

# MISP WORKSHOP

INTRODUCTION INTO INFORMATION SHARING USING

TEAM CIRCL  
*TLP:WHITE*

MISP PROJECT



2022-09-13

MISP workshop

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# PLAN FOR THIS SESSION

- Explanation of the CSIRT use case for information sharing and what CIRCL does
- Building an information sharing community and best practices<sup>1</sup>

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## MISP workshop

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- As a CSIRT, CIRCL operates a wide range of communities
- We use it as an **internal tool** to cover various day-to-day activities
- Whilst being the main driving force behind the development, we're also one of the largest consumers
- Different communities have different needs and restrictions

## ■ Private sector community

- ▶ Our largest sharing community
- ▶ Over **1250 organisations**
- ▶ **3600 users**
- ▶ Functions as a central hub for a lot of sharing communities
- ▶ Private organisations, Researchers, Various SoCs, some CSIRTs, etc

## ■ CSIRT community

- ▶ Tighter community
- ▶ National CSIRTs, connections to international organisations, etc

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## ■ Financial sector community

- ▶ Banks, payment processors, etc.
- ▶ Sharing of **mule accounts** and **non-cyber threat information**

## ■ X-ISAC<sup>2</sup>

- ▶ **Bridging the gap** between the various sectorial and geographical ISACs
- ▶ New, but ambitious initiative
- ▶ Goal is to **bootstrap the cross-sectorial sharing** along with building the infrastructure to enable sharing when needed

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## ■ the ATT&CK EU community<sup>3</sup>

- ▶ Work on attacker modelling
- ▶ With the assistance of MITRE themselves
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- ISAC / specialised community MISPs
  - ▶ Topical or community specific instances hosted or co-managed by CIRCL
  - ▶ Examples, GSMA, FIRST.org, CSIRT network, etc
  - ▶ Often come with their **own taxonomies and domain specific object definitions**
- FIRST.org's MISP community
- Telecom and Mobile operators' community
- Various ad-hoc communities for exercises for example
  - ▶ The ENISA exercise for example
  - ▶ Locked Shields exercise

## Communities supported by CIRCL

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- Sharing can happen for **many different reasons**. Let's see what we believe are the typical CSIRT scenarios
- We can generally split these activities into 4 main groups when we're talking about traditional CSIRT tasks:
  - ▶ Core services
  - ▶ Proactive services
  - ▶ Advanced services
  - ▶ Sharing communities managed by CSIRTs for various tasks

### └ Sharing Scenarios in MISP

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## ■ Incident response

- ▶ **Internal storage** of incident response data
- ▶ Sharing of indicators **derived from incident response**
- ▶ **Correlating data** derived and using the built in analysis tools
- ▶ **Enrichment** services
- ▶ **Collaboration** with affected parties via MISP during IR
- ▶ **Co-ordination** and collaboration
- ▶ **Takedown** requests

## ■ Alerting of information leaks (integration with **AIL**<sup>4</sup>)

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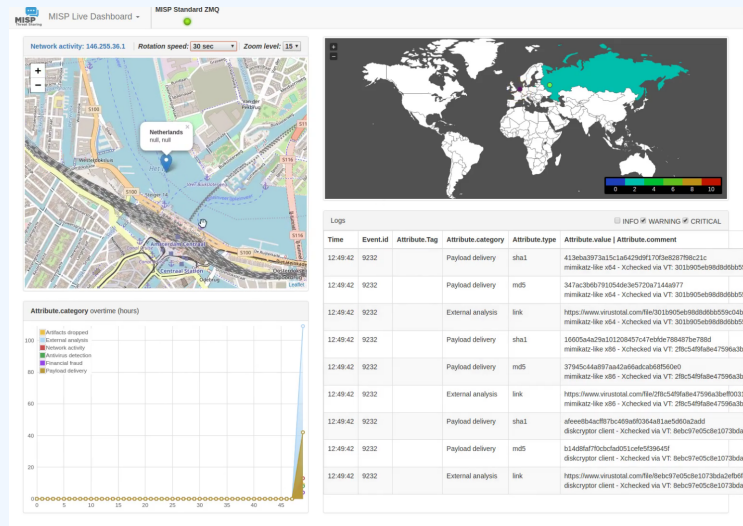
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- **Contextualising** both internal and external data
- **Collection** and **dissimination** of data from various sources (including OSINT)
- Storing, correlating and sharing own manual research (**reversing, behavioural analysis**)
- Aggregating automated collection (**sandboxing, honeypots, spamtraps, sensors**)
  - ▶ MISP allows for the creation of **internal MISP "clouds"**
  - ▶ Store **large specialised datasets** (for example honeypot data)
  - ▶ MISP has **interactions with** a large set of such **tools** (Cuckoo, Mail2MISP, etc)
- **Situational awareness** tools to monitor trends and adversary TTPs within my sector/geographical region (MISP-dashboard, built in statistics)

