

Tastydoc

A documentation tool for Dotty using TASTy files

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19th June 2019

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What is Tastydoc ?

What is Tastydoc ?

- ▶ Documentation tool for Dotty

What is Tastydoc ?

- ▶ Documentation tool for Dotty
- ▶ Uses TASTy files

What is Tastydoc ?

- ▶ Documentation tool for Dotty
- ▶ Uses TASTy files
- ▶ Outputs Markdown

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Accessible information

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- ▶ Annotations, modifiers (including scope modifiers), parameters, type parameters, and return types

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- ▶ Members, parents, constructors, known subclasses and companion

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- ▶ Annotations, modifiers (including scope modifiers), parameters, type parameters, and return types
- ▶ Members, parents, constructors, known subclasses and companion
- ▶ User documentation (Wiki-style & Markdown)

- ▶ Extract information from them

- ▶ Extract information from them
- ▶ Independent from the compiler

Linking

Linking

- ▶ To types

Linking

- ▶ To types
- ▶ Companion

Linking

- ▶ To types
- ▶ Companion
- ▶ Annotations

Linking

- ▶ To types
- ▶ Companion
- ▶ Annotations
- ▶ Scope modifiers

Linking

- ▶ To types
- ▶ Companion
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- ▶ Scope modifiers
- ▶ Parents

Markdown

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- ▶ Easy to edit by hand & preview

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- ▶ Easy to add own files

Markdown

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- ▶ Easy to add own files
- ▶ Easy for the user to make links

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- ▶ Git hosting services have built-in preview

Markdown

- ▶ Easy to edit by hand & preview
- ▶ Easy to add own files
- ▶ Easy for the user to make links
- ▶ Git hosting services have built-in preview
- ▶ Easy to convert to another format (HTML, PDF, etc.)

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Example: scala.tasty.Reflection

scala.tasty

class Reflection

Companion object [Reflection](#)

```
class Reflection extends Core with ConstantOps with ContextOps with CommentOps with FlagsOps with IdOps with
```

Constructors:

```
Reflection(kernel: Kernel)
```

Concrete Type Members:

typing

```
final object typing
```

Concrete Value Members:

error

```
def error(msg: => String, source: SourceFile, start: Int, end: Int)(implicit ctx: Context): Unit
```

error

```
def error(msg: => String, pos: Position)(implicit ctx: Context): Unit
```

rootContext

```
implicit def rootContext: Context
```

Context of the macro expansion

Example: `dotty.DottyPredef`

object `DottyPredef`

```
final object DottyPredef extends Serializable
```

Concrete Value Members:

`assert`

```
@forceInline final inline def assert(assertion: => Boolean): Unit
```

`assert`

```
@forceInline final inline def assert(assertion: => Boolean, message: => Any): Unit
```

`assertFail`

```
def assertFail(message: => Any): Unit
```

`assertFail`

```
def assertFail(): Unit
```

`implicitly`

```
@forceInline final inline def implicitly[T](implicit ev: T): T
```

`locally`

```
@forceInline inline def locally[T](body: => T): T
```

`the`

```
inline def the[T](x: T): T
```

Example: scalaShadowing.language

scalaShadowing

object language

```
final object language extends Serializable
```

The `scala.language` object controls the language features available to the programmer, as proposed in the [SIP-18 document](#). Each of these features has to be explicitly imported into the current scope to become available:

```
import language.postfixOps // or language._
List(1, 2, 3) reverse
```

The language features are:

- `dynamics` enables defining calls rewriting using the `Dynamic` trait
- `postfixOps` enables postfix operators
- `reflectiveCalls` enables using structural types
- `implicitConversions` enables defining implicit methods and members
- `higherKinds` enables writing higher-kinded types
- `existentials` enables writing existential types
- `experimental` contains newer features that have not yet been tested in production

and, for dotty:

- `Scala2` backwards compatibility mode for Scala2
- `noAutoTupling` disable auto-tupling
- `strictEquality` enable strict equality

production Language Features

experimental Experimental Language Features

experimental 10 Dotty-specific features come at the end. Note: Due to the more restricted language import mechanism in dotty (only imports count, implicits are disregarded) we don't need the constructions of the inherited language features. A simple object for each feature is sufficient.

