## EDA IP

Daisy Lynn

2022-03-18

### Defining the Question

#### A. Specifying the Data Analytic Question

Identify which individuals are most likely to click on ads

#### B. Defining the Metric for Success

Research will be considered a success when data is throughly cleaned and relationship/ effect of variables on target variable 'Click on Ad' is determined

#### c. Understanding Context

A Kenyan entrepreneur has created an online cryptography course and would want to advertise it on her blog. She currently targets audiences originating from various countries. In the past, she ran ads to advertise a related course on the same blog and collected data in the process

#### D. Experimental Design

Reading the data Checking the data Cleaning dataset Univariate Analysis Bivariate Analysis Conclusions

#### E. Data Relevance

link to dataset http://bit.ly/IPAdvertisingData

# 2. Reading the Data

```
## dbl (6): Daily Time Spent on Site, Age, Area Income, Daily Internet Usage, ...
## dttm (1): Timestamp
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
View(df)
```

## 3. Checking the Data

```
# tail of dataset
head(df)
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
     'Daily Time Spent~'
                           Age 'Area Income' 'Daily Interne~' 'Ad Topic Line' City
                   <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                                         <dbl> <chr>
## 1
                    69.0
                                      61834.
                            35
                                                          256. Cloned 5thgene~ Wrig~
## 2
                    80.2
                            31
                                      68442.
                                                         194. Monitored nati~ West~
## 3
                    69.5
                            26
                                      59786.
                                                         236. Organic bottom~ Davi~
## 4
                    74.2
                            29
                                      54806.
                                                          246. Triple-buffere~ West~
## 5
                    68.4
                            35
                                      73890.
                                                          226. Robust logisti~ Sout~
                    60.0
                            23
                                      59762.
                                                          227. Sharable clien~ Jami~
## # ... with 4 more variables: Male <dbl>, Country <chr>, Timestamp <dttm>,
     'Clicked on Ad' <dbl>
# tail of dataset
tail(df)
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
   'Daily Time Spent~'
                           Age 'Area Income' 'Daily Interne~' 'Ad Topic Line' City
                                                         <dbl> <chr>
##
                   <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                                                               <chr>>
## 1
                    43.7
                            28
                                      63127.
                                                          173. Front-line bif~ Nich~
## 2
                    73.0
                                      71385.
                                                          209. Fundamental mo~ Duff~
                            30
## 3
                    51.3
                            45
                                      67782.
                                                         134. Grass-roots co~ New ~
## 4
                    51.6
                                      42416.
                                                         120. Expanded intan~ Sout~
                            51
## 5
                    55.6
                            19
                                      41921.
                                                          188. Proactive band~ West~
                    45.0
## 6
                            26
                                      29876.
                                                          178. Virtual 5thgen~ Ronn~
## # ... with 4 more variables: Male <dbl>, Country <chr>, Timestamp <dttm>,
      'Clicked on Ad' <dbl>
#checking size of dataframe
```

## [1] 1000 10

dim(df)

The dataset has 1000 rows and 10 variables

```
#cheking columns

colnames(df)

## [1] "Daily Time Spent on Site" "Age"

## [3] "Area Income" "Daily Internet Usage"

## [5] "Ad Topic Line" "City"

## [7] "Male" "Country"

## [9] "Timestamp" "Clicked on Ad"
```

## 4. Cleaning dataset

```
# Identifying missing data in dataset
colSums(is.na(df))
```

Area Income	Age	## Daily Time Spent on Site	##
0	0	<b>!#</b> 0	##
City	Ad Topic Line	## Daily Internet Usage	##
0	0	<b>!#</b> 0	##
Timestamp	Country	## Male	##
0	0	<b>##</b> 0	##
		## Clicked on Ad	##
		<b>!#</b> 0	##

No presence of null values

```
#finding null values
is.null(df)
```

## [1] FALSE

```
#checking unique values of age variable
unique(df$Age)
```

```
## [1] 35 31 26 29 23 33 48 30 20 49 37 24 41 36 40 52 28 34 22 57 53 39 46 32 25 ## [26] 43 45 50 47 27 42 38 54 21 60 55 44 58 56 51 19 59 61
```

```
#checking unique values of Male variable
unique(df$Male)
```

