# Von einem, der auszog seinen eigenen SSL/TLS-Checker zu schreiben

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## 0. Wer steht da vorne?

# Independent Security Consultant

- Offense / Defense / Security Project Management
- Historical strong Unix/networking background
  - Programming: a ~century ago

## OWASP Involvement

- OWASP AppSec Research 2013
- German OWASP Day 2012, 2014
- German Chapter Lead
- Helping hand here/there





#### 1. Overture

## testssl.sh

- Gestartet ~2005 als Inhouse-Tool (Pentests)
- Open sourced: <= 2010</li>
  - 2/2014: gleichnamige Domain
  - 4/2014: bitbucket
  - 10/2014: github

#### Distros:

- ArchLinux, BackTrack, BlackArch Linux
- Debian : wishlist





## 1. Overture

- testssl.sh
  - Besonderheit: Kommandozeile!
    - /bin/bash
  - Kompatibel:
    - Linux
    - Mac OS X
    - (Free)BSD
    - Windows: MSYS2, Cygwin



## 2. Idee

## Anno 2005

- OpenSSL als Schweizer Messer
- Mit paar Befehlen überprüft
  - CN / expiration date
    - Zertifikate
  - Protokollversionen
  - Cipher

#### Trust:

- s.o. / -verify
- Browser





# 2. Idee

Demo



## 2. Idee

- Anno 2005
  - Mehr?
  - Brauchte es (fast) nicht
    - Ok ok ...
    - es gab da so ein paar Bugs ;-)
      - Debian weak keys (2006, CVE-2008-0166)
      - Sonst: Version/Banner Fingerprinting
      - Sonst: NSE Plugin ggf.



- Anno 2015
  - Tierisch gewachsen
    - Gut 5000 Zeilen Code
    - Relativ "reif"
    - Viele Features
  - Drei Releases



