



#### 题目: 讨论随机相位正弦随机过程的广义平稳条件

正弦随机过程 $X(t)=A\cos(\omega_0t+\Theta)$ ,其中随机变量A的均值为m和方差为 $\sigma^2$ ,服从特征函数为 $\phi(v)$ 的某种分布, $\Theta$ 与A统计独立。讨论 $\phi(v)$  在什么条件下X(t)是广义平稳性的。



### 练习一



 $\mathbf{K}$ :  $X(t) = A\cos(\omega_0 t + \Theta)$ 

$$E[X(t)] = \frac{m_A}{2} \left\{ e^{j\omega_0 t} \Phi_{\Theta}(1) + e^{-j\omega_0 t} \Phi_{\Theta}^*(1) \right\}$$

$$E[X(t_1)X(t_2)] = \frac{E(A^2)}{2}E\begin{bmatrix} \cos \omega_0(t_1 - t_2) + \\ \frac{1}{2} \left\{ e^{j\omega_0(t_1 + t_2)} \Phi_{\Theta}(2) + e^{-j\omega_0(t_1 + t_2)} \Phi_{\Theta}^*(2) \right\} \end{bmatrix}$$

#### 广义平稳的充要条件是

$$\phi_{\Theta}(1) = \phi_{\Theta}(2) = 0$$

当
$$\Theta$$
服从均匀分布  $U(-\pi,\pi)$   $\phi_{\Theta}(v) = \frac{\sin \pi v}{\pi v}$ 满足条件



### 练习二



#### 题目:

随机过程由下述三个样本函数组成,且等概率发生:

$$X(t,\xi_1) = 1$$
,  $X(t,\xi_2) = \sin t - \frac{1}{2}X(t,\xi_3) = \cos t$ 

- (1) 计算均值  $m_X(t)$  和自相关函数  $R_X(t_1,t_2)$
- (2) 该随机过程X(t)是否平稳?



### 练习二



#### 解答:

X (t)	1₽	sint₽	cost₽
P⇔	1/3↩	1/3₽	1/3↔

$$(1)m_X(t) = E[X(t)] = \frac{1}{3} \times 1 + \frac{1}{3} \times \sin t + \frac{1}{3} \times \cos t = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \sin t + \frac{1}{3} \cos t$$

$$R_X(t_1, t_2) = E[X(t_1)X(t_2)] = \frac{1}{3} \times 1 \times 1 + \frac{1}{3} \times \sin t_1 \times \sin t_2 + \frac{1}{3} \times \cos t_1 \times \cos t_2$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}\sin t_{1}\sin t_{2} + \frac{1}{3}\cos t_{1}\cos t_{2}$$

(2):
$$m_X(t) = E[X(t)] = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \sin t + \frac{1}{3} \cos t$$
,它与 t 有关,而不是常数,:随机过程  $X(t)$ 不是平稳过程。

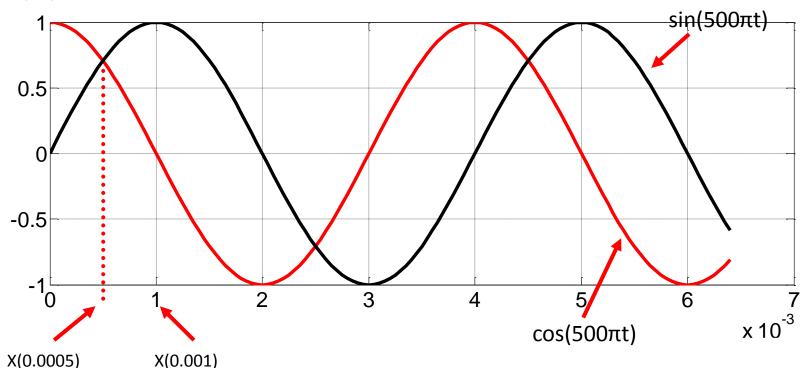


## 练习三:题目



掷硬币实验产生过程:正面产生正弦波、反面产生余弦波,等概率。求:

