[3] LYGTIS, SUSIVEDANTI Į TIESINĘ HOMOGENINĘ DIF. LYGTĮ

```
kill(all)$
```

```
reset(integration_constant_counter)$
```

```
eq:'diff(y,x)=(x+4·y–5)/(x–y–5);
```

$$\frac{d}{d\,x}\,y=\frac{4\,y+x-5}{-y+x-5}$$

```
ode2(eq,y,x);
```

false

Nepavyko išspręsti su ODE2, todėl spręsime "žingsnis po žingsnio" metodu nesinaudodami ODE2

```
L1:num(rhs(eq))=0;
```

$$4\,y+x-5=0$$

```
L2:denom(rhs(eq))=0;
```

$$-y+x-5=0$$

```
solve([L1,L2]);
```

$$\left[\left[y=0\,,x=5\right]\right]$$

```
[x0,y0]:subst(%[1],[x,y]);
```

$$[5\,,0\,]$$

```
keit:w(x)=(y–y0)/(x–x0);
```

$$\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)=\frac{y}{x-5}$$

```
akeit:solve(%,y)[1];
```

$$y=\left(x-5\right)\,\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)$$

```
subst(akeit,eq),factor;
```

$$\frac{d}{d\,x}\,\left(\left(x-5\right)\,\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)\right)=-\,\frac{4\,\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)+1}{\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)-1}$$

```
ev(%,diff);
```

$$\left(x-5\right)\,\left(\frac{d}{d\,x}\,\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)\right)+\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)=-\,\frac{4\,\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)+1}{\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)-1}$$

```
eq1:%–w(x),factor;
```

$$\left(x-5\right)\,\left(\frac{d}{d\,x}\,\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)\right)=-\,\frac{\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)^{2}+3\,\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)+1}{\mathrm{w}\left(x\right)-1}$$

eq2:eq1/rhs(eq1)/(x−5);

$$-\frac{(w(x)-1)\left(\frac{d}{dx}w(x)\right)}{w(x)^2+3\,w(x)+1}=\frac{1}{x-5}$$

solve(denom(lhs(%))=0);

$$\left[w(x)=-\frac{\sqrt{5}+3}{2},w(x)=\frac{\sqrt{5}-3}{2}\right]$$

[w1,w2]:[rhs(%[1]),rhs(%[2])];

$$\left[-\frac{\sqrt{5}+3}{2},\frac{\sqrt{5}-3}{2}\right]$$

eq2:num(lhs(eq2))/((w(x)−w1)·(w(x)−w2))=rhs(eq2);

$$-\frac{(w(x)-1)\left(\frac{d}{dx}w(x)\right)}{\left(w(x)-\frac{\sqrt{5}-3}{2}\right)\left(w(x)+\frac{\sqrt{5}+3}{2}\right)}=\frac{1}{x-5}$$

partfrac(lhs(%),w(x))=rhs(%);

$$-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\left(\frac{d}{dx}w(x)\right)}{\sqrt{5}\,(2\,w(x)+\sqrt{5}+3)}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\left(\frac{d}{dx}w(x)\right)}{\sqrt{5}\,(2\,w(x)-\sqrt{5}+3)}=\frac{1}{x-5}$$

integrate(%,x);

$$-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log(2\,w(x)+\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log(2\,w(x)-\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}=\log(x-5)+$$

%c1

%−log(x−5);

$$-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log(2\,w(x)+\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log(2\,w(x)-\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log(x-5)$$

=%c1

subst(keit,%);

$$-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log\left(\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3\right)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log\left(\frac{2\,y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3\right)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log(x-5)$$

=%c1

Atsakymas:

ats:lhs(%)=C;

$$-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log\left(\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3\right)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log\left(\frac{2\,y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3\right)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log(x-5)$$

