentals, etc. (in class **combiningStaffPositions**), should be positioned such that they are centered around the middle staff line of the five-line staff glyphs (i.e. centered vertically around y = 0.4 em).
- To enable the positioning of glyphs at different staff positions, fonts should support the combination of combining staff position control characters and glyphs in the class combiningStaffPositions using a glyph substitution feature such as OpenType ligatures. This allows the end user to position e.g. a black notehead on the second-highest staff line by using a ligature of staffPosRaise2 and noteheadBlack.

40

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The recommended default placement for C clefs is on the middle staff line, i.e. as an alto clef. Positioning the C clef such that it is centered around the second-highest staff line, i.e. as a tenor clef, can be achieved using the combining staff position control characters, if the font implements ligatures or other glyph substitution features.

### Staff brackets and dividers (U+E000-U+E00F)

**U+E000** (and U+1D114) U+E001 reversedBrace brace Reversed brace Brace **U+E002** (and U+1D115) U+E003 bracket bracketTop Bracket top **Bracket** U+E004 U+E005 bracketBottom reversedBracketTop Bracket bottom Reversed bracket top U+E006 U+E007 reversedBracketBottom systemDivider Reversed bracket bottom System divider U+E008 U+E009 systemDividerLong systemDividerExtraLong Long system divider Extra long system divider U+E00A U+E00B staffDivideArrowDown splitBarDivider Split bar divider (bar spans a Staff divide arrow down system break) U+E00C U+E00D staffDivideArrowUp staffDivideArrowUpDown Staff divide arrow up Staff divide arrows **Recommended stylistic alternates** uniE000.salt01 uniE000.salt02 braceSmall braceLarge Brace (small) Brace (large)

	uniE000.salt03	uniE000.salt04
<b>\</b>	braceLarger	∫ braceFlat
(	Brace (larger)	Brace (flat)

#### Implementation notes

The **brace** glyph should be scaled vertically in a scoring application to the appropriate height of the two or more staves it encompasses.

**bracket** is a complete bracket of a fixed height useful for displaying brackets in text-based documents or applications.

To display a bracket of variable height in a scoring application, use **bracketTop** and **bracketBottom** as the top and bottom terminals of a bracket drawn using a stroked line or filled rectangle of the appropriate width.

## **Staves (U+E010-U+E02F)**

_	U+E010 (and U+1D116)  staff1Line  1-line staff	=	U+E011 (and U+1D117) staff2Lines 2-line staff
≡	U+E012 (and U+1D118) staff3Lines 3-line staff	≣	U+E013 (and U+1D119) staff4Lines 4-line staff
	U+E014 (and U+1D11A) staff5Lines 5-line staff		<b>U+E015</b> (and U+1D11B) staff6Lines 6-line staff
_	U+E016 staff1LineWide 1-line staff (wide)	=	U+E017 staff2LinesWide 2-line staff (wide)
=	U+E018 staff3LinesWide 3-line staff (wide)		U+E019 staff4LinesWide 4-line staff (wide)
	U+E01A staff5LinesWide 5-line staff (wide)		U+E01B staff6LinesWide 6-line staff (wide)
_	U+E01C staff1LineNarrow 1-line staff (narrow)	Ξ	U+E01D staff2LinesNarrow 2-line staff (narrow)
Ξ	U+E01E staff3LinesNarrow 3-line staff (narrow)	Ē	U+E01F staff4LinesNarrow 4-line staff (narrow)
=======================================	U+E020 staff5LinesNarrow 5-line staff (narrow)	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	U+E021 staff6LinesNarrow 6-line staff (narrow)

### Implementation notes

Scoring programs should draw their own staff lines using primitives, not use the glyphs in this range.

Narrow and wide versions are provided for use in fonts intended for use in text-based applications. These glyphs should be zero-width in such fonts.

## Barlines (U+E030-U+E03F)

	U+E030 (and U+1D100)  barlineSingle  Single barline		<b>U+E031</b> (and U+1D101)  barlineDouble  Double barline
ı	<b>U+E032</b> (and U+1D102)  barlineFinal  Final barline		<b>U+E033</b> (and U+1D103)  barlineReverseFinal  Reverse final barline
1	<b>U+E034</b> barlineHeavy  Heavy barline	II	<b>U+E035</b> barlineHeavyHeavy  Heavy double barline
	<b>U+E036</b> (and U+1D104)  barlineDashed  Dashed barline		<b>U+E037</b> barlineDotted  Dotted barline
I	<b>U+E038</b> (and U+1D105)  barlineShort  Short barline	I	<b>U+E039</b> barlineTick  Tick barline

### Implementation notes

Scoring programs should draw their own barlines using primitives, not use the glyphs in this range.

### Repeats (U+E040-U+E04F)

**U+E040** (and U+1D106)

repeatLeft 

Left (start) repeat sign

U+E042

repeatRightLeft

Right and left repeat sign

U+E044

repeatDot

Single repeat dot

**U+E046** (and U+1D10A)

daCapo D.C. Da capo

**U+E048** (and U+1D10C)

coda Coda

U+E04A

8 segnoSerpent1

Segno (serpent)

U+E04C

*leftRepeatSmall* 

**|**:

Left repeat sign within bar

**U+E041** (and U+1D107)

repeatRight

Right (end) repeat sign

**U+E043** (and U+1D108)

repeatDots

Repeat dots

**U+E045** (and U+1D109)

dalSegno

D.S. Dal segno

**U+E047** (and U+1D10B)

segno %

Segno

U+E049

codaSquare

∄ Square coda

U+E04B

segnoSerpent2

8

Segno (serpent with vertical lines)

U+E04D

rightRepeatSmall

Right repeat sign within bar

**Recommended stylistic alternates** 

uniE042.salt01

repeatRightLeftThick

Right and left repeat sign (thick-

thick)

uniE047.salt01

segnoJapanese

Segno (Japanese style, rotated)

#### uniE048.salt01



codaJapanese
Coda (Japanese style, serif)

### Implementation notes

Scoring programs should draw their own repeat barlines using primitives to draw the thick and thin lines and **repeatDots** to draw the dots, not use the precomposed glyphs **leftRepeat** or **rightRepeat**.

dalSegno and daCapo are provided for compatibility with the Unicode Musical Symbols range. Scoring applications should allow the user to specify the appearance of the *da capo* and *dal segno* instructions using any regular text font.

## **Clefs (U+E050-U+E07F)**

	<b>U+E050</b> (and U+1D11E)		U+E051
2	gClef	2	gClef15mb
9	G clef		G clef quindicesima bassa
	<b>U+E052</b> (and U+1D120)	8	<b>U+E053</b> (and U+1D11F)
2	gClef8vb	Ž	gClef8va
9	G clef ottava bassa	9	G clef ottava alta
15	U+E054		U+E055
Ź	gClef15ma	22	gClef8vbOld
9	G clef quindicesima alta		G clef ottava bassa (old style)
	U+E056		U+E057
$\mathcal{Q}_{\perp}$	gClef8vbCClef	2	$g{\it ClefLigatedNumberBelow}$
<b>©</b> 1	G clef ottava bassa with C clef	9	Combining G clef, number below
	U+E058		U+E059
¥	gClefLigatedNumberAbove	•	gClefArrowUp
9	Combining G clef, number above	9	G clef, arrow up
	U+E05A		<b>U+E05B</b> (and U+1D121)
2	gClefArrowDown	IIO.	cClef
<b>(</b>	G clef, arrow down	3	C clef
	U+E05C		U+E05D
uo.	cClef8vb	Å.	cClefArrowUp
<b>1</b> \$	C clef ottava bassa	<b>B</b>	C clef, arrow up
	U+E05E		U+E05F
uo.	cClefArrowDown	U	cClefSquare
13	C clef, arrow down	H	C clef (19th century)
	U+E060		<b>U+E061</b> (and U+1D122)
	cClefCombining		fClef
╡	Combining C clef	9:	F clef

U+E062 **U+E063** (and U+1D124) fClef15mb fClef8vb F clef quindicesima bassa F clef ottava bassa **U+E064** (and U+1D123) U+E065 fClef8va fClef15ma F clef ottava alta F clef quindicesima alta U+E066 U+E067 fClefArrowUp fClefArrowDown F clef, arrow up F clef, arrow down **U+E069** (and U+1D126) **U+E068** (and U+1D125) unpitchedPercussionClef1 unpitchedPercussionClef2 Unpitched percussion clef 1 Unpitched percussion clef 2 U+E06A U+E06B semipitchedPercussionClef1 semipitchedPercussionClef2 Semi-pitched percussion clef 1 Semi-pitched percussion clef 2 U+E06C U+E06D 6stringTabClef 4stringTabClef 6-string tab clef 4-string tab clef U+E06E U+E06F cClefTriangular fClefTriangular Triangular C clef Triangular F clef U+E070 U+E071 cClefTriangularToFClef fClefTriangularToCClef C clef to F clef change F clef to C clef change U+E072 U+E073 gClefReversed gClefTurned Reversed G clef Turned G clef

U+E074 U+E075 cClefReversed *fClefReversed* Reversed C clef Reversed F clef U+E076 U+E077 fClefTurned bridgeClef Turned F clef Bridge clef U+E078 U+E079 accdnDiatonicClef gClefChange 5 Diatonic accordion clef G clef change U+E07A U+E07B cClefChange fClefChange 13 C clef change F clef change 9:

#### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

clefChangeCombining

Combining clef change

U+E07C

uniE050.ss01 uniE052.salt01 gClefSmall qClef8vbParens G clef (small staff) G clef ottava bassa (8) uniE05B.salt01 uniE05B.ss01 cClefFrench cClefSmall C clef (French, 18th century) C clef (small staff) uniE061.salt01 uniE061.salt02 fClefFrench fClef19thCentury F clef (French, 18th century) F clef (19th century) uniE061.ss01 uniE068.salt01 fClefSmall unpitchedPercussionClef1Alt F clef (small staff) Unpitched percussion clef 1 (thickthin)

T A B	uniE06C.salt01 6stringTabClefTall 6-string tab clef (tall)	T A B	<pre>uniE06C.salt02 6stringTabClefSerif 6-string tab clef (serif)</pre>			
T A B	<pre>uniE06D.salt01 4stringTabClefTall 4-string tab clef (tall)</pre>	T A B	<pre>uniE06D.salt02 4stringTabClefSerif 4-string tab clef (serif)</pre>			
Recomme	Recommended ligatures					
<b>?</b> :	uniE061_uniE885 fClef5Below F clef, 5 below	8	uniE057_uniE880 gClef0Below G clef, 0 below			
	uniE057_uniE881_uniE880 gClef10Below G clef, 10 below		uniE057_uniE881_uniE881 gClef11Below G clef, 11 below			
	uniE057_uniE881_uniE882 gClef12Below G clef, 12 below		uniE057_uniE881_uniE883 gClef13Below G clef, 13 below			
	uniE057_uniE881_uniE884 gClef14Below G clef, 14 below		uniE057_uniE881_uniE885 gClef15Below G clef, 15 below			
	uniE057_uniE881_uniE886 gClef16Below G clef, 16 below		uniE057_uniE881_uniE887 gClef17Below G clef, 17 below			
	uniE058_uniE882 gClef2Above G clef, 2 above		uniE057_uniE882 gClef2Below G clef, 2 below			
	uniE058_uniE883  gClef3Above  G clef, 3 above		uniE057_uniE883 gClef3Below G clef, 3 below			

	uniE058_uniE884		uniE057_uniE884
<b>S</b> <sup>4</sup>	gClef4Above	0	gClef4Below
•	G clef, 4 above	<b>\$</b>	G clef, 4 below
e		40	
	uniE058_uniE885		uniE057_uniE885
$\mathcal{L}^{5}$	gClef5Above	9	gClef5Below
9	G clef, 5 above	<b>6</b> 5	G clef, 5 below
	uniE058_uniE886		uniE057_uniE886
$\mathcal{L}^{6}$	gClef6Above	0	gClef6Below
9	G clef, 6 above	6	G clef, 6 below
	uniE058_uniE887		uniE057_uniE887
<b>G</b> <sup>7</sup>	gClef7Above	9	gClef7Below
9	G clef, 7 above	9	G clef, 7 below
	uniE058_uniE888		uniE057_uniE888
<b>5</b> 8	gClef8Above	9	gClef8Below
9	G clef, 8 above	9	G clef, 8 below
	uniE058_uniE889		uniE057_uniE889
$\mathcal{L}^9$	gClef9Above	2	gClef9Below
9	G clef, 9 above	9	G clef, 9 below
	uniE057_uniE881_uniE880_uniE260		uniE057_uniE881_uniE881_uniE260
2	gClefFlat10Below	2	gClefFlat11Below
101	G clef, flat 10 below		G clef, flat 11 below
	uniE057_uniE881_uniE883_uniE260		uniE057_uniE881_uniE884_uniE260
2	gClefFlat13Below	2	gClefFlat14Below
131	G clef, flat 13 below	14)	G clef, flat 14 below
	uniE057_uniE881_uniE885_uniE260		uniE057_uniE881_uniE886_uniE260
2	gClefFlat15Below	2	gClefFlat16Below
15	G clef, flat 15 below	16	G clef, flat 16 below

uniE058\_uniE882\_uniE260

uniE057\_uniE260\_uniE881

qClefFlat1Below gClefFlat2Above G clef, flat 1 below G clef, flat 2 above uniE057\_uniE260\_uniE882 uniE058\_uniE883\_uniE260 gClefFlat2Below gClefFlat3Above G clef, flat 2 below G clef, flat 3 above uniE057\_uniE260\_uniE883 uniE057\_uniE260\_uniE884 qClefFlat3Below gClefFlat4Below G clef, flat 3 below G clef, flat 4 below uniE058\_uniE885\_uniE260 uniE058\_uniE886\_uniE260 gClefFlat5Above gClefFlat6Above G clef, flat 6 above G clef, flat 5 above uniE057\_uniE260\_uniE886 uniE058\_uniE887\_uniE260 gClefFlat6Below gClefFlat7Above G clef, flat 6 below G clef, flat 7 above uniE057\_uniE260\_uniE887 uniE058\_uniE888\_uniE260 gClefFlat7Below gClefFlat8Above G clef, flat 7 below G clef, flat 8 above uniE058\_uniE889\_uniE260 uniE057\_uniE260\_uniE889 gClefFlat9Above gClefFlat9Below G clef, flat 9 above G clef, flat 9 below uniE057\_uniE261\_uniE882 uniE057\_uniE881\_uniE880\_uniE261 gClefNat2Below gClefNatural10Below G clef, natural 2 below G clef, natural 10 below uniE057\_uniE881\_uniE883\_uniE261 uniE057\_uniE881\_uniE887\_uniE261 gClefNatural13Below gClefNatural17Below G clef, natural 17 below G clef, natural 13 below



#### Implementation notes

Scoring applications may choose to create e.g. ottava alta and ottava bassa versions of the G clef and F clef by combining gClef and fClef with ottava and quindicesima rather than using the precomposed glyphs.

The basic G clef, F clef and C clef symbols can be positioned at different vertical positions relative to the staff as required (e.g. the C clef can be positioned to create an alto or tenor clef).

Clef changes are normally drawn at two-thirds the size of clefs at the beginning of the system <sup>15</sup>, but different publishers and engravers may prefer to use a different size. Dedicated glyphs for drawing a clef change are provided for the three most commonly-used clefs (gClefChange, cClefChange, and fClefChange), together with a combining control character (clefChangeCombining) that font designers may use to

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Gould, *ibid.*, page 7.

produce smaller versions of less commonly-used clefs by way of glyph substitution (such as OpenType ligatures). Scoring applications may choose to use these dedicated clef change glyphs if they do not provide the end user with control over the size of clef changes. Otherwise, scoring applications should draw clef changes by using the regular clef glyphs at a smaller point size, either fixed at two-thirds the size of normal clefs, or at a size of the end user's choosing.

# Time signatures (U+E080-U+E09F)

	U+E080		U+E081
	timeSig0		timeSig1
0	Time signature 0	1	Time signature 1
	U+E082		U+E083
	timeSig2		timeSig3
2	Time signature 2	3	Time signature 3
	U+E084		U+E085
	timeSig4		timeSig5
4	Time signature 4	5	Time signature 5
	U+E086		U+E087
	timeSig6		timeSig7
6	Time signature 6	7	Time signature 7
	U+E088		U+E089
	timeSig8		timeSig9
8	Time signature 8	9	Time signature 9
	<b>U+E08A</b> (and U+1D134)		<b>U+E08B</b> (and U+1D135)
	timeSigCommon		timeSigCutCommon
C	Common time	¢	Cut time
	U+E08C		U+E08D
	timeSigPlus		timeSigPlusSmall
+	Time signature +	+	Time signature + (for numerators)
	U+E08E		U+E08F
	timeSigFractionalSlash		timeSigEquals
/	Time signature fraction slash	=	Time signature equals
	U+E090		U+E091
	timeSigMinus		timeSigMultiply
_	Time signature minus	×	Time signature multiply

	U+E092		U+E093
	timeSigParensLeftSmall		timeSigParensRightSmall
(	Left parenthesis for numerator only	)	Right parenthesis for numerator only
	U+E094		U+E095
,	timeSigParensLeft		timeSigParensRight
(	Left parenthesis for whole time signature	)	Right parenthesis for whole time signature
	U+E096		U+E097
	timeSigComma		timeSigFractionQuarter
,	Time signature comma	1/4	Time signature fraction 1/4
	U+E098		U+E099
	timeSigFractionHalf		time Sig Fraction Three Quarters
1/2	Time signature fraction ½	3⁄4	Time signature fraction ¾
	U+E09A		U+E09B
	timeSigFractionOneThird		timeSigFractionTwoThirds
1⁄3	Time signature fraction $\frac{1}{3}$	%₃	Time signature fraction $\frac{2}{3}$
	U+E09C		U+E09D
	timeSigX		timeSigOpenPenderecki
X	Open time signature	$\sim$	Open time signature (Penderecki)
	U+E09E		U+E09F
	timeSigCombNumerator		timeSigCombDenominator
	Control character for numerator digit		Control character for denominator digit
Recomme	ended stylistic alternates		
	uniE080.salt01		uniE080.ss01
Λ	timeSig0Large		timeSig0Small
U	Time signature 0 (outside staff)	0	Time signature 0 (small staff)
	uniE081.salt01		uniE081.ss01
1	timeSig1Large		timeSig1Small
ı	Time signature 1 (outside staff)	1	Time signature 1 (small staff)

staff)
staff)
staff)
staff)
staff)

### **Recommended ligatures**

0	uniE09F_uniE080  timeSig0Denominator  Time signature 0 (denominator)	0	uniE09E_uniE080  timeSig0Numerator  Time signature 0 (numerator)
1	uniE09F_uniE081  timeSig1Denominator  Time signature 1 (denominator)	1	uniE09E_uniE081  timeSig1Numerator  Time signature 1 (numerator)
2	uniE09F_uniE082  timeSig2Denominator  Time signature 2 (denominator)	2	uniE09E_uniE082  timeSig2Numerator  Time signature 2 (numerator)
3	uniE09F_uniE083  timeSig3Denominator  Time signature 3 (denominator)	3	uniE09E_uniE083  timeSig3Numerator  Time signature 3 (numerator)
4	uniE09F_uniE084  timeSig4Denominator  Time signature 4 (denominator)	4	uniE09E_uniE084  timeSig4Numerator  Time signature 4 (numerator)
5	uniE09F_uniE085  timeSig5Denominator  Time signature 5 (denominator)	5	uniE09E_uniE085  timeSig5Numerator  Time signature 5 (numerator)
6	uniE09F_uniE086  timeSig6Denominator  Time signature 6 (denominator)	6	uniE09E_uniE086  timeSig6Numerator  Time signature 6 (numerator)
7	uniE09F_uniE087  timeSig7Denominator  Time signature 7 (denominator)	7	uniE09E_uniE087  timeSig7Numerator  Time signature 7 (numerator)
8	uniE09F_uniE088  timeSig8Denominator  Time signature 8 (denominator)	8	uniE09E_uniE088  timeSig8Numerator  Time signature 8 (numerator)

uniE09F\_uniE089uniE09E\_uniE089timeSig9Denominator\$\text{timeSig9Numerator}\$Time signature 9 (denominator)Time signature 9 (numerator)

#### Implementation notes

timeSigCombNumerator and timeSigCombDenominator are control characters designed to be combined with the time signature digits (by way of glyph substitution, such as OpenType ligatures) to shift them vertically into position suitable for drawing as the numerator and denominator of a time signature. These control characters are intended for fonts to be used in text-based applications, since scoring applications should position the numerator and denominator of time signatures independently.

# Noteheads (U+E0A0-U+E0FF)

	U+E0A0		U+E0A1
	noteheadDoubleWhole		noteheadDoubleWholeSquare
	Double whole (breve) notehead	Ħ	Double whole (breve) notehead (square)
	U+E0A2		<b>U+E0A3</b> (and U+1D157)
	noteheadWhole		noteheadHalf
0	Whole (semibreve) notehead	0	Half (minim) notehead
	<b>U+E0A4</b> (and U+1D158)		<b>U+E0A5</b> (and U+1D159)
	noteheadBlack		noteheadNull
•	Black notehead		Null notehead
	U+E0A6		U+E0A7
	noteheadXDoubleWhole		noteheadXWhole
	X notehead double whole	×	X notehead whole
	U+E0A8		<b>U+E0A9</b> (and U+1D143)
	noteheadXHalf		noteheadXBlack
×	X notehead half	×	X notehead black
	U+E0AA		U+E0AB
	noteheadXOrnate		notehead Plus Double Whole
×	Ornate X notehead	-{}-	Plus notehead double whole
	U+E0AC		U+E0AD
	noteheadPlusWhole		noteheadPlusHalf
<b>\$</b>	Plus notehead whole	<b>\$</b>	Plus notehead half
	<b>U+E0AE</b> (and U+1D144)		U+E0AF
	noteheadPlusBlack		$note head {\it Circle XD} ouble Whole$
+	Plus notehead black	ll⊗ll	Circle X double whole
	U+E0B0		U+E0B1
	noteheadCircleXWhole		noteheadCircleXHalf
8	Circle X whole	8	Circle X half

	<b>U+E0B2</b> (and U+1D145)		U+E0B3
	noteheadCircleX		noteheadDoubleWholeWithX
8	Circle X notehead		Double whole notehead with X
	U+E0B4		U+E0B5
	noteheadWholeWithX		noteheadHalfWithX
⊗	Whole notehead with X	Ø	Half notehead with X
	U+E0B6		<b>U+E0B7</b> (and U+1D146)
	noteheadVoidWithX		noteheadSquareWhite
8	Void notehead with X		Square notehead white
	<b>U+E0B8</b> (and U+1D147)		U+E0B9
	noteheadSquareBlack		noteheadTriangleUpDoubleWhole
	Square notehead black	الماا	Triangle notehead up double
			whole
	U+E0BA		U+E0BB
	noteheadTriangleUpWhole		noteheadTriangleUpHalf
Δ	Triangle notehead up whole	Δ	Triangle notehead up half
	<b>U+E0BC</b> (and U+1D148)		<b>U+E0BD</b> (and U+1D149)
	noteheadTriangleUpWhite		noteheadTriangleUpBlack
Δ	Triangle notehead up white	<b>A</b>	Triangle notehead up black
	<b>U+E0BE</b> (and U+1D14A)		<b>U+E0BF</b> (and U+1D14B)
	noteheadTriangleLeftWhite		note head Triangle LeftBlack
<u> </u>	Triangle notehead left white	•	Triangle notehead left black
	<b>U+E0C0</b> (and U+1D14C)		<b>U+E0C1</b> (and U+1D14D)
	noteheadTriangleRightWhite		notehead Triangle Right Black
⊿	Triangle notehead right white	4	Triangle notehead right black
	U+E0C2		U+E0C3
	noteheadTriangleDownDoubleWhole		noteheadTriangleDownWhole
	Triangle notehead down double whole	٧	Triangle notehead down whole

	U+E0C4		<b>U+E0C5</b> (and U+1D14E)
	noteheadTriangleDownHalf		noteheadTriangleDownWhite
Δ	Triangle notehead down half	$\nabla$	Triangle notehead down white
	<b>U+E0C6</b> (and U+1D14F)		<b>U+E0C7</b> (and U+1D150)
	noteheadTriangleDownBlack		noteheadTriangleUpRightWhite
•	Triangle notehead down black	7	Triangle notehead up right white
	<b>U+E0C8</b> (and U+1D151)		<b>U+E0C9</b> (and U+1D152)
	noteheadTriangleUpRightBlack		noteheadMoonWhite
•	Triangle notehead up right black	D	Moon notehead white
	<b>U+E0CA</b> (and U+1D153)		<b>U+E0CB</b> (and U+1D154)
	noteheadMoonBlack		$note head {\it Triangle Round Down White}$
•	Moon notehead black	$\Diamond$	Triangle-round notehead down white
	<b>U+E0CC</b> (and U+1D155)		<b>U+E0CD</b> (and U+1D156)
	noteheadTriangleRoundDownBlack		noteheadParenthesis
▼	Triangle-round notehead down black	( )	Parenthesis notehead
	U+E0CE		U+E0CF
	noteheadSlashedBlack1		noteheadSlashedBlack2
•	Slashed black notehead (bottom left to top right)	*	Slashed black notehead (top left to bottom right)
	U+E0D0		U+E0D1
	noteheadSlashedHalf1		noteheadSlashedHalf2
Ø	Slashed half notehead (bottom left to top right)	×	Slashed half notehead (top left to bottom right)
	U+E0D2		U+E0D3
	noteheadSlashedWhole1		noteheadSlashedWhole2
Ø	Slashed whole notehead (bottom left to top right)	Ø	Slashed whole notehead (top left to bottom right)
	U+E0D4		U+E0D5
	noteheadSlashedDoubleWhole1		noteheadSlashedDoubleWhole2
	Slashed double whole notehead (bottom left to top right)		Slashed double whole notehead (top left to bottom right)

	U+E0D6		U+E0D7
	note head Diamond Double Whole		notehead Diamond Whole
	Diamond double whole notehead	\$	Diamond whole notehead
	U+E0D8		U+E0D9
	noteheadDiamondHalf		noteheadDiamondHalfWide
<b>♦</b>	Diamond half notehead	<b>\$</b>	Diamond half notehead (wide)
	U+E0DA		U+E0DB
	noteheadDiamondBlack		note head Diamond Black Wide
•	Diamond black notehead	•	Diamond black notehead (wide)
	U+E0DC		U+E0DD
	noteheadDiamondWhite		$note head {\it DiamondWhiteWide}$
<b>♦</b>	Diamond white notehead	<b>♦</b>	Diamond white notehead (wide)
	U+E0DE		U+E0DF
	note head Diamond Double Whole Old		$note head {\it DiamondWholeOld}$
<b>  ♦  </b>	Diamond double whole notehead (old)	<b>♦</b>	Diamond whole notehead (old)
	U+E0E0		U+E0E1
	noteheadDiamondHalfOld		$note head {\it Diamond BlackOld}$
<b>♦</b>	Diamond half notehead (old)	+	Diamond black notehead (old)
	U+E0E2		U+E0E3
	noteheadDiamondHalfFilled		noteheadCircledBlack
<b>•</b>	Half-filled diamond notehead	•	Circled black notehead
	U+E0E4		U+E0E5
	noteheadCircledHalf		noteheadCircledWhole
0	Circled half notehead	0	Circled whole notehead
	U+E0E6		U+E0E7
	$note head {\it Circled Double Whole}$		note head Large Arrow Up Double Whole
	Circled double whole notehead		Large arrow up (highest pitch) double whole notehead

**U+E0E8 U+E0E9** noteheadLargeArrowUpWhole noteheadLargeArrowUpHalf Δ Δ Large arrow up (highest pitch) Large arrow up (highest pitch) half whole notehead notehead U+E0EA U+E0EB noteheadLargeArrowUpBlack note head Large Arrow Down Double WholeLarge arrow up (highest pitch) Large arrow down (lowest pitch) black notehead double whole notehead U+E0EC U+E0ED noteheadLargeArrowDownWhole noteheadLargeArrowDownHalf  $\Delta$ Large arrow down (lowest pitch) Large arrow down (lowest pitch) whole notehead half notehead U+E0EE U+E0EF noteheadLargeArrowDownBlack notehead Parenthesis LeftLarge arrow down (lowest pitch) Opening parenthesis black notehead U+E0F0 U+E0F1 notehead Parenthesis RightnoteheadCircleSlash Circle slash notehead Closing parenthesis U+E0F2 U+E0F3 noteheadHeavyX noteheadHeavyXHat × Heavy X notehead Heavy X with hat notehead U+E0F4 U+E0F5 noteheadWholeFilled noteheadHalfFilled Filled whole (semibreve) notehead Filled half (minim) notehead U+E0F6 noteheadDiamondOpen **^** Open diamond notehead **Recommended stylistic alternates** uniE0A0.salt01 uniE0A0.ss01 noteheadDoubleWholeAlt noteheadDoubleWholeSmall 0 Double whole note (breve), single Double whole note (breve) (small

vertical strokes

staff)

uniE0A2.ss01

noteheadWholeSmall

• Whole notehead (small staff)

uniE0A3.ss01

noteheadHalfSmall

Half (minim) notehead (small staff)

uniE0A4.ss01

noteheadBlackSmall

Black notehead (small staff)

### **Recommended ligatures**

uniE0EF\_uniE0A4\_uniE0F0

noteheadBlackParens

Parenthesised black notehead

uniE0EF\_uniE0A3\_uniE0F0

noteheadHalfParens

Parenthesised half notehead

uniE0EF\_uniE0A2\_uniE0F0

noteheadWholeParens

Parenthesised whole (semibreve) notehead

uniE0EF\_uniE0A0\_uniE0F0

note head Double Whole Parens

Parenthesised double whole (breve) notehead

### Implementation notes

These noteheads should be combined with stems and flags as necessary to create complete notes. In text-based applications, per the Unicode Musical Symbols documentation:

Scoring applications should draw stems using primitives, rather than using stem (i.e. U+1D165 as shown in the above image <sup>16</sup>), so that they can be drawn to the correct length.

See also the implementation notes for flags.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> From Chapter 15 "Symbols", The Unicode Standard, Version 6.2. Ed. Julie D. Allen et al. Mountain View; The Unicode Consortium,

## Slash noteheads (U+E100-U+E10F)

	U+E100		<b>U+E101</b> (and U+1D10D)
	noteheadSlashVerticalEnds		noteheadSlashHorizontalEnds
/	Slash with vertical ends	/	Slash with horizontal ends
	U+E102		U+E103
	noteheadSlashWhiteWhole		noteheadSlashWhiteHalf
	White slash whole		White slash half
	U+E104		U+E105
	note head Slash Diamond White		$note head {\it Slash Vertical Ends Small}$
$\Diamond$	Large white diamond	/	Small slash with vertical ends
	U+E106		U+E107
	noteheadSlashX		noteheadSlashVerticalEndsMuted
X	Large X notehead	X	Muted slash with vertical ends
	U+E108		U+E109
	noteheadSlashHorizontalEndsMuted		noteheadSlashWhiteMuted
X	Muted slash with horizontal ends	Ø	Muted white slash
^	Muteu Siasii with horizontal ends	ZX	widled wille stasti

### Implementation notes

See the implementation notes for noteheads.

# Round and square noteheads (U+E110-U+E11F)

	U+E110		U+E111
	noteheadRoundBlackLarge		notehead Round White Large
	Large round black notehead	0	Large round white notehead
	U+E112		U+E113
	noteheadRoundWhiteWithDotLarge	_	noteheadRoundBlack
<b>O</b>	Large round white notehead with dot	•	Round black notehead
	U+E114		U+E115
	noteheadRoundWhite		notehead Round White With Dot
0	Round white notehead	•	Round white notehead with dot
	U+E116		U+E117
	noteheadRoundBlackSlashedLarge		noteheadRoundWhiteSlashedLarge
	Large round black notehead,	$\mathscr{A}$	Large round white notehead,
<i></i>	slashed		slashed
	U+E118		U+E119
	noteheadRoundBlackSlashed		noteheadRoundWhiteSlashed
<b>/</b>	Round black notehead, slashed	ø	Round white notehead, slashed
	U+E11A		U+E11B
	noteheadSquareBlackLarge		noteheadSquareBlackWhite
	Large square black notehead		Large square white notehead
	Large square black notellead	Ш	Large square write notenead

## Note clusters (U+E120-U+E14F)

	<b>U+E120</b> (and U+1D15A)		<b>U+E121</b> (and U+1D15B)
П	noteheadClusterSquareWhite		noteheadClusterSquareBlack
Ц	Cluster notehead white (square)		Cluster notehead black (square)
	U+E122		U+E123
$\cap$	$note head {\it Cluster Round White}$		$note head {\it Cluster Round Black}$
U	Cluster notehead white (round)	U	Cluster notehead black (round)
	U+E124		U+E125
	noteheadClusterDoubleWhole2nd		noteheadClusterWhole2nd
	Double whole note cluster, 2nd	0	Whole note cluster, 2nd
	U+E126		U+E127
	noteheadClusterHalf2nd		noteheadClusterQuarter2nd
0	Half note cluster, 2nd	•	Quarter note cluster, 2nd
	U+E128		U+E129
<b>"</b> ~"	noteheadClusterDoubleWhole3rd	_	noteheadClusterWhole3rd
	Double whole note cluster, 3rd	0	Whole note cluster, 3rd
	U+E12A		U+E12B
	noteheadClusterHalf3rd		noteheadClusterQuarter3rd
B	Half note cluster, 3rd	•	Quarter note cluster, 3rd
	U+E12C		U+E12D
	noteheadClusterDoubleWholeTop		noteheadClusterDoubleWholeMiddle
	Combining double whole note cluster, top		Combining double whole note cluster, middle
	U+E12E		U+E12F
	$note head {\it Cluster Double Whole Bottom}$		noteheadClusterWholeTop
	Combining double whole note cluster, bottom	Ω	Combining whole note cluster, top
	U+E130		U+E131
	noteheadClusterWholeMiddle		$notehead {\it Cluster Whole Bottom}$
II	Combining whole note cluster, middle	S	Combining whole note cluster, bottom

#### U+E133 U+E132 noteheadClusterHalfMiddle noteheadClusterHalfTop (7 Combining half note cluster, top П Combining half note cluster, middle U+E134 U+E135 noteheadClusterHalfBottom noteheadClusterQuarterTop U Combining half note cluster, Combining quarter note cluster, bottom top U+E136 U+E137 noteheadClusterQuarterMiddle noteheadClusterQuarterBottom Combining quarter note cluster, Combining quarter note cluster, middle bottom U+E138 U+E139 noteheadDiamondClusterWhite2nd noteheadDiamondClusterBlack2nd **\$** White diamond cluster, 2nd Black diamond cluster, 2nd U+E13B U+E13A noteheadDiamondClusterWhite3rd noteheadDiamondClusterBlack3rd 1 White diamond cluster, 3rd Black diamond cluster, 3rd U+E13C U+E13D noteheadDiamondClusterWhiteMiddle notehead Diamond Cluster White TopCombining white diamond cluster, П Combining white diamond cluster, middle top U+E13F U+E13E noteheadDiamondClusterWhiteBottom noteheadDiamondClusterBlackTop ‹› Combining white diamond cluster, Combining black diamond cluster, bottom top U+E140 U+E141 noteheadDiamondClusterBlackMiddle noteheadDiamondClusterBlackBottom Combining black diamond cluster, Combining black diamond cluster, middle bottom U+E142 U+E143 noteheadRectangularClusterBlackTop noteheadRectangularClusterBlackMiddle Combining black rectangular Combining black rectangular cluster, middle cluster, top

	U+E144		U+E145
	note head Rectangular Cluster BlackBottom		note head Rectangular ClusterWhiteTop
	Combining black rectangular cluster, bottom	П	Combining white rectangular cluster, top
	U+E146		U+E147
	note head Rectangular Cluster White Middle		$note head {\it Rectangular Cluster White Bottom}$
1.1	Combining white rectangular	ш	Combining white rectangular

#### Implementation notes

Scoring applications should draw simple note clusters (e.g. noteheadClusterSquareWhite, noteheadClusterRoundBlack) directly using primitives rather than using these glyphs, so that the clusters can be drawn spanning the correct interval.

The combining glyphs for note clusters are designed to allow the creation of clusters of any size, with a scoring application inserting the appropriate number of "middle" segments between a single instance of the "top" and "bottom" segments:



The left-hand cluster is a stack (top to bottom) of 1 x noteheadClusterHalfTop, 3 x noteheadClusterHalfMiddle, 1 x noteheadClusterHalfBottom; the right-hand cluster is 1 x noteheadDiamondClusterBlackTop, 2 x noteheadDiamondClusterBlackMiddle, 1 x noteheadDiamondClusterBlackBottom.

See also the implementation notes for noteheads.

# Note name noteheads (U+E150-U+E1AF)

	U+E150		U+E151
	noteDoWhole		noteReWhole
<b>®</b>	Do (whole note)	(Re)	Re (whole note)
	U+E152		U+E153
	noteMiWhole		noteFaWhole
<b>(M)</b>	Mi (whole note)	(fig	Fa (whole note)
	U+E154		U+E155
	noteSoWhole		noteLaWhole
<b>®</b>	So (whole note)	<b>(</b>	La (whole note)
	U+E156		U+E157
	noteTiWhole		noteSiWhole
<b>(T)</b>	Ti (whole note)	<b>⑤</b>	Si (whole note)
	U+E158		U+E159
	noteDoHalf		noteReHalf
<b>©</b>	Do (half note)	ß	Re (half note)
	U+E15A		U+E15B
	noteMiHalf		noteFaHalf
<b>@</b>	Mi (half note)	ø	Fa (half note)
	wii (naii note)		r a (flaff flote)
	U+E15C		U+E15D
	noteSoHalf		noteLaHalf
<b>©</b>	So (half note)	<b>®</b>	La (half note)
	U+E15E		U+E15F
	noteTiHalf		noteSiHalf
Ð	Ti (half note)	<b>®</b>	Si (half note)
•	ii (iiaii iiote)	9	or (mair note)
	U+E160		U+E161
	noteDoBlack		noteReBlack
ø	Do (black note)	Ø	Re (black note)

	U+E162		U+E163
	noteMiBlack		noteFaBlack
Ø	Mi (black note)	ø	Fa (black note)
	U+E164		U+E165
	noteSoBlack		noteLaBlack
€	So (black note)	Ø	La (black note)
	U+E166		U+E167
	noteTiBlack		noteSiBlack
ø	Ti (black note)	<b>9</b>	Si (black note)
	U+E168		U+E169
	noteAFlatWhole		noteAWhole
<b>(A)</b>	A flat (whole note)	<b>(A)</b>	A (whole note)
	U+E16A		U+E16B
	noteASharpWhole		noteBFlatWhole
(AB)	A sharp (whole note)	₿	B flat (whole note)
	U+E16C		U+E16D
	noteBWhole		noteBSharpWhole
B	B (whole note)	®	B sharp (whole note)
	U+E16E		U+E16F
	noteCFlatWhole		noteCWhole
<b>©</b>	C flat (whole note)	©	C (whole note)
	U+E170		U+E171
	noteCSharpWhole		noteDFlatWhole
C#)	C sharp (whole note)	<b>®</b>	D flat (whole note)
	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	U+E172		U+E173
	noteDWhole		noteDSharpWhole
0	D (whole note)	<b>(D#)</b>	D sharp (whole note)

	U+E174		U+E175
	noteEFlatWhole		noteEWhole
₿	E flat (whole note)	(E)	E (whole note)
	U+E176		U+E177
	noteESharpWhole		noteFFlatWhole
₿	E sharp (whole note)	(F)	F flat (whole note)
	U+E178		U+E179
	noteFWhole		noteFSharpWhole
(F)	F (whole note)	®	F sharp (whole note)
	U+E17A		U+E17B
	noteGFlatWhole		noteGWhole
<b>(</b> i)	G flat (whole note)	©	G (whole note)
	G nat (whole note)		C (Whole Hote)
	U+E17C		U+E17D
	noteGSharpWhole		noteHWhole
<b>®</b>	G sharp (whole note)	Œ	H (whole note)
	U+E17E		U+E17F
	noteHSharpWhole		noteAFlatHalf
₩	H sharp (whole note)	Ø	A flat (half note)
	U+E180		U+E181
	noteAHalf		noteASharpHalf
<b>®</b>	A (half note)	æ	A sharp (half note)
	U+E182		U+E183
	noteBFlatHalf		noteBHalf
₿	B flat (half note)	®	B (half note)
	2 ( 11515)	-	z (nan note)
	U+E184		U+E185
	noteBSharpHalf		noteCFlatHalf
∰	B sharp (half note)	<b>©</b>	C flat (half note)

	U+E186		U+E187
	noteCHalf		noteCSharpHalf
0	C (half note)	<b>®</b>	C sharp (half note)
	= 4.00		
	U+E188		U+E189
	noteDFlatHalf		noteDHalf
<b>®</b>	D flat (half note)	<b>©</b>	D (half note)
	U+E18A		U+E18B
	noteDSharpHalf		noteEFlatHalf
<b>®</b>	D sharp (half note)	ⅎ	E flat (half note)
	U+E18C		U+E18D
	noteEHalf		noteESharpHalf
€	E (half note)	€	E sharp (half note)
	U+E18E		U+E18F
	noteFFlatHalf		noteFHalf
ø	F flat (half note)	Ē	F (half note)
	U+E190		U+E191
	noteFSharpHalf		noteGFlatHalf
ⅎ	F sharp (half note)	<b>®</b>	G flat (half note)
	U+E192		U+E193
	noteGHalf		noteGSharpHalf
<b>©</b>	G (half note)	<b>®</b>	G sharp (half note)
	U+E194		U+E195
	noteHHalf		noteHSharpHalf
®	H (half note)	æ	H sharp (half note)
			, ,
	U+E196		U+E197
	noteAFlatBlack		noteABlack
Ø	A flat (black note)	Ø	A (black note)

	U+E198		U+E199
	noteASharpBlack		noteBFlatBlack
Ø	A sharp (black note)	₿	B flat (black note)
	U+E19A		U+E19B
	noteBBlack		noteBSharpBlack
B	B (black note)	₿	B sharp (black note)
	U+E19C		U+E19D
	noteCFlatBlack		noteCBlack
Ø	C flat (black note)	0	C (black note)
	U+E19E		U+E19F
	noteCSharpBlack		noteDFlatBlack
Ø	C sharp (black note)	<b>o</b>	D flat (black note)
	U+E1A0		U+E1A1
	noteDBlack		noteDSharpBlack
0	D (black note)	ø	D sharp (black note)
	U+E1A2		U+E1A3
	noteEFlatBlack		noteEBlack
₿	E flat (black note)	Ø	E (black note)
	U+E1A4		U+E1A5
	noteESharpBlack		noteFFlatBlack
Ø	E sharp (black note)	ø	F flat (black note)
	U+E1A6		U+E1A7
	noteFBlack		noteFSharpBlack
ø	F (black note)	₿	F sharp (black note)
	U+E1A8		U+E1A9
	noteGFlatBlack		noteGBlack
Ø	G flat (black note)	Ø	G (black note)

	U+E1AA		U+E1AB
	noteGSharpBlack		noteHBlack
<b>©</b>	G sharp (black note)	Ø	H (black note)
	U+E1AC		U+E1AD
	noteHSharpBlack		noteEmptyWhole
<b>@</b>	H sharp (black note)	0	Empty whole note
	U+E1AE		U+E1AF
	noteEmptyHalf		noteEmptyBlack
0	Empty half note	•	Empty black note

## Implementation notes

These noteheads are designed for use by scoring applications to render music where the names of notes are shown inside noteheads. For practical use, scoring applications should provide a means of automatically substituting regular noteheads for the appropriate note name notehead glyph according to the pitch of each note.

