

# Beowulf Script

Daniel Clay

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## Introduction

### Cast

In order of appearance:

**The Bard** Narrator

**Hrothgar** King of the Spear-Danes (Scyldings)\*

**Grendel** An evil monster, descendant of Cain\*

**Beowulf** A hero of the Geatish people

**Beowulf's companions** 14 Geatish thegns\*

**Wulfgar** Hrothgar's Counsellor\*

**Unferth** Hrothgar's spokesman\*

**Wealhtheow** Queen of the Spear-Danes\*

**Grendel's Mother** A monstrous ogress\*

**Ashhere** Hrothgar's Counsellor\*

**Hygelac** King of the Geats\*\*

**Hygd** Queen of the Geats\*\*

**The Dragon** A dragon, awakened from its slumber\*\*

**A Slave** Who awakens the dragon\*\*

**Wiglaf** Beowulf's faithful companion\*\*

**Beowulf's companions** 10 Geatish thegns\*\*

**Female Mourner** A lady of the Geats, grieving for her lord\*\*

**Mourners** 7 Geatish noblemen, who mourn their lord\*\*

Of the cast, most of Beowulf's companions can be omitted as required, and those present at the court of Hrothgar (marked with a \*) can be doubled up with those present at the court of Hygelac (marked with a \*\*; characters who cannot be doubled up are unmarked).

Likewise, additional characters may be present at both courts - councillors, warriors and servants.

Most of the minor roles can be played by men or women, as can Grendel, Grendel's Mother, the Dragon (possibly a two person costume) and the Bard.

In total, the play can be performed by anywhere upwards of 10 people, with an ideal number being around 14-20.

## **Staging**

This play works best when some of the character of the mead-hall, for which the original work was composed, is retained. Staging should be minimal and as far as possible abstracted away. No scene changes should be required, but can be suggested by lighting or simple changes of set.

Lighting by open flame is preferred to lighting by electric light.

## **Structure of the play**

Despite the length of the original poem, which runs to over 3000 lines, the play should be able to be performed straight through, without an interval.

If an interval is desired, it should happen after Act II.

The poem itself is loosely organised in three acts, characterised by the three combats Beowulf takes part in; that with Grendel, with Grendel's Mother, and with the Dragon.

# Script

## Act 1

### Scene 1 - Introduction

*A mead hall, somewhere in 6th Century Denmark.*

*The Bard addresses the audience as if they were guests in the mead hall.*

**The Bard** Listen!

We have heard of the thriving of the throne of Denmark,  
how the folk-kings flourished in former days,  
how those royal athelings earned that glory.

Was it not Scyld Shefing that shook the halls,  
took mead-benches, taught encroaching  
foes to fear him who, found in childhood,  
lacked clothing? Yet he lived and prospered,  
grew in strength and stature under the heavens  
until the clans settled in the sea-coasts neighbouring  
over the whale-road all must obey him  
and give tribute. He was a good king!

A boy child was afterwards born to Scyld,  
a young child in hall-yard, a hope for the people,  
sent them by God  
Through the northern lands the name of Beow,  
the son of Scyld, sprang widely.

At the hour shaped for him Scyld departed,  
the hero crossed into the keeping of his Lord.  
Then for a long space there lodged in the stronghold  
Beowulf the Dane, dear king of his people,  
when late was born to him  
the lord Healfdene, lifelong the ruler  
and war-feared patriarch of the proud Scyldings.

He next fathered four children  
that leapt into the world, this leader of armies,  
Heorogar and Hrothgar and Halga the Good and Ursula.

Then to Hrothgar was granted glory in battle,  
mastery of the field; so friends and kinsmen  
gladly obeyed him, and his band increased  
to a great company. It came into his mind  
that he would command the construction  
of a huge mead-hall, a house greater  
than men on earth ever had heard of,  
and share the gifts God had bestowed on him  
upon its floor with folk young and old  
apart from public land and the persons of slaves.

Far and wide (as I heard) the work was given out  
in many a tribe over middle earth,  
the making of the mead-hall. And, as men reckon,  
the day of readiness dawned very soon  
for this greatest of houses. Heorot he named it  
whose word ruled a wide empire.  
He made good his boast, gave out rings,  
arm-bands at the banquet. Boldly the hall reared  
its arched gables; unkindled the torch-flame  
that turned it to ashes. The time was not yet  
when the blood-feud should bring out again  
sword-hatred in sworn kindred.

It was with pain that the powerful spirit  
dwelling in darkness endured that time,  
hearing daily the hall filled with loud amusement.  
*Grendel* they called this cruel spirit,  
the fell and fen his fastness was, the march his haunt.

With the coming of night came Grendel also,  
sought the great house and how the Ring-Danes  
held their hall when the horn had gone round.  
He found in Heorot the force of nobles  
slept after supper, sorrow forgotten,  
the condition of men. Maddening with rage,  
he struck quickly, creature of evil:  
grim and greedy, he grasped on their pallets  
thirty warriors, and away he was out of there,  
thrilled with his catch: he carried off homeward  
his glut of slaughter, sought his own halls.

As the day broke, with the dawns light  
Grendels outrage was openly to be seen:  
nights table-laughter turned to mornings  
lamentation. Lord Hrothgar  
sat silent then, the strong man mourned,  
glorious king, he grieved for his thegns  
as they read the traces of a terrible foe,  
a cursed fiend. That was too cruel a feud,  
too long, too hard!

Nor did he let them rest  
but the next night brought new horrors,  
did more murder, manslaughter and outrage  
and shrank not from it: he was too set on these things.

So Grendel became ruler; against right he fought,  
one against all. Empty then stood  
the best of houses, and for no brief space;

for twelve long winters torment sat  
on the Friend of the Scyldings, fierce sorrows  
and woes of every kind; which was not hidden  
from the sons of men, but was made known  
in grieving songs, how Grendel warred  
long on Hrothgar, the harms he did him  
through wretched years of wrong, outrage  
and persecution.

A great grief was it for the Guardian of the Scyldings,  
crushing to his spirit. The council lords  
sat there daily to devise some plan,  
what might be best for brave-hearted  
Danes to contrive against these terror-raids.

This was heard of at his home by one of Hygelacs followers,  
a good man among the Geats, Grendels raidings;  
he was for main strength of all men foremost  
that trod the earth at that time of day;  
build and blood matched.

He bade a seaworthy  
wave-cutter be fitted out for him; the warrior king  
he would seek, he said, over swans riding,  
that lord of great name, needing men.

The prince had already picked his men  
from the folks flower, the fiercest among them  
that might be found. With fourteen men  
he sought sound-wood; sea-wise Beowulf  
led them right down to the lands edge.

Away she went over a wavy ocean,  
boat like a bird, breaking seas,  
wind-whetted, white-throated,  
till the curved prow had ploughed so far  
the sun standing right on the second day  
that they might see land loom on the skyline,  
then the shimmer of cliffs, sheer fells behind,  
reaching capes.

Then the crossing was at an end;  
closed the wake. Weather-Geats  
stood on strand, stepped briskly up;  
a rope went ashore, ring-mail clashed,  
battle-girdings. God they thanked  
for the smooth going over the salt trails.

There was stone paving on the path that brought  
the war-band on its way. The war-coats shone

and the links of hard hand-locked iron  
sang in their harness as they stepped along  
in their gear of grim aspect to the hall.

## **Scene 2 - Beowulf's Arrival at Heorot**

*Beowulf & Companions approach the hall.*

*Loud knocking on the door, which then swings open*

*They enter. Unferth and Wulfgar stand and walk over to greet/challenge them.*

**Unferth** From whence do you bring these embellished shields,  
grey mail-shirts, masked helmets,  
this stack of spears? I am spokesman here,  
herald to Hrothgar. I have not seen  
a body of strangers bear themselves more proudly.

It is not exile but adventure, I think,  
boldness of spirit, that brings you to Hrothgar.

**Beowulf** At Hygelac's table we are sharers in the banquet.  
Beowulf is my name.

I shall gladly set out to the son of Healfdene,  
most famous of kings, the cause of my journey,  
lay it before your lord, if he will allow us kindly,  
to greet in person his most gracious self.

**Wulfgar** The Master of the Danes,  
Lord of the Scyldings, shall learn of your request.  
I shall gladly ask my honoured chief,  
giver of arm-bands, about your undertaking,  
and soon bear the answer back again to you,  
that my gracious lord shall think to make.

*Unferth and Wulfgar walk over to Hrothgar to tell him who the strangers are.*

**Wulfgar** Men have come here from the country of the Geats,  
borne from afar over the back of the sea;  
these battle-companions call the man who leads them Beowulf.

The boon they ask is, my lord, that they may converse with you.  
Do not, kind Hrothgar, refuse them audience in the answer you vouchsafe.  
Their war-gear would clearly bespeak them of Earl's rank.  
Indeed, the leader who guided them here seems of great account.

**Hrothgar** I knew him when he was a child!  
It was to his old father, Edgetheow, that  
Hrethel the Geat gave in marriage  
his one daughter. Well does the son  
now pay this call on a proven ally!

The seafarers used to say, I remember,

who took our gifts to the Geat people  
in token of friendship that this fighting man  
in his hands grasp had the strength  
of thirty other men. I am thinking that  
the Holy God, as a grace to us  
Danes in the West, has directed him here  
against Grendels oppression. This good man shall be  
offered treasures in return for his courage.

Waste no time now but tell them to come in  
that they may see this company seated together.  
Make sure to say that they are most welcome  
to the people of the Danes.

