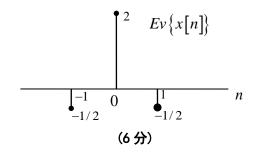
# 21-22-1 学期 信号与系统 A 卷参考解答

# 1. (12分)解:

(1)



(2) 
$$y[n] = \{2, -3, 1\}, n = 0, 1, 2$$

(6分)

# 2. (12分)解:

$$(1) \frac{dx(t)}{dt} = -x(t) + \delta(t)$$

$$\frac{dx(t)}{dt} \longrightarrow -y(t) + h(t)$$

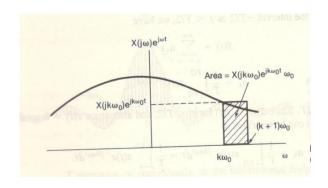
$$h(t) = e^{-2t}u(t) \quad (6 \%)$$

- (2) 该系统是因果的(3分)
- (3) 该系统是稳定的(3分)

# 3. (14分)解:

$$(1) \quad \tilde{x}(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_k e^{jk\frac{2\pi}{T}t} , \quad a_k = \frac{1}{T} X(j\omega) \Big|_{\omega = k\frac{2\pi}{T}} \quad (4 \%)$$

(2) 
$$\tilde{x}(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} X(jk\omega_0) e^{jk\omega_0 t} \omega_0 \quad (2 \%)$$



(4分)

$$T \to \infty$$
,  $\omega_0 \to d\omega$ ;  $k\omega_0 \to \omega$ ;  $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \to \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty}$ ;  $\tilde{x}(t) \longrightarrow x(t)$ 

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(j\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega \quad (4 \%)$$

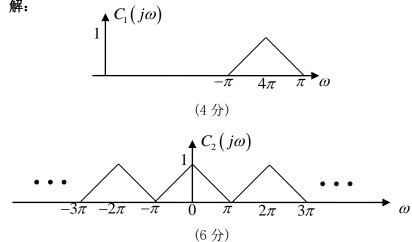
# 4. (12分)解:

(1) 
$$Y(j\omega) = \frac{1}{2}X(j\omega/2)$$
 (4  $\%$ )

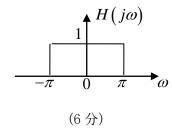
(2) 
$$\omega_{\rm Y} = 2\omega_{\rm M} \ (4 \, \text{\refta})$$

$$\omega_s > 2\omega_Y \quad T < \frac{\pi}{\omega_M} \quad (4 \, \%)$$

5. (16分)解:



最后一级子系统应为低通滤波器:



6. (18分)解:

(1) 
$$H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)}, \text{Re}\{s\} > -1 \quad (6 \text{ }\%)$$

(2) 
$$h(t) = (e^{-t} - e^{-2t})u(t)$$
 (4分) 该系统稳定 (2分)

(3) 
$$e^{2t} \xrightarrow{s=2\subseteq ROC} y(t) = H(s)|_{s=2} = \frac{1}{12}e^{2t}$$
 (6  $\%$ )

# 7. (16分)解:

(1) 
$$H(z) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}, |z| > \frac{1}{2} \quad (6 \%)$$

- (2)  $h[n] = (1/2)^{n+1} u[n] + (1/2)^{n+1} u[n-1]$  (4分) 该系统是因果的 (2分),稳定的 (2分)
- (3)  $y[n] \frac{1}{2}y[n-1] = \frac{1}{2}x[n] + \frac{1}{4}x[n-1]$  (4  $\hat{m}$ )