

HR ANALYTICS DASHBOARD

Associates
Degree

Bachelor's
Degree

Doctoral
Degree

High
School

Master's
Degree

Gender

Female

Male

Total # of Employees

1470

Total # of Attrition

237

% of Attrition

16.12%

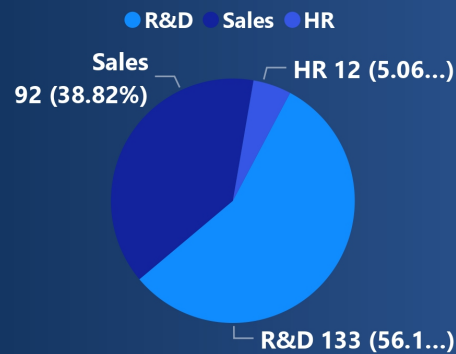
Active Employees

1233

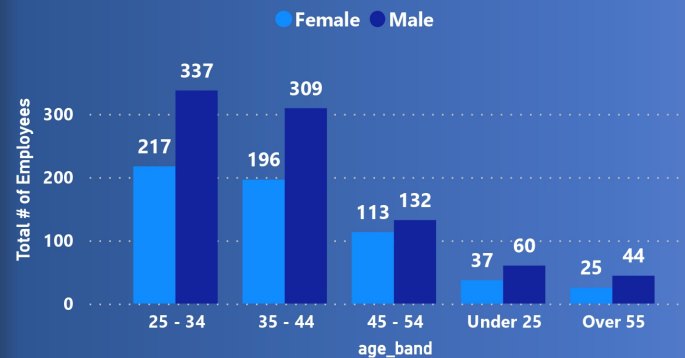
Avg. Age

37

Department Wise Attritions



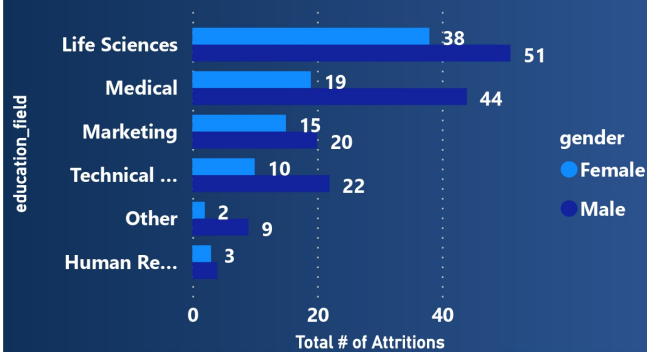
Total # of Employees by age_band and gender



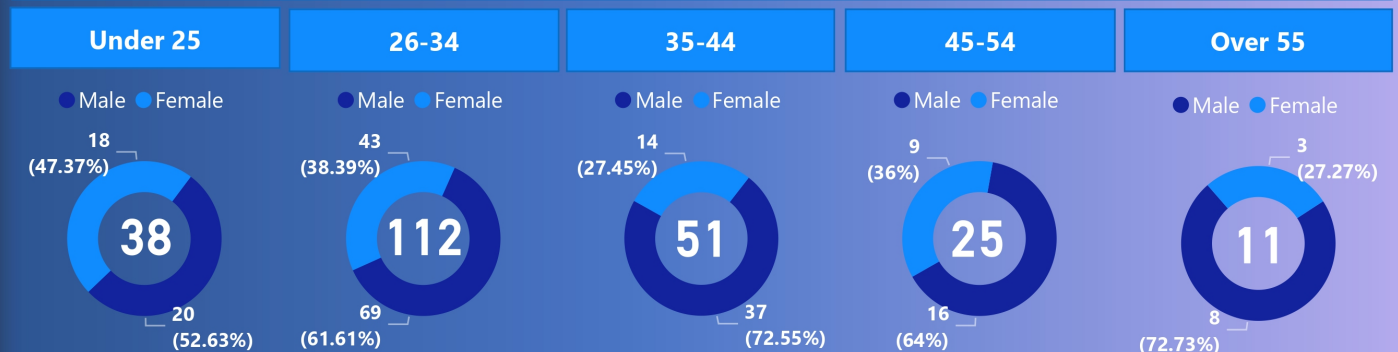
Job Satisfaction Rating

job_role	1	2	3	4	Total
Healthcare Representative	26	19	43	43	131
Human Resources	10	16	13	13	52
Laboratory Technician	56	48	75	80	259
Manager	21	21	27	33	102
Manufacturing Director	26	32	49	38	145
Research Director	15	16	27	22	80
Research Scientist	54	53	90	95	292
Sales Executive	69	54	91	112	326
Sales Representative	12	21	27	23	83
Total	289	280	442	459	1470

Education_Field Wise Attrition



Attrition Rate By Gender For Different Age Group



MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

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Navigator

SCHEMAS

Filter objects

- fifa_database_ivypropk
- guvi_1
- hr_database
 - Tables
 - Views
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 - Functions
- music_database