*Unferth and Wulfgar walk back to Beowulf and his companions, who have been waiting silently.*

**Wulfgar** The Master of Battles bids me announce,  
the Lord of the North Danes, that he knows your ancestry;  
I am to tell you all, determined venturers  
over the seas, that you are sure of welcome.  
You may go in now in your gear of battle,  
set eyes on Hrothgar, helmed as you are.

But battle-shafts and shields of linden wood  
may here await your words' outcome.

*The Geats hand their weapons to two of their number, who remain to guard them.  
The rest follow Beowulf towards the king, now unarmed but still in armour.*

**Beowulf** Health to Hrothgar! I am Hygelacs kinsman  
and serve in his fellowship. Fame-winning deeds  
have come early to my hands. The affair of Grendel  
has been made known to me on my native turf.

The sailors speak of this splendid hall,  
this most stately building, standing idle  
and silent of voices, as soon as the evening light  
has hidden below the heavens bright edge.

Whereupon it was urged by the ablest men  
among our people, men proved in counsel,  
that I should seek you out, most sovereign Hrothgar.

These men knew well the weight of my hands.  
Had they not seen me come home from fights  
where I had bound five Giants?  
Had I not crushed on the wave  
sea-serpents by night in narrow struggle,  
broken the beasts? And shall I not try  
a single match with this monster Grendel,

a trial against this troll?

To you I now  
put one request, Royal Scylding,  
Shield of the South Danes, one sole favour  
that you'll not deny me, dear lord of your people,  
now that I have come thus far, Fastness of Warriors;  
that I alone may be allowed, with my loyal and determined  
crew of companions, to cleanse your hall, Heorot.

As I am informed that this unlovely one  
is careless enough to carry no weapon,  
so that my lord Hygelac, my leader in war,  
may take joy in me, I abjure utterly  
the bearing of sword or shielding yellow  
board in this battle! With bare hands shall I  
grapple with the fiend, fight to the death here,  
hater and hated! He who is chosen  
shall deliver himself to the Lords judgement.

If he can contrive it, we may count upon Grendel  
to eat quite fearlessly the flesh of Geats  
here in this war-hall; has he not chewed  
on the strength of this nation? There will be no need, Sir,  
for you to bury my head; he will have me gladly,  
if death should take me, though darkened with blood.  
He will bear my bloody corpse away, bent on eating it,  
make his meal alone, without misgiving,  
bespatter his moor-lair. The disposing of my body  
need occupy you no further then.

But if the fight should take me, you would forward to Hygelac  
this best of battle-shirts, that my breast now wears.  
The queen of war-coats, it is the bequest of Hrethel  
and from the forge of Wayland.  
Fate will take it's course!

**Hrothgar** So it is to fight in our defence, my friend Beowulf,  
and as an office of kindness that you have come to us here!

It is a sorrow in spirit for me to say to any man  
what the hatred of Grendel has brought me to in Heorot,  
what humiliation, what harrowing pain.  
My hall-companions, my war-band, are dwindled;  
Wyrd has swept them into the power of Grendel.

Yet God could easily check the ravages of this reckless fiend!  
They often boasted, when the beer was drunk,  
and called out over the ale-cup, my captains in battle,  
that they would here await, in this wassailing-place,



with deadliness of iron edges, the onset of Grendel.  
When morning brought the bright daylight  
this mead-hall was seen all stained with blood:  
blood had soaked its shining floor,  
it was a house of slaughter. More slender grew my  
strength of dear warriors; death took them off

Yet sit now to the banquet, where you may soon attend,  
should the mood so take you, some tale of victory.

*A bench is cleared for the Geats, and they all sit.  
Mead is brought around and laughter is heard. Talking amongst the cast.*

### **Scene 3 - Feasting and Bragging**

*After some time, an increasingly irritated Unferth stands up.*

**Unferth** Is this the Beowulf of Breca's swimming match,  
who strove against him on the stretched ocean,  
when for pride the pair of you proved the seas  
and for a trite boast entrusted your lives  
to the deep waters, undissuadable  
by effort of friend or foe whatsoever  
from that swimming on the sea? A sorry contest!

Your arms embraced the oceans streams,  
you beat the wave-way, wove your hand-movements,  
and danced on the Spear-Man. The sea boiled with whelming  
waves of winter; in the waters power  
you laboured seven nights: and then you lost your swimming-match,  
his might was the greater; morning found him  
cast by the sea on the coast of the Battle-Reams.

He made his way back to the marches of the Brondings,  
to his father-land, friend to his people,  
and to the city-fastness where he had subjects, treasure  
and his own stronghold. The son of Beanstan  
performed to the letter what he had promised to you.

I see little hope then of a happier outcome  
though in other conflicts elsewhere in the world  
you may indeed have prospered if you propose awaiting  
Grendel all night, on his own ground, unarmed.

**Beowulf** I thank my friend Unferth, who unlocks us this tale  
of Breca's bragged exploit;  
the beer lends eloquence to his tongue.  
But the truth is as I've said:  
I had more sea-strength, outstaying Brecas,  
and endured underwater a much worse struggle.

It was in early manhood that we undertook  
with a public boast both of us still  
very young men to venture our lives  
on the open ocean; which we accordingly did.

Hard in our right hands we held each a sword  
as we went through the sea, so to keep off  
the whales from us. If he whitened the ocean,  
no wider appeared the water between us.  
He could not away from me; nor would I from him.  
Thus stroke for stroke we stitched the ocean  
five nights and days, drawn apart then  
by cold storm on the cauldron of waters;  
under lowering night the northern wind  
fell on us in warspite: the waves were rough!

The unfriendliness was then aroused of the fishes of the deep.  
Against sea-beasts my body-armour,  
hand-linked and hammered, helped me then,  
this forge-knit battleshirt bright with gold,  
decking my breast. Down to the bottom  
I was plucked in rage by this reptile-fish,  
pinned in his grip. But I got the chance  
to thrust once at the ugly creature  
with my weapons point: war took off then  
the mighty monster; mine was the hand did it.  
Then loathsome snouts snickered by me,  
swarmed at my throat. I served them out  
with my good sword, gave them what they asked for:  
those scaly flesh-eaters sat not down  
to dine on Beowulf, they browsed not on me  
in that picnic theyd designed in the dingles of the sea.

Daylight found them dispersed instead  
up along the beaches where my blade had laid them  
soundly asleep; since then they have never  
troubled the passage of travellers over  
that deep water-way. Day in the east grew,  
Gods bright beacon, and the billows sank  
so that I then could see the headlands,  
the windy cliffs. Wyrd saves oft  
the man undoomed if he undaunted be!  
and it was my part then to put to the sword  
nine sea-monsters, in the severest fight  
by night I have heard of under heavens vault;  
a man more sorely pressed the seas never held.  
I came with my life from the compass of my foes,  
but tired from the struggle. The tide bore me  
away on its currents to the coasts of Norway,  
whelms of water.

No whisper has yet reached me  
of sword-ambushes survived, nor such scathing perils  
in connection with your name! Never has Breca,  
nor you Unferth either, in open battle-play  
framed such a deed of daring with your  
shining swords small as my action was.  
You have killed only kindred, kept your blade  
for those closest in blood; youre a clever man, Unferth,  
but youll endure hells damnation for that.

It speaks for itself, my son of Edgelaf,  
that Grendel had never grown such a terror,  
this demon had never dealt your lord  
such havoc in Heorot, had your hearts intention  
been so grim for battle as you give us to believe.  
Hes learnt theres in fact not the least need  
excessively to respect the spite of this people,  
the scathing steel-thresh of the Scylding nation.  
He spares not a single sprig of your Danes  
in extorting his tribute, but treats himself proud,  
butchering and dispatching, and expects no resistance  
from the spear-wielding Scyldings.

Ill show him Geatish  
strength and stubbornness shortly enough now,  
a lesson in war. He who wishes shall go then  
blithe to the banquet when the breaking light  
of another day shall dawn for men  
and the sun shine glorious in the southern sky.

*The partying resumes, and Wealhtheow enters with the ceremonial mead-cup.  
She passes it around, starting with Hrothgar, before coming last to Beowulf.*

**Wealhtheow** Hail, son of Edgetheow,  
honoured guest of the Spear-Danes.

I thank the Almighty Lord, our Maker  
to see so mighty a man before me  
to be counted on for aid in our troubles.

*Beowulf takes the cup and drinks.*

**Beowulf** This was my determination in taking to the ocean,  
benched in the ship among my band of fellows,  
that I should once and for all accomplish the wishes  
of your adopted people, or pass to the slaughter,  
viced in my foes grip. This vow I shall accomplish,  
a deed worthy of an earl; decided otherwise  
here in this mead-hall to meet my ending-day!

*Wealhtheow retrieves the cup and moves back to sit beside Hrothgar.*

**The Bard** Then at last Heorot heard once more  
words of courage, the carousing of a people  
singing their victories; till the son of Healfdene  
desired at length to leave the feast,  
be away to his nights rest; aware of the monster  
brooding his attack on the tall-gabled hall  
from the time they had seen the suns lightness  
to the time when darkness drowns everything  
and under its shadow-cover shapes do glide  
dark beneath the clouds.  
The company came to its feet.

*All stand. Hrothgar and Beowulf come together to speak.*

**Hrothgar** Never since I took up shield and sword  
have I at any instance to any man beside,  
thus handed over Heorot, as I here do to you.  
Have and hold now the house of the Danes!  
Bend your mind and your body to this task  
and wake against the foe! There'll be no want of liberality  
if you come out alive from this ordeal of courage.