See also the implementation notes for noteheads.

## **Shape note noteheads (U+E1B0-U+E1CF)**

0	U+E1B0  noteShapeRoundWhite  Round white (4-shape sol; 7-shape so)	U+E1B1  noteShapeRoundBlack  Round black (4-shape sol; 7-shape so)
_	U+E1B2  noteShapeSquareWhite  Square white (4-shape la; Aiken 7- shape la)  ■	U+E1B3  noteShapeSquareBlack  Square black (4-shape la; Aiken 7-shape la)
Δ	U+E1B4  noteShapeTriangleRightWhite  Triangle right white (stem down; 4- shape fa; 7-shape fa)  ▶	U+E1B5  noteShapeTriangleRightBlack  Triangle right black (stem down; 4-shape fa; 7-shape fa)
P	U+E1B6  noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite  Triangle left white (stem up; 4- shape fa; 7-shape fa)  ■	U+E1B7  noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack  Triangle left black (stem up; 4-shape fa; 7-shape fa)
<b>&gt;</b>	U+E1B8  noteShapeDiamondWhite  Diamond white (4-shape mi; 7- shape mi)  ◆	U+E1B9  noteShapeDiamondBlack  Diamond black (4-shape mi; 7-shape mi)
Δ	U+E1BA  noteShapeTriangleUpWhite  Triangle up white (Aikin 7-shape do)  ▲	U+E1BB  noteShapeTriangleUpBlack  Triangle up black (Aikin 7-shape do)
D	U+E1BC  noteShapeMoonWhite  Moon white (Aikin 7-shape re)	U+E1BD  noteShapeMoonBlack  Moon black (Aikin 7-shape re)
<b>▽</b>	U+E1BE  noteShapeTriangleRoundWhite  Triangle-round white (Aikin 7-shape  ti)  ▼	<b>U+E1BF</b> <pre>noteShapeTriangleRoundBlack</pre> Triangle-round black (Aikin 7-shape ti)
<del>-</del>	U+E1C0  noteShapeKeystoneWhite  Inverted keystone white (Walker 7-shape do)	U+E1C1  noteShapeKeystoneBlack  Inverted keystone black (Walker 7-shape do)

#### U+E1C2

note Shape Quarter Moon White

Quarter moon white (Walker 7-shape re)

### U+E1C4

note Shape Is osceles Triangle White

Isosceles triangle white (Walker 7-shape ti)

#### U+E1C6

noteShapeMoonLeftWhite

Moon left white (Funk 7-shape do)

### U+E1C8

note Shape Arrowhead Left White

Arrowhead left white (Funk 7-shape re)

#### U+E1CA

note Shape Triangle Round Left White

 Triangle-round left white (Funk 7shape ti)

#### U+E1C3

noteShapeQuarterMoonBlack

 Quarter moon black (Walker 7shape re)

#### U+E1C5

noteShapeIsoscelesTriangleBlack

 Isosceles triangle black (Walker 7shape ti)

#### U+E1C7

noteShapeMoonLeftBlack

■ Moon left black (Funk 7-shape do)

### U+E1C9

noteShapeArrowheadLeftBlack

Arrowhead left black (Funk 7-shape re)

#### U+E1CB

note Shape Triangle Round Left Black

 Triangle-round left black (Funk 7shape ti)

### Implementation notes

A number of different shape note traditions remain in common use in the shape note community. SMuFL encodes the noteheads required for four such systems: one four-shape system; and three seven-shape systems (Walker, Funk, and Aikin). All three seven-shape systems also use the four shapes of the four-shape system, each introducing three additional shapes.

The four-shape system, used in books such as William Walker's Southern Harmony (1835), uses a form of solmization where the syllables fa, so, la, fa, so, la, mi are assigned to the seven notes of an ascending major scale. Each syllable has its own note shape:

Syllable	Half notes and longer	Quarter notes and shorter
fa (or	Stem down: noteShapeTriangleRightWhite	Stem down: noteShapeTriangleRightBlack
faw)	Stem up: noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite	Stem up: noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack
so (or sol)	${\tt noteShapeRoundWhite}$	note Shape Round Black
la (or law)	${\tt noteShapeSquareWhite}$	noteShapeSquareBlack
mi	noteShapeDiamondWhite	note Shape Diamond Black

Joseph Funk devised his seven-shape system, building upon the existing four-shape system, for his book *Harmonia Sacra* (1851), adding to the four-shape system by adding the syllables *do*, *re* and *ti* (sometimes *si*), so the ascending major scale would use the syllables *do*, *re*, *mi*, *fa*, *so*, *la*, *ti*. The note shapes for each syllable are as follows:

Syllable	Half notes and longer	Quarter notes and shorter
do	noteShapeMoonLeftWhite	${\sf noteShape MoonLeftBlack}$
re	note Shape Arrowhead Left White	note Shape Arrowhead Left Black
mi	note Shape Diamond White	note Shape Diamond Black
fa (or faw)	Stem down: noteShapeTriangleRightWhite Stem up: noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite	Stem down: noteShapeTriangleRightBlack Stem up: noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack
so (or sol)	note Shape Round White	note Shape Round Black
la (or law)	${\tt noteShapeSquareWhite}$	noteShapeSquareBlack
ti (or si)	note Shape Triangle Round Left White	note Shape Triangle Round Left Black

In addition to being the composer of *Southern Harmony*, William Walker also later devised his own seven-shape system for the book *Christian Harmony* (1867), using the same solmization as Funk. The note shapes for each syllable are as follows:

Syllable Half notes and longer Quarter notes and shorter

do	noteShapeKeystoneWhite	note Shape Keystone Black
re	note Shape Quarter Moon White	note Shape Quarter Moon Black
mi	note Shape Diamond White	note Shape Diamond Black
fa (or	Stem down: noteShapeTriangleRightWhite	Stem down: noteShapeTriangleRightBlack
faw)	Stem up: noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite	Stem up: noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack
so (or sol)	${\tt noteShapeRoundWhite}$	note Shape Round Black
la (or law)	${\tt noteShapeSquareWhite}$	noteShapeSquareBlack
ti (or si)	note Shapels osceles Triangle White	note Shapels osceles Triangle Black

Perhaps the most commonly-used seven-shape system, however, is that devised by Jesse B. Aikin, though his system is sometimes incorrectly referred to as the "Aiken" system due to an error made by the musicologist George Pullen Jackson. Aikin introduced his system in *The Christian Minstrel* (1846), and after his shapes were adopted by the influential Ruebush & Kieffer Publishing Company in the late 19th century they have become increasingly widely used. Again using the same solmization as both Funk and Walker, the note shapes for each syllable are as follows:

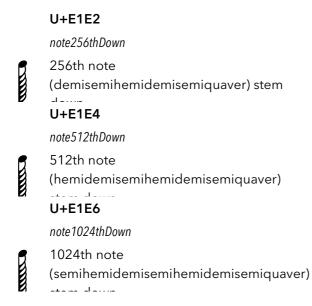
Syllable	Half notes and longer	Quarter notes and shorter
do	note Shape Triangle Up White	note Shape Triangle Up Black
re	note Shape Moon White	note Shape Moon Black
mi	note Shape Diamond White	note Shape Diamond Black
fa (or faw)	Stem down: noteShapeTriangleRightWhite Stem up: noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite	Stem down: noteShapeTriangleRightBlack Stem up: noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack
	, ,	
so (or sol)	noteShapeRoundWhite	noteShapeRoundBlack
la (or law)	note Shape Square White	note Shape Square Black
ti (or si)	note Shape Triangle Round White	note Shape Triangle Round Black

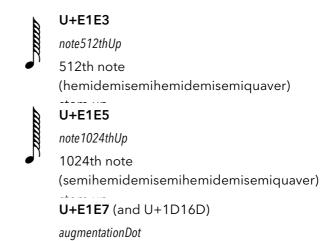
For practical use, scoring applications should provide a means of automatically substituting regular noteheads for the appropriate shape note notehead glyph according to the pitch of each note.

See also the implementation notes for noteheads.

## Individual notes (U+E1D0-U+E1EF)

**U+E1D0** (and U+1D15C) U+E1D1 noteDoubleWhole noteDoubleWholeSquare Double whole note (square) Double whole note (breve) **U+E1D2** (and U+1D15D) **U+E1D3** (and U+1D15E) noteWhole noteHalfUp Whole note (semibreve) Half note (minim) stem up U+E1D4 **U+E1D5** (and U+1D15F) noteHalfDown noteQuarterUp Half note (minim) stem down Quarter note (crotchet) stem up U+E1D6 **U+E1D7** (and U+1D160) noteQuarterDown note8thUp Eighth note (quaver) stem up Quarter note (crotchet) stem down U+E1D8 **U+E1D9** (and U+1D161) note8thDown note16thUp Eighth note (quaver) stem down 16th note (semiquaver) stem up U+E1DA **U+E1DB** (and U+1D162) note16thDown note32ndUp 16th note (semiquaver) stem down 32nd note (demisemiquaver) stem up U+E1DC **U+E1DD** (and U+1D163) note32ndDown note64thUp 32nd note (demisemiquaver) stem down 64th note (hemidemisemiquaver) stem up U+E1DE **U+E1DF** (and U+1D164) note64thDown note128thUp 64th note (hemidemisemiquaver) stem 128th note (semihemidemisemiquaver) down stem up U+E1E0 **U+E1E1** note128thDown note256thUp 128th note (semihemidemisemiquaver) 256th note stem down (demisemihemidemisemiquaver) stem up





Augmentation dot

### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

uniE1D0.salt01

noteDoubleWholeAlt

0

Double whole note (breve), single vertical strokes

## Implementation notes

This range is most useful in fonts intended for text-based applications, with metrics that are compatible for mixing musical symbols with text.

In such a font, the precomposed note glyphs may be used for displaying metronome marks and simple metric modulations. More complex metric modulations and *l'istesso tempo* directions may be drawn using these glyphs in conjunction with the **Beamed groups of notes** range.

Scoring applications should draw all notes by combining notehead glyphs – e.g. **noteheadBlack** for quarter notes (crotchets) and shorter notes, **noteheadHalf** for half notes (minims) – with stems drawn using primitives.

## Beamed groups of notes (U+E1F0-U+E20F)

٦	U+E1F0  textBlackNoteShortStem  Black note, short stem		U+E1F1  textBlackNoteLongStem  Black note, long stem
J	U+E1F2  textBlackNoteFrac8thShortStem  Black note, fractional 8th beam, short stem	J	U+E1F3  textBlackNoteFrac8thLongStem  Black note, fractional 8th beam, long stem
3	U+E1F4  textBlackNoteFrac16thShortStem  Black note, fractional 16th beam, short stem	j	U+E1F5  textBlackNoteFrac16thLongStem  Black note, fractional 16th beam, long stem
3	U+E1F6  textBlackNoteFrac32ndLongStem  Black note, fractional 32nd beam, long stem	-	U+E1F7  textCont8thBeamShortStem  Continuing 8th beam for short stem
-	U+E1F8  textCont8thBeamLongStem  Continuing 8th beam for long stem	=	U+E1F9  textCont16thBeamShortStem  Continuing 16th beam for short stem
=	U+E1FA  textCont16thBeamLongStem  Continuing 16th beam for long stem	E	U+E1FB  textCont32ndBeamLongStem  Continuing 32nd beam for long stem
•	U+E1FC  textAugmentationDot  Augmentation dot	Ç	U+E1FD  textTie  Tie
Г	U+E1FE  textTupletBracketStartShortStem  Tuplet bracket start for short stem	3	U+E1FF  textTuplet3ShortStem  Tuplet number 3 for short stem
٦	U+E200  textTupletBracketEndShortStem  Tuplet bracket end for short stem	Г	U+E201  textTupletBracketStartLongStem  Tuplet bracket start for long stem

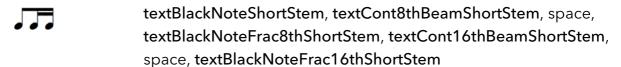
3U+E202<br/>textTuplet3LongStemU+E203<br/>textTupletBracketEndLongStemTuplet number 3 for long stemTuplet bracket end for long stem

### Implementation notes

This range is most useful in fonts intended for text-based applications, with metrics that are compatible for mixing musical symbols with text.

In such a font, these glyphs may be used for displaying complex metric modulations and *l'istesso tempo* directions in conjunction with the precomposed note glyphs in the **Individual notes** range.

By way of example:



textBlackNoteShortStem, textCont8thBeamShortStem, space, textBlackNoteFract8thShortStem, space, =, textTupletBracketStartLongStem, textBlackNoteShortStem, textTuplet3LongStem, space, textTupletBracketEndLongStem, note8thUp

textBlackNoteShortStem, textCont8thBeamShortStem, textAugmentationDot, space, textCont8thBeamShortStem, textBlackNoteFrac16thShortStem

## **Stems (U+E210-U+E21F)**

1	U+E210 (and U+1D165)  stem  Combining stem	*	U+E211 (and U+1D166)  stemSprechgesang  Combining sprechgesang stem
<b>/</b> *	U+E212 stemSwished Combining swished stem	7	U+E213 stemPendereckiTremolo Combining Penderecki unmeasured tremolo stem
$\uparrow$	U+E214  stemSulPonticello  Combining sul ponticello (bow behind bridge) stem	†	U+E215  stemBowOnBridge  Combining bow on bridge stem
†	U+E216  stemBowOnTailpiece  Combining bow on tailpiece stem	<b></b>	U+E217 stemBuzzRoll Combining buzz roll stem
	U+E218		U+E219
<del> </del>	stemDamp Combining damp stem	₹	stemVibratoPulse  Combining vibrato pulse accent (Saunders) stem
† <b>/</b>	stemDamp	*	stemVibratoPulse  Combining vibrato pulse accent
<b>*</b>	stemDamp Combining damp stem  U+E21A  stemMultiphonicsBlack Combining multiphonics (black)	Į.	stemVibratoPulse  Combining vibrato pulse accent (Saunders) stem  U+E21B  stemMultiphonicsWhite  Combining multiphonics (white)

## Implementation notes

The glyphs shown here may be combined with noteheads to produce precomposed glyphs with a fixed stem length.

Scoring applications should produce this effect by imposing the required symbol on a stem drawn using a primitive line, rather than using these precomposed stem glyphs:

- Sprechgesang (vocalSprechgesang)
- Swish (pictSwish)
- Penderecki unmeasured tremolo (pendereckiTremolo)
- Sul ponticello (stringsBowBehindBridge)
- Bow on bridge (stringsBowOnBridge)
- Bow on tailpiece (stringsBowOnTailpiece)
- Buzz roll (buzzRoll)
- Damp (pluckedDampOnStem)
- Vibrato pulse accent (stringsVibratoPulse)
- Multiphonics (windMultiphonicsBlackStem, windMultiphonicsWhiteStem, windMultiphonicsBlackWhiteStem)
- Sussurando (vocalsSussurando)
- Rim shot (pictRimShotOnStem)
- Harp string noise (harpStringNoiseStem)

## Tremolos (U+E220-U+E23F)

-	U+E220 (and U+1D167)  tremolo1  Combining tremolo 1	=	U+E221 (and U+1D168)  tremolo2  Combining tremolo 2
=	U+E222 (and U+1D169)  tremolo3  Combining tremolo 3		U+E223  tremolo4  Combining tremolo 4
	U+E224  tremolo5  Combining tremolo 5	-	U+E225 (and U+1D16A)  tremoloFingered1  Fingered tremolo 1
=	<b>U+E226</b> (and U+1D16B)  tremoloFingered2  Fingered tremolo 2	Ħ	U+E227 (and U+1D16C)  tremoloFingered3  Fingered tremolo 3
-	U+E228  tremoloFingered4  Fingered tremolo 4		U+E229  tremoloFingered5  Fingered tremolo 5
z	<b>U+E22A</b> buzzRoll Buzz roll	Z	<b>U+E22B</b> pendereckiTremolo  Penderecki unmeasured tremolo
W	<b>U+E22C</b> <i>unmeasuredTremolo</i> Wieniawski unmeasured tremolo	*	U+E22D  unmeasuredTremoloSimple  Wieniawski unmeasured tremolo (simpler)
••	U+E22E  tremoloDivisiDots2  Divide measured tremolo by 2	•••	U+E22F  tremoloDivisiDots3  Divide measured tremolo by 3
	U+E230  tremoloDivisiDots4  Divide measured tremolo by 4	:::	U+E231  tremoloDivisiDots6  Divide measured tremolo by 6

## Implementation notes

Scoring applications may simply use multiple instances of **tremolo1** imposed on note stems to draw one-note tremolos with different numbers of slashes.

The fingered tremolo glyphs are for two-note tremolos. Scoring applications should draw two-note tremolos using the same primitives used for drawing beams, rather than using these glyphs.

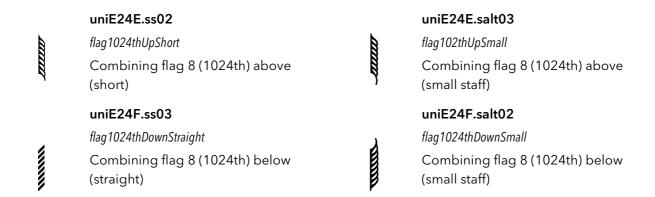
## Flags (U+E240-U+E25F)

	<b>U+E240</b> (and U+1D16E)  flag8thUp  Combining flag 1 (8th) above	ļ	<b>U+E241</b> flag8thDown  Combining flag 1 (8th) below
)	Combining hag 1 (oth) above		Combining hag 1 (out) below
	<b>U+E242</b> (and U+1D16F)		U+E243
	flag16thUp	Þ	flag16thDown
Ŋ	Combining flag 2 (16th) above	,	Combining flag 2 (16th) below
	<b>U+E244</b> (and U+1D170)		U+E245
	flag32ndUp	J	flag32ndDown
R	Combining flag 3 (32nd) above	B	Combining flag 3 (32nd) below
•	U. <b>504</b> (/		U. <b>5047</b>
	<b>U+E246</b> (and U+1D171)		U+E247
b	flag64thUp Combining flag 4 (64th) above		flag64thDown  Combining flag 4 (64th) below
R	Combining hag 4 (04th) above	P	Combining hag 4 (04th) below
	<b>U+E248</b> (and U+1D172)		U+E249
	flag128thUp	J	flag128thDown
	Combining flag 5 (128th) above		Combining flag 5 (128th) below
	U+E24A		U+E24B
	flag256thUp	1	flag256thDown
	Combining flag 6 (256th) above		Combining flag 6 (256th) below
	U+E24C		U+E24D
4	flag512thUp	1	flag512thDown
	Combining flag 7 (512th) above		Combining flag 7 (512th) below
	U+E24E	,	U+E24F
þ	flag1024thUp	1	flag1024thDown
	Combining flag 8 (1024th) above		Combining flag 8 (1024th) below
	U+E250	P	U+E251
	flagInternalUp		flagInternalDown
Κ.	Internal combining flag above	7	Internal combining flag below
1			

## **Recommended stylistic alternates**

	uniE240.ss03		uniE240.ss02
	flag8thUpStraight Combining flag 1 (8th) above		flag8thUpShort  Combining flag 1 (8th) above
	(straight)	`	(short)
	uniE240.salt03		uniE241.ss03
	flag8thUpSmall	,	flag8thDownStraight
<b>\</b>	Combining flag 1 (8th) above (small staff)	ŕ	Combining flag 1 (8th) below (straight)
	uniE241.salt02		uniE242.ss03
)	flag8thDownSmall		flag16thUpStraight
,	Combining flag 1 (8th) below (small staff)	*	Combining flag 2 (16th) above (straight)
	uniE242.ss02		uniE242.salt03
	flag16thUpShort		flag16thUpSmall
A	Combining flag 2 (16th) above (short)	7	Combining flag 2 (16th) above (small staff)
	uniE243.ss03		uniE243.salt02
4	flag16thDownStraight	d	flag16thDownSmall
,	Combining flag 2 (16th) below (straight)	•	Combining flag 2 (16th) below (small staff)
	uniE244.ss03		uniE244.ss02
	flag32ndUpStraight		flag32ndUpShort
	Combining flag 3 (32nd) above (straight)	B	Combining flag 3 (32nd) above (short)
	uniE244.salt03		uniE245.ss03
	flag32ndUpSmall	4	flag32ndDownStraight
B	Combining flag 3 (32nd) above (small staff)		Combining flag 3 (32nd) below (straight)
	uniE245.salt02		uniE246.ss03
d	flag32ndDownSmall		flag64thUpStraight
P	Combining flag 3 (32nd) below (small staff)		Combining flag 4 (64th) above (straight)
	uniE246.ss02		uniE246.salt03
k.	flag64thUpShort		flag64thUpSmall
	Combining flag 4 (64th) above (short)		Combining flag 4 (64th) above (small staff)

	uniE247.ss03  flag64thDownStraight  Combining flag 4 (64th) below (straight)	B	uniE247.salt02  flag64thDownSmall  Combining flag 4 (64th) below (small staff)
	uniE248.ss03 flag128thUpStraight Combining flag 5 (128th) above (straight)	m	uniE248.ss02 flag128thUpShort Combining flag 5 (128th) above (short)
	uniE248.salt03  flag128thUpSmall  Combining flag 5 (128th) above (small staff)		uniE249.ss03  flag128thDownStraight  Combining flag 5 (128th) below (straight)
	uniE249.salt02 flag128thDownSmall Combining flag 5 (128th) below (small staff)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	uniE24A.ss03  flag256thUpStraight  Combining flag 6 (256th) above (straight)
A THE STATE OF THE	uniE24A.ss02 flag256thUpShort Combining flag 6 (256th) above (short)	ann -	uniE24A.salt03  flag256thUpSmall  Combining flag 6 (256th) above (small staff)
	uniE24B.ss03  flag256thDownStraight  Combining flag 6 (256th) below (straight)		uniE24B.salt02 flag256thDownSmall Combining flag 6 (256th) below (small staff)
	uniE24C.ss03  flag512thUpStraight  Combining flag 7 (512th) above (straight)	anna	uniE24C.ss02 flag512thUpShort Combining flag 7 (512th) above (short)
- Tunna	uniE24C.salt03  flag512thUpSmall  Combining flag 7 (512th) above (small staff)		uniE24D.ss03  flag512thDownStraight  Combining flag 7 (512th) below (straight)
	uniE24D.salt02  flag512thDownSmall  Combining flag 7 (512th) below (small staff)	<i></i>	uniE24E.ss03  flag1024thUpStraight  Combining flag 8 (1024th) above (straight)



## Implementation notes

Scoring applications may create groups of flags for notes shorter than 16th notes (semiquavers) by combining flag16thUp with the required number of flagInternalUp for stem up notes, or flag16thDown with the required number of flagInternalDown for stem down notes, stacking flagInternalUp above or flagInternalDown below respectively, ensuring even spacing.

The set of stylistic alternates for shorter flags may be substituted by a scoring application in the case of a dotted note with an upward stem, to avoid collisions between the augmentation dot and the flag.

## Standard accidentals (12-EDO) (U+E260-U+E26F)

**U+E260** (and 266D) **U+E261** (and 266E) accidentalFlat accidentalNatural b þ Flat Natural **U+E262** (and 266F) **U+E263** (and U+1D12A) accidentalDoubleSharp accidentalSharp # Sharp Double sharp × **U+E264** (and U+1D12B) U+E265 accidentalDoubleFlat accidentalTripleSharp bb х# Double flat Triple sharp U+E266 U+E267 accidentalTripleFlat accidentalNaturalFlat bbb 胁 Natural flat Triple flat U+E268 U+E269 accidentalNaturalSharp accidentalSharpSharp 坩 ## Natural sharp Sharp sharp U+E26B U+E26A accidentalParensLeft accidentalParensRight ( Accidental parenthesis, left Accidental parenthesis, right

## **Recommended stylistic alternates**

	uniE260.ss01		uniE261.ss01
	accidentalFlatSmall		accidentalNaturalSmall
b	Flat (for small staves)	4	Natural (for small staves)
	uniE262.ss01		uniE264.salt01
	accidentalSharpSmall		$accidental Double {\it Flat Joined Stems}$
#	Sharp (for small staves)	<b>5</b> b	Double flat (joined stems)

#### uniE266.salt01

accidentalTripleFlatJoinedStems

₩

Triple flat (joined stems)

## **Recommended ligatures**

uniE26A\_uniE260\_uniE26B

accidentalFlatParens

(b) Parenthesised flat

uniE26A\_uniE262\_uniE26B

accidentalSharpParens

(‡) Parenthesised sharp

uniE26A\_uniE264\_uniE26B

accidentalDoubleFlatParens

(b) Parenthesised double flat

uniE26A\_uniE261\_uniE26B

accidentalNaturalParens

(a) Parenthesised natural

uniE26A\_uniE263\_uniE26B

accidentalDoubleSharpParens

(x) Parenthesised double sharp

## Implementation notes

Scoring applications may choose to substitute stylistic alternate versions of the common accidentals glyphs for a better appearance on smaller staves.

# Gould arrow quartertone accidentals (24-EDO) (U+E270-U+E27F)

<b>t</b>	U+E270 (and U+1D12C)  accidentalQuarterToneFlatArrowUp  Quarter-tone flat	þ	<b>U+E271</b> (and U+1D12D)  accidentalThreeQuarterTonesFlatArrowDown  Three-quarter-tones flat
4	<b>U+E272</b> (and U+1D12E)  accidentalQuarterToneSharpNaturalArrowUp  Quarter-tone sharp	ţ	<b>U+E273</b> (and U+1D12F)  accidentalQuarterToneFlatNaturalArrowDown  Quarter-tone flat
#	<b>U+E274</b> (and U+1D130)  accidentalThreeQuarterTonesSharpArrowUp  Three-quarter-tones sharp	#	<b>U+E275</b> (and U+1D131)  accidentalQuarterToneSharpArrowDown  Quarter-tone flat
x <sup>‡</sup>	<b>U+E276</b> <pre>accidentalFiveQuarterTonesSharpArrowUp</pre> Five-quarter-tones sharp	¥	<b>U+E277</b> <pre>accidentalThreeQuarterTonesSharpArrowDown</pre> Three-quarter-tones sharp
₽	<b>U+E278</b> <pre>accidentalThreeQuarterTonesFlatArrowUp</pre> Three-quarter-tones flat	þЬ	<b>U+E279</b> <pre>accidentalFiveQuarterTonesFlatArrowDown</pre> Five-quarter-tones flat
	<b>U+E27A</b> accidentalArrowUp		<b>U+E27B</b> accidentalArrowDown

# Stein-Zimmermann accidentals (24-EDO) (U+E280-U+E28F)

4	U+E280  accidentalQuarterToneFlatStein  Reversed flat (quarter-tone flat)  (Stein)	ф	U+E281  accidentalThreeQuarterTonesFlatZimmermann  Reversed flat and flat (three-quartertones flat) (Zimmermann)
‡	U+E282  accidentalQuarterToneSharpStein  Half sharp (quarter-tone sharp)  (Stein)	#	U+E283  accidentalThreeQuarterTonesSharpStein  One and a half sharps (three-quartertones sharp) (Stein)
4	<b>U+E284</b> accidentalNarrowReversedFlat  Narrow reversed flat(quarter-tone flat)	Ф	<b>U+E285</b> accidentalNarrowReversedFlatAndFlat  Narrow reversed flat and flat(three-quarter-tones flat)

# Extended Stein-Zimmermann accidentals (U+E290-U+E29F)

•			
<b>†</b>	U+E290  accidentalReversedFlatArrowUp  Reversed flat with arrow up	4	U+E291  accidentalReversedFlatArrowDown  Reversed flat with arrow down
<b>+</b>	<b>U+E292</b> accidentalFilledReversedFlatArrowUp	1	<b>U+E293</b> accidentalFilledReversedFlatArrowDown
•	Filled reversed flat with arrow up	4	Filled reversed flat with arrow down
<b>\$</b>	<b>U+E294</b> accidentalReversedFlatAndFlatArrowUp  Reversed flat and flat with arrow up	ф	<b>U+E295</b> accidentalReversedFlatAndFlatArrowDown  Reversed flat and flat with arrow down
•	<b>U+E296</b> accidentalFilledReversedFlatAndFlat Filled reversed flat and flat	<b>‡</b>	<b>U+E297</b> accidentalFilledReversedFlatAndFlatArrowUp  Filled reversed flat and flat with  arrow up
¢	<b>U+E298</b> accidentalFilledReversedFlatAndFlatArrowDown  Filled reversed flat and flat with arrow down	‡	<b>U+E299</b> <pre>accidentalHalfSharpArrowUp</pre> Half sharp with arrow up
‡	<b>U+E29A</b> accidentalHalfSharpArrowDown  Half sharp with arrow down	#	U+E29B  accidentalOneAndAHalfSharpsArrowUp  One and a half sharps with arrow  up
#	<b>U+E29C</b> accidentalOneAndAHalfSharpsArrowDown One and a half sharps with arrow		

down

## Implementation notes

These accidentals were not actually proposed by Richard Stein or Bernd Zimmermann, but are instead logical extensions of their symbols adding arrows to provide options for notating slight pitch modifications<sup>17</sup>.

 $<sup>^{17}</sup>$  Gould, *ibid.*, page 96 acknowledges the Stein-Zimmermann accidentals as the most commonly-used symbols with fixed meanings; however, the extensions provided here do not have fixed meanings.

## Sims accidentals (72-EDO) (U+E2A0-U+E2AF)

	U+E2A0		U+E2A1
1	accidentalSims12Down	ı	accidentalSims6Down
1	1/12 tone low	1	1/6 tone low
	U+E2A2		U+E2A3
_	accidentalSims4Down		accidentalSims12Up
1	1/4 tone low	1	1/12 tone high
	U+E2A4		U+E2A5
	accidentalSims6Up		accidentalSims4Up
1	1/6 tone high	1	1/4 tone high

## Implementation notes

These glyphs may be used alone and to the left of the standard 12-EDO accidentals.

# Johnston accidentals (just intonation) (U+E2B0-U+E2BF)

3:32)
5:64)

## Implementation notes

These glyphs are intended for combining with the standard 12-EDO accidentals.

# Extended Helmholtz-Ellis accidentals (just intonation) (U+E2C0-U+E2FF)

þ	U+E2C0  accidentalDoubleFlatOneArrowDown  Double flat lowered by one syntonic comma	þ	U+E2C1  accidentalFlatOneArrowDown  Flat lowered by one syntonic comma
Ą	U+E2C2  accidentalNaturalOneArrowDown  Natural lowered by one syntonic comma	#	U+E2C3  accidentalSharpOneArrowDown  Sharp lowered by one syntonic comma
*	U+E2C4  accidentalDoubleSharpOneArrowDown  Double sharp lowered by one syntonic comma	Ъ	U+E2C5  accidentalDoubleFlatOneArrowUp  Double flat raised by one syntonic comma
þ	U+E2C6  accidentalFlatOneArrowUp  Flat raised by one syntonic comma	Ĥ	U+E2C7  accidentalNaturalOneArrowUp  Natural raised by one syntonic comma
	U+E2C8		U+E2C9
#	accidentalSharpOneArrowUp Sharp raised by one syntonic comma	\$	accidentalDoubleSharpOneArrowUp  Double sharp raised by one syntonic comma
			Comma
	U+E2CA		U+E2CB
₽	U+E2CA  accidentalDoubleFlatTwoArrowsDown  Double flat lowered by two syntonic commas	þ	
₽	accidentalDoubleFlatTwoArrowsDown  Double flat lowered by two syntonic commas  U+E2CC	þ	<b>U+E2CB</b> accidentalFlatTwoArrowsDown
B* 4*	accidentalDoubleFlatTwoArrowsDown  Double flat lowered by two syntonic commas	<b>\$</b>	U+E2CB  accidentalFlatTwoArrowsDown  Flat lowered by two syntonic commas
*	accidentalDoubleFlatTwoArrowsDown  Double flat lowered by two syntonic commas  U+E2CC  accidentalNaturalTwoArrowsDown  Natural lowered by two syntonic		U+E2CB  accidentalFlatTwoArrowsDown  Flat lowered by two syntonic commas  U+E2CD  accidentalSharpTwoArrowsDown  Sharp lowered by two syntonic

#### U+E2D0 U+E2D1 accidentalFlatTwoArrowsUp accidentalNaturalTwoArrowsUp ĥ Flat raised by two syntonic commas Natural raised by two syntonic commas U+E2D2 U+E2D3 accidentalSharpTwoArrowsUp accidental Double Sharp Two Arrows Up**\$** Double sharp raised by two syntonic Sharp raised by two syntonic commas commas U+E2D4 U+E2D5 accidental Double Flat Three Arrows DownaccidentalFlatThreeArrowsDown **b** Double flat lowered by three syntonic Flat lowered by three syntonic commas commas U+E2D6 U+E2D7 accidentalNaturalThreeArrowsDown accidental Sharp Three Arrows DownNatural lowered by three syntonic Sharp lowered by three syntonic commas commas U+E2D8 U+E2D9 accidental Double Sharp Three Arrows DownaccidentalDoubleFlatThreeArrowsUp ¥ Double sharp lowered by three Double flat raised by three syntonic syntonic commas commas U+E2DA U+E2DB accidentalFlatThreeArrowsUp accidental Natural Three Arrows UpFlat raised by three syntonic commas Natural raised by three syntonic commas U+E2DC U+E2DD accidentalSharpThreeArrowsUp accidentalDoubleSharpThreeArrowsUp **1** Sharp raised by three syntonic Double sharp raised by three commas syntonic commas U+E2DE U+E2DF accidentalLowerOneSeptimalComma accidental Raise One Septimal CommaLower by one septimal comma Raise by one septimal comma U+E2E0 U+E2E1 accidentalLowerTwoSeptimalCommas accidentalRaiseTwoSeptimalCommas Lower by two septimal commas Raise by two septimal commas

#### **U+E2E2 U+E2E3** accidentalLowerOneUndecimalQuartertone accidentalRaiseOneUndecimalQuartertone d Lower by one undecimal quartertone Raise by one undecimal quartertone U+E2E4 U+E2E5 accidentalLowerOneTridecimalQuartertone accidentalRaiseOneTridecimalQuartertone Lower by one tridecimal quartertone Raise by one tridecimal quartertone U+E2E6 **U+E2E7** accidentalCombiningLower17Schisma accidentalCombiningRaise17Schisma > 1 Combining lower by one 17-limit Combining raise by one 17-limit schisma schisma **U+E2E8** U+E2E9 accidentalCombiningLower19Schisma accidentalCombiningRaise19Schisma Combining lower by one 19-limit Combining raise by one 19-limit schisma schisma U+E2EA U+E2EB accidentalCombiningLower23Limit29LimitComma accidentalCombiningRaise23Limit29LimitComma $\downarrow$ Combining lower by one 23-limit Combining raise by one 23-limit comma or 29-limit comma comma or 29-limit comma U+E2EC U+E2ED accidentalCombiningLower31Schisma accidentalCombiningRaise31Schisma Combining lower by one 31-limit Combining raise by one 31-limit schisma schisma U+E2EE U+E2EF accidentalCombiningOpenCurlyBrace accidentalCombiningCloseCurlyBrace Combining open curly brace Combining close curly brace U+E2F0 U+E2F1 accidental Double Flat Equal TemperedaccidentalFlatEqualTempered bb Ъ Double flat equal tempered semitone Flat equal tempered semitone U+E2F2 U+E2F3 accidentalNaturalEqualTempered accidentalSharpEqualTempered ١ Natural equal tempered semitone Sharp equal tempered semitone

### U+E2F4

accidental Double Sharp Equal Tempered

₹ Double sharp equal tempered semitone

# Spartan Sagittal single-shaft accidentals (U+E300-U+E30F)

۲	U+E300  accSagittal5v7KleismaUp  5:7 kleisma up, (5:7k, ~11:13k, 7C less 5C)	h	<b>U+E301</b> accSagittal5v7KleismaDown 5:7 kleisma down
1	U+E302  accSagittal5CommaUp  5 comma up, (5C), 1° up [22 27 29  34 41 46 53 96 EDOs], 1/12-tone  U+E304	١	U+E303  accSagittal5CommaDown  5 comma down, 1° down [22 27 29 34 41 46 53 96 EDOs], 1/12-tone  U+E305
ח	accSagittal7CommaUp 7 comma up, (7C), 1° up [43 EDO], 2° up [72 EDO], 1/6-tone up	IJ	accSagittal7CommaDown 7 comma down, 1° down [43 EDO], 2° down [72 EDO], 1/6-tone down
7	U+E306  accSagittal25SmallDiesisUp  25 small diesis up, (25S, ~5:13S, ~37S, 5C plus 5C), 2° up [53 EDO]	7	U+E307  accSagittal25SmallDiesisDown  25 small diesis down, 2° down [53 EDO]
1	U+E308  accSagittal35MediumDiesisUp  35 medium diesis up, (35M, ~13M, ~125M, 5C plus 7C), 2/9-tone up	V	U+E309  accSagittal35MediumDiesisDown  35 medium diesis down, 1°[50]  2°[27] down, 2/9-tone down
<b>↑</b>	accSagittal35MediumDiesisUp 35 medium diesis up, (35M, ~13M,	<b>↓</b>	accSagittal35MediumDiesisDown 35 medium diesis down, 1°[50]
↑ ↑	accSagittal35MediumDiesisUp  35 medium diesis up, (35M, ~13M, ~125M, 5C plus 7C), 2/9-tone up  U+E30A  accSagittal11MediumDiesisUp  11 medium diesis up, (11M), 1°[17		accSagittal35MediumDiesisDown 35 medium diesis down, 1°[50] 2°[27] down, 2/9-tone down  U+E30B  accSagittal11MediumDiesisDown 11 medium diesis down, 1°[17 31]
<b>^</b>	accSagittal35MediumDiesisUp  35 medium diesis up, (35M, ~13M, ~125M, 5C plus 7C), 2/9-tone up  U+E30A  accSagittal11MediumDiesisUp  11 medium diesis up, (11M), 1°[17 31] 2°46 up, 1/4-tone up  U+E30C  accSagittal11LargeDiesisUp  11 large diesis up, (11L), (sharp less	<b>↓</b>	accSagittal35MediumDiesisDown 35 medium diesis down, 1°[50] 2°[27] down, 2/9-tone down  U+E30B  accSagittal11MediumDiesisDown 11 medium diesis down, 1°[17 31] 2°46 down, 1/4-tone down  U+E30D  accSagittal11LargeDiesisDown 11 large diesis down, 3° down [46

### Implementation notes

It is not necessary to implement the complete Sagittal microtonal notation system. The Spartan set is sufficient to notate 13-limit just intonation (JI), 1/12-tones, 50 common equal divisions of the octave (EDOs), and their related linear temperaments.

