Experiment no – 06(a)

Aim: a. Write a program to print rollno and names of 10 students using array.

Algorithm:

- i. Start
- ii. Store Student Information
- iii. Create the student's structure variable
- iv. Display information
- v. Stop

Code:

```
// C Program to Store Information
// of Students Using Structure
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
// Create the student structure
struct Student {
       char* name:
       int roll_number;
};
// Driver code
int main()
{ printf("01-AlstonAlvares \n");
       int i = 0, n = 10;
       // Create the student's structure variable
       // with n Student's records
       struct Student student[n];
       // Get the students data
       student[0].roll_number = 1;
       student[0].name = "Geeks16";
       student[1].roll_number = 2;
       student[1].name = "Geeks54";
       student[2].roll_number = 3;
```

```
student[2].name = "Geeks22";
       student[3].roll\_number = 4;
       student[3].name = "Geeks41";
       student[4].roll\_number = 5;
       student[4].name = "Geeks39";
       student[5].roll\_number = 6;
       student[5].name = "Geeks3";
  student[6].roll\_number = 7;
       student[6].name = "Geeks32";
       student[7].roll\_number = 8;
       student[7].name = "Geeks36";
       student[8].roll\_number = 9;
       student[8].name = "Geeks35";
       student[9].roll_number = 10;
       student[9].name = "Geeks34";
       // Print the Students information
       printf("Student Records: \n\n");
      for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
              printf("\tName = \%s\n", student[i].name);
              printf("\tRoll Number = %d\n", student[i].roll_number);
       return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
01-AlstonAlvares
Student Records:
        Name = Geeks16
        Roll Number = 1
        Name = Geeks54
        Roll Number = 2
        Name = Geeks22
        Roll Number = 3
        Name = Geeks41
        Roll Number = 4
        Name = Geeks39
        Roll Number = 5
        Name = Geeks31
        Roll Number = 6
        Name = Geeks32
        Roll Number = 7
        Name = Geeks36
        Roll Number = 8
        Name = Geeks35
        Roll Number = 9
        Name = Geeks34
        Roll Number = 10
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Experiment no - 06(b)

Aim: Write a program to read a matrix of size m*n.

Algorithm:

- i. Start
- ii. Enter row and column size
- iii. Construct Matrix
- iv. Display result
- v. Stop

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{ printf("01-AlstonAlvares.\n");
int i,j,m,n;
```

```
float a[10][10];
printf("Enter row and column size: \n");
scanf("%d%d", &m, &n);
printf("Enter matrix elements:\n");
for(i=0;i < m;i++)
for(j=0;j< n;j++)  {
 printf("a[%d][%d]=",i,j);
 scanf("%f", &a[i][j]);
printf("Matrix read is:\n");
for(i=0; i < m; i++)
for(j=0; j < n; j++)
 printf("\%f\t",a[i][j]);
printf("\n");
```

Output:

```
01-AlstonAlvares.
Enter row and column size:
2 2
Enter matrix elements:
a[0][0]=12
a[0][1]=23
a[1][0]=45
a[1][1]=56
Matrix read is:
12.000000 23.000000
45.000000 56.000000

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Experiment no -06(c)

Aim: Write a program to sort the elements of array in ascending or descending order.

Algorithm:

- i. Start.
- ii. Input size of array.
- Place currently selected element array to its correct place. iii.
- iv. Swap if currently selected array element to its correct place.
- Print the sorted array. v.
- vi. Stop.

```
Code:
/**
* C program to sort elements of array in ascending order
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 100 // Maximum array size
int main()
{ printf("01-AlstonAlvares\n");
  int arr[MAX_SIZE];
  int size;
  int i, j, temp;
  /* Input size of array */
  printf("Enter size of array: ");
  scanf("%d", &size);
  /* Input elements in array */
  printf("Enter elements in array: ");
  for(i=0; i < size; i++)
  {
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  }
  for(i=0; i < size; i++)
  {
```

```
/*
   * Place currently selected element array[i]
   * to its correct place.
   */
  for(j=i+1; j<size; j++)
     /*
      * Swap if currently selected array element
      * is not at its correct position.
     if(arr[i] > arr[j])
       temp = arr[i];
       arr[i] = arr[j];
       arr[j] = temp;
/* Print the sorted array */
printf("\nElements of array in ascending order: ");
for(i=0; i<size; i++)
  printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
return 0;
```

}

Output:

```
O1-AlstonAlvares
Enter size of array: 5
Enter elements in array: 27 11 34 56 13

Elements of array in ascending order: 11 13 27 34 56

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```