

**ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ АВТОНОМНОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ  
УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ  
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УНИВЕРСИТЕТ ИНФОРМАЦИОННЫХ ТЕХНОЛОГИЙ, МЕХАНИКИ И  
ОПТИКИ**

**Факультет программной инженерии и компьютерной техники**

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**ЛАБОРАТОРНАЯ РАБОТА №\_3\_**

**ПО ДИСЦИПЛИНЕ «Система языкового программирования»**

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## 9.1.16 Assignment: Scalar Product

The solution should consist of

- Two global arrays of int of the same size.
- A function to compute the scalar product of two given arrays.
- A main function which calls the product computations and outputs its results.

## 9.1.17 Assignment: Prime Number Checker

You have to write a function to test the number for primarity. The interesting thing is that the number will be of the type unsigned long and that it will be read from stdin.

- You have to write a function `int is_prime( unsigned long n )`, which checks whether n is a prime number or not. If it is the case, the function will return 1; otherwise 0.
- The main function will read an unsigned long number and call `is_prime` function on it. Then, depending on its result, it will output either yes or no.

Read man `scanf` and use `scanf` function with the format specifier `%lu`. Remember, `is_prime` accepts unsigned long, which is not the same thing as unsigned int!

| Scalar Product  | Prime Number Checker  |
|---|---|
| <pre>#include &lt;stdio.h&gt;  #define MAXN 20  int arr1[MAXN]; int arr2[MAXN]; int n; void input(){     scanf("%d",&amp;n);     for(int i=0; i &lt; n*2 ; i++){         if (i&lt;n) scanf("%d",&amp;arr1[i]);         else scanf("%d",&amp;arr2[i-n]);     } }  long scalarPro(int* arr1, int* arr2){     long res=0;     for(int i =0;i&lt;n;i++){         res+= (long)arr1[i] * (long)arr2[i];     }     return res; }  int main(int argc, char** argv){     input();     printf("The scalar product is %d\n",scalarPro(arr1,arr2));     return 0; }</pre> | <pre>#include &lt;stdio.h&gt;  unsigned long n ;  void input(){     scanf("%lu",&amp;n); }  int is_prime(unsigned long n){     if (n&lt;2) return 0;     if (n&lt;4) return 1;     if (n%2==0    n%3==0) return 0;     size_t i = 5;     size_t w = 2;     while (i&lt;=n){         if (n%i == 0) return 0;          i+=w;         w= 6-w;     }     return 1; }  int main(int argc, char** argv){     input();     if (is_prime(n) == 0) printf("NO");     else printf("YES");     return 0; }</pre> |