



# MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL

Paper Code : PEC-IT601A Advanced Algorithms

UPID : 006589

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The Figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidate are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

## Group-A (Very Short Answer Type Question)

1. Answer any ten of the following :

[ 1 x 10 = 10 ]

- (I) Which property does Matroids exhibit?
- (II) If the number of equations is less than the number  $n$  of unknowns or the rank of  $A$  is less than  $n$ , then the system is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (III) Dynamic programming works with \_\_\_\_\_ subproblems.
- (IV) An \_\_\_\_\_ algorithm maximizes or minimizes a criterion function.
- (V) \_\_\_\_\_ analysis gives the average performance of each operation in worst case.
- (VI) The complexity of BFS is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (VII) Which elimination can be used to find the triangular matrices ?
- (VIII) Which algorithm finds the shortest path between every pair of vertices ?
- (IX) The problem  $X$  is said to be \_\_\_\_\_ to another problem  $Y$  if there exist an algorithm  $A$  for  $Y$  and that algorithm can be used to solve  $X$ .
- (X) In *mathematics*, \_\_\_\_\_ is a process which combines two functions on a set to produce another function on the set.
- (XI)  $F(n)=2^n + n^2$  is  $\Theta(\text{_____})$ .
- (XII) Every alternating odd cycle must pass through at least one \_\_\_\_\_ edge.

## Group-B (Short Answer Type Question)

Answer any three of the following :

[ 5 x 3 = 15 ]

2. State white path theorem and parenthesis theorem [5]
3. What is alternating BFS tree? Classify the non- tree edges in alternating BFS tree. [5]
4. Write an algorithm to compute alternating BFS tree. [5]
5. Use Gaussian elimination to find the upper and lower triangular matrices. [5]

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 5 \\ 6 & 13 & 5 & 19 \\ 2 & 19 & 10 & 23 \\ 4 & 10 & 11 & 31 \end{pmatrix}$$

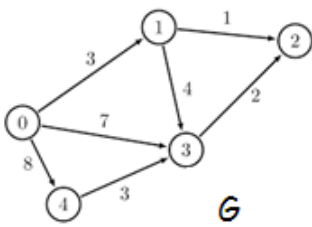
6. What is satisfiability problem? Show that the Satisfiability problem is NP. [5]

## Group-C (Long Answer Type Question)

Answer any three of the following :

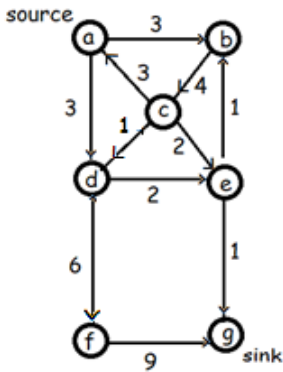
[ 15 x 3 = 45 ]

7. What do you mean by amortized analysis? Define the three methods of amortized analysis. Explain the [ 1+6+4+4 ]  
accounting method and potential method using the stack example. [ ]
8. What is matroid? Define the two properties of matroid. Write an greedy algorithm that works for any [ 2+4+5+4 ]  
matroid to find optimal subset and also analyse its complexity. [ ]
9. Define weighted matroid. Define minimum spanning tree. Define optimal subset of matroid. How can an [ ]  
MST problem be viewed/formulated as finding an optimal subset of matroid? Using the same find the 2+2+2+5+4  
minimum spanning tree of the graph  $G$ . [ ]



10. State min-cut max-flow theorem. Find the flow of the network using Edmond Karp algorithm.

[ 3+12 ]



11. What do you mean by reduction and polynomial reduction? How can you reduce maximum independent set problem to clique decision problem? Reduce 3CNF problem to largest independent set problem.

\*\*\* END OF PAPER \*\*\*