*Hrothgar and his people leave. The Geats begin to take off their armour.  
Mattresses are taken out and the Geats lie down on them. Beowulf addresses the audience.*

**Beowulf** I fancy my fighting-strength, my performance in combat,  
at least as greatly as Grendel does his;  
and therefore I shall not cut short his life  
with a slashing sword too simple a business.  
He has not the art to answer me in kind,  
hew at my shield, shrewd though he be  
at his nasty catches. No, well at night play  
without any weapons if unweaponed he dare  
to face me in fight. The Father in His wisdom  
shall apportion the honours then, the All-holy Lord,  
to whichever side shall seem to Him fit.

*The lights fade to darkness*

#### **Scene 4 - Grendel**

*Grendel approaches the hall slowly. The lighting is colder now, as if lit by moonlight.*

**The Bard** Gliding through the shadows came  
the walker in the night; the warriors slept  
whose task was to hold the horned building,  
all except one. It was well-known to men  
that the demon could not drag them to the shades

without Gods willing it; yet the one man kept  
unblinking watch. He awaited, heart swelling  
with anger against his foe, the ordeal of battle.

Down off the moorlands misting fells came  
Grendel stalking; Gods brand was on him.  
The spoiler meant to snatch away  
from the high hall some of human race.  
He came on under the clouds, clearly saw at last  
the gold-hall of men, the mead-drinking place  
nailed with gold plates. That was not the first visit  
he had paid to the hall of Hrothgar the Dane:  
he never before and never after  
harder luck nor hall-guards found.

*Grendel smashes through the doors to the hall, ripping them open.  
He stalks inside and grabs a sleeping warrior, killing him.  
Grendel moves over towards Beowulf, who stands.*

*Beowulf tackles Grendel*

*The two wrestle for a while, but eventually Beowulf pins Grendel, and takes hold of his arm.*

*The other warriors try to kill Grendel, but their swords are ineffective.*

*Grendel tries to run, but cannot escape Beowulf's grip.*

*Eventually, Grendel's shoulder tears, and his whole arm rips off. Grendel screams.*

*Grendel flees back through the doors, and off stage.*

*Beowulf hangs Grendel's arm above the door, to cheers.*

### **Scene 5 - Grendel's Death is Celebrated**

*The light changes back to warm, once again lit by torchlight.*

*Hrothgar and company enter. The scene shifts to a banquet, celebrating Grendel's death.*

*All are amazed at the sight of Grendel's hand. Hrothgar walks over to inspect it.*

**Hrothgar** Let swift thanks be given to the Governor of All,  
seeing this sight! I have suffered a thousand  
spites from Grendel: but God works ever  
miracle upon miracle, the Master of Heaven.  
Until yesterday I doubted whether  
our afflictions would find a remedy  
in my lifetime, since this loveliest of halls  
stood slaughter-painted, spattered with blood.  
For all my counsellors this was a cruel sorrow,  
for none of them imagined they could mount a defence  
of the Scylding stronghold against such enemies  
warlocks, demons!

But one man has,  
by the Lords power, performed the thing  
that all our thought and arts to this day  
had failed to do. She may indeed say,  
whoever she be that brought into the world

this young man here if yet she lives  
that the God of Old was gracious to her  
in her child-bearing. Beowulf, I now take you  
to my bosom as a son, O best of men,  
and cherish you in my heart. Hold yourself well  
in this new relation! You will lack for nothing  
that lies in my gift of the goods of this world:  
lesser offices have elicited reward,  
we have honoured from our hoard less heroic men,  
far weaker in war. But you have well ensured  
by the deeds of your hands an undying honour  
for your name for ever. May the Almighty Father  
yield you always the success that you yesternight enjoyed!

**Beowulf** We willingly undertook this test of courage,  
risked a match with the might of the stranger,  
and performed it all. I would prefer, though,  
that you had rather seen the rest of him here,  
the whole length of him, lying here dead.  
I had meant to catch him, clamp him down  
with a cruel lock to his last resting-place;  
with my hands upon him, I would have him soon  
in the throes of death unless he disappeared!  
But I had not a good enough grip to prevent  
his getting away, when God did not wish it;  
the fiend in his flight was far too violent,  
my lifes enemy. But he left his hand  
behind him here, so as to have his life,  
and his arm and shoulder. And all for nothing:  
it bought him no respite, wretched creature.

He lives no longer, laden with sins,  
to plague mankind: pain has set  
heavy hands on him, and hasped about him  
fatal fetters. He is forced to await now,  
like a guilty criminal, a greater judgement,  
where the Lord in His splendour shall pass sentence upon him.

*While they speak, the other characters prepare the feast. Drinks are passed around.  
Hrothgar returns to his throne, and motions for his spokesman Unferth.*

*Hrothgar speaks quietly to Unferth, who takes some others and goes offstage to get gifts.*

*They come back with a banner, helmet, mail-shirt and sword; all of the highest quality.*

*One by one, Hrothgar gives them to Beowulf, who hands the banner to his companion while he puts the others on.*

**Hrothgar** Beloved Beowulf,  
great deeds beget great rewards.  
Here I bestow a sign of victory,  
this banner worked in gold,  
this bright war-coat and helm

this battle-tempered blade.

Take care to use them well.

*While the gifts are presented, Unferth collects more gifts for Beowulf's companions.  
Hrothgar presents the gifts to the companions in turn. He also makes a gift of gold for the dead man.*

*Wealhtheow then brings a great golden cup to Hrothgar.*

**Wealhtheow** Accept this cup, my king and lord,  
giver of treasure. Let your gaiety be shown,  
gold-friend of warriors, and to the Geats speak  
in words of friendship, for this well becomes a man.  
Be gracious to these Geats, and let the gifts you have had  
from near and far, not be forgotten now.

I hear it is your wish to hold this warrior  
henceforward as your son. Heorot is cleansed,  
the ring-hall bright again: therefore bestow while you may  
these blessings liberally, and leave to your kinsmen  
the land and its people when your passing is decreed,  
your meeting with fate. For may I not count  
on my gracious Hrothulf to guard honourably  
our young ones here, if you, my lord,  
should give over this world earlier than he?

I am sure that he will show to our children  
answerable kindness, if he keeps in remembrance  
all that we have done to indulge and advance him,  
the honours we bestowed on him when he was still a child.

*Wealhtheow then brings the cup to Beowulf*

**Wealhtheow** Honour our feast, my lord.

*Unferth returns once more with a necklace and arm-bands. Wealhtheow presents them.*

**Wealhtheow** Take pride in this jewel, have joy of this mantle  
drawn from our treasures, most dear Beowulf!  
May fortune come with them and may you flourish in your youth!  
Proclaim your strength; but in counsel to these boys  
be a gentle guardian, and my gratitude will be seen.  
Already you have so managed that men everywhere  
will hold you in honour for all time,  
even to the cliffs at the worlds end, washed by the Ocean,  
the winds range. All the rest of your life  
must be happy, prince; and prosperity I wish you too,  
abundance of treasure! But be to my son  
a friend in deed, most favoured of men.

You see how open is each earl here with his neighbour,  
temperate of heart, and true to his lord.  
The nobles are loyal, the lesser people dutiful;  
wine mellows the men to move to my bidding.

*She returns to her seat. The celebration continues.*

**The Bard** What a banquet that was!  
The men drank their wine: the Wyrd they did not know,  
destined from of old, the doom that was to fall  
on many of the earls there.

*Hrothgar exits, and his people clear away the feast.  
The Geats leave and the other warriors prepare for bed. When finished, the light dims.*

**The Bard** The Geats sank into sleep. A savage penalty  
one paid for his nights rest! It was no new thing for that people  
since Grendel had occupied the gold-giving hall,  
working his evil, until the end came,  
death for his misdeeds. It was declared then to men,  
and received by every ear, that for all this time  
a survivor had been living, an avenger for their foe  
and his grim lifes-leaving: Grendels Mother herself,  
a monstrous ogress, ailing for her loss,  
now purposed to set out at last savage in her grief  
on that wrath-bearing visit of vengeance for her son.

*The light fades to darkness*

## Act 2

### Scene 1 - Grendel's Mother Attacks Heorot

*Lights up dimly, once again cold. Grendel's mother has made her way onstage in the blackout.  
She creeps slowly around the hall and removes the hand. As she passes one man, he awakes and cries out.*

*Everyone in the hall wakes up and grabs their weapons.  
Grendel's Mother grabs Ashhere and flees, followed by some of the warriors.  
Once they are offstage, the remaining warriors sheath their weapons.*

### Scene 2 - The Warriors Take Stock

*After a short pause, the lights brighten to daylight.  
Hrothgar and his advisors enter and survey the scene, talking quietly to the remaining warriors.  
Beowulf and his companions enter in full gear. He goes to speak to Hrothgar*

**Beowulf** Kind Hrothgar, has the night been quiet?  
Your call was urgent; I came at once.

**Hrothgar** Do not ask about our welfare! Woe has returned  
to the Danish people with the death of Ashhere,



the elder brother of Yrmenlaf.  
He was my closest counsellor, he was keeper of my thoughts,  
he stood at my shoulder when we struck for our lives  
at the crashing together of companies of foot,  
when blows rained on boar-crests. Men of birth and merit  
all should be as Ashhere was!

A bloodthirsty monster has murdered him in Heorot,  
a wandering demon; whither this terrible one,  
glorying in her prey, glad of her meal,  
has returned to, I know not. She has taken vengeance  
for the previous night, when you put an end to Grendel  
with forceful finger-grasp, and in a fierce manner,  
because he had diminished and destroyed my people  
for far too long. He fell in that struggle  
and forfeited his life; but now is followed by another  
most powerful ravager. Revenge is her motive,  
and in furthering her sons feud she has gone far enough,  
or thanes may be found who will think it so;  
in their breasts they will grieve for their giver of rings,  
bitter at heart. For the hand is stilled  
that would openly have granted your every desire.

