BANDIT OVERTHEWIRE WRITE-UP

BANDIT LEVEL 0

This level aimed at ensuring a secure ssh connection.

I just had to enter the command, \$ ssh banditO@bandit.labs.overthewire.org -p 2220 and enter the password: banditO which was already given.

BANDIT LEVEL 0-1

```
bandit0@bandit:~$ ls -alps
total 24
4 drwxr-xr-x 2 root
4 drwxr-xr-x 70 root
                                   4096 Oct
                                              5 06:19 ./
                          root
                                              5 06:20 ../
                                   4096 Oct
                          root
                                                 2022 .bash_logout
2022 .bashrc
  -rw-r--r--
              1 root
                          root
                                    220 Jan
                                              6
 -rw-r--r-- 1 root
                                   3771 Jan
                                              6
                          root
                                                  2022 .profile
                                    807 Jan
                                              6
  -rw-r--r-- 1 root
                          root
4 -rw-r---- 1 bandit1 bandit0
                                     33 Oct
                                              5 06:19 readme
bandit0@bandit:~$ cat readme
NH2SXQwcBdpmTEzi3bvBHMM9H66vVXjL
bandit0@bandit:~$ exit
logout
```

I used the command Is which is used to examine the files in the directory and then cat the readme file as suggested by the hint of this level which gave me the password.

Commands used: cat, Is

cat: reads all the data from a file and gives its content as output.

ls: It is a Linux shell command that lists all the directories in the computer

➢ BANDIT LEVEL 1-2

```
bandit1@bandit:~$ ls -alps
total 24
                 1 bandit2 bandit1
                                         33 Oct
                                                   5 5 5 6
                                                     06:19
  drwxr-xr-x
                 2 root
                                       4096 Oct
                                                     06:19
                             root
                                                     06:20
2022
2022
  drwxr-xr-x 70 root
                                                            ../
.bash_logout
                             root
                                       4096
                                            Oct
  -rw-r--r--
                1 root
                             root
                                        220
                                            Jan
                                            Jan
Jan
  -rw-r--r--
                 1 root
                                       3771
                                                             .bashrc
.profile
                                                   6
                             root
                                        807
  -rw-r--r--
                1 root
                             root
bandit1@bandit:~$ cat ./-
rRGizSaX8Mk1RTb1CNQoXTcYZWU61gzi
bandit1@bandit:~$ exit
logout
Connection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

In this level, the password was enclosed in a file named, '-'. So I listed the files in the directory and cat the file named '-', while providing its address in the directory. While using cat command, I used ./ before '-' as it doesn't yield an output otherwise.

BANDIT LEVEL 2-3

```
bandit2@bandit:~$ ls -alps
total 24
  drwxr-xr-x
                  2
                    root
                                root
  drwxr-xr-x 70
                    root
                                                 Oct
                                root
                                           4096
                                                        566
                                                                   ../
.bash_logout
                                          220 Jan
3771 Jan
807 Jan
33 Oct
                                                            2022
2022
2022
                                root
                     root
                                                                   .bashrc
.profile
                  1 root
                                root
                                                        6
                  1 root
                                root
                  1 bandit3
                                                          06:19
                               bandit2
                                                                  spaces in this filename
bandit2@bandit:~$ cat spaces\ in
aBZOW5EmUfAf7kHTQeOwd8bauFJ21AiG
                                                     filename
bandit2@bandit:~$ exit
loaout
Connection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

Here, the password was enclosed in a file named 'spaces in this filename'. Used backslashes before every space which helps in eliminating any issues while getting the output. It is required for files having spaces in its name.

> BANDIT LEVEL 3-4

```
bandit3@bandit:~$ ls -alps
total 24
  drwxr-xr
            -x
                3
                 root
                       root 4096 Oct
                                            06:19
  drwxr-xr-x 70 root
                                         5
                                           06:20
                             4096
                        root
                                   Oct
                                             2022
                                                   .bash_
                                                         logout
                1
                  root
                        root
                               220
                                    Jan
                                         6
                  root
                        root
                              3771
                                    Jan
                                         6
                                                   .bashrc
                2
                                            06:19
                                                   inhere/
                        root
                              4096
                                   Oct
                                         5
  drwxr-xr-x
                  root
                                                   .profile
                                         6
                  root
                        root
                               807
                                   Jan
bandit3@bandit:~$ cd inhere/
bandit3@bandit:~/inhere$
total 12
                                 4096 Oct
                                             5
drwxr-xr-x
            2
              root
                        root
                                              06:19
drwxr-xr-x 3
                                 4096 Oct
                                             5
                                               06:19
              root
                        root
-rw-r---- 1 bandit4 bandit3
                                    33 Oct
                                             5 06:19 .hidden
bandit3@bandit:~/inhere$ cat .hi
2EW7BBsr6aMMoJ2HjW067dm8EgX26xNe
                                 .hidden
bandit3@bandit:~/inhere$ exit
```