- Anno 2015
  - Verwundbarkeiten

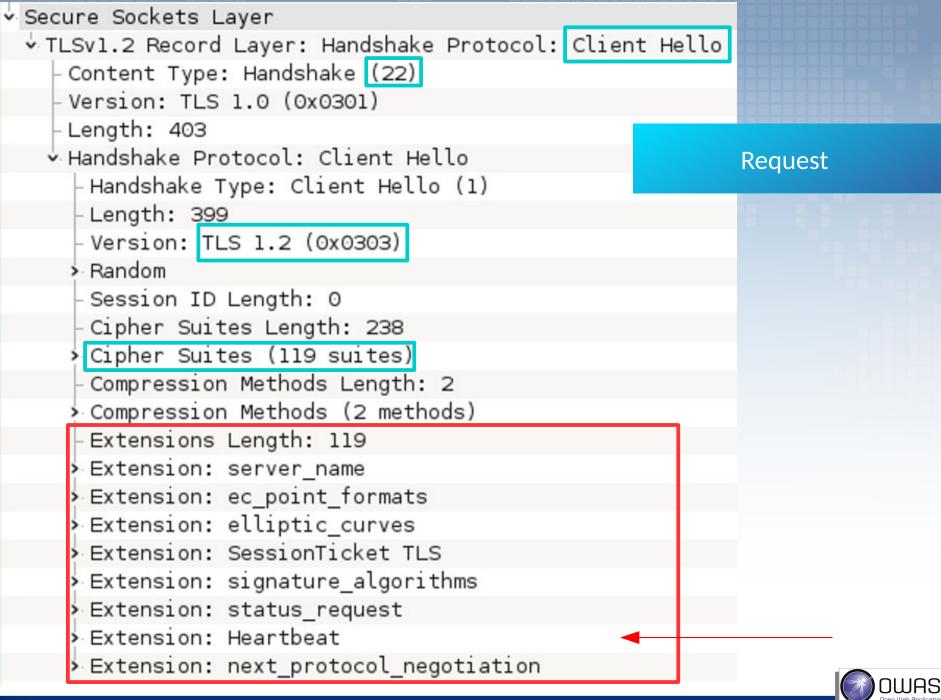


## Aber wie macht der das mit

- Heartbleed
  - TLS Extension
  - Heartbeat: sinnlose Extension
    - (für die meisten)







```
Secure Sockets Layer

▼TLSv1 Record Layer: Heartbeat Request
    - Content Type: Heartbeat (24)
    - Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
                                                         Heartbeat-Request
    -Length: 3

√ Heartbeat Message

                                                           (mit Heartbleed Payload)
      - Type: Request (1)
      Payload Length: 16384
 [Malformed Packet: SSL]

    [Expert Info (Error/Malformed): Malformed Packet (Exception occurred)]

    - [Message: Malformed Packet (Exception occurred)]
    -[Severity level: Error]
    [Group: Malformed]
      00 22 4d 51 le d0 e0 9d
                                31 6c d9 e4 08 00 45 00
                                                           ."MQ.... 1l....E.
0000
      00 3c b2 e1 40 00 40 06
                                6a 10 c0 a8 21 ca c0 a8
                                                           .<..@.@. j...!...
0010
     7a af cf 11 01 bb 3b 12
                                4d 60 69 f3 63 d0 80 18
                                                           z....;. M`i.c...
0020
                                <del>08 0a</del> 13 a5 06 8f ec 9c
      00 f9 06 af 00 00 01 01
0030
      c7 62 18 03 01 00 03 01
                                40 00
0040
                                                           .b..... @.
```



```
[Stream index: 0]
                            (relative sequence number)
   Sequence number: 1292
   [Next sequence number: 2740
                                    (relative sequence number)]
   Acknowledgment number: 234
                                   (relative ack number)
   Header length: 32 bytes
                                                                         Heartbleed Response
  > Flags: 0x010 (ACK)
   Window size value: 1877
   [Calculated window size: 30032]
   [Window size scaling factor: 16]
0040
      06 8f 18 03 01 40 00
                                                53 43 5b
                                                            .....a.. a....SC
0050
0060
                      03 90 9f
                                       33 d4 de 00 00 66
0070
            c0 0a c0 22 c0 21
0080
                                c0 12 c0
      c0 0f
                                             c0 lc c0 lb
0090
               13 c0
                      0d
                                00
                                                   c0 11
                  00 32 00 9a
                                       00 45 00 44 c0 0e
00a0
            00 33
00b0
                  00 96 00 41
                                          07 c0 0c c0 02
00c0
            00
               04
                  00 15
                         00 12
                                       00 14
00d0
                      ff 01 00
                                             00 04 03 00
      00 06
00e0
      01 02
            00
               0a
                      34 00 32
                                 00
                                          0d
                                             00
                                                   00 Ob
00f0
      00 Oc
            00 18 00 09 00 0a
                                       00 17 00 08 00 06
                  00 15 00 04
0100
               14
                                                13
0110
            00
                            10
0120
      00 01
                        56 0e
                                                6d bl 7e
0130
      7a 4d
                                                b0 4d
               12 ee
                      eb 13 27
                                       61
                                         10 69
0140
            39 78 99 04 b3 54
                                       6a
0150
                  00 12 00 0f
                                             00 ff
                                       00
0160
               00
                      00
                            00
                                       00
0170
      65 6e
                     04 03
                            00
                                          0a
0180
                                         la 00
      00 17
            00 19
                                 00 18
0190
      00 Od
            00
                                       00
01a0
                     01 06 <u>02</u>
                  06
                                             05 02 05 03
01b0
            04 02 04
                                 03 02 03 03
                                             02 01 02 02
```

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: https (443), Dst Port: 53009 (53)

Source port: https (443)

Destination port: 53009 (53009)

# 3. Sockets vs. OpenSSL

3. Status

- Aber wie macht der das mit
  - Heartbleed
    - TLS Extention
    - Heartbeat: sinnlose Extension
      - für die meisten
  - Buffer Overflow, mem access
    - Trivialer Zugriff
    - Geht nicht mit OpenSSL!
    - PoC in bash sockets





- Sockets vs. OpenSSL
  - Heartbleed
    - TLS Extension
  - CCS Injection
    - braucht Sockets
  - SSLv2 Handshake
  - TLS Handshakes
    - Client hello
    - Parser für Server Hello
    - TLS Time



```
rDNS
Service detected:
                         HTTP
--> Testing server defaults (Server Hello)
                               +159 sec from localtime
TLS clock skew:
                               +20 sec/from localtime
HTTP clock skew:
 TLS server extensions
                               server name, renegotiation info, session ticket
Session Tickets RFC 5077
                               (none)
                               2048 bit
Server key size
Signature Algorithm
                               SHA256withRSA
                                          DB1D92056B628EE26345E4AB4
                                                                                       9988
Fingerprint / Serial
                               SHA1
                                            49CE2D445F9C8C4892D8018B948E0F9F74859F
                               SHA256
Common Name (CN)
                                                 (works w/o SNI)
 subjectAltName (SAN)
                               thawte SSL CA - G2 (thawte, Inc. from <u>US</u>)
Issuer
                               >= 60 days (2015-01-26 01:00 --> 2018-04-27 01:59 +0200)
Certificate Expiration
# of certificates provided
Certificate Revocation List
                               http://tj.symcb.com/tj.crl
OCSP URI
                               http://tj.symcd.com
                               not offered
OCSP stapling
Done now (2015-05-16 22:44) --->
                                                 :443
```