I have heard it said by subjects of mine  
who live in the country, counsellors in this hall,  
that they have seen such a pair  
of huge wayfarers haunting the moors,  
otherworldly ones; and one of them,  
so far as they might make it out,  
was in womans shape; but the shape of a man,  
though twisted, trod also the tracks of exile  
save that he was more huge than any human being.

The country people have called him from of old  
by the name of Grendel; they know of no father for him,  
nor whether there have been such beings before  
among the monster-race.

Mysterious is the region  
they live in of wolf-fells, wind-picked moors  
and treacherous fen-paths: a torrent of water  
pours down dark cliffs and plunges into the earth,  
an underground flood. It is not far from here,  
in terms of miles, that the Mere lies,  
overcast with dark, crag-rooted trees  
that hang in groves hoary with frost.

An uncanny sight may be seen at night there  
the fire in the water! The wit of living men  
is not enough to know its bottom.

The hart that roams the heath, when hounds have pressed him  
long and hard, may hide in the forest  
his antlered head; but the hart will die there  
sooner than swim and save his life;  
he will sell it on the brink there, for it is not a safe place.  
And the wind can stir up wicked storms there,  
whipping the swirling waters up  
till they climb the clouds and clog the air,  
making the skies weep.

Our sole remedy  
is to turn again to you. The treacherous country  
where that creature of sin is to be sought out  
is strange to you as yet: seek then if you dare!  
I shall reward the deed, as I did before,  
with wealthy gifts of wreathed ore,  
treasures from the hoard, if you return once more.

**Beowulf** Bear your grief, wise one! It is better for a man  
to avenge his friend than to refresh his sorrow.  
As we must all expect to leave  
our life on this earth, we must earn some renown,  
if we can, before death; daring is the thing  
for a fighting man to be remembered by.

Let Denmark's lord arise, and we shall rapidly see then  
where this kinswoman of Grendel's has gone away to!  
I can promise you this, that she'll not protect herself by hiding  
in any fold of the field, in any forest of the mountain,  
in any dingle of the sea, dive where she will!  
For this day, therefore, endure all your woes  
with the patience that I may expect of you.

**Hrothgar** I thank the Almighty Lord  
that once again we shall have your aid in this.  
Go now to victory once more,  
and triumph over this hell-fiend.

### **Scene 3 - Journey to the Mere**

*As the Bard narrates, the lighting and set change to indicate that they have travelled from the hall.*

**The Bard** A steed with braided mane was bridled then,  
a horse for Hrothgar; the hero-patriarch  
rode out shining; shieldbearers marched  
in troop beside him. The trace of her going  
on the woodland paths was plainly to be seen,  
stepping onwards; straight across  
the fog-bound moor she had fetched away there  
the lifeless body of the best man  
of all who kept the courts of Hrothgar.

The sons of men then made their way  
up steep screes, by scant tracks  
where only one might walk, by wall-faced cliffs,  
through haunted fens uninhabitable country.

Going on ahead with a handful of the  
keener men to reconnoitre,  
Beowulf suddenly saw where some ash-trees  
hung above a hoary rock  
a cheerless wood! And the water beneath it  
was turbid with blood; bitter distress  
was to be endured by the Danes who were there,  
a grief for the earls, for every thane  
of the Friends of the Scyldings, when they found there  
the head of Ashhere by the edge of the cliff.

The men beheld the blood on the water,  
its warm upwellings. The war-horn sang  
an eager battle-cry. The band of foot-soldiers,  
sitting by the water, could see multitudes  
of strange sea-drakes swerving through the depths,  
and water-snakes lay on the ledge s of the cliffs,  
such serpents and wild beasts as will sally out  
in middle morning to make havoc  
in the seas where ships sail.

*Beowulf begins to put on his armour. Once he has his mail-shirt and helmet, Unferth approaches.  
Unferth unbuckles his sword belt and presents it to Beowulf as a gift.*

**Unferth** Forgive my words earlier;  
oft wine will lend eloquence beyond a man's prowess.  
You have proven himself the better warrior.  
This sword is named Hrunting; unique and ancient,  
it's edge is iron; annealed in venom and tempered in blood.  
In battle it has never failed any hero of my house.  
Take it now, and may it serve you well today.

**Beowulf** This is indeed a mighty aid, Unferth.  
I will take this hilted sword and slay the ogress.

*Having strapped on the new sword, Beowulf turns to Hrothgar.*

**Beowulf** I am eager to begin, great son of Healfdene.  
Remember well, then, my wise lord,  
provider of gold, what we agreed once before,  
that if in your service it should so happen  
that I am sundered from life, that you would assume the place  
of a father towards me when I was gone.  
Now extend your protection to the troop of my companions,  
my young fellows, if the fight should take me;

convey also the gifts that you have granted to me,  
beloved Hrothgar, to my lord Hygelac.  
For on seeing this gold, the Geat chieftain,  
Hrethels son, will perceive from its value  
that I had met with magnificent patronage  
from a giver of jewels, and that I had joy of him.

Let Unferth have the blade that I inherited  
he is a widely-known man this wave-patterned sword  
of rare hardness. With Hrunting shall I  
achieve this deed or death shall take me!

*Snap blackout. Exit all apart from Beowulf*

#### **Scene 4 - Grendel's Mother**

*The lights now should give the impression of being underwater, with as little illumination as possible.*

**The Bard** After these words the Weather-Geat prince  
dived into the Mere he did not care  
to wait for an answer and the waves closed over  
the daring man. It was a days space almost  
before he could glimpse ground at the bottom.  
The grim and greedy guardian of the flood,  
keeping her hungry hundred-season watch,  
discovered at once that one from above,  
a human, had sounded the home of the monsters.

She felt for the man and fastened upon him  
her terrible hooks; but no harm came thereby  
to the hale body within the harness so ringed him  
that she could not drive her dire fingers  
through the mesh of the mail-shirt masking his limbs.  
When she came to the bottom she bore him to her lair,  
the mere-wolf, pinioning the mail-clad prince.

Not all his courage could enable him  
to draw his sword; but swarming through the water,  
throngs of sea-beasts threw themselves upon him  
with ripping tusks to tear his battle-coat,  
tormenting monsters. Then the man found  
that he was in some enemy hall  
where there was no water to weigh upon him  
and the power of the flood could not pluck him away,  
sheltered by its roof: a shining light he saw,  
a bright fire blazing clearly.

*Lights up to reveal Beowulf and Grendel's Mother facing each other.*

*Beowulf draws Hrunting and strikes, but it fails to do any damage. He throws it to the ground.*

*He tackles Grendel's Mother, but as they fall she draws a dagger.  
She strikes at his back. His mail turns aside the blow.  
Beowulf then spots a giant's sword and takes it up.  
With one blow, he severs her head, killing her.*

*At the moment of her death, the light changes to a clearer, brighter colour.  
Beowulf takes the sword and goes to find Grendel, then severs his head. Grendel's blood dissolves the blade.*

*Beowulf disappears offstage.*

### **Scene 5 - The Hero Returns**

**The Bard** And above, the wise men who watched with Hrothgar  
the depths of the pool descried soon enough  
blood rising in the broken water  
and marbling the surface. Seasoned warriors,  
grey-headed, experienced, they spoke together,  
said it seemed unlikely that they would see once more  
the prince returning triumphant to seek out  
their famous master. Many were persuaded  
the she-wolf of the deep had done away with him.  
The ninth hour had come; the keen-hearted Scyldings  
abandoned the cliff-head; the kindly gold-giver  
turned his face homeward. But the foreigners sat on,  
staring at the pool with sickness at heart,  
hoping they would look again on their beloved captain,  
believing they would not.

The survivor of his enemies onslaught in battle  
now set to swimming, and struck up through the water;  
both the deep reaches and the rough wave-swirl  
were thoroughly cleansed, now the creature from the otherworld  
drew breath no longer in this brief worlds space.

Then the seamens Helm came swimming up  
strongly to land, delighting in his sea-trove,  
those mighty burdens that he bore along with him.  
They went to meet him, a manly company,  
thanking God, glad of their lord,  
seeing him safe and sound once more.

The lakes waters,  
sullied with blood, slept beneath the sky.  
They turned away from there and retraced their steps,  
pacing the familiar paths back again  
as bold as kings, carefree at heart.

The carrying of the head from the cliff by the Mere  
was no easy task for any of them,  
brave as they were. They bore it up,  
four of them, on a spear, and transported back

Grendels head to the gold-giving hall.

Warrior-like they went, and it was not long  
before they came, the fourteen bold Geats,  
marching to the hall, and, among the company  
walking across the land, their lord the tallest.

### Scene 6 - More Celebrations

*Beowulf & Companions enter and walk up to the hall, carrying the head. They enter.  
Inside are all Hrothgar's people, talking. Beowulf walks up to address him.*

**Beowulf** Behold! What you see here, O son of Healfdene,  
prince of the Scyldings, was pleasant freight for us:  
these trophies from the lake betoken victory!

Not easily did I survive  
the fight under water; I performed this deed  
not without a struggle. Our strife had ended  
at its very beginning if God had not saved me.

Nothing could I perform in that fight with Hrunting,  
it had no effect, fine weapon though it be.  
But the Guide of mankind granted me the sight  
of a huge Giant-sword hanging on the wall,  
ancient and shining and I snatched up the weapon.

