EN1060 Signals and Systems: Discrete-Time Fourier Series

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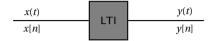
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Decompose the input as

$$x = a_1\phi_1 + a_2\phi_2 + \cdots$$
 linear combination of basic inputs

Then

$$y = a_1 \psi_1 + a_2 \psi_2 + \cdots$$
 linear combination of corresponding outputs

Choose $\phi_k(t)$ or $\phi_k[n]$ such that

- Broad class of signals can be constructed, and
- Response to ϕ_k s easy to compute.

Continuous-Time:

$$\phi_k(t) = e^{j\omega_k t}$$
:

 $e^{j\omega_k t} \longrightarrow H(\omega_k)e^{j\omega_k t}$ (a scaled-version of the input)

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"Discrete-Time": $\phi_k[n] = e^{j\omega_k n}$

$$e^{j\omega_k n} \longrightarrow e^{j\omega_k n} \sum_{r=-\infty}^{\infty} h[r] e^{-j\omega_k r}$$
eigenfunction eigenvalue

Discrete-Time Fourier Series

x[n] periodic period N fundamental frequency $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{N}$ $e^{jk\omega_0 n} = e^{j(k+N)\omega_0 n}$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 n}, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, ..., N-1.$$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k = \langle N \rangle} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 n}.$$

N equations in N unknowns.

$$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{N > \infty} x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n}.$$

Continuous-Time

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$$
$$a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$$

Discrete-Time Fourier Series

Synthesis

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=< N>} a_k e^{ik\omega_0 n} = \sum_{k=< N>} a_k e^{ik(2\pi/N)n}.$$

Analysis

$$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n = < N >} x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n = < N >} x[n] e^{-jk(2\pi/N)n}.$$

Periodicity

x[n] periodic in n true for CT $e^{jk\omega_0n}$ periodic in n true for CT $e^{jk\omega_0n}$ periodic in k not true for CT a_k periodic in k not true for CT

Convergence

Continuous-time:

- x(t) square-integrable OR
- Dirichlet condition

Discrete-time

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=< N>} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 n}.$$

$$\hat{x}[n] = \sum_{p \text{ terms}} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 n}.$$

$$p = N$$

$$\hat{x}[n] \equiv x[n].$$

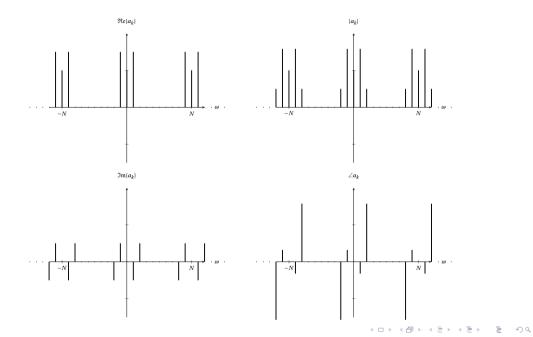
There is no issue of convergence in DT.

Determine and sketch the DTFT of

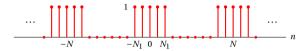
$$x[n] = 1 + \sin \omega_0 n + 3\cos \omega_0 n + \cos \left(2\omega_0 n + \frac{\pi}{2}\right).$$

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Determine and sketch the DTFT of x[n] of which is shown in the figure.



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