

Applied Conditionals





















Goals



In this tutorial you will: Learn how to use getMyZRState in conditional statements

> Position Velocity Pointing vector Rotation rates

	My_ZR_State				
n	X: 0.0	Y: 0.0	Z: 0.0		
у	Vx: 0.0	Vy: 0.0	Vz: 0.0		
	Nx: 0.0	Ny: 0.0	Nz: 0.0		
S	ωx: 0.0	ωy: 0.0	ωz: 0.0		





















getMyZRState Review



Z:0.0

Vz: 0.0

Nz: 0.0

ωz: 0.0

getMyZRState retrieves the following information about the Blue satellite

> Position (x,y,z)

Velocity (vx,vy,vz)

Pointing vector (nx,ny,nz)

Rotation rates $(\omega x, \omega y, \omega z)$

These same values are displayed in upper right corner of the simulation window

The ZRState information is provided in an array

of size 12: [0] [1] [2]

> [3] [4] [5] (remember the counting starts from 0,

[6] [7] [8] you see only 0-11 and not 1-12)

[9] [10] [11]

getMyZRState [0], [1], [2] represent the x, y, and z coordinates of the SPHERES















X: 0.0

Vx: 0.0

Nx: 0.0

 $\omega x: 0.0$

Y: 0.0

Vy: 0.0

Ny: 0.0

 ωy : 0.0

Fuel Remaining: 100%



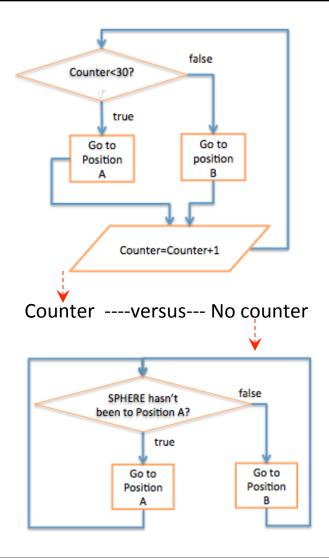




Use of getMyZRState



- You can use getMyZRState to figure out where your SPHERES satellite is relative to a specific location in the game arena
- This means you can use ZR State information instead of a counter to decide when things happen—this is very useful in the game!
- In this tutorial you will use getMyZRState information to program the following:
 If the satellite has not reached positionA, then continue to positionA
 else go to positionB



















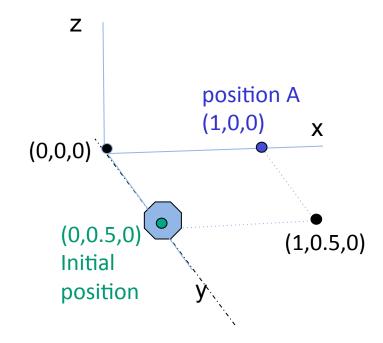




Use of getMyZRState (cont.)



- First some things to consider in the example to the right:
 - Q: How does the x coordinate of the satellite change as it moves from initial position
 (0,0.5,0) to position A (1,0,0) in the picture?
 - A: The satellite starts with x coordinate=0 and moves towards x coordinate=1
- For this example, we will use the SPHERES
 x-coordinate information to decide if the
 satellite has reached positionA.











then keep moving toward positionA









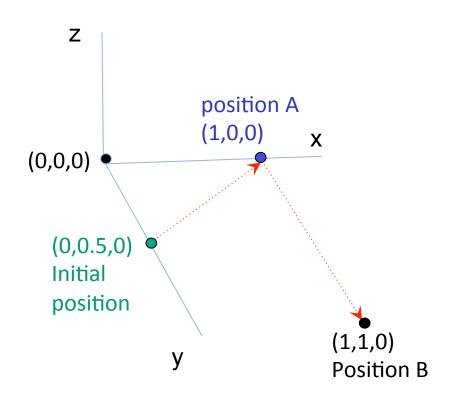




Use of getMyZRState (cont.)