=C

Patikrinimas:

```
depends(y,x);
```

$$[y(x)]$$

```
diff(ats,x);
```

$$-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\left|\frac{2\left(\frac{d}{dx}y\right)}{x-5}-\frac{2y}{(x-5)^2}\right|}{2\sqrt{5}\left(\frac{2y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3\right)}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\left|\frac{2\left(\frac{d}{dx}y\right)}{x-5}-\frac{2y}{(x-5)^2}\right|}{2\sqrt{5}\left(\frac{2y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3\right)}-\frac{1}{x-5}=0$$

```
solve(%,'diff(y,x,1));
```

$$\left[\frac{d}{dx}y=-\frac{4y+x-5}{y-x+5}\right]$$

```
subst(%,eq);
```

$$-\frac{4y+x-5}{y-x+5}=\frac{4y+x-5}{-y+x-5}$$

```
ratsimp(%);
```

$$-\frac{4y+x-5}{y-x+5}=-\frac{4y+x-5}{y-x+5}$$

```
is(%);
```

true

Bendrasis integralas, gautas sprendžiant ant popieriaus:

```
(-1/2)·log(w(x)^2+3·w(x)+1)-(sqrt(5)/2)·log(((2·w(x)+3)/sqrt(5))+1)+(sqrt(5)/2)·log(((2·w(x)+3)/sqrt(5))-1)=log(x-5)+%c1;
```

$$-\frac{\log\left(w(x)^2+3w(x)+1\right)}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}\log\left|\frac{2w(x)+3}{\sqrt{5}}+1\right|}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}\log\left|\frac{2w(x)+3}{\sqrt{5}}-1\right|}{2}=\log(x-5)+\%c1$$

```
%-log(x-5);
```

$$-\frac{\log\left(w(x)^2+3w(x)+1\right)}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}\log\left|\frac{2w(x)+3}{\sqrt{5}}+1\right|}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}\log\left|\frac{2w(x)+3}{\sqrt{5}}-1\right|}{2}-\log(x-5)=\%c1$$

subst(keit,%);

$$-\frac{\log\left|\frac{y^2}{(x-5)^2}+\frac{3\,y}{x-5}+1\right|}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}\,\log\left|\frac{\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+3}{\sqrt{5}}+1\right|}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}\,\log\left|\frac{\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+3}{\sqrt{5}}-1\right|}{2}$$

$$-\log(x-5)=\%c1$$

Atsakymas:

ats:lhs(%)=C;

$$-\frac{\log\left|\frac{y^2}{(x-5)^2}+\frac{3\,y}{x-5}+1\right|}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}\,\log\left|\frac{\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+3}{\sqrt{5}}+1\right|}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}\,\log\left|\frac{\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+3}{\sqrt{5}}-1\right|}{2}$$

$$-\log(x-5)=C$$

Patikrinimas:

depends(y,x);

$$[y(x)]$$

diff(ats,x);

$$-\frac{\frac{2\,y\left(\frac{d}{d\,x}\,y\right)}{(x-5)^2}+\frac{3\left(\frac{d}{d\,x}\,y\right)}{x-5}-\frac{2\,y^2}{(x-5)^3}-\frac{3\,y}{(x-5)^2}}{2\left|\frac{y^2}{(x-5)^2}+\frac{3\,y}{x-5}+1\right|}-$$

$$\frac{\frac{2\left(\frac{d}{d\,x}\,y\right)}{x-5}-\frac{2\,y}{(x-5)^2}}{2\left|\frac{\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+3}{\sqrt{5}}+1\right|}+\frac{\frac{2\left(\frac{d}{d\,x}\,y\right)}{x-5}-\frac{2\,y}{(x-5)^2}}{2\left|\frac{\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+3}{\sqrt{5}}-1\right|}-\frac{1}{x-5}=0$$

solve(%,'diff(y,x,1));

$$\left[\frac{d}{d\,x}\,y=-\frac{4\,y+x-5}{y-x+5}\right]$$

subst(%,eq);

$$-\frac{4\,y+x-5}{y-x+5}=\frac{4\,y+x-5}{-y+x-5}$$

ratsimp(%);