The eight pairs of single-shaft accidentals above are sufficient to provide these capabilities when used alone, and to the left of the standard accidentalDoubleFlat, accidentalSharp, and the almost-standard accidentalLargeDoubleSharp. This is called "mixed Sagittal."

As an alternative, the following group (the multi-shaft Spartans) provides a complete set of stand-alone accidentals to replace each of the above combinations of a single-shaft Sagittal with a standard accidental. This is called "pure Sagittal." The standard accidentalNatural is used alone in both mixed and pure variants, but only to cancel a previous accidental.

Sagittal accidentals are not intended to be combined with one another, inasmuch as symbols representing useful combinations and powers of primes are already provided. An accidental can often be used to represent alternative commas that differ by 2 cents or less. In such cases the intended comma ratio may be determined by the note to which it is applied, or by the musical context. Alternatively, diacritics (from the Herculean and subsequent extensions) may be added to distinguish these commas. Commas which require diacritics for exact representation are preceded by a tilde "~" in the glyph descriptions.

Sagittal extensions following Spartan allow notation of JI ratios with primes beyond 13, and more combinations of lower primes, as well as finer tone-fractions, degrees of larger EDOs, and more complex temperaments, all with single Sagittal accidentals. The same choice of mixed versus pure is available with each extension. See <a href="http://sagittal.org">http://sagittal.org</a> for more information.

Other Sagittal-compatible accidentals are accidentalQuarterToneSharpStein and accidentalThreeQuarterTonesSharpStein which may be substituted for accSagittal11MediumDiesisUp and accSagittalSharp11MUp; the accidentalNarrowReversedFlat and accidentalNarrowReversedFlatAndFlat which may be substituted for accSagittal11MediumDiesisDown and accSagittalFlat11MDown; and the accidentalWilsonPlus and accidentalWilsonMinus which may be substituted for the accSagittal5CommaUp and accSagittal5CommaDown.

# Spartan Sagittal multi-shaft accidentals (U+E310-U+E33F)

Ϋ́	<b>U+E310</b> accSagittalSharp25SDown Sharp 25S-down, 3° up [53 EDO]	#	<b>U+E311</b> accSagittalFlat25SUp  Flat 25S-up, 3° down [53 EDO]
	U+E312		U+E313
_	accSagittalSharp7CDown	II.	accSagittalFlat7CUp
ח	Sharp 7C-down, 2° up [43 EDO], 4° up [72 EDO], 1/3-tone up	<b>ل</b> ا	Flat 7C-up, 2° down [43 EDO], 4° down [72 EDO], 1/3-tone down
	U+E314		U+E315
	accSagittalSharp5CDown		accSagittalFlat5CUp
<b>\</b>	Sharp 5C-down, 2°[22 29] 3°[34 41] 4°[46 53 60] up, 5/12-tone up	V.	Flat 5C-up, 2°[22,29] 3°[34 41] 4°[46 53 60] down, 5/12-tone down
	U+E316		U+E317
	accSagittalSharp5v7kDown		accSagittalFlat5v7kUp
1	Sharp 5:7k-down	4	Flat 5:7k-up
	U+E318		U+E319
	accSagittalSharp		accSagittalFlat
$\uparrow$	Sharp, (apotome up)[almost all	$\Psi$	Flat, (apotome down)[almost all
"	EDOs], 1/2-tone up		EDOs], 1/2-tone down
	U+E31A		U+E31B
	accSagittalUnused1		accSagittalUnused2
	Unused		Unused
	U+E31C		U+E31D
	accSagittalSharp5v7kUp		accSagittalFlat5v7kDown
M	Sharp 5:7k-up	Щ	Flat 5:7k-down
	U+E31E		U+E31F
	accSagittalSharp5CUp		accSagittalFlat5CDown
1	Sharp 5C-up, 4°[22 29] 5°[27 34 41] 6°[39 46 53] up, 7/12-tone up	#	Flat 5C-down, 4°[22 29] 5°[27 34 41] 6°[39 46 53] down, 7/12-tone
			al a

U+E320 U+E321 accSagittalSharp7CUp accSagittalFlat7CDown Sharp 7C-up, 4° up [43 EDO], 8° up Flat 7C-down, 4° down [43 EDO], 8° down [72 EDO], 2/3-tone down [72 EDO], 2/3-tone up U+E322 U+E323 accSagittalSharp25SUp accSagittalFlat25SDown  $\blacksquare$ Sharp 25S-up, 7° up [53 EDO] Flat 25S-down, 7° down [53 EDO]  $\overline{\parallel}$ U+E324 U+E325 accSagittalSharp35MUp accSagittalFlat35MDown Sharp 35M-up, 4° up [50 EDO], 6° Flat 35M-down, 4° down [50 EDO], ⑪ 6° down [27 EDO], 13/18-tone up [27 EDO], 13/18-tone up U+E326 U+E327 accSagittalSharp11MUp accSagittalFlat11MDown  $\Psi$ Sharp 11M-up, 3° up [17 31 EDOs], Flat 11M-down, 3° down [17 31 1 7° up [46 EDO], 3/4-tone up EDOs], 7° down [46 EDO], 3/4-tone U+E328 U+E329 accSagittalSharp11LUp accSagittalFlat11LDown Ш Sharp 11L-up, 8° up [46 EDO] Flat 11L-down, 8° up [46 EDO]  $\blacksquare$ U+E32A U+E32B accSagittalSharp35LUp accSagittalFlat35LDown ملا Sharp 35L-up, 5° up [50 EDO] Flat 35L-down, 5° down [50 EDO]  $\blacksquare$ U+E32C U+E32D accSagittalDoubleSharp25SDown accSagittalDoubleFlat25SUp Double sharp 25S-down, 8°up [53 Double flat 25S-up, 8°down [53 \* EDO1 EDO1 U+E32E U+E32F accSagittalDoubleSharp7CDown accSagittalDoubleFlat7CUp V Double sharp 7C-down, 5°[43] Double flat 7C-up, 5° down [43  $\sqrt{}$ 10°[72] up, 5/6-tone up EDO], 10° down [72 EDO], 5/6-tone U+E330 U+E331 accSagittalDoubleSharp5CDown accSagittalDoubleFlat5CUp Double sharp 5C-down, 5°[22 29] Double flat 5C-up, 5°[22 29] 7°[34 1 7°[34 41] 9°53 up, 11/12 tone up 41] 9°53 down, 11/12 tone down

#### U+E332 U+E333 accSagittalDoubleSharp5v7kDown accSagittalDoubleFlat5v7kUp $\bigvee$ Double sharp 5:7k-down Double flat 5:7k-up $\sqrt{}$ U+E334 U+E335 accSagittalDoubleSharp acc Sagittal Double FlatDouble sharp, (2 apotomes Double flat, (2 apotomes up)[almost all EDOs], whole-tone down)[almost all EDOs], whole-

# Athenian Sagittal extension (medium precision) accidentals (U+E340-U+E36F)

<b>†</b>	U+E340  accSagittal7v11KleismaUp  7:11 kleisma up, (7:11k, ~29k)	4	<b>U+E341</b> accSagittal7v11KleismaDown 7:11 kleisma down
<b>†</b>	U+E342  accSagittal17CommaUp  17 comma up, (17C)	4	<b>U+E343</b> accSagittal17CommaDown 17 comma down
١	<b>U+E344</b> accSagittal55CommaUp  55 comma up, (55C, 11M less 5C),  3°up [96 EDO], 3/16-tone up	V	U+E345  accSagittal55CommaDown  55 comma down, 3° down [96 EDO], 3/16-tone down
Ŋ	U+E346  accSagittal7v11CommaUp  7:11 comma up, (7:11C, ~13:17S, ~29S, 11L less 7C), 1° up [60 EDO]	J	U+E347  accSagittal7v11CommaDown 7:11 comma down, 1° down [60 EDO], 1/10-tone down
<b>ሶ</b>	U+E348  accSagittal5v11SmallDiesisUp  5:11 small diesis up, (5:11S, ~7:13S, ~11:17S, 5:7k plus 7:11C)	J	<b>U+E349</b> accSagittal5v11SmallDiesisDown 5:11 small diesis down
ſΫ́	<b>U+E34A</b> accSagittalSharp5v11SDown  Sharp 5:11S-down	ф	<b>U+E34B</b> accSagittalFlat5v11SUp  Flat 5:11S-up
۲h	<b>U+E34C</b> accSagittalSharp7v11CDown Sharp 7:11C-down, 4° up [60 EDO], 2/5-tone up	뀨	U+E34D  accSagittalFlat7v11CUp  Flat 7:11C-up, 4° down [60 EDO], 2/5-tone down
1	<b>U+E34E</b> accSagittalSharp55CDown  Sharp 55C-down, 5° up [96 EDO],  5/16-tone up	4	<b>U+E34F</b> accSagittalFlat55CUp  Flat 55C-up, 5° down [96 EDO], 5/16-tone down

U+E350 U+E351 accSagittalSharp17CDown accSagittalFlat17CUp  $\mathbb{A}$ Sharp 17C-down Flat 17C-up Ψ U+E352 U+E353 accSagittalSharp7v11kDown accSagittalFlat7v11kUp # Sharp 7:11k-down Flat 7:11k-up 7 U+E354 U+E355 accSagittalSharp7v11kUp accSagittalFlat7v11kDown  $\downarrow \!\!\! \downarrow$ Flat 7:11k-down Sharp 7:11k-up  $\uparrow \uparrow$ U+E357 U+E356 accSagittalSharp17CUp accSagittalFlat17CDown Ш Sharp 17C-up Flat 17C-down  $\uparrow$ U+E358 U+E359 accSagittalSharp55CUp accSagittalFlat55CDown Sharp 55C-up, 11° up [96 EDO], Flat 55C-down, 11° down [96 EDO], 11/16-tone up 11/16-tone down U+E35A U+E35B accSagittalSharp7v11CUp accSagittalFlat7v11CDown Ш Sharp 7:11C-up, 6° up [60 EDO], Flat 7:11C-down, 6° down [60  $\P$ EDO], 3/5- tone down 3/5-tone up U+E35C U+E35D accSagittalSharp5v11SUp accSagittalFlat5v11SDown 乢 Flat 5:11S-down Sharp 5:11S-up  $\P$ U+E35E U+E35F accSagittalDoubleSharp5v11SDown accSagittalDoubleFlat5v11SUp ¥ Double sharp 5:11S-down Double flat 5:11S-up  $^{\star}$ U+E360 U+E361 accSagittalDoubleSharp7v11CDown accSagittalDoubleFlat7v11CUp  $\downarrow$ Double sharp 7:11C-down, 9° up Double flat 7:11C-up, 9° down [60 \* [60 EDO], 9/10-tone up EDO], 9/10-tone down

1	U+E362  accSagittalDoubleSharp55CDown  Double sharp 55C-down, 13° up [96 EDO], 13/16-tone up	¥	<b>U+E363</b> accSagittalDoubleFlat55CUp  Double flat 55C-up, 13° down [96 EDO], 13/16-tone down
<b>ኡ</b>	U+E364  accSagittalDoubleSharp17CDown  Double sharp 17C-down	<b>~</b>	<b>U+E365</b> accSagittalDoubleFlat17CUp Double flat 17C-up
₹	<b>U+E366</b> accSagittalDoubleSharp7v11kDown  Double sharp 7:11k-down	A	<b>U+E367</b> accSagittalDoubleFlat7v11kUp Double flat 7:11k-up

# Trojan Sagittal extension (12-EDO relative) accidentals (U+E370-U+E38F)

ኮ	U+E370  accSagittal23CommaUp  23 comma up, (23C), 2° up [96  EDO], 1/8-tone up	Ļ	U+E371  accSagittal23CommaDown  23 comma down, 2° down [96 EDO], 1/8-tone down
1	U+E372  accSagittal5v19CommaUp  5:19 comma up, (5:19C, 5C plus 19s), 1/20-tone up	N	U+E373  accSagittal5v19CommaDown  5:19 comma down, 1/20-tone down
Ϋ́	U+E374  accSagittal5v23SmallDiesisUp  5:23 small diesis up, (5:23S, 5C plus 23C), 2° up [60 EDO], 1/5-tone	<b>\</b>	U+E375  accSagittal5v23SmallDiesisDown  5:23 small diesis down, 2° down [60 EDO], 1/5-tone down
щ	U+E376  accSagittalSharp5v23SDown  Sharp 5:23S-down, 3° up [60 EDO], 3/10-tone up	Щ	<b>U+E377</b> accSagittalFlat5v23SUp  Flat 5:23S-up, 3° down [60 EDO], 3/10-tone down
Υľ	<b>U+E378</b> accSagittalSharp5v19CDown Sharp 5:19C-down, 9/20-tone up	<b>1</b> 1	<b>U+E379</b> <pre>accSagittalFlat5v19CUp</pre> Flat 5:19C-up, 9/20-tone down
ſr	<b>U+E37A</b> accSagittalSharp23CDown  Sharp 23C-down, 6° up [96 EDO],  3/8-tone up	Ψ	<b>U+E37B</b> accSagittalFlat23CUp  Flat 23C-up, 6° down [96 EDO], 3/8-tone down
ш	<b>U+E37C</b> accSagittalSharp23CUp Sharp 23C-up, 10° up [96 EDO], 5/8-tone up	Ш	<b>U+E37D</b> accSagittalFlat23CDown  Flat 23C-down, 10° down [96 EDO], 5/8-tone down
XII	<b>U+E37E</b> accSagittalSharp5v19CUp Sharp 5:19C-up, 11/20-tone up	M	<b>U+E37F</b> accSagittalFlat5v19CDown Flat 5:19C-down, 11/20-tone down

	U+E380		U+E381
⇑	accSagittalSharp5v23SUp Sharp 5:23S-up, 7° up [60 EDO], 7/10-tone up	Ψ	accSagittalFlat5v23SDown Flat 5:23S-down, 7° down [60 EDO], 7/10-tone down
ケ	<b>U+E382</b> accSagittalDoubleSharp5v23SDown  Double sharp 5:23S-down, 8° up [60 EDO], 4/5-tone up	۷	<b>U+E383</b> accSagittalDoubleFlat5v23SUp Double flat 5:23S-up, 8° down [60 EDO], 4/5-tone down
	=004		
*	U+E384  accSagittalDoubleSharp5v19CDown  Double sharp 5:19C-down, 19/20- tone up	¥	<b>U+E385</b> accSagittalDoubleFlat5v19CUp  Double flat 5:19C-up, 19/20-tone down

#### Implementation notes

The Trojan (or tone-fraction) set is not strictly-speaking an extension of Athenian, as there are a few Athenians (including Spartans) that are not Trojan. Those are the glyphs whose descriptions include "5:7k", "7:11k", "5:11S", "25S" or "11L" and do not include a tone-fraction.

The descriptions below the Sagittal glyphs do not include all possible uses, only a selection of the most common. To determine which of these glyphs to use for tone-fractions not listed here (as well as for JI ratios and degrees of EDOs that are not listed here) please see <a href="http://sagittal.org">http://sagittal.org</a>.

# Promethean Sagittal extension (high precision) single-shaft accidentals (U+E390-U+E3AF)

	U+E390		U+E391
	accSagittal19SchismaUp		accSagittal19SchismaDown
1	19 schisma up, (19s)	1	19 schisma down
	U+E392		U+E393
	accSagittal17KleismaUp		accSagittal17KleismaDown
1	17 kleisma up, (17k)	4	17 kleisma down
	U+E394		U+E395
	accSagittal143CommaUp		accSagittal143CommaDown
ዛ	143 comma up, (143C, 13L less 11M)	Ч	143 comma down
	U+E396		U+E397
	accSagittal11v49CommaUp		accSagittal11v49CommaDown
Я	11:49 comma up, (11:49C, 11M less 49C)	Ą	11:49 comma down
	U+E398		U+E399
	accSagittal19CommaUp		accSagittal19CommaDown
ተ	19 comma up, (19C)	ᠰ	19 comma down
	U+E39A		U+E39B
	accSagittal7v19CommaUp		accSagittal7v19CommaDown
Ψ	7:19 comma up, (7:19C, 7C less 19s)	Ą	7:19 comma down
	U+E39C		U+E39D
	accSagittal49SmallDiesisUp		accSagittal49SmallDiesisDown
Ф	49 small diesis up, (49S, ~31S)	Ą	49 small diesis down
	U+E39E		U+E39F
	accSagittal23SmallDiesisUp		accSagittal23SmallDiesisDown
$\uparrow$	23 small diesis up, (23S)	4	23 small diesis down

7	U+E3A0  accSagittal5v13MediumDiesisUp  5:13 medium diesis up, (5:13M, ~37M, 5C plus 13C)	7	U+E3A1  accSagittal5v13MediumDiesisDown  5:13 medium diesis down
<u></u>	U+E3A2  accSagittal11v19MediumDiesisUp  11:19 medium diesis up, (11:19M, 11M plus 19s)	ىل	U+E3A3  accSagittal11v19MediumDiesisDown  11:19 medium diesis down
9	U+E3A4  accSagittal49MediumDiesisUp  49 medium diesis up, (49M, ~31M, 7C plus 7C)	4	U+E3A5  accSagittal49MediumDiesisDown  49 medium diesis down
<b>↑</b>	U+E3A6  accSagittal5v49MediumDiesisUp  5:49 medium diesis up, (5:49M, half apotome)	<b>\</b>	<b>U+E3A7</b> accSagittal5v49MediumDiesisDown 5:49 medium diesis down
P	U+E3A8  accSagittal49LargeDiesisUp  49 large diesis up, (49L, ~31L, apotome less 49M)	Ь	<b>U+E3A9</b> accSagittal49LargeDiesisDown 49 large diesis down
<u> </u>	U+E3AA  accSagittal11v19LargeDiesisUp  11:19 large diesis up, (11:19L, apotome less 11:19M)	F	<b>U+E3AB</b> accSagittal11v19LargeDiesisDown 11:19 large diesis down
#	U+E3AC  accSagittal5v13LargeDiesisUp  5:13 large diesis up, (5:13L, ~37L, apotome less 5:13M)	4	U+E3AD  accSagittal5v13LargeDiesisDown  5:13 large diesis down

## Promethean Sagittal extension (high precision) multi-shaft accidentals (U+E3B0-U+E3EF)

	U+E3B0		U+E3B1
	accSagittalSharp23SDown		accSagittalFlat23SUp
Щ	Sharp 23S-down	Щ	Flat 23S-up
	U+E3B2		U+E3B3
	accSagittalSharp49SDown		accSagittalFlat49SUp
ଳ	Sharp 49S-down	A	Flat 49S-up
	U+E3B4		U+E3B5
	accSagittalSharp7v19CDown		accSagittalFlat7v19CUp
1	Sharp 7:19C-down	M	Flat 7:19C-up
	U+E3B6		U+E3B7
	accSagittalSharp19CDown		accSagittalFlat19CUp
$\P$	Sharp 19C-down	ll l	Flat 19C-up
	U+E3B8		U+E3B9
	U+E3B8 accSagittalSharp11v49CDown		<b>U+E3B9</b> accSagittalFlat11v49CUp
ጥ		Ш	
ብ	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown	4	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp
ብ	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown Sharp 11:49C-down	4	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp Flat 11:49C-up
₩ ₩	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown Sharp 11:49C-down U+E3BA	<b>₩</b>	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp Flat 11:49C-up U+E3BB
·	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown Sharp 11:49C-down  U+E3BA accSagittalSharp143CDown	-	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp Flat 11:49C-up  U+E3BB  accSagittalFlat143CUp
·	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown Sharp 11:49C-down  U+E3BA accSagittalSharp143CDown Sharp 143C-down	-	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp Flat 11:49C-up  U+E3BB accSagittalFlat143CUp Flat 143C-up  U+E3BD
·	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown Sharp 11:49C-down  U+E3BA accSagittalSharp143CDown Sharp 143C-down  U+E3BC	-	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp Flat 11:49C-up  U+E3BB  accSagittalFlat143CUp Flat 143C-up
⇑	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown Sharp 11:49C-down  U+E3BA accSagittalSharp143CDown Sharp 143C-down  U+E3BC accSagittalSharp17kDown	₩	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp Flat 11:49C-up  U+E3BB accSagittalFlat143CUp Flat 143C-up  U+E3BD accSagittalFlat17kUp
⇑	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown Sharp 11:49C-down  U+E3BA accSagittalSharp143CDown Sharp 143C-down  U+E3BC accSagittalSharp17kDown Sharp 17k-down  U+E3BE	₩	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp Flat 11:49C-up  U+E3BB accSagittalFlat143CUp Flat 143C-up  U+E3BD accSagittalFlat17kUp Flat 17k-up  U+E3BF
⇑	accSagittalSharp11v49CDown Sharp 11:49C-down  U+E3BA accSagittalSharp143CDown Sharp 143C-down  U+E3BC accSagittalSharp17kDown Sharp 17k-down	₩	accSagittalFlat11v49CUp Flat 11:49C-up  U+E3BB accSagittalFlat143CUp Flat 143C-up  U+E3BD accSagittalFlat17kUp Flat 17k-up

U+E3C0 U+E3C1 accSagittalFlat19sDown accSagittalSharp19sUp Щ Flat 19s-down Sharp 19s-up  $\mathbf{H}$ U+E3C2 U+E3C3 accSagittalSharp17kUp accSagittalFlat17kDown Щ Flat 17k-down Sharp 17k-up Щ U+E3C4 U+E3C5 accSagittalSharp143CUp accSagittalFlat143CDown Щ Flat 143C-down Sharp 143C-up Щ U+E3C6 U+E3C7 accSagittalSharp11v49CUp accSagittalFlat11v49CDown 压 Sharp 11:49C-up Flat 11:49C-down 퓌 U+E3C8 U+E3C9 accSagittalSharp19CUp accSagittalFlat19CDown  $\mathbb{L}$ Sharp 19C-up Flat 19C-down 业 U+E3CA U+E3CB accSagittalSharp7v19CUp accSagittalFlat7v19CDown  $\mathbb{L}$ Sharp 7:19C-up Flat 7:19C-down  $\mathbb{I}$ U+E3CC U+E3CD accSagittalSharp49SUp accSagittalFlat49SDown Щ Flat 49S-down Sharp 49S-up  $\mathbb{L}$ U+E3CE U+E3CF accSagittalSharp23SUp accSagittalFlat23SDown Flat 23S-down Sharp 23S-up 1 U+E3D0 U+E3D1 accSagittalSharp5v13MUp accSagittalFlat5v13MDown 7 Sharp 5:13M-up Flat 5:13M-down  $\equiv$ 

	U+E3D2		U+E3D3
	accSagittalSharp11v19MUp		accSagittalFlat11v19MDown
$\bigoplus$	Sharp 11:19M-up	للل	Flat 11:19M-down
	U+E3D4		U+E3D5
	accSagittalSharp49MUp		accSagittalFlat49MDown
9	Sharp 49M-up	Œ	Flat 49M-down
	U+E3D6		U+E3D7
	accSagittalSharp5v49MUp		accSagittalFlat5v49MDown
<b>*</b>	Sharp 5:49M-up, (one and a half apotomes)	₩	Flat 5:49M-down
	U+E3D8		U+E3D9
	accSagittalSharp49LUp		accSagittalFlat49LDown
	Sharp 49L-up		Flat 49L-down
	U+E3DA		U+E3DB
	accSagittalSharp11v19LUp		accSagittalFlat11v19LDown
	Sharp 11:19L-up		Flat 11:19L-down
	U+E3DC		U+E3DD
	accSagittalSharp5v13LUp		accSagittalFlat5v13LDown
#	Sharp 5:13L-up	<b>#</b>	Flat 5:13L-down
<b>F</b>	311a1 p 3.13L-up		riat 3.13L-down
	U+E3DE		U+E3DF
	accSagittalUnused3		accSagittalUnused4
	Unused		Unused
	U+E3E0		U+E3E1
	accSagittalDoubleSharp23SDown		accSagittalDoubleFlat23SUp
и	Double sharp 23S-down	$   \angle   $	Double flat 23S-up
	U+E3E2		U+E3E3
<b>π</b>	accSagittalDoubleSharp49SDown	Ą	accSagittalDoubleFlat49SUp
<b>1</b>	Double sharp 49S-down	<b>~</b>	Double flat 49S-up

	U+E3E4		U+E3E5
	accSagittalDoubleSharp7v19CDown		accSagittalDoubleFlat7v19CUp
×	Double sharp 7:19C-down	×	Double flat 7:19C-up
	U+E3E6		U+E3E7
	accSagittalDoubleSharp19CDown		accSagittalDoubleFlat19CUp
7	Double sharp 19C-down	7	Double flat 19C-up
	U+E3E8		U+E3E9
	accSagittalDoubleSharp11v49CDown		accSagittalDoubleFlat11v49CUp
Ŋ	Double sharp 11:49C-down	¥	Double flat 11:49C-up
	II+E3EV		II+E3EB
	U+E3EA		U+E3EB
•	accSagittalDoubleSharp143CDown	V.	accSagittalDoubleFlat143CUp
*		<b>¥</b>	
*	accSagittalDoubleSharp143CDown	<b>¥</b>	accSagittalDoubleFlat143CUp
*	accSagittalDoubleSharp143CDown  Double sharp 143C-down  U+E3EC	*	accSagittalDoubleFlat143CUp  Double flat 143C-up  U+E3ED
<b>☆</b>	accSagittalDoubleSharp143CDown  Double sharp 143C-down	*	accSagittalDoubleFlat143CUp  Double flat 143C-up
	accSagittalDoubleSharp143CDown  Double sharp 143C-down  U+E3EC  accSagittalDoubleSharp17kDown		accSagittalDoubleFlat143CUp  Double flat 143C-up  U+E3ED  accSagittalDoubleFlat17kUp
	accSagittalDoubleSharp143CDown  Double sharp 143C-down  U+E3EC  accSagittalDoubleSharp17kDown		accSagittalDoubleFlat143CUp  Double flat 143C-up  U+E3ED  accSagittalDoubleFlat17kUp
	accSagittalDoubleSharp143CDown Double sharp 143C-down  U+E3EC accSagittalDoubleSharp17kDown Double sharp 17k-down		accSagittalDoubleFlat143CUp  Double flat 143C-up  U+E3ED  accSagittalDoubleFlat17kUp  Double flat 17k-up

### Herculean Sagittal extension (very high precision) accidental diacritics (U+E3F0-U+E3FF)

	U+E3F0		U+E3F1
	accSagittalShaftUp		accSagittalShaftDown
1	Shaft up, (natural for use with only diacritics up)		Shaft down, (natural for use with only diacritics down)
	U+E3F2		U+E3F3
	accSagittalAcute		accSagittalGrave
,	Acute, 5 schisma up (5s), 2 cents up	`	Grave, 5 schisma down, 2 cents down

#### Implementation notes

Sagittal diacritics are placed to the left of Sagittal accidentals if required; at most one diacritic from each group. If there are multiple diacritics, those representing the larger alteration are placed closer to the accidental. If diacritics are directly altering the natural note, they should be placed to the left of, but not touching, one of the bare-shaft glyphs (accSagittalShaftUp or accSagittalShaftDown); whichever one represents the direction of the sum of the diacritic alterations.

## Olympian Sagittal extension (extreme precision) accidental diacritics (U+E400-U+E40F)

Reserved for future use.

#### Implementation notes

This range is reserved for the future definition of four glyphs, representing alterations of one and two 455 or 65:77 schisminas. These schisminas are approximately 0.4 cents.

## Magrathean Sagittal extension (insane precision) accidental diacritics (U+E410-U+E41F)

Reserved for future use.

#### Implementation notes

This range is reserved for the future definition of 38 glyphs, representing alterations of a half to nine-and-a-half tinas. A tina is approximately 0.14 cents.

# Wyschnegradsky accidentals (72-EDO) (U+E420-U+E43F)

٢	<b>U+E420</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky1TwelfthsSharp 1/12 tone sharp	f	<b>U+E421</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky2TwelfthsSharp 1/6 tone sharp
	<b>U+E422</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky3TwelfthsSharp		<b>U+E423</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky4TwelfthsSharp
‡	1/4 tone sharp	<b>f</b>	1/3 tone sharp
	U+E424		U+E425
	accidentalWyschnegradsky5TwelfthsSharp		accidentalWyschnegradsky6TwelfthsSharp
¥	5/12 tone sharp	#	1/2 tone sharp
	U+E426		U+E427
	accidentalWyschnegradsky7TwelfthsSharp		accidentalWyschnegradsky8TwelfthsSharp
#	7/12 tone sharp	#	2/3 tone sharp
	U+E428		U+E429
	accidentalWyschnegradsky9TwelfthsSharp		accidental Wyschnegradsky 10 Twelfths Sharp
#	3/4 tone sharp	#	5/6 tone sharp
	U+E42A		U+E42B
e	accidentalWyschnegradsky11TwelfthsSharp		accidental Wyschnegradsky 1 Twelfths Flat
#	11/12 tone sharp	Ę	1/12 tone flat
	U+E42C		U+E42D
_	accidental Wyschne grads ky 2 Twelfths Flat		accidentalWyschnegradsky3TwelfthsFlat
Į	1/6 tone flat	ß	1/4 tone flat
	U+E42E		U+E42F
4	accidentalWyschnegradsky4TwelfthsFlat	_	accidentalWyschnegradsky5TwelfthsFlat
5	1/3 tone flat	Б	5/12 tone flat

Ь	<b>U+E430</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky6TwelfthsFlat 1/2 tone flat	焼	<b>U+E431</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky7TwelfthsFlat 7/12 tone flat
坂	<b>U+E432</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky8TwelfthsFlat 2/3 tone flat	þr	<b>U+E433</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky9TwelfthsFlat 3/4 tone flat
Ь <b>Б</b>	<b>U+E434</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky10TwelfthsFlat  5/6 tone flat	Ь	<b>U+E435</b> accidentalWyschnegradsky11TwelfthsFlat 11/12 tone flat

# Arel-Ezgi-Uzdilek (AEU) accidentals (U+E440-U+E44F)

₽	<b>U+E440</b> accidentalBuyukMucennebFlat Büyük mücenneb (flat)	Ь	<b>U+E441</b> accidentalKucukMucennebFlat  Küçük mücenneb (flat)
ŧ	<b>U+E442</b> accidentalBakiyeFlat Bakiye (flat)	4	<b>U+E443</b> accidentalKomaFlat Koma (flat)
‡	<b>U+E444</b> accidentalKomaSharp  Koma (sharp)	#	<b>U+E445</b> accidentalBakiyeSharp Bakiye (sharp)
#	<b>U+E446</b> accidentalKucukMucennebSharp  Küçük mücenneb (sharp)	¥	<b>U+E447</b> accidentalBuyukMucennebSharp  Büyük mücenneb (sharp)

### Turkish folk music accidentals (U+E450-U+E45F)

# <sup>1</sup>	<b>U+E450</b> accidental1CommaSharp 1-comma sharp	# <sup>2</sup>	<b>U+E451</b> accidental2CommaSharp 2-comma sharp
# <sup>3</sup>	<b>U+E452</b> accidental3CommaSharp 3-comma sharp	# <sup>5</sup>	<b>U+E453</b> accidental5CommaSharp 5-comma sharp
<b>1</b>	<b>U+E454</b> accidental1CommaFlat 1-comma flat	2  }	U+E455 accidental2CommaFlat 2-comma flat
$\beta^3$	<b>U+E456</b> accidental3CommaFlat  3-comma flat	J <sup>4</sup>	<b>U+E457</b> accidental4CommaFlat 4-comma flat

### Persian accidentals (U+E460-U+E46F)

>

U+E460		U+E461
accidentalKoron		accidentalSori
Koron (quarter tone flat)	<b>*</b>	Sori (quarter tone sharp)

### Other accidentals (U+E470-U+E49F)

¢	<b>U+E470</b> <pre>accidentalXenakisOneThirdToneSharp</pre> One-third-tone sharp (Xenakis)	#	<b>U+E471</b> <pre>accidentalXenakisTwoThirdTonesSharp</pre> Two-third-tones sharp (Xenakis)
†	<pre>U+E472 accidentalQuarterToneSharpBusotti Quarter tone sharp (Busotti)</pre>	Ħ	<b>U+E473</b> accidentalSharpOneHorizontalStroke One or three quarter tones sharp
#	<b>U+E474</b> <pre>accidentalThreeQuarterTonesSharpBusotti</pre> Three quarter tones sharp (Busotti)	~#	<b>U+E475</b> accidentalQuarterToneSharpWiggle  Quarter tone sharp with wiggly tail
#	<b>U+E476</b> accidentalTavenerSharp  Byzantine-style slashed sharp (Tavener)	К	<b>U+E477</b> accidentalTavenerFlat  Byzantine-style slashed flat (Tavener)
<b>,</b>	<b>U+E478</b> accidentalQuarterToneFlatPenderecki Quarter tone flat (Penderecki)	•	U+E479  accidentalCommaSlashUp  Syntonic/Didymus comma (80:81)  up (Bosanquet)
•	U+E47A  accidentalCommaSlashDown  Syntonic/Didymus comma (80:81) down (Bosanquet)	*	<b>U+E47B</b> accidentalWilsonPlus Wilson plus (5 comma up)
`	U+E47C  accidentalWilsonMinus  Wilson minus (5 comma down)	×	<b>U+E47D</b> accidentalLargeDoubleSharp Large double sharp
4#	<b>U+E47E</b> (and U+1D132)  accidentalQuarterToneSharp4  Quarter-tone sharp	4,	U+E47F (and U+1D133)  accidentalQuarterToneFlat4  Quarter-tone flat
1	U+E480  accidentalQuarterToneFlatFilledReversed  Filled reversed flat (quarter-tone flat)	#	<b>U+E481</b> accidentalSharpReversed Reversed sharp

	U+E482		U+E483
	accidentalNaturalReversed		$accidental Double {\it Flat Reversed}$
þ	Reversed natural	41	Reversed double flat
	U+E484		U+E485
	accidentalFlatTurned		accidentalDoubleFlatTurned
9	Turned flat	49	Turned double flat
	U+E486		U+E487
II	accidentalThreeQuarterTonesFlatGrisey	1	accidentalThreeQuarterTonesFlatTartini
Ь	Three-quarter-tones flat (Grisey)	ما	Three-quarter-tones flat (Tartini)
	U+E488		U+E489
	U+E400		U+E409
	a ani da mata 10 wa mta mTa ma Flattika m Pila ni kamah wuma		and dental Three Overstan Tanan Clat Course
L	accidentalQuarterToneFlatVanBlankenburg	ф.	accidentalThreeQuarterTonesFlatCouper
L	accidentalQuarterToneFlatVanBlankenburg Quarter-tone flat (van Blankenburg)	ф	accidentalThreeQuarterTonesFlatCouper Three-quarter-tones flat (Couper)
l	ř	ф	•
l	Quarter-tone flat (van Blankenburg)  U+E48A	ф	Three-quarter-tones flat (Couper) <b>U+E48B</b>
<b>↓</b>	Quarter-tone flat (van Blankenburg)  U+E48A  accidentalOneThirdToneSharpFerneyhough	·	Three-quarter-tones flat (Couper)
<b>↓</b>	Quarter-tone flat (van Blankenburg)  U+E48A	э́ Ф	Three-quarter-tones flat (Couper)  U+E48B  accidentalOneThirdToneFlatFerneyhough
<b>↓</b>	Quarter-tone flat (van Blankenburg)  U+E48A  accidentalOneThirdToneSharpFerneyhough	·	Three-quarter-tones flat (Couper)  U+E48B  accidentalOneThirdToneFlatFerneyhough
	Quarter-tone flat (van Blankenburg)  U+E48A  accidentalOneThirdToneSharpFerneyhough  One-third-tone sharp (Ferneyhough)	·	Three-quarter-tones flat (Couper)  U+E48B  accidentalOneThirdToneFlatFerneyhough  One-third-tone flat (Ferneyhough)
<b>↑</b> 3	Quarter-tone flat (van Blankenburg)  U+E48A  accidentalOneThirdToneSharpFerneyhough  One-third-tone sharp (Ferneyhough)  U+E48C	·	Three-quarter-tones flat (Couper)  U+E48B  accidentalOneThirdToneFlatFerneyhough  One-third-tone flat (Ferneyhough)  U+E48D

### **Articulation (U+E4A0-U+E4BF)**

>	U+E4A0 (and U+1D17B)  articAccentAbove  Accent above	>	U+E4A1  articAccentBelow  Accent below
	<b>U+E4A2</b> (and U+1D17C)		U+E4A3
	articStaccatoAbove		articStaccatoBelow
•	Staccato above	•	Staccato below
	<b>U+E4A4</b> (and U+1D17D)		U+E4A5
	articTenutoAbove		articTenutoBelow
_	Tenuto above	_	Tenuto below
	<b>U+E4A6</b> (and U+1D17E)		U+E4A7
	articStaccatissimoAbove		articStaccatissimoBelow
•	Staccatissimo above	Å	Staccatissimo below
	U+E4A8		U+E4A9
	articStaccatissimoWedgeAbove		articStaccatissimoWedgeBelow
1	Staccatissimo wedge above	Å	Staccatissimo wedge below
	U+E4AA		U+E4AB
	articStaccatissimoStrokeAbove		articStaccatissimoStrokeBelow
I	Staccatissimo stroke above	1	Staccatissimo stroke below
	<b>U+E4AC</b> (and U+1D17F)		U+E4AD
	articMarcatoAbove		articMarcatoBelow
٨	Marcato above	•	Marcato below
	<b>U+E4AE</b> (and U+1D180)		U+E4AF
	articMarcatoStaccatoAbove		articMarcatoStaccatoBelow
<b>^</b>	Marcato-staccato above	<b>;</b>	Marcato-staccato below
	<b>U+E4B0</b> (and U+1D181)		U+E4B1
	articAccentStaccatoAbove		articAccentStaccatoBelow
>	Accent-staccato above	<b>*</b>	Accent-staccato below

	<b>U+E4B2</b> (and U+1D182)		U+E4B3
	articTenutoStaccatoAbove		articTenutoStaccatoBelow
•	Louré (tenuto-staccato) above	<u>•</u>	Louré (tenuto-staccato) below
	11.5404		U. EADE
	U+E4B4		U+E4B5
≥	articTenutoAccentAbove		articTenutoAccentBelow
_	Tenuto-accent above	>	Tenuto-accent below
	U+E4B6		U+E4B7
	articStressAbove		articStressBelow
,	Stress above	`	Stress below
	U+E4B8		U+E4B9
	articUnstressAbove		articUnstressBelow
U	Unstress above	$\cap$	Unstress below
	II. EADA		II. EADD
	<b>U+E4BA</b> articLaissezVibrerAbove		<b>U+E4BB</b> articLaissezVibrerBelow
	Laissez vibrer (l.v.) above		Laissez vibrer (l.v.) below
	Laissez vibrei (i.v.) above	<u> </u>	Laissez viblei (i.v.) below
Recomme	nded stylistic alternates		
	uniE4A0.salt01		uniE4A0.ss01
	articAccentAboveLarge		articAccentAboveSmall
>	Large accent above	>	Accent above (small staff)
	uniE4A1.salt01		uniE4A1.ss01
			articAccentBelowSmall
	articAccentBelowLarge  Large accent below		
>	Large accent below	>	Accent below (small staff)
	uniE4A2.ss01		uniE4A3.ss01
	articStaccatoAboveSmall		articStaccatoBelowSmall
•	Staccato above (small staff)	•	Staccato below (small staff)
	uniE4A4.ss01		uniE4A5.ss01
	articTenutoAboveSmall		articTenutoBelowSmall
_	Tenuto above (small staff)	_	Tenuto below (small staff)

•	uniE4A6.ss01  articStaccatissimoAboveSmall  Staccatissimo above (small staff)	Å	uniE4A7.ss01  articStaccatissimoBelowSmall  Staccatissimo below (small staff)
1	uniE4A8.ss01  articStaccatissimoWedgeAboveSmall  Staccatissimo wedge above (small staff)	1	uniE4A9.ss01  articStaccatissimoWedgeBelowSmall  Staccatissimo wedge below (small staff)
1	uniE4AA.ss01  articStaccatissimoStrokeAboveSmall  Staccatissimo stroke above (small staff)	I	uniE4AB.ss01  articStaccatissimoStrokeBelowSmall  Staccatissimo stroke below (small staff)
<b>A</b>	uniE4AC.ss01  articMarcatoAboveSmall  Marcato above (small staff)	٨	uniE4AD.ss01  articMarcatoBelowSmall  Marcato below (small staff)
<b>A</b>	uniE4AE.ss01 articMarcatoStaccatoAboveSmall		uniE4AF.ss01 articMarcatoStaccatoBelowSmall
•	Marcato-staccato above (small staff)	•	Marcato-staccato below (small staff)
· >	Marcato-staccato above (small staff)  uniE4B0.ss01  articAccentStaccatoAboveSmall  Accent-staccato above (small staff)	, ,	Marcato-staccato below (small staff)  uniE4B1.ss01  articAccentStaccatoBelowSmall  Accent-staccato below (small staff)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	uniE4B0.ss01 articAccentStaccatoAboveSmall		uniE4B1.ss01 articAccentStaccatoBelowSmall

### **Holds and pauses (U+E4C0-U+E4DF)**

	<b>U+E4C0</b> (and U+1D110)  fermataAbove		<b>U+E4C1</b> (and U+1D111)  fermataBelow
$\widehat{}$	Fermata above	$\odot$	Fermata below
	U+E4C2		U+E4C3
	fermataVeryShortAbove Very short fermata above	*	fermataVeryShortBelow Very short fermata below
	U+E4C4		U+E4C5
^	fermataShortAbove Short fermata above	*	fermataShortBelow Short fermata below
	U+E4C6		U+E4C7
	fermataLongAbove		fermataLongBelow
	Long fermata above	Ľ	Long fermata below
	U+E4C8		U+E4C9
	fermataVeryLongAbove		fermataVeryLongBelow
IFTI	Very long fermata above	۳	Very long fermata below
	U+E4CA		U+E4CB
	fermataLongHenzeAbove		fermataLongHenzeBelow
$\bigcirc$	Long fermata (Henze) above	$\odot$	Long fermata (Henze) below
	U+E4CC		U+E4CD
	fermataShortHenzeAbove		fermataShortHenzeBelow
<i>~</i> .	Short fermata (Henze) above	·	Short fermata (Henze) below
	<b>U+E4CE</b> (and U+1D112)		U+E4CF
	breathMarkComma		breathMarkTick
,	Breath mark (comma)	<b>V</b>	Breath mark (tick-like)
	U+E4D0		<b>U+E4D1</b> (and U+1D113)
V	breathMarkUpbow	//	caesura
V	Breath mark (upbow-like)	//	Caesura

U+E4D2 U+E4D3 caesuraThick caesuraShort // Thick caesura Short caesura U+E4D4 U+E4D5 caesuraCurved breath Mark Salzedo// • Curved caesura Breath mark (Salzedo) U+E4D6 curlewSign Curlew (Britten)

#### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

uniE4D1.salt01

caesuraSingleStroke

/

Caesura (single stroke)

### Rests (U+E4E0-U+E4FF)

	U+E4E0 restMaxima		U+E4E1
П	Maxima rest	1	restLonga Longa rest
••	Waxima rest	•	Longarest
	<b>U+E4E2</b> (and U+1D13A)		<b>U+E4E3</b> (and U+1D13B)
	restDoubleWhole		restWhole
•	Double whole (breve) rest	-	Whole (semibreve) rest
	<b>U+E4E4</b> (and U+1D13C)		<b>U+E4E5</b> (and U+1D13D)
	restHalf		restQuarter
-	Half (minim) rest	}	Quarter (crotchet) rest
	<b>U+E4E6</b> (and U+1D13E)		<b>U+E4E7</b> (and U+1D13F)
	rest8th		rest16th
7	Eighth (quaver) rest	7	16th (semiquaver) rest
	<b>U+E4E8</b> (and U+1D140)		<b>U+E4E9</b> (and U+1D141)
•	rest32nd	•	rest64th
7	32nd (demisemiquaver) rest	7	64th (hemidemisemiquaver) rest
	<b>U+E4EA</b> (and U+1D142)		U+E4EB
I	rest128th	IJ	rest256th
\$	128th (semihemidemisemiquaver) rest		256th rest
	U+E4EC		U+E4ED
3	rest512th	j	rest1024th
3	512th rest		1024th rest
	<b>U+E4EE</b> (and U+1D129)		U+E4EF
	restHBar		restHBarLeft
	Multiple measure rest	-	H-bar, left half
	U+E4F0		U+E4F1
	restHBarMiddle		restHBarRight
-	H-bar, middle	=	H-bar, right half

	U+E4F2		U+E4F3
	restQuarterOld		restDoubleWholeLegerLine
7	Old-style quarter (crotchet) rest	I	Double whole rest on leger lines
	U+E4F4		U+E4F5
	restWholeLegerLine		restHalfLegerLine
_	Whole rest on leger line	_	Half rest on leger line

#### Implementation notes

Scoring applications should draw multiple measure rests using primitives to provide variable width and line thickness rather than using **restHBar**.

