

The Outer Solar System

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0.1 Data

The chosen units are: masses relative to the sun, so that the sun has mass 1. We have taken $m_0 = 1.00000597682$ to take account of the inner planets. Distances are in astronomical units, times in earth days, and the gravitational constant is thus $G = 2.95912208286 \cdot 10^4$.

planet	mass	
Jupiter	$m_1 = 0.000954786104043$	<ul style="list-style-type: none">3.50236533.81698471.5507959
Saturn	$m_2 = 0.000285583733151$	<ul style="list-style-type: none">9.07553143.04583531.6401384
Uranus	$m_3 = 0.0000437273164546$	<ul style="list-style-type: none">8.310142016.29010867.2512788
Neptune	$m_4 = 0.0000517759138449$	<ul style="list-style-type: none">11.470766625.729482910.8169456
Pluto	$m_5 = 1/(1.3 \cdot 10^8)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none">15.538735725.22255943.1902382

The data is taken from the book "Geometric Numerical Integration" by E. Hairer, C. Lubich and G. Wanner.

```
using Plots, OrdinaryDiffEq, DiffEqPhysics, RecursiveArrayTools
gr()

G = 2.95912208286e-4
M = [1.00000597682, 0.000954786104043, 0.000285583733151, 0.0000437273164546,
      0.0000517759138449, 1/1.3e8]
planets = ["Sun", "Jupiter", "Saturn", "Uranus", "Neptune", "Pluto"]

pos_x = [0.0, -3.5023653, 9.0755314, 8.3101420, 11.4707666, -15.5387357]
pos_y = [0.0, -3.8169847, -3.0458353, -16.2901086, -25.7294829, -25.2225594]
pos_z = [0.0, -1.5507963, -1.6483708, -7.2512788, -10.8169456, -3.1902382]
pos = ArrayPartition(pos_x, pos_y, pos_z)

vel_x = [0.0, 0.00565429, 0.00168318, 0.00354178, 0.00288930, 0.00276725]
vel_y = [0.0, -0.00412490, 0.00483525, 0.00137102, 0.00114527, -0.00170702]
vel_z = [0.0, -0.00190589, 0.00192462, 0.00055029, 0.00039677, -0.00136504]
vel = ArrayPartition(vel_x, vel_y, vel_z)

tspan = (0., 200_000)
```

The N-body problem's Hamiltonian is

$$H(p, q) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=0}^N \frac{p_i^T p_i}{m_i} - G \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} \frac{m_i m_j}{\|q_i - q_j\|} \quad (1)$$

Here, we want to solve for the motion of the five outer planets relative to the sun, namely, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune and Pluto.

```
const sum = sum
const N = 6
potential(p, t, x, y, z, M) = -G*sum(i->sum(j->(M[i]*M[j])/sqrt((x[i]-x[j])^2 +
(y[i]-y[j])^2 + (z[i]-z[j])^2), 1:i-1), 2:N)
```

0.2 Hamiltonian System

NBodyProblem constructs a second order ODE problem under the hood. We know that a Hamiltonian system has the form of

$$\dot{p} = -H_q(p, q) \quad \dot{q} = H_p(p, q) \quad (2)$$

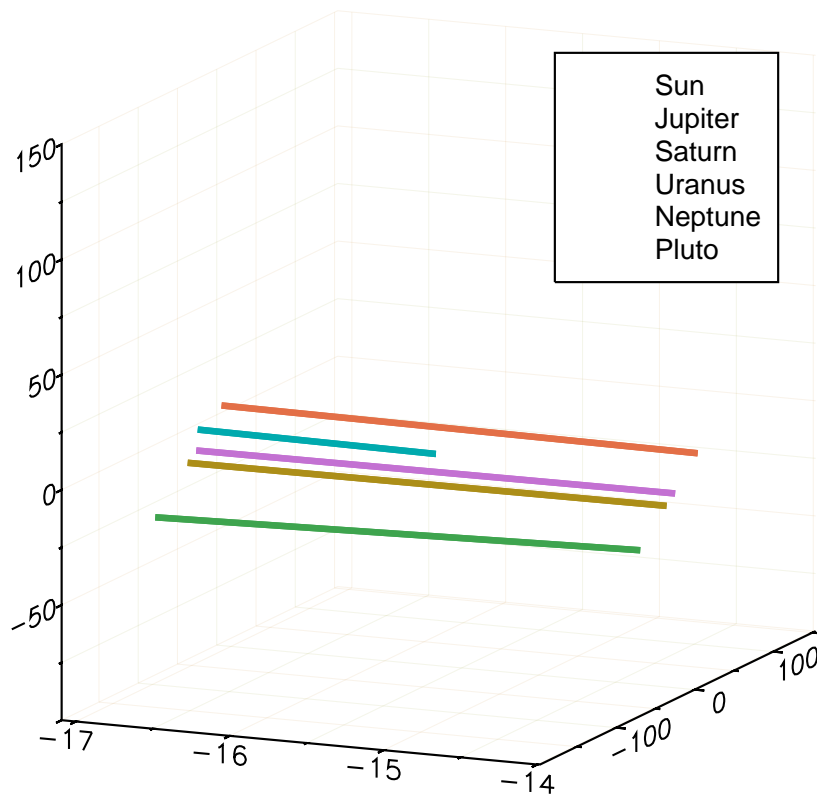
For an N-body system, we can symplify this as:

$$\dot{p} = -\nabla V(q) \quad \dot{q} = M^{-1}p. \quad (3)$$

Thus \dot{q} is defined by the masses. We only need to define \dot{p} , and this is done internally by taking the gradient of V . Therefore, we only need to pass the potential function and the rest is taken care of.

```
nprob = NBodyProblem(potential, M, pos, vel, tspan)
sol = solve(nprob, Yoshida6(), dt=100);
```

```
orbitplot(sol, body_names=planets)
```



0.3 Appendix

```
using DiffEqTutorials
DiffEqTutorials.tutorial_footer(WEAVE_ARGS[:folder],WEAVE_ARGS[:file])
```

These benchmarks are part of the DiffEqTutorials.jl repository, found at:

<https://github.com/JuliaDiffEq/DiffEqTutorials.jl>

To locally run this tutorial, do the following commands:

```
using DiffEqTutorials
DiffEqTutorials.weave_file(".", "models/outer_solar_system.jmd")
```

Computer Information:

```
Julia Version 1.1.0
Commit 80516ca202 (2019-01-21 21:24 UTC)
Platform Info:
  OS: Windows (x86_64-w64-mingw32)
  CPU: Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-8700 CPU @ 3.20GHz
  WORD_SIZE: 64
  LIBM: libopenlibm
  LLVM: libLLVM-6.0.1 (ORCJIT, skylake)
Environment:
  JULIA_EDITOR = "C:\Users\accou\AppData\Local\atom\app-1.34.0\atom.exe" -a
  JULIA_NUM_THREADS = 6
```

Package Information:

```
Status `C:\Users\accou\.julia\environments\v1.1\Project.toml`
[c52e3926] Atom v0.7.14
[6e4b80f9] BenchmarkTools v0.4.2
[336ed68f] CSV v0.4.3
[be33ccc6] CUDAnative v1.0.1
[3a865a2d] CuArrays v0.9.1
[a93c6f00] DataFrames v0.17.1
[39dd38d3] Dierckx v0.4.1
[459566f4] DiffEqCallbacks v2.5.2
[aae7a2af] DiffEqFlux v0.2.0
[c894b116] DiffEqJump v6.1.0+ [C:\Users\accou\.julia\dev\DiffEqJump`]
[1130ab10] DiffEqParamEstim v1.5.1
[055956cb] DiffEqPhysics v3.1.0
[225cb15b] DiffEqTutorials v0.0.0 [C:\Users\accou\.julia\external\DiffEq
Tutorials.jl`]
[0c46a032] DifferentialEquations v6.3.0
[587475ba] Flux v0.7.3
[f6369f11] ForwardDiff v0.10.3+ [C:\Users\accou\.julia\dev\ForwardDiff`]
[7073ff75] IJulia v1.17.0
[c601a237] Interact v0.9.1
[b6b21f68] Ipopt v0.5.4
[4076af6c] JuMP v0.18.5
[e5e0dc1b] Juno v0.5.4
[76087f3c] NLOpt v0.5.1
[429524aa] Optim v0.17.2
[1dea7af3] OrdinaryDiffEq v5.1.4+ [C:\Users\accou\.julia\dev\OrdinaryDif
fEq`]
[65888b18] ParameterizedFunctions v4.1.0
[91a5bcdd] Plots v0.23.0
[71ad9d73] PuMaS v0.0.0 [C:\Users\accou\.julia\dev\PuMaS`]
[d330b81b] PyPlot v2.7.0
[731186ca] RecursiveArrayTools v0.20.0
[90137ffa] StaticArrays v0.10.2
[789caeaf] StochasticDiffEq v6.1.1+ [C:\Users\accou\.julia\dev\Stochasti
cDiffEq`]
[c3572dad] Sundials v3.0.0
[44d3d7a6] Weave v0.7.1
```