#### **DSA with JavaScript - Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)**

### 1. What is the time complexity of searching an element in an unsorted array using linear search?

A \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
A) O(1)			
$\Delta I \cup I \cup I$			

- 4) O(1)
- B) O(log N)
- C) O(N)
- D)  $O(N^2)$

Answer: C) O(N)

### 2. Which sorting algorithm has the worst-case time complexity of O(N<sup>2</sup>)?

- A) Merge Sort
- B) Quick Sort
- C) Bubble Sort
- D) Heap Sort

Answer: C) Bubble Sort

#### 3. What data structure follows the Last In, First Out (LIFO) principle?

- A) Queue
- B) Stack
- C) Linked List
- D) Graph

Answer: B) Stack

#### 4. Which algorithm is used to find the maximum sum subarray?

- A) Dijkstra's Algorithm
- B) Kadane's Algorithm
- C) Kruskal's Algorithm
- D) Bellman-Ford Algorithm

5. What is the time complexity of binary search?
A) O(1)
B) O(N)
C) O(log N)
D) O(N log N)
Answer: C) O(log N)
6. Which data structure is best suited for implementing an LRU (Least Recently Used) Cache?
A) Array
B) Stack
C) Queue
D) HashMap with Doubly Linked List
Answer: D) HashMap with Doubly Linked List
7. Which method is used to add elements to the end of an array in JavaScript?
A) push()
B) pop()
C) shift()
D) unshift()
Answer: A) push()

8. Which data structure is used in Breadth-First Search (BFS)?

**Answer:** B) Kadane's Algorithm

A) Stack					
B) Queue C) Priority Queue					
Answer: B) Queue					
9. How can you implement a queue using two stacks?					
A) Using push and pop operations					
B) Using only pop operations					
C) Using shift and unshift					
D) Using priority queues					
Answer: A) Using push and pop operations					
10. What is the best-case time complexity of QuickSort?					
A) O(N)					
B) O(N log N)					
C) O(N <sup>2</sup> )					
D) O(log N)					
Answer: B) O(N log N)					
This test provides a strong foundation in DSA concepts using JavaScript. Wou	ıld you like				
more questions, explanations, or any modifications?					
Edited Dsa Js Mcq	qution aronde 50				
I've expanded your JavaScript DSA MCQ quiz to include more questions, cover	ering a wider				
range of topics. Let me know if you need additional questions or refinements	! 💋				

Edited Dsa Js Mcq

I've added more questions to the quiz, bringing the total closer to 50. Let me know if you need further additions or modifications!

「日 化 ワ ()<sup>n</sup> \*グ
not in code

Here are 50 multiple-choice questions (MCQs) on Data Structures and Algorithms (DSA) using JavaScript:

# **DSA with JavaScript - MCQs**

#### **Arrays & Searching**

- 1. What is the time complexity of searching an element in an unsorted array using linear search?
  - **A)** O(1) **B)** O(log N) **C)** O(N) **D)** O(N<sup>2</sup>)

Answer: C) O(N)

- 2. What is the time complexity of binary search?
  - **A)** O(1) **B)** O(N) **C)** O(log N) **D)** O(N log N)

**Answer**: C) O(log N)

- 3. Which search algorithm is used when the array is rotated but sorted?
  - A) Linear Search B) Binary Search C) Jump Search D) Interpolation Search

**Answer:** B) Binary Search

- 4. What is the best-case time complexity of binary search?
  - **A)** O(1) **B)** O(N) **C)** O(log N) **D)** O(N log N)

Answer: A) O(1)

# **Sorting Algorithms**

- 5. Which sorting algorithm has the worst-case time complexity of  $O(N^2)$ ?
  - A) Merge Sort B) Quick Sort C) Bubble Sort D) Heap Sort

Answer: C) Bubble Sort

- 6. What is the best-case time complexity of QuickSort?
  - A) O(N) B) O(N log N) C) O(N<sup>2</sup>) D) O(log N)

Answer: B) O(N log N)

- 7. What is the worst-case time complexity of QuickSort?
  - **A)** O(N) **B)** O(N log N) **C)** O(N<sup>2</sup>) **D)** O(log N)

Answer: C) O(N<sup>2</sup>)

- 8. Which sorting algorithm is best for nearly sorted arrays?
  - A) Quick Sort B) Heap Sort C) Bubble Sort D) Insertion Sort

