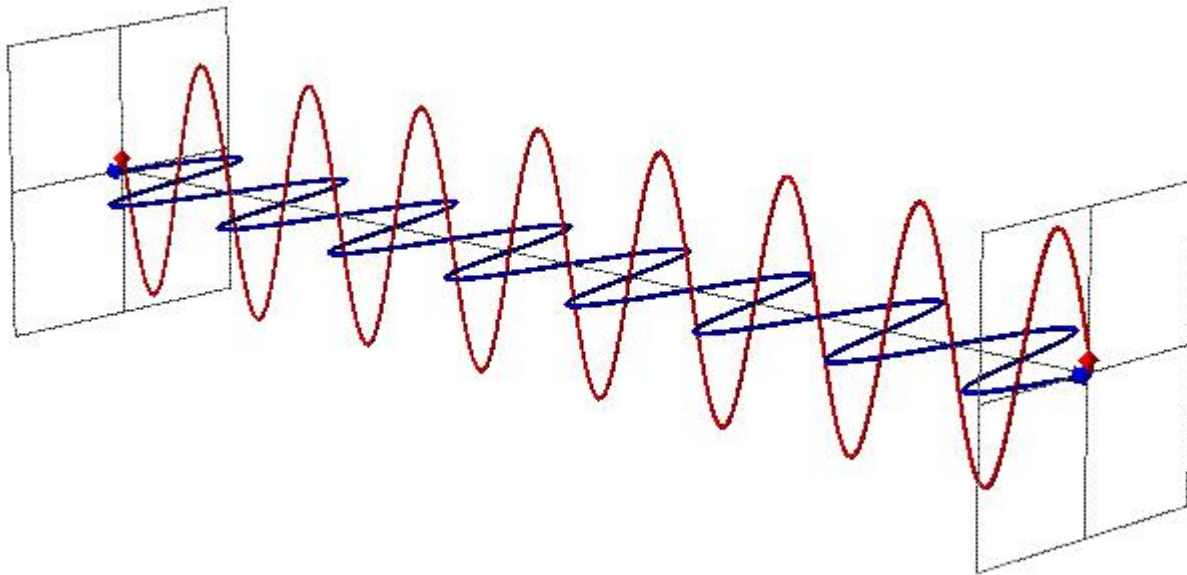


Polynomial Approximation Wave Propagation in One Space Dimension

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Motivation

What is wave propagation?

Design of floodbank

Possible method:

1. Natural Cubic Spline

2. Newton's Method

Problem Statement

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2}[\phi(x + ct) + \phi(x - ct)] + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} \psi(s) ds.$$

with $u(x, 0) = \phi(x)$ $u_t(x, 0) = \psi(x)$,

Want to approximate $u(x, t)$ with polynomial.

This gives a simplified model of wave propagation which is easier to compute.

Methods

How to implement and solve?

Plug points of $u(t, x)$ with fixed x into python function *NaturalCubicSpline* to find corresponding coefficient.

Why cubic spline?

Because the interpolant is not only continuously differentiable but also has a continuous second derivative.

How to validate?

Compute additional points using $u(t, x)$ and compare the difference.

Result

For initial condition $u(x, 0) = \phi(x) = 0$

$$u_t(x, 0) = \psi(x) = \cos(x)$$

$$u(x, t) = [\sin(x+t) - \sin(x-t)] / 2$$

Our interpolation is closer to the actual $u(x, t)$ as we take more points. Moreover, the closer the point to x_n , the more accurate it is.

We can also reach desired accuracy by taking more points.

For more complex initial condition, the advantage of evaluating using polynomial is more significant.