When the hour afforded, in that fight I slew  
the keepers of the hall. The coiling-patterned  
blade burnt all away, as the blood sprang forth,  
the hottest ever shed; the hilt I took from them.

So I avenged the violent slaughter  
and outrages against the Danes; indeed it was fitting.

Now, I say, you may sleep in Heorot  
free from care your company of warriors  
and every man of your entire people,  
both the young men and the guard. Gone is the need  
to fear those fell attacks of former times  
on the lives of your earls, my lord of the Scyldings.

*He presents the hilt to Hrothgar, who studies it carefully. The hall falls silent*

**Hrothgar** One who has tendered justice and truth to his people,  
their shepherd from of old, surely may say this,  
remembering all that's gone that this man was born  
to be the best of men. Beowulf, my friend,  
your name shall resound in the nations of the earth  
that are furthest away.

How wise you are to bear  
your great strength so peaceably! I shall perform my vows  
agreed in our forewords. It is granted to your people  
that you shall live to be a long-standing comfort  
and bulwark to the heroes.

Heremod was not so  
for the honoured Scyldings, the sons of Edgewela:  
his manhood brought not pleasure but a plague upon us,  
death and destruction to the Danish tribes.  
In his fits he would cut down his comrade in war  
and his table-companion until he turned away  
from the feasting of men, that famous prince.

This though the Almighty had exalted him in the bliss  
of strength and vigour, advancing him far  
above all other men. Yet inwardly his heart-hoard  
grew raw and blood-thirsty; no rings did he give  
to the Danes for his honour. And he dwelt an outcast,  
paid the penalty for his persecution of them  
by a life of sorrow. Learn from this, Beowulf:  
study openhandedness! It is for your ears that I relate this,  
and I am old in winters.

It is wonderful to recount  
how in his magnanimity the Almighty God  
deals out wisdom, dominion and lordship  
among mankind. The Master of all things  
will sometimes allow to the soul of a man  
of well-known kindred to wander in delight:  
He will grant him earth's bliss in his own homeland,  
the sway of the fortress-city of his people,  
and will give him to rule regions of the world,  
wide kingdoms: he cannot imagine,  
in his unwisdom, that an end will come.  
His life of bounty is not blighted by hint  
of age or ailment; no evil care  
darkens his mind, malice nowhere  
bares the sword-edge, but sweetly the world  
swings to his will; worse is not looked for.

At last his part of pride within him  
waxes and climbs, the watchman of the soul  
slumbering the while. That sleep is too deep,  
tangled in its cares! Too close is the slayer  
who shoots the wicked shaft from his bow!  
For all his armour he is unable to protect himself:  
the insidious bolt buries in his chest,  
the crooked counsels of the accursed one.

What he has so long enjoyed he rejects as too little;  
in niggardly anger renounces his lordly  
gifts of gilt torques, forgets and misprises  
his fore-ordained part, endowed thus by God,  
the Master of Glory, with these great bounties.

And ultimately the end must come,  
the frail house of flesh must crumble  
and fall at its hour. Another then takes  
the earls inheritance; open-handedly  
he gives out its treasure, regardless of fear.

Beloved Beowulf, best of warriors,  
resist this deadly taint, take what is better,  
your lasting profit. Put away arrogance,  
noble fighter! The noon of your strength  
shall last for a while now, but in a little time  
sickness or a sword will strip it from you:  
either enfolding flame or a floods billow  
or a knife-stab or the stoop of a spear  
or the ugliness of age; or your eyes brightness  
lessens and grows dim. Death shall soon  
have beaten you then, O brave warrior!

So it is with myself. I swayed the Ring-Danes  
for fifty years here, defending them in war  
with ash and with edge over the earths breadth  
against many nations; until I numbered at last  
not a single adversary beneath the skies expanse.  
But what change of fortune befell me at my hearth  
with the coming of Grendel; grief sprang from joy  
when the old enemy entered our hall!  
Great was the pain that persecution  
thrust upon me. Thanks be to God,  
the Lord everlasting, that I have lived until this day,  
seen out this age of ancient strife  
and set my gaze upon this gory head!

But join those who are seated, and rejoice in the feast,  
O man clad in victory! We shall divide between us  
many treasures when morning comes.

*Celebration. Beowulf sits and they begin to drink and feast again.*

*During the Bard's monologue, the lights fade through black, and come back up to daylight at the correct time.*

**The Bard** Quite as before, the famous men,  
guests of the hall, were handsomely feasted  
on this new occasion. Then nights darkness  
grew on the company. The guard arose,



for their wise leader wished to rest,  
the grey-haired Scylding. The Geat was ready enough  
to go to his bed too, brave shieldsman.

The hero took his rest; the hall towered up  
gilded, wide-gabled, its guest within sleeping  
until the black raven blithe-hearted greeted  
the heavens gladness. Hastening, the sunlight  
shook out above the shadows. Sharp were the bold ones,  
each atheling eager to set off,  
back to his homeland: the high-mettled stranger  
wished to be forging far in his ship.

That hardy man ordered Hrunding to be carried  
back to the son of Edgelaf, bade him accept again  
his well-loved sword; said that he accounted it  
formidable in the fight, a good friend in war,  
thanked him for the loan of it, without the least finding fault  
with the edge of that blade; ample was his spirit!

By then the fighting-men were fairly armed-up  
and ready for the journey; the Joy of the Danes went,  
a prince, to the high seat where Hrothgar was,  
one hero brave in battle hailed the other.

### **Scene 7 - The Geats Take Their Leave**

*Lights up. Beowulf and his companions are now stood facing Hrothgar and his people.*

**Beowulf** We wish now to say, seafarers who  
are come from afar, how keenly we desire  
to return again to Hygelac. Here we were rightly,  
royally, treated; you have entertained us well.

If I can ever on this earth earn of you,  
O lord of men, more of your love  
than I have so far done, by deeds of war,  
I shall at once be ready. If ever I hear  
that the neighbouring tribes intend your harm,  
as those who hate you have done in the past,  
I'll bring a thousand thegns and heroes  
here to help you. As for Hygelac, I know  
that the Lord of the Geats, Guide of his flock,  
young though he is, will yield his support  
both in words and deeds so I may do you honour  
and bring you a grove of grey-tipped spears  
and my strength in aid when you are short of men.

Further, when Hrethric shall have it in mind  
to come, as a king's son, to the courts of the Geats  
he shall find many friends there. Far countries are seen

by a man of mark to much advantage.

**Hrothgar** These words you have delivered, the Lord in His wisdom put in your heart. I have heard no man of the age that you are utter such wisdom.

You are rich in strength and ripe of mind,  
you are wise in your utterance. If ever it should happen  
that spear or other spike of battle,  
sword or sickness, should sweep away  
the son of Hrethel, your sovereign lord,  
shepherd of his people, my opinion is clear,  
that the Sea-Geats will not be seeking for a better  
man to be their king and keep their war-hoard,  
if you still have life and would like to rule  
the kingdom of your kinsmen. As I come to know  
your temper, dear Beowulf, the better it pleases me.

You have brought it about that both the peoples,  
the Sea-Geats and the Spear-Danes,  
shall share out peace; the shock of war,  
the old sourness, shall cease between us.

So long as I shall rule the reaches of this kingdom  
we shall exchange wealth; a chief shall greet  
his fellow with gifts over the gannets bath  
as the ship with curved prow crosses the seas  
with presents and pledges. Your people, I know,  
always open-natured in the old manner,  
are fast to friends and firm toward enemies.

*While Hrothgar speaks, Unferth brings twelve more gifts. Hrothgar presents them.*

**Hrothgar** With these tokens,  
take yourself safely back to your people  
and return soon, my son.

*Hrothgar embraces Beowulf, and the Geats turn to leave.  
As the Bard speaks, the Geats exit and the light dims away from the Bard*

**The Bard** Beowulf went from him,  
trod the green earth, a gold-resplendent warrior  
rejoicing in his rings. Riding at anchor  
the strayer of ocean stayed for her master.  
Chiefly the talk returned as they walked  
to Hrothgars giving. He was a king  
blameless in all things, until old age at last,  
that brings down so many, removed his proud strength.

They came then to the sea-flood, the spiritedband

of warrior youth, wearing the ring-meshed  
coat of mail.

The wide sea-boat with its soaring prow  
was loaded at the beach there with battle-raiment,  
with horses and arms. High rose the mast  
above the lord Hrothgars hoard of gifts.

Out moved the boat then  
to divide the deep water, left Denmark behind.

A special sea-dress, a sail, was hoisted  
and belayed to the mast. The beams spoke.  
The wind did not hinder the wave-skimming ship  
as it ran through the seas, but the sea-going craft  
with foam at its throat, furling back the waves,  
her ring-bound prow planing the waters  
till they caught sight of the cliffs of the Geats  
and headlands they knew. The hull drove ahead,  
urged by the breeze, and beached on the shore.

The harbour-guard was waiting at the waters edge;  
his eye had been scouring the stretches of the flood  
in a long look-out for these loved men.

Now he moored the broad-ribbed boat in the sand,  
held fast with hawsers, so no heft of the waves  
should drive away again those darling timbers.

He had the heroes hoard brought ashore,  
their gold-plated armour. To go to their lord  
was now but a step, to see again Hygelac  
the son of Hrethel, at his home where he dwells  
himself with his hero-band, hard by the sea-wall.

That was a handsome hall there. And high within it sat  
a king of great courage. His consort was young,  
but wise and discreet for one who had lived  
so few years at court; the queens name was Hygd,  
Hareths daughter. When she dealt out treasure  
to the Geat nation, the gifts were generous,  
there was nothing narrowly done.

