### Experiment no - 06(a)

### Aim: a. Write a program to print rollno and names of 10 students using array.

### Algorithm:

- i. Start
- ii. Store Student Information
- iii. Create the student's structure variable
- iv. Display information

```
Stop Code:
   v.
// C Program to Store Information
// of Students Using Structure
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h> // Create
the student structure struct
Student {
       char* name;
int roll number;
};
// Driver code int
main()
{ printf("03-sarabjeetsingh\n");
int i = 0, n = 10;
       // Create the student's structure variable
       // with n Student's records
struct Student student[n];
the students data
student[0].roll\_number = 1;
student[0].name = "Geeks16";
student[1].roll\_number = 2;
student[1].name = "Geeks54";
student[2].roll\_number = 3;
student[2].name = "Geeks22";
```

```
student[3].roll_number = 4;
student[3].name = "Geeks41";
student[4].roll\_number = 5;
student[4].name = "Geeks39";
student[5].roll_number = 6;
student[5].name = "Geeks3";
  student[6].roll_number = 7;
       student[6].name = "Geeks32";
student[7].roll_number = 8; student[7].name =
"Geeks36";
       student[8].roll_number = 9;
       student[8].name = "Geeks35";
       student[9].roll_number = 10;
student[9].name = "Geeks34";
Print the Students information
printf("Student Records: \n\n");
                                   for
(i = 0; i < n; i++) 
              printf("\tName = \%s\n", student[i].name);
printf("\tRoll Number = %d\n", student[i].roll_number);
       }
       return 0;
}
```

**Output:** 

```
03-Sarabjeetsingh
Student Records:
       Name = Geeks16
       Roll Number = 1
       Name = Geeks54
       Roll Number = 2
       Name = Geeks22
        Roll Number = 3
       Name = Geeks41
       Roll Number = 4
       Name = Geeks39
       Roll Number = 5
       Name = Geeks31
       Roll Number = 6
        Name = Geeks32
        Roll Number = 7
       Name = Geeks36
        Roll Number = 8
       Name = Geeks35
       Roll Number = 9
       Name = Geeks34
       Roll Number = 10
..Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

## Experiment no – 06(b) Aim:

Write a program to read a matrix of size m\*n.

# Algorithm:

```
i. Start
ii. Enter row and column size
iii. Construct Matrix
iv. Display result
v. Stop Code: #include<stdio.h> int main()
{ printf("03-sarabjeetsingh.\n");
int i,j,m,n;
float a[10][10];
printf("Enter row and column size:\n");
scanf("%d%d", &m, &n); printf("Enter
```

```
matrix elements:\n"); for(i=0;i<
m;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j< n;j++) {
    printf("a[%d][%d]=",i,j);
    scanf("%f", &a[i][j]);
    }
    printf("Matrix read is:\n");
    for(i=0;i< m;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j< n;j++)
        {
            printf("\%f\t",a[i][j]);
        }
    printf("\n");
    }
}</pre>
```

### **Output:**

```
03-sarabjeetsingh.
Enter row and column size:
2 2
Enter matrix elements:
a[0][0]=12
a[0][1]=23
a[1][0]=45
a[1][1]=56
Matrix read is:
12.000000 23.000000
45.000000 56.000000

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Experiment no - 06(c)

Aim: Write a program to sort the elements of array in ascending or descending order.

## **Algorithm:**

- i. Start.
- **ii.** Input size of array. iii. Place currently selected element array to its correct place. **iv.** Swap if currently selected array element to its correct place.
- **v.** Print the sorted array.
- vi. Stop.

```
Code:
/**
* C program to sort elements of array in ascending order
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 100 // Maximum array size
int main()
{ printf("03-sarabjeetsingh.\n");
int arr[MAX_SIZE];
  int size;
int i, j, temp;
  /* Input size of array */
printf("Enter size of array: ");
scanf("%d", &size); /* Input
elements in array */ printf("Enter
elements in array: "); for(i=0;
i < size; i++)
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  }
  for(i=0; i<size; i++)
  {
    /*
```

```
Place currently selected element array[i]
* to its correct place.
     */
    for(j=i+1; j<size; j++)
       /*
       Swap if currently selected array element
* is not at its correct position.
if(arr[i] > arr[j])
       { temp
= arr[i];
          arr[i]
          arr[j]
= arr[j];
= temp;
     }
  /* Print the sorted array */
  printf("\nElements of array in ascending order: ");
for(i=0; i<size; i++)
    printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
  return 0;
```

## **Output:**

```
O3-Sarabjeetsingh
Enter size of array: 5
Enter elements in array: 27 11 34 56 13

Elements of array in ascending order: 11 13 27 34 56

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```