

Software Project

SVR4 POSIX → system V
UNIX system call release 4

■ Design and implement an assembly for SIC/XE

The test data look like Figure 2.5. and are generated by MS Notepad.

The possible OPCODE in the test data contains all the OPCODEs which appear in Figure 2.5. They include STL, LDB, LDA, COMP,...

The assembly directives include all those appear in Figure 2.5., e.g., START, +, BASE, BYTE, RESW, RESB, END,

The name of labels are not allowed to be the same as OPCODEs or assembly directives.

The format of the object program generated by your assembly should conform to Figure 2.8.

Software Project

■ Bonus points

- ◆ If your assembly is a one-pass assembly.
- ◆ If the implementation of your assembly includes “Literals”
- ◆ If the implementation of your assembly includes “Symbol-defining Statements”
- ◆ If the implementation of your assembly includes “Program Blocks”
- ◆ If the implementation of your assembly includes “Control Sections”

Project Report

- **The student should prepare a report which contains at least the follows:**
 - ◆ The architecture of the implemented assembler
 - ◆ What you have learned and experienced during the implementation.
 - ✦ E.g. You could show your daily record of the implementation.
 - ◆ In case you implement more than the required specification, please itemize it.
 - ✦ If you implement something mentioned in the previous slice (bonus points), show your test codes (in SIC/XE), and the generated object programs.
 - ◆ Copyright Claim
 - ✦ Do you make the implementation yourself?
 - ◆ Any thing you would like to let G.H.Hwang know.
 - ✦ E.g. Suggestion, ...
- **Who will be reading the report?**
 - ◆ Not TAs but G. H. Hwang

How to hand in your report?

- **Please deliver your project report in Moodle system**

- ◆ Attached filename: your_student_id.zip
- ◆ It should have at least the following items:
 - ✦ Electronic files of your report
 - MS word and PDF
 - ✦ Source codes
 - OS, Used language, and how to compile your code

→ if (ins[i]) print

① 生成 SYMTAB

if (RESW || RESB || BYTE) $\begin{cases} < 3 \text{ byte} + 3 \\ > 3 \text{ byte} + \text{--- byte} \end{cases}$

else 從起始位置一直 +5 (16 進位)

每個指令對應該 opcode \rightarrow 換成 16 進位 算 loc

if (var[i] 有 #) {

else if (ins[i] 有 +)

else if (disp = loc[i+1] - loc[var(i)])

(string) loc[i] 轉成 10 進位
+3 後轉回 16 進位 (string)

var - loc \rightarrow 要找的變數位置
code \rightarrow object code (2 進位)
result \rightarrow 2 進位轉 16 進位的結果