The war-man himself came walking along  
by the broad foreshores with his band of picked men,  
trode the sea-beach. From the south blazed  
the sun, the worlds candle. They carried themselves forward,  
stepping on eagerly to the stronghold where  
Ongentheows conqueror, the earls defender,  
the warlike young king, was well-known for his  
giving of neck-rings. The news of Beowulfs  
return was rapidly told to Hygelac  
that the shield of warriors, his own shoulder-companion,  
had walked alive within the gates,

unscathed from the combat, and was coming to the hall.

### Scene 8 - Return to Hygelac's Court

*Beowulf and his companions enter the hall of Hygelac and stand facing him. Also present are the other members of Hygelac's court.*

**Beowulf** Hail Hygelac,  
king of the Storm Geats,  
protector of your people, giver of rings.  
I am returned to you with honour and glory  
from the land of the Scyldings.

*Hygelac* What luck did you meet with, beloved Beowulf,  
on your suddenly resolved seeking out  
of distant strife over salt water,  
battle at Heorot? Did you bring to that famous  
leader Hrothgar some alleviation  
of those woes so widely known? Overwhelming doubts  
troubled my mind, mistrusting this voyage  
of my dear liegeman. Long did I beg you  
never to meet with this murderous creature  
but to let the South Danes themselves bring an end  
to their feud with Grendel. God be thanked  
that safe and sound I see you here today!

*Beowulf* It has been told aloud, my lord Hygelac,  
and to many men by now, the meeting that there was  
between myself and Grendel, the great time  
we fought in that place where he had inflicted so much  
grief and outrage, age-long disgrace  
on the Victor-Scyldings. I avenged all.  
No kinsman of Grendel shall have cause to take pride  
in the sound that arose in the stretches of the night  
not the last of that alien and evil brood  
on the face of the earth.

First I went in  
to greet Hrothgar in the hall of the ring-giving.  
As soon as the glorious son of Healfdene  
knew my mind, he immediately  
offered me a seat at his sons bench.  
What hall-joys were there! A happier company  
seated over mead I've not met with in my time  
beneath the heavens. A noble princess  
fit to be the pledge of peace between nations  
would move through the young men in the hall,  
stirring their spirits; bestowing a torque  
often upon a warrior before she went to her seat.

I shall speak further  
of Grendel again, O giver of treasure,

that you may rightly know the result of the champions  
hand-to-hand meeting. When heavens jewel  
had glided from the world, the wrathful creature,  
dire dusk-fiend, came down to seek us out  
where, still whole, we held the building.

The weight of the fight fell on Handscio,  
the doomed blow came down on him; he died the first,  
a warrior in his harness; the hero, my fellow,  
was ground to death between Grendels jaws.

But the bloody-toothed slayer, bent on destruction,  
was not going to go from that gold-giving hall  
any the sooner: not empty-handed!  
Proud of his might, he made proof of me,  
groped out his greedy palm. A glove hung from it,  
uncouth and huge, clasped strangely,  
and curiously contrived; it was cobbled together  
all of dragons skins, and with devilish skill.

It was inside this bag that the bold marauder  
was going to put me, guiltless as I was,  
as the first of his catch; but he could not manage it  
once I had stood up in anger against him.  
Too long to repeat here how I paid back  
the enemy of the people for his every crime;  
but to your people, O my prince, my performance there  
will bring honour. He broke away,  
tasted lifes joys for a little while,  
but his strong right hand stayed behind  
in the hall of Heorot; humbled he went thence  
and sank despairing in the depths of the Mere.

For this deadly fight the Friend of the Scyldings  
recompensed me with plated gold,  
a mort of treasure, when the morrow came  
and we had benched ourselves at the banqueting table.

There was music and laughter, lays were sung:  
the veteran of the Scyldings, versed in saga,  
would himself fetch back far-off times to us;  
the daring-in-battle would address the harp,  
the joy-wood, delighting; or deliver a reckoning  
both true and sad; or he would tell us the story  
of some wonderful adventure, valiant-hearted king.

Or the seasoned warrior, wrapped in age,  
would again fall to fabling of his youth  
and the days of his battle-strength; his breast was troubled  
as his mind filled with the memories of those years.

And thus we spent the space of a day there  
seeking delight, until the ensuing dusk  
came to mankind. Quick on its heels  
the mother of Grendel moved to her revenge,  
spurred on by sorrow; her son was death-taken  
by Geat warspite. That gruesome she  
avenged her son, struck down a warrior,  
and boldly enough! The breath was taken  
from the ancient counsellor, Ashhere, there.

Nor could the Danish people, when day came,  
give their death-wearied dear one to be burned,  
escort him to the pyre: she had carried the body  
to the mountain-torrents depth in her monstrous embrace.

This was for Hrothgar the harshest of the blows  
that since so long had fallen on the leader of the people.  
Distraught with care, the king then asked of me  
a noble action and in your name, Hygelac  
that I should risk my life among the rush of waters  
and perform a great deed; he promised me reward.

Far and wide it is told how I found in the surges  
the grim and terrible guardian of the deep.  
After a hard hand-to-hand struggle  
the whirlpool boiled with the blood of the mother;  
I had hewn off her head in that hall underground  
with a sword of huge size. I survived that fight  
not without difficulty; but my doom was not yet.

The protector of warriors rewarded me  
with a heap of treasure, Healfdenes son.  
The ways of that king accorded to usage:  
I was not to forgo the guerdon he had offered,  
the meed of my strength; he bestowed upon me  
the treasures I would have desired, the son of Healfdene;  
now, brave king, I bring them to you.  
I rejoice to present them. Joy, for me, always  
lies in your gift. Little family  
do I have in the world, Hygelac, besides yourself.

*He motions, and his companions present the standard, helmet, mail shirt and sword.*

**Beowulf** Hrothgar gave me all this garb of war  
with one word the wisest of princes  
that I should first relate to you whose legacy it is.  
His brother Heorogar had it, he told me,  
for a long while, as Lord of the Scyldings,  
yet chose not to give this guardian of his breast

to his own son, the spirited Heoroweard,  
friend though he was to him.  
Flourish in the use of it!

*Beowulf then presents Hygd with the necklace given him by Wealhtheow.*

**Beowulf and Hygd** My lady Hygd,  
Lady Wealhtheow of the Spear-Danes  
bestowed upon me this neck ring.  
I wish you joy of it!

*Hygelac orders a sword to be brought in, and presents it to Beowulf.*

**Hygelac** Excellent Beowulf!  
The Geats have no more royal treasure to give  
than this hilted sword, a treasured heirloom.  
This I give to you, for your deeds of valour.

I also bestow on you an estate of seven thousand hides,  
and with it a chief's stool and hall.  
More fitting reward for you service I cannot devise.

**The Bard** Such was the showing of the son of Edgetheow,  
known for his combats and his courage in action.  
His dealings were honourable: in drink he did not strike  
at the slaves of his hearth; his heart was not savage.

The hero guarded well the great endowment  
God had bestowed on him, a strength unequalled  
among mankind. He had been misprised for long,  
the sons of the Geats seeing little in him  
and the lord of the Weather-Geats not willing to pay him  
much in the way of honour on the mead-benches.

They firmly believed in his laziness -  
that the atheling was idle.  
But for all such humblings  
time brought reversal, and invested him with glory.

*Blackout*

## Interval

*If an interval is desired, this is the time to have it.*

## Act 3

### Scene 1 - The Dragon Awakens

*Lights up on the Bard*

**The Bard** Listen!

I have now told of Beowulf's journey to Denmark,  
how he slew Grendel and Grendel's Mother,  
how the brave Geat earned his glory.

He returned in triumph to Geatland,  
came back to his lord Hygelac.

But it fell out after, in other days,  
among the hurl of battle when Hygelac lay dead  
and the bills of battle had dealt death to his son Heardred,  
despite the shields shelter, when the Scylfings found him  
amid his conquering people, and those keen war-wolves  
grimly hemmed in Hererics nephew  
that the broad kingdom came by this turn  
into Beowulfs hands.

Half a century he ruled it well  
the king had grown grey in the guardianship of the land  
until One began to put forth his power in the pitch-black night-times  
the hoard-guarding Dragon of a high barrow, raised above the moor.

Men did not know  
of the way underground to it; but one man did enter,  
went right inside, reached the treasure,  
the heathen hoard, and his hand fell  
on a golden goblet. The guardian, however,  
if he had been caught sleeping by the cunning of the thief,  
did not conceal this loss. It was not long till the near-  
dwelling people discovered that the dragon was angry.

The causer of his pain had not purposed this;  
it was without relish that he had robbed the hoard;  
necessity drove him. The nameless slave  
of one of the warriors, wanting shelter,  
on the run from a flogging, had felt his way inside,  
a sin-tormented soul. When he saw what was there  
the intruder was seized with sudden terror;  
but for all his fear, the unfortunate wretch  
still took the golden treasure-cup

There were heaps of hoard-things in this hall underground  
which once in gone days gleamed and rang;  
the treasure of a race rusting derelict.



In another age an unknown man,  
brows bent, had brought and hid here  
the beloved hoard. The whole race  
death-rapt, and of the ring of earls  
one left alive; living on in that place  
heavy with friend-loss, the hoard-guard  
waited the same Wyrð. His wit acknowledged  
that the treasures gathered and guarded over the years  
were his for the briefest while.

The Ravager of the night,  
the burner who has sought out barrows from of old,  
then found this hoard of undefended joy.  
The smooth evil dragon swims through the gloom  
enfolded in flame; the folk of that country  
hold him in dread. He is doomed to seek out  
hoards in the ground, and guard for an age there  
the heathen gold: much good does it do him!