Administration Schemas

Information

Connection Details

Local instance MySQL80

Host: localhost

Port: 3306

User: root

User: root@localhost

SSL: TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

Server: MySQL Community Server - GPL V8.0.31

Connector: Vc++ 8.0.31

Object Info Session

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
-- Total No. of employees,Attrition wise employees,% of employees,Active Employees,Avg. Age?:
select
  count(*) as Total_emp ,
  (select count(*) Total_Attrn from hrdata where attrition = "Yes")Total_Attrn_emp,
  (select round((select count(emp_no) from hrdata where attrition = "Yes")/count(*)*100,2) as Pct_attrition from hrdata) as Pct_attrition,
  (select count(*) active_employees from hrdata where active_employee = 1) active_employees,
  (select round(avg(age),2) as Avg_age from hrdata) Avg_age
from hrdata;
```

Result Grid

	Total_emp	Total_Attrn_emp	Pct_attrition	active_employees	Avg_age
▶	1470	237	16.12	1233	36.92

Result 34

Output

Read Only

27°C 10:24 PM 23-Apr-23

MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

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Navigator

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Filter objects

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Administration Schemas

Information

Connection Details

NLocal instance MySQL80
Hlocalhost
P8306
Lroot
User root@localhost
SSL TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA
Server
MySQL Community
Pr Server - GPL
V8.0.31
Connector
V8.0.31

Object Info Session

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
-- Q-1 = what is Employee Count Based on education ( High School and Master's) :  
select sum(employee_count) as Emp_count from hrdata  
where education in ( 'High School','Master''s Degree');  
  
-- Q-2 = what is Total Attrition Employee Count :  
select count(employee_count) as Attrition_Emp_count  
from hrdata  
where attrition = 'Yes';  
  
-- Q-3 = Attrition Rate and department should be Sales :  
select * from hrdata;
```

Result Grid

Emp_count
568

Result 20

Output

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MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

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Navigator

SCHEMAS

Filter objects

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Administration Schemas

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Connector: V8.0.31

Object Info Session

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
-- Q-2 = what is Total Attrition Employee Count :
select count(employee_count) as Attrition_Emp_count
from hrdata
where attrition = 'Yes';

-- Q-3 = Attrition Rate and department should be Sales :
select * from hrdata;

select distinct round((select sum(employee_count) from hrdata where attrition = "Yes" and department = "Sales") /
(select count(emp_no) from hrdata where department = "Sales") *100,2) as Attrition_rate
from hrdata
where department = "Sales";
```

Result Grid

Attrition_Emp_count
237

Result 22

Output

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MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

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Navigator

SCHEMAS

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Administration Schemas

Information

Connection Details

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ciphe
Server MySQL Community
Pr Server - GPL
V8.0.31
Connector V++ 8.0.31

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
-- Q-3 = Attrition Rate and department should be Sales :  
select distinct round((select sum(employee_count) from hrdata where attrition = "Yes" and department = "Sales") /  
    (select count(emp_no) from hrdata where department = "Sales") *100,2) as Attrition_rate  
from hrdata  
where department = "Sales";  
  
/* This below query is for ms sql server:-  
select round(((select count(attrition) from hrdata where attrition = 1 and department = 'Sales') /  
    cast(sum(employee_count) as float))*100,2) as Attrition_rate  
from hrdata  
where department = 'Sales';  
*/
```

Result Grid

Attrition_Emp_count
237

Result 22

Output

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MySQL Workbench

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Navigator

SCHEMAS

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Administration Schemas

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Hlocalhost

P03306

Lo root

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SSL TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA

Server MySQL Community

Pr Server - GPL

V8.0.31

Connector V++ 8.0.31

Object Info Session

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
106 */
107
108 -- Q-4 = Active Employee and count of male employees:
109
110 • select count(employee_count) - (select count(attrition) from hrdata where attrition = 'Yes' and gender = "Male") as Active_Employee
111 from hrdata where gender = "Male";
112
113 -- 2nd way
114 -- select count(active_employee) from hrdata
115 -- where attrition = "No";
116
117 -- Q-5 = what is the Average Age of Employees from total Ages? :
118
119 • select round(avg(age)) from hrdata ;
120
121
```

Result Grid

Active_Employee
732

Result 23

Output

Read Only

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MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

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Navigator

SCHEMAS

Filter objects

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Administration Schemas

Information

Connection Details

NLocal instance MySQL80

Hlocalhost

P8306

Lo

User root

Cl root@localhost

User

SSL TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA

Server

MySQL Community

Pr Server - GPL

V8.0.31

Connector

V++ 8.0.31

Object Info Session

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
115 -- where attrition = "No";
116
117 -- Q-5 = what is the Average Age of Employees from total Ages? :
118
119 • select round(avg(age)) from hrdata ;
120
121
122 -- Q-6 = Display gender and count of Attrition employees who have High School Level in education
123 -- for each gender and order by highest attrition employees? :
124
125 • select gender, count(attrition) Attrition_Emp from hrdata
126 where attrition = "Yes" and Education_Field = "Medical"
127 group by 1
128 order by 2 desc;
129
130
```

Result Grid

	round(avg(age))
▶	37

Result 24

Output

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MySQL Workbench

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SCHEMAS

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MySQL Community
Server - GPL
V8.0.31
Connector
V8.0.31

