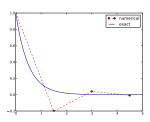
## On Schemes for Exponential Decay

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### Goal

The primary goal of this demo talk is to demonstrate how to write talks with DocOnce and get them rendered in numerous HTML formats.

#### Layout

This version utilizes beamer slides with the theme simula.



# **Problem setting and methods**



# We aim to solve the (almost) simplest possible differential equation problem

$$u'(t) = -au(t) \tag{1}$$

$$u(0) = I \tag{2}$$

### Here,

- ▶  $t \in (0, T]$
- a, I, and T are prescribed parameters
- $\triangleright$  u(t) is the unknown function
- ► The ODE (??) has the initial condition (??)



# The ODE problem is solved by a finite difference scheme

- ▶ Mesh in time:  $0 = t_0 < t_1 \cdots < t_N = T$
- Assume constant  $\Delta t = t_n t_{n-1}$
- $ightharpoonup u^n$ : numerical approx to the exact solution at  $t_n$

The  $\theta$  rule.

$$u^{n+1} = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}u^n, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, N - 1$$

contains the Forward Euler ( $\theta=0$ ), the Backward Euler ( $\theta=1$ ), and the Crank-Nicolson ( $\theta=0.5$ ) schemes.

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## The Forward Euler scheme explained

http://youtube.com/PtJrPEIHNJw

### **Implementation**

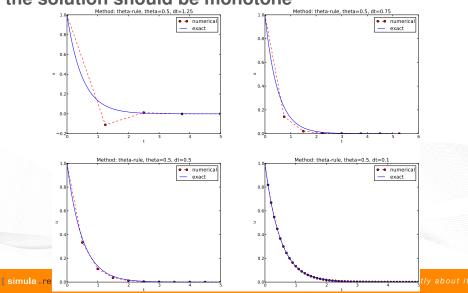
The numerical method is implemented in a Python function:



## **Results**



# The Crank-Nicolson method shows oscillatory behavior for not sufficiently small time steps, while the solution should be monotone



Exact solution of the scheme

$$u^n = A^n$$
,  $A = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}$ .

### Key results:

- ► Stability: |A| < 1
- No oscillations: A > 0
- Always for Backward Euler ( $\theta = 1$ )
- $ightharpoonup \Delta t < 1/a$  for Forward Euler ( $\theta = 0$ )
- ▶  $\Delta t$  < 2/a for Crank-Nicolson ( $\theta = 1/2$

### Concluding remarks

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