"Old style" multiple measure rests can be created by laying out **restLonga** (four bars), **restDoubleWhole** (two bars) and **restWhole** (one bar) next to each other.

For dotted rests, the augmentation dot glyph augmentationDot should be used.

### Bar repeats (U+E500-U+E50F)

**U+E500** (and U+1D10E)

repeat1Bar

**%** Repeat last bar

**U+E501** (and U+1D10F)

repeat2Bars

://.

Repeat last two bars

U+E502

repeat4Bars

**'///.** Repeat last four bars

### **Octaves (U+E510-U+E51F)**

8	<b>U+E510</b> ottava Ottava	$8^{va}$	<b>U+E511</b> (and U+1D136)  ottavaAlta  Ottava alta
$8^{vb}$	<b>U+E512</b> (and U+1D137)  ottavaBassa  Ottava bassa	$oldsymbol{8}^{ba}$	<b>U+E513</b> ottavaBassaBa Ottava bassa (ba)
<b>1</b> 5	U+E514 quindicesima Quindicesima	<b>1</b> 5 <sup>ma</sup>	<b>U+E515</b> (and U+1D138)  quindicesimaAlta  Quindicesima alta
<b>15</b> <sup>mb</sup>	<b>U+E516</b> (and U+1D139)  quindicesimaBassa  Quindicesima bassa	22	<b>U+E517</b> <i>ventiduesima</i> Ventiduesima
$22^{ma}$	<b>U+E518</b> <i>ventiduesimaAlta</i> Ventiduesima alta	$22^{mb}$	<b>U+E519</b> ventiduesimaBassa Ventiduesima bassa
(	U+E51A  octaveParensLeft  Left parenthesis for octave signs	)	U+E51B  octaveParensRight  Right parenthesis for octave signs

#### Implementation notes

See the implementation notes for clefs.

### Dynamics (U+E520-U+E54F)

p	<b>U+E520</b> (and U+1D18F)  dynamicPiano  Piano	m	<b>U+E521</b> (and U+1D190)  dynamicMezzo  Mezzo
f	<b>U+E522</b> (and U+1D191)  dynamicForte  Forte	r	<b>U+E523</b> (and U+1D18C)  dynamicRinforzando  Rinforzando
s	<b>U+E524</b> (and U+1D18D)  dynamicSforzando  Sforzando	Z	<b>U+E525</b> (and U+1D18E) <i>dynamicZ</i> Z
n	U+E526  dynamicNiente  Niente	pppppp	U+E527  dynamicPPPPPP  pppppp
ppppp	U+E528  dynamicPPPPP  ppppp	pppp	U+E529 dynamicPPPP pppp
ppp	U+E52A  dynamicPPP  ppp	pp	<b>U+E52B</b> dynamicPP  pp
mp	U+E52C  dynamicMP  mp	mf	<b>U+E52D</b> dynamicMF  mf
pf	<b>U+E52E</b> dynamicPF  pf	ff	<b>U+E52F</b> <i>dynamicFF</i> ff
<i>fff</i>	U+E530 dynamicFFF fff	ffff	U+E531 dynamicFFFF ffff

U+E532 U+E533 dynamicFFFFF dynamicFFFFF fffff ffffff ffffff fffffff U+E534 U+E535 dynamicFortePiano dynamicForzando fzfpForte-piano Forzando U+E536 U+E537 dynamicSforzando1 dynamicSforzandoPiano sfpSforzando 1 Sforzando-piano U+E538 U+E539 dynamicSforzandoPianissimo dynamicSforzato sfpp s**f**z Sforzando-pianissimo Sforzato U+E53A U+E53B dynamicSforzatoPiano dynamicSforzatoFF sffz sfzp Sforzato-piano Sforzatissimo U+E53C U+E53D dynamicRinforzando1 dynamicRinforzando2 rfz Rinforzando 1 Rinforzando 2 **U+E53E** (and U+1D192) **U+E53F** (and U+1D193) dynamicCrescendoHairpin dynamicDiminuendoHairpin Crescendo Diminuendo U+E540 U+E541 dynamicMessaDiVoce dynamicNienteForHairpin Messa di voce Niente (for hairpins) **Recommended stylistic alternates** 

m

uniE521.ss01

dynamicMezzoSmall

Mezzo (small staff)

uniE520.ss01

p

dynamicPianoSmall

Piano (small staff)

f	uniE522.ss01  dynamicForteSmall  Forte (small staff)	r	uniE523.ss01  dynamicRinforzandoSmall  Rinforzando (small staff)
s	uniE524.ss01  dynamicSforzandoSmall  Sforzando (small staff)	Z	uniE525.ss01  dynamicZSmall  Z (small staff)
n	uniE526.ss01  dynamicNienteSmall  Niente (small staff)		

#### Implementation notes

Scoring applications should draw *crescendo* and *diminuendo* hairpins using primitives rather than **dynamicCrescendoHairpin** and **dynamicDiminuendoHairpin** in order to provide variable width, line thickness, angle and aperture.

Ligatures should be defined for common combinations of dynamics, such as **mp**. Special attention should be paid to kerning pairs for these glyphs.

Scoring applications may choose to draw dynamics either using multiple glyphs (e.g. 3 x dynamicForte for ffff ) or using the pre-composed glyph (e.g. 1 x dynamicFFF for ffff ).

## **Lyrics (U+E550-U+E55F)**

J	U+E550  lyricsElisionNarrow  Narrow elision	<u> </u>	<b>U+E551</b> <i>lyricsElision</i> Elision
	U+E552  lyricsElisionWide  Wide elision	-	<b>U+E553</b> lyricsHyphenBaseline Baseline hyphen
_	<b>U+E554</b> lyricsHyphenBaselineNonBreaking Non-breaking baseline hyphen		

### **Common ornaments (U+E560-U+E56F)**

ð	<b>U+E560</b> (and U+1D194)  graceNoteAcciaccaturaStemUp  Slashed grace note stem up	\$	<b>U+E561</b> graceNoteAcciaccaturaStemDown Slashed grace note stem down
<b>,</b>	<b>U+E562</b> (and U+1D195)  graceNoteAppoggiaturaStemUp  Grace note stem up	p	<b>U+E563</b> graceNoteAppoggiaturaStemDown Grace note stem down
/	U+E564  graceNoteSlashStemUp  Slash for stem up grace note	`	<b>U+E565</b> graceNoteSlashStemDown Slash for stem down grace note
4r	<b>U+E566</b> (and U+1D196)  ornamentTrill  Trill	∾	U+E567 (and U+1D197)  ornamentTurn  Turn
<b>∞</b>	U+E568 (and U+1D198)  ornamentTurnInverted  Inverted turn	ఈ	<b>U+E569</b> (and U+1D199)  ornamentTurnSlash  Turn with slash
8	U+E56A (and U+1D19A)  ornamentTurnUp  Turn up	\$	U+E56B  ornamentTurnUpS  Inverted turn up
**	U+E56C  ornamentMordent  Mordent	<b>N</b>	U+E56D  ornamentMordentInverted  Inverted mordent
***	<b>U+E56E</b> ornamentTremblement  Tremblement	~	<b>U+E56F</b> <i>ornamentHaydn</i> Haydn ornament

#### **Recommended ligatures**

	uniE260_uniE566		uniE261_uniE566
Ь	ornamentTrillFlatAbove	\$ <b>Er</b>	ornamentTrillNaturalAbove
вr	Trill, flat above	вr	Trill, natural above
	uniE262_uniE566		uniE260_uniE567
#	ornamentTrillSharpAbove	Ь	ornamentTurnFlatAbove
<b>er</b>	Trill, sharp above	လ်	Turn, flat above
	uniE260_uniE567_uniE262		uniE567_uniE260
b	ornamentTurnFlatAboveSharpBelow		ornamentTurnFlatBelow
<b>%</b>	Turn, flat above, sharp below	<b>%</b>	Turn, flat below
	uniE261_uniE567		uniE567_uniE261
ь	ornamentTurnNaturalAbove		ornamentTurnNaturalBelow
~	Turn, natural above	<b>%</b>	Turn, natural below
	uniE262_uniE567		uniE262_uniE567_uniE260
#	ornamentTurnSharpAbove	#	ornamentTurnSharpAboveFlatBelow
*	Turn, sharp above	#2.5	Turn, sharp above, flat below
	uniE567_uniE262		
	ornamentTurnSharpBelow		
<b>?</b> #	Turn, sharp below		

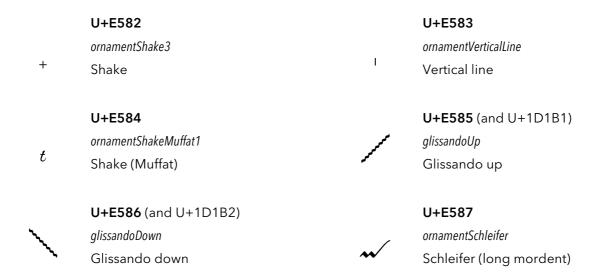
#### Implementation notes

Scoring applications should draw grace notes in the same way as they draw regular notes, rather than using the precomposed glyphs.

Likewise, scoring applications should draw *glissandi* using multiple instances of a wiggly line segment (e.g. **wiggleGlissando**), not the precomposed glyphs, to provide variable length and angle.

## Other baroque ornaments (U+E570-U+E58F)

	U+E570  ornamentPortDeVoixV		<b>U+E571</b> ornamentRightFacingHalfCircle
V	Port de voix	(	Right-facing half circle
	U+E572		U+E573
)	ornamentLeftFacingHalfCircle Left-facing half circle	(	ornamentRightFacingHook Right-facing hook
	U+E574		U+E575
)	ornamentLeftFacingHook Left-facing hook	_	ornamentHookBeforeNote  Hook before note
	U+E576		U+E577
<u>ر</u>	ornamentHookAfterNote Hook after note		ornamentUpCurve Curve above
	U+E578		U+E579
$\smile$	ornamentDownCurve  Curve below	/	ornamentShortObliqueLineBeforeNote Short oblique straight line SW-NE
	U+E57A		U+E57B
\	ornamentShortObliqueLineAfterNote Short oblique straight line NW-SE	/	ornamentObliqueLineBeforeNote Oblique straight line SW-NE
	U+E57C		U+E57D
\	ornamentObliqueLineAfterNote Oblique straight line NW-SE	//	ornamentDoubleObliqueLinesBeforeNote  Double oblique straight lines SW- NE
	U+E57E		U+E57F
//	ornamentDoubleObliqueLinesAfterNote  Double oblique straight lines NW- SE	_	ornamentObliqueLineHorizBeforeNote Oblique straight line tilted SW-NE
	U+E580		U+E581
_	ornamentObliqueLineHorizAfterNote	•	ornamentComma
_	Oblique straight line tilted NW-SE	7	Comma



#### Implementation notes

There is little agreement over the meaning, or indeed the naming, of ornaments beyond those that have survived into modern usage. The glyphs included in this range are the shapes that are used by a wide variety of composers, particularly in the baroque period. For information about the uses and interpretations of individual symbols in this range, consult Neumann (ibid.).

# Combining strokes for trills and mordents (U+E590-U+E5AF)

	U+E590		<b>U+E591</b> (and U+1D1A5)
	ornamentTopLeftConcaveStroke		ornamentTopLeftConvexStroke
)	Ornament top left concave stroke	(	Ornament top left convex stroke
	U+E592		<b>U+E593</b> (and U+1D1A2)
	ornamentHighLeftConcaveStroke		$\it ornament High Left Convex Stroke$
$\hat{}$	Ornament high left concave stroke	С	Ornament high left convex stroke
	<b>U+E594</b> (and U+1D19B)		U+E595
	ornamentLeftVerticalStroke		$or nament Left Vertical Stroke With {\it Cross}$
ι	Ornament left vertical stroke	t	Ornament left vertical stroke with cross (+)
	U+E596		U+E597
	ornamentLeftShakeT		ornamentLeftPlus
t	Ornament left shake t	+	Ornament left +
	U+E598		<b>U+E599</b> (and U+1D1A4)
	ornamentLowLeftConcaveStroke		ornamentLowLeftConvexStroke
$\sim$	Ornament low left concave stroke	$\sim$	Ornament low left convex stroke
	U+E59A		<b>U+E59B</b> (and U+1D1A1)
	ornamentBottomLeftConcaveStroke		ornamentBottomLeftConcaveStrokeLarge
	omamembottomecreomeavestroke		UlliamembullumbellcomcaveShokeLarge
(	Ornament bottom left concave stroke	C	Ornament bottom left concave stroke, large
(	Ornament bottom left concave	Č	Ornament bottom left concave
(	Ornament bottom left concave stroke	C	Ornament bottom left concave stroke, large
( /	Ornament bottom left concave stroke  U+E59C	^	Ornament bottom left concave stroke, large <b>U+E59D</b> (and U+1D19C)
( /	Ornament bottom left concave stroke  U+E59C  ornamentBottomLeftConvexStroke  Ornament bottom left convex stroke	<i>^</i>	Ornament bottom left concave stroke, large  U+E59D (and U+1D19C)  ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd  Ornament zig-zag line without
( /	Ornament bottom left concave stroke  U+E59C  ornamentBottomLeftConvexStroke  Ornament bottom left convex	<b>^</b>	Ornament bottom left concave stroke, large  U+E59D (and U+1D19C)  ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd  Ornament zig-zag line without right-hand end
( ✓	Ornament bottom left concave stroke  U+E59C  ornamentBottomLeftConvexStroke  Ornament bottom left convex stroke  U+E59E (and U+1D19D)	^	Ornament bottom left concave stroke, large  U+E59D (and U+1D19C)  ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd  Ornament zig-zag line without right-hand end  U+E59F (and U+1D1A0)

/	U+E5A0  ornamentTopRightConcaveStroke  Ornament top right concave stroke	7	<b>U+E5A1</b> (and U+1D19E)  ornamentTopRightConvexStroke  Ornament top right convex stroke
	<b>U+E5A2</b> ornamentHighRightConcaveStroke Ornament high right concave stroke	N	<b>U+E5A3</b> <pre>ornamentHighRightConvexStroke</pre> Ornament high right convex stroke
)	U+E5A4  ornamentRightVerticalStroke  Ornament right vertical stroke	0	<b>U+E5A5</b> (and U+1D1A3)  ornamentLowRightConcaveStroke  Ornament low right concave stroke
•	U+E5A6  ornamentLowRightConvexStroke  Ornament low right convex stroke	3	<b>U+E5A7</b> (and U+1D19F)  ornamentBottomRightConcaveStroke  Ornament bottom right concave stroke
~	U+E5A8  ornamentBottomRightConvexStroke  Ornament bottom right convex stroke		

#### Implementation notes

When designing the Unicode Musical Symbols range, Perry Roland elected to develop a scheme for creating complex ornaments using a series of glyphs rather than defining precomposed glyphs for every ornament, as shown below:<sup>18</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Ibid., Allen, page 539.

~	1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3
*	1D19C stroke-2 + 1D1A0 stroke-6 + 1D19D stroke-3
m	1D1A0 stroke-6 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3
**	1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D1A0 stroke-6 + 1D19D stroke-3
*	1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D1A3 stroke-9
o	1D1A1 stroke-7 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3
Cu	1D1A2 stroke-8 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3
•••	1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3 + 1D19F stroke-5
om	1D1A1 stroke-7 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D1A0 stroke-6 + 1D19D stroke-3
<b>0</b>	1D1A1 stroke-7 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3 + 1D19F stroke-5
Coop	1D1A2 stroke-8 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D1A0 stroke-6 + 1D19D stroke-3
L	1D19B stroke-1 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3
لمما	1D19B stroke-1 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3 + 1D19E stroke-4
w	1D19C stroke-2 + 1D19D stroke-3 + 1D19E stroke-4
	I .

This range expands upon the repertoire of 11 strokes in the Unicode Musical Symbols range.

The side-bearings for the glyphs in this range must be adjusted carefully to ensure correct positioning. (Kerning pairs may also be used.)

Glyphs between ornamentTopLeftConcaveStroke and ornamentBottomLeftConvexStroke are designed to be positioned immediately to the left of and to join seamlessly to ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd.

ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd and glyphs between ornamentTopRightConcaveStroke and ornamentBottomRightConvexStroke are designed to be positioned immediately to the right of and to join seamlessly to ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd. ornamentMiddleVerticalStroke should be used immediately to the left of either ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd or ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd to provide correct positioning of the vertical stroke across the zig-zag line.

# Precomposed trills and mordents (U+E5B0-U+E5CF)

	U+E5B0		U+E5B1
	ornamentPrecompSlide		$or nament Precomp {\it Descending Slide}$
••	Slide	m	Descending slide
	U+E5B2		U+E5B3
	ornamentPrecompAppoggTrill	. 1	or nament Precomp Appogg Trill Suffix
lm	Supported appoggiatura trill	lan)	Supported appoggiatura trill with two-note suffix
	U+E5B4		U+E5B5
	ornamentPrecompTurnTrillDAnglebert		or nament Precomp Slide Trill DAnglebert
~~/	Turn-trill (D'Anglebert)	~~	Slide-trill (D'Anglebert)
	U+E5B6		U+E5B7
	ornamentPrecompSlideTrillMarpurg		ornamentPrecompTurnTrillBach
~~	Slide-trill with one-note suffix (Marpurg)	Comp	Turn-trill with two-note suffix (J.S. Bach)
	U+E5B8		U+E5B9
<b>AA</b> b/	ornamentPrecompSlideTrillBach	**	ornamentPrecompSlideTrillMuffat
	Slide-trill with two-note suffix (J.S. Bach)	<b>,~</b>	Slide-trill (Muffat)
	U+E5BA		U+E5BB
	or nament Precomp Slide Trill Suffix Muff at		or nament Precomp Trill Suffix Dandrieu
<b>,</b>	Slide-trill with two-note suffix (Muffat)	***	Trill with two-note suffix (Dandrieu)
	U+E5BC		U+E5BD
	ornamentPrecompPortDeVoixMordent		ornamentPrecompTrillWithMordent
	Pre-beat port de voix follwed by multiple mordent (Dandrieu)	***	Trill with mordent
	U+E5BE		U+E5BF
	ornamentPrecompCadence		ornamentPrecompCadenceWithTurn
<b>~~</b>	Cadence		Cadence with turn

	U+E5C0		U+E5C1
	ornamentPrecompDoubleCadenceLowerPrefix		ornamentPrecompCadenceUpperPrefix
<b>***</b>	Double cadence with lower prefix	<b>~~</b>	Cadence with upper prefix
	U+E5C2		U+E5C3
	$or nament Precomp {\it Cadence Upper Prefix Turn}$		or nament Precomp Double Cadence Upper Prefix
<b>\</b>	Cadence with upper prefix and turn	<b>~~~</b>	Double cadence with upper prefix
	U+E5C4		U+E5C5
	ornament Precomp Double Cadence Upper Prefix Turn		ornamentPrecompMordentRelease
	Double cadence with upper prefix and	**	Mordent with release
	turn		
	U+E5C6		U+E5C7
	ornamentPrecompMordentUpperPrefix		or nament Precomp Inverted Mordent Upper Prefix
<b>(m</b> )	Mordent with upper prefix	Solve	Inverted mordent with upper prefix
	U+E5C8		
	ornamentPrecompTrillLowerSuffix		
***	Trill with lower suffix		

#### Implementation notes

The glyphs in this range show how the glyphs in the preceding range can be combined, based on examples from the "Selective Glossary of Terms and Symbols" in Neumann (*ibid.*), and other charts of Baroque ornamentation.

ornamentPrecompSlide	$2 \times ornament Zig Zag Line No Right End + \\ ornament High Right Concave Stroke$
ornamentPrecompDescendingSlide	2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentBottomRightConvexStroke
ornamentPrecompAppoggTrill	ornamentLeftVerticalStroke + 2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd
or nament Precomp Appogg Trill Suffix	ornamentLeftVerticalStroke + 2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentRightVerticalStroke
or nament Precomp Turn Trill DAnglebert	ornamentHighLeftConvexStroke + 3 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentTopRightConcaveStroke

 $or nament Precomp Slide Trill DAnglebert \\ or nament Bottom Left Concave Stroke Large + \\$ 

ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd

 $or nament Precomp Slide Trill Marpurg \\ or nament Bottom Left Concave Stroke Large + \\$ 

2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentTopRightConvexStroke

ornamentPrecompTurnTrillBach ornamentHighLeftConvexStroke +

3 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentMiddleVerticalStroke + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd

 $ornament Precomp Slide Trill Bach \\ ornament Bottom Left Concave Stroke + \\$ 

 $2 \times ornament Zig Zag Line No Right End + \\ ornament Middle Vertical Stroke + \\ ornament Zig Zag Line With Right End$ 

ornamentPrecompSlideTrillMuffat ornamentBottomLeftConvexStroke +

2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentTopRightConcaveStroke

 $ornament Precomp Slide Trill Suffix Muffat \\ ornament Bottom Left Convex Stroke + \\$ 

2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentTopRightConvexStroke

 $ornament Precomp Trill Suffix Dandrieu \\ 3 \times ornament Zig Zag Line No Right End + \\$ 

ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd

ornamentPrecompPortDeVoixMordent ornamentLowLeftConcaveStroke +

2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentMiddleVerticalStroke + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd

ornamentPrecompTrillWithMordent 2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd +

ornamentMiddleVerticalStroke + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd

ornamentPrecompCadence ornamentHighLeftConcaveStroke +

 $or nament Zig Zag Line No Right End + \\ or nament Zig Zag Line With Right End$ 

 $or nament Precomp Cadence With Turn \\ or nament High Left Concave Stroke + \\$ 

ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentMiddleVerticalStroke + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd

ornamentPrecompDoubleCadenceLowerPrefix ornamentLowLeftConvexStroke + 2 x

ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd

ornamentPrecompCadenceUpperPrefix ornamentLowLeftConvexStroke +

ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd

or nament Precomp Cadence Upper Prefix TurnornamentLowLeftConvexStroke + ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentMiddleVerticalStroke + or nament Zig Zag Line With Right Endor nament Precomp Double Cadence Upper PrefixornamentLowLeftConvexStroke + 2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd or nament Precomp Double Cadence Upper Prefix TurnornamentLowLeftConvexStroke + 2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentMiddleVerticalStroke + ornamentZigZagLineWithRightEnd ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + or nament Precomp Mordent ReleaseornamentTopRightConvexStroke or nament Precomp Mordent Upper PrefixornamentTopLeftConvexStroke + 2x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + or nament Zig Zag Line With Right EndornamentTopLeftConvexStroke + 2xor nament Precomp Inverted Mordent Upper PrefixornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + ornamentMiddleVerticalStroke + or nament Zig Zag Line With Right Endor nament Precomp Trill Lower Suffix2 x ornamentZigZagLineNoRightEnd + or nament Bottom Right Concave Stroke

## **Brass techniques (U+E5D0-U+E5EF)**

J	U+E5D0 brassScoop Scoop	p	<b>U+E5D1</b> brassLiftShort  Lift, short
	U+E5D2 brassLiftMedium	٠	U+E5D3 brassLiftLong
pool	Lift, medium	pppp	Lift, long
J	U+E5D4 (and U+1D185)  brassDoitShort  Doit, short	J	U+E5D5  brassDoitMedium  Doit, medium
_	U+E5D6 brassDoitLong Doit, long	`	<b>U+E5D7</b> (and U+1D186)  brassFallLipShort  Lip fall, short
	U+E5D8  brassFallLipMedium  Lip fall, medium		<b>U+E5D9</b> brassFallLipLong  Lip fall, long
\	U+E5DA  brassFallSmoothShort  Smooth fall, short	\	<b>U+E5DB</b> brassFallSmoothMedium  Smooth fall, medium
\	<b>U+E5DC</b> brassFallSmoothLong  Smooth fall, long	•	<b>U+E5DD</b> brassFallRoughShort  Rough fall, short
1	<b>U+E5DE</b> brassFallRoughMedium  Rough fall, medium		<b>U+E5DF</b> brassFallRoughLong  Rough fall, long
`	<b>U+E5E0</b> brassPlop Plop	~	<b>U+E5E1</b> (and U+1D187)  brassFlip  Flip

**U+E5E2** (and U+1D188) **U+E5E3** (and U+1D189) brassSmear brassBend  $\cup$ Bend Smear U+E5E4 U+E5E5 brassJazzTurn brassMuteClosed Muted (closed) Jazz turn U+E5E6 U+E5E7 brassMuteHalfClosed brassMuteOpen  $\oplus$ 0 Half-muted (half-closed) Open U+E5E8 U+E5E9 brassHarmonMuteClosed brassHarmonMuteStemHalfLeftHarmon mute, closed Harmon mute, stem-cup halfclosed, left U+E5EA U+E5EB brassHarmonMuteStemHalfRightbrassHarmonMuteStemOpen Harmon mute, stem-cup half-Harmon mute, stem-cup open

closed, right

## Wind techniques (U+E5F0-U+E60F)

<b>∵</b>	<b>U+E5F0</b> (and U+1D18A)  doubleTongueAbove  Double-tongue above	అ	<b>U+E5F1</b> doubleTongueBelow  Double-tongue below
<b>⊕</b>	<b>U+E5F2</b> (and U+1D18B)  tripleTongueAbove  Triple-tongue above	<b></b>	<b>U+E5F3</b> tripleTongueBelow  Triple-tongue below
•	U+E5F4 windClosedHole Closed hole	•	<b>U+E5F5</b> windThreeQuartersClosedHole Three-quarters closed hole
•	U+E5F6 windHalfClosedHole1 Half-closed hole	•	<b>U+E5F7</b> windHalfClosedHole2 Half-closed hole 2
•	<b>U+E5F8</b> windHalfClosedHole3 Half-open hole	0	<b>U+E5F9</b> windOpenHole Open hole
4r	<b>U+E5FA</b> windTrillKey Trill key	Δ	<b>U+E5FB</b> windFlatEmbouchure Sharper embouchure
$\nabla$	<b>U+E5FC</b> windSharpEmbouchure Flatter embouchure	0	<b>U+E5FD</b> windRelaxedEmbouchure Relaxed embouchure
0	<b>U+E5FE</b> windLessRelaxedEmbouchure Somewhat relaxed embouchure	•	<b>U+E5FF</b> windTightEmbouchure Tight embouchure
•	U+E600  windLessTightEmbouchure  Somewhat tight embouchure	•	U+E601  windVeryTightEmbouchure  Very tight embouchure

U+E602 U+E603 windWeakAirPressure windStrongAirPressure Very relaxed embouchure / weak Very tight embouchure / strong air air-pressure pressure U+E604 U+E605 windReedPositionNormal windReedPositionOut Very little reed (pull outwards) Normal reed position U+E606 U+E607 windReedPositionIn windMultiphonicsBlackStem W Much more reed (push inwards) Combining multiphonics (black) for stem U+E608 U+E609 windMultiphonicsWhiteStem wind Multiphonics Black White Stem₩ ₩ Combining multiphonics (white) for Combining multiphonics (black and stem white) for stem **Recommended stylistic alternates** uniE5F0.salt01 uniE5F1.salt01 doubleTongueAboveNoSlur doubleTongueBelowNoSlur Double-tongue above (no slur) Double-tongue below (no slur) uniE5F2.salt01 uniE5F3.salt01

tripleTongueBelowNoSlur

Triple-tongue below (no slur)

tripleTongueAboveNoSlur

Triple-tongue above (no slur)

## **String techniques (U+E610-U+E62F)**

	<b>U+E610</b> (and U+1D1AA)		U+E611
	stringsDownBow		stringsDownBowTurned
П	Down bow	ш	Turned down bow
	<b>U+E612</b> (and U+1D1AB)		U+E613
N /	stringsUpBow		stringsUpBowTurned
V	Up bow	٨	Turned up bow
	<b>U+E614</b> (and U+1D1AC)		U+E615
	stringsHarmonic		stringsHalfHarmonic
0	Harmonic	0	Half-harmonic
	U+E616		U+E617
	stringsMuteOn		stringsMuteOff
Ш	Mute on	ш	Mute off
	U+E618		U+E619
	stringsBowBehindBridge		stringsBowOnBridge
$\cap$	Bow behind bridge (sul ponticello)	_	Bow on top of bridge
	U+E61A		U+E61B
	stringsBowOnTailpiece		stringsOverpressureDownBow
-	Bow on tailpiece	П	Overpressure, down bow
	U+E61C		U+E61D
	stringsOverpressureUpBow		stringsOverpressurePossibileDownBow
٧	Overpressure, up bow		Overpressure possibile, down bow
	U+E61E		U+E61F
WW.	stringsOverpressurePossibileUpBow		stringsOverpressureNoDirection
W	Overpressure possibile, up bow	•	Overpressure, no bow direction
	U+E620		U+E621
	stringsJeteAbove		stringsJeteBelow
<b></b>	Jeté (gettato) above	<b></b>	Jeté (gettato) below

	U+E622		U+E623
4	stringsFouette	5	stringsVibratoPulse
	Fouetté		Vibrato pulse accent (Saunders) for stem
	U+E624		U+E625
	<b>U+E624</b> stringsThumbPosition	(□∀)	<b>U+E625</b> stringsChangeBowDirection

#### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

uniE625.salt01		uniE625.salt02
 strings Change Bow Direction Liga	.,	$strings {\it Change Bow Direction Imposed}$
Change bow direction,	М	Change bow direction,
indeterminate (Pricope)		indeterminate (Plötz)

#### Implementation notes

Scoring applications should not use the precomposed glyphs that include stems but instead draw the stems using primitives and impose the symbols upon them to ensure optimal positioning.

### Plucked techniques (U+E630-U+E63F)

φ	<b>U+E630</b> (and U+1D1AD)  pluckedSnapPizzicatoBelow  Snap pizzicato below	ф	<b>U+E631</b> pluckedSnapPizzicatoAbove  Snap pizzicato above
φ.	U+E632 pluckedBuzzPizzicato Buzz pizzicato	+	<b>U+E633</b> pluckedLeftHandPizzicato  Left-hand pizzicato
	U+E634 (and U+1D183)  arpeggiatoUp  Arpeggiato up	1	<b>U+E635</b> (and U+1D184)  arpeggiatoDown  Arpeggiato down
A	U+E636 (and U+1D1B3)  pluckedWithFingernails  With fingernails	a	<b>U+E637</b> pluckedFingernailFlick  Fingernail flick
<del>\$</del>	<b>U+E638</b> (and U+1D1B4)  pluckedDamp  Damp	<b>⊕</b>	<b>U+E639</b> (and U+1D1B5)  pluckedDampAll  Damp all

#### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

	uniE630.salt01		uniE631.salt01
	pluckedSnapPizzicatoBelowGerman		pluckedSnapPizzicatoAboveGerman
Q	Snap pizzicato below (German)	δ	Snap pizzicato above (German)

#### Implementation notes

Scoring applications should draw arpeggiato markings using multiple instances of the appropriate wiggly line segment glyphs (in the **Multi-segment lines** range) rather than the precomposed glyphs (arpeggiatoUp and arpeggiatoDown) to allow variable length.

## **Vocal techniques (U+E640-U+E64F)**

	U+E640		U+E641
	vocalMouthClosed		vocalMouthSlightlyOpen
_	Mouth closed		Mouth slightly open
	U+E642		U+E643
	vocalMouthOpen		vocalMouthWideOpen
	Mouth open		Mouth wide open
	U+E644		U+E645
	vocalMouthPursed	×	vocalSprechgesang
	Mouth pursed		Sprechgesang
	U+E646		
_	vocalsSussurando		
S	Combining sussurando for stem		

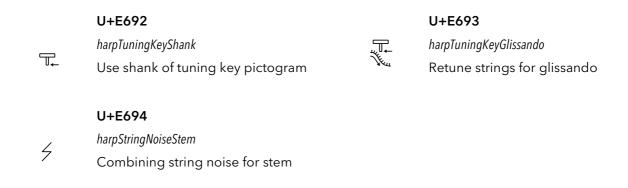
## **Keyboard techniques (U+E650-U+E67F)**

Ted.	<b>U+E650</b> (and U+1D1AE)  keyboardPedalPed  Pedal mark	Ą	<b>U+E651</b> keyboardPedalP  Pedal P
e	<b>U+E652</b> keyboardPedalE  Pedal e	6	<b>U+E653</b> keyboardPedalD  Pedal d
	<b>U+E654</b> keyboardPedalDot  Pedal dot	*	<b>U+E655</b> (and U+1D1AF)  keyboardPedalUp  Pedal up mark
_/_	<b>U+E656</b> (and U+1D1B0)  keyboardPedalHalf  Half-pedal mark	٨	<b>U+E657</b> keyboardPedalUpNotch  Pedal up notch
~	<b>U+E658</b> keyboardPedalHyphen  Pedal hyphen	Sost.	<b>U+E659</b> keyboardPedalSost  Sostenuto pedal mark
S	<b>U+E65A</b> keyboardPedalS  Pedal S	ઝહ	<b>U+E65B</b> keyboardPedalHalf2  Half pedal mark 1
212	<b>U+E65C</b> keyboardPedalHalf3  Half pedal mark 2	%	<b>U+E65D</b> keyboardPedalUpSpecial  Pedal up special
J	<b>U+E65E</b> keyboardLeftPedalPictogram  Left pedal pictogram	Ţ	<b>U+E65F</b> keyboardMiddlePedalPictogram  Middle pedal pictogram
Ţ	<b>U+E660</b> keyboardRightPedalPictogram  Right pedal pictogram	U	<b>U+E661</b> keyboardPedalHeel1  Pedal heel 1

	U+E662		U+E663
_	keyboardPedalHeel2		keyboardPedalHeel3
Λ	Pedal heel 2	0	Pedal heel 3 (Davis)
	U+E664		U+E665
	keyboardPedalToe1		keyboardPedalToe2
V	Pedal toe 1	٨	Pedal toe 2
	U+E666		U+E667
٥	keyboardPedalHeelToe		keyboardPluckInside
U	Pedal heel or toe	\$	Pluck strings inside piano (Maderna)
	U+E668		U+E669
	keyboardBebung2DotsAbove		keyboardBebung2DotsBelow
<b>☆</b>	Clavichord bebung, 2 finger	•	Clavichord bebung, 2 finger
	movements (above)		movements (below)
	U+E66A		U+E66B
	keyboardBebung3DotsAbove		keyboardBebung3DotsBelow
<b>⊕</b>	Clavichord bebung, 3 finger movements (above)	<b></b>	Clavichord bebung, 3 finger movements (below)
	U+E66C		U+E66D
	keyboardBebung4DotsAbove		keyboardBebung4DotsBelow
<u></u>	Clavichord bebung, 4 finger movements (above)	<b></b>	Clavichord bebung, 4 finger movements (below)
	U+E66E		U+E66F
ı	keyboardPlayWithRH	I	keyboardPlayWithRHEnd
L	Play with right hand		Play with right hand (end)
	U+E670		U+E671
Γ	keyboardPlayWithLH		keyboardPlayWithLHEnd
I	Play with left hand	l	Play with left hand (end)
Recomme	nded stylistic alternates		
	uniE650.salt01		uniE659.salt01
_	keyboardPedalPedNoDot	-2	keyboardPedalSostNoDot
Red	Pedal mark (no dot)	Sost	Sostenuto pedal mark (no dot)

## Harp techniques (U+E680-U+E69F)

1	U+E680 harpPedalRaised Harp pedal raised (flat)	+	U+E681 harpPedalCentered Harp pedal centered (natural)
Т	U+E682 harpPedalLowered Harp pedal lowered (sharp)	+	<b>U+E683</b> harpPedalDivider  Harp pedal divider
N	<b>U+E684</b> harpSalzedoSlideWithSuppleness  Slide with suppleness (Salzedo)	w	<b>U+E685</b> harpSalzedoOboicFlux Oboic flux (Salzedo)
$\searrow$	<b>U+E686</b> harpSalzedoThunderEffect  Thunder effect (Salzedo)	<b>   </b>	<b>U+E687</b> harpSalzedoWhistlingSounds  Whistling sounds (Salzedo)
\$	U+E688  harpSalzedoMetallicSounds  Metallic sounds (Salzedo)	Ф	<b>U+E689</b> harpSalzedoTamTamSounds Tam-tam sounds (Salzedo)
M	U+E68A  harpSalzedoPlayUpperEnd  Play at upper end of strings (Salzedo)	Ō	<b>U+E68B</b> harpSalzedoTimpanicSounds  Timpanic sounds (Salzedo)
<b>(+)</b>	U+E68C  harpSalzedoMuffleTotally  Muffle totally (Salzedo)	ø	<b>U+E68D</b> harpSalzedoFluidicSoundsLeft  Fluidic sounds, left hand (Salzedo)
-	<b>U+E68E</b> harpSalzedoFluidicSoundsRight  Fluidic sounds, right hand (Salzedo)		<b>U+E68F</b> harpMetalRod Metal rod pictogram
$\langle \langle \rangle$	U+E690 harpTuningKey Tuning key pictogram	┯←	U+E691  harpTuningKeyHandle  Use handle of tuning key pictogram



#### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

uniE68F.salt01		uniE690.salt01
harpMetalRodAlt		harpTuningKeyAlt
Metal rod pictogram (alternative)	ð	Tuning key pictogram (alternative)

#### Implementation notes

harpSalzedoFluidicSoundsLeft and harpSalzedoFluidicSoundsRight are similar in function to noteheads, and should be positioned relative to note stems in the same way.

harpSalzedoOboicFlux and harpSalzedoPlayUpperEnd may be repeated to create a continuing line, indicating the duration of the technique.