## [1] 0 1

Above results show if individual is male or not 0 represents no and 1 represents yes

```
#checking unique values of Clicked on Ad variable
unique(df$`Clicked on Ad`)
```

#### ## [1] 0 1

checking if audience clicked on Ad or not 0 means no 1 means yes

```
#checking unique values of Country variable
unique(df$Country)
```

```
##
     [1] "Tunisia"
##
     [2] "Nauru"
##
     [3] "San Marino"
##
     [4] "Italy"
     [5] "Iceland"
##
##
     [6] "Norway"
##
     [7] "Myanmar"
##
     [8] "Australia"
     [9] "Grenada"
##
    [10] "Ghana"
##
   [11] "Qatar"
##
##
   [12] "Burundi"
   [13] "Egypt"
##
   [14] "Bosnia and Herzegovina"
##
   [15] "Barbados"
##
   [16] "Spain"
##
##
    [17] "Palestinian Territory"
##
   [18] "Afghanistan"
   [19] "British Indian Ocean Territory (Chagos Archipelago)"
##
   [20] "Russian Federation"
##
   [21] "Cameroon"
  [22] "Korea"
##
##
  [23] "Tokelau"
##
   [24] "Monaco"
##
   [25] "Tuvalu"
##
   [26] "Greece"
   [27] "British Virgin Islands"
##
   [28] "Bouvet Island (Bouvetoya)"
   [29] "Peru"
##
   [30] "Aruba"
##
   [31] "Maldives"
##
   [32] "Senegal"
##
   [33] "Dominica"
##
   [34] "Luxembourg"
##
##
  [35] "Montenegro"
##
   [36] "Ukraine"
## [37] "Saint Helena"
## [38] "Liberia"
## [39] "Turkmenistan"
## [40] "Niger"
```

```
[41] "Sri Lanka"
##
    [42] "Trinidad and Tobago"
    [43] "United Kingdom"
   [44] "Guinea-Bissau"
##
##
    [45] "Micronesia"
##
   [46] "Turkey"
##
   [47] "Croatia"
   [48] "Israel"
##
##
    [49] "Svalbard & Jan Mayen Islands"
##
    [50] "Azerbaijan"
    [51] "Iran"
    [52] "Saint Vincent and the Grenadines"
##
##
    [53] "Bulgaria"
##
   [54] "Christmas Island"
##
    [55] "Canada"
##
    [56] "Rwanda"
##
    [57] "Turks and Caicos Islands"
##
    [58] "Norfolk Island"
   [59] "Cook Islands"
##
    [60] "Guatemala"
##
##
    [61] "Cote d'Ivoire"
```

- ## [62] "Faroe Islands" ## [63] "Ireland"
- ## [64] "Moldova"
- ## [65] "Nicaragua"
- ## [66] "Montserrat"
- ## [67] "Timor-Leste"
- ## [68] "Puerto Rico"
- ## [69] "Central African Republic"
- ## [70] "Venezuela"
- ## [71] "Wallis and Futuna"
- ## [72] "Jersey"
- ## [73] "Samoa"
- ## [74] "Antarctica (the territory South of 60 deg S)"
- ## [75] "Albania"
- ## [76] "Hong Kong"
- ## [77] "Lithuania"
- ## [78] "Bangladesh"
- ## [79] "Western Sahara"
- ## [80] "Serbia"
- ## [81] "Czech Republic"
- ## [82] "Guernsey"
- ## [83] "Tanzania"
- ## [84] "Bhutan"
- ## [85] "Guinea"
- ## [86] "Madagascar"
- ## [87] "Lebanon"
- ## [88] "Eritrea"
- ## [89] "Guyana"
- ## [90] "United Arab Emirates"
- ## [91] "Martinique"
- ## [92] "Somalia"
- ## [93] "Benin"
- ## [94] "Papua New Guinea"

