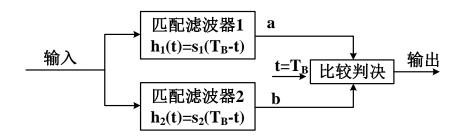
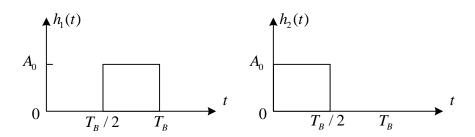
9-10

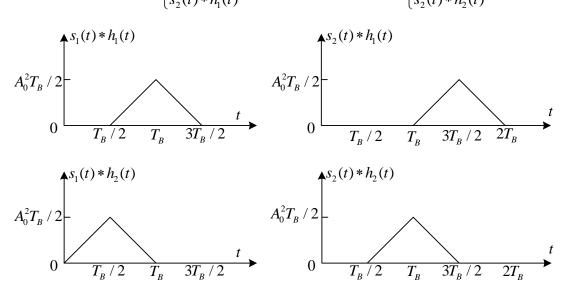
(1)



(2) $h_1(t) = s_1(T_B - t), h_2(t) = s_2(T_B - t),$ 如下图所示:



a 点的输出波形有两种: $\begin{cases} s_1(t)*h_1(t) \\ s_2(t)*h_1(t) \end{cases}$,b 点的输出波形有两种: $\begin{cases} s_1(t)*h_2(t) \\ s_2(t)*h_2(t) \end{cases}$ 如下图所示:



【注】从上图可以看出,当发送的是 $s_1(t)$ 时,在 $t=T_B$ 的抽样比较判决时刻,a 的输出大于 b 的输出,当发送的是 $s_2(t)$ 时,在 $t=T_B$ 的抽样比较判决时刻,b 的输出大于 a 的输出。

(3)
$$E_b = E_1 = E_2 = \int_0^{T_B} s_1^2(t) dt = \int_0^{T_B/2} A_0^2 dt = \frac{A_0^2 T_B}{2}$$

由式 (9.4-15):

$$\begin{split} P_{e} &= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \Bigg(\sqrt{\frac{E_{b} (1 - \rho)}{2n_{0}}} \Bigg), \quad \rho = \frac{\int_{0}^{T_{B}} s_{1}(t) s_{2}(t) dt}{\sqrt{\left[\int_{0}^{T_{B}} s_{1}^{2}(t) dt\right] \left[\int_{0}^{T_{B}} s_{2}^{2}(t) dt\right]}} = 0 \;, \quad \text{Figs.} \\ P_{e} &= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \Bigg(\sqrt{\frac{E_{b} (1 - \rho)}{2n_{0}}} \Bigg) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \Bigg(\sqrt{\frac{E_{b}}{2n_{0}}} \Bigg) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \Bigg(\sqrt{\frac{A_{0}^{2} T_{B}}{4n_{0}}} \Bigg) \end{split}$$