# Tuned mallet percussion pictograms (U+E6A0-U+E6BF)

Glsp	<b>U+E6A0</b> pictGlsp  Glockenspiel	XyI	<b>U+E6A1</b> pictXyl  Xylophone
TXyI	<b>U+E6A2</b> pictXylTenor  Tenor xylophone	BXyl	<b>U+E6A3</b> <pre>pictXylBass</pre> Bass xylophone
ХУI	<b>U+E6A4</b> pictXylTrough  Trough xylophone	TXyl	<b>U+E6A5</b> pictXylTenorTrough Trough tenor xylophone
Mar	<b>U+E6A6</b> <i>pictMar</i> Marimba	Vib	<b>U+E6A7</b> pictVib Vibraphone
Mt	U+E6A8  pictVibMotorOff  Metallophone (vibraphone motor off)		<b>U+E6A9</b> pictEmptyTrap  Empty trapezoid
G□	<b>U+E6AA</b> pictGlspSmithBrindle  Glockenspiel (Smith Brindle)	×	<b>U+E6AB</b> <pre>pictXylSmithBrindle</pre> Xylophone (Smith Brindle)
M	<b>U+E6AC</b> pictMarSmithBrindle  Marimba (Smith Brindle)	V	<b>U+E6AD</b> pictVibSmithBrindle  Vibraphone (Smith Brindle)
	U+E6AE  pictCrotales  Crotales	SD	<b>U+E6AF</b> pictSteelDrums Steel drums

Cel	<b>U+E6B0</b> pictCelesta  Celesta		<b>U+E6B1</b> pictLithophone  Lithophone
ТЬ	<b>U+E6B2</b> <pre>pictTubaphone</pre> Tubaphone		
Recomme	ended stylistic alternates		
	uniE6A0.salt01  pictGlspPeinkofer  Glockenspiel (Peinkofer/Tannigel)		uniE6A1.salt01  pictXylPeinkofer  Xylophone (Peinkofer/Tannigel)
	uniE6A2.salt01  pictXylTenorPeinkofer  Tenor xylophone (Peinkofer/Tannigel)		uniE6A3.salt01  pictXylBassPeinkofer  Bass xyklophone (Peinkofer/Tannigel)
	uniE6A6.salt01  pictMarPeinkofer  Marimba (Peinkofer/Tannigel)		uniE6A7.salt01  pictVibPeinkofer  Vibraphone (Peinkofer/Tannigel)
<b>₩</b>	uniE6A8.salt01  pictVibMotorOffPeinkofer  Metallophone (vibraphone motor off) (Peinkofer/Tannigel)	00	uniE6B1.salt01  pictLithophonePeinkofer  Lithophone (Peinkofer/Tannigel)
	uniE6B2.salt01 pictTubaphonePeinkofer		

Tubaphone (Peinkofer/Tannigel)

### **Chimes pictograms (U+E6C0-U+E6CF)**

#### U+E6C0 U+E6C1 pictWindChimesGlass pictTubularBells 1111 Tubular bells Wind chimes (glass) U+E6C2 U+E6C3 pictChimes pictBambooChimes Bamboo tube chimes Chimes U+E6C4 U+E6C5 pictShellChimes pictGlassTubeChimes Glass tube chimes Shell chimes U+E6C6 U+E6C7 pictGlassPlateChimes pictMetalTubeChimes Metal tube chimes Glass plate chimes

U+E6C8

pictMetalPlateChimes
Metal plate chimes

## **Drums pictograms (U+E6D0-U+E6EF)**

口	<b>U+E6D0</b> pictTimpani Timpani	(Tarana)	<b>U+E6D1</b> pictSnareDrum Snare drum
	U+E6D2  pictSnareDrumSnaresOff  Snare drum, snares off	Constant of the Constant of th	<b>U+E6D3</b> pictSnareDrumMilitary  Military snare drum
	U+E6D4  pictBassDrum  Bass drum		<b>U+E6D5</b> pictBassDrumOnSide Bass drum on side
	U+E6D6  pictTenorDrum  Tenor drum		U+E6D7  pictTomTom  Tom-tom
Ch	U+E6D8  pictTomTomChinese  Chinese tom-tom	Ja	U+E6D9  pictTomTomJapanese  Japanese tom-tom
<u>IA</u> )	U+E6DA  pictTomTomIndoAmerican Indo-American tom tom	<b>\$</b>	<b>U+E6DB</b> pictTambourine  Tambourine
ПΠ	<b>U+E6DC</b> pictTimbales Timbales	777	<b>U+E6DD</b> pictBongos Bongos
	<b>U+E6DE</b> pictConga  Conga	<u>( )</u>	U+E6DF  pictLogDrum  Log drum
	U+E6E0  pictSlitDrum  Slit drum		<b>U+E6E1</b> pictBrakeDrum  Brake drum

#### U+E6E2 U+E6E3 pictGobletDrum pictTabla **€** Goblet drum (djembe, dumbek) Indian tabla U+E6E4 pictCuica L‡ Cuica **Recommended stylistic alternates** uniE6D0.salt01 uniE6D4.salt01 pictTimpaniPeinkofer pictBassDrumPeinkofer $(\circ)$ Timpani (Peinkofer/Tannigel) Bass drum (Peinkofer/Tannigel) uniE6D7.salt01 uniE6D8.salt01 pictTomTomPeinkofer pictTomTomChinesePeinkofer $\odot$ Tom-tom (Peinkofer/Tannigel) Chinese tom-tom (Peinkofer/Tannigel) uniE6DB.salt01 uniE6DC.salt01 pictTimbalesPeinkofer pictTambourineStockhausen PP Tambourine (Stockhausen) Timbales (Peinkofer/Tannigel)

uniE6DE.salt01

pictCongaPeinkofer

Conga (Peinkofer/Tannigel)

uniE6DD.salt01

pictBongosPeinkofer

Bongos (Peinkofer/Tannigel)

# Wooden struck or scraped percussion pictograms (U+E6F0-U+E6FF)

	<b>U+E6F0</b> pictWoodBlock Wood block		<b>U+E6F1</b> pictTempleBlocks Temple blocks
*	<b>U+E6F2</b> pictClaves Claves	·	<b>U+E6F3</b> pictGuiro Guiro
<u></u>	<b>U+E6F4</b> pictRatchet Ratchet	<del>-</del>	<b>U+E6F5</b> pictFootballRatchet Football rattle
1	<b>U+E6F6</b> pictWhip Whip	1	<b>U+E6F7</b> pictBoardClapper Board clapper
IJ	U+E6F8 pictCastanets Castanets	Ŷ	<b>U+E6F9</b> pictCastanetsWithHandle Castanets with handle
\ <u></u>	<b>U+E6FA</b> pictQuijada Quijada (jawbone)	<del>~~~</del>	<b>U+E6FB</b> pictBambooScraper Bamboo scraper
_^^^	U+E6FC pictRecoReco Reco-reco		
Recommer	nded stylistic alternates uniE6F3.salt01		uniE6F3.salt02

pictGuiroPeinkofer

Guiro (Peinkofer/Tannigel)

pictGuiroSevsay

Guiro (Sevsay)

#### uniE6F8.salt01

pictCastanetsSmithBrindleCastanets (Smith Brindle)

## Metallic struck percussion pictograms (U+E700-U+E70F)

U+E700 U+E701

pictTriangle
Triangle

pictAnvil
Anvil

## **Bells pictograms (U+E710-U+E71F)**

pict Sleigh Bell Smith Brindle

Sleigh bell (Smith Brindle)

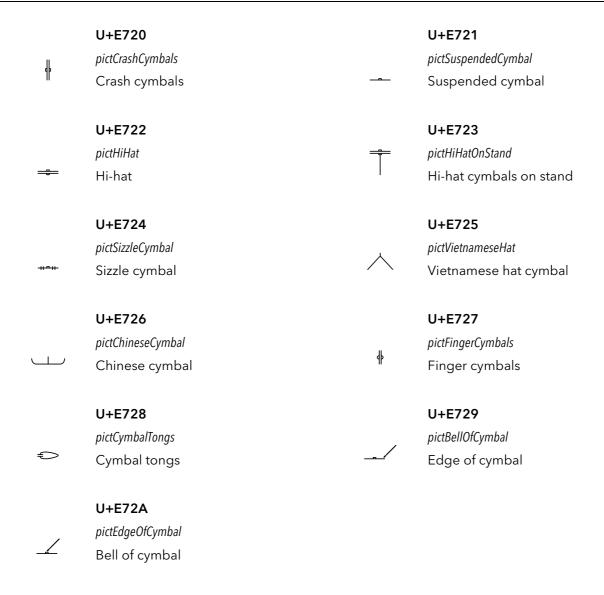
<u>~~</u>

	<b>U+E710</b> pictSleighBell Sleigh bell		U+E711  pictCowBell  Cow bell
٥	<b>U+E712</b> pictAlmglocken Almglocken		U+E713 pictBellPlate Bell plate
Û	<b>U+E714</b> pictBell Bell	<u> </u>	<b>U+E715</b> pictHandbell Handbell
Δ	U+E716 pictCencerro Cencerro	$\Omega$	<b>U+E717</b> pictAgogo Agogo
<b>©</b>	U+E718  pictShellBells  Shell bells	©•	<b>U+E719</b> pictJingleBells  Jingle bells
丰	U+E71A  pictBellTree  Bell tree		
Recommended stylistic alternates			
	uniE710.salt01		uniE711.salt01

pictCowBellBerio

Cow bell (Berio)

## **Cymbals pictograms (U+E720-U+E72F)**



### **Gongs pictograms (U+E730-U+E73F)**

#### U+E730 U+E731 pictTamTam pictTamTamWithBeater Q Tam-tam Tam-tam with beater (Smith Brindle) U+E732 U+E733 pictGong pictGongWithButton $\overline{\bullet}$ Gong with button (nipple) Gong U+E734 pictSlideBrushOnGong Slide brush on gong

### **Shakers or rattles pictograms (U+E740-U+E74F)**

¥	<b>U+E740</b> <pre>pictFlexatone</pre> Flexatone	9	<b>U+E741</b> pictMaraca Maraca
Óδ	<b>U+E742</b> pictMaracas Maracas		<b>U+E743</b> pictCabasa Cabasa
	<b>U+E744</b> pictThundersheet  Thundersheet		<b>U+E745</b> pictVibraslap Vibraslap
<del>"</del>	<b>U+E746</b> pictSistrum Sistrum		<b>U+E747</b> pictRainstick Rainstick
G TO	<b>U+E748</b> pictChainRattle  Chain rattle		

#### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

	uniE740.salt01		uniE741.salt01
$\bigcirc$ 1	pictFlexatonePeinkofer	Q	pictMaracaSmithBrindle
	Flexatone (Peinkofer/Tannigel)	1	Maraca (Smith Brindle)

## Whistles and aerophones pictograms (U+E750-U+E75F)

No.	U+E750  pictSlideWhistle  Slide whistle	\[	U+E751  pictBirdWhistle  Bird whistle
5	U+E752 pictPoliceWhistle Police whistle	$\Box$	<b>U+E753</b> pictSiren  Siren
	U+E754  pictWindMachine  Wind machine	Ø	<b>U+E755</b> pictCarHorn  Car horn
	<b>U+E756</b> pictKlaxonHorn Klaxon horn		<b>U+E757</b> pictDuckCall  Duck call
1_3	U+E758  pictWindWhistle  Wind whistle (or mouth siren)		<b>U+E759</b> pictMegaphone Megaphone
<b>/-</b>	U+E75A  pictLotusFlute  Lotus flute		

### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

uniE75A.salt01

pictLotusFlutePeinkofer

Lotus flute (Peinkofer/Tannigel)

## Miscellaneous percussion instrument pictograms (U+E760-U+E76F)

#### U+E760 U+E761 pictPistolShot pictCannon (PV) Pistol shot Cannon U+E762 U+E763 pictSandpaperBlocks pictLionsRoar Sandpaper blocks Lion's roar U+E764 U+E765 pictGlassHarp pictGlassHarmonica -(((-Glass harp Glass harmonica U+E766 U+E767 pictMusicalSaw pictJawHarp Musical saw Jaw harp

### Recommended stylistic alternates

uniE766.salt01

pictMusicalSawPeinkofer

Lum

Musical saw (Peinkofer/Tannigel)

## **Beaters pictograms (U+E770-U+E7EF)**

O I	U+E770  pictBeaterSoftXylophoneUp  Soft xylophone stick up	ļ	<b>U+E771</b> pictBeaterSoftXylophoneDown  Soft xylophone stick down
۶	<b>U+E772</b> pictBeaterSoftXylophoneRight  Soft xylophone stick right	٩	<b>U+E773</b> pictBeaterSoftXylophoneLeft  Soft xylophone stick left
P	<b>U+E774</b> pictBeaterMediumXylophoneUp  Medium xylophone stick up		<b>U+E775</b> pictBeaterMediumXylophoneDown  Medium xylophone stick down
۶	<b>U+E776</b> pictBeaterMediumXylophoneRight  Medium xylophone stick right	٩	<b>U+E777</b> pictBeaterMediumXylophoneLeft  Medium xylophone stick left
•	<b>U+E778</b> pictBeaterHardXylophoneUp  Hard xylophone stick up	Ţ	<b>U+E779</b> pictBeaterHardXylophoneDown  Hard xylophone stick down
<b>,</b>	<b>U+E77A</b> pictBeaterHardXylophoneRight  Hard xylophone stick right	•	<b>U+E77B</b> pictBeaterHardXylophoneLeft  Hard xylophone stick left
	U+E77C  pictBeaterWoodXylophoneUp  Wood xylophone stick up		<b>U+E77D</b> pictBeaterWoodXylophoneDown  Wood xylophone stick down
<b>,</b>	<b>U+E77E</b> pictBeaterWoodXylophoneRight  Wood xylophone stick right	٩	<b>U+E77F</b> pictBeaterWoodXylophoneLeft  Wood xylophone stick left
Î	U+E780  pictBeaterSoftGlockenspielUp  Soft glockenspiel stick up	ļ	<b>U+E781</b> pictBeaterSoftGlockenspielDown  Soft glockenspiel stick down

#### U+E782 U+E783 pictBeaterSoftGlockenspielRight pictBeaterSoftGlockenspielLeft Soft glockenspiel stick right Soft glockenspiel stick left U+E784 U+E785 pictBeaterHardGlockenspielUp pictBeaterHardGlockenspielDown Hard glockenspiel stick up Hard glockenspiel stick down U+E786 U+E787 pictBeaterHardGlockenspielRight pictBeaterHardGlockenspielLeftHard glockenspiel stick right Hard glockenspiel stick left U+E789 U+E788 pictBeaterSoftTimpaniUp pictBeaterSoftTimpaniDown Soft timpani stick up Soft timpani stick down U+E78A U+E78B pictBeaterSoftTimpaniRight pictBeaterSoftTimpaniLeft 9 Soft timpani stick right Soft timpani stick left U+E78C U+E78D pictBeaterMediumTimpaniUp pictBeaterMediumTimpaniDown Medium timpani stick up Medium timpani stick down U+E78E U+E78F pictBeaterMediumTimpaniRight pictBeaterMediumTimpaniLeft Medium timpani stick right Medium timpani stick left U+E790 U+E791 pictBeaterHardTimpaniUp pictBeaterHardTimpaniDown Hard timpani stick up Hard timpani stick down U+E792 U+E793 pictBeaterHardTimpaniRight pictBeaterHardTimpaniLeft Hard timpani stick right Hard timpani stick left

#### U+E795 U+E794 pictBeaterWoodTimpaniUp pictBeaterWoodTimpaniDown Wood timpani stick up Wood timpani stick down U+E796 U+E797 pictBeaterWoodTimpaniRight pictBeaterWoodTimpaniLeft Wood timpani stick right Wood timpani stick left U+E798 U+E799 pictBeaterSoftBassDrumUp pictBeaterSoftBassDrumDown P Soft bass drum stick up Soft bass drum stick down U+E79A U+E79B pictBeaterMediumBassDrumUp pictBeaterMediumBassDrumDown Medium bass drum stick down Medium bass drum stick up U+E79C U+E79D pictBeaterHardBassDrumUp pictBeaterHardBassDrumDown Hard bass drum stick down Hard bass drum stick up U+E79E U+E79F pictBeaterMetalBassDrumUp pictBeaterMetalBassDrumDown lacksquareMetal bass drum stick down Metal bass drum stick up **U+E7A0 U+E7A1** pictBeaterDoubleBassDrumUp pictBeaterDoubleBassDrumDown Double bass drum stick down Double bass drum stick up U+E7A2 U+E7A3 pictBeaterSoftYarnUp pictBeaterSoftYarnDown 7 Soft yarn beater up Soft yarn beater down **U+E7A4 U+E7A5** pictBeaterSoftYarnRight pictBeaterSoftYarnLeft Soft yarn beater right Soft yarn beater left

#### **U+E7A6 U+E7A7** pictBeaterMediumYarnUp pictBeaterMediumYarnDown Medium yarn beater up Medium yarn beater down **U+E7A8 U+E7A9** pictBeaterMediumYarnRight pictBeaterMediumYarnLeft Medium yarn beater right Medium yarn beater left U+E7AA U+E7AB pictBeaterHardYarnDown pictBeaterHardYarnUp Hard yarn beater up Hard yarn beater down U+E7AC U+E7AD pictBeaterHardYarnRight pictBeaterHardYarnLeft Hard yarn beater right Hard yarn beater left U+E7AE U+E7AF pictBeaterSuperballUp pictBeaterSuperballDown Superball beater up Superball beater down U+E7B0 U+E7B1 pictBeaterSuperballRight pictBeaterSuperballLeft Superball beater right Superball beater left U+E7B2 U+E7B3 pictSuperball pictWoundHardUp Superball Wound beater, hard core up U+E7B4 U+E7B5 pictWoundHardDown pictWoundHardRight Wound beater, hard core down Wound beater, hard core right U+E7B6 U+E7B7 pictWoundHardLeft pictWoundSoftUp Wound beater, hard core left Wound beater, soft core up

#### U+E7B8 U+E7B9 pictWoundSoftDown pictWoundSoftRight Wound beater, soft core down Wound beater, soft core right U+E7BA U+E7BB pictWoundSoftLeftpictGumSoftUp Wound beater, soft core left Soft gum beater, up U+E7BC U+E7BD pictGumSoftDown pictGumSoftRight þ Soft gum beater, down Soft gum beater, right U+E7BE U+E7BF pictGumSoftLeft pictGumMediumUp Soft gum beater, left Medium gum beater, up U+E7C0 U+E7C1 pictGumMediumDown pictGumMediumRight P Medium gum beater, down Medium gum beater, right U+E7C2 U+E7C3 pictGumMediumLeft pictGumHardUp Medium gum beater, left Hard gum beater, up U+E7C4 U+E7C5 pictGumHardDown pictGumHardRight Hard gum beater, down Hard gum beater, right U+E7C6 U+E7C7 pictGumHardLeft pictBeaterMetalUp Hard gum beater, left Metal beater, up U+E7C8 U+E7C9 pictBeaterMetalDown pictBeaterMetalRight Metal beater down Metal beater, right

#### U+E7CA U+E7CB pictBeaterMetalLeft pictBeaterHammerWoodUp Metal beater, left Wooden hammer, up U+E7CD U+E7CC pictBeaterHammerWoodDown pictBeaterHammerPlasticUp Wooden hammer, down Plastic hammer, up U+E7CE U+E7CF pictBeaterHammerPlasticDown pictBeaterHammerMetalUp $\bowtie$ Plastic hammer, down Metal hammer, up U+E7D0 U+E7D1 pictBeaterHammerMetalDown pictBeaterSnareSticksUp $\triangleleft$ Metal hammer, down Snare sticks up U+E7D2 U+E7D3 pictBeaterSnareSticksDown pictBeaterJazzSticksUp 1 Snare sticks down Jazz sticks up U+E7D4 U+E7D5 pictBeaterJazzSticksDown pictBeaterTriangleUp Jazz sticks down Triangle beater up U+E7D6 U+E7D7 pictBeaterTriangleDown pictBeaterWireBrushesUp Triangle beater down Wire brushes up U+E7D8 U+E7D9 pictBeaterWireBrushesDown pictBeaterBrassMalletsUp Wire brushes down Brass mallets up U+E7DA U+E7DB pictBeaterBrassMalletsDown pictBeaterSoftXylophone 80 Brass mallets down Soft xylophone beaters

U+E7DC U+E7DD pictBeaterSpoonWoodenMallet pictBeaterGuiroScraper Ψ Spoon-shaped wooden mallet Guiro scraper U+E7DE U+E7DF pictBeaterBow pictBeaterMallet T Bow Chime hammer U+E7E0 **U+E7E1** pictBeaterMetalHammer pictBeaterHammer Metal hammer Hammer U+E7E2 U+E7E3 pictBeaterKnittingNeedle pictBeaterHand الل Knitting needle Hand U+E7E4 **U+E7E5** pictBeaterFinger pictBeaterFist Jiii  $\overline{\mathbf{w}}$ Finger Fist U+E7E6 **U+E7E7** pictBeaterFingernails pictCoins Fingernails Coins **U+E7E8 U+E7E9** pictDrumStick  ${\it pictBeater Combining Parentheses}$ ( ) Drum stick Combining parentheses for round beaters (padded) U+E7EA  $pict Beater Combining Dashed {\it Circle}$  $\bigcirc$ 

Combining dashed circle for round

beaters (plated)

# Percussion playing technique pictograms (U+E7F0-U+E80F)

	U+E7F0		U+E7F1
	pictStickShot	$\bigcirc$	pictScrapeCenterToEdge
*	Stick shot		Scrape from center to edge
	U+E7F2		U+E7F3
	pictScrapeEdgeToCenter		pictScrapeAroundRim
S	Scrape from edge to center		Scrape around rim
	U+E7F4		U+E7F5
_	pictOnRim		pictOpenRimShot
	On rim	+	Closed / rim shot
	U+E7F6		U+E7F7
	pictHalfOpen1	Φ	pictHalfOpen2
Ф	Half-open		Half-open 2 (Weinberg)
	U+E7F8		U+E7F9
	pictOpen		pictDamp1
0	Open	<b>+</b>	Damp
	U+E7FA		U+E7FB
ф	pictDamp2	<b>^</b>	pictDamp3
Ψ	Damp 2	•	Damp 3
	U+E7FC		U+E7FD
<b>.</b>	pictDamp4		pictRimShotOnStem
•	Damp 4	×	Rim shot (on stem)
	U+E7FE		U+E7FF
	pictCenter1		pictCenter2
$\otimes$	Center (Weinberg)	$\odot$	Center (Ghent)

	U+E800		U+E801
	pictCenter3		pictRim1
©	Center (Caltabiano)	<b>(</b> *	Rim or edge (Weinberg)
	U+E802		U+E803
	pictRim2		pictRim3
$\odot$	Rim (Ghent)	R	Rim (Caltabiano)
	U+E804		U+E805
_	pictNormalPosition		pictChokeCymbal
N	Normal position (Caltabiano)	,	Choke (Weinberg)
	U+E806		U+E807
	pictRightHandSquare		pictLeftHandCircle
	Left hand (Agostini)	•	Right hand (Agostini)
	U+E808		U+E809
	pictSwishStem		pictTurnRightStem
<i>*</i>	Combining swish for stem		Combining turn right for stem
	U+E80A		U+E80B
	pictTurnLeftStem		pictTurnRightLeftStem
<b>~</b>	Combining turn left for stem		Combining turn left or right for stem
	U+E80C		U+E80D
	pictCrushStem		pictDeadNoteStem
***	Combining crush for stem	×	Combining X for stem (dead note)

## Handbells (U+E810-U+E82F)

•	<b>U+E810</b> handbellsMartellato  Martellato	<b>▼</b> ↑	<b>U+E811</b> handbellsMartellatoLift  Martellato lift
₹	<b>U+E812</b> handbellsHandMartellato Hand martellato	•	<b>U+E813</b> handbellsMutedMartellato  Muted martellato
+	U+E814 handbellsMalletBellSuspended Mallet, bell suspended	÷	<b>U+E815</b> handbellsMalletBellOnTable  Mallet, bell on table
<b>±</b> 1	U+E816 handbellsMalletLft Mallet lift	· <b>↑</b>	<b>U+E817</b> handbellsPluckLift  Pluck lift
†	U+E818 handbellsSwingUp Swing up	Ţ	<b>U+E819</b> handbellsSwingDown Swing down
<b>†</b> ↓	<b>U+E81A</b> handbellsSwing Swing	Ĵ	<b>U+E81B</b> handbellsEcho1 Echo
<b>1</b>	U+E81C handbellsEcho2 Echo 2	$\bigcirc$	<b>U+E81D</b> handbellsGyro Gyro
<del> </del>	U+E81E handbellsDamp3 Damp 3	XX	<b>U+E81F</b> handbellsBelltree  Belltree
\	<b>U+E820</b> handbellsTableSingleBell  Table single handbell		<b>U+E821</b> handbellsTablePairBells  Table pair of handbells

## **Guitar (U+E830-U+E84F)**

$\checkmark$	<b>U+E830</b> guitarVibratoBarScoop Guitar vibrato bar scoop	V	<b>U+E831</b> guitarVibratoBarDip  Guitar vibrato bar dip
<b>^</b>	<b>U+E832</b> guitarShake Guitar shake	0	U+E833 guitarString0 String number 0
1	U+E834  guitarString1  String number 1	2	U+E835 guitarString2 String number 2
3	U+E836  guitarString3  String number 3	4	U+E837 guitarString4 String number 4
⑤	<b>U+E838</b> <pre>guitarString5</pre> String number 5	6	U+E839 guitarString6 String number 6
7	<b>U+E83A</b> guitarString7  String number 7	8	U+E83B guitarString8 String number 8
9	<b>U+E83C</b> guitarString9 String number 9	0	<b>U+E83D</b> guitarOpenPedal  Open wah/volume pedal
Φ	<b>U+E83E</b> guitarHalfOpenPedal  Half-open wah/volume pedal	+	<b>U+E83F</b> guitarClosePedal Closed wah/volume pedal
Ф	U+E840 guitarLeftHandTapping Left-hand tapping	Т	<b>U+E841</b> guitarRightHandTapping Right-hand tapping

	<b>U+E842</b> guitarGolpe		<b>U+E843</b> guitarFadeIn
*	Golpe (tapping the pick guard)	<	Fade in
	U+E844		U+E845
	guitarFadeOut		guitarVolumeSwell
>	Fade out	$\Leftrightarrow$	Volume swell

## **Chord diagrams (U+E850-U+E85F)**

	U+E850		U+E851
	fretboard3String		fretboard3StringNut
Ш	3-string fretboard	Ш	3-string fretboard at nut
	H. F0F2 (and H. 1D11D)		11. 5052
m	<b>U+E852</b> (and U+1D11D)		U+E853
	fretboard4String		fretboard4StringNut
	4-string fretboard		4-string fretboard at nut
	U+E854		U+E855
<del>    </del>	fretboard5String	<del>IIII</del>	fretboard5StringNut
	5-string fretboard		5-string fretboard at nut
	<b>U+E856</b> (and U+1D11C)		U+E857
	fretboard6String		fretboard6StringNut
	fretboard6String 6-string fretboard		fretboard6StringNut 6-string fretboard at nut
	·		•
	·		-
	6-string fretboard		6-string fretboard at nut
•	6-string fretboard  U+E858	×	6-string fretboard at nut U+E859
•	6-string fretboard  U+E858 fretboardFilledCircle	×	6-string fretboard at nut  U+E859 fretboardX
•	6-string fretboard  U+E858 fretboardFilledCircle	×	6-string fretboard at nut  U+E859 fretboardX
•	6-string fretboard  U+E858 fretboardFilledCircle Fingered fret (filled circle)	×	6-string fretboard at nut  U+E859 fretboardX

### Implementation notes

Scoring applications may choose to draw chord diagram fretboards using primitives in order to provide the end user with control over grid spacing and line thickness relative to size.

## Analytics (U+E860-U+E86F)

н	<b>U+E860</b> (and U+1D1A6)  analyticsHauptstimme  Hauptstimme	Ν	<b>U+E861</b> (and U+1D1A7)  analyticsNebenstimme  Nebenstimme
F	U+E862  analyticsStartStimme  Start of stimme	٦	<b>U+E863</b> (and U+1D1A8)  analyticsEndStimme  End of stimme
Th	<b>U+E864</b> <pre>analyticsTheme</pre> Theme	Th	<b>U+E865</b> analyticsThemeRetrograde  Retrograde of theme
ЧЦ	<b>U+E866</b> analyticsThemeRetrogradeInversion  Retrograde inversion of theme	Th	U+E867  analyticsThemeInversion Inversion of theme
Т	U+E868  analyticsTheme1  Theme 1	${f T}$	U+E869  analyticsInversion1  Inversion 1

## Chord symbols (U+E870-U+E87F)

0	U+E870 (and U+1D1A9) csymDiminished Diminished	Ø	<b>U+E871</b> csymHalfDiminished Half-diminished
+	U+E872 csymAugmented Augmented	Δ	U+E873  csymMajorSeventh  Major seventh
_	U+E874 csymMinor Minor	(	<b>U+E875</b> csymParensLeftTall Double-height left parenthesis
)	<b>U+E876</b> csymParensRightTall  Double-height right parenthesis	[	<b>U+E877</b> csymBracketLeftTall  Double-height left bracket
]	<b>U+E878</b> csymBracketRightTall  Double-height right bracket		

### Implementation notes

These symbols are designed to combine with accidental symbols (accidentalSharp and accidentalFlat) from the music font and the letters A-G (for root and bass alterations), lower case letters (for chord qualities, e.g. "maj" and "min") and numbers (for chord extensions or tensions) from any standard text font to produce complete chord symbols.

Scoring applications should be able to create strings with complex formatting, e.g. superscript and subscript characters, small digits stacked on top of each other, and scale these symbols to any arbitrary size in order to produce satisfactory chord symbols with a wide variety of visual appearances.

## **Tuplets (U+E880-U+E88F)**

0	U+E880  tuplet0  Tuplet 0	1	<b>U+E881</b> tuplet1 Tuplet 1
2	U+E882 tuplet2 Tuplet 2	3	U+E883 tuplet3 Tuplet 3
4	<b>U+E884</b> tuplet4  Tuplet 4	5	U+E885 tuplet5 Tuplet 5
6	<b>U+E886</b> tuplet6 Tuplet 6	7	U+E887 tuplet7 Tuplet 7
8	<b>U+E888</b> tuplet8 Tuplet 8	9	U+E889 tuplet9 Tuplet 9
:	<b>U+E88A</b> tupletColon  Tuplet colon		

### Implementation notes

This range provides glyphs for tuplet numbers. These digits may also be used in ligatures with clefs to indicate the interval by which a transposing instrument transposes, used in some scores in C.

Scoring applications should use primitives to draw tuplet brackets.

Simple triplets (including brackets) can be written in fonts intended for use in text-based applications using the glyphs in the **Beamed groups of notes** range.

## **Conductor symbols (U+E890-U+E89F)**

<b>↓</b>	U+E890  conductorStrongBeat  Strong beat or cue	1	U+E891  conductorLeftBeat  Left-hand beat or cue
ļ	<b>U+E892</b> conductorRightBeat Right-hand beat or cue	Ţ	U+E893  conductorWeakBeat  Weak beat or cue
	U+E894  conductorBeat2Simple  Beat 2, simple time	Δ	U+E895  conductorBeat3Simple  Beat 3, simple time
	U+E896  conductorBeat4Simple  Beat 4, simple time		U+E897  conductorBeat2Compound  Beat 2, compound time
	U+E898  conductorBeat3Compound  Beat 3, compound time		U+E899  conductorBeat4Compound  Beat 4, compound time

## Accordion (U+E8A0-U+E8DF)

#### U+E8A0

accdnRH3RanksPiccolo
Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop
(piccolo)

#### U+E8A2

accdnRH3RanksUpperTremolo8
Right hand, 3 ranks, upper tremolo
8' stop

#### U+E8A4

accdnRH3RanksBassoon
Right hand, 3 ranks, 16' stop
(bassoon)

#### U+E8A6

accdnRH3RanksViolin

Right hand, 3 ranks, 8' stop + upper tremolo 8' stop (violin)

#### **U+E8A8**

accdnRH3RanksAuthenticMusette

Right hand, 3 ranks, lower tremolo
8' stop + 8' stop + upper tremolo 8'

#### U+E8AA

accdnRH3RanksHarmonium

Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop + 8' stop + 16' stop (harmonium)

#### U+E8AC

accdnRH3RanksAccordion

Right hand, 3 ranks, 8' stop + upper tremolo 8' stop + 16' stop

#### U+E8AE

accdnRH3RanksTwoChoirs

Right hand, 3 ranks, lower tremolo
8' stop + upper tremolo 8' stop

#### U+E8B0

accdnRH3RanksTremoloUpper8ve
Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop + lower
tremolo 8' stop + upper tremolo 8'

#### U+E8A1

accdnRH3RanksClarinet
Right hand, 3 ranks, 8' stop
(clarinet)

#### U+E8A3

accdnRH3RanksLowerTremolo8

Right hand, 3 ranks, lower tremolo
8' stop

#### U+E8A5

accdnRH3RanksOboe

Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop + 8' stop (oboe)

#### U+E8A7

accdnRH3RanksImitationMusette

Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop + 8' stop + upper tremolo 8' stop

#### **U+E8A9**

accdnRH3RanksOrgan

Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop + 16' stop (organ)

#### U+E8AB

accdnRH3RanksBandoneon

Right hand, 3 ranks, 8' stop + 16' stop (bandoneón)

#### U+E8AD

accdnRH3RanksMaster
Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop + lower tremolo 8' stop + upper tremolo 8'

#### U+E8AF

accdnRH3RanksTremoloLower8ve

Right hand, 3 ranks, lower tremolo
8' stop + upper tremolo 8' stop +

#### U+E8B1

accdnRH3RanksDoubleTremoloLower8ve
Right hand, 3 ranks, lower tremolo
8' stop + 8' stop + upper tremolo 8'

	U+E8B2  accdnRH3RanksDoubleTremoloUpper8ve  Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop + lower  tremolo 8' stop + 8' stop + upper		U+E8B3  accdnRH3RanksFullFactory  Right hand, 3 ranks, 4' stop + lower tremolo 8' stop + 8' stop + upper
	U+E8B4  accdnRH4RanksSoprano  Right hand, 4 ranks, soprano		U+E8B5  accdnRH4RanksAlto  Right hand, 4 ranks, alto
	<b>U+E8B6</b> accdnRH4RanksTenor  Right hand, 4 ranks, tenor		<b>U+E8B7</b> accdnRH4RanksMaster Right hand, 4 ranks, master
	<b>U+E8B8</b> accdnRH4RanksSoftBass  Right hand, 4 ranks, soft bass	•	<b>U+E8B9</b> accdnRH4RanksSoftTenor  Right hand, 4 ranks, soft tenor
	<b>U+E8BA</b> accdnRH4RanksBassAlto  Right hand, 4 ranks, bass/alto	$\odot$	U+E8BB  accdnLH2Ranks8Round  Left hand, 2 ranks, 8' stop (round)
$\odot$	U+E8BC  accdnLH2Ranks16Round  Left hand, 2 ranks, 16' stop (round)	$\odot$	U+E8BD  accdnLH2Ranks8Plus16Round  Left hand, 2 ranks, 8' stop + 16' stop (round)
$\ominus$	U+E8BE  accdnLH2RanksMasterRound  Left hand, 2 ranks, master (round)	$\odot$	U+E8BF  accdnLH2RanksMasterPlus16Round  Left hand, 2 ranks, master + 16'  stop (round)
$\odot$	U+E8C0  accdnLH2RanksFullMasterRound  Left hand, 2 ranks, full master (round)		<b>U+E8C1</b> accdnLH3Ranks8Square Left hand, 3 ranks, 8' stop (square)
	U+E8C2  accdnLH3Ranks2Square  Left hand, 3 ranks, 2' stop (square)	••	U+E8C3  accdnLH3RanksDouble8Square  Left hand, 3 ranks, double 8' stop (square)

•	U+E8C4  accdnLH3Ranks2Plus8Square  Left hand, 3 ranks, 2' stop + 8' stop (square)	•	U+E8C5  accdnLH3RanksTuttiSquare  Left hand, 3 ranks, 2' stop + double 8' stop (tutti) (square)
$\ominus$	<b>U+E8C6</b> accdnCombRH3RanksEmpty Combining right hand, 3 ranks, empty		<b>U+E8C7</b> accdnCombRH4RanksEmpty Combining right hand, 4 ranks, empty
$\ominus$	U+E8C8  accdnCombLH2RanksEmpty  Combining left hand, 2 ranks, empty		U+E8C9  accdnCombLH3RanksEmptySquare  Combining left hand, 3 ranks, empty (square)
•	U+E8CA  accdnCombDot  Combining accordion coupler dot	>	<b>U+E8CB</b> accdnPush  Push
٦	U+E8CC accdnPull Pull	2:	U+E8CD accdnRicochet2 Ricochet (2 tones)
<u>3.</u>	U+E8CE  accdnRicochet3  Ricochet (3 tones)	<u>4.</u>	U+E8CF accdnRicochet4 Ricochet (4 tones)
5	U+E8D0  accdnRicochet5  Ricochet (5 tones)	<u></u>	U+E8D1  accdnRicochet6  Ricochet (6 tones)
>	U+E8D2  accdnRicochetStem2  Combining ricochet for stem (2 tones)	<	U+E8D3  accdnRicochetStem3  Combining ricochet for stem (3 tones)
>	U+E8D4  accdnRicochetStem4  Combining ricochet for stem (4 tones)	W	U+E8D5  accdnRicochetStem5  Combining ricochet for stem (5 tones)

#### U+E8D6

≷

accdnRicochetStem6

Combining ricochet for stem (6 tones)

### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

#### uniE8CB.salt01

V

accdnPushAlt

Push (Draugsvoll & Højsgaard)

### Beams and slurs (U+E8E0-U+E8EF)

**U+E8E0** (and U+1D173)

controlBeginBeam

Begin beam

**U+E8E2** (and U+1D175)

controlBeginTie
Begin tie

**U+E8E4** (and U+1D177)

controlBeginSlur Begin slur

**U+E8E6** (and U+1D179)

controlBeginPhrase Begin phrase **U+E8E1** (and U+1D174)

controlEndBeam End beam

**U+E8E3** (and U+1D176)

controlEndTie
End tie

**U+E8E5** (and U+1D178)

controlEndSlur End slur

**U+E8E7** (and U+1D17A)

controlEndPhrase End phrase

### Implementation notes

These are format characters as defined in the Unicode Standard 19:

Extensive ligature-like beams are used frequently in musical notation between groups of notes having short values. The practice is widespread and very predictable, so it is therefore amenable to algorithmic handling. The format characters U+1D173 musical symbol begin beam and U+1D174 musical symbol end beam can be used to indicate the extents of beam groupings. In some exceptional cases, beams are left unclosed on one end. This status can be indicated with a U+1D159 musical symbol null notehead character if no stem is to appear at the end of the beam.

Similarly, format characters have been provided for other connecting structures. The characters U+1D175 musical symbol begin tie, U+1D176 musical symbol end tie, U+1D177 musical symbol begin slur, U+1D178 musical symbol end slur, U+1D179 musical symbol begin phrase, and U+1D17A musical symbol end phrase indicate the extent of these features. Like beaming, these features are easily handled in an algorithmic fashion.