Object Info Session

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
121
122 -- Q-6 = Display gender and count of Attrition employees who have High School Level in education
123 -- for each gender and order by highest attrition employees? :
124
125 • select gender, count(attrition) Attrition_Emp from hrdata
126 where attrition = "Yes" and Education_Field = "Medical"
127 group by 1
128 order by 2 desc;
129
130
131 -- Q-7 = department wise female attrition count and sort it by highest attrition and top 3 department? :
132
133 • select department , count(attrition) as Female_Attrn_cnt ,
134 round((count(emp_no)/(select count(attrition) from hrdata where attrition = "Yes" and gender = "Female" ))*100,2) as Pct_attrn
135 from hrdata
136 where attrition = "Yes" and gender = "Female"
```

Result Grid

gender	Attrition_Emp
Male	44
Female	19

Result 26

Output

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MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

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Navigator

SCHEMAS

Filter objects

fifa_database_ivypropk
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Administration Schemas

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User root@localhost
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ciphe
Server
MySQL Community
Pr Server - GPL
V8.0.31
Connector
V8.0.31

Object Info Session

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
130
131 -- Q-7 = department wise female attrition count and sort it by highest attrition and top 3 department? :
132 • select department , count(attrition) as Female_Attrn_cnt ,
133 round((count(emp_no)/(select count(attrition) from hrdata where attrition = "Yes" and gender = "Female" ))*100,2) as Pct_attrn
134 from hrdata
135 where attrition = "Yes" and gender = "Female"
136 group by 1
137 order by 2 desc
138 limit 3 offset 0;
139
140
141 -- Q-8 = convert Age in age_band then each age_band count of Employees and its percentage of employees.it should be gender wise and sort by age?:
142 • select
143 case when age >=18 and age <=24 then "18-24"
144 when age >=25 and age <=34 then "25-34"
145 when age >=35 and age <=44 then "35-44"
```

Result Grid

	department	Female_Attrn_cnt	Pct_attrn
▶	R&D	43	49.43
	Sales	38	43.68
	HR	6	6.90

Result 27

Output

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MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80 x

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Navigator: Hr dataset x Administration - Server Status

Limit to 1000 rows

SCHEMAS

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Administration Schemas

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Local instance MySQL80

Host: localhost

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User: root

User: root@localhost

SSL: TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

Server: MySQL Community Server - GPL

Version: 8.0.31

Connector: C++ 8.0.31

```
-- Q-8 = convert Age in age_band then each age_band count of Employees and its percentage of employees.it should be gender wise and sort by age?:
select
    case when age >=18 and age <=24 then "18-24"
    when age >=25 and age <=34 then "25-34"
    when age >=35 and age <=44 then "35-44"
    when age >=45 and age <=54 then "45-54"
    when age >=55 and age <=100 then "55-100"
    else null end as age_band,
    gender, (select count(emp_no) from hrdata where attrition = "Yes") as Total_Attrn_count ,
    count(emp_no) as emp_cnt , round((count(attrition) / (select count(attrition) from hrdata where attrition = "Yes"))*100,2) as Pct_attrn
    from hrdata
    where attrition = "Yes"
group by 1,2,3
order by age;
```

Result Grid

	age_band	gender	Total_Attrn_count	emp_cnt	Pct_attrn
▶	18-24	Female	237	18	7.59
	18-24	Male	237	20	8.44
	25-34	Male	237	69	29.11
	25-34	Female	237	43	18.14
	35-44	Male	237	37	15.61
	35-44	Female	237	14	5.91
	45-54	Female	237	9	3.80
	45-54	Male	237	16	6.75

Result 1 x

Output

Read Only

Object Info Session

Windows taskbar: 30°C, 2:04 AM, 21-Jun-23

MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

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Navigator

SCHEMAS

Filter objects

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Administration Schemas

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Server MySQL Community

Pr Server - GPL

V8.0.31

Connector V8.0.31

Object Info Session

Hr dataset

Limit to 1000 rows

```
-- Q-9 = how many employee in each job_role and job satisfaction (customer Rating) and total count of employee for each job role :
select
  coalesce(job_role,"Total") as job_role,
  sum(case when job_satisfaction = 1 then employee_count end) as _one,
  sum(case when job_satisfaction = 2 then employee_count end) as two,
  sum(case when job_satisfaction = 3 then employee_count end) as three,
  sum(case when job_satisfaction = 4 then employee_count end) as four,
  count(emp_no) as emp_cnt
from hrdata
group by job_role with rollup
having job_role is not null or grouping(job_role)=1
order by (job_role is null), job_role asc;
```

Result Grid

	job_role	_one	two	three	four	emp_cnt
▶	Healthcare Representative	26	19	43	43	131
	Human Resources	10	16	13	13	52
	Laboratory Technician	56	48	75	80	259
	Manager	21	21	27	33	102
	Manufacturing Director	26	32	49	38	145
	Research Director	15	16	27	22	80
	Research Scientist	54	53	90	95	292
	Sales Executive	69	54	91	112	326
	Sales Representative	12	21	27	23	83
	Total	289	280	442	459	1470

Result 36

Output

Read Only

27°C 11:36 PM 23-Apr-23