

Lesson 5 Quiz

5 试题

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1。

Given a sequence database, as shown in Table 3, with support threshold $\text{minsup} = 3$, which of the following sequences are frequent?

SID	Sequence
1	$\langle a(bc)(de)cf \rangle$
2	$\langle a(bd)(bc)ef \rangle$
3	$\langle bc(ad)ebfcd \rangle$
4	$\langle ab(cd)d(ab)e \rangle$

Table 3: Sequence database.

- ☒ $\langle abc \rangle$
- ☐ $\langle a(bc) \rangle$
- ☐ $\langle ade \rangle$
- ☐ $\langle acf \rangle$

☐ None of the above

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2.

Suppose we use Generalized Sequential Patterns (GSP) to find the frequent sequential patterns. After scanning the database once, we find the frequent singleton sequences are: a, b, d. Which of the following could be possible length-2 candidate sequences?

- ☐ <ac>
 - ☐ <(bc)>
 - ☒ <ab>
 - ☒ <(bd)>
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3.

Given a sequence database as shown in the following table, suppose we use the SPADE algorithm to find the frequent sequential patterns. Which of the following sequences (in the format of <SID, EID>) belong to the mapped database of item a?

SID	Sequence
1	$\langle a(bc)(de)cf \rangle$
2	$\langle a(bd)(bc)ef \rangle$
3	$\langle bc(ad)ebfcd \rangle$
4	$\langle ab(cd)d(ab)e \rangle$

Table 3: Sequence database.

- ☒ <1, 1>
- ☐ <3, 2>
- ☒ <4, 1>
- ☐ <1, 2>

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Given a sequence database, as shown in Table 11. Suppose $\text{min_sup} = 1$. Which of the following does not belong to the $\langle d \rangle$ -projected database?

SID	Sequence
1	$\langle af(e)(cdeh)cfg(abe) \rangle$
2	$\langle ad(bc)c(fg)(ch) \rangle$
3	$\langle bc(ad)ebf(cdfgh) \rangle$
4	$\langle ab(bd)de \rangle$

Table 11: Sequence database.

- ☒ $\langle (c_eh)cfg(abe) \rangle$
☐ $\langle (bc)c(fg)(ch) \rangle$
☐ $\langle ebf(cdfgh) \rangle$
☐ $\langle de \rangle$

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5.

Suppose we use the CloSpan algorithm to find all closed sequential patterns from a sequence database with minimum support 15.

During the mining process, we derive the following sequences along with the sizes of their projected DBs: $\langle c \rangle$: 50, $\langle ac \rangle$ 45, $\langle b \rangle$ 30, $\langle bc \rangle$: 30. Then we use the backward sub-pattern rule and the backward super-pattern rule to prune redundant search space. Which of the projected DBs will remain after the pruning?

- ☒ $\langle c \rangle$
☒ $\langle ac \rangle$



<bc>





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