These pairs of characters modify the layout and grouping of notes and phrases in full musical notation. When musical examples are written or rendered in plain text without special software, the start/end format characters may be rendered as brackets or left uninterpreted. To the extent possible, more sophisticated software that renders musical examples inline with natural-language text might interpret them in their actual format control capacity, rendering slurs, beams, and so forth, as appropriate.

Scoring applications may choose to implement these format characters for beams, slurs, phrase marks and ties or not, as they wish.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Ibid., Allen, page 537.

# Medieval and Renaissance staves (U+E8F0-U+E8FF)

	U+E8F0		U+E8F1
	chantStaff		chantStaffWide
	Plainchant staff		Plainchant staff (wide)
	U+E8F2		U+E8F3
_	chantStaffNarrow	ı	chantDivisioMinima
=	Plainchant staff (narrow)	'	Divisio minima
	U+E8F4		U+E8F5
	chantDivisioMaior		chantDivisioMaxima
	Divisio maior		Divisio maxima
	U+E8F6		U+E8F7
	chantDivisioFinalis		chantVirgula
	Divisio finalis	,	Virgula
	U+E8F8		
,	chantCaesura		
/	Caesura		

# Medieval and Renaissance clefs (U+E900-U+E90F)

	U+E900 mensuralGclef	0	U+E901 mensuralGclefPetrucci
G	Mensural G clef	Ş	Petrucci G clef
	U+E902		U+E903
	chantFclef		mensuralFclef
<b>1</b> C	Plainchant F clef	);	Mensural F clef
	U+E904		U+E905
	mensuralFclefPetrucci		mensuralCclef
<b>#8</b>	Petrucci F clef	H	Mensural C clef
1	U+E906		U+E907
	chantCclef	L	mensuralCclefPetrucciPosLowest
<b>C</b>	Plainchant C clef	Ħ	Petrucci C clef, lowest position
	U+E908		U+E909
lı.	mensuralCclefPetrucciPosLow	l <sub>i</sub>	mensuralCclefPetrucciPosMiddle
Ħ	Petrucci C clef, low position	Ħ	Petrucci C clef, middle position
	U+E90A		U+E90B
Li	mensuralCclefPetrucciPosHigh		$mensural {\it Cclef Petrucci Pos Highest}$
Ħ	Petrucci C clef, high position	Ħ	Petrucci C clef, highest position
Pecomme	nded stylistic alternates		
Kecomme	uniE902.salt01		uniE905.salt01
	chantFclefHufnagel		mensuralCclefVoid
F	Plainchant F clef (Hufnagel)	Ħ	Void mensural C clef
r	riamenant eler (riamager)	ľ	void mensurar e eler
	uniE905.salt02		uniE906.salt01
L	mensuralCclefBlack	•	chantCclefHufnagel
F	Black mensural C clef	r	Plainchant C clef (Hufnagel)

# Medieval and Renaissance prolations (U+E910-U+E92F)

<b>⊙</b>	U+E910 (and U+1D1C7)  mensuralProlation1  Tempus perfectum cum prolatione perfecta (9/8)	0	U+E911 (and U+1D1C8)  mensuralProlation2  Tempus perfectum cum prolatione imperfecta (3/4)
Φ	U+E912 (and U+1D1C9)  mensuralProlation3  Tempus perfectum cum prolatione imperfecta diminution 1 (3/8)	Ф	U+E913  mensuralProlation4  Tempus perfectum cum prolatione perfecta diminution 2 (9/16)
©	U+E914 (and U+1D1CA)  mensuralProlation5  Tempus imperfectum cum prolatione perfecta (6/8)	С	U+E915 (and U+1D1CB)  mensuralProlation6  Tempus imperfectum cum prolatione imperfecta (2/4)
Э	U+E916 (and U+1D1CC)  mensuralProlation7  Tempus imperfectum cum  prolatione imperfecta diminution 1  (2/2)  U+E918 (and U+1D1CD)	¢	U+E917  mensuralProlation8  Tempus imperfectum cum prolatione imperfecta diminution 2  U+E919 (and U+1D1CE)
¢	mensuralProlation9  Tempus imperfectum cum  prolatione imperfecta diminution 3	Ф	mensuralProlation10 Tempus imperfectum cum prolatione imperfecta diminution 4
<b>⊙</b>	U+E91A  mensuralProlation11  Tempus imperfectum cum prolatione imperfecta diminution 5	Ø	<b>U+E91B</b> <pre>mensuralProportionTempusPerfectum</pre> Tempus perfectum
$\Theta$	<b>U+E91C</b> mensuralProportionProportioDupla1 Proportio dupla 1	Ø	<b>U+E91D</b> mensuralProportionProportioDupla2 Proportio dupla 2
Ø	<b>U+E91E</b> mensuralProportionProportioTripla Proportio tripla	Ø	<b>U+E91F</b> mensuralProportionProportioQuadrupla Proportio quadrupla

•	U+E920 mensuralProlationCombiningDot Combining dot	••	<b>U+E921</b> mensuralProlationCombiningTwoDots Combining two dots
•••	U+E922 mensuralProlationCombiningThreeDots Combining three dots horizontal	·	<b>U+E923</b> <i>mensuralProlationCombiningThreeDotsTri</i> Combining three dots triangular
0	U+E924  mensuralProlationCombiningDotVoid  Combining void dot	I	<b>U+E925</b> mensuralProlationCombiningStroke Combining vertical stroke
1	U+E926 mensuralProportion1 Mensural proportion 1	2	U+E927 mensuralProportion2 Mensural proportion 2
3	U+E928 mensuralProportion3 Mensural proportion 3	4	U+E929 mensuralProportion4 Mensural proportion 4
<b> </b> :	U+E92A  mensuralProportionMinor  Mensural proportion minor	<b> </b> :	U+E92B  mensuralProportionMajor  Mensural proportion major
Ш	U+E92C  mensuralModusPerfectumVert  Modus perfectum, vertical	Ш	<b>U+E92D</b> <i>mensuralModusImperfectumVert</i> Modus imperfectum, vertical
	<b>U+E92E</b> mensuralTempusPerfectumHoriz Tempus perfectum, horizontal		<b>U+E92F</b> <i>mensuralTempusImperfectumHoriz</i> Tempus imperfectum, horizontal

### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

uniE929.salt01

Q mensural Proportion 4 (old)
Mensural proportion 4 (old)

# Medieval and Renaissance noteheads and stems (U+E930-U+E94F)

_	<b>U+E930</b> <i>mensuralNoteheadMaximaBlack</i> Maxima notehead, black		<b>U+E931</b> (and U+1D1B6)  mensuralNoteheadMaximaVoid  Maxima notehead, void
	U+E932		U+E933
	mensuralNoteheadMaximaBlackVoid		mensuralNoteheadMaximaWhite
	Maxima notehead, black and void		Maxima notehead, white
	U+E934		<b>U+E935</b> (and U+1D1B7)
	mensuralNoteheadLongaBlack		mensural Note head Longa Void
•	Longa/brevis notehead, black		Longa/brevis notehead, void
	U+E936		U+E937
	mensuralNoteheadLongaBlackVoid		mensuralNoteheadLongaWhite
	Longa/brevis notehead, black and void	П	Longa/brevis notehead, white
	<b>U+E938</b> (and U+1D1BA)		<b>U+E939</b> (and U+1D1B9)
	mensuralNoteheadSemibrevisBlack		mensural Note head Semibre vis Void
•	Semibrevis notehead, black	<b>♦</b>	Semibrevis notehead, void
	U+E93A		U+E93B
	mensuralNoteheadSemibrevisBlackVoid		mensuralNoteheadSemibrevisBlackVoidTurned
<b>♦</b>	Semibrevis notehead, black and void	<b>\$</b>	Semibrevis notehead, black and void (turned)
	U+E93C		U+E93D
	mensuralNoteheadMinimaWhite		mensural Note head Semiminima White
<b>\$</b>	Minima notehead, white	•	Semiminima/fusa notehead, white
	U+E93E		U+E93F
1	mensuralCombStemUp		mensuralCombStemDown
	Combining stem up		Combining stem down

U+E940 U+E941 mensuralCombStemDiagonal mensuralCombStemUpFlagRight Combining stem diagonal Combining stem with flag right up U+E942 U+E943 mensural Comb Stem Down Flag Rightmensural Comb Stem Up Flag Left9 Combining stem with flag right Combining stem with flag left up Ь down U+E944 U+E945 mensuralCombStemDownFlagLeft mensuralCombStemUpFlagFlared Combining stem with flag left Combining stem with flared flag up d down U+E946 U+E947 mensural Comb Stem Down Flag FlaredmensuralCombStemUpFlagExtended Combining stem with flared flag Combining stem with extended flag k down up U+E948 U+E949 mensuralCombStemDownFlagExtended mensural Comb Stem Up Flag SemiminimaCombining stem with extended Combining stem with semiminima ₽ flag down flag up U+E94A U+E94B mensural Comb Stem Down Flag Semiminimamensural Comb Stem Up Flag FusaCombining stem with semiminima Combining stem with fusa flag up flag down U+E94C mensuralCombStemDownFlagFusa Combining stem with fusa flag down **Recommended ligatures** uniE938\_uniE94C uniE938\_uniE94B mensuralFusaBlackStemDown mensuralFusaBlackStemUp Fusa black, stem down Fusa black, stem up

mensuralFusaBlackVoidStemDown

Fusa black and void, stem down

#### uniE93A\_uniE94B

mensuralFusaBlackVoidStemUp

Fusa black and void, stem up

	uniE939_uniE94C		uniE939_uniE94B
	mensuralFusaVoidStemDown		mensuralFusaVoidStemUp
È	Fusa void, stem down	\$	Fusa void, stem up
,			
	uniE93F_uniE934		uniE934_uniE93F
	mensuralLongaBlackStemDownLeft		mensuralLongaBlackStemDownRight
	Longa black, stem down left	•	Longa black, stem down right
	uniE93E_uniE934		uniE934_uniE93E
ı	mensural Longa Black Stem Up Left	1	mensural Longa Black Stem Up Right
	Longa black, stem up left		Longa black, stem up right
	uniE93F_uniE936		uniE936_uniE93F
	mensuralLongaBlackVoidStemDownLeft		mensuralLongaBlackVoidStemDownRight
P	Longa black and void, stem down left	9	Longa black and void, stem down right
	uniE93E_uniE936		uniE936_uniE93E
1	mensural Longa Black Void Stem Up Left	1	mensural Longa Black Void Stem Up Right
Ь	Longa black and void, stem up left		Longa black and void, stem up right
	uniE93F_uniE935		uniE935_uniE93F
	mensuralLongaVoidStemDownLeft		mensuralLongaVoidStemDownRight
P	Longa void, stem down left	9	Longa void, stem down right
	uniE93E_uniE935		uniE935_uniE93E
	mensuralLongaVoidStemUpLeft	1	mensuralLongaVoidStemUpRight
Ь	Longa void, stem up left	Ь	Longa void, stem up right
	uniE93F_uniE930		uniE930_uniE93F
	mensuralMaximaBlackStemDownLeft		mensural Maxima Black Stem Down Right
	Maxima black, stem down left		Maxima black, stem down right
	uniE93E_uniE930		uniE930_uniE93E
1	mensuralMaximaBlackStemUpLeft		mensuralMaximaBlackStemUpRight
	Maxima black, stem up left		Maxima black, stem up right

<b>-</b>	uniE93F_uniE932  mensuralMaximaBlackVoidStemDownLeft  Maxima black and void, stem down left  uniE93E_uniE932  mensuralMaximaBlackVoidStemUpLeft  Maxima black and void, stem up left		uniE932_uniE93F  mensuralMaximaBlackVoidStemDownRight  Maxima black and void, stem down right  uniE932_uniE93E  mensuralMaximaBlackVoidStemUpRight  Maxima black and void, stem up right
	uniE93F_uniE931  mensuralMaximaVoidStemDownLeft  Maxima void, stem down left	$\neg$	uniE931_uniE93F  mensuralMaximaVoidStemDownRight  Maxima void, stem down right
	uniE93E_uniE931  mensuralMaximaVoidStemUpLeft  Maxima void, stem up left		uniE931_uniE93E mensuralMaximaVoidStemUpRight Maxima void, stem up right
<b>†</b>	uniE938_uniE93F  mensuralMinimaBlackStemDown  Minima black, stem down	<b>†</b>	uniE938_uniE948  mensuralMinimaBlackStemDownExtendedFlag  Minima black, stem down with  extended flag
<b>•</b> d	uniE938_uniE944  mensuralMinimaBlackStemDownFlagLeft  Minima black, stem down with flag left	<b>b</b>	uniE938_uniE942  mensuralMinimaBlackStemDownFlagRight  Minima black, stem down with flag right
<b>†</b> s	uniE938_uniE946  mensuralMinimaBlackStemDownFlaredFlag  Minima black, stem down with flared flag	<b>↓</b>	uniE938_uniE93E mensuralMinimaBlackStemUp Minima black, stem up
₽	uniE938_uniE947  mensuralMinimaBlackStemUpExtendedFlag  Minima black, stem up with extended flag	9	uniE938_uniE943 mensuralMinimaBlackStemUpFlagLeft Minima black, stem up with flag left
₽	uniE938_uniE941  mensuralMinimaBlackStemUpFlagRight  Minima black, stem up with flag right	₽ ◆	uniE938_uniE945  mensuralMinimaBlackStemUpFlaredFlag  Minima black, stem up with flared flag

#### uniE93A\_uniE93F uniE93A\_uniE948 mensuralMinimaBlackVoidStemDown mensuralMinimaBlackVoidStemDownExtendedFlag Minima black and void, stem down Minima black and void, stem down \$ with extended flag uniE93A\_uniE944 uniE93A\_uniE942 mensural Minima Black Void Stem Down Flag Leftmensural Minima Black Void Stem Down Flag RightMinima black and void, stem down Minima black and void, stem down Ŝ with flag left with flag right uniE93A\_uniE946 uniE93A\_uniE93E mensuralMinimaBlackVoidStemDownFlaredFlag mensuralMinimaBlackVoidStemUp Minima black and void, stem down Minima black and void, stem up with flared flag uniE93A\_uniE947 uniE93A\_uniE943 mensuralMinimaBlackVoidStemUpExtendedFlag mensuralMinimaBlackVoidStemUpFlagLeft 7 1 Minima black and void, stem up with Minima black and void, stem up with extended flag flag left uniE93A\_uniE941 uniE93A\_uniE945 mensural Minima Black Void Stem Up Flag Right mensuralMinimaBlackVoidStemUpFlaredFlag P P Minima black and void, stem up with Minima black and void, stem up with flared flag flag right uniE939\_uniE93F uniE939\_uniE948 mensuralMinimaVoidStemDown mensural Minima Void Stem Down Extended FlagMinima void, stem down Minima void, stem down with extended flag uniE939\_uniE944 uniE939\_uniE942 mensuralMinimaVoidStemDownFlagLeft mensuralMinimaVoidStemDownFlagRight Minima void, stem down with flag Minima void, stem down with flag right d Å left uniE939\_uniE946 uniE939\_uniE947 mensural Minima Void Stem Down Flared Flag mensuralMinimaVoidStemUpExtendedFlag Minima void, stem down with flared Minima void, stem up with extended flag flag uniE939\_uniE93E uniE939\_uniE943 mensuralMinimaVoidStemUp mensuralMinimaVoidStemUpFlagLeft Minima void, stem up with flag left Minima void, stem up

#### uniE939\_uniE941 uniE939\_uniE945 mensural Minima Void Stem Up Flag RightmensuralMinimaVoidStemUpFlaredFlag ₽ Ŗ Minima void, stem up with flag right Minima void, stem up with flared flag uniE938\_uniE94A uniE938\_uniE949 mensural Semimini ma Black Stem Downmensural Semimini ma Black Stem UpSemiminima black, stem down Semiminima black, stem up uniE93A\_uniE94A uniE93A\_uniE949 mensural Semimini ma Black Void Stem DownmensuralSemiminimaBlackVoidStemUp Semiminima black and void, stem Semiminima black and void, stem up down uniE939\_uniE94A uniE939\_uniE949 mensuralSemiminimaVoidStemDown mensuralSemiminimaVoidStemUp **\$** Semiminima void, stem down Semiminima void, stem up

# Medieval and Renaissance individual notes (U+E950-U+E96F)

	U+E950		U+E951
	mensuralBlackMaxima		mensuralBlackLonga
	Black mensural maxima	•	Black mensural longa
	U+E952		<b>U+E953</b> (and U+1D1BA)
	mensuralBlackBrevis		mensuralBlackSemibrevis
	Black mensural brevis	•	Black mensural semibrevis
	<b>U+E954</b> (and U+1D1BC)		U+E955
1	mensuralBlackMinima	D	mensuralBlackSemiminima
<b>\</b>	Black mensural minima	<b>P</b>	Black mensural semiminima
	U+E956		<b>U+E957</b> (and U+1D1B9)
	mensuralBlackBrevisVoid		mensuralBlackSemibrevisVoid
	Black mensural void brevis	<b>♦</b>	Black mensural void semibrevis
	<b>U+E958</b> (and U+1D1BB)		U+E959
1	mensuralBlackMinimaVoid		mensuralBlackSemibrevisCaudata
Ŷ	Black mensural void minima	<b>†</b>	Black mensural semibrevis caudata
	U+E95A		U+E95B
	mensuralBlackDragma		mensuralBlackSemibrevisOblique
<b>†</b>	Black mensural dragma	<b>*</b>	Black mensural oblique semibrevis
	<b>U+E95C</b> (and U+1D1B6)		<b>U+E95D</b> (and U+1D1B7)
	mensuralWhiteMaxima		mensuralWhiteLonga
	White mensural maxima	7	White mensural longa
	<b>U+E95E</b> (and U+1D1B8)		U+E95F
	mensuralWhiteBrevis	1	mensuralWhiteMinima
	White mensural brevis	<b>\$</b>	White mensural minima

# U+E960 (and U+1D1BE) mensuralWhiteSemiminima White mensural semiminima U+E961 (and U+1D1BE) mensuralWhiteFusa White mensural fusa

# Medieval and Renaissance oblique forms (U+E970-U+E98F)

	U+E970		U+E971
	mensuralObliqueAsc2ndBlack		mensuralObliqueAsc2ndVoid
	Oblique form, ascending 2nd, black		Oblique form, ascending 2nd, void
	U+E972		U+E973
	mensuralObliqueAsc2ndBlackVoid		mensuralObliqueAsc2ndWhite
	Oblique form, ascending 2nd, black and void		Oblique form, ascending 2nd, white
	U+E974		U+E975
	mensuralObliqueAsc3rdBlack		mensuralObliqueAsc3rdVoid
	Oblique form, ascending 3rd, black		Oblique form, ascending 3rd, void
	U+E976		U+E977
	mensuralObliqueAsc3rdBlackVoid		mensuralObliqueAsc3rdWhite
	Oblique form, ascending 3rd, black and void		Oblique form, ascending 3rd, white
	U+E978		U+E979
4	<b>U+E978</b> mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack	4	<b>U+E979</b> mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid
_	mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack		mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid
	mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack Oblique form, ascending 4th, black		mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid  Oblique form, ascending 4th, void
	mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack Oblique form, ascending 4th, black U+E97A		mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid  Oblique form, ascending 4th, void  U+E97B
	mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack Oblique form, ascending 4th, black  U+E97A  mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlackVoid Oblique form, ascending 4th, black		mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid Oblique form, ascending 4th, void U+E97B mensuralObliqueAsc4thWhite
	mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack Oblique form, ascending 4th, black  U+E97A  mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlackVoid Oblique form, ascending 4th, black and void		mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid  Oblique form, ascending 4th, void  U+E97B  mensuralObliqueAsc4thWhite  Oblique form, ascending 4th, white
	mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack Oblique form, ascending 4th, black  U+E97A  mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlackVoid Oblique form, ascending 4th, black and void  U+E97C		mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid Oblique form, ascending 4th, void  U+E97B mensuralObliqueAsc4thWhite Oblique form, ascending 4th, white  U+E97D
	mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack Oblique form, ascending 4th, black  U+E97A  mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlackVoid Oblique form, ascending 4th, black and void  U+E97C  mensuralObliqueAsc5thBlack		mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid Oblique form, ascending 4th, void  U+E97B mensuralObliqueAsc4thWhite Oblique form, ascending 4th, white  U+E97D mensuralObliqueAsc5thVoid
	mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlack Oblique form, ascending 4th, black  U+E97A  mensuralObliqueAsc4thBlackVoid Oblique form, ascending 4th, black and void  U+E97C  mensuralObliqueAsc5thBlack Oblique form, ascending 5th, black		mensuralObliqueAsc4thVoid  Oblique form, ascending 4th, void  U+E97B  mensuralObliqueAsc4thWhite  Oblique form, ascending 4th, white  U+E97D  mensuralObliqueAsc5thVoid  Oblique form, ascending 5th, void

	U+E980		U+E981
	mensuralObliqueDesc2ndBlack		mensuralObliqueDesc2ndVoid
	Oblique form, descending 2nd, black		Oblique form, descending 2nd, void
	U+E982		U+E983
	mensuralObliqueDesc2ndBlackVoid		mensuralObliqueDesc2ndWhite
	Oblique form, descending 2nd, black and void	П	Oblique form, descending 2nd, white
	U+E984		U+E985
	mensuralObliqueDesc3rdBlack		mensuralObliqueDesc3rdVoid
	Oblique form, descending 3rd, black		Oblique form, descending 3rd, void
	U+E986		U+E987
	mensuralObliqueDesc3rdBlackVoid		mensuralObliqueDesc3rdWhite
	Oblique form, descending 3rd, black and void		Oblique form, descending 3rd, white
	U+E988		U+E989
	<b>U+E988</b> mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack		<b>U+E989</b> mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid
•			
•	mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack Oblique form, descending 4th,		mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid
•	mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack Oblique form, descending 4th, black		mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid  Oblique form, descending 4th, void
	mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack  Oblique form, descending 4th, black  U+E98A		mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, void U+E98B
	mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack  Oblique form, descending 4th, black  U+E98A  mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlackVoid  Oblique form, descending 4th,		mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, void  U+E98B  mensuralObliqueDesc4thWhite Oblique form, descending 4th,
	mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack Oblique form, descending 4th, black U+E98A mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlackVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, black and void		mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, void  U+E98B  mensuralObliqueDesc4thWhite Oblique form, descending 4th, white
	mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack Oblique form, descending 4th, black U+E98A mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlackVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, black and void U+E98C		mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, void  U+E98B  mensuralObliqueDesc4thWhite Oblique form, descending 4th, white  U+E98D
	mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack  Oblique form, descending 4th, black  U+E98A  mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlackVoid  Oblique form, descending 4th, black and void  U+E98C  mensuralObliqueDesc5thBlack  Oblique form, descending 5th,		mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, void  U+E98B  mensuralObliqueDesc4thWhite Oblique form, descending 4th, white  U+E98D  mensuralObliqueDesc5thVoid
	mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlack Oblique form, descending 4th, black  U+E98A  mensuralObliqueDesc4thBlackVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, black and void  U+E98C  mensuralObliqueDesc5thBlack Oblique form, descending 5th, black		mensuralObliqueDesc4thVoid Oblique form, descending 4th, void  U+E98B  mensuralObliqueDesc4thWhite Oblique form, descending 4th, white  U+E98D  mensuralObliqueDesc5thVoid Oblique form, descending 5th, void

# Medieval and Renaissance plainchant single-note forms (U+E990-U+E9AF)

	U+E990		U+E991
	chantPunctum		chantPunctumInclinatum
•	Punctum	•	Punctum inclinatum
	U+E992		U+E993
	chantPunctumInclinatumAuctum		${\it chantPunctumInclinatumDeminutum}$
•	Punctum inclinatum auctum	•	Punctum inclinatum deminutum
	U+E994		U+E995
	chantAuctumAsc		chantAuctumDesc
•	Punctum auctum, ascending	•	Punctum auctum, descending
	<b>U+E996</b> (and U+1D1D3)		U+E997
	chantPunctumVirga		chantPunctumVirgaReversed
٦	Punctum virga	r	Punctum virga, reversed
	U+E998		U+E999
	chantPunctumCavum		chantPunctumLinea
Ω	Punctum cavum		Punctum linea
	U+E99A		U+E99B
	chantPunctumLineaCavum		chantQuilisma
	Punctum linea cavum	W	Quilisma
	U+E99C		U+E99D
	chantOriscusAscending		chantOriscusDescending
N	Oriscus ascending	u	Oriscus descending
	U+E99E		U+E99F
	chantOriscusLiquescens		chantStrophicus
•	Oriscus liquescens	•	Strophicus

#### U+E9A0

chantStrophicusAuctus

• Strophicus auctus

### Medieval and Renaissance plainchant multiplenote forms (U+E9B0-U+E9CF)

	U+E9B0		<b>U+E9B1</b> (and U+1D1D4)
	chantPodatusLower		chantPodatusUpper
•	Podatus, lower	•	Podatus, upper
	U+E9B2		U+E9B3
	chantDeminutumUpper		chantDeminutumLower
1	Punctum deminutum, upper	•	Punctum deminutum, lower
	U+E9B4		U+E9B5
	chantEntryLineAsc2nd		chantEntryLineAsc3rd
I	Entry line, ascending 2nd		Entry line, ascending 3rd
	U+E9B6		U+E9B7
	chantEntryLineAsc4th	ı	chantEntryLineAsc5th
	Entry line, ascending 4th		Entry line, ascending 5th
	U+E9B8		U+E9B9
ı	chantEntryLineAsc6th		chantLigaturaDesc2nd
	Entry line, ascending 6th	•	Ligated stroke, descending 2nd
	U+E9BA		U+E9BB
	chantLigaturaDesc3rd		chantLigaturaDesc4th
-	Ligated stroke, descending 3rd		Ligated stroke, descending 4th
	U+E9BC		U+E9BD
	chantLigaturaDesc5th		chantConnectingLineAsc2nd
	Ligated stroke, descending 5th	ſ	Connecting line, ascending 2nd
	U+E9BE		U+E9BF
	chantConnectingLineAsc3rd		chantConnectingLineAsc4th
	Connecting line, ascending 3rd		Connecting line, ascending 4th

	U+E9C0		U+E9C1
1	chantConnectingLineAsc5th		chantConnectingLineAsc6th
	Connecting line, ascending 5th		Connecting line, ascending 6th
	U+E9C2		U+E9C3
	chantStrophicusLiquescens2nd		chantStrophicusLiquescens3rd
•	Strophicus liquescens, 2nd	3	Strophicus liquescens, 3rd
	U+E9C4		U+E9C5
	chantStrophicusLiquescens4th	•	chantStrophicusLiquescens5th
J	Strophicus liquescens, 4th	J	Strophicus liquescens, 5th

#### Implementation notes

To produce ligatures of three or more notes, some of the glyphs in this range have to be combined.

Glyphs should be positioned relative to their starting pitch: for example, the chantLigaturaDesc3rd glyph, which describes a downwards progression by an interval of a third, should be positioned on the staff line or space of the starting note of the downwards pattern; the connecting lines (e.g. chantConnectingLineAsc3rd) should likewise be positioned on the staff line or space corresponding to the bottom of the line; for an ascending liquescent, position chantAuctumAsc on the starting staff position, and chantDeminutemUpper on the ending staff position, with the appropriate length of connecting line between them.

Scoring applications should position these glyphs like any other notehead, i.e. moving them vertically according to the desired starting staff position. Fonts intended for use in text-based applications should include glyphs that present these symbols at different staff positions, and a means to easily choose between them; one possible implementation would be to define OpenType ligatures of each of the glyphs in the **Combining staff positions** range with each of the glyphs in this range.

The table below shows how to produce some common ligatures, and describes which glyphs should be used; glyphs whose names appear in parentheses are control characters that move the following glyph vertically to a different staff position, as might be used in a font that employs OpenType ligatures.



Podatus, ascending 3rd: chantPodatusLower + chantConnectingLineAsc3rd + (staffPosRaise3) + chantPodatusUpper





Porrectus liquescens: chantPunctumVirgaReversed + (staffPosLower1) + chantAuctumAsc + (staffPosRaise1) + chantDeminutemUpper



 $Scandicus\ liquescens:\ chantPunctum\ +\ (staffPosRaise1)\ +\ chantAuctumAsc\ +\ +\ (staffPosRaise1)\ +\ chantConnectingLineAsc3rd\ +\ (staffPosRaise4)\ +\ chantDeminutemUpper$ 

## Medieval and Renaissance plainchant articulations (U+E9D0-U+E9DF)

U+E9D0 U+E9D1

chantictusAbove chantictusBelow

Ictus above Ictus below

chantCirculusAbove chantCirculusBelow
Circulus above chantCirculus below

chantSemicirculusAbove chantSemicirculusBelow
Semicirculus above Semicirculus below

U+E9D6 U+E9D7

chantAccentusAbove chantAccentusBelow

Accentus above Accentus below

chantEpisema chantAugmentum

Episema · Augmentum (mora)

# Medieval and Renaissance accidentals (U+E9E0-U+E9EF)

6	U+E9E0  medRenFlatSoftB  Flat, soft b (fa)	L	<b>U+E9E1</b> medRenFlatHardB  Natural, hard b (mi)
4	<b>U+E9E2</b> <i>medRenNatural</i> Natural	*	<b>U+E9E3</b> (and U+1D1CF)  medRenSharpCroix  Croix
Ь	<b>U+E9E4</b> medRenFlatWithDot  Flat with dot	þ	U+E9E5  medRenNaturalWithCross  Natural with interrupted cross

### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

	uniE9E0.salt01		uniE9E0.salt02
	medRenFlatSoftBOld		medRenFlatSoftBHufnagel
6	Flat (old)	b	Flat (Hufnagel)

## Medieval and Renaissance rests (U+E9F0-U+E9FF)

U+E9F0

mensuralRestMaxima

Maxima rest

**U+E9F2** (and U+1D1C2)

mensuralRestLongalmperfecta

Longa imperfecta rest

**U+E9F4** (and U+1D1C4)

mensuralRestSemibrevis

Semibrevis rest

**U+E9F6** (and U+1D1C6)

mensuralRestSemiminima

Semiminima rest

U+E9F8

mensuralRestSemifusa

Semifusa rest

**U+E9F1** (and U+1D1C1)

mensuralRestLongaPerfecta

Longa perfecta rest

**U+E9F3** (and U+1D1C3)

mensuralRestBrevis

Brevis rest

**U+E9F5** (and U+1D1C5)

mensuralRestMinima

Minima rest

U+E9F7

mensuralRestFusa

Fusa rest

# Medieval and Renaissance miscellany (U+EA00-U+EA1F)

<b>5</b> .	U+EA00  mensuralSignumUp  Signum congruentiae up  U+EA02  mensuralCustosUp  Mensural custos up	ž •••	U+EA01  mensuralSignumDown  Signum congruentiae down  U+EA03  mensuralCustosDown  Mensural custos down
1	U+EA04  chantCustosStemUpPosLowest  Plainchant custos, stem up, lowest position	Į	U+EA05  chantCustosStemUpPosLow  Plainchant custos, stem up, low position
ı	U+EA06  chantCustosStemUpPosMiddle  Plainchant custos, stem up, middle position	1	U+EA07  chantCustosStemDownPosMiddle  Plainchant custos, stem down, middle position
1	U+EA08  chantCustosStemDownPosHigh  Plainchant custos, stem down, high position  U+EA0A  mensuralCustosCheckmark	1	U+EA09  chantCustosStemDownPosHighest  Plainchant custos, stem down, highest position  U+EA0B  mensuralCustosTurn
<b>√</b>	Checkmark custos  U+EA0C  mensuralColorationStartSquare  Coloration start, square	ο.	Turn-like custos  U+EA0D  mensuralColorationEndSquare  Coloration end, square
۲	U+EA0E  mensuralColorationStartRound  Coloration start, round	٦	<b>U+EA0F</b> mensuralColorationEndRound  Coloration end, round

#### U+EA10

mensuralAlterationSign

✓ Alteration sign

# Medieval and Renaissance symbols in CMN (U+EA20-U+EA2F)

**U+EA20** 

ornamentQuilisma

V Quilisma

U+EA22

medRenLiquescenceCMN

× Liquescence

U+EA24

medRenGClefCMN

G G clef (Corpus Monodicum)

U+EA26

medRenLiquescentAscCMN

 Liquescent ascending (Corpus Monodicum)

U+EA28

medRenQuilismaCMN

Quilisma (Corpus Monodicum)

U+EA2A

medRenOriscusCMN

Oriscus (Corpus Monodicum)

**U+EA21** 

ornamentOriscus

→ Oriscus

**U+EA23** 

medRenPlicaCMN

Plica

U+EA25

medRenPunctumCMN

Punctum (Corpus Monodicum)

**U+EA27** 

medRenLiquescentDescCMN

 Liquescent descending (Corpus Monodicum)

U+EA29

medRenStrophicusCMN

Strophicus (Corpus Monodicum)

## Daseian notation (U+EA30-U+EA4F)

Ŕ	U+EA30  daseianGraves1  Daseian graves 1	F	<b>U+EA31</b> daseianGraves2 Daseian graves 2
$oldsymbol{N}$	U+EA32  daseianGraves3  Daseian graves 3	4	<b>U+EA33</b> daseianGraves4 Daseian graves 4
Þ	U+EA34  daseianFinales1  Daseian finales 1	F	<b>U+EA35</b> daseianFinales2 Daseian finales 2
I	U+EA36  daseianFinales3  Daseian finales 3	F	<b>U+EA37</b> daseianFinales4 Daseian finales 4
J	U+EA38  daseianSuperiores1  Daseian superiores 1	J	<b>U+EA39</b> daseianSuperiores2 Daseian superiores 2
<b>,</b>	U+EA3A  daseianSuperiores3  Daseian superiores 3	Į	<b>U+EA3B</b> daseianSuperiores4 Daseian superiores 4
Þ	U+EA3C  daseianExcellentes1  Daseian excellentes 1	£	U+EA3D  daseianExcellentes2  Daseian excellentes 2
X	U+EA3E  daseianExcellentes3  Daseian excellentes 3	F	<b>U+EA3F</b> daseianExcellentes4 Daseian excellentes 4
<b>'</b>	U+EA40  daseianResidua1  Daseian residua 1	£	<b>U+EA41</b> daseianResidua2  Daseian residua 2

## Figured bass (U+EA50-U+EA6F)

0	<b>U+EA50</b> figbass0 Figured bass 0	1	U+EA51 figbass1 Figured bass 1
	U+EA52		U+EA53
0	figbass2	9	figbass2Raised
2	Figured bass 2	2	Figured bass 2 raised by half-step
	U+EA54		U+EA55
	figbass3		figbass4
3	Figured bass 3	4	Figured bass 4
	rigured bass 5		rigured bass 4
	U+EA56		U+EA57
	figbass4Raised		figbass5
4	Figured bass 4 raised by half-step	5	Figured bass 5
	U+EA58		U+EA59
_	figbass5Raised1		figbass5Raised2
ฮ	Figured bass 5 raised by half-step	5	Figured bass 5 raised by half-step 2
	U+EA5A		U+EA5B
	figbass5Raised3		figbass6
5.	Figured bass diminished 5	6	Figured bass 6
	II. FAFC		II. FAFD
	U+EA5C		U+EA5D
6.	figbass6Raised	7	figbass7
ū	Figured bass 6 raised by half-step	·	Figured bass 7
	U+EA5E		U+EA5F
	figbass7Raised		figbass8
7	Figured bass 7 raised by half-step	8	Figured bass 8
	U+EA60		U+EA61
	figbass9		figbass9Raised
9	Figured bass 9	9-	•
	rigured bass 7		Figured bass 9 raised by half-step

	U+EA62		U+EA63
	figbassDoubleFlat		figbassFlat
Ь	Figured bass double flat	Ь	Figured bass flat
	U+EA64		U+EA65
	figbassNatural		figbassSharp
<b>4</b>	Figured bass natural	#	Figured bass sharp
	U+EA66		U+EA67
	figbassDoubleSharp		figbassBracketLeft
×	Figured bass double sharp	I	Figured bass [
	U+EA68		U+EA69
	figbassBracketRight		figbassParensLeft
1	Figured bass ]	(	Figured bass (
	U+EA6A		U+EA6B
	figbassParensRight		figbassPlus
)	Figured bass )	+	Figured bass +
	II. FAAC		II. FA4D
	U+EA6C		U+EA6D
	figbassCombiningRaising		figbassCombiningLowering
	Combining raise	•	Combining lower

## **Function theory symbols (U+EA70-U+EA9F)**

0	U+EA70 functionZero Function theory 0	1	U+EA71 functionOne Function theory 1
2	U+EA72 functionTwo Function theory 2	3	U+EA73 functionThree Function theory 3
4	U+EA74 functionFour Function theory 4	5	<b>U+EA75</b> functionFive Function theory 5
6	U+EA76 functionSix Function theory 6	7	U+EA77 functionSeven Function theory 7
8	U+EA78 functionEight Function theory 8	9	U+EA79 functionNine Function theory 9
<	U+EA7A functionLessThan Function theory less than	-	U+EA7B functionMinus Function theory minus
>	U+EA7C functionGreaterThan Function theory greater than	89	U+EA7D  functionSSUpper  Function theory major subdominant of subdominant
B	U+EA7E functionSSLower Function theory minor subdominant of subdominant	D	<b>U+EA7F</b> <pre>functionDUpper</pre> Function theory major dominant
d	U+EA80 functionDLower Function theory minor dominant	Ф	U+EA81 functionDD Function theory dominant of dominant

ゆ	U+EA82 functionSlashedDD Function theory double dominant seventh	G	U+EA83 functionGUpper Function theory G
g	<b>U+EA84</b> <pre>functionGLower</pre> Function theory g	N	<b>U+EA85</b> <pre>functionNUpper</pre> Function theory N
n	<b>U+EA86</b> functionNLower Function theory n	Р	<b>U+EA87</b> <pre>functionPUpper</pre> Function theory P
р	<b>U+EA88</b> <pre>functionPLower</pre> Function theory p	S	U+EA89 functionSUpper Function theory major subdominant
S	U+EA8A functionSLower Function theory minor subdominant	Т	<b>U+EA8B</b> <pre>functionTUpper</pre> Function theory tonic
t	U+EA8C functionTLower Function theory minor tonic	V	<b>U+EA8D</b> <pre>functionVUpper</pre> Function theory V
V	<b>U+EA8E</b> <pre>functionVLower</pre> Function theory v	[	<b>U+EA8F</b> <pre>functionBracketLeft</pre> Function theory bracket left
]	<b>U+EA90</b> <pre>functionBracketRight</pre> Function theory bracket right	(	U+EA91 functionParensLeft Function theory parenthesis left
)	U+EA92 functionParensRight Function theory parenthesis right	<	U+EA93 functionAngleLeft Function theory angle bracket left

#### U+EA94

functionAngleRight

Function theory angle bracket right

#### U+EA95

functionRepetition1

Function theory repetition 1

#### U+EA96

functionRepetition2Function theory repetition 2

#### U+EA97

o functionRing

Function theory prefix ring

#### U+EA98

+ functionPlus
Function theory prefix plus

## **Multi-segment lines (U+EAA0-U+EB0F)**

•	U+EAA0 wiggleTrillFastest Trill wiggle segment, fastest	*	U+EAA1 wiggleTrillFasterStill Trill wiggle segment, faster still
~	U+EAA2 wiggleTrillFaster Trill wiggle segment, faster	~	U+EAA3 wiggleTrillFast Trill wiggle segment, fast
~	U+EAA4 wiggleTrill Trill wiggle segment	~	U+EAA5 wiggleTrillSlow Trill wiggle segment, slow
~	U+EAA6 wiggleTrillSlower Trill wiggle segment, slower	~	<b>U+EAA7</b> wiggleTrillSlowerStill Trill wiggle segment, slower still
~	U+EAA8 wiggleTrillSlowest Trill wiggle segment, slowest	~	U+EAA9 wiggleArpeggiatoUp Arpeggiato wiggle segment, upwards
•	U+EAAA wiggleArpeggiatoDown Arpeggiato wiggle segment, downwards	~	<b>U+EAAB</b> wiggleArpeggiatoUpSwash Arpeggiato upward swash
~	<b>U+EAAC</b> wiggleArpeggiatoDownSwash Arpeggiato downward swash	<b>→</b>	<b>U+EAAD</b> wiggleArpeggiatoUpArrow Arpeggiato arrowhead up
<b>→</b>	<b>U+EAAE</b> wiggleArpeggiatoDownArrow Arpeggiato arrowhead down	~	<b>U+EAAF</b> wiggleGlissando Glissando wiggle segment
~	U+EAB0 wiggleVibrato Vibrato / shake wiggle segment	*	U+EAB1 wiggleVibratoWide Wide vibrato / shake wiggle segment

