Demo document with computer code

HPL

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1 Data file

Suppose we have some data in a file typeset with !bc dat:

```
E
-0.5253
           -0.9315
                       -0.3427
                                  -0.1613
                                              -0.8472
-0.9740
           -0.2558
                       -0.5622
                                  -0.7635
                                              -0.0914
 0.9216
            0.7702
                       -0.4818
                                   0.2155
                                              0.2967
```

2 Complete program and terminal output

The following program (which breaks a page) reads the data in the file and performs analysis (typeset with !bc pypro):

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
    import numpy as np
    def readfile(filename):
        """Read tabular data from file and return as numpy array."""
        f = open(filename, 'r')
        data = [] # list of rows in table
        for line in f:
            if line.startswith('#'):
10
                continue # drop comment lines
11
            numbers = [float(w) for w in line.split()]
12
            data.append(numbers)
13
        return np.array(data)
14
```

```
def analyze(data):
         """Return statistical measures of an array data."""
17
        return np.mean(data), \
18
                np.std(data), \
19
                np.corrcoef(data)
20
21
    if __name__ == '__main__':
22
         data = readfile('mydat.txt')
         # Treat each column as a variable
24
        m, s, c = analyze(data.transpose())
25
         print """
26
    mean=%f
27
    st.dev=%f
    correlation matrix:
30
     """ % (m, s, c)
31
```

The output becomes (typeset with !bc sys):

3 Code snippet

Fortran 77 is also sometimes handy (typeset with !bc fcod):

```
subroutine process(a, n, c, r)

Return array r = c*a

integer n

real*8 a(n), c, r(n)

integer i

do i = 1,n

r(i) = c*a(i)

end do

return

end
```