Thus for three hundred winters this waster of peoples  
guarded underground the great hoard-hall  
with his enormous might; until a man awoke  
the anger in his breast by bearing to his master  
the plated goblet as a peace-offering,  
a token of new fealty. Thus the treasure was lightened  
and the treasure-house was breached; the boon was granted  
to the luckless slave, and his lord beheld  
for the first time that work of a former race of men.

The waking of the worm awoke a new feud:  
he glided along the rock, glared at the sight  
of a foemans footprint: far too near his head  
the intruder had stepped as he stole by him!

The treasure-guard eagerly  
quartered the ground to discover the man  
who had done him wrong during his sleep.  
Seething with rage, he circled the barrows  
whole outer wall, but no hint of a man  
showed in the wilderness. Yet wars prospect pleased him,  
the thought of battle-action! He went back into the mound  
to search for the goblet, and soon saw that one  
of the tribe of men had tampered with the gold  
of the glorious hoard.

The hoards guardian  
waited until evening only with difficulty.  
The barrow-keeper was bursting with rage:  
his fire would cruelly requite the loss  
of the dear drinking-vessel.

At last day was gone,  
to the worms delight; he delayed no further  
inside his walls, but issued forth flaming,  
armed with fire.

That was a fearful beginning  
for the people of that country; uncomfortable and swift  
was the end to be likewise for their lord and treasure-giver!

So the visitant began to vomit flames  
and burn the bright dwellings; the blazing rose skyward  
and men were afraid: the flying scourge  
did not mean to leave one living thing.

On every side the serpents ravages,  
the spite of the foe, sprang to the eye  
how this hostile assailant hated and injured  
the men of the Geats. Before mornings light  
he flew back to the hoard in its hidden chamber.  
He had poured out fire and flame on the people,  
he had put them to the torch; he trusted now to the barrows walls  
and to his fighting strength. His faith misled him.

Beowulf was acquainted quickly enough  
with the truth of the horror, for his own hall had itself  
been swallowed in flame, the finest of buildings,  
and the gift-stool of the Geats. Grief then struck  
into his ample heart with anguished keenness.  
The chieftain supposed he had sorely angered  
the Ruler of all, the eternal Lord,  
by breach of ancient law. His breast was thronged  
with dark unaccustomed care-filled thoughts.

The fiery dragons flames had blasted  
all the land by the sea, and its safe stronghold,  
the fortress of the people. The formidable king  
of the Geats now planned to punish him for this.

The champion of the fighting-men, chief of the earls,  
gave orders for the making of a marvellous shield  
worked all in iron; well he knew  
that a linden shield would be of little service  
wood against fire. For the foremost of athelings  
the term of his days in this transitory world  
was soon to be endured; it was the end, too, for the dragons  
long watch over the wealth of the hoard.

The distributor of rings disdained to go  
with a troop of men or a mighty host

to seek the far-flier. He had no fear for himself  
and discounted the worms courage and strength,  
its prowess in battle. Battles in plenty  
he had survived; valiant in all dangers,  
he had come through many clashes since his cleansing of Heorot  
and his extirpation of the tribe of Grendel, hated race.

The Lord of the Geats went with eleven companions  
to set eyes on the dragon; his anger rose in him.  
He had by then discovered the cause of the attack  
that had ravaged his people; the precious drinking-cup  
had come into his hands from the hands of the informer.  
He who had brought about the beginning of the feud  
now made the thirteenth man in their company,  
a miserable captive; cowed, he must show them  
the way to the place, an unwilling guide.

For he alone knew the knoll and its earth-hall,  
hard by the strand and the strife of the waves,  
the underground hollow heaped to the roof  
with intricate treasures. Attendant on the gold  
was that underground ancient, eager as a wolf,  
an awesome guardian; it was no easy bargain  
for any mortal man to make himself its owner.

The stern war-king sat on the headland,  
spoke encouragement to the companions of his hearth,  
the gold-friend of the Geats. Gloomy was his spirit though,  
death-eager, wandering; the Wyrð was at hand  
that was to overcome the old man there,  
seek his souls hoard, and separate  
the life from the body; not for long now  
would the athelings life be lapped in flesh.

## Scene 2 - The Dragon

*The lights now reveal Beowulf, aged, standing on the headland with his companions.*

**Beowulf** Many were the struggles I survived in youth  
in times of danger; I do not forget them.  
When that open-handed lord beloved by the people  
received me from my father I was seven years old:  
King Hrethel kept and fostered me,  
gave me treasure and table-room, true to our kinship.  
All his life he had as little hatred for me,  
a warrior in hall, as he had for a son,  
Herebeald, or Hathkin, or Hygelac my own lord.

I had the fortune in battle, by my bright sword,  
to make return to Hygelac for the treasures he had given me.

He had granted me land, land to enjoy  
and leave to my heirs. Little need was there  
that Hygelac should go to the Gifthas or the Spear-Danes  
or seek out ever in the Swedish kingdom  
a weaker champion, and chaffer for his services.  
I was always before him in the footing host,  
by myself in the front.

Now shall hard edge,  
hand and blade, do battle for the hoard!

Battles in plenty  
I ventured in youth; and I shall venture this feud  
and again achieve glory, the guardian of my people,  
old though I am, if this evil destroyer  
dares to come out of his earthen hall.

*He addresses his companions*

**Beowulf** I would choose not to take  
any weapon to this worm, if I well knew  
of some other fashion fitting to my boast  
of grappling with this monster, as with Grendel before.  
But as I must expect here the hot war-breath  
of venom and fire, for this reason I have  
my shield and corselet. From the keeper of the barrow  
I shall not flee one foot; but further than that  
shall be worked out at the wall as our Wyrð is given us  
by the Creator of men. My mood is strong;  
I forgo further words against the winged fighter.

Men in armour! Your mail-shirts protect you:  
await on the barrow the one of us two  
who shall be better able to bear his wounds  
after this onslaught. This affair is not for you,  
nor is it measured to any man but myself alone  
to match strength with this monstrous being,  
attempt this deed. By daring will I  
win this gold; war otherwise  
shall take your king, terrible lifes-bane!

*Beowulf stands up and advances towards the barrow.  
As he approaches, smoke issues from the entrance. He roars a battle-cry.*

**Beowulf** Come out of your hole, dragon.  
I have here a blade for your hoard!

*In response, a spurt of flame comes out, followed by the dragon. Beowulf draws his sword. The companions shrink back.*

*The dragon rushes towards Beowulf, who slashes it with his sword but fails to do much damage.*

*The dragon backs off a little and breathes fire towards Beowulf, who defends himself with his shield.  
As the pair separate for a while to catch their breath, focus switches to Wiglaf and the other companions, who are hiding.*

**Wiglaf** I remember the time, as we were taking mead  
in the banqueting hall, when we bound ourselves  
to the gracious lord who granted us arms,  
that we would make return for these trappings of war,  
these helms and hard swords, if an hour such as this  
should ever chance for him. He chose us himself  
out of all his host for this adventure here,  
expecting action; he armed me with you  
because he accounted us keen under helmet,  
men able with the spear even though our lord  
intended to take on this task of courage  
as his own share, as shepherd of the people,  
and champion of mankind in the achieving of glory  
and deeds of daring.

That day has now come  
when he stands in need of the strength of good fighters,  
our lord and liege. Let us go to him,  
help our leader for as long as it requires,  
the fearsome fire-blast. I had far rather  
that the flame should enfold my flesh-frame there  
alongside my gold-giver as God knows of me.

To bear our shields back to our homes  
would seem unfitting to me, unless first we have been able  
to kill the foe and defend the life  
of the prince of the Weather-Geats. I well know  
that former deeds deserve not that, alone  
of the flower of the Geats, he should feel the pain,  
sink in the struggle; sword and helmet,  
corselet and mail-shirt, shall be our common gear.

*Wiglaf advances on the dragon, drawing his sword. The other companions stay where they are.*

**Wiglaf** Beloved Beowulf, bear all things well!  
You gave it out long ago in your youth  
that, living, you would not allow your glory  
ever to abate. Bold-tempered chieftain,  
famed for your deeds, you must defend your life now  
with all your strength. I shall help you!

*The dragon attacks again, and Wiglaf's shield is burnt up by the dragon. He shelters behind Beowulf's shield.  
Beowulf strikes again, but his sword breaks. The dragon once again backs off a short way.*

*The dragon rushes in again, and bites Beowulf in the neck. Wiglaf strikes the dragon in the neck.  
Beowulf then takes his langseax and stabs it through the dragon's body, killing it.*

### Scene 3 - Beowulf's Death

*Beowulf walks over to a ledge and sits down, followed by Wiglaf. He is clearly in pain.*

*Wiglaf removes Beowulf's helmet and attends to his wounds, washing them.*

**Beowulf** I would now wish to give my garments in battle  
to my own son, if any such  
after-inheritor, an heir of my body,  
had been granted to me. I have guarded this people  
for half a century; not a single ruler  
of all the nations neighbouring about  
has dared to affront me with his friends in war,  
or threaten terrors. What the times had in store for me  
I awaited in my homeland; I held my own,  
sought no secret feud, swore very rarely  
a wrongful oath.

In all of these things,  
sick with my life's wound, I may still rejoice:  
for when my life shall leave my body  
the Ruler of Men may not charge me  
with the slaughter of kinsmen.

