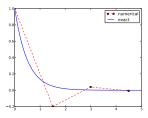
On Schemes for Exponential Decay

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Sep 9, 2014



Goal

The primary goal of this demo talk is to demonstrate how to write talks with DocOnce and get them rendered in numerous HTML formats.

Layout.

This version utilizes beamer slides with the theme blue_plain.

Mathematical problem

$$u'(t) = -au(t), \qquad (1)$$

$$u(0)=I, (2)$$

Here,

- ▶ $t \in (0, T]$
- ▶ a, I, and T are prescribed parameters
- \triangleright u(t) is the unknown function



Numerical solution method

- ▶ Mesh in time: $0 = t_0 < t_1 \cdots < t_N = T$
- Assume constant $\Delta t = t_n t_{n-1}$
- $ightharpoonup u^n$: numerical approx to the exact solution at t_n

Numerical scheme:

$$u^{n+1} = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}u^n, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, N - 1$$

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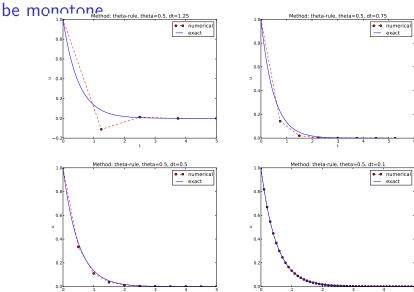
Forward Euler explained

http://youtube.com/PtJrPEIHNJw

Implementation

The numerical method is implemented in a Python function:

The Crank-Nicolson method shows oscillatory behavior for not sufficiently small time steps, while the solution should



Exact solution of the scheme:

$$u^n = A^n$$
, $A = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}$

Key results:

- Stability: |A| < 1
- ▶ No oscillations: *A* > 0
- ▶ Always for Backward Euler ($\theta = 1$)
- $ightharpoonup \Delta t < 1/a$ for Forward Euler ($\theta = 0$)
- $ightharpoonup \Delta t < 2/a$ for Crank-Nicolson (heta = 1/2)

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