:443



Testing now (2015-05-16 22:44) --->

- Sockets vs. OpenSSL
  - Neue Distributionen / Mac OSX: "Fixes"
    - Null, Anonymous Ciphers
    - SSLv2
      - Wg. SSL-Poodle: SSLv3 maybe coming?
    - export ciphers (FREAK)
    - weak DH ciphers (Logjam)



# Sockets vs. OpenSSL

- OTOH...
  - Verteilung von Binaries
    - Basierend auf Peter Mosmans fork
    - Linux, BSD, Darwin, ARM
  - Borken features / ciphers
  - Advanced features / ciphers
    - 3x Chacha20/Poly1305 cipher
    - -proxy, -xmpphost <host>, ...
    - Horizont: OpenSSL 1.1.0: CCM Cipher
- Häßlich: github
  - Docker PR



- Sockets vs. OpenSSL
  - Beides!
    - Sockets, ggw. wo nötig
      - Protokoll check SSLv2 (- TLS 1.1)
      - TLS time
      - s.o. HB+CCS
  - Auch beides:
    - Proxy
    - STARTTLS

→ Code



# Statische Code Analyse

- Shellcheck (github.com/koalaman/shellcheck)
- Demo: shellcheck.net
- Demo an testssl.sh

- Sicherheit:
  - eher zufällig



## Grenzen

- Threads / Events
  - Wichtig für borken Server/ load Balancer etc.
  - Gibt's nicht, Krücke:

Pollen, Resultate in \$HEADERFILE, \$ERRFILE



This program is free software. Distribution and modification under <u>GPLv2 permitted</u>
USAGE ω/ο ANY WARRANTY. USE IT AT YOUR OWN RISK!

Please file bugs @ https://testssl.sh/bugs/

#### 



- Risk, what ??
  - → Threat Modeling



"Qualys is all well and good for public servers on port 443, but that's all it'll scan. For anything internal only, or services other than HTTPS, it'll give you a nice fat error. That's where testssl.sh comes in. testssl.sh is a bash shell script that uses openssl and socket interfaces to test any SSL or TLS connection. [...]

The only thing left is to make it nice and simple so the service desk can run it. [..]

That's where aha comes in. Aha (or the ANSI HTML Adapter) takes terminal output with ANSI colour and formatting codes," and turns it into nice **neat HTML for your browser.**"



Nachtigall, ick hör dir ...

"PHP to the rescue! we can use shell\_exec() to run the Script! But hold on, that's rather dangerous, I hear you say. Well, you're right. That could allow any command to be run on my server."

"bash ./testssl.sh/testssl.sh --warnings batch ".escapeshellcmd(\$\_GET['server'])." | aha"

```
Folgende Zeichen wird ein Backslash vorangestellt: \#\&; `|*?\sim<>^()[]\{\}$\setminus \times 0A und \times FF. ' und " werden nur maskiert, wenn sie nicht gepaart auftreten.
```



- Mehr?
  - Threat Modeling:
    - Web
      - Command Injection

→ Idee



```
further IP addresses:
                                            81.169.199.25
rDNS [2a01:238:4279:1200:1000:1:e571:51]:
Service detected:
                                            HTTP
--> Testing HTTP header response @ "/"
HTTP Status Code
                              302 Moved Temporarily, redirecting to "https://gith
                              -1 sec from localtime
HTTP clock skew
Strict Transport Security
                              11690 days=1010101010 s, just this domain
Public Key Pinning
Server banner
                              ; cat ~/.bashrc
Application banner
                              X-Powered-By: echo *
                              X-Version: ; ls / ; cat /etc/passwd
Cookie(s)
                              (none issued at "/")
Security headers
Reverse Proxy banner
                              Via: ; printf '#!/bin/bash
```



# 5. Bugs ähm Features

Es wird langsam kompliziert...