**Answer:** D) Insertion Sort

- 9. What is the space complexity of Merge Sort?
  - **A)** O(1) **B)** O(N) **C)** O(log N) **D)** O(N log N)

Answer: B) O(N)

### Stacks & Queues

- 10. Which data structure follows Last In, First Out (LIFO)?
  - A) Queue B) Stack C) Linked List D) Graph

Answer: B) Stack

- 11. Which data structure follows First In, First Out (FIFO)?
  - A) Queue B) Stack C) Tree D) Heap

Answer: A) Queue

- 12. How can you implement a queue using two stacks?
  - A) Using push and pop operations
  - B) Using only pop operations
  - C) Using shift and unshift
  - D) Using priority queues

Answer: A) Using push and pop operations

- 13. Which data structure is used in Breadth-First Search (BFS)?
  - A) Stack B) Queue C) Priority Queue D) Set

Answer: B) Queue

### **Linked Lists**

14. What is the time complexity of inserting an element at the beginning of a singly linked list?

**A)** O(1) **B)** O(N) **C)** O(log N) **D)** O(N log N)

Answer: A) O(1)

15. How do you traverse a singly linked list?

- A) Using a loop
- B) Using recursion
- C) Using a queue
- D) Both A & B

Answer: D) Both A & B

16. What is the best way to reverse a linked list?

- A) Using recursion
- B) Using an array
- C) Using a queue
- D) None of the above

**Answer:** A) Using recursion

# **Recursion & Dynamic Programming**

17. Which data structure is used to implement recursion?

A) Queue B) Stack C) Heap D) Graph

Answer: B) Stack

18. What is the base case in recursion?

- A) The initial step
- B) The final step
- C) The step where recursion stops
- D) The step where recursion starts

**Answer:** C) The step where recursion stops

19. What is the time complexity of the Fibonacci sequence using recursion?

**A)** O(N) **B)**  $O(N \log N)$  **C)**  $O(2^N)$  **D)**  $O(N^2)$ 

Answer: C) O(2<sup>N</sup>)

- 20. Which JavaScript data structure allows only unique values?
  - A) Array B) Map C) Set D) Object

Answer: C) Set

- 21. Which JavaScript data structure stores key-value pairs?
  - A) Array B) Set C) Map D) Stack

Answer: C) Map

- 22. What is the time complexity of searching in a HashMap?
  - **A)** O(1) **B)** O(N) **C)** O(log N) **D)** O(N log N)

Answer: A) O(1)

# **Graph Algorithms**

- 23. Which data structure is used for Depth-First Search (DFS)?
  - A) Queue B) Stack C) Heap D) Priority Queue

Answer: B) Stack

- 24. What is the time complexity of Dijkstra's Algorithm using a priority queue?
  - **A)** O(N) **B)** O(N log N) **C)** O(N<sup>2</sup>) **D)** O(1)

Answer: B) O(N log N)

#### **Miscellaneous**

- 25. Which JavaScript method is used to remove the last element from an array?
  - A) push() B) pop() C) shift() D) unshift()

Answer: B) pop()

- 26. Which technique is used in Binary Search Algorithm?
  - A) Divide and Conquer B) Brute Force C) Dynamic Programming D) Greedy Algorithm

Answer: A) Divide and Conquer

- 27. Which data structure is best for implementing an LRU Cache?
  - A) Array B) Stack C) Queue D) HashMap with Doubly Linked List

Answer: D) HashMap with Doubly Linked List

This	s list contains 27 questions so far. Would you like me to add more, or modify any specific				
sect	tions? 😊				
	more mcqs in this porsn e are more MCQs for the Stacks, Queues, Linked Lists, Recursion, Hashing, and Graph				
Algorithms sections, making the total closer to 50 questions.					
Sta	acks & Queues				
28.	Which operation is used to remove an element from the top of a stack?  A) push() B) pop() C) shift() D) unshift()  Answer: B) pop()				
29.	How can a queue be efficiently implemented?  A) Using an array  B) Using a linked list  C) Using two stacks  D) Both B and C  Answer: D) Both B and C				
30.	Which of the following is not a queue operation?  A) enqueue() B) dequeue() C) front() D) push()  Answer: D) push()				
31.	Which data structure is used for the <b>Undo/Redo</b> feature in a text editor?  A) Queue B) Stack C) Heap D) Tree  Answer: B) Stack				
32.	<pre>How do you check if a stack is empty? A) stack.length == 0 B) stack.size() == 0 C) stack.isEmpty() D) stack.peek() == null Answer: A) stack.length == 0</pre>				
33.	Which operation in a circular queue requires updating both front and rear pointers?  A) enqueue() B) dequeue() C) isEmpty() D) isFull()  Answer: A) enqueue()				

