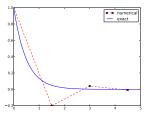
On Schemes for Exponential Decay

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Goal

The primary goal of this demo talk is to demonstrate how to write talks with DocOnce and get them rendered in numerous HTML formats.

Layout

This version utilizes beamer slides with the theme red_plain.

Problem setting and methods



We aim to solve the (almost) simplest possible differential equation problem

$$u'(t) = -au(t) \tag{1}$$

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 (1)
 $u(0) = I$ (2)

Here,

- ▶ $t \in (0, T]$
- \triangleright a, I, and T are prescribed parameters
- \triangleright u(t) is the unknown function
- ► The ODE (??) has the initial condition (??)



The ODE problem is solved by a finite difference scheme

- ightharpoonup Mesh in time: $0 = t_0 < t_1 \cdots < t_N = T$
- lacksquare Assume constant $\Delta t = t_n t_{n-1}$
- \triangleright u^n : numerical approx to the exact solution at t_n

The θ rule,

$$u^{n+1} = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}u^n, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, N - 1$$

contains the Forward Euler ($\theta=0$), the Backward Euler ($\theta=1$), and the Crank-Nicolson ($\theta=0.5$) schemes.

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The Forward Euler scheme explained

http://youtube.com/PtJrPEIHNJw

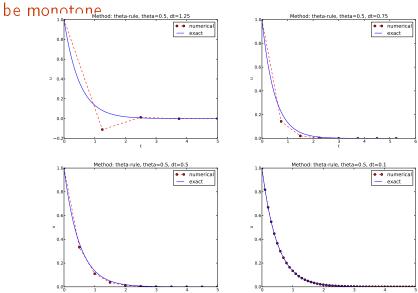
Implementation

The numerical method is implemented in a Python function:

Results



The Crank-Nicolson method shows oscillatory behavior for not sufficiently small time steps, while the solution should



Exact solution of the scheme

$$u^n = A^n, \quad A = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}$$

Key results:

- Stability: |A| < 1
- No oscillations: A > 0
- Always for Backward Euler ($\theta=1$
- $ightharpoonup \Delta t < 1/a$ for Forward Euler (heta = 0)
- $ightharpoonup \Delta t < 2/a$ for Crank-Nicolson (heta = 1/2)

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