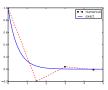
On Schemes for Exponential Decay

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Goal

The primary goal of this demo talk is to demonstrate how to write talks with DocOnce and get them rendered in numerous HTML formats.

Layout

This version utilizes beamer slides with the theme blue_plain.

Problem setting and methods

Result

Problem setting and methods



We aim to solve the (almost) simplest possible differential equation problem

$$u'(t) = -au(t) \tag{1}$$

$$u(0) = I \tag{2}$$

Here,

- ▶ $t \in (0, T]$
- a, I, and T are prescribed parameters
- \triangleright u(t) is the unknown function
- ► The ODE (1) has the initial condition (2)



- ▶ Mesh in time: $0 = t_0 < t_1 \cdots < t_N = T$
- Assume constant $\Delta t = t_n t_{n-1}$
- \triangleright u^n : numerical approx to the exact solution at t_n

The θ rule.

$$u^{n+1} = rac{1 - (1 - heta)a\Delta t}{1 + heta a\Delta t}u^n, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, N - 1$$

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The Forward Euler scheme explained

http://youtube.com/PtJrPEIHNJw

Implementation

Implementation in a Python function:

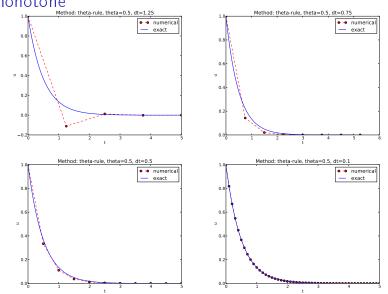
Problem setting and methods

Results

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The Crank-Nicolson method shows oscillatory behavior for not sufficiently small time steps, while the solution should be monotone



Exact solution of the scheme:

$$u^n = A^n$$
, $A = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}$.

Key results:

- ▶ Stability: |A| < 1
- No oscillations: A > 0
- $ightharpoonup \Delta t < 1/a$ for Forward Euler (heta = 0)
- lacksquare $\Delta t < 2/a$ for Crank-Nicolson (heta=1/2)

Concluding remarks:

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