### CSIRT proactive services

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# CSIRT PROACTIVE SERVICES - MISP DASHBOARD



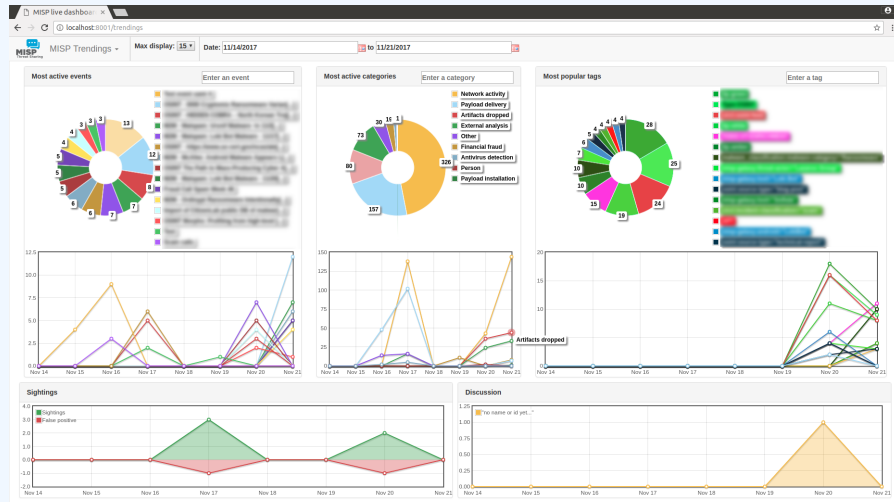
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CSIRT proactive services - MISP dashboard

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# CSIRT PROACTIVE SERVICES - MISP DASHBOARD



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CSIRT proactive services - MISP dashboard



- Supporting **forensic analysts**
- Collaboration with **law enforcement**
- **Vulnerability** information sharing
  - ▶ **Notifications** to the constituency about relevant vulnerabilities
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# CSIRTs' MANAGEMENT OF SHARING COMMUNITIES FOR CONSTITUENT ACTIONS:

- **Reporting** non-identifying information about incidents (such as outlined in NISD)
- **Seeking** and engaging in **collaboration** with CSIRT or other parties during an incident
- Pre-sharing information to **request for help** / additional information from the community
- **Pseudo-anonymised sharing** through 3rd parties to **avoid attribution** of a potential target
- Building processes for **other types of sharing** to get the community engaged and acquainted with the methodologies of sharing (mule account information, border control, etc)

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- Collaboration with Deloitte as part of a CEF project for creating compliance documents
  - ▶ Information sharing and cooperation **enabled by GDPR**
  - ▶ How MISP enables stakeholders identified by the **NISD** to perform key activities
  - ▶ **AIL** and MISP
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└─ A quick note on compliance...

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## Bringing different sharing communities together

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# ADVANTAGES OF CROSS SECTORIAL SHARING

- **Reuse of TTPs** across sectors
- Being hit by something that **another sector has faced before**
- **Hybrid threats** - how seemingly unrelated things may be interesting to correlate
- Prepare other communities for the capability and **culture of sharing** for when the need arises for them to reach out to CSIRT
- Generally our field is ahead of several other sectors when it comes to information sharing, might as well **spread the love**



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# GETTING STARTED WITH BUILDING YOUR OWN SHARING COMMUNITY

- Starting a sharing community is **both easy and difficult** at the same time
- Many moving parts and most importantly, you'll be dealing with a **diverse group of people**
- Understanding and working with your constituents to help them face their challenges is key

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# RUNNING A SHARING COMMUNITY USING MISP - HOW TO GET GOING?

## ■ Different models for constituents

- ▶ **Connecting to** a MISP instance hosted by a CSIRT
- ▶ **Hosting** their own instance and connecting to CSIRT's MISP
- ▶ **Becoming member** of a sectorial MISP community that is connected to CSIRT's community

## ■ Planning ahead for future growth

- ▶ Estimating requirements
- ▶ Deciding early on common vocabularies
- ▶ Offering services through MISP

## └ Running a sharing community using MISP - How to get going?

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# RELY ON OUR INSTINCTS TO IMITATE OVER EXPECTING ADHERENCE TO RULES

- **Lead by example** - the power of imitation
- Encourage **improving by doing** instead of blocking sharing with unrealistic quality controls
  - ▶ What should the information look like?
  - ▶ How should it be contextualise
  - ▶ What do you consider as useful information?
  - ▶ What tools did you use to get your conclusions?
- Side effect is that you will end up **raising the capabilities of your constituents**

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# WHAT COUNTS AS VALUABLE DATA?