- Because the SPHERES controller is not perfectly accurate, it is best to pick a target x coordinate that comes just before the point the satellite is moving toward (just before position A)
 - Example: x=0.97 is close to x=1.0
 - Pick target x= 0.97
 - This gives you some margin for error (.03 meters (3cm))
- Program outline:
 - If myZRState[0] < 0.97
 - Then go to position A (x = 1.0)
 - Else go to position B























Create a New Project/Declare variables and arrays



- Let's get started: Create a new project
- Name it "Project9" and choose "FreeMode" and "Graphical Editor"
- Create the following variables and arrays:
 - float positionA[3]
 - Set initial value to 1,0,0
 - float positionB[3]
 - Set initial value to 1,1,0
 - float myZRstate[12]
 - Leave initial value blank
 - float target[3]
 - Leave initial value blank

```
type: float name: positionA length: 3 initial value 1, 0, 0

type: float name: positionB length: 3 initial value 1, 1, 0

type: float name: myZRState length: 12 initial value: 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0

type: float name: target length: 3 initial value: 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0

init
```





















Assign values to "myZRstate" and "target"

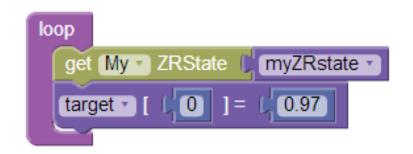


- On the main page: Drag and drop getMyZRState into the loop.
 - Select myZRstate from the drop down menu to assign myZRstate equal to the satellite's state

The **myZRState** information will change as the satellite moves. This information will be updated each time the loop is called.

- Assign a value to target[0]
 - Find the "Select [0]= 0" array block in Variables accordion and drag and drop it into the loop.
 - Select target from the dropdown menu
 - Set target[0]=0.97

























If-Then-Else using myZRState

loop

then

else



- Drag an "If-Then" block into the loop and add an "else" statement
- Drag the "<" block from the Logic accordion into condition space
- In the first empty space of the "<" block
 - Drag the "Select [0]" array block from the Variables accordion and toggle to myZRstate[0]
- In the second empty space
 - Drag "Select [0]" array block from the Variables accordion and toggle to "target [0]"
- You will get the following statement:

```
If myZRstate[0] < target[0]</pre>
```

then...



















get My ZRState myZRState









If-Then-Else using myZRState (cont.)



Complete the conditional statement shown below by dragging two "setPositionTarget" blocks from the SPHERES Controls accordion into the "If-Then-Else" block as shown to the right.

If myZRstate [0] < target [0] then
setPositionTarget to positionA
else setPositionTarget to positionB</pre>

Your program

```
get My ZRState myZRstate target [ 0 ] = 0.97

then set PositionTarget positionA lelse set PositionTarget positionB
```

- Compile and simulate
 - Maximum Time: 90 seconds
 - View simulation
 - Click "Back to Project"

Blue satellite should move from: initial position→ positionA → positionB without pausing





















If-Then-Else using myZRState (cont.)



- If your SPHERE did not behave as expected:
 - Troubleshooting
 - Carefully check that your program matches the one shown to the right
 - Check that you have correctly initialized your variables
 - Make any corrections and simulate again
- Otherwise compare your program to the C code

Your program

```
get My ZRState myZRstate target [ 0 ] = 0.97

then set PositionTarget positionA else set PositionTarget C code

C code
```

```
1 void loop() {
2    api.getMyZRState(myZRState);
3    target[0] = 0.97;
4    if (myZRState[0] < target[0]) {
5        api.setPositionTarget(positionA);
6    } else {
7        api.setPositionTarget(positionB);
8    }
9 }</pre>
```





















Review



Congratulations!

You have learned how to:

Learn how to use getMyZRState in conditional statements in your programs!

Position
Velocity
Pointing vector
Rotation rates

	My_ZR_State				
n	X: 0.0	Y: 0.0	Z: 0.0		
	Vx: 0.0	Vy: 0.0	Vz: 0.0		
- 1	Nx: 0.0	Ny: 0.0	Nz: 0.0		
S	ωx: 0.0	ωy: 0.0	ωz: 0.0		

















