Origin Policy Enforcement in Modern Browsers A Case Study in Same Origin Implementations

Frederik Braun

Table of Contents

- about:me
- 2 Motivation
 - Ambient Authentication
 - The Severity of a Same Origin Policy Bypass
- The Same Origin Policy
 - What is an Origin?
 - What is the Same Origin Policy?
 - Examples
- 4 Evaluation
 - SOP Bypass: Firefox (2007)
 - SOP Bypass: Flash (2010)
 - SOP Bypass: Java 7 Update 5-X (2012)
- Conclusion

Table of Contents

- about:me
- 2 Motivation
 - Ambient Authentication
 - The Severity of a Same Origin Policy Bypass
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 - SOP Bypass: Java 7 Update 5-X (2012)
- Conclusion

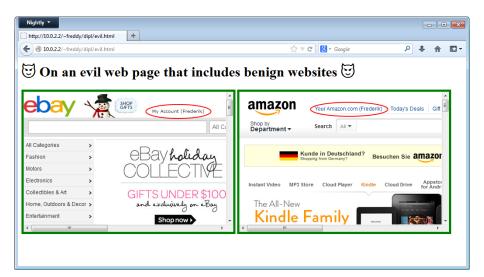
Frederik Braun

- Dipl. Ing. in IT-Security at Ruhr-Uni Bochum (2012)
 - this research!
 - ▶ https://frederik-braun.com/thesis
- Security Engineer at Mozilla in Berlin
- likes to play CTFs (hi FluxFingers!)
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Table of Contents

- 1 about:me
- Motivation
 - Ambient Authentication
 - The Severity of a Same Origin Policy Bypass
- The Same Origin Policy
 - What is an Origin?
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Ambient Authentication



The Severity of a Same Origin Policy Bypass



Security Vulnerability in Firefox 16

Issue:

Mozilla is aware of a security vulnerability in the current release version of Firefox (version 16).

We are actively working on a fix and plan to ship updates tomorrow. Firefox version 15 is unaffected.

Impact:

The vulnerability could allow a malicious site to potentially determine which websites users have visited and have access to the URL or URL parameters. At this time we have no indication that this vulnerability is currently being exploited in the wild.

Status:

Firefox 16 has been temporarily removed from the current installer page and users will automatically be upgraded to the new version as soon as it becomes available. As a precaution,

Table of Contents

- about:me
- 2 Motivation
 - Ambient Authentication
 - The Severity of a Same Origin Policy Bypass
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 - What is an Origin?
 - What is the Same Origin Policy?
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 - SOP Bypass: Flash (2010)
 - SOP Bypass: Java 7 Update 5-X (2012)
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What is an Origin?

```
http://www.example.com:8080/
scheme hostname port
origin
```

The Same Origin Policy (SOP)

"An 'origin' (...) is often used as the scope of authority or privilege by user agents." — Barth

"The same-origin policy is the most important mechanism we have to keep hostile web applications at bay, but it's also an imperfect one." — Zalewski

Compare for http://www.example.com/ URL | same-origin? | http://www.example.com/help |

URL	same-origin?
http://www.example.com/help	√

URL	same-origin?
http://www.example.com/help	✓
https://www.example.com/	

URL	same-origin?
http://www.example.com/help	✓
https://www.example.com/	X

URL	same-origin?
http://www.example.com/help	✓
https://www.example.com/	X
about:blank	

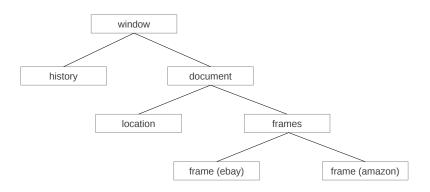
URL	same-origin?
http://www.example.com/help	✓
https://www.example.com/	×
about:blank	✓

URL	same-origin?
http://www.example.com/help	✓
https://www.example.com/	X
about:blank	✓
http://www.example.com:8000/phpMyAdmin	

URL	same-origin?
http://www.example.com/help	√
https://www.example.com/	X
about:blank	✓
http://www.example.com:8000/phpMyAdmin	X/√ ^a
stanget Evaluation describe and all parts	'

^aInternet Explorer doesn't care about ports.

JavaScript Object Hierarchy



No Way Out? - Exceptions

Cookies

window.location setter

window.name persists



document.domain

Internet Explorer Zones

CORS

JSONP

. . .

SOP Wrap-Up

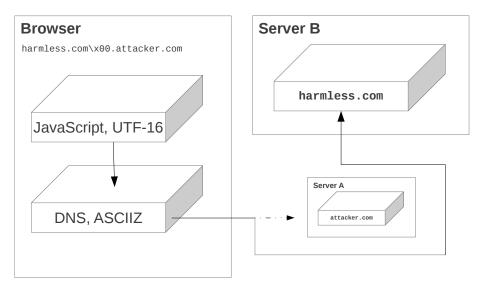
Summary

- read access
- vendor specific
- JavaScript Engine (Object Capability) vs. DOM (Access Control)
- the SOP is highly inhomogenous
- no consistent reference implementation

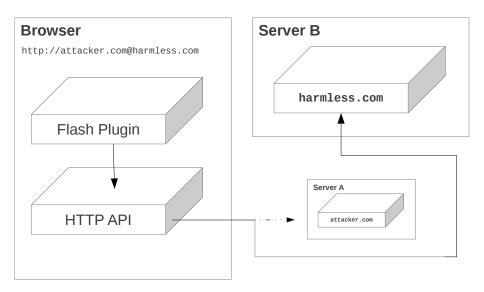
Table of Contents

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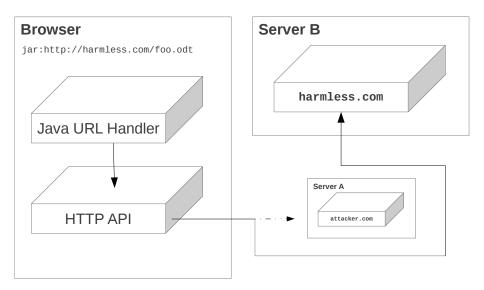
All SOP Flaws are alike (CVE-2007-0981)



All SOP Flaws are alike (CVE-2010-2179)



All SOP Flaws are alike (CVE TBA)



Demo

Table of Contents

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Conclusion: Same Origin Policy

- an inconsistent policy
- vendor specific
- theoretically, it's a black list
- plugins
- late 2012: Java in nearly 70% of all browsers
- but only 0.2% of websites
- 2013: exploits, Click-To-Play, ..
- But: There are safe & well designed security models on the horizon

Future Work: Automation?



Picture by Jason Huggins on flickr

"This same origin policy is the dumbest thing ever. ... All this 'protection' serves to do is aggravate legitimate developers trying to get JavaScript to do the simplest of tasks." — Somebody on stackoverflow.com

Thanks

References



The web origin concept.

http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6454, December 2011.



Usage of client-side programming languages for websites.

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For all references please see full thesis on https://frederik-braun.com/thesis