Brian Caffe

Table of contents

Histograms

Stem and le

Dotchart:

Boxplot

QQ-plots

Mosaic plots

Mathematical Biostatistics Boot Camp: Lecture 11, Plotting

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Table of contents

Histograms

Stem and leaf

Dotchar

Boxplot

00 -1-4

Table of contents

- 1 Table of contents
- 2 Histograms
- 3 Stem and leaf
- 4 Dotcharts
- 6 Boxplots
- **6** KDEs
- QQ-plots
- 8 Mosaic plots

Stem and le

Boxplot

KDE.

QQ-plot

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Histograms

 Histograms display a sample estimate of the density or mass function by plotting a bar graph of the frequency or proportion of times that a variable takes specific values, or a range of values for continuous data, within a sample

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Mosaic plot

Example

- The data set islands in the R package datasets contains the areas of all land masses in thousands of square miles
- Load the data set with the command data(islands)
- View the data by typing islands
- Create a histogram with the command hist(islands)
- Do ?hist for options

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Table of

Histograms

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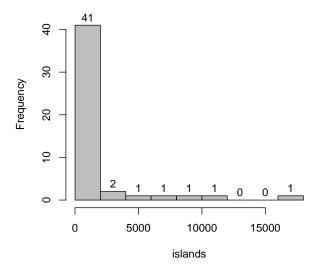
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QQ-plot

Histogram of islands



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QQ-plots

Pros and cons

- Histograms are useful and easy, apply to continuous, discrete and even unordered data
- They use a lot of ink and space to display very little information
- It's difficult to display several at the same time for comparisons

Also, for this data it's probably preferable to consider log base 10 (orders of magnitude), since the raw histogram simply says that most islands are small

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Table of

Histograms

Stem and lea

Dotcharts

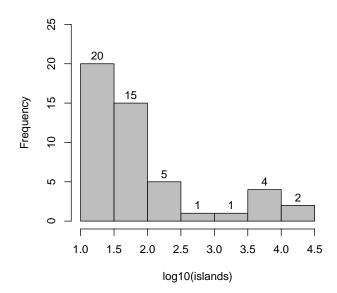
Boxplot

OO plots

QQ-piots

Mosaic plots

Histogram of log10(islands)



Stem and leaf

Dottila

Бохріоі

KDES

QQ-plots

Mosaic plot

Stem-and-leaf plots

- Stem-and-leaf plots are extremely useful for getting distribution information on the fly
- Read the text about creating them
- They display the complete data set and so waste very little ink
- Two data sets' stem and leaf plots can be shown back-to-back for comparisons
- Created by John Tukey, a leading figure in the development of the statistical sciences and signal processing

Stem and leaf

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Boxplot

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QQ-plot

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Example

> stem(log10(islands))

The decimal point is at the |

- 1 | 1111112222233444
- 1 | 5555556666667899999
- 2 | 3344
- 2 | 59
- 3
- 3 | 5678
- 4 | 012

Stem and le

Dotcharts

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KDE.

QQ-plots

Dotcharts

- Dotcharts simply display a data set, one point per dot
- Ordering of the of the dots and labeling of the axes can the display additional information
- Dotcharts show a complete data set and so have high data density
- May be impossible to construct/difficult to interpret for data sets with lots of points

Victoria

imor

aiwan Sumatra

akhalin

1elville

Kyushu reland celand

ainan

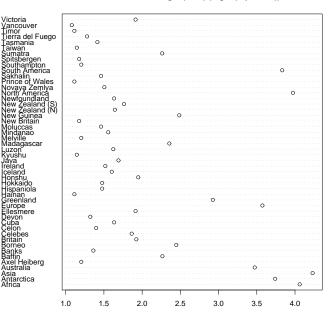
Europe

Devon Cuba Selon Celebes Britain Borneo Banks

Asia

Dotcharts

islands data: log10(area) (log10(sq. miles))



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Dotcharts

Boxplo

KDEs

QQ-plot

Discussion

- Maybe ordering alphabetically isn't the best thing for this data set
- Perhaps grouped by continent, then nations by geography (grouping Pacific islands together)?

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Table of contents

Histograms

Stem and lea

Dotcharts

Davialas

....