| Line | Loc | Source statement | Object code |
|------|------|--|-------------|
| 5 | 0000 | COPY START 0 | |
| 10 | 0000 | FIRST STIL RETADR | 17202D |
| 12 | 0003 | LDB LENGTH | 69202D |
| 13 | | BASE LENGTH | |
| 15 | 0006 | CLOOP JSUB RDREC | 4B101036 |
| 20 | 000A | LDA LENGTH | 032026 |
| 25 | 000D | format 4 COMP #0 | 290000 |
| 30 | 0010 | JEQ ENDFIL | 332007 |
| 35 | 0013 | +JSUB WRREC | 4B10105D |
| 40 | 0017 | J CLOOP | 3F2FEC |
| 45 | 001A | ENDFIL LDA EOF | 032010 |
| 50 | 001D | → STA BUFFER | 0F2016 |
| 55 | 0020 | LDA #3 | 010003 |
| 60 | 0023 | STA LENGTH | 0F200D |
| 65 | 0026 | +JSUB WRREC | 4B10105D |
| 70 | 002A | J RETADR | 3E2003 |
| 80 | 002D | EOF BYTE C'EOF' | 454F46 |
| 95 | 0030 | RETADR RESW 1 | |
| 100 | 0033 | LENGTH RESW 1 | |
| 105 | 0036 | BUFFER RESB 4096 | |
| 110 | | | |
| 115 | | SUBROUTINE TO READ RECORD INTO BUFFER | |
| 120 | | | |
| 125 | 1036 | RDREC CLEAR X | B410 |
| 130 | 1038 | CLEAR A | B400 |
| 132 | 103A | CLEAR S | B440 |
| 133 | 103C | +LDT #4096 | 75101000 |
| 135 | 1040 | RLOOP LDT INPUT | E32019 |
| 140 | 1043 | JEQ RLOOP | 332FFA |
| 145 | 1046 | RD INPUT | DB2013 |
| 150 | 1049 | COMPR A,S | A004 |
| 155 | 104B | JEQ EXIT | 332008 |
| 160 | 104E | STCH BUFFER,X | 57C003 |
| 165 | 1051 | TI XR T | B850 |
| 170 | 1053 | JLT RLOOP | 3B2FEA |
| 175 | 1056 | EXIT STX LENGTH | 134000 |
| 180 | 1059 | R SUB | 4F0000 |
| 185 | 105C | INPUT BYTE X'F1' | F1 |
| 195 | | | |
| 200 | | SUBROUTINE TO WRITE RECORD FROM BUFFER | |
| 205 | | | |
| 210 | | | |
| 212 | 105D | WRREC CLEAR X | B410 |
| 215 | 105F | LDT LENGTH | 774000 |
| 220 | 1062 | WLOOP TD OUTPUT | E32011 |
| 225 | 1065 | JEQ WLOOP | 332FFA |
| 230 | 1068 | LDCH BUFFER,X | 53C003 |
| 235 | 106B | WD OUTPUT | DF2008 |
| 240 | 106E | TI XR T | B850 |
| 245 | 1070 | JLT WLOOP | 3B2FEF |
| 250 | 1073 | R SUB | 4F0000 |
| 255 | 1076 | OUTPUT BYTE X'05' | 05 |
| | | END FIRST | |

add (turn-hex(str.length/2),2)

```

HCOPY 000000001077
T0000001D17202D69202D4B1010360320262900003320074B10105D3F2FEC032010
T00001D130F20160100030F200D4B10105D3E2003454F46
T0010361DB410B400B44075101000E32019332FFADB2013A00433200857C003B850
T0010531D3B2FEA1340004F0000F1B410774000E32011332FFA53C003DF2008B850
T001070073B2FEF4F000005
M00000705
M000001405
M000002705
E0000000

```

Figure 2.8 Object program corresponding to Fig. 2.6.

object code

① H name[0] 起始位置 總 byte (最後 loc[i]+1)

② T 指令位置 長度

if (遇 RESB || RESW || 長度 > FF) 換行
(改 ID)

長度 += 每個指令加多少 byte

③ if (ins[i][0] == '+')

M loc[i]+1 05

④ E 起始位置

Figure 2.6 Program from Fig. 2.5 with object code.

每個指令的 object code

用 map 建 opTAB (2 進, 刪 2 位)

↓

if (ins[i] = CLEAR)

if (type[i] = BYTE)

↓

if (immediate addressing)

if (format 4)

if (indirect addressing)

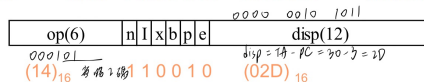
if (index addressing)

if (pc-relative)

else base-relative

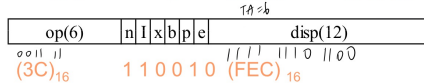
■ PC-relative (simple address)

◆ 10 0000 FIRST STL RETADR 17202D



displacement = RETADR - PC = 30 - 3 = 2D

◆ 40 0017 J CLOOP 3F2FEC



displacement = CLOOP - PC = 6 - 1A = -14 = FEC

TA = PC + disp
- 0000 0001 0100
1111 1110 1100

創建 1 陣列存 object code

opTAB 轉 = 進放前 b 碼

unix bpe 照 if/else 換

disp = 變數位置 - PC

寫 1 function 把陣列每 4 個數換成 16 進位去入 string[]

去寫 record 的地乃決定怎麼換行