## Department of Electronic and Telecommunication Engineering University of Moratuwa

## Sri Lanka

## EN1060 SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS: TUTORIAL 02 \*

August 31, 2017

1. A continuous-time periodic signal x(t) is real valued and has a fundamental period T = 8. The non-zero Fourier series coefficients for x(t) are specified as

$$a_1 = a_{-1}^* = j$$
,  $a_5 = a_{-5}^* = 2$ .

Express x(t) in the form

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \cos(\omega_k t + \phi_k).$$

- 2. Determine the Fourier series representation of the following signals:
  - (a) Each x(t) illustrated in Figure 1.
  - (b) x(t) periodic with period 2 and

$$x(t) = e^{-t}$$
 for  $-1 < t < 1$ .

(c) x(t) periodic with period 4 and

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} \sin \pi t, & 0 \le t \le 2, \\ 0, & 2 < t \le 4. \end{cases}$$

3. In each of the following, we specify the Fourier series coefficients of a continuous-time signal that is periodic with period 4. Determine the signal x(t) in each case.

(a) 
$$a_k = \begin{cases} 0, & k = 0, \\ (j)^k \frac{\sin k\pi/4}{k\pi}, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(b) 
$$a_k = (-1)^k \frac{\sin k\pi/8}{2k\pi}$$

(c) 
$$a_k = \begin{cases} jk, & |k| < 3, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(d) 
$$a_k = \begin{cases} 1, & k \text{ even,} \\ 2, & k \text{ odd.} \end{cases}$$

<sup>\*</sup>All the questions are from Oppenheim et al. chapter 3.

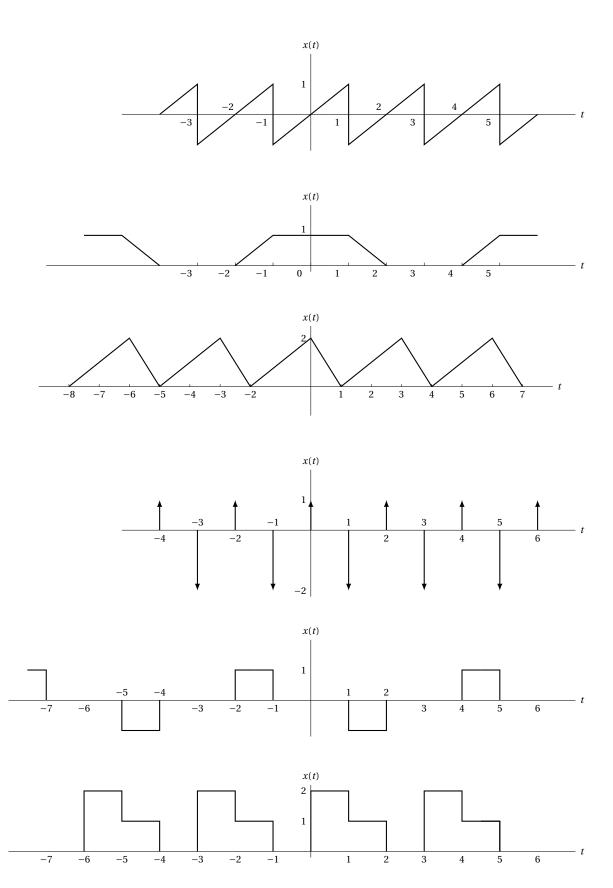


Figure 1: Figure Q02

4. Let

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 \le t \le 1, \\ 2 - t, & 1 \le t \le 2, \end{cases}$$

be a periodic signal with fundamental period T = 2 and Fourier coefficients  $a_k$ .

- (a) Determine the value of  $a_0$ .
- (b) Determine the Fourier series representation of dx(t)/dt.
- (c) Use this result and the differentiation property of the continuous-time Fourier series to help determine the Fourier series coefficients of x(t).
- 5. Consider the following three continuous-time signals with a fundamental period of T = 1/2:

$$x(t) = \cos(4\pi t),$$

$$y(t) = \sin(4\pi t),$$

$$z(t) = x(t)y(t).$$

- (a) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of x(t).
- (b) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of y(t).
- (c) Use these results along with the multiplication property of the continuous-time Fourier series to determine the Fourier series coefficients of z(t).
- (d) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of z(t) through direct expansion of z(t) in trigonometric from, and compare the result with that of part 5c.
- 6. Let x(t) be a periodic signal whose Fourier series coefficients are

$$a_k = \begin{cases} 2, & k = 0, \\ j\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{|k|}, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Use Fourier series properties to answer the Following questions:

- (a) Is x(t) real?
- (b) Is x(t) even?
- (c) Is dx(t)/dt even?
- 7. Let x(t) be a periodic signal with fundamental period T and Fourier series coefficients  $a_k$ . Derive the Fourier series coefficients of each of the following signals in terms of  $a_k$ :
  - (a)  $x(t-t_0) + x(t+t_0)$
  - (b)  $\mathfrak{Ev}\{x(t)\}$
  - (c)  $\Re \{x(t)\}$
  - (d)  $\frac{d^2x(t)}{dt^2}$
  - (e) x(3t-1) [for this part, first determine the period of x(3t-1)]
- 8. Suppose we are given the following information about a continuous-time periodic signal with period 3 and Fourier coefficients  $a_k$ .

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- (a)  $a_k = a_{k+2}$ .
- (b)  $a_k = a_{-k}$ .
- (c)  $\int_{-0.5}^{0.5} x(t) dt = 1$ .
- (d)  $\int_{0.5}^{1.5} x(t) dt = 2$ .

Determine x(t).

- 9. Let x(t) be a real-valued signal with fundamental period T and Fourier series coefficients  $a_k$ .
  - (a) Show that  $a_k = a_{-k}^*$  and  $a_0$  must be real.
  - (b) Show that if x(t) is even, then its Fourier series coefficients must be real and even.
  - (c) Show that if x(t) is odd, then its Fourier series coefficients are imaginary and odd and  $a_0 = 0$ .
  - (d) Show that the Fourier series coefficients of the even part of x(t) are equal to  $\Re \{a_k\}$ .
  - (e) Show that the Fourier series coefficients of the odd part of x(t) are equal to  $i\mathfrak{Im}\{a_k\}$ .
- 10. Let x(t) be a real periodic signal with Fourier series representation given in the sine-cosine form

$$x(t) = a_0 + 2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left[ B_k \cos k\omega_0 t - C_k \sin k\omega_0 t \right]. \tag{1}$$

(a) Find the exponential Fourier series representation of the even and odd parts of x(t), that is, find the coefficients  $\alpha_k$  and  $\beta_k$  in terms of the coefficients in eq. 1 so that

$$\mathfrak{Ev}\left\{x(t)\right\} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \alpha_k e^{jk\omega_0 t},$$

$$\mathfrak{Od}\{x(t)\} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \beta_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}.$$

(b) What is the relationship between  $\alpha_k$  and  $\alpha_{-k}$ ? What is the relationship between  $\beta_k$  and  $\beta_{-k}$ ?