## Demo document with computer code

HPL

Apr 8, 2015

## 1 Data file

Suppose we have some data in a file typeset with !bc dat:

```
Α
          В
                     С
                             D
-0.5253
         -0.9315
                   -0.3427
                             -0.1613
                                      -0.8472
-0.9740
         -0.2558
                   -0.5622
                             -0.7635
                                      -0.0914
0.9216
          0.7702
                   -0.4818
                           0.2155
                                       0.2967
```

## 2 Complete program and terminal output

The following program (which breaks a page) reads the data in the file and performs analysis (typeset with !bc pypro):

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import numpy as np
def readfile(filename):
    """Read tabular data from file and return as numpy array."""
    f = open(filename, 'r')
    data = [] # list of rows in table
    for line in f:
        if line.startswith('#'):
            continue # drop comment lines
        numbers = [float(w) for w in line.split()]
        data.append(numbers)
    return np.array(data)
def analyze(data):
    """Return statistical measures of an array data."""
    return np.mean(data), \
          np.std(data), \
```

```
np.corrcoef(data)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    data = readfile('mydat.txt')
    # Treat each column as a variable
    m, s, c = analyze(data.transpose())
    print """

mean=%f

st.dev=%f
correlation matrix:
%s
""" % (m, s, c)
```

The output becomes (typeset with !bc sys):

## 3 Code snippet

Fortran 77 is also sometimes handy (typeset with !bc fcod):

```
subroutine process(a, n, c, r)

C Return array r = c*a
  integer n
  real*8 a(n), c, r(n)
  integer i
  do i = 1,n
      r(i) = c*a(i)
  end do
  return
  end
```