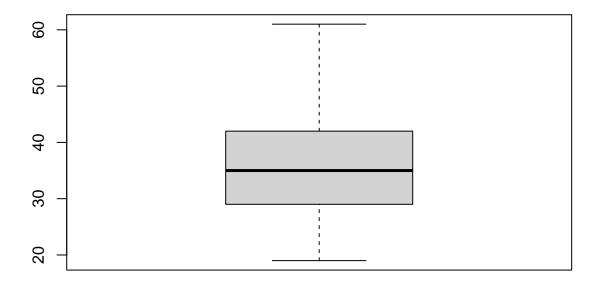
```
## [95] "Uzbekistan"
## [96] "South Africa"
## [97] "Hungary"
## [98] "Falkland Islands (Malvinas)"
## [99] "Saint Martin"
## [100] "Cuba"
## [101] "United States Minor Outlying Islands"
## [102] "Belize"
## [103] "Kuwait"
## [104] "Thailand"
## [105] "Gibraltar"
## [106] "Holy See (Vatican City State)"
## [107] "Netherlands"
## [108] "Belarus"
## [109] "New Zealand"
## [110] "Togo"
## [111] "Kenya"
## [112] "Palau"
## [113] "Cambodia"
## [114] "Costa Rica"
## [115] "Liechtenstein"
## [116] "Angola"
## [117] "Equatorial Guinea"
## [118] "Mongolia"
## [119] "Brazil"
## [120] "Chad"
## [121] "Portugal"
## [122] "Malawi"
## [123] "Singapore"
## [124] "Kazakhstan"
## [125] "China"
## [126] "Vietnam"
## [127] "Mayotte"
## [128] "Jamaica"
## [129] "Bahamas"
## [130] "Algeria"
## [131] "Fiji"
## [132] "Argentina"
## [133] "Philippines"
## [134] "Suriname"
## [135] "Guam"
## [136] "Antigua and Barbuda"
## [137] "Georgia"
## [138] "Jordan"
## [139] "Saudi Arabia"
## [140] "Sao Tome and Principe"
## [141] "Cyprus"
## [142] "Kyrgyz Republic"
## [143] "Pakistan"
## [144] "Seychelles"
## [145] "Mauritania"
## [146] "Chile"
```

## [147] "Poland" ## [148] "Estonia"

```
## [149] "Latvia"
```

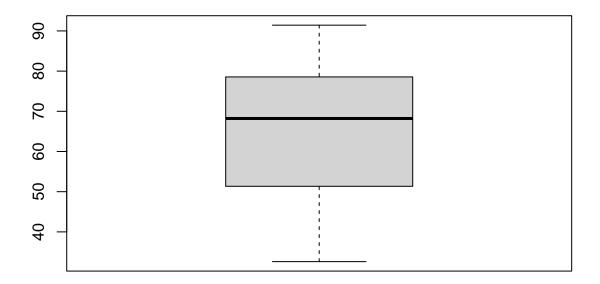
- ## [150] "Bahrain"
- ## [151] "Colombia"
- ## [152] "Brunei Darussalam"
- ## [153] "Taiwan"
- ## [154] "Saint Pierre and Miquelon"
- ## [155] "Finland"
- ## [156] "French Southern Territories"
- ## [157] "Sierra Leone"
- ## [158] "Tajikistan"
- ## [159] "Ecuador"
- ## [160] "Switzerland"
- ## [161] "France"
- ## [162] "Malaysia"
- ## [163] "Mauritius"
- ## [164] "Japan"
- ## [165] "Greenland"
- ## [166] "Guadeloupe"
- ## [167] "Belgium"
- ## [168] "Honduras"
- ## [169] "Paraguay"
- ## [170] "French Guiana"
- ## [171] "Northern Mariana Islands"
- ## [172] "American Samoa"
- ## [173] "Austria"
- ## [174] "Tonga"
- ## [175] "New Caledonia"
- ## [176] "United States of America"
- ## [177] "Morocco"
- ## [178] "Macedonia"
- ## [179] "Gabon"
- ## [180] "Uganda"
- ## [181] "Saint Lucia"
- ## [182] "Niue"
- ## [183] "Zambia"
- ## [184] "Congo"
- ## [185] "Pitcairn Islands"
- ## [186] "Anguilla"
- ## [187] "Sweden"
- ## [188] "Indonesia"
- ## [189] "Mexico"
- ## [190] "Haiti"
- ## [191] "Gambia"
- ## [192] "El Salvador"
- ## [193] "Libyan Arab Jamahiriya"
- ## [194] "Saint Barthelemy"
- ## [195] "Reunion"
- ## [196] "Panama"
- ## [197] "Dominican Republic"
- ## [198] "Zimbabwe"
- ## [199] "Swaziland"
- ## [200] "Saint Kitts and Nevis"
- ## [201] "Burkina Faso"
- ## [202] "Heard Island and McDonald Islands"

```
## [203] "Bolivia"
## [204] "Netherlands Antilles"
## [205] "French Polynesia"
## [206] "Germany"
## [207] "Malta"
## [208] "Sudan"
## [209] "Lao People's Democratic Republic"
## [210] "Isle of Man"
## [211] "Macao"
## [212] "United States Virgin Islands"
## [213] "Djibouti"
## [214] "Mali"
## [215] "Romania"
## [216] "Cayman Islands"
## [217] "Ethiopia"
## [218] "Uruguay"
## [219] "Comoros"
## [220] "Vanuatu"
## [221] "Nepal"
## [222] "Yemen"
## [223] "India"
## [224] "Cape Verde"
## [225] "Slovenia"
## [226] "Denmark"
## [227] "Syrian Arab Republic"
## [228] "Andorra"
## [229] "Namibia"
## [230] "Slovakia (Slovak Republic)"
## [231] "Armenia"
## [232] "South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands"
## [233] "Kiribati"
## [234] "Marshall Islands"
## [235] "Bermuda"
## [236] "Mozambique"
## [237] "Lesotho"
#finding outliers in the Age column
boxplot(df$Age)
```



