

Demo document with computer code

HPL

Aug 2, 2015

1 Data file

Suppose we have some data in a file typeset with `!bc dat`:

```
1  #      A      B      C      D      E
2  -0.5253 -0.9315 -0.3427 -0.1613 -0.8472
3  -0.9740 -0.2558 -0.5622 -0.7635 -0.0914
4   0.9216  0.7702 -0.4818  0.2155  0.2967
```

2 Complete program and terminal output

The following program (which breaks a page) reads the data in the file and performs analysis (typeset with `!bc pypro`):

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python
2
3  import numpy as np
4
5  def readfile(filename):
6      """Read tabular data from file and return as numpy array."""
7      f = open(filename, 'r')
8      data = [] # list of rows in table
9      for line in f:
10         if line.startswith('#'):
11             continue # drop comment lines
12         numbers = [float(w) for w in line.split()]
13         data.append(numbers)
14     return np.array(data)
15
```

```

16 def analyze(data):
17     """Return statistical measures of an array data."""
18     return np.mean(data), \
19         np.std(data), \
20         np.corrcoef(data)
21
22 if __name__ == '__main__':
23     data = readfile('mydat.txt')
24     # Treat each column as a variable
25     m, s, c = analyze(data.transpose())
26     print ""
27     mean=%f
28     st.dev=%f
29     correlation matrix:
30     %s
31     "" % (m, s, c)

```

The output becomes (typeset with !bc sys):

```

1  Terminal> python fileread.py
2
3  mean=-0.006005
4  st.dev=0.583542
5  correlation matrix:
6  [[ 1.          0.0509676  0.52406366  0.20964645  0.1574504 ]
7   [ 0.0509676   1.         -0.30920845 -0.12129049  0.7611538 ]
8   [ 0.52406366 -0.30920845  1.          0.49355806 -0.42263817]
9   [ 0.20964645 -0.12129049  0.49355806  1.         -0.38286589]
10  [ 0.1574504   0.7611538  -0.42263817 -0.38286589  1.          ]]

```

3 Code snippet

Fortran 77 is also sometimes handy (typeset with !bc fcod):

```

1      subroutine process(a, n, c, r)
2  C      Return array r = c*a
3      integer n
4      real*8 a(n), c, r(n)
5      integer i
6      do i = 1,n
7          r(i) = c*a(i)
8      end do
9      return
10     end

```