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Representation

Representation

- ▶ Contain information about an entity

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- ▶ Easy to use, no knowledge of TASTy required

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Representation

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- ▶ Code is easy to maintain
- ▶ Similar to Dottydoc Entity → can reuse Dottydoc code

Reference

Reference

- ▶ Contain information about types

Reference

- ▶ Contain information about types
- ▶ Necessary for linking

Reference

- ▶ Contain information about types
- ▶ Necessary for linking
- ▶ Inspired by Dottydoc

User documentation

- ▶ Access to all @ except @usecase and @define

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- ▶ Support Wiki-style and Markdown

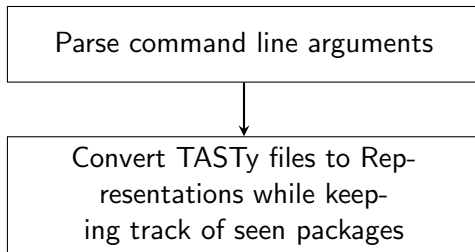
User documentation

- ▶ Access to all @ except @usecase and @define
- ▶ Support Wiki-style and Markdown
- ▶ Uses Dottydoc code modified for:
 - ▶ Markdown output
 - ▶ Small changes in structure

Workflow

Parse command line arguments

Workflow



Workflow

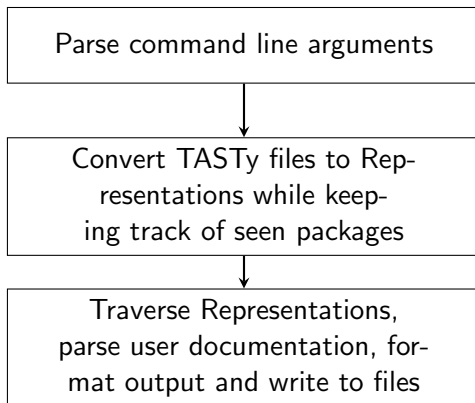


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General comparison

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- ▶ Compiler internals

General comparison

- ▶ Compiler internals
- ▶ Markdown vs HTML/CSS

Extra features

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- ▶ Scope modifiers

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- ▶ Known subclasses

Extra features

- ▶ Scope modifiers
- ▶ Known subclasses
- ▶ Refined types

Bugs fixed

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- ▶ Buggy output

```
final val BITS_PER_LAZY_VAL : [31m2L[0m
```

Bugs fixed

- ▶ Buggy output

```
final val BITS_PER_LAZY_VAL : [31m2L[0m
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- ▶ Wrong parents

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- ▶ Annotations
- ▶ Compiler artifacts

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final val BITS_PER_LAZY_VAL : [31m2L[0m
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- ▶ Wrong parents
- ▶ Annotations
- ▶ Compiler artifacts
- ▶ potentially program breaking code

```
def parents: List[Entity] = this :: this.parents
```

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Problems

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- ▶ Markdown escaping

Problems

- ▶ Markdown escaping
- ▶ Linking inside code blocks

Problems

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- ▶ Sections

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- ▶ Markdown escaping
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- ▶ Sections
- ▶ IDs for linking

Further work

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- ▶ Type lambdas

Further work

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- ▶ Type lambdas
- ▶ Complex types

```
class Graph {  
    type Node = Int  
}  
def linkingGraph(g: Graph): g.Node = ???
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Further work

- ▶ Markdown escaping
- ▶ Type lambdas
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- ▶ Extra user-documentation parsing

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```

- ▶ Default values
- ▶ Extra user-documentation parsing
- ▶ HTML/CSS

Questions ?

?