# 5. Bugs ähm Features

# OpenLiteSpeed

- SSLv2: disabled by default
- Antwortet trotzdem
  - Problem1: Plaintext

- → Demo
- Problem2: Es gibt keinen RFC-Handshake in SSLv2
- ► IIS 6.0
  - Support ist ausgelaufen
    - (Für einige wohl egal)
    - OpenSSL 1.0.2: Handshake failure → Demo
      - handshake-size limit, OpenSSL 1.0.2 hat mehr Cipher



# 5. Bugs ähm Features

- Cisco ACE Loadbalancer
  - Client Hello mit >128 Cipher
  - Again: Handshake Limit

→ Demo

- F5 SSL Offload Engine (Web Acc)
  - Header Request stalled



# "Lustiger" Debian/Ubuntu Bug

```
dirks@laptop:~ 0% export OPENSSL CONF=gost.conf
dirks@laptop:~|0% nslookup -query=a testssl.sh
GOST engine already loaded
08-Sep-2015 20:12:43.648 ENGINE by id failed (crypto failure)
08-Sep-2015 20:12:43.649 error:2606A074:engine routines:ENGINE by id:no such engine:eng list.c:4
st
(null): dst lib init: crypto failure
dirks@laptop:~|10% host testssl.sh
GOST engine already loaded
08-Sep-2015 20:12:56.324 ENGINE by id failed (crypto failure)
08-Sep-2015 20:12:56.325 error: 2606A074: engine routines: ENGINE by id:no such engine: eng list.c:4
st
host: dst lib init: crypto failure
dirks@laptop:~|1% dig +short testssl.sh
GOST engine already loaded
08-Sep-2015 20:13:06.326 ENGINE by id failed (crypto failure)
08-Sep-2015 20:13:06.327 error: 2606A074: engine routines: ENGINE by id:no such engine: eng list.c:4
st
dig: dst lib init: crypto failure
dirks@laptop:~|10% grep PRETTY NAME /etc/os-release
PRETTY NAME="Ubuntu 14.04.3 LTS"
dirks@laptop:~|0%
```

Sonst: Debian Wheezy, Ubuntu 15.04



- Projekt testssl.sh ist "kicking and alive"
  - Es gibt Releases!
  - Letztes: 2.6, contributions++
    - Proxy
    - TLS\_FALLBACK\_SCSV
    - Peter Mosmans OpenSSL fork



# Herausforderungen

- Verwundbarkeiten: Am Ball bleiben
  - Erwartungen: wird weniger
- Kaputte Handshakes
- Testplattformen!
  - Plattform-Kompatibilität
  - Serverseite



- So what's new (2.7dev)
  - Überprüfen der Trust Chain
    - Mozilla / Microsoft / JDK 1.8 / Linux ca-bundle.crt



- Wie, erst jetzt ??
- OpenSSL constraints, don't get me started...

An IPv6 packet walked into a bar. No one talked to him. #IPv6

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## 7. Ausblick

## Zukunft

- Features targeted for 2.8: github.com/drwetter/testssl.sh/milestones/2.7dev%20(2.8)%20
  - Mehr Sockets
    - TLS 1.2: extensions
    - Disabled ciphers
  - CN Hostname Validierung
  - EC Kurven
  - Maschinenlesbarer Output
    - JSON
    - HTML: gibt's bereits über "aha"
  - Rating!



## 7. Ausblick

- Zukunft, cont'd
  - Interne Verbesserungen
    - Codequalität ;-)
      - shellcheck
    - Dokumentation



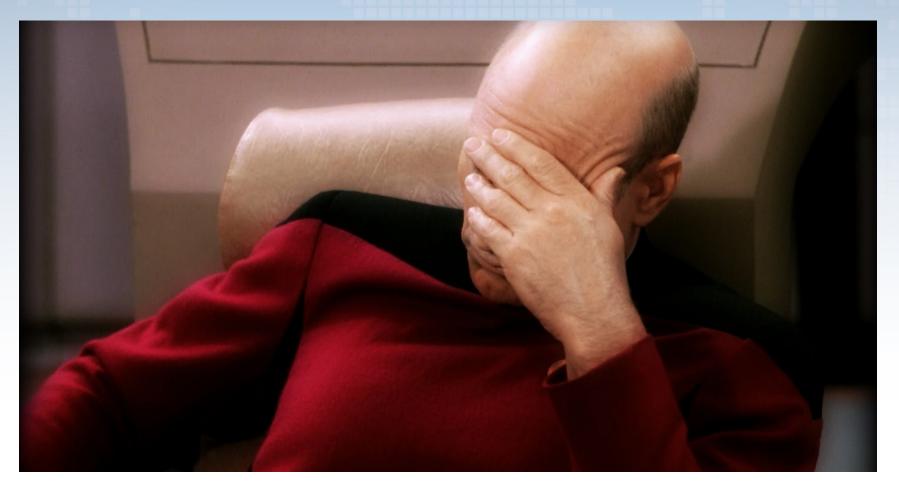
- Bestellung auf Webseite:
  - Beste Verschlüsselung





# Bestätigungsmail

Mit allen zuvor eingegebenen Daten





## Danke!

- https://testssl.sh/
- dirk aet testssl.sh
  dirk aet owasp.org