$$-\frac{4\,y+x-5}{y-x+5}=-\frac{4\,y+x-5}{y-x+5}$$

```
is(%);
```

true

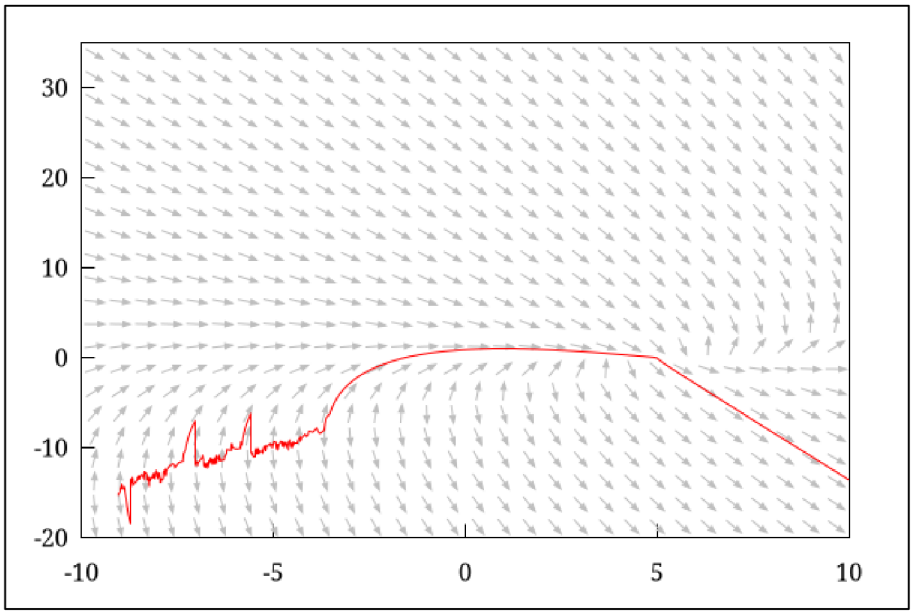
Krypčių laukas (lyg ir ne toks brėžinys turėtų gautis pgl. dėst., pradžioje "tikslumo" (?) trūksta Maximai, todėl tokie "dantukai" kairėj)

```
f: rhs(eq);
```

$$\frac{4\,y+x-5}{-y+x-5}$$

```
load(drawdf)$
```

```
wxdrawdf(f, [x,–10,10], [y,–20,35],
   [trajectory_at,1,1], field_color=gray, key="isocline", color=green, line_width=2,
nticks=100);
```



0

Integralinės kreivės (lyg ir ne tokios turi gautis pgl. dėst.)

```
load(draw)$
```

```
load(implicit_plot)$
```

```
ats:  –((sqrt(5)+5)·log((2·y)/(x–5)+sqrt(5)+3))/(2·sqrt(5))–((sqrt(5)–5)·log((2·y)/(x–5)–sqrt(5)+3))/(2·sqrt(5))–log(x–5)=C;
```

$$-\frac{\left(\sqrt{5}+5\right)\log\left(\frac{2\,y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3\right)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{\left(\sqrt{5}-5\right)\log\left(\frac{2\,y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3\right)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log\left(x-5\right)=C$$

```
f1: makelist(subst(C = k, ats), k, [1/10, 1/2, 1, 2, 5]);
```

$$[-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log(x-5)$$

$$=\frac{1}{10},-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log(x-5)=$$

$$\frac{1}{2},-\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log(x-5)=1,-$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log(x-5)=2,-$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{5}+5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}+\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-5)\log(\frac{2y}{x-5}-\sqrt{5}+3)}{2\sqrt{5}}-\log(x-5)=5]$$

```
wxdraw2d(grid = true,
color = magenta, key = "c=1/10",
implicit(f1[1], x, 0, 10, y, −10, 10),
color = cyan, key = "c=1/2",
implicit(f1[2], x, 0, 10, y, −10, 10),
color = red, key = "c=1",
implicit(f1[3], x, 0, 10, y, −10, 10),
color = blue, key = "c=2",
implicit(f1[4], x, 0, 10, y,  −10, 10),
color = green, key = "c=5",
implicit(f1[5], x, 0, 10, y,  −10, 10)),
wxplot_size = [500,500]$
```

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