- (1)t1=1ms与t2=0.5ms时的二维联合概率密度
- (2)任意t1, t2时的二维联合概率密度。





# 练习三:解答



(1) 正、反面概率都为 0.5, 取值分别为,  ${X(0.0005,H),X(0.001,H)} = {0.707,0};$  ${X(0.0005,T),X(0.001,T)} = {0.707,1}$ 于是,  $f_{X(0.0005),X(0.001)}(x,y)$  $= 0.5\delta(x-0.707, y) + 0.5\delta(x-0.707, y-1)$ 



# 练习三:解答



(2) 正、反面概率都为 0.5, 取值分别为  $\{X(t_1, H), X(t_2, H)\} = \{\cos(500\pi t_1), \cos(500\pi t_2)\}$  ${X(t_1,T),X(t_2,T)} = {\sin(500\pi t_1),\sin(500\pi t_2)}$ 于是,  $f_{X(t_1),X(t_2)}(x,y) = 0.5\delta(x - \cos(500\pi t_1), y - \cos(500\pi t_2))$ 

 $+0.5\delta(x-\sin(500\pi t_1),y-\sin(500\pi t_2))$ 

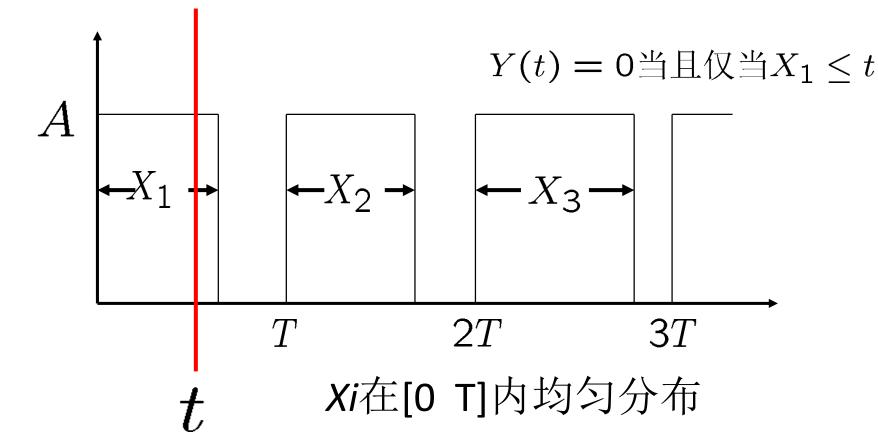


# 练习四:题目



求 
$$f_Y(y;t)$$

$$Y(t) = A$$
当且仅当 $X_1 > t$ ;





## 练习四:解答



$$P[Y(t) = A] = P[X_1 \ge t] = \int_t^T \frac{1}{T} dt = \frac{T - t}{T}, \quad t \in [0 \ T]$$

$$P[Y(t) = 0] = P[X_1 < t] = \int_0^t \frac{1}{T} dt = \frac{t}{T}, \quad t \in [0, T]$$

$$f_{Y}(y;t) = \frac{T-t}{T}\delta(y-A) + \frac{t}{T}\delta(y)$$
,  $t \in [0 \ T]$ 

#### 对任意的t,有:

$$f_{Y}(y;t) = \frac{T - \left(t - \left\lfloor \frac{t}{T} \right\rfloor T\right)}{T} \delta(y - A) + \frac{\left(t - \left\lfloor \frac{t}{T} \right\rfloor T\right)}{T} \delta(y) , \quad t \in [0 + \infty)$$

$$E[Y(t)] = \frac{T - \left(t - \left\lfloor \frac{t}{T} \right\rfloor T\right)}{T} \times A + \frac{t - \left\lfloor \frac{t}{T} \right\rfloor T}{T} \times 0 = \frac{T - \left(t - \left\lfloor \frac{t}{T} \right\rfloor T\right)}{T} \times A$$