KDEs

QQ-plots

Mosaic plot

Dotplots comparing grouped data

- For data sets in groups, you often want to display density information by group
- If the size of the data permits, it displaying the whole data is preferable
- Add horizontal lines to depict means, medians
- Add vertical lines to depict variation, show confidence intervals interquartile ranges
- Jitter the points to avoid overplotting (jitter)

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QQ-plots

Example

- The InsectSprays dataset contains counts of insect deaths by insecticide type (A, B, C, D, E, F)
- You can obtain the data set with the command data(InsectSprays)

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Table of

Histograms

Stem and leaf

Dotcharts

Roxblot

QQ-plot

The gist of the code is below

```
attach(InsectSprays)
plot(c(.5, 6.5), range(count))
sprayTypes <- unique(spray)</pre>
for (i in 1 : length(sprayTypes)){
  y <- count[spray == sprayTypes[i]]</pre>
  n <- sum(spray == sprayTypes[i])</pre>
  points(jitter(rep(i, n), amount = .1), y)
  lines(i + c(.12, .28), rep(mean(y), 2), lwd = 3)
  lines(rep(i + .2, 2),
        mean(y) + c(-1.96, 1.96) * sd(y) / sqrt(n)
```

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Table of

Histograms

Stem and I

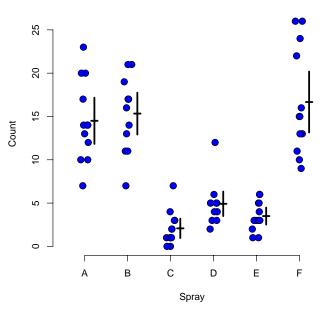
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OO plot

QQ-piots



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Boxplots

KDE.

QQ-plot

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Boxplots

- Boxplots are useful for the same sort of display as the dot chart, but in instances where displaying the whole data set is not possible
- Centerline of the boxes represents the median while the box edges correspond to the quartiles
- Whiskers extend out to a constant times the IQR or the max value
- Sometimes potential outliers are denoted by points beyond the whiskers
- Also invented by Tukey
- Skewness indicated by centerline being near one of the box edges

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Table of

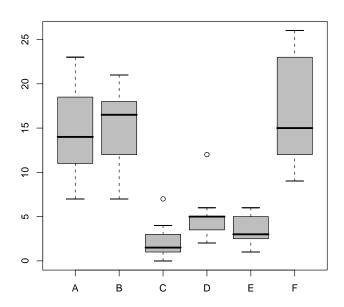
Histograms

Stem and leaf

Dotcharts

Boxplots

QQ-plot



Boxplots discussion

- Don't use boxplots for small numbers of observations, just plot the data!
- Try logging if some of the boxes are too squished relative to other ones; you can convert the axis to unlogged units (though they will not be equally spaced anymore)
- For data with lots and lots of observations omit the outliers plotting if you get so many of them that you cant see the points
- Example of a bad box plot boxplot(rt(500, 2))

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Table of

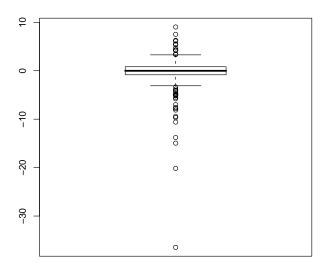
Histograms

Dotcharts

Boxplots

KDE.

QQ-plot



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Databanta

Boxple

KDEs

QQ-plot

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Kernel density estimates

- Kernel density estimates are essentially more modern versions of histograms providing density estimates for continuous data
- Observations are weighted according to a "kernel", in most cases a Gaussian density
- "Bandwidth" of the kernel effectively plays the role of the bin size for the histogram
 - a. Too low of a bandwidth yields a too variable (jagged) measure of the density
 - b. Too high of a bandwidth oversmooths
- The R function density can be used to create KDEs

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Dotcharts

Boxple

KDEs

QQ-plot

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Example

Data is the waiting and eruption times in minutes between eruptions of the Old Faithful Geyser in Yellowstone National park

```
data(faithful)
d <- density(faithful$eruptions, bw = "sj")
plot(d)</pre>
```

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Table of

Histograms

Stem and lea

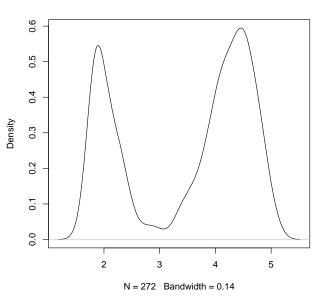
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QQ-plot

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KDE.