Quickly go now,  
beloved Wiglaf, and look upon the hoard  
under the grey stone, now the serpent lies dead,  
sleeps rawly wounded, bereft of his treasure.  
Make haste, that I may gaze upon that golden inheritance,  
that ancient wealth; that my eyes may behold  
the clear skilful jewels: more calmly than may I  
on the treasures account take my departure  
of life and of the lordship I have long held.

*Wiglaf disappears into the cave, and returns with an armful of treasure.*

*Meanwhile, Beowulf is clearly dying. Wiglaf, on returning, sprinkles water on Beowulf in an attempt to revive him.*

**Beowulf** I wish to put in words my thanks  
to the King of Glory, the Giver of All,  
the Lord of Eternity, for these treasures that I gaze upon,  
that I should have been able to acquire for my people  
before my death-day an endowment such as this.

My life's full portion I have paid out now  
for this hoard of treasure; you must attend the people's  
needs henceforward; no further may I stay.

Bid men of battle build me a tomb  
fair after fire, on the foreland by the sea  
that shall stand as a reminder of me to my people,  
towering high above Hronesness  
so that ocean travellers shall afterwards name it

Beowulfs barrow, bending in the distance  
their masted ships through the mists upon the sea.

*Beowulf slowly unclasps the collar from his neck, and passes it to Wiglaf.*

**Beowulf** You are the last man left of our kindred,  
the house of the Waymundings! Wyrd has lured  
each of my family to his fated end,  
each earl through his valour; I must follow them.

*Beowulf dies.*

#### **Scene 4 - Grief**

*Wiglaf sits beside Beowulf's body, trying to wake him until it becomes obvious that it is futile.  
Shamefully, the other companions approach.*

**Wiglaf** A man who would speak the truth may say with justice  
that a lord of men who allowed you those treasures,  
who bestowed on you the trappings that you stand there in  
as, at the ale-bench, he would often give  
to those who sat in hall both helmet and  
mail-shirt  
as a lord to his thanes, and things of the most worth  
that he was able to find anywhere in the world  
that he had quite thrown away and wasted cruelly  
all that battle-harness when the battle came upon him.

The king of our people had no cause to boast  
of his companions of the guard. Yet God vouchsafed him,  
the Master of Victories, that he should avenge himself  
when courage was wanted, by his weapon alone.  
I was little equipped to act as body-guard  
for him in the battle, but, above my own strength,  
I began all the same to support my kinsman.

Our deadly enemy grew ever the weaker  
when I had struck him with my sword less strongly welled  
the fire from his head. Too few supporters  
flocked to our prince when affliction came.

Now there shall cease for your kin the receiving of treasure,  
the bestowal of swords, all satisfaction of ownership,  
all comfort of home. Your kinsmen every one,  
shall become wanderers without land-rights  
as soon as athelings over the world  
shall hear the report of how you fled,  
a deed of ill fame. Death is better  
for any earl than an existence of disgrace!

*During the following passage, the disgraced companions exit.*

**The Bard** He bade that the combats result be proclaimed in the city  
over the brow of the headland; there the band of earls  
had sat all morning beside their shields  
in heavy spirits, half expecting  
that it would be the last day of their beloved man,  
half hoping for his return. The rider from the headland  
in no way held back the news he had to tell;  
as his commission was, he called out over all:  
The Lord of the Geats lies now on his slaughter-bed,  
the leader of the Weathers, our loving provider,  
dwells in his death-rest through the dragons power.  
Stretched out beside him, stricken with the knife,  
lies his deadly adversary. With the edge of the sword  
he could not contrive, try as he might,  
to wound the monster. Weoxstans son  
Wiglaf abides with Beowulf there,  
one earl waits on the other one lifeless;  
in weariness of heart he watches by the heads  
of friend and foe.

Haste is best now,  
that we should go to look on the lord of the people,  
then bring our ring-bestower on his road,  
escort him to the pyre. More than one portion of wealth  
shall melt with the hero, for theres a hoard of treasure  
and gold uncounted; a grim purchase,  
for in the end it was with his own life  
that he bought these rings: which the burning shall devour,  
the fire enfold. No fellow shall wear  
an arm-ring in his memory; no maidens neck  
shall be enhanced in beauty by the bearing of these rings.  
Bereft of gold, rather, and in wretchedness of mind  
she shall tread continually the tracks of exile  
now that the leader of armies has laid aside his mirth,  
his sport and glad laughter. Many spears shall therefore  
feel cold in the mornings to the clasping fingers  
and the hands that raise them. Nor shall the harpers melody  
arouse them for battle; and yet the black raven,  
quick on the marked men, shall have much to speak of  
when he tells the eagle of his takings at the feast  
where he and the wolf bared the bodies of the slain

*A solemn procession makes it's way to towards Beowulf's body.*

**The Bard** Such was the rehearsal of the hateful tidings  
by that bold messenger; amiss in neither  
words nor facts. The war-band arose;  
they went unhappily under Earna-ness  
to look on the wonder with welling tears.



They found him on the sand, his soul fled,  
keeping his resting-place: rings he had given them  
in former times! But the final day  
had come for the champion; and the chief of the Geats,  
the warrior-king, had met his wondrous death.

**Wiglaf** Many must often endure distress  
for the sake of one; so it is with us.  
We could not urge any reason  
on our beloved king, the keeper of the land,  
why he should not approach the protector of the gold  
but let him lie where he had long been already  
[3080] and abide in his den until the end of the world.  
He held to his high destiny.

The hoard has been seen  
that was acquired at such a cost; too cruel the fate  
that impelled the king of the people towards it!  
I myself was inside there, and saw all  
the wealth of the chamber once my way was open  
little courtesy was shown in allowing me to pass  
beneath the earth-wall. I urgently filled  
my hands with a huge heap of the treasures  
stored in the cave, carried them out  
to my lord here. He was alive still  
and commanded his wits. Much did he say  
in his grief, the old man; he asked me to speak to you,  
ordered that on the place of the pyre you should raise  
a barrow fitting your friends achievements;  
conspicuous, magnificent, as among men he was  
while he could wield the wealth of his stronghold  
the most honoured of warriors on the wide earth.

Let us now hasten to behold again,  
and approach once more that mass of treasures,  
awesome under the walls; I shall guide you,  
so that from near at hand you may behold sufficiently  
the thick gold and the bracelets. Let a bier be  
made ready,  
contrive it quickly, so that when we come out again  
we may take up our king, carry the man  
beloved by us to his long abode  
where he must rest in the Rulers keeping.

**The Bard** Then the son of Weoxstan, worthy in battle,  
had orders given to owners of homesteads  
and a great many warriors, that the governors of the people  
from far and wide should fetch in wood  
for the heros funeral pyre.

**Wiglaf** Now the flames shall grow dark  
and the fire destroy the sustainer of the warriors  
who often endured the iron shower  
when, string-driven, the storm of arrows  
sang over shield-wall, and the shaft did its work,  
sped by its feathers, furthered the arrow-head.

**The Bard** Then in his wisdom Weoxstans son  
called out from the company of the kings own thanes  
seven men in all, who excelled among them,  
[3120] and, himself the eighth warrior, entered in beneath  
that unfriendly roof. The front-stepping man  
bore in his hand a blazing torch.

*They enter the barrow.*

**The Bard** When the men perceived a piece of the hoard  
that remained unguarded, mouldering there  
on the floor of the chamber, they did not choose by lot  
who should remove it; undemurring,  
as quickly as they could, they carried outside  
the precious treasures; and they pushed the dragon,  
the worm, over the cliff, let the waves take him  
and the flood engulf the guardian of the treasures.  
Untold profusion of twisted gold  
was loaded onto a wagon, and the warrior prince  
borne hoary-headed to Hronesness.

*The people construct a funeral pyre and place Beowulf on top of it.*

**The Bard** The Geat race then reared up for him  
a funeral pyre. It was not a petty mound,  
but shining mail-coats and shields of war  
and helmets hung upon it, as he had desired.  
Then the heroes, lamenting, laid out in the middle  
their great chief, their cherished lord.

On top of the mound the men then kindled  
the biggest of funeral-fires. Black wood-smoke  
arose from the blaze, and the roaring of flames  
mingled with weeping. The winds lay still  
as the heat at the fires heart consumed  
the house of bone. And in heavy mood  
they uttered their sorrow at the slaughter of their lord.

*The fire is lit. Smoke begins to rise.*

A woman of the Geats in grief sang out  
the lament for his death. Loudly she sang,  
her hair bound up, the burden of her fear

that evil days were destined her  
troops cut down, terror of armies,  
bondage, humiliation. Heaven swallowed the smoke.

Then the Storm-Geat nation constructed for him  
a stronghold on the headland, so high and broad  
that seafarers might see it from afar.  
The beacon to that battle-reckless man  
they made in ten days. What remained from the fire  
they cast a wall around, of workmanship  
as fine as their wisest men could frame for it.

*The fire grows.*

They placed in the tomb both the torques and the jewels,  
all the magnificence that the men had earlier  
taken from the hoard in hostile mood.  
They left the earls wealth in the earths keeping,  
the gold in the dirt. It dwells there yet,  
of no more use to men than in ages before.

Then the warriors rode around the barrow,  
twelve of them in all, athelings sons.  
They recited a dirge to declare their grief,  
spoke of the man, mourned their king.

They praised his manhood and the prowess of his hands,  
they raised his name; it is right a man  
should be lavish in honouring his lord and friend,  
should love him in his heart when the leading-forth  
from the house of flesh befalls him at last.

This was the manner of the mourning of the men of the Geats,  
sharers in the feast, at the fall of their lord:  
they said that he was of all the worlds kings  
the gentlest of men, and the most gracious,  
the kindest to his people, the keenest for fame.