

Kotlin Workshop: Classes, Inheritance and more...

Andrey Breslav Dmitry Jemerov



Outline

- Classes
 - Having multiple supertypes (Mixins)
 - First-class delegation
- Generics
 - Variance annotations
 - Type projections
- Class objects
 - No static members in classes
 - Generic bounds
- (Pattern matching)

Top and Bottom

- class Any {}
 - Has **no** members
 - Every other class inherits from Any
 - Every type is a subtype of Any?
- special type Nothing
 - Has no values
 - Every type is a supertype of Nothing
 - Nothing? is the most precise type of null

Intrinsics

- Built-in types
 - Any, Nothing
- Intrinsic types
 - Unit, String, Array<T>
 - Int, Int?, Double, Double?, ...
 - Functions, Tuples
- Intrinsic operations
 - Arithmetic
 - Array access, length, iteration
 - String operations
 - ... (anything you like)

Correspondence to Java

Kotlin GEN	lava	LOAD Kotlin
Any	Object	Any?
Unit	void	Unit
Int	int	Int
Int?	Integer	Int?
String	String	String?
Array <foo></foo>	Foo[]	Array <foo?>?</foo?>
Array <int></int>	<pre>int[]</pre>	Array <int>?</int>
Nothing	-	-
Foo	Foo	Foo?

Classes and Inheritance

```
class Example(b : B) : Base(b) { ... }
```

- Any is the default supertype
- The (primary) constructor initializes supertypes
- Classes are final by default
- Members are non-virtual by default
- Overrides are marked explicitly
- There can be many supertypes

Diamonds before us

```
open class A() {
                   abstract fun foo()
                     virtual val bar : Int
open class B() : A() {
                                     open class C() : A() {
 fun foo() { ... }
                   class D() : B(), C() {
                     override val bar : Int
                       get() = this<B>.bar
```

Mixin implementation (I)

```
open class A() {
  fun foo() = bar + 1
  virtual val bar : Int
}
interface A {
  int foo();
  int bar();
}
```

```
class AImpl implements A {
  private final int bar;
  public int foo() {
    return this.bar() + 1;
  }
  public int bar() {
    return this.bar;
  }
```

```
class ADImpl implements A {
  private final A $this;
  private final int bar;
  public int foo() {
    return $this.bar() + 1;
  }
  public int bar() {
    return this.bar;
}
```

Mixin implementation (II)

```
open class A() {
  fun foo() = bar + 1 Kotlin
  virtual val bar : Int
}
```

```
class B() : X(), A() {
  override val bar : Int
  get() = 2
}
```

```
Kotlin
```

```
class B extends XImpl implements A {
  private final ADImpl $a;

public B() {
    this.$a = new ADImpl(this);
  }

public int foo() {
    return $a.foo();
}

public int bar() { return 2; }
```



Generic classes and types

```
class Producer<out T> {
                                Producer<Int> <:
                                   Producer<Any>
 fun produce() : T
                                Consumer<Any> <:</pre>
class Consumer<in T> {
                                   Consumer<Int>
 fun consume(t : T)
class Ouoroboros<T> {
                                Ouoroboros<Int> <:>
 fun consume(t : T)
                                   Ouoroboros<Any>
 fun produce() : T
   Ouoroboros<out Int> <: Ouoroboros<out Any>
    Ouoroboros<in Any> <: Ouoroboros<in Int>
```

Reified generics

- Objects of C<T>
 - extra field of type TypeInfo<C<T>>
- Internal Java interface KotlinObject
 - TypeInfo<?> getTypeInfo()
- Generic functions
 - extra arguments of type TypeInfo<T>
- is and as perform a "deep" subtype check
 - as performs a CHECKCAST and then a further check
 - is performs an instance of and then a further check
- TypeInfo objects are reused as much as possible

Type erasure and Kotlin

- Java's generic classes remain type-erased in Kotlin
 - as performs a CHECKCAST
 - is performs an instanceof
 - compiler prohibits deep checks like
 - x is java.util.List<Int>
- Java's List becomes List<*>
 - Foo<*> is a shorthand for Foo<out B>
 - class Foo<T : B>

Class objects

- Kotlin has no static class members
- What is there then?
 - Namespace-level functions/properties
 - Object declarations (singletons)
 - Class objects
 - Any class can have one
 - Each class can have only one
 - Class objects can access internals of their classes



Class object example (I)

```
class Example() {
   class object {
     fun create() = Example()
   }
}
fun demo() {
   val e = Example.create()
}
```



Class object example (II)

```
class Example() {
   class object : Factory<Example> {
     override fun create() = Example()
   }
}

fun demo() {
   val factory : Factory<Example> = Example
   val e = factory.create()
}

abstract class Factory<T> {
   fun create() : T
}
```



Class object example (III)

```
class Lazy<T>()
  where class object T : Factory<T>
{
  private var store : T? = null
  public val value : T
    get() {
     if (store == null) {
       store = T.create()
       }
     return store
    }
}

fun demo() {
  val l = Lazy<Example>()
  val v = l.value
}
```



And now for something completely different...

Pattern matching

PELBRAINS

When expressions

```
when (x) {
  1, 2, 3 => ...
  in 4..10 => ...
  !in 0..10000 => ...
  is Tree => ...
  is Tree @ (val 1, *) => ...
  is Tree @ (null, Tree @ (*, *)) => ...
  is Tree @ (val 1 is Tree @ (*, *), *) => ...
  is TreeValue @ (val v in 1..100, *, *) => ...
fun Any?.TreeValue() : (Int, Tree?, Tree?)? {
  if (this !is Tree) return null
  return (value, right, left)
```



And now for something completely different...

Breaks in custom loops (a design I would like to discuss)

Labels, Break and Continue

```
@outer for (x in list1) {
  for (y in list2) {
    if (...) {
      // Breaks the inner loop
      break
    if (...) {
      // Breaks the outer loop
      break@outer
```

Breaks in foreach()

```
@outer list1.foreach { x =>
  list2.foreach { y =>
    if (...) {
      // Breaks the inner loop
      break
    if (...) {
      // Breaks the outer loop
      break@outer
```

Breakable foreach()

```
inline fun <T> Iterable<T>.foreach(
  body : breakable fun(T) : Unit
) {
  @@ for (item in this) {
    // A break from body() breaks the loop
    body(item)
  }
}
```

Resources

- http://jetbrains.com/kotlin
- http://blog.jetbrains.com/kotlin
- @project_kotlin
- @intelliyole
- @abreslav



Kotlin Workshop: Classes, Inheritance and more...

Andrey Breslav Dmitry Jemerov

