Template demonstrating the quantum article class

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In the standard, twocolumn, layout the abstract is typeset as a bold face first paragraph. Quantum also supports a onecolumn layout with the abstract above the text. Both can be combined with the titlepage option to obtain a format with dedicated title and abstract pages that are not included in the page count. This format can be more suitable for long articles. abstract environment can appear both before and after the \maketitle command and calling \maketitle is optional, as long as there is an abstract. Both abstract and \maketitle however must be placed after all other \author, \affiliation, etc. commands. If you provide the ORCID number of an author by using the \orcid command, the author name becomes a link to their page on orcid.org.

In the twocolumn layout and without the titlepage option there can be a paragraph directly following the abstract before the first section. In onecolumn format or with a dedicated titlepage, this should be avoided.

Note that clicking the title performs a search for that title on quantum-journal.org. In this way readers can easily verify whether a work using the quantum article class was actually published in Quantum.

Christian Gogolin: latex@quantum-journal.org, http://quantum-journal.org, You can use the \email, \homepage, and \thanks commands to add additional information for the preceding \author. If applicable, this can also be used to indicate that a work has previously been published in conference proceedings.

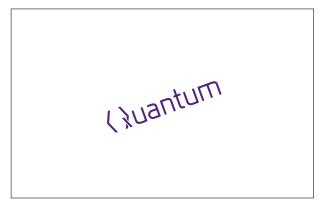


Figure 1: Every figure must have an informative caption and a number. The caption can be placed above, below, or to the side of the figure, as you see fit. The same applies for tables, boxes, and other floating elements.

1 Sectioning and equations

Sections, subsections, subsubsections, and paragraphs should be typeset with the standard La-TeX commands. You can use use the standard commands for equations. For multi-line equations align is preferable over equarray.

$$E = m c^2 \tag{1}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2 (2)$$

$$H|\psi\rangle = E|\psi\rangle \tag{3}$$

$$(\mathbb{1} \otimes A)(B \otimes \mathbb{1}) = A \otimes B \tag{4}$$

Whether you prefer to refer to equations as Eq. (1), Equation 1, or just (1) is up to you, but please be consistent and use the $\ensuremath{\texttt{eqref}\{...\}}$ command instead of writing $\ensuremath{\texttt{vef}\{...\}}$.

1.1 Figures

See Fig. 1 for an example of how to include figures. Feel free to place them at the top or bottom of the page, or in the middle of a paragraph as

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you see fit. Try to place them on the same page as the text referring to them. A figure on the first page can help readers remember and recognize your work more easily.

1.2 Citations and footnotes

References to other works appear in the References section at the end of the work.

Theorem 1 (DOI links are required)

Important: As Quantum is a member of Crossref all references to works that have a DOI must be hyperlinked according to the DOI.

This can be achieved in several ways, depending on how you format your bibliography. Suppose the DOI of an article [1] that you want to cite is 10.22331/idonotexist. If you are formating your bibliography manually, you can cite this work using the following in your thebibliography environment:

```
\bibitem{examplecitation}
Name Surname,
\href{https://doi.org/10.22331/
    idonotexist}{Quantum
    \textbf{123}, 123456 (1916).}
```

If you are using BibTeX, you can load the natbib package by putting

\usepackage[numbers,sort&compress]{natbib}

in the preamble of your document and then use the plainnat citation style by including your BibTeX bibliography mybibliography.bib where you want the bibliography to appear as follows:

```
\bibliographystyle{plainnat}
\bibliography{mybibliography}
```

The quantumarticle class automatically detects that the natbib package was loaded and redefines the \doi command to create hyperlinks. This is likely the easiest option if you are converting from another document class. If you want to used BibLaTeX, you can instead add

\usepackage[backend=bibtex]{biblatex}
\addbibresource{mybibliography.bib}

to the preamble of your document and then output the bibliography with

\printbibliography

where appropriate. You then have to upload the .bbl file along with the other source files when submitting to the arXiv. Due to incompatibilities between different LaTeX version we unfortunately can not recommend this option until the arXiv has updated its LaTeX system [2].

In oder to get correct line breaks within links, please add the line

\pdfoutput=1

within the first within the first 5 lines of the preamble of your main LaTeX file as suggested by the arXiv [3]

The quantumarticle class automatically detects that the biblatex package was loaded, sets the default option doi=true to include the DOI in the bibliography, and declared a suitable field format to make it a hyperlink. Due to issues with biber we recommend to use the bibtex backend of biblatex.

We encourage the use of BibTeX to generate your bibliography from the BibTeX meta-data provided by publishers. For DOI linking to work, the BibTeX file must contain the doi field as for example in:

```
@article{examplecitation,
   author = {Surname, Name},
   title = {Title},
   journal = {Quantum},
   volume = {123},
   page = {123456},
   year = {1916},
   doi = {10.22331/idonotexist},
}
```

More information on how to get DOI links in your document can be found on StackExchange [4, 5]. Feel free to change the appearance of citations in any way you like by using a different bibliographystyle or via the advanced mechanisms provided by BibLaTeX. The only two requirements are that citations must uniquely identify the cited work and that they must contain a DOI hyperlink whenever possible.

Footnotes¹ appear in the bottom of the page.

¹Only use footnotes when appropriate.

2 Summary section

Longer articles should include a section that, early on, explains the main results, their limitations, and assumptions. Depending on the target audience this section can be used to, for example, present the main theorem, or provide a summary of the results for a wider audience.

3 Extra packages

Quantum encourages you to load the following extra packages:

\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc} \usepackage[english]{babel}

If you do not load the hyperref package, quantumarticle automatically loads it for you. Packages that change font settings, such as times or helvet should be avoided.

4 Wide equations

Very wide equations can be shown expanding over both columns using the widetext environment. In onecolumn mode, the widetext environment has no effect.

$$|\text{AME}(n=6, q=5)\rangle = \sum_{i,j,k=0}^{4} |i,j,k,i+j+k,i+2j+3k,i+3j+4k\rangle$$
 (5)

Paragraphs The paragraph is the smallest unit of sectioning. Feel free to end the paragraph title with a full stop if you find this appropriate.

References

[1] Name Surname, Quantum **123**, 123456 (1916).

- [2] StackExchange discussion on "Biblatex: submitting to the arXiv" (2017-01-10)
- [3] Help article published by the arXiv on "Considerations for TeX Submissions" (2017-01-10)
- [4] StackExchange discussion on "How to get DOI links in bibliography" (2016-11-18)
- [5] StackExchange discussion on "Automatically adding DOI fields to a hand-made bibliography" (2016-11-18)

A First section of the appendix

Quantum allows the usage of appendices. Appendices should appearer after the main References.

A.1 Subsection

Ideally, the command \appendix should be put before the appendices to get appropriate section numbering. The appendices are then numbered alphabetic, with numeric (sub)subsection numbering. Equations continue to be numbered sequentially.

$$A \neq B \tag{6}$$

You are free to change this in case it is more appropriate for your article, but a consistent and unambiguous numbering of sections and equations must be ensured.

If you want your appendices to appear in onecolumn mode but the rest of the document in twocolumn mode, you can insert the command \onecolumn\newpage before \appendix.

B Problems and Bugs

In case you encounter problems using the article class please consider opening a bug report in our bug-tracker under https://github.com/cgogolin/quantum-journal/issues or contact us via email under latex@quantum-journal.org.