

BEST PRACTICES IN THREAT INTELLIGENCE

GATHER, DOCUMENT, ANALYSE AND CONTEXTUALISE IN-

CIRCL / TEAM MISP PROJECT

MISP PROJECT

<https://www.misp-project.org/>

NSPA



2022-08-03

Best Practices in Threat Intelligence

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- Learn how to use MISP to support common OSINT gathering use-cases often used by SOC, CSIRTs and CERTs
 - ▶ Use practical exercise examples¹
 - ▶ The exercises are based on **practical recent cases to model and structure intelligence** using the MISP standard
- Improve the data models available in MISP by exchanging live improvements and ideas
- Be able to share the results to the community at the end of this session

¹<https://gist.github.com/adulau/8c1de48060e259799d3397b83b0eec4f>

Objectives

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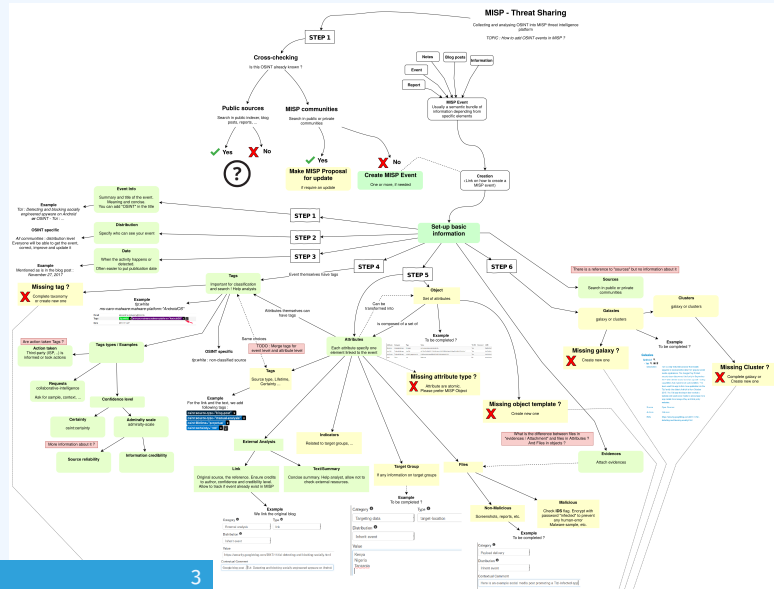
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- **Cyber threat intelligence (CTI) is a vast concept** which includes different concepts, methods, and workflows
 - ▶ Intelligence is defined differently in the military than in the financial sector than in the intelligence community
- **MISP project doesn't want to lock an organisation or a user into a specific model.** Each model is useful depending on the objectives of an organisation
- A set of pre-defined knowledge base or data-models are available and organisations can select (or create) what they need
- During this session, an overview of the most used taxonomies, galaxies, and objects will be described

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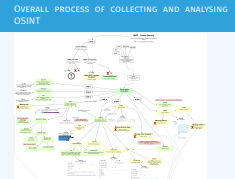
OVERALL PROCESS OF COLLECTING AND ANALYSING OSINT



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- Overall process of collecting and analysing OSINT



- Quality of indicators/attributes are important but **tagging and classification are also critical to ensure actionable information**
- Organizing intelligence is done in MISP by using tags, which often originate from MISP taxonomy libraries
- The scope can be classification (*tlp*, *PAP*), type (*osint*, *type*, *veris*), state (*workflow*), collaboration (*collaborative-intelligence*), or many other fields
- MISP taxonomy documentation is readily available²
- **Review existing practices of tagging in your sharing community, reuse practices, and improve context**

²<https://www.misp-project.org/taxonomies.html>

└─ Meta information and contextualisation 1/2

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- **When information cannot be expressed in triple tags format** (*namespace:predicate=value*), MISP use Galaxies
- **Galaxies** contain a huge set of common libraries³ such as threat actors, malicious tools, tactics, target information, mitigations, and more
- When tagging or adding a Galaxy cluster, tagging at the event level is for the whole event (including attributes and objects). Tagging at the attribute level is for a more specific context

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└─ Meta information and contextualisation 2/2

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- **Words of Estimative Probability**⁴ propose clear wording while estimating probability of occurrence from an event
- A MISP taxonomy called **estimative-language**⁵ proposes an applied model to tag information in accordance with the concepts of Estimative Probability

⁴[https:](https://www.cia.gov/library/center-for-the-study-of-intelligence/csi-publications/books-and-monographs/sherman-kent-and-the-board-of-national-estimates-collected-essays-6words.html)

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- The **Admiralty Scale**⁶ (also called the **NATO System**) is used to rank the reliability of a source and the credibility of information
- A MISP taxonomy called admiralty-scale⁷ is available
- US DoD **JP 2-0, Joint Intelligence**⁸ includes an appendix to express confidence in analytic judgments
- A MISP predicate in estimative-language called confidence-in-analytic-judgment⁹ is available

⁶<https://www.ijlter.org/index.php/ijlter/article/download/494/234>,
US Army Field Manual 2-22.3, 2006

⁷<https://www.misp-project.org/taxonomies.html>

⁸http://www.jcs.mil/Portals/36/Documents/Doctrine/pubs/jp2_o.pdf,
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└ Reliability, credibility, and confidence

- If the information is a **single atomic element**, using a single attribute is preferred
 - ▶ Choosing an attribute type is critical as this defines the automation/export rule (e.g. *url* versus *link* or *ip-src/ip-dst*?)
 - ▶ Enabling the IDS (automation) flag is also important, but *when you are in doubt*, don't set the IDS flag
- If the information is **composite** (ip/port, filename/hash, bank account/BIC), using an object is strongly recommended

└ Adding attributes/objects to an event

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HOW TO SELECT THE RIGHT OBJECT?

There are more than 150 MISP object¹⁰ templates.
As an example, at CIRCL, we regularly use the following object templates *file, microblog, domain-ip, ip-port, coin-address, virustotal-report, paste, person, ail-leak, pe, pe-section, registry-key*.

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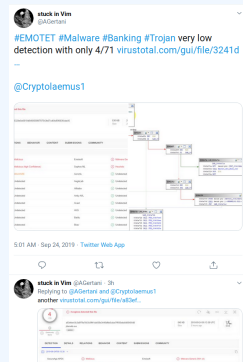
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MICROBLOG OBJECT

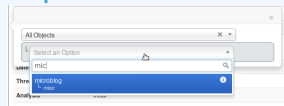
Use case

A series of OSINT tweets from a security researcher. To structure the thread, the information, and keep a history.



Object to use

The microblog object can be used for Tweets or any microblog post (e.g. Facebook). The object can be linked using *followed-by* to describe a series of post.



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└ microblog object



Use case

- A file sample was received by email or extracted from VirusTotal
- A list of file hashes were included in a report
- A hash value was mentioned in a blog post

Object to use

The file object can be used to describe file. It's usual to have partial meta information such as a single hash and a filename.

Add File Object

Object Template	File v17
Description	File object describing a file with meta-information
Requirements	Required one of: filename, size-in-bytes, authenticthash, ssdeep, md5, sha1, sha224, sha256, sha384, sha512, sha512/224, sha512/256, tlsh, pattern-in-file, x509-fingerprint-sha1, malware-sample, attachment, path, fullpath
Meta category	File
Distribution	Inherit event
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file object

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