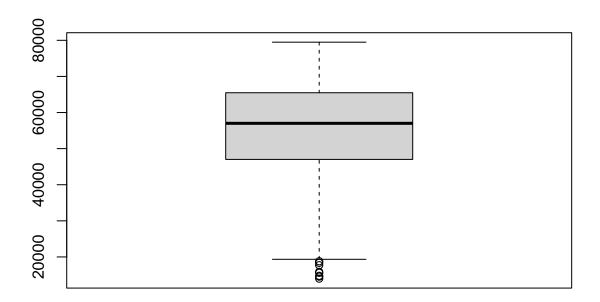
## No presence of outliers

```
#finding outliers in the Daily Time Spent on Site column
boxplot(df$`Daily Time Spent on Site`)
```



## No presence of outliers

```
#finding outliers in the Area Income column
boxplot(df$`Area Income`)
```



There is presence of outliers but they won't be removed since the represent real data

```
#finding duplicates

duplicates <- df[duplicated(df),]
duplicates

## # A tibble: 0 x 10

## # ... with 10 variables: Daily Time Spent on Site <dbl>, Age <dbl>,
## # Area Income <dbl>, Daily Internet Usage <dbl>, Ad Topic Line <chr>,
## # City <chr>, Male <dbl>, Country <chr>, Timestamp <dttm>,
## # Clicked on Ad <dbl>
```