I used the cd command which is used to change the directory from the current working directory of the file.

In this level since this file is hidden, we cat the hidden file which gives the password.

➢ BANDIT LEVEL 4-5

```
bandit4@bandit:~$ ls -alps
total 24
                3
                            4096
                                           06:19
 drwxr-xr-x
                 root
                       root
                                  Oct
                                        5
  drwxr-xr-x 70
                       root
                             4096
                                  Oct
                                          06:20
                 root
                                        6
                                            2022
                                                 .bash_
                              220
                                                        logout
               1
                 root
                       root
                                   Jan
                                                 .bashrc
inhere/
                  root
                       root
                             3771
                                   Jan
                                        6
                                            2022
                             4096
                                  Oct
                                        5
                                           06:19
  drwxr-xr-x
                 root
                       root
                                                 .profile
                              807
                 root
                       root
                                   Jan
                                            2022
bandit4@bandit:~$ cd inhere/
bandit4@bandit:~/inhere$
```

```
bandit4@bandit:~/inhere$ find . -type f | xargs file
   -file01: data
-file02: data
    file08:
               data
    file06:
               data
       1e00:
               data
       le04:
               data
       1e05:
               data
               ASCII text
       1e07:
               data
       le03:
     ile09: data
bandit4@bandit:~/inhere$ cat ./-file07
lrIWWI6bB37kxfiCQZqUdOIYfr6eEeqR
bandit4@bandit:~/inhere$ exit
```

We're basically using **find** to get the **full paths** of all files in the current directory, and then passing those paths as STDIN to the file command, which will return the file type. We use **xargs** to perform the file command for each line.

xargs command is used to build and execute commands from standard input.

➢ BANDIT 5-6

```
bandit5@bandit:~$ ls -alps
total 24
4 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                                      4096 Oct
                                                                        5
                                                                           06:19
4 drwxr-xr-x 70 root root
                                                     4096 Oct
                                                                        5 06:20
                                                                            06:20 ../
2022 .bash_logout
4 -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 220 Jan
4 -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 3771 Jan
4 drwxr-x--- 22 root bandit5 4096 Oct
                                                       220 Jan
                                                                      6
                                                                       6 2022 .bashrc
5 06:19 inhere/
                                                                            2022
                                                     3771 Jan 6
                                                                             2022 .profile
                        1 root root
                                                       807 Jan
                                                                        6
bandit5@bandit:~$ cd inhere/
bandit5@bandit:~/inhere$ ls
 andit5@bandit:-/inhere$ find . -type f -size 103:
/maybehere07/.file2
andit5@bandit:-/inhere$ cat ./maybehere07/.file2
4L4vucdmLnm817V17jG14pGSfjYKqJU
                                                                                            bandit5@bandit:~/inhere$ exit
 ogout
<u>on</u>nection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

Since there are too many files in this case, we use the file command using the type and space parameters to help us find the required easily.

Here c command is used which interprets the command as intended by the program.

➢ BANDIT 6-7

```
bandit6@bandit:~$ find / -user bandit7 -group bandit6 -type f -size 33c find: '/var/lib/update-notifier/package-data-down find: '/var/lib/amazon': Permission denied /var/lib/dpkg/info/bandit7.password find: '/var/log': Permission denied find: '/var/log': Permission denied find: '/var/cache/private': Permission denied find: '/run/lock/lvm': Permission denied bandit6@bandit:~$ cat /var/lib/dpkg/info/bandit7.password z7WtoNQU2XfjmMtWA8u5rN4vzqu4v99S bandit6@bandit:~$ exit logout Connection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

The scope of the search here includes the entire drive of computer, so we have used the slash (/) after the find command.