~	U+EAB2 guitarVibratoStroke Vibrato wiggle segment	*	U+EAB3  guitarWideVibratoStroke  Wide vibrato wiggle segment
	<b>U+EAB4</b> wiggleWavyNarrow		U+EAB5 wiggleWavy
V	Narrow wavy line segment	$\vee$	Wavy line segment
	U+EAB6		U+EAB7
	wiggleWavyWide		wiggleSquareWaveNarrow
$\bigvee$	Wide wavy line segment	Т	Narrow square wave line segment
	U+EAB8		U+EAB9
	wiggleSquareWave		wiggleSquareWaveWide
ъ	Square wave line segment	7	Wide square wave line segment
	U+EABA		U+EABB
	wiggleSawtoothNarrow		wiggleSawtooth
$\vee$	Narrow sawtooth line segment	$\vee$	Sawtooth line segment
	U+EABC		U+EABD
	wiggleSawtoothWide	XX	wiggleGlissandoGroup1
<b>\</b>	Wide sawtooth line segment	₩	Group glissando 1
	U+EABE		U+EABF
8	wiggleGlissandoGroup2	§	wiggleGlissandoGroup3
<b>Q</b>	Group glissando 2	Ŷ	Group glissando 3
	U+EAC0		U+EAC1
	wiggleCircularConstant		wiggleCircularConstantFlipped
d	Constant circular motion segment	l	Constant circular motion segment (flipped)
	U+EAC2		U+EAC3
	wiggleCircularConstantLarge	^	wiggleCircularConstantFlippedLarge
J	Constant circular motion segment (large)	Q	Constant circular motion segment (flipped, large)

©,	U+EAC4 wiggleCircularStart Circular motion start	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	U+EAC5 wiggleCircularLargest Circular motion segment, largest
	U+EAC6 wiggleCircularLargerStill		<b>U+EAC7</b> wiggleCircularLarger
/*************************************	Circular motion segment, larger still	Circular motion segment, larger	
	U+EAC8		U+EAC9
,,,,	wiggleCircularLarge	<i>(**</i> 0	wiggleCircular
Ü	Circular motion segment, large	, ,,	Circular motion segment
	U+EACA		U+EACB
,,,,	wiggleCircularSmall	~	wiggleCircularEnd
~~v	Circular motion segment, small	~	Circular motion end
	U+EACC		U+EACD
	wiggleVibratoStart		wiggleVibratoSmallestFastest
U	Vibrato start	*	Vibrato smallest, fastest
	U+EACE		U+EACF
	wiggleVibratoSmallestFasterStill		wiggleVibratoSmallestFaster
~	Vibrato smallest, faster still	~	Vibrato smallest, faster
	U+EAD0		U+EAD1
	wiggleVibratoSmallestFast		wiggleVibratoSmallestSlow
~	Vibrato smallest, fast	~	Vibrato smallest, slow
	U+EAD2		U+EAD3
	wiggleVibratoSmallestSlower		wiggleVibratoSmallestSlowest
~	Vibrato smallest, slower	~	Vibrato smallest, slowest
	U+EAD4		U+EAD5
	wiggleVibratoSmallFastest		wiggleVibratoSmallFasterStill
•	Vibrato small, fastest	*	Vibrato small, faster still

•	<b>U+EAD6</b> wiggleVibratoSmallFaster Vibrato small, faster	*	<b>U+EAD7</b> wiggleVibratoSmallFast Vibrato small, fast
•	U+EAD8 wiggleVibratoSmallSlow Vibrato small, slow	~	<b>U+EAD9</b> wiggleVibratoSmallSlower Vibrato small, slower
~	<b>U+EADA</b> wiggleVibratoSmallSlowest Vibrato small, slowest	٨	<b>U+EADB</b> wiggleVibratoMediumFastest Vibrato medium, fastest
۸	<b>U+EADC</b> wiggleVibratoMediumFasterStill Vibrato medium, faster still	N	<b>U+EADD</b> wiggleVibratoMediumFaster Vibrato medium, faster
N.	<b>U+EADE</b> wiggleVibratoMediumFast Vibrato medium, fast	N	<b>U+EADF</b> wiggleVibratoMediumSlow Vibrato medium, slow
~	<b>U+EAE0</b> wiggleVIbratoMediumSlower Vibrato medium, slower	$\sim$	<b>U+EAE1</b> wiggleVibratoMediumSlowest Vibrato medium, slowest
٨	<b>U+EAE2</b> wiggleVibratoLargeFastest Vibrato large, fastest	<b>\</b>	<b>U+EAE3</b> wiggleVibratoLargeFasterStill Vibrato large, faster still
<b>\</b>	<b>U+EAE4</b> wiggleVibratoLargeFaster Vibrato large, faster	$\wedge$	<b>U+EAE5</b> wiggleVibratoLargeFast Vibrato large, fast
$\sim$	U+EAE6 wiggleVibratoLargeSlow Vibrato large, slow	$\sim$	<b>U+EAE7</b> wiggleVibratoLargeSlower Vibrato large, slower

$\sim$	<b>U+EAE8</b> wiggleVibratoLargeSlowest Vibrato large, slowest	ackslash	<b>U+EAE9</b> wiggleVibratoLargestFastest Vibrato largest, fastest
$\setminus$	<b>U+EAEA</b> wiggleVibratoLargestFasterStill Vibrato largest, faster still		<b>U+EAEB</b> wiggleVibratoLargestFaster Vibrato largest, faster
$\wedge$	<b>U+EAEC</b> wiggleVibratoLargestFast Vibrato largest, fast		<b>U+EAED</b> wiggleVibratoLargestSlow Vibrato largest, slow
$\wedge$	<b>U+EAEE</b> wiggleVIbratoLargestSlower Vibrato largest, slower	$\sim$	<b>U+EAEF</b> wiggleVibratoLargestSlowest Vibrato largest, slowest
~~~	U+EAF0 wiggleRandom1 Quasi-random squiggle 1	M	<b>U+EAF1</b> wiggleRandom2 Quasi-random squiggle 2
~~~	U+EAF2 wiggleRandom3 Quasi-random squiggle 3	MMr	U+EAF3 wiggleRandom4 Quasi-random squiggle 4
	U+EAF4 beamAccelRit1 Accel./rit. beam 1 (widest)		U+EAF5 beamAccelRit2 Accel./rit. beam 2
	U+EAF6 beamAccelRit3 Accel./rit. beam 3		U+EAF7 beamAccelRit4 Accel./rit. beam 4
	U+EAF8 beamAccelRit5 Accel./rit. beam 5		U+EAF9 beamAccelRit6 Accel./rit. beam 6

	U+EAFA beamAccelRit7 Accel./rit. beam 7	Г	U+EAFB  beamAccelRit8  Accel./rit. beam 8
Γ	U+EAFC beamAccelRit9 Accel./rit. beam 9	Γ	U+EAFD  beamAccelRit10  Accel./rit. beam 10
Γ	U+EAFE beamAccelRit11 Accel./rit. beam 11	Γ	<b>U+EAFF</b> beamAccelRit12 Accel./rit. beam 12
Γ	U+EB00 beamAccelRit13 Accel./rit. beam 13	Γ	<b>U+EB01</b> beamAccelRit14 Accel./rit. beam 14
٢	U+EB02 beamAccelRit15 Accel./rit. beam 15 (narrowest)	1	U+EB03  beamAccelRitFinal  Accel./rit. beam terminating line

### Implementation notes

Scoring applications can combine these glyphs to produce lines of varying lengths. By way of example:

4pm	ornamentTrill + wiggleTrillFastest + wiggleTrillFasterStill + wiggleTrillFaster + wiggleTrillFast + wiggleTrill + wiggleTrillSlower + wiggleTrillSlowerStill + wiggleTrillFaster + wiggleTrillFasterStill
~~~~~~	10 x wiggleWavy
	10 x wiggleSawtooth
www	6 x wiggleSquaretooth
©,,,999999	wiggleCircularStart + wiggleCircularLargest + wiggleCircularLargerStill + wiggleCircularLarger + wiggleCircularLarge + wiggleCircularEnd
V	wiggleVibratoStart + wiggleVibratoSmallestFastest + wiggleVibratoMediumSlower + wiggleVibratoMediumSlowest + wiggleVibratoMediumFaster + wiggleVibratoMediumFasterStill, etc.

## **Electronic music pictograms (U+EB10-U+EB5F)**

<u> </u>	U+EB10  elecMicrophone  Microphone	60	<b>U+EB11</b> elecHeadphones Headphones
$\Omega$	<b>U+EB12</b> elecHeadset Headset	6	<b>U+EB13</b> elecDisc Disc
00	<b>U+EB14</b> <i>elecTape</i> Tape		<b>U+EB15</b> elecMixingConsole Mixing console
<mark>.</mark>	U+EB16 elecUSB USB connection	<b>□</b> 4	<b>U+EB17</b> elecVideoCamera Video camera
무	U+EB18  elecMonitor  Monitor	<b>@</b>	<b>U+EB19</b> elecProjector Projector
	<b>U+EB1A</b> elecLoudspeaker  Loudspeaker		<b>U+EB1B</b> elecCamera Camera
•	<b>U+EB1C</b> <i>elecPlay</i> Play	•	<b>U+EB1D</b> elecStop Stop
11	<b>U+EB1E</b> elecPause Pause	<b>*</b>	<b>U+EB1F</b> <i>elecFastForward</i> Fast-forward
<b>44</b>	<b>U+EB20</b> elecRewind Rewind	<b>▶</b>	<b>U+EB21</b> elecSkipForwards Skip forwards

H	<b>U+EB22</b> elecSkipBackwards  Skip backwards	ۓ	U+EB23 elecLoop Loop
63	<b>U+EB24</b> <i>elecReplay</i> Replay	<b>&gt;</b> ⇒	U+EB25 elecShuffle Shuffle
Ľ√×	U+EB26 elecMute Mute	<b>(</b> )	U+EB27 elecUnmute Unmute
Š	U+EB28  elecMicrophoneMute  Mute microphone	) <u>Ü</u>	U+EB29  elecMicrophoneUnmute  Unmute microphone
Φ	U+EB2A elecPowerOnOff Power on/off	<b>_</b>	<b>U+EB2B</b> elecEject Eject
	U+EB2C  elecVolumeFader  Combining volume fader	Θ	U+EB2D  elecVolumeFaderThumb  Combining volume fader thumb
	U+EB2E elecVolumeLevel0 Volume level 0%	Î B	<b>U+EB2F</b> elecVolumeLevel20 Volume level 20%
H H	U+EB30 elecVolumeLevel40 Volume level 40%		U+EB31 elecVolumeLevel60 Volume level 60%
Ħ	U+EB32 elecVolumeLevel80 Volume level 80%	Ħ	U+EB33 elecVolumeLevel100 Volume level 100%

<b></b>	U+EB34 elecMIDIIn MIDI in	<b></b>	U+EB35 elecMIDIOut MIDI out
Q	U+EB36 elecMIDIController0 MIDI controller 0%	Q	U+EB37 elecMIDIController20 MIDI controller 20%
0	U+EB38  elecMIDIController40  MIDI controller 40%	Ø	U+EB39 elecMIDIController60 MIDI controller 60%
Q	U+EB3A elecMIDIController80 MIDI controller 80%	Q	U+EB3B elecMIDIController100 MIDI controller 100%
0	U+EB3C elecAudioMono Mono audio setup	<b>(</b>	U+EB3D elecAudioStereo Stereo audio setup
	U+EB3E  elecAudioChannelsOne  One channel (mono)		U+EB3F  elecAudioChannelsTwo  Two channels (stereo)
	U+EB40  elecAudioChannelsThreeFrontal  Three channels (frontal)		U+EB41  elecAudioChannelsThreeSurround  Three channels (surround)
	U+EB42  elecAudioChannelsFour  Four channels		<b>U+EB43</b> <i>elecAudioChannelsFive</i> Five channels
	U+EB44  elecAudioChannelsSix  Six channels (5.1 surround)	<u> </u>	<b>U+EB45</b> elecAudioChannelsSeven Seven channels

#### U+EB46 U+EB47 elecAudioChannelsEight elecLineIn Eight channels (7.1 surround) Line in U+EB48 U+EB49 elecLineOut elecAudioIn Line out Audio in U+EB4A U+EB4B elecAudioOut elecVideoIn Video in Audio out U+EB4C U+EB4D 010110 011010 **†** elecVideoOut elecDataIn Video out Data in U+EB4E U+EB4F elecDownload elecDataOut Data out Download

**U+EB50** *elecUpload*Upload

### Arrows and arrowheads (U+EB60-U+EB8F)

<b>†</b>	<b>U+EB60</b> arrowBlackUp  Black arrow up (N)	1	<b>U+EB61</b> arrowBlackUpRight  Black arrow up-right (NE)
<b>→</b>	U+EB62  arrowBlackRight  Black arrow right (E)	¥	<b>U+EB63</b> arrowBlackDownRight  Black arrow down-right (SE)
<b>\</b>	U+EB64  arrowBlackDown  Black arrow down (S)	¥	<b>U+EB65</b> arrowBlackDownLeft  Black arrow down-left (SW)
<b>←</b>	U+EB66  arrowBlackLeft  Black arrow left (W)	*	<b>U+EB67</b> arrowBlackUpLeft  Black arrow up-left (NW)
Ŷ	U+EB68  arrowWhiteUp  White arrow up (N)	A	U+EB69  arrowWhiteUpRight  White arrow up-right (NE)
<del></del>	U+EB6A  arrowWhiteRight  White arrow right (E)	¥	<b>U+EB6B</b> arrowWhiteDownRight  White arrow down-right (SE)
Ą	U+EB6C  arrowWhiteDown  White arrow down (S)	K	U+EB6D  arrowWhiteDownLeft  White arrow down-left (SW)
<b>√</b>	U+EB6E  arrowWhiteLeft  White arrow left (W)	R	<b>U+EB6F</b> arrowWhiteUpLeft  White arrow up-left (NW)
<b>↑</b>	U+EB70  arrowOpenUp  Open arrow up (N)	1	<b>U+EB71</b> arrow0penUpRight  Open arrow up-right (NE)

U+EB72 U+EB73 arrowOpenRight arrowOpenDownRight Open arrow right (E) Open arrow down-right (SE) **U+EB74 U+EB75** arrowOpenDown arrowOpenDownLeft Open arrow down (S) Open arrow down-left (SW) U+EB76 U+EB77 arrowOpenLeft arrowOpenUpLeft Open arrow left (W) Open arrow up-left (NW) U+EB78 U+EB79 arrowheadBlackUp arrowheadBlackUpRight Black arrowhead up-right (NE) Black arrowhead up (N) U+EB7A U+EB7B arrowheadBlackRight arrowheadBlackDownRightBlack arrowhead right (E) Black arrowhead down-right (SE) U+EB7C U+EB7D arrowheadBlackDown arrowheadBlackDownLeft Black arrowhead down (S) Black arrowhead down-left (SW) U+EB7E U+EB7F arrowheadBlackLeft arrowheadBlackUpLeft Black arrowhead left (W) Black arrowhead up-left (NW) U+EB80 **U+EB81** arrowheadWhiteUp arrowhead White Up RightΔ White arrowhead up (N) White arrowhead up-right (NE) U+EB82 **U+EB83** arrowheadWhiteRight arrowheadWhiteDownRight  $\triangleright$ White arrowhead down-right (SE) White arrowhead right (E)

	U+EB84		U+EB85
	arrowheadWhiteDown		arrowhead White Down Left
Δ	White arrowhead down (S)	<i>&gt;</i>	White arrowhead down-left (SW)
	U+EB86		U+EB87
	arrowheadWhiteLeft		arrowheadWhiteUpLeft
⋖	White arrowhead left (W)	$\triangleright$	White arrowhead up-left (NW)
	U+EB88		U+EB89
	arrowheadOpenUp		arrowheadOpenUpRight
٨	Open arrowhead up (N)	1	Open arrowhead up-right (NE)
	U+EB8A		U+EB8B
	<b>U+EB8A</b> arrowheadOpenRight		<b>U+EB8B</b> arrowheadOpenDownRight
>		4	
>	arrowheadOpenRight  Open arrowhead right (E)	4	arrowheadOpenDownRight  Open arrowhead down-right (SE)
>	arrowheadOpenRight  Open arrowhead right (E)  U+EB8C	4	arrowheadOpenDownRight Open arrowhead down-right (SE) U+EB8D
	arrowheadOpenRight Open arrowhead right (E)  U+EB8C arrowheadOpenDown		arrowheadOpenDownRight Open arrowhead down-right (SE)  U+EB8D arrowheadOpenDownLeft
> V	arrowheadOpenRight  Open arrowhead right (E)  U+EB8C	<b>1</b>	arrowheadOpenDownRight Open arrowhead down-right (SE) U+EB8D
	arrowheadOpenRight Open arrowhead right (E)  U+EB8C arrowheadOpenDown Open arrowhead down (S)		arrowheadOpenDownRight Open arrowhead down-right (SE)  U+EB8D arrowheadOpenDownLeft Open arrowhead down-left (SW)
	arrowheadOpenRight Open arrowhead right (E)  U+EB8C arrowheadOpenDown Open arrowhead down (S)  U+EB8E		arrowheadOpenDownRight Open arrowhead down-right (SE)  U+EB8D arrowheadOpenDownLeft Open arrowhead down-left (SW)  U+EB8F
	arrowheadOpenRight Open arrowhead right (E)  U+EB8C arrowheadOpenDown Open arrowhead down (S)		arrowheadOpenDownRight Open arrowhead down-right (SE)  U+EB8D arrowheadOpenDownLeft Open arrowhead down-left (SW)

### Combining staff positions (U+EB90-U+EB9F)

U+EB90

staffPosRaise1

Raise 1 staff position

U+EB92

staffPosRaise3

Raise 3 staff positions

U+EB94

staffPosRaise5

Raise 5 staff positions

U+EB96

staffPosRaise7

Raise 7 staff positions

**U+EB98** 

staffPosLower1

Lower 1 staff position

U+EB9A

staffPosLower3

Lower 3 staff positions

U+EB9C

staffPosLower5

Lower 5 staff positions

U+EB9E

staffPosLower7

Lower 7 staff positions

U+EB91

staffPosRaise2

Raise 2 staff positions

**U+EB93** 

staffPosRaise4

Raise 4 staff positions

U+EB95

staffPosRaise6

Raise 6 staff positions

**U+EB97** 

staffPosRaise8

Raise 8 staff positions

U+EB99

staffPosLower2

Lower 2 staff positions

U+EB9B

staffPosLower4

Lower 4 staff positions

U+EB9D

staffPosLower6

Lower 6 staff positions

U+EB9F

staffPosLower8

Lower 8 staff positions

### Renaissance lute tablature (U+EBA0-U+EBBF)

_ _ _ _	U+EBA0  IuteStaff6Lines  Lute tablature staff, 6 courses		U+EBA1  luteStaff6LinesWide  Lute tablature staff, 6 courses (wide)
	U+EBA2  IuteStaff6LinesNarrow  Lute tablature staff, 6 courses (narrow)	<b>!</b> :	U+EBA3  luteBarlineStartRepeat  Lute tablature start repeat barline
	U+EBA4  IuteBarlineEndRepeat  Lute tablature end repeat barline		U+EBA5  IuteBarlineFinal  Lute tablature final barline
1	U+EBA6  IuteDurationDoubleWhole  Double whole note (breve) duration sign	1	U+EBA7  IuteDurationWhole  Whole note (semibreve) duration sign
	U+EBA8  IuteDurationHalf  Half note (minim) duration sign	<b>F</b>	U+EBA9  IuteDurationQuarter  Quarter note (crotchet) duration sign
#_	U+EBAA  IuteDuration8th  Eighth note (quaver) duration sign	<i>IIII</i>	U+EBAB  luteDuration16th  16th note (semiquaver) duration sign
шш	U+EBAC  IuteDuration32nd  32nd note (demisemiquaver) duration sign	ſ	<b>U+EBAD</b> <i>luteFingeringRHThumb</i> Right-hand fingering, thumb
	<b>U+EBAE</b> <i>luteFingeringRHFirst</i> Right-hand fingering, first finger		<b>U+EBAF</b> <i>luteFingeringRHSecond</i> Right-hand fingering, second finger
	U+EBB0  IuteFingeringRHThird  Right-hand fingering, third finger		

### **Recommended stylistic alternates**

#### uniEBB0.salt01

luteFingeringRHThirdAlt

Right-hand fingering, third finger (alternate)

# French and English Renaissance lute tablature (U+EBC0-U+EBDF)

	U+EBC0		U+EBC1
	luteFrenchFretA		luteFrenchFretB
а	Open string (a)	ь	First fret (b)
	U+EBC2		U+EBC3
	luteFrenchFretC		luteFrenchFretD
C	Second fret (c)	ت	Third fret (d)
	U+EBC4		U+EBC5
	luteFrenchFretE		luteFrenchFretF
e	Fourth fret (e)	£	Fifth fret (f)
	U+EBC6		U+EBC7
	luteFrenchFretG		luteFrenchFretH
Ġ	Sixth fret (g)	ъ	Seventh fret (h)
	Sixur fret (g)		Sevenur net (n)
	U+EBC8		U+EBC9
	luteFrenchFretl		luteFrenchFretK
i	Eighth fret (i)	k	Ninth fret (k)
	U+EBCA		U+EBCB
	luteFrenchFretL		luteFrenchFretM
e	10th fret (I)	m	11th fret (m)
	U+EBCC		U+EBCD
	luteFrenchFretN		luteFrench7thCourse
כו	12th fret (n)	а	Seventh course (diapason)
	U+EBCE		U+EBCF
	luteFrench8thCourse		luteFrench9thCourse
/a	Eighth course (diapason)	//a	Ninth course (diapason)
			•

	U+EBD0		U+EBD1
	luteFrench10thCourse		luteFrenchMordentUpper
///a	10th course (diapason)	×	Mordent with upper auxiliary
	U+EBD2		U+EBD3
	luteFrenchMordentLower		luteFrenchMordentInverted
**	Mordent with lower auxiliary	7	Inverted mordent
	U+EBD4		U+EBD5
	luteFrenchAppoggiaturaBelow		luteFrenchAppoggiaturaAbove
4	Appoggiatura from below	#	Appoggiatura from above
Recomme	nded stylistic alternates		
	uniEBC2.salt01		uniEBCD.salt01
	luteFrenchFretCAlt		luteFrench7thCourseStrikethru
۲	Second fret (c), alternate appearance	<del>-a-</del>	Seventh course (diapason), strikethrough
	uniEBCD.salt02		uniEBCD.salt03
	luteFrench7thCourseUnderline		luteFrench7thCourseRight
<u>a</u>	Seventh course (diapason), underline	а	Seventh course (diapason), right
	uniEBCE.salt01		uniEBCE.salt02
	luteFrench8thCourseStrikethru		luteFrench8thCourseUnderline
/ <del>-a-</del>	Eighth course (diapason), strikethrough	<u>/a</u>	Eighth course (diapason), underlined
	uniEBCE.salt03		uniEBCF.salt01
	luteFrench8thCourseRight		luteFrench9thCourseStrikethru
a/	Eighth course (diapason), right	/ <del>/ a</del>	Ninth course (diapason), strikethrough
	uniEBCF.salt02		uniEBCF.salt03
	luteFrench9thCourseUnderline		luteFrench9thCourseRight
<u>//a</u>	Ninth course (diapason), underlined	a//	Ninth course (diapason), right
	uniEBD0.salt01		uniEBD0.salt02
	luteFrench10thCourseStrikethru		luteFrench10thCourseUnderline
// <del>/ a</del>	10th course (diapason), strikethrough	/// <u>a</u>	10th course (diapason), underlined

## uniEBD0.salt03

luteFrench10thCourseRight

a/// 10th course (diapason), right

# Italian and Spanish Renaissance lute tablature (U+EBE0-U+EBFF)

o	U+EBE0  luteltalianFret0  Open string (0)	1	U+EBE1  luteItalianFret1  First fret (1)
2	U+EBE2  luteltalianFret2  Second fret (2)	3	U+EBE3  luteItalianFret3  Third fret (3)
4	U+EBE4  luteItalianFret4  Fourth fret (4)	5	U+EBE5  IuteItalianFret5  Fifth fret (5)
6	U+EBE6  luteItalianFret6  Sixth fret (6)	7	U+EBE7  IuteItalianFret7  Seventh fret (7)
8	U+EBE8  IuteItalianFret8  Eighth fret (8)	9	U+EBE9  IuteItalianFret9  Ninth fret (9)
Ф	U+EBEA  luteltalianTempoFast  Fast tempo indication (de Mudarra)	Ф	U+EBEB  luteItalianTempoSomewhatFast  Somewhat fast tempo indication (de Narvaez)
С	U+EBEC  luteItalianTempoNeitherFastNorSlow  Neither fast nor slow tempo indication (de Mudarra)	¢	U+EBED  IuteItalianTempoSlow  Slow tempo indication (de Mudarra)
<b></b>	U+EBEE  luteItalianTempoVerySlow  Very slow indication (de Narvaez)	3	<b>U+EBEF</b> <pre>luteItalianTimeTriple</pre> Triple time indication

U+EBF0

luteItalianClefFFaUt

♦**♦** F fa ut clef

#

U+EBF1

luteItalianClefCSolFaUtC sol fa ut clef

U+EBF2

luteItalianTremolo

· Single-finger tremolo or mordent

U+EBF3

lute Italian Hold Note

Hold note

U+EBF4

luteItalianHoldFinger

 $\sim$  Hold finger in place

U+EBF5

*luteItalianReleaseFinger* 

Release finger

U+EBF6

luteItalianVibrato

**X** Vibrato (verre cassé)

# German Renaissance lute tablature (U+EC00-U+EC2F)

	U+EC00		U+EC01
	luteGermanALower	_	luteGermanBLower
a	5th course, 1st fret (a)	b	4th course, 1st fret (b)
	U+EC02		U+EC03
	luteGermanCLower	,	luteGermanDLower
c	3rd course, 1st fret (c)	8	2nd course, 1st fret (d)
	U+EC04		U+EC05
	luteGermanELower	_	luteGermanFLower
e	1st course, 1st fret (e)	f	5th course, 2nd fret (f)
	U+EC06		U+EC07
	luteGermanGLower		luteGermanHLower
g	4th course, 2nd fret (g)	h	3rd course, 2nd fret (h)
	U+EC08		U+EC09
	01200		0.2007
	luteGermanlLower	4	luteGermanKLower
f		ŧ	
f	luteGermanlLower	ŧ	luteGermanKLower
j	luteGermanlLower  2nd course, 2nd fret (i)	ŧ	<pre>luteGermanKLower 1st course, 2nd fret (k)</pre>
j	luteGermanlLower  2nd course, 2nd fret (i)  U+ECOA	ŧ m	<pre>luteGermanKLower 1st course, 2nd fret(k) U+EC0B</pre>
j	luteGermanlLower  2nd course, 2nd fret (i)  U+ECOA  luteGermanLLower		IuteGermanKLower  1st course, 2nd fret (k)  U+ECOB  IuteGermanMLower
j	luteGermanlLower  2nd course, 2nd fret (i)  U+ECOA  luteGermanLLower  5th course, 3rd fret (I)		IuteGermanKLower  1st course, 2nd fret (k)  U+ECOB  IuteGermanMLower  4th course, 3rd fret (m)
f [	luteGermanlLower 2nd course, 2nd fret (i)  U+ECOA luteGermanLLower 5th course, 3rd fret (l)  U+ECOC		IuteGermanKLower  1st course, 2nd fret (k)  U+ECOB  IuteGermanMLower  4th course, 3rd fret (m)  U+ECOD
j I	luteGermanlLower 2nd course, 2nd fret (i)  U+EC0A luteGermanLLower 5th course, 3rd fret (l)  U+EC0C luteGermanNLower	m	IuteGermanKLower  1st course, 2nd fret (k)  U+EC0B  IuteGermanMLower  4th course, 3rd fret (m)  U+EC0D  IuteGermanOLower
f [ n	luteGermanlLower 2nd course, 2nd fret (i)  U+ECOA luteGermanLLower 5th course, 3rd fret (I)  U+ECOC luteGermanNLower 3rd course, 3rd fret (n)	m	IuteGermanKLower  1st course, 2nd fret (k)  U+ECOB  IuteGermanMLower  4th course, 3rd fret (m)  U+ECOD  IuteGermanOLower  2nd course, 3rd fret (o)

	U+EC10		U+EC11
	luteGermanRLower		luteGermanSLower
r	4th course, 4th fret (r)	ſ	3rd course, 4th fret(s)
	U+EC12		U+EC13
_	luteGermanTLower		luteGermanVLower
t	2nd course, 4th fret (t)	$\mathfrak v$	1st course, 4th fret (v)
	U+EC14		U+EC15
	luteGermanXLower		luteGermanYLower
ŗ	5th course, 5th fret (x)	У	4th course, 5th fret (y)
	U+EC16		U+EC17
	luteGermanZLower	24	luteGermanAUpper
3	3rd course, 5th fret (z)	$\mathfrak{U}$	6th course, 1st fret (A)
	U+EC18		U+EC19
••	luteGermanBUpper	_	luteGermanCUpper
3	6th course, 2nd fret (B)	C	6th course, 3rd fret (C)
	U+EC1A		U+EC1B
	luteGermanDUpper		luteGermanEUpper
D	6th course, 4th fret (D)	Ę	6th course, 5th fret (E)
	U+EC1C		U+EC1D
c	luteGermanFUpper	<b>~</b>	luteGermanGUpper
S	6th course, 6th fret (F)	$\mathfrak{G}$	6th course, 7th fret (G)
	U+EC1E		U+EC1F
_	luteGermanHUpper		luteGermanlUpper
5	6th course, 8th fret (H)	3	6th course, 9th fret (I)
	U+EC20		U+EC21
	luteGermanKUpper		luteGermanLUpper
K	6th course, 10th fret (K)	Q	6th course, 11th fret (L)

 $\mathfrak{M} \begin{tabular}{ll} $\mathsf{U}$+EC22 & $\mathsf{U}$+EC23 \\ $\mathit{luteGermanMUpper}$ & $\mathit{luteGermanNUpper}$ \\ $\mathsf{6th\ course,\ 12th\ fret\ (M)}$ & $\mathsf{6th\ course,\ 13th\ fret\ (N)}$ \\ \end{tabular}$ 

## **Kievan square notation (U+EC30-U+EC3F)**

7	<b>U+EC30</b> (and U+1D1DE)  kievanCClef  Kievan C clef (tse-fa-ut)	§	<b>U+EC31</b> (and U+1D1DF)  kievanEndingSymbol  Kievan ending symbol
	<b>U+EC32</b> (and U+1D1E1)		<b>U+EC33</b> (and U+1D1E2)
II——II	kievanNoteReciting	<b>*</b>	kievanNoteWhole
	Kievan reciting note	•	Kievan whole note
	<b>U+EC34</b> (and U+1D1E0)		<b>U+EC35</b> (and U+1D1E3)
	kievanNoteWholeFinal		kievanNoteHalfStaffLine
=	Kievan final whole note	4	Kievan half note (on staff line)
	U+EC36		<b>U+EC37</b> (and U+1D1E5)
	kievanNoteHalfStaffSpace		kievanNoteQuarterStemUp
4	Kievan half note (in staff space)	7	Kievan quarter note, stem up
	<b>U+EC38</b> (and U+1D1E4)		<b>U+EC39</b> (and U+1D1E7)
	kievanNoteQuarterStemDown	10	kievanNote8thStemUp
7	Kievan quarter note, stem down	7	Kievan eighth note, stem up
	<b>U+EC3A</b> (and U+1D1E6)		U+EC3B
	kievanNote8thStemDown		kievanNoteBeam
7	Kievan eighth note, stem down	_	Kievan beam
	U+EC3C		U+EC3D
	kievanAugmentationDot		kievanAccidentalSharp
•	Kievan augmentation dot	*	Kievan sharp
	<b>U+EC3E</b> (and U+1D1E8)		
	kievanAccidentalFlat		
b	Kievan flat		

## Implementation notes

This range of Kievan square notation glyphs will be encoded in Unicode 8.0 at the code points U+1D1DE-U+1D1E8.

For kievanNoteWholeFinal and kievanNoteReciting, the symbol is positioned on the staff such that for a note on a staff line, the staff line passes between the two thick horizontal lines. For kievanNoteWhole on a staff line, the staff line passes between the two diamonds. For kievanNote8thStemDown on a staff line, the staff line passes through the top diamond.

In the type of Kievan notation used in modern chant books of the Russian Orthodox Church, the symbol for half note has two variants: the variant with the long tail down (kievanNoteHalfStemDown) is used when the note occurs on a staff line, and the variant with the long tail up (kievanNoteHalfStemUp) is used when the note occurs in a space. Only the first of these characters is encoded in Unicode, while the second character is to be selected programmatically via font features; SMuFL encodes both characters at separate code points.

Kievan notes may be beamed, with stems up or stems down. These ligatures are not encoded explicitly either in Unicode or in SMuFL, but it is recommended that fonts provide ligatures. They may also be available in Unicode fonts via ligature substitution by entering, e.g., the following character sequence: U+1D1E4 Musical Symbol Kievan Quarter Note Stem Down, U+1D173 Musical Symbol Begin Beam, U+1D1E4 Musical Symbol Kievan Quarter Note Stem Down, U+1D174 Musical Symbol End Beam.

## Fingering chart for flute (U+EC40-U+EC7F)

## U+EC40

Patron page

fingeringFluteChart

Flute fingering chart, piccolo all open

#### **U+EC42**

fingeringFluteBFoot

Flute fingering chart, flute low B foot all open

#### U+EC44

fingeringFluteLHThumbBClosed
Flute fingering chart, left-hand
thumb B closed

#### U+EC46

fingeringFluteLH2ndFingerClosed
 Flute fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger closed

#### **U+EC48**

fluteFingeringLHGSharpClosed

Flute fingering chart, left-hand G

sharp closed

#### U+EC4A

fingeringFluteRH1stFingerClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger closed

#### U+EC4C

fingeringFluteRH2ndFingerClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger closed

#### U+EC4E

fingeringFluteRH3rdFingerClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 3rd finger closed

#### U+EC50

fingeringFluteRHLowCSharpClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand low C sharp closed

#### U+EC41

fingeringFluteCFoot

Flute fingering chart, flute low C foot all open

#### U+EC43

fingeringFluteLHThumbBFlatClosed

Flute fingering chart, left-hand
thumb B flat closed

#### U+EC45

fingeringFluteLH1stFingerClosed

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger closed

#### U+EC47

fingeringFluteLH3rdFingerClosedFlute fingering chart, left-hand 3rdfinger closed

#### **U+EC49**

fingeringFluteRHBFlatTrillClosed
Flute fingering chart, right-hand B
flat trill closed

#### U+EC4B

fingeringFluteRHDTrillClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand D trill closed

#### U+EC4D

fingering Flute RHDS harp Trill Closed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand D sharp trill closed

#### U+EC4F

fingeringFluteRHEFlatPaddleClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand E flat paddle closed

#### **U+EC51**

fingeringFluteRHLowCClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand low C closed

fingeringFluteRHLowBClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand low B closed

U+EC54

fingeringFluteLH1stFingerHalfClosedLeft
Flute fingering chart, left-hand 1st

finger half-closed (left)

U+EC56

fingeringFluteLH3rdFingerHalfClosedLeft

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger half-closed (left)

U+EC58

fingeringFluteRH2ndFingerHalfClosedLeft

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 2nd

finger half-closed (left)

U+EC5A

fingeringFluteLH1stFingerHalfClosedRight

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 1st

finger half-closed (right)

U+EC5C

fingeringFluteLH3rdFingerHalfClosedRight

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 3rd

finger half-closed (right)

U+EC5E

fingering Flute RH2 nd Finger Half Closed Right

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 2nd

finger half-closed (right)

U+EC60

fingering Flute LH1 st Finger Quarter Closed Left

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 1st

finger quarter-closed (left)

U+EC62

fingering Flute LH3rd Finger Quarter Closed Left

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 3rd

finger quarter-closed (left)

U+EC53

fingeringFluteRHGizmoClosed

Flute fingering chart, right-hand

gizmo closed

U+EC55

 $fingering {\it FluteLH2} nd {\it FingerHalfClosedLeft}$ 

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 2nd

finger half-closed (left)

U+EC57

fingeringFluteRH1stFingerHalfClosedLeft

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 1st

finger half-closed (left)

**U+EC59** 

fingering Flute RH3 rd Finger Half Closed Left

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 3rd

finger half-closed (left)

U+EC5B

fingeringFluteLH2ndFingerHalfClosedRight

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 2nd

finger half-closed (right)

U+EC5D

fingeringFluteRH1stFingerHalfClosedRight

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 1st

finger half-closed (right)

U+EC5F

fingering Flute RH3 rd Finger Half Closed Right

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 3rd

finger half-closed (right)

U+EC61

fingeringFluteLH2ndFingerQuarterClosedLeft

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 2nd

finger quarter-closed (left)

U+EC63

fingering Flute RH1 st Finger Quarter Closed Left

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 1st

finger quarter-closed (left)

fingeringFluteRH2ndFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Flute fingering chart, right-hand 2nd

finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EC66

fingeringFluteLH1stFingerQuarterClosedRight

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EC68

fingeringFluteLH3rdFingerQuarterClosedRight

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EC6A

fingering Flute RH2 nd Finger Quarter Closed Right

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EC6C

fingeringFluteLHThumbBFlatTrill

Flute fingering chart, left-hand thumb B flat trill

#### U+EC6E

fingeringFluteLH1stFingerTrill

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger trill

#### **U+EC70**

fingeringFluteLH3rdFingerTrill

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger trill

#### U+EC72

fingeringFluteRHBFlatTrillTrill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand B flat trill key trill

#### **U+EC74**

fingeringFluteRHDTrillTrill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand D trill key trill

#### U+EC65

fingeringFluteRH3rdFingerQuarterClosedLeft

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 3rd finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EC67

fingering Flute LH2 nd Finger Quarter Closed Right

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EC69

fingeringFluteRH1stFingerQuarterClosedRight

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EC6B

fingeringFluteRH3rdFingerQuarterClosedRight

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 3rd finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EC6D

fingeringFluteLHThumbBTrill

Flute fingering chart, left-hand thumb B trill

#### U+EC6F

fingeringFluteLH2ndFingerTrill

Flute fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger trill

#### **U+EC71**

flute Fingering LHGS harp Trill

Flute fingering chart, left-hand G sharp trill

#### U+EC73

fingeringFluteRH1stFingerTrill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger trill

#### U+EC75

 $\it fingering Flute RH2 nd Finger Trill$ 

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger trill

fingeringFluteRHDSharpTrillTrill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand D sharp trill key trill

#### U+EC78

fingeringFluteRHEFlatPaddleTrill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand E flat paddle trill

#### U+EC7A

fingeringFluteRHLowCTrill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand low C trill

#### U+EC7C

fingering Flute RHGizmo Trill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand gizmo trill

#### U+EC77

fingeringFluteRH3rdFingerTrill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand 3rd finger trill

#### **U+EC79**

fingering Flute RHLow CSharp Trill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand low C sharp trill

#### U+EC7B

fingeringFluteRHLowBTrill

Flute fingering chart, right-hand low B trill

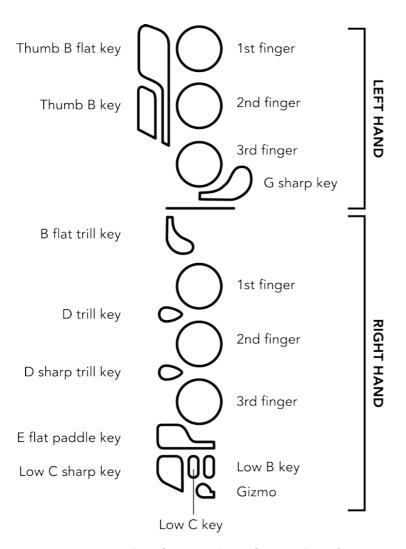
## Implementation notes

All of the glyphs in this range should have zero width, with all glyphs registered so that they overlay correctly (see examples below).

To construct a fingering chart, first use **fingeringFluteChart** to produce an empty chart for piccolo with all keys open; add **fingeringFluteCFoot** to add the low keys from a C foot flute, and add **fingeringFluteBFoot** to add the additional low B key if necessary.

To add closed, half-closed, quarter-closed or trill keys to the chart, simply add the relevant glyphs at the same position.

The following diagram shows the disposition of keys in the blank chart.



Here are a couple of examples of complete fingering charts. Note that they have been rotated counter-clockwise by 90 degrees:



C: fingeringFluteChart, fingeringFluteCFoot, fingeringFluteBFoot, fingeringFluteLHThumbBClosed, fingeringFluteLH1stFingerClosed, fingeringFluteLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringFluteLH3rdFingerClosed, fingeringFluteRH1stFingerClosed, fingeringFluteRH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringFluteRH3rdFingerClosed, fingeringFluteRHCSharpClosed, fingeringFluteRHLowCClosed



E: fingeringFluteChart, fingeringFluteCFoot, fingeringFluteBFoot, fingeringFluteLHThumbBClosed, fingeringFluteLH1stFingerClosed, fingeringFluteLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringFluteRH3rdFingerClosed, fingeringFluteRH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringFluteRH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringFluteRHEFlatPaddleClosed

# Fingering chart for clarinet (U+EC80-U+ECDF)

gap fire to the	U+EC80  fingeringClarChart  Clarinet fingering chart, all open	U+EC81  fingeringClarBassEFlatOpen  Clarinet fingering chart, bass clarinet E flat open
	U+EC82 fingeringClarRegisterClosed Clarinet fingering chart, register closed	U+EC83 fingeringClarLHThumbClosed Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand thumb closed
	U+EC84  fingeringClarLHAClosed  Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand A closed	U+EC85 fingeringClarLHGSharpClosed Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand G sharp closed
	U+EC86  fingeringClarLH1stFingerClosed .  Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger closed	U+EC87 fingeringClarLH2ndFingerClosed Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger closed
	U+EC88  fingeringClarLHEFlatClosed  Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand E flat closed	U+EC89 fingeringClarLH3rdFingerClosed Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger closed
-	U+EC8A  fingeringClarLHCSharpClosed  Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand C sharp closed	U+EC8B  fingeringClarLHFClosed  Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand F closed
	U+EC8C fingeringClarLHGSharpAltClosed Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand G sharp alt. closed	U+EC8D  fingeringClarLHEClosed  Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand E closed
	U+EC8E fingeringClarRH1stSideClosed Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 1st side closed	U+EC8F  fingeringClarRH2ndSideClosed  Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 2nd side closed
	U+EC90 fingeringClarRH3rdSideClosed Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 3rd side closed	U+EC91  fingeringClarRH4thSideClosed  Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 4th side closed

fingeringClarRH1stFingerClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger closed

U+EC94

fingeringClarRHBClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand B closed

U+EC96

fingeringClarRHFSharpClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand F

sharp closed

U+EC98

fingeringClarRHEClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand E

closed

U+EC9A

fingeringClarBassEFlatClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, bass clarinet

E flat closed

U+EC9C

fingeringClarLH2ndFingerRingOnly

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand

2nd finger ring only

U+EC9E

fingeringClarRH1stFingerRingOnly

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand

1st finger ring only

U+ECA0

fingeringClarRH3rdFingerRingOnly

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand

3rd finger ring only

U+ECA2

fingeringClarLH2ndFingerHalfClosedLeft

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand

2nd finger half-closed left

**U+EC93** 

fingeringClarRH2ndFingerClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand

2nd finger closed

U+EC95

fingeringClarRH3rdFingerClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand

3rd finger closed

U+EC97

fingeringClarRHGSharpClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand G

sharp closed

U+EC99

fingeringClarRHFClosed

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand F

closed

U+EC9B

fingeringClarLH1stFingerRingOnly

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 1st

finger ring only

U+EC9D

fingeringClarLH3rdFingerRingOnly

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand

3rd finger ring only

U+EC9F

fingeringClarRH2ndFingerRingOnly

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand

2nd finger ring only

U+ECA1

 $fingering {\it ClarLH1} st {\it Finger Half Closed Left}$ 

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 1st

finger half-closed left

U+ECA3

 $fingering {\it ClarLH3} rd {\it Finger Half Closed Left}$ 

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand

3rd finger half-closed left

#### U+ECA4

fingeringClarRH1stFingerHalfClosedLeft
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
1st finger half-closed left

#### U+ECA6

fingeringClarRH3rdFingerHalfClosedLeft
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
3rd finger half-closed left

#### U+ECA8

fingeringClarLH2ndFingerHalfClosedRight Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger half-closed right

#### U+ECAA

fingeringClarRH1stFingerHalfClosedRight
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
1st finger half-closed right

#### U+ECAC

fingeringClarRH3rdFingerHalfClosedRight
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
3rd finger half-closed right

#### U+ECAE

fingeringClarLH2ndFingerQuarterClosedLeft Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger quarter-closed left

#### U+ECB0

fingeringClarRH1stFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
1st finger quarter-closed left

#### U+ECB2

fingeringClarRH3rdFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
3rd finger quarter-closed left

#### U+ECB4

fingeringClarLH2ndFingerQuarterClosedRight Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger quarter-closed right

#### U+ECA5

fingeringClarRH2ndFingerHalfClosedLeft
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
2nd finger half-closed left

#### U+ECA7

fingeringClarLH1stFingerHalfClosedRight
Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 1st
finger half-closed right

#### U+ECA9

fingeringClarLH3rdFingerHalfClosedRight Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger half-closed right

#### **U+ECAB**

fingeringClarRH2ndFingerHalfClosedRight
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
2nd finger half-closed right

#### **U+ECAD**

fingeringClarLH1stFingerQuarterClosedLeft

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 1st
finger quarter-closed left

#### U+ECAF

fingeringClarLH3rdFingerQuarterClosedLeft Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger quarter-closed left

#### U+ECB1

fingeringClarRH2ndFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand
2nd finger quarter-closed left

#### U+ECB3

fingeringClarLH1stFingerQuarterClosedRight
Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 1st
finger quarter-closed right

#### U+ECB5

fingeringClarLH3rdFingerQuarterClosedRight Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger quarter-closed right U+ECB6

 $fingering {\it ClarRH1} st {\it Finger Quarter Closed Right}$ 

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger quarter-closed right

U+ECB8

 $fingering {\it ClarRH3} rd {\it Finger Quarter Closed Right}$ 

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 3rd finger quarter-closed right

U+ECBA

fingeringClarLHThumbTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand thumb trill

U+ECBC

fingering Clar LHG Sharp Trill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand G sharp trill

**U+ECBE** 

fingeringClarLH2ndFingerTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger trill

U+ECC0

fingeringClarLH3rdFingerTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger trill

U+ECC2

fingeringClarLHFTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand F trill

U+ECC4

fingeringClarLHETrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand E trill

U+ECC6

fingeringClarRH2ndSideTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 2nd side trill

U+ECB7

fingeringClarRH2ndFingerQuarterClosedRight

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger quarter-closed right

U+ECB9

fingeringClarRegisterTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, register trill

U+ECBB

fingeringClarLHATrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand A

trill

**U+ECBD** 

fingeringClarLH1stFingerTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand 1st

finger trill

U+ECBF

fingeringClarLHEFlatTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand E

flat trill

U+ECC1

fingeringClarLHCSharpTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand C

sharp trill

U+ECC3

fingeringClarLHGSharpAltTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, left-hand G

sharp alt. trill

U+ECC5

fingeringClarRH1stSideTrill

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand

1st side trill

U+ECC7

 $fingering {\it ClarRH3} rd {\it SideTrill}$ 

Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand

3rd side trill

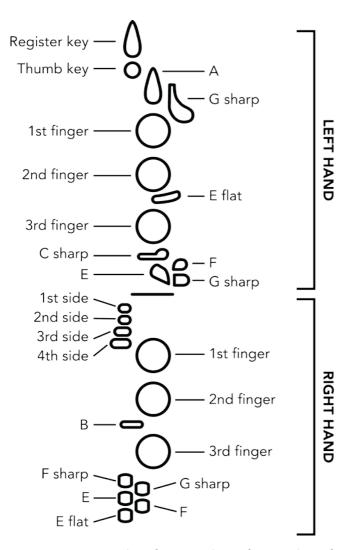
	U+ECC8	U+ECC9
	fingeringClarRH4thSideTrill	fingeringClarRH1stFingerTrill
	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 4th side trill	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger trill
	U+ECCA	U+ECCB
	fingeringClarRH2ndFingerTrill	fingeringClarRHBTrill
,	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger trill	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand B trill
	U+ECCC	U+ECCD
	fingeringClarRH3rdFingerTrill	fingeringClarRHFSharpTrill
,	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand 3rd finger trill	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand F sharp trill
	U+ECCE	U+ECCF
	fingeringClarRHGSharpTrill	fingeringClarRHETrill
	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand G sharp trill	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand E trill
	U+ECD0	U+ECD1
	fingeringClarRHFTrill	fingeringClarBassEFlatTrill
	Clarinet fingering chart, right-hand F trill	Clarinet fingering chart, bass clarinet E flat trill

## Implementation notes

All of the glyphs in this range should have zero width, with all glyphs registered so that they overlay correctly (see examples below).

To construct a fingering chart, first use **fingeringClarChart** to produce an empty chart for clarinet. To add the low E flat key found on the bass clarinet, next use **fingeringClarBassEFlatOpen**. To add closed, half-closed, quarter-closed or trill keys to the chart, simply add the relevant glyphs at the same position.

The following diagram shows the disposition of keys in the blank chart.



Here are a couple of examples of complete fingering charts. Note that they have been rotated counter-clockwise by 90 degrees:



C: fingeringClarChart, fingeringClarLHRegisterClosed, fingeringClarLH1stFingerClosed, fingeringClarLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringClarLH3rdFingerClosed



High E: fingeringClarChart, fingeringClarLHThumbClosed, fingeringClarLHRegisterClosed, fingeringClarLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringClarLH3rdFingerClosed, fingeringClarRHGSharpClosed

# Fingering chart for oboe (U+ECE0-U+ED2F)

Special Control of the second control of the	U+ECE0 fingeringOboeChart Oboe fingering chart, all open	U+ECE1 fingeringOboeLH3rdOctaveClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd octave closed
	U+ECE2  fingeringOboeLH1stOctaveClosed  Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 1st octave closed	U+ECE3 fingeringOboeLH1stFingerClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger closed
	U+ECE4  fingeringOboeLH2ndOctaveClosed  Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd octave closed	<b>U+ECE5</b> fingeringOboeLHBTrillClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand B trill closed
	U+ECE6  fingeringOboeLHDTrillClosed  Oboe fingering chart, left-hand D trill closed	U+ECE7  fingeringOboeLH2ndFingerClosed  Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger closed
	<pre>U+ECE8 fingeringOboeLHCSharpTrillClosed</pre>	U+ECE9 fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger closed
-	U+ECEA fingeringOboeLHGSharpClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand G sharp closed	U+ECEB fingeringOboeLHLowBClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand low B closed
	U+ECEC fingeringOboeLHEFlatClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand E flat closed	U+ECED fingeringOboeLHFClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand F closed
	U+ECEE fingeringOboeLHLowBFlatClosed Oboe fingering chart, left-hand low B flat closed	U+ECEF fingeringOboeRHAClosed Oboe fingering chart, right-hand A closed
	U+ECF0  fingeringOboeRHGSharpClosed  Oboe fingering chart, right-hand G sharp closed	U+ECF1 fingeringOboeRH1stFingerClosed Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger closed

U+ECF2 U+ECF3 fingeringOboeRHDTrillClosed fingeringOboeRH2ndFingerClosed Oboe fingering chart, right-hand D Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 2nd trill closed finger closed U+ECF4 U+ECF5 fingeringOboeRHFClosed fingeringOboeRH3rdFingerClosed Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 3rd Oboe fingering chart, right-hand F closed finger closed U+ECF6 U+ECF7 fingeringOboeRHCBananaClosed fingeringOboeRHLowCClosed Oboe fingering chart, right-hand C Oboe fingering chart, right-hand low banana closed C closed U+ECF8 U+ECF9 fingeringOboeRHLowCSharpClosed fingeringOboeRHLowEFlatKeyClosed Oboe fingering chart, right-hand low Oboe fingering chart, right-hand low C sharp closed E flat key closed U+ECFA **U+ECFB** fingeringOboeLH1stFingerRingOnly fingeringOboeLH2ndFingerRingOnly Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 1st Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger ring only finger ring only U+ECFC U+ECFD fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerRingOnly fingeringOboeRH1stFingerRingOnly Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger ring only finger ring only **U+ECFE U+ECFF** fingeringOboeRH2ndFingerRingOnly fingeringOboeRH3rdFingerRingOnly Oboe fingering chart, right-hand Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 3rd 2nd finger ring only finger ring only U+ED00 **U+ED01** fingeringOboeLH1stFingerHalfClosed fingering Oboe LH2 nd Finger Half Closed LeftOboe fingering chart, left-hand 1st Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger half-closed finger half-closed (left) U+ED02 U+ED03 fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerHalfClosedLeft fingeringOboeRH1stFingerHalfClosedLeft Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger half-closed (left) finger half-closed (left)

fingeringOboeRH2ndFingerHalfClosedLeft
Oboe fingering chart, right-hand
2nd finger half-closed (left)

#### U+ED06

fingeringOboeLH2ndFingerHalfClosedRight
Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd
finger half-closed (right)

#### U+ED08

fingeringOboeRH1stFingerHalfClosedRight

Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 1st
finger half-closed (right)

#### U+ED0A

fingeringOboeRH3rdFingerHalfClosedRight

Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 3rd
finger half-closed (right)

#### U+ED0C

fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd
finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+ED0E

fingeringOboeRH2ndFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Oboe fingering chart, right-hand
2nd finger quarter-closed (left)

#### **U+ED10**

fingeringOboeLH2ndFingerQuarterClosedRight
Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd
finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+ED12

fingeringOboeRH1stFingerQuarterClosedRight
Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 1st
finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+ED14

fingeringOboeRH3rdFingerQuarterClosedRight
Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 3rd
finger quarter-closed (right)

#### **U+ED05**

fingeringOboeRH3rdFingerHalfClosedLeft
Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 3rd
finger half-closed (left)

#### **U+ED07**

fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerHalfClosedRight
Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd
finger half-closed (right)

#### **U+ED09**

fingeringOboeRH2ndFingerHalfClosedRight

Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 2nd
finger half-closed right

#### U+ED0B

fingeringOboeLH2ndFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd
finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+ED0D

fingeringOboeRH1stFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 1st
finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+ED0F

fingeringOboeRH3rdFingerQuarterClosedLeft
Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 3rd
finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+ED11

fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerQuarterClosedRight
Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd
finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+ED13

fingeringOboeRH2ndFingerQuarterClosedRight
Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 2nd
finger quarter-closed (right)

#### **U+ED15**

fingeringOboeLH3rdOctaveTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd octave trill

fingeringOboeLH1stOctaveTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 1st octave trill

**U+ED18** 

fingeringOboeLH2ndOctaveTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd octave trill

U+ED1A

fingeringOboeLHDTrillTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand D trill key trill

U+ED1C

fingering Oboe LHCS harp Trill Trill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand C sharp trill key trill

U+ED1E

fingeringOboeLHGSharpTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand G sharp trill

U+ED20

fingeringOboeLHEFlatTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand E flat trill

U+ED22

fingering Oboe LHLow BF lat Trill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand low B flat trill

U+ED24

fingeringOboeRHGSharpTrill

Oboe fingering chart, right-hand G sharp trill

U+ED26

fingeringOboeRHDTrillTrill

Oboe fingering chart, right-hand D trill key trill

**U+ED17** 

fingeringOboeLH1stFingerTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger trill

U+ED19

fingering Oboe LHBT rill Trill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand B trill key trill

U+ED1B

fingeringOboeLH2ndFingerTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger trill

U+ED1D

fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger trill

U+ED1F

fingeringOboeLHLowBTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand low B trill

U+ED21

fingeringOboeLHFTrill

Oboe fingering chart, left-hand F trill

U+ED23

fingering OboeRHAT rill

Oboe fingering chart, right-hand A trill

U+ED25

fingeringOboeRH1stFingerTrill

Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger trill

U+ED27

fingeringOboeRH2ndFingerTrill

Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger trill

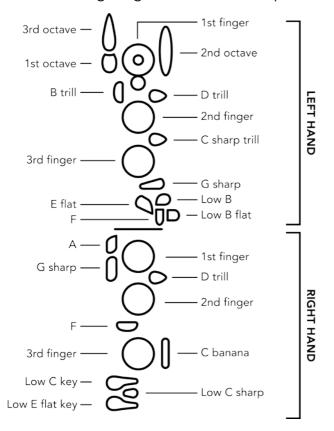
	U+ED28	U+ED29
	fingeringOboeRHFTrill	fingeringOboeRH3rdFingerTrill
,	Oboe fingering chart, right-hand F trill	Oboe fingering chart, right-hand 3rd finger trill
	U+ED2A	U+ED2B
	fingeringOboeRHCBananaTrill	fingeringOboeRHLowCTrill
,	Oboe fingering chart, right-hand C banana trill	Oboe fingering chart, right-hand low C trill
	U+ED2C	U+ED2D
	fingeringOboeRHLowCSharpTrill	fingeringOboeRHLowEFlatKeyTrill
,	Oboe fingering chart, right-hand low C sharp trill	Oboe fingering chart, right-hand low E flat key trill

## Implementation notes

All of the glyphs in this range should have zero width, with all glyphs registered so that they overlay correctly (see examples below).

To construct a fingering chart, first use **fingeringOboeChart** to produce an empty chart. To add closed, half-closed, quarter-closed or trill keys to the chart, simply add the relevant glyphs at the same position.

The following diagram shows the disposition of keys in the blank chart.



Here are a couple of examples of complete fingering charts. Note that they have been rotated counter-clockwise by 90 degrees:





G: fingeringOboeChart, fingeringOboeLH1stFingerClosed, fingeringOboeLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerClosed

E flat: fingeringOboeChart, fingeringOboeLH1stFingerClosed, fingeringOboeLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringOboeLH3rdFingerClosed, fingeringOboeLHEFlatClosed, fingeringOboeRH1stFingerClosed, fingeringOboeRH2ndFingerClosed

## Fingering chart for bassoon (U+ED30-U+ED7F)

#### U+ED30



fingeringBsnChart

Bassoon fingering chart, all open

#### U+ED32

fingeringBsnLHHighEClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand high E closed

#### U+ED34

fingeringBsnLHHighEFlatClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
high E flat closed

#### U+ED36

fingeringBsnLH3rdFingerRingClosed
 Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
 3rd finger ring closed

#### **U+ED38**

fingeringBsnLHLowEFlatClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand low E flat closed

#### U+ED3A

fingeringBsnRHCSharpTrillClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand
C sharp trill key closed

#### U+ED3C

fingeringBsnRH2ndFingerRingClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger ring closed

#### U+ED3E

fingeringBsnRHBFlatTrillClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand B flat trill key closed

#### **U+ED40**

fingeringBsnRHLowFClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand low F closed

#### U+ED31

fingeringBsnChartThumbsHands
Bassoon fingering chart,
thumb/hand separators

#### **U+ED33**

fingeringBsnLH1stFingerClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
1st finger closed

#### **U+ED35**

fingeringBsnLH2ndFingerClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand

2nd finger closed

#### **U+ED37**

fingeringBsnLH3rdFingerClosedBassoon fingering chart, left-hand3rd finger closed

#### **U+ED39**

fingeringBsnLHLowDFlatClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand low D flat closed

#### U+ED3B

fingeringBsnRH1stFingerClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand
1st finger closed

#### U+ED3D

fingeringBsnRH2ndFingerClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger closed

#### U+ED3F

fingeringBsnRHLowGClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand low G closed

#### U+ED41

fingeringBsnRHFSharpClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand alt. F sharp closed

fingeringBsnRHAFlatClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand
A flat closed

#### **U+ED44**

fingeringBsnLTHighBClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb high B closed

#### **U+ED46**

fingeringBsnLTCSharpClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb C sharp closed

#### **U+ED48**

fingeringBsnLTLowBFlatClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb low B flat closed

#### U+ED4A

fingeringBsnLTLowCClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb low C closed

#### U+ED4C

fingeringBsnRTBFlatClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right thumb B flat closed

#### U+ED4E

fingeringBsnRTLowFSharpClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right thumb low F sharp closed

#### U+ED50

fingeringBsnLH1stFingerHalfClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand

1st finger half-closed

#### **U+ED52**

. fingeringBsnLH3rdFingerHalfClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger half-closed

#### **U+ED43**

fingeringBsnLTHighDClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb high D closed

#### **U+ED45**

fingeringBsnLTHighAClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb high A closed

#### U+ED47

fingeringBsnLTWhisperKeyClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb whisper key closed

#### U+ED49

fingeringBsnLTLowBClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb low B closed

#### U+ED4B

fingeringBsnLTLowDClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb low D closed

#### U+ED4D

fingeringBsnRTLowEClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right thumb low E closed

#### U+ED4F

fingering BsnRTAF lat Closed

Bassoon fingering chart, right thumb
A flat closed

#### U+ED51

fingeringBsnLH2ndFingerHalfClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger half-closed

#### U+ED53

fingeringBsnRH1stFingerHalfClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger half-closed

fingeringBsnRH2ndFingerHalfClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger half-closed

#### **U+ED56**

fingeringBsnLH2ndFingerQuarterClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
2nd finger quarter-closed

#### **U+ED58**

fingeringBsnRH1stFingerQuarterClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger quarter-closed

#### U+ED5A

fingeringBsnLH1stFingerThreeQuartersClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
1st finger three-quarters closed

#### U+ED5C

fingeringBsnLH3rdFingerThreeQuartersClosed
Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
3rd finger three-quarters closed

#### U+ED5E

fingeringBsnRH2ndFingerThreeQuartersClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand
2nd finger three-quarters closed

#### **U+ED60**

fingeringBsnLH1stFingerTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger trill

#### U+ED62

fingeringBsnLH2ndFingerTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger trill

#### U+ED64

fingeringBsnLHLowEFlatTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand low E flat trill

#### **U+ED55**

fingeringBsnLH1stFingerQuarterClosed
Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
1st finger quarter-closed

#### U+ED57

fingeringBsnLH3rdFingerQuarterClosed

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
3rd finger quarter-closed

#### U+ED59

fingeringBsnRH2ndFingerQuarterClosed
Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand
2nd finger quarter-closed

#### U+ED5B

fingeringBsnLH2ndFingerThreeQuartersClosed
Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand
2nd finger hole three-quarters

#### U+ED5D

fingeringBsnRH1stFingerThreeQuartersClosed
Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand
1st finger three-quarters closed

#### U+ED5F

 $\it fingering BsnLH High ET rill$ 

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand high E trill

#### U+ED61

fingeringBsnLHHighEFlatTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand high E flat trill

#### U+ED63

fingeringBsnLH3rdFingerRingTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand

3rd finger ring trill

#### U+ED65

fingeringBsnLHLowDFlatTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left-hand low D flat trill

fingeringBsnRHCSharpTrillTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand C sharp trill key trill

**U+ED68** 

fingeringBsnRH2ndFingerTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand 2nd finger trill

U+ED6A

fingeringBsnRHLowGTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand low G trill

U+ED6C

fingeringBsnRHFSharpTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand F sharp trill

U+ED6E

fingeringBsnLTHighDTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb high D trill

U+ED70

fingeringBsnLTHighATrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb

high A trill

**U+ED72** 

fingeringBsnLTWhisperKeyTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb

whisper key trill

U+ED74

 $\it fingering BsnLTLowBTrill$ 

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb

low B trill

U+ED76

fingeringBsnLTLowDTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb

low D trill

**U+ED67** 

fingeringBsnRH1stFingerTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand

1st finger trill

**U+ED69** 

fingeringBsnRHBFlatTrillTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand

B flat trill key trill

U+ED6B

fingeringBsnRHLowFTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand

low F trill

U+ED6D

fingeringBsnRHAFlatTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right-hand

A flat trill

U+ED6F

fingeringBsnLTHighBTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb

high B trill

U+ED71

fingeringBsnLTCSharpTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb

C sharp trill

**U+ED73** 

fingering BsnLTLow BF lat Trill

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb

low B flat trill

U+ED75

fingeringBsnLTLowCTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, left thumb

low C trill

U+ED77

fingeringBsnRTBFlatTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right thumb

B flat trill

fingeringBsnRTLowETrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right thumb low E trill

U+ED7A

fingeringBsnRTAFlatTrill

Bassoon fingering chart, right thumb A flat trill **U+ED79** 

fingeringBsnRTLowFSharpTrill

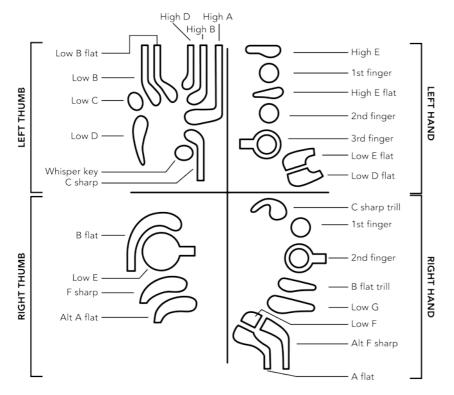
Bassoon fingering chart, right thumb low F sharp trill

### Implementation notes

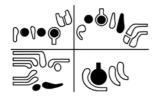
All of the glyphs in this range should have zero width, with all glyphs registered so that they overlay correctly (see examples below).

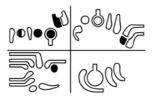
To construct a fingering chart, first use **fingeringBsnChart** to produce an empty chart. To add the vertical and horizontal separators for hands and thumbs, use **fingeringBsnChartThumbsHands**. To add closed, half-closed, quarter-closed or trill keys to the chart, simply add the relevant glyphs at the same position.

The following diagram shows the disposition of keys in the blank chart.



Here are a couple of examples of complete fingering charts. Note that they have been rotated counter-clockwise by 90 degrees:





C: fingeringBsnChart, fingeringBsnChartThumbsHands, fingeringBsnLH1stFingerClosed, fingeringBsnLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringBsnLH3rdFingerClosed, fingeringBsnRH1stFingerClosed, fingeringBsnRH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringBsnRHLowGClosed, fingeringBsnLTLowCClosed, fingeringBsnLTLowDClosed, fingeringBsnRTLowEClosed

High G: fingeringBsnChart, fingeringBsnChartThumbsHands, fingeringBsnLH1stFingerHalfClosed, fingeringBsnLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringBsnLH3rdFingerClosed, fingeringBsnLHLowEFlatClosed, fingeringBsnRH1stFingerClosed, fingeringBsnRHLowFClosed, fingeringBsnLTWhisperKeyClosed

# Fingering chart for saxophone (U+ED80-U+EDBF)

	U+ED80	U+ED81
**************************************	fingeringSaxChart	fingeringSaxBariLowAOpen
\$1000 P	Saxophone fingering chart, all open	Saxophone fingering chart, baritone low A open
	U+ED82	U+ED83
•	fingeringSaxLHOctaveClosed	· fingeringSaxLHFrontFClosed
	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand octave closed	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand front F closed
	U+ED84	U+ED85
•	fingeringSaxLH1stFingerClosed	. fingeringSaxLHBFlatClosed
	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand 1st finger closed	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand B flat closed
	U+ED86	U+ED87
•	fingeringSaxLH2ndFingerClosed	. fingeringSaxLH3rdFingerClosed
	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand 2nd finger closed	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand 3rd finger closed
	U+ED88	U+ED89
•	fingeringSaxLHEFlatPalmClosed	fingeringSaxLHDPalmClosed
	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand E flat palm closed	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand D palm closed
	U+ED8A	U+ED8B
	fingeringSaxLHFPalmClosed	fingeringSaxLHGSharpClosed
	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand F palm closed	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand G sharp closed
	U+ED8C	U+ED8D
	fingeringSaxLHLowCSharpClosed	fingeringSaxLHLowBClosed
·	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand low C sharp closed	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand low B closed
	U+ED8E	U+ED8F
	fingeringSaxLHLowBFlatClosed	fingeringSaxRHESideClosed
•	Saxophone fingering chart, left- hand low B flat closed	Saxophone fingering chart, right- hand E side closed
	U+ED90	U+ED91
	fingeringSaxRHCSideClosed	fingeringSaxRHBFlatSideClosed
	Saxophone fingering chart, right- hand C side closed	Saxophone fingering chart, right- hand B flat side closed

fingeringSaxRHHighFSharpClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand high F sharp closed

**U+ED94** 

fingeringSaxRH2ndFingerClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand 2nd finger closed

U+ED96

fingeringSaxRH3rdFingerClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand 3rd finger closed

**U+ED98** 

fingeringSaxRHLowCClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand low C closed

U+ED9A

fingeringSaxLH1stFingerHalfClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand 1st finger half-closed

U+ED9C

fingeringSaxLH3rdFingerHalfClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand 3rd finger half-closed

U+ED9E

fingeringSaxRH2ndFingerHalfClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand 2nd finger half-closed

U+EDA0

fingeringSaxLHOctaveTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand octave trill

U+EDA2

fingeringSaxLH1stFingerTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, left-

hand 1st finger trill

**U+ED93** 

fingeringSaxRH1stFingerClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand 1st finger closed

**U+ED95** 

fingering Sax RHF Sharp Alternate Closed

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand F sharp alternate closed

**U+ED97** 

fingeringSaxRHLowEFlatClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, right-

hand low E flat closed

U+ED99

fingeringSaxBariLowAClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, baritone low A closed

U+ED9B

fingeringSaxLH2ndFingerHalfClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand 2nd finger half-closed

U+ED9D

fingeringSaxRH1stFingerHalfClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, right-

hand 1st finger half-closed

U+ED9F

fingeringSaxRH3rdFingerHalfClosed

Saxophone fingering chart, right-

hand 3rd finger half-closed

U+EDA1

fingeringSaxLHFrontFTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, left-

hand front F trill

U+EDA3

fingeringSaxLHBFlatTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, left-

hand B flat trill

U+EDA4

fingeringSaxLH2ndFingerTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand 2nd finger trill

U+EDA6

fingeringSaxLHEFlatPalmTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand E flat palm trill

U+EDA8

fingeringSaxLHFPalmTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand F palm trill

**U+EDAA** 

fingeringSaxLHLowCSharpTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand low C sharp trill

**U+EDAC** 

fingeringSaxLHLowBFlatTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand low B flat trill

U+EDAE

fingeringSaxRHCSideTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand C side trill

U+EDB0

fingering Sax RHHighFS harp Trill

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand high F sharp trill

U+EDB2

fingeringSaxRH2ndFingerTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand 2nd finger trill

U+EDB4

fingeringSaxRH3rdFingerTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand 3rd finger trill U+EDA5

fingeringSaxLH3rdFingerTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand 3rd finger trill

U+EDA7

fingeringSaxLHDPalmTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand D palm trill

U+EDA9

fingeringSaxLHGSharpTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand G sharp trill

**U+EDAB** 

fingeringSaxLHLowBTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, lefthand low B trill

**U+EDAD** 

fingeringSaxRHESideTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand E side trill

**U+EDAF** 

fingeringSaxRHBFlatSideTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand B flat side trill

U+EDB1

fingeringSaxRH1stFingerTrill

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand 1st finger trill

U+EDB3

fingering Sax RHF Sharp Alternate Trill

Saxophone fingering chart, righthand F sharp alternate trill

U+EDB5

fingering Sax RHLow EF lat Trill

Saxophone fingering chart, right-

hand low E flat trill

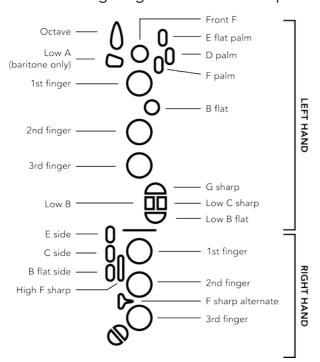
U+EDB6	U+EDB7
fingeringSaxRHLowCTrill	fingeringSaxBariLowATrill
Saxophone fingering chart, right-	Saxophone fingering chart,
hand low C trill	baritone low A trill

### Implementation notes

All of the glyphs in this range should have zero width, with all glyphs registered so that they overlay correctly (see examples below).

To construct a fingering chart, first use **fingeringSaxChart** to produce an empty chart for soprano, alto or tenor saxophone. To add the low A key found on a baritone saxophone, use **fingeringSaxBariLowAOpen**. To add closed, half-closed, quarter-closed or trill keys to the chart, simply add the relevant glyphs at the same position.

The following diagram shows the disposition of keys in the blank chart.



Here are a couple of examples of complete fingering charts. Note that they have been rotated counter-clockwise by 90 degrees:



D: fingeringSaxChart, fingeringSaxLHOctaveClosed, fingeringSaxLH1stFingerClosed, fingeringSaxLH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringSaxLH3rdFingerClosed, fingeringSaxRH1stFingerClosed, fingeringSaxRH2ndFingerClosed, fingeringSaxRH3rdFingerClosed



F sharp: fingeringSaxChart, fingeringSaxLHOctaveClosed, fingeringSaxLHEFlatPalmClosed, fingeringSaxLHDPalmClosed, fingeringBsnLHFPalmClosed, fingeringSaxRHESideClosed, fingeringBsnRHHighFSharpClosed

## Fingering chart for recorder (U+EDC0-U+EDFF)

#### U+EDC0

880000

fingeringRecChart

Recorder fingering chart, all open

#### U+EDC2

• fingeringRecLH1stFingerClosed

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger closed

#### U+EDC4

fingeringRecLH3rdFingerClosed

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger closed

#### U+EDC6

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleLeftClosed

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole left closed

#### U+EDC8

fingering RecRH2 nd Double Hole Left Closed

 Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole left closed

#### U+EDCA

fingeringRecLHThumbHalfClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand thumb half-closed (left)

#### **U+EDCC**

fingeringRecLH2ndFingerHalfClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger half-closed (left)

#### **U+EDCE**

fingeringRecRH1stFingerHalfClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger half-closed (left)

#### U+EDD0

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleRightHalfClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole right half-closed (left)

#### U+EDC1

fingeringRecLHThumbClosed

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand thumb closed

#### U+EDC3

fingeringRecLH2ndFingerClosed

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger closed

#### U+EDC5

fingeringRecRH1stFingerClosed

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger closed

#### U+EDC7

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleRightClosed

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole right closed

#### U+EDC9

fingeringRecRH2ndDoubleHoleRightClosed

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole right closed

#### **U+EDCB**

fingeringRecLH1stFingerHalfClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger half-closed (left)

#### **U+EDCD**

fingeringRecLH3rdFingerHalfClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger half-closed (left)

#### **U+EDCF**

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleLeftHalfClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole left half-closed (left)

#### U+EDD1

fingering RecRH2 nd Double Hole Left Half Closed Left

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole left half-closed (left)

#### U+EDD2

fingeringRecRH2ndDoubleHoleRightHalfClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole right half-closed (left)

#### U+EDD4

fingeringRecLH1stFingerHalfClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 1st
finger half-closed (right)

#### U+EDD6

fingeringRecLH3rdFingerHalfClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 3rd
finger half-closed (right)

#### U+EDD8

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleLeftHalfClosedRight
Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st
double hole left half-closed (right)

#### U+EDDA

fingering RecRH2 nd Double Hole Left Half Closed Right

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole left half-closed (right)

#### **U+EDDC**

fingeringRecLHThumbQuarterClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand thumb
quarter-closed (left)

#### **U+EDDE**

fingeringRecLH2ndFingerQuarterClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EDE0

fingeringRecRH1stFingerQuarterClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st
finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EDE2

fingering RecRH1 st Double Hole Right Quarter Closed Left

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole right quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EDD3

fingeringRecLHThumbHalfClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand thumb
half-closed (right)

#### U+EDD5

fingeringRecLH2ndFingerHalfClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 2nd
finger half-closed (right)

#### U+EDD7

fingering RecRH1 st FingerHalfClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger half-closed (right)

#### U+EDD9

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleRightHalfClosedRight
Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st
double hole right half-closed (right)

#### **U+EDDB**

fingeringRecRH2ndDoubleHoleRightHalfClosedRight Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole right half-closed (right)

#### U+EDDD

fingeringRecLH1stFingerQuarterClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 1st
finger quarter-closed (left)

#### **U+EDDF**

fingeringRecLH3rdFingerQuarterClosedLeft

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 3rd
finger quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EDE1

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleLeftQuarterClosedLeft
Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st
double hole left quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EDE3

fingeringRecRH2ndDoubleHoleLeftQuarterClosedLeft
Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd
double hole left quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EDE4

fingering RecRH2 nd Double Hole Right Quarter Closed Left

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole right quarter-closed (left)

#### U+EDE6

fingeringRecLH1stFingerQuarterClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 1st
finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EDE8

fingeringRecLH3rdFingerQuarterClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 3rd
finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EDEA

fingering RecRH1 st Double Hole Left Quarter Closed Right

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole left quarter-closed (right)

#### **U+EDEC**

fingering RecRH2 nd Double Hole Left Quarter Closed Right

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole left quarter-closed (right)

#### **U+EDEE**

fingeringRecLHThumbTrill

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand thumb trill

#### U+EDF0

fingeringRecLH2ndFingerTrill

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 2nd finger trill

#### U+EDF2

fingeringRecRH1stFingerTrill

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger trill

#### U+EDF4

fingering RecRH1 st Double Hole Right Trill

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole right trill

#### U+EDE5

fingeringRecLHThumbQuarterClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand thumb
quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EDE7

fingeringRecLH2ndFingerQuarterClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 2nd
finger quarter-closed (right)

#### U+EDE9

fingeringRecRH1stFingerQuarterClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st finger quarter-closed (right)

#### **U+EDEB**

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleRightQuarterClosedRight

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole right quarter-closed (right)

#### **U+EDED**

fingering RecRH2 nd Double Hole Right Quarter Closed Right

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole right quarter-closed (right)

#### **U+EDEF**

fingeringRecLH1stFingerTrill

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 1st finger trill

#### U+EDF1

fingeringRecLH3rdFingerTrill

Recorder fingering chart, left-hand 3rd finger trill

#### U+EDF3

fingeringRecRH1stDoubleHoleLeftTrill

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 1st double hole left trill

#### U+EDF5

fingering RecRH2 nd Double Hole Left Trill

Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole left trill

#### U+EDF6

fingeringRecRH2ndDoubleHoleRightTrill

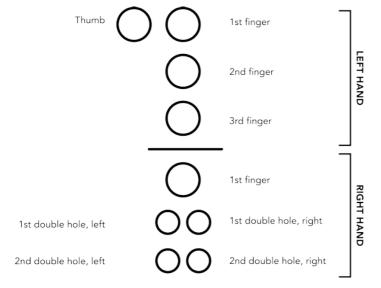
Recorder fingering chart, right-hand 2nd double hole right trill

## Implementation notes

All of the glyphs in this range should have zero width, with all glyphs registered so that they overlay correctly (see examples below).

To construct a fingering chart, first use **fingeringRecChart** to produce an empty chart. To add closed, half-closed, quarter-closed or trill keys to the chart, simply add the relevant glyphs at the same position.

The following diagram shows the disposition of keys in the blank chart.



Here are a couple of examples of complete fingering charts. Note that they have been rotated counter-clockwise by 90 degrees:



## **Kodály hand signs (U+EE00-U+EE0F)**

U+EE00

kodalyHandDo Do hand sign

U+EE02

E OU A

kodalyHandMi Mi hand sign

U+EE04

(B)

kodalyHandSo So hand sign

U+EE06

Jak J

kodalyHandTiTi hand sign

U+EE01

EST.

kodalyHandRe Re hand sign

U+EE03

kodalyHandFa Fa hand sign

U+EE05

kodalyHandLa

La hand sign

## Simplified Music Notation (U+EE10-U+EE1F)

	U+EE10		U+EE11
	smnSharp		smnSharpWhite
<b>◄</b>	Sharp	$\triangleleft$	Sharp (white)
	U+EE12		U+EE13
	smnFlat		smnFlatWhite
•	Flat	abla	Flat (white)
	U+EE14		U+EE15
	smnHistorySharp		smnHistoryDoubleSharp
人	Sharp history sign	丛	Double sharp history sign
	U+EE16		U+EE17
	smnHistoryFlat		smnHistoryDoubleFlat
	Flat history sign		Double flat history sign
	U+EE18		
	smnNatural		
N	Natural (N)		

## Implementation notes

Simplified Music Notation is a notation system in which the usual accidentals symbols are replaced with noteheads of different shapes. Double sharps, double flats and sharps and flats produced by playing white notes on the piano (e.g. B sharp and E sharp) are notated using "history signs."

For more information about Simplified Music Notation, visit <a href="http://www.simplifiedmusicnotation.org/">http://www.simplifiedmusicnotation.org/</a>

# Miscellaneous symbols (U+EE20-U+EE2F)

U+EE20



miscDoNotPhotocopy
Do not photocopy



U+EE21

miscDoNotCopy
Do not copy

U+EE22



miscEyeglasses

Eyeglasses