No presence of duplicates

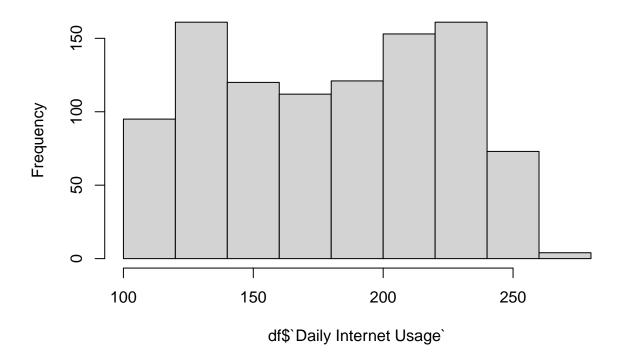
# 5. Univariate Analysis

```
# getting the summary of our numerical columns
summary(df)

## Daily Time Spent on Site Age Area Income Daily Internet Usage
## Min. :32.60 Min. :19.00 Min. :13996 Min. :104.8
```

```
## 1st Qu.:51.36
                            1st Qu.:29.00
                                            1st Qu.:47032
                                                           1st Qu.:138.8
## Median :68.22
                            Median :35.00 Median :57012
                                                           Median :183.1
## Mean :65.00
                            Mean :36.01
                                            Mean :55000
                                                           Mean :180.0
## 3rd Qu.:78.55
                            3rd Qu.:42.00
                                            3rd Qu.:65471
                                                           3rd Qu.:218.8
## Max. :91.43
                            Max. :61.00
                                           Max. :79485
                                                           Max. :270.0
## Ad Topic Line
                                              Male
                                                           Country
                          City
## Length:1000
                      Length: 1000
                                         Min. :0.000
                                                        Length: 1000
                                                         Class : character
## Class :character
                      Class : character
                                         1st Qu.:0.000
## Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                         Median :0.000
                                                        Mode : character
##
                                         Mean :0.481
##
                                         3rd Qu.:1.000
##
                                                :1.000
                                         Max.
##
     Timestamp
                                 Clicked on Ad
## Min.
           :2016-01-01 02:52:10
                                 Min.
                                        :0.0
## 1st Qu.:2016-02-18 02:55:42
                                 1st Qu.:0.0
## Median :2016-04-07 17:27:29
                                 Median:0.5
## Mean
          :2016-04-10 10:34:06
                                 Mean :0.5
## 3rd Qu.:2016-05-31 03:18:14
                                 3rd Qu.:1.0
## Max.
          :2016-07-24 00:22:16
                                 Max. :1.0
# finding range of Age variable
Age.range <- range(df$Age)
Age.range
## [1] 19 61
# finding range of Daily Time Spent on Site variable
TimeSpent.range <- range(df$`Daily Time Spent on Site` )</pre>
TimeSpent.range
## [1] 32.60 91.43
#Variance of Area Income variable
AreaIncome.variance <- var(df$`Area Income`)</pre>
AreaIncome.variance
## [1] 179952406
#Histogram visualization on Daily Internet Usage
hist(df$`Daily Internet Usage`)
```

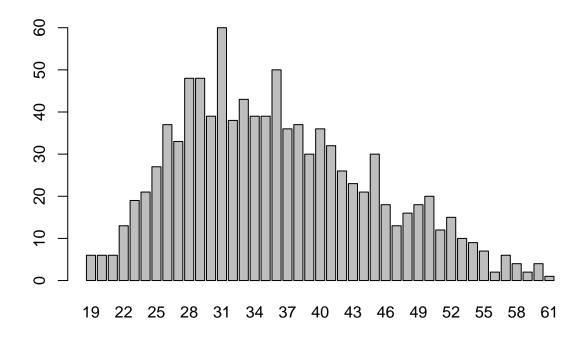
# **Histogram of df\$`Daily Internet Usage`**



From above visualization most of the daily internet usage was between 200 to 250

```
#Barplot visualization for Age variable

Age <- df$ Age
Age_frequency <- table(Age)
barplot(Age_frequency)
```



From above visualization most of the audience are 31 yrs of age

# 6. Bivariate and Multivariate Analysis

```
#Covariance between Daily Time Spent on Site and Daily Internet Usage
TimeSpentonSite <- df$`Daily Time Spent on Site`
#
InternetUsage<- df$`Daily Internet Usage`
#
cov(TimeSpentonSite,InternetUsage)</pre>
```

## [1] 360.9919

The result is positive, meaning that the variables are positively related.

```
#Covariance between age and Area Income
Age <- df$Age
#
Income<- df$`Area Income`</pre>
```

```
#
cov(Age, Income)
```

```
## [1] -21520.93
```

The result is negative, meaning that the variables are negatively related.

```
#Correlation between age and clicked on ad

Age <- df$Age
#
Ad<- df$`Clicked on Ad`
#
cor(Age, Ad)</pre>
```

#### ## [1] 0.4925313

There is a moderate positive correlation between the two variables

```
#Correlation between Male and clicked on ad

Male <- df$Male
#
Ad<- df$`Clicked on Ad`
#
cor(Male, Ad)</pre>
```

## [1] -0.03802747

Weak negative correlation

```
#Correlation between Ad and Internet Usage
InternetUsage<- df$`Daily Internet Usage`
#
Ad<- df$`Clicked on Ad`
#
cor(InternetUsage, Ad)</pre>
```

## [1] -0.7865392

Strong negative relation

```
#Correlation between Ad and Timespent on site

TimeSpentonSite <- df$`Daily Time Spent on Site`
#</pre>
```

```
Ad<- df$`Clicked on Ad`

#
cor(TimeSpentonSite, Ad)
```