BANDIT 7-8

```
bandit7@bandit:~$ ls
total 4108
drwxr-xr-x
                 root
                           root
                                          4096 Oct
                                                         06:20
drwxr-xr-x 70
                                          4096
                 root
                           root
                                               Oct
                                                      6 2022 .bash_logout
6 2022 .bashrc
5 06:19 data.txt
6 2022 .profile
                                          220
3771
 rw-r--r--
                                                Jan
                 root
                           root
                                                Jan
               1
                 root
                            root
                 bandit8
                           bandit7 4184396
               1
                                               Oct
                                           807
                                                Jan 6 20
'millionth
                                                          2022
               1 root
                           root
bandit7@bandit:~$ cat data.txt
                                         grep
millionth TESKZC
bandit7@bandit:~$ exit
                    TESKZCOXvTetKOS9xNwm25STk5iWrBvP
logout
Connection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

Here , the grep command is used. Also the pipe, the pipe connects the standard output from the first command and feeds it as a standard input to the second command

➢ BANDIT 8-9

```
bandit8@bandit:~$ ls -al
total 56
                                              06:19
             2 root
                                  4096 Oct
drwxr-xr-x
                        root
drwxr-xr-x 70 root
                                             5
                                               06:20
                        root
                                  4096 Oct
                                                2022 .bash_logout
2022 .bashrc
                                  220 Jan
                                             6
rw-r--r--
           1 root
                        root
                                                     .bashrc
                                  3771 Jan
                                            6
             1 root
                        root
                       bandit8 33033 Oct
             1 bandit9
                                             5
                                               06:19 data.txt
                                            6
                                                2022 .profile
             1 root
                        root
                                  807 Jan
bandit8@bandit:~$ sort data.txt
                                    uniq -u
EN632PlfYiZbn3PhVK3X0GSlNInNE00t
bandit8@bandit:~$ exit
logout
Connection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

Here the sort and uniq command is used , the sort command sorts all the data in alphabetic order, while the uniq command eliminates all instances if duplicated data, as in this case, it appears only once.

BANDIT 9-10

Strings command is used here, it searches the whole file for any string values it can examine and displays them in the output. Here it greps only the records containing the '=' character.

➢ BANDIT 10-11

```
bandit10@bandit:~$ ls -al
total 24
drwxr-xr-x
                    root
                                  root
                    root
                                  root
                                                                           .bash_logout
.bashrc
                  1 root
                                  root
                                   root
                     root
                    bandit11
                                  bandit10
                                  root
                     root
    dit10@bandit:~$
                           cat data.txt
VGhlIHBhc3N3b3JkIGlzIDZ6UGV6aUxkUjJSS05kTllGTmI2blZDS3pwaGxYSEJNCg==
bandit10@bandit:~$ base64 -d data.txt
The password is 6zPeziLdR2RKNdNYFNb6nVCKzphlXHBM
bandit10@bandit:~$ exit
ogout
 onnection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

This level introduced me to base 64 encoding. Here the password was in encoded in base 64 form, we had to decode it. So when I used cat data.txt, it gives a code in encoded form. To decode it, we use base64 –d data.txt which gives the decoded password.

BANDIT 11-12

```
bandit11@bandit:~$ ls -al total 24  
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 5 06:19 .
drwxr-xr-x 70 root root 4096 Oct 5 06:20 .
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 220 Jan 6 2022 .bash_logout -rw-r--r- 1 root root 3771 Jan 6 2022 .bashrc -rw-r---- 1 bandit12 bandit11 49 Oct 5 06:19 data.txt -rw-r--r- 1 root root 807 Jan 6 2022 .profile bandit11@bandit:~$ cat data.txt Gur cnffjbeq vf WIAOOSFZMJXXBCOKOSKBbJ8puQm51IEi bandit11@bandit:~$ cat data.txt | tr "A-Za-z" "N-ZA-Mn-za-m" The password is JVNBBFSmZwKKOPOXbFXOow8chDz5yVRv bandit11@bandit:~$ exit logout Connection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

Here, all the lowercase and uppercase letters are rotated by 13 position, so we can use tr command to set it as per 13 position to get the password.

tr command is used when characters have to be deleted or translated from the stdin and is to be written at the output. It can be used for case conversion or deleting characters.