#### **Linked Lists**

- 34. What is the time complexity of inserting an element at the end of a singly linked list?
  - **A)** O(1) **B)** O(N) **C)** O(log N) **D)** O(N<sup>2</sup>)

Answer: B) O(N)

- 35. How do you remove the last node of a singly linked list?
  - A) By setting the second last node's next pointer to null
  - B) By deleting the entire list
  - **C)** By shifting all elements
  - D) By reversing the list

Answer: A) By setting the second last node's next pointer to null

- 36. Which of the following is true about a doubly linked list?
  - A) Each node has a reference to only the next node
  - B) Each node has references to both next and previous nodes
  - C) It can only be traversed in one direction
  - D) It has a fixed size

Answer: B) Each node has references to both next and previous nodes

- 37. Which is an advantage of a linked list over an array?
  - A) Constant-time access to elements
  - B) Efficient memory usage
  - C) Easier insertion and deletion
  - D) Both B and C

Answer: D) Both B and C

- 38. How do you check if a linked list contains a cycle?
  - A) Using two pointers (slow and fast)
  - B) Using recursion
  - C) Sorting the list
  - D) Traversing the list twice

Answer: A) Using two pointers (slow and fast)

#### Recursion

- 39. What is the base condition in recursion?
  - A) The step where recursion starts

- B) The step where recursion ends
- C) The first recursive function call
- D) The deepest level of recursion

Answer: B) The step where recursion ends

- 40. What is the space complexity of a recursive function (without tail recursion)?
  - **A)** O(N) **B)** O(log N) **C)** O(1) **D)** O(N<sup>2</sup>)

Answer: A) O(N)

- 41. What is tail recursion?
  - A) A recursive function where the last operation is a recursive call
  - B) A function that calls itself multiple times
  - C) A function that does not use recursion
  - D) A function that has multiple base cases

Answer: A) A recursive function where the last operation is a recursive call

- 42. What is the main advantage of using recursion?
  - A) Reduces code complexity
  - B) Improves execution speed
  - C) Uses less memory
  - D) Always runs in constant time

Answer: A) Reduces code complexity

### **Hashing & Sets**

- 43. What is the average time complexity of retrieving an element from a JavaScript Set?
  - **A)** O(1) **B)** O(N) **C)** O(log N) **D)** O(N log N)

Answer: A) O(1)

- 44. Which of the following methods checks if an element exists in a JavaScript Set?
  - A) set.has(value)
  - B) set.contains(value)
  - C) set.exists(value)
  - D) set.lookup(value)

Answer: A) set.has(value)

- 45. What is a Hash Collision?
  - A) When two different keys map to the same value

- B) When two different values have the same key
- C) When a hash function runs indefinitely
- D) When a HashMap is empty

Answer: A) When two different keys map to the same value

- 46. What is the best way to handle hash collisions?
  - A) Chaining (Linked List)
  - B) Linear Probing
  - C) Quadratic Probing
  - D) All of the above

Answer: D) All of the above

# **Graph Algorithms**

- 47. What is the time complexity of DFS (Depth-First Search) in an adjacency list?
  - A) O(V + E) B)  $O(V^2)$  C)  $O(\log V)$  D)  $O(V \log V)$

Answer: A) O(V + E)

- 48. Which data structure is used for Kruskal's Algorithm?
  - A) Heap B) Disjoint Set C) Stack D) Queue

**Answer:** B) Disjoint Set

- 49. What is the best data structure to represent a weighted graph?
  - A) Adjacency List B) Adjacency Matrix C) Incidence Matrix D) None of the above

Answer: A) Adjacency List

- 50. Which graph traversal algorithm finds the shortest path in an unweighted graph?
  - A) Depth-First Search (DFS)
  - B) Breadth-First Search (BFS)
  - C) Dijkstra's Algorithm
  - D) Bellman-Ford Algorithm

**Answer:** B) Breadth-First Search (BFS)