QQ-plots

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Imaging example

- Consider the following image slice (created in R) from a high resolution MRI of a brain
- This is a single (axial) slice of a three-dimensional image
- Consider discarding the location information and plotting a KDE of the intensities

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Table of

Histograms

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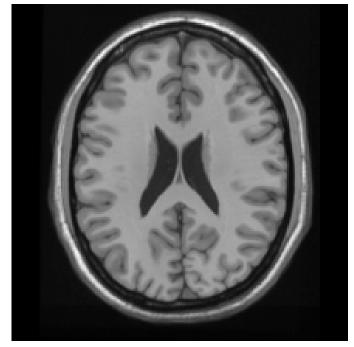
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Dottilart

KDE

QQ-plot

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Table of contents

Histograms

Stem and leaf

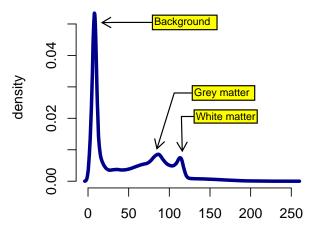
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KDEs

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QQ-plot



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Dotcharts

Boxplo

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QQ-plots

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QQ-plots

- QQ-plots (for quantile-quantile) are extremely useful for comparing data to a theoretical distribution
- Plot the empirical quantiles against theoretical quantiles
- Most useful for diagnosing normality

QQ-plots

- Let x_p be the p^{th} quantile from a $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
- Then $P(X \le x_p) = p$
- Clearly $P(Z \leq \frac{x_p \mu}{\sigma}) = p$
- Therefore $x_p = \mu + z_p \sigma$ (this should not be news)
- Result, quantiles from a $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ population should be linearly related to standard normal quantiles
- A normal qq-plot plot the empirical quantiles against the theoretical standard normal quantiles
- In R qqnorm for a normal QQ-plot and qqplot for a applot against an arbitrary distribution

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Table of

Histograms

Stem and le

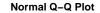
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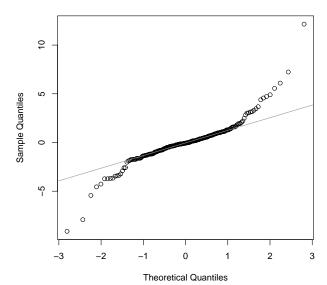
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KDE.

QQ-plots





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Table of

Histograms

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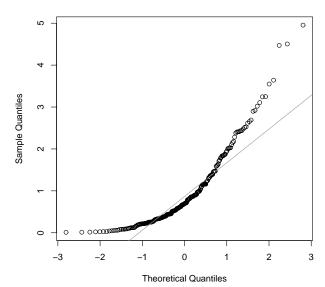
Databanta

Boxplo

....

QQ-plots





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Table of

Histograms

Stem and le

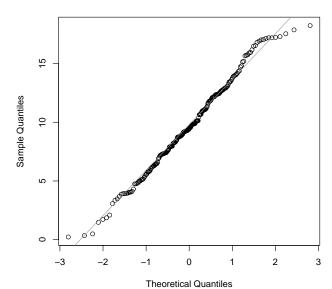
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QQ-plots





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Table of contents

Histograms

Stem and le

Dotcharts

Boynlots

Mosaic plots

- Mosaic plots are useful for displaying contingency table data
- Consider Fisher's data regarding hair and eye color data for people from Caithness

```
library (MASS)
data(caith)
caith
mosaicplot(caith, color = topo.colors(4),
          main = "Mosiac plot")
      fair red medium dark black
                               3
blue
       326 38
                  241 110
light
       688 116
                  584 188
                               4
medium 343 84
                  909 412
                              26
dark
        98 48
                  403
                       681
                              85
```

Mathematical Biostatistics Boot Camp: Lecture 11, Plotting

Brian Caffe

Table of contents

Histograms

Stem and le

Dotcharts

OO plot

Mosaic plots

Mosiac plot

