✖

Clustering and Similarity

6 试题

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1.
A country, called *Simpleland*, has a language with a small vocabulary of just *“the”*, *“on”*, *“and”*, *“go”*, *“round”*, *“bus”*, and *“wheels”*. For a word count vector with indices ordered as the words appear above, what is the word count vector for a document that simply says *“the wheels on the bus go round and round.”*

Please enter the vector of counts as follows: If the counts were [*"the"*=1, *“on”*=3, *"and"*=2, *"go"*=1, *"round"*=2, "*bus"*=1, "*wheels"*=1], enter 1321211.

2111211

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2.
In *Simpleland*, a reader is enjoying a document with a representation: [1 3 2 1 2 1 1]. Which of the following articles would you recommend to this reader next?

○ **[7 0 2 1 0 0 1]**

● **[1 7 0 0 2 0 1]**

○

○ **[1 0 0 0 7 1 2]**

○ **[0 2 0 0 7 1 1]**

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3.
A corpus in *Simpleland* has 99 articles. If you pick one article and perform **1-nearest neighbor search** to find the closest article to this query article, how many times must you compute the similarity between two articles?

● **98**

○ **98*2 = 196**

○ **98/2 = 49**

○ **(98)^2**

○ **99**

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4.
For the TF-IDF representation, does the relative importance of words in a document depend on the base of the logarithm used? For example, take the words "*bus*" and "*wheels*" in a particular document. Is the ratio between the TF-IDF values for "*bus*" and "*wheels*" different when computed using log base 2 versus log base 10?

○ Yes

● No

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5.

Which of the following statements are **true?** (*Check all that apply*):

☑ **Deciding whether an email is *spam* or *not spam* using the text of the email and some *spam* / *not spam* labels is a supervised learning problem.**

□ **Dividing emails into two groups based on the text of each email is a supervised learning problem.**

☑ **If we are performing clustering, we typically assume we either do not have or do not use class labels in training the model.**

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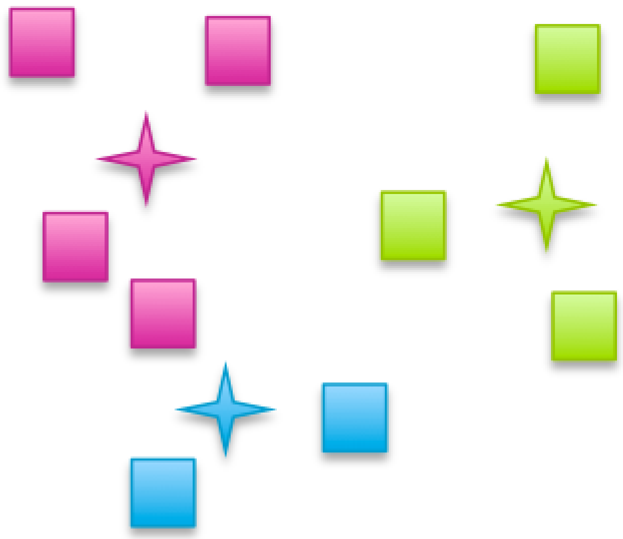
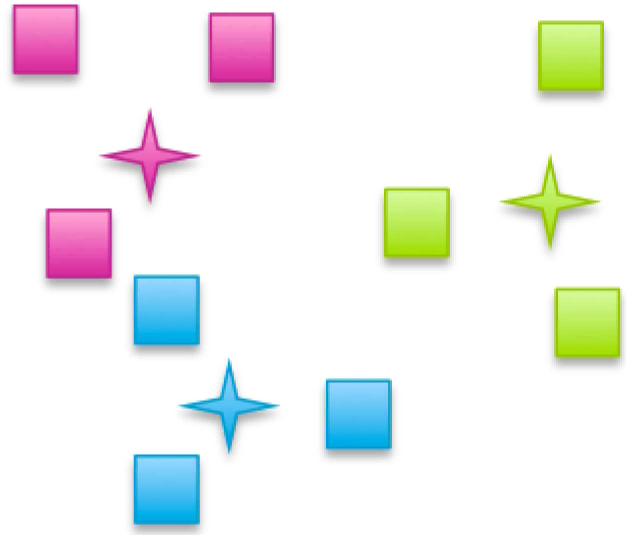
6.

Which of the following pictures represents the ***best*** k-means solution? (*Squares represent observations, plus signs are cluster centers, and colors indicate assignments of observations to cluster centers.*)

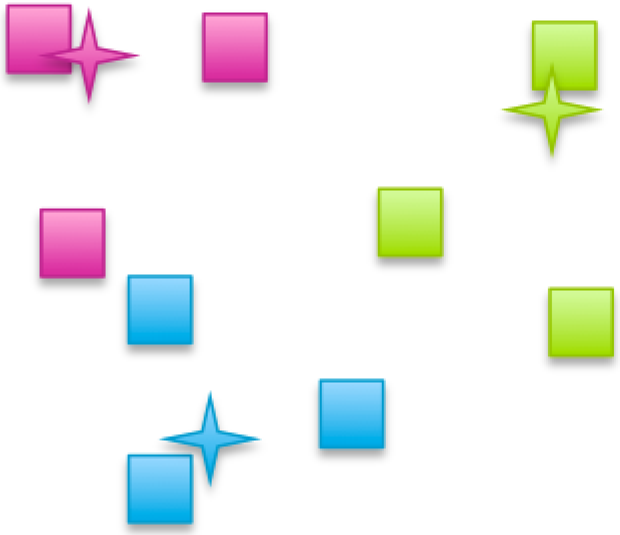
○



●



○



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