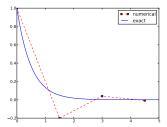
# On Schemes for Exponential Decay

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### 1 Goal

The primary goal of this demo talk is to demonstrate how to write talks with DocOnce and get them rendered in numerous HTML formats.

#### Layout.

This version utilizes latex document slides with the theme no theme.

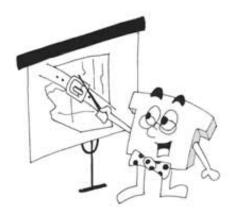
The talk investigates the accuracy of three finite difference schemes for the ordinary differential equation u'=-au with the aid of numerical experiments. Numerical artifacts are in particular demonstrated.

## 2 Mathematical problem

$$u'(t) = -au(t), \tag{1}$$

$$u(0) = I, (2)$$

- $t \in (0,T]$
- $\bullet$  a, I, and T are prescribed parameters
- u(t) is the unknown function



### 3 Numerical solution method

- Mesh in time:  $0 = t_0 < t_1 \cdots < t_N = T$
- Assume constant  $\Delta t = t_n t_{n-1}$
- $u^n$ : numerical approx to the exact solution at  $t_n$

Numerical scheme:

$$u^{n+1} = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}u^n, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, N - 1$$

#### 3.1 Forward Euler explained

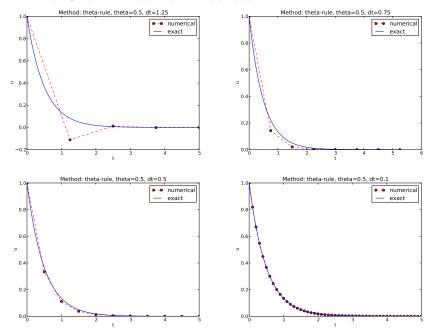
http://youtube.com/PtJrPEIHNJw

### 4 Implementation

The numerical method is implemented in a Python function:

```
def solver(I, a, T, dt, theta):
"""Solve u'=-a*u, u(0)=I, for t in (0,T] with steps of dt."""
dt = float(dt)  # avoid integer division
N = int(round(T/dt))  # no of time intervals
```

#### 4.1 The Crank-Nicolson method



#### 4.2 The artifacts can be explained by some theory

Exact solution of the scheme:

$$u^n = A^n$$
,  $A = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}$ .

- Stability: |A| < 1
- No oscillations: A > 0
- Always for Backward Euler ( $\theta = 1$ )
- $\Delta t < 1/a$  for Forward Euler  $(\theta = 0)$
- $\Delta t < 2/a$  for Crank-Nicolson ( $\theta = 1/2$ )

### ${\bf Concluding\ remarks:}$

Only the Backward Euler scheme is guaranteed to always give qualitatively correct results.