- Sharing comes in many shapes and sizes
  - ▶ Sharing results / reports is the classical example
  - ▶ Sharing enhancements to existing data
  - ▶ Validating data / flagging false positives
  - ▶ Asking for support from the community
- **Embrace all of them.** Even the ones that don't make sense right now, you never know when they come handy...

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# HOW TO DEAL WITH ORGANISATIONS THAT ONLY "LEECH"?

- From our own communities, only about **30%** of the organisations **actively share data**
- We have come across some communities with sharing requirements
- In our experience, this sets you up for failure because:
  - ▶ Organisations losing access are the ones who would possibly benefit the most from it
  - ▶ Organisations that want to stay above the thresholds will start sharing junk / fake data
  - ▶ You lose organisations that might turn into valuable contributors in the future

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# SO HOW DOES ONE CONVERT THE PASSIVE ORGANISATIONS INTO ACTIVELY SHARING ONES?

- Rely on **organic growth**
- **Help** them increase their capabilities
- As mentioned before, lead by example
- Rely on the inherent value to one's self when sharing information (validation, enrichments, correlations)
- **Give credit** where credit is due, never steal the contributions of your community (that is incredibly demotivating)

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# DISPELLING THE MYTHS AROUND BLOCKERS WHEN IT COMES TO INFORMATION SHARING

- Sharing difficulties are not really technical issues but often it's a matter of **social interactions** (e.g. **trust**).
  - ▶ You can play a role here: organise regular workshops, conferences, have face to face meetings
- Legal restrictions
  - ▶ "Our legal framework doesn't allow us to share information."
  - ▶ "Risk of information leak is too high and it's too risky for our organization or partners."
- Practical restrictions
  - ▶ "We don't have information to share."
  - ▶ "We don't have time to process or contribute indicators."
  - ▶ "Our model of classification doesn't fit your model."
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- Sharing **technical information** is a **great start**
- However, to truly create valueable information for your community, always consider the context:
  - ▶ Your IDS might not care why it should alert on a rule
  - ▶ But your analysts will be interested in the threat landscape and the "big picture"
- Classify data to make sure your partners understand why it is **important for you**, so they can see why it could be **useful to them**
- Massively important once an organisation has the maturity to filter the most critical **subsets of information for their own defense**

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- However, this includes different vocabularies with obvious overlaps
- MISP allows you to **pick and choose vocabularies** to use and enforce in a community
- Good idea to start with this process early
- If you don't find what you're looking for:
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# SHARED LIBRARIES OF META-INFORMATION (GALAXIES)

- The MISPPProject in co-operation with partners provides a **curated list of galaxy information**
- Can include information packages of different types, for example:
  - ▶ Threat actor information
  - ▶ Specialised information such as Ransomware, Exploit kits, etc
  - ▶ Methodology information such as preventative actions
  - ▶ Classification systems for methodologies used by adversaries - ATT&CK
- Consider improving the default libraries or contributing your own (simple JSON format)
- If there is something you cannot share, run your own galaxies and **share it out of bound** with partners
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### └ Shared libraries of meta-information (Galaxies)

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- Besides volume limitations (which are absolutely valid, fear of false-positives is the most common reason why people discard data) - Our recommendation:
  - ▶ Be lenient when considering what to keep
  - ▶ Be strict when you are feeding tools
- MISP allows you to **filter out the relevant data on demand** when feeding protective tools
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# MANY OBJECTIVES FROM DIFFERENT USER-GROUPS

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  - ▶ 'Do I have infected systems in my infrastructure or the ones I operate?'
- Sharing indicators to **block**.
  - ▶ 'I use these attributes to block, sinkhole or divert traffic.'
- Sharing indicators to **perform intelligence**.
  - ▶ 'Gathering information about campaigns and attacks. Are they related? Who is targeting me? Who are the adversaries?'
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## Warning: Potential false positives

List of known IPv4 public DNS resolvers

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- For example: Within a national private sector sharing community, specific community for financial institutions
- Sharing groups serve this purpose mainly
- As a CSIRT running a national community, consider bootstrapping these sharing communities
- Organisations can of course self-organise, but you are the ones with the know-how to get them started

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- Consider compartmentalisation - does it make sense to move a secret squirrel club to their own sharing hub to avoid accidental leaks?
- Use your **best judgement** to decide which communities should be separated from one another
- Create sharing hubs with **manual data transfer** if needed
- Some organisations will even have their data air-gapped - Feed system
- **Create guidance** on what should be shared outside of their bubbles - organisations often lack the insight / experience to decide how to get going. Take the initiative!

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## GET IN TOUCH IF YOU NEED SOME HELP TO GET STARTED

- Getting started with building a new community can be daunting. Feel free to get in touch with us if you have any questions!
- Contact: [info@circl.lu](mailto:info@circl.lu)
- <https://www.circl.lu/>
- <https://github.com/MISP>  
<https://gitter.im/MISP/MISP>  
<https://twitter.com/MISPProject>

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