## [1] -0.7481166

Strong negative relationship

```
#Correlation between Male and Daily Internet Usage

Male <- df$Male
#
InternetUsage<- df$`Daily Internet Usage`

#
cor(Male, InternetUsage)</pre>
```

## [1] 0.02801233

There is a positive correlation between the above variables although very weak

```
#Correlation between age and Area Income

Age <- df$Age
#
Income<- df$`Area Income`

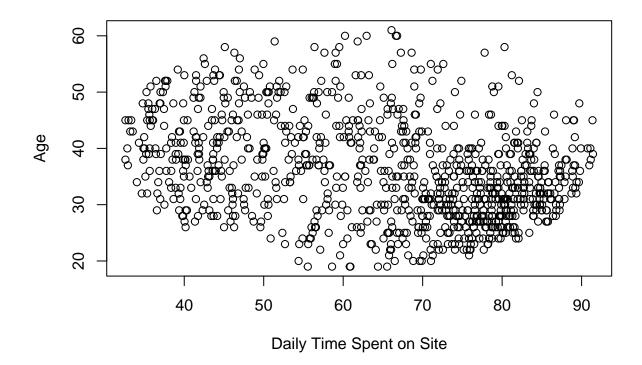
#
cor(Age, Income)</pre>
```

## [1] -0.182605

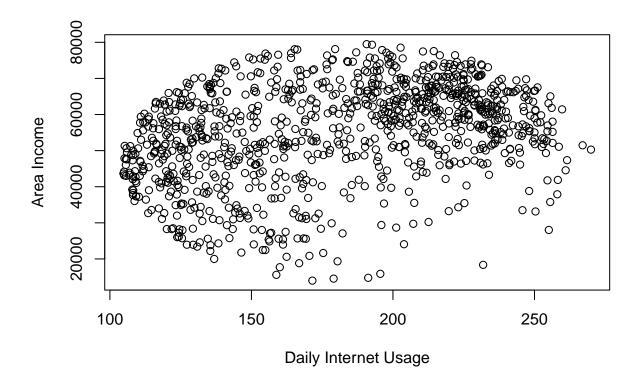
There is a weak negative correlation between the above variables

#### 6.1 Visualization

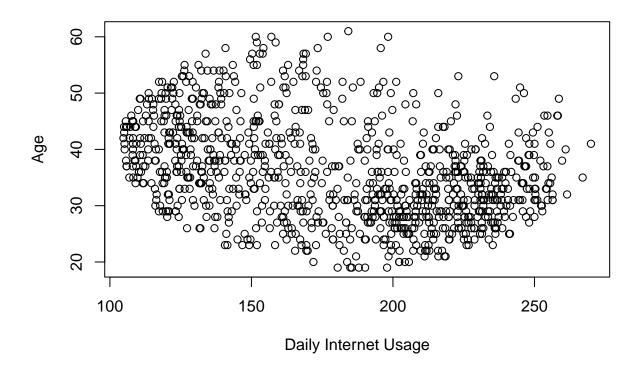
```
#Scatter plot on the relation between Daily Time Spent on Site and Age
TimeSpentonSite <- df$`Daily Time Spent on Site`
#
Age<- df$`Age`
#
plot(TimeSpentonSite, Age, xlab="Daily Time Spent on Site", ylab="Age")</pre>
```



```
#Scatter plot on the relation between Area Income and Daily Internet Usage
Income <- df$`Area Income`
#
InternetUsage<- df$`Daily Internet Usage`
#
plot(InternetUsage, Income, xlab="Daily Internet Usage", ylab="Area Income")</pre>
```



```
#Scatter plot on the relation between Daily Internet usage and Age
Internet <- df$`Daily Internet Usage`
#
Age<- df$`Age`
#
plot(Internet, Age, xlab="Daily Internet Usage", ylab="Age")</pre>
```



# 7. Conclusions

The relationship between most of our variables and the click on Ad variable is negative this means that if a variable being compared to click on ad increases the other decreases

e.g comparing Daily Internet Usage and Click on Ad, if Internet Usage increases the chance of clicking on the Ad decreases

Although for the Age variable, an increase in Age increases chance of clicking on Ad