Sure! Here's a handy guide to **common array methods in JavaScript** — especially useful in React when managing and displaying data. These methods help you work with arrays efficiently: adding, removing, updating, or transforming data.

◆ 1. push()

Adds an element to the end of an array.

```
javascript

const fruits = ["Apple", "Banana"]; fruits.push("Orange"); console.log(fruits); // ["Apple",
"Banana", "Orange"]
```

• 2. pop()

Removes the last element from an array.

```
javascript
fruits.pop(); console.log(fruits); // ["Apple", "Banana"]
```

◆ 3. unshift()

Adds an element to the beginning of an array.

```
javascript
fruits.unshift("Mango"); console.log(fruits); // ["Mango", "Apple", "Banana"]
```

◆ **4.** shift()

Removes the **first** element from an array. Copy Edit javascript fruits.shift(); console.log(fruits); // ["Apple", "Banana"] ◆ **5.** map() Creates a **new array** by applying a function to **each element**. Copy Edit javascript const numbers = [1, 2, 3]; const doubled = numbers.map(num => num * 2); console.log(doubled); // [2, 4, 6]Commonly used in React to render lists: Copy Edit jsx {fruits.map(fruit => {fruit})} ◆ **6.** filter() Returns a **new array** with only the elements that pass a condition. Copy Edit javascript const numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4]; const even = numbers.filter(num => num % 2 === 0); console.log(even); // [2, 4] ◆ 7. find()

Copy Edit

Returns the first element that matches a condition.

javascript

```
const users = [{ id: 1 }, { id: 2 }]; const user = users.find(u => u.id === 2); console.log(user);
// { id: 2 }
```

◆ 8. includes()

Checks if an array contains a value.

```
javascript

const colors = ["red", "green", "blue"]; console.log(colors.includes("green")); // true
```

◆ 9. forEach()

Runs a function on each item in the array. (No return value.)

```
javascript

fruits.forEach(fruit => console.log(fruit));
Edit
```

◆ **10.** slice()

Returns a portion of the array (does not modify original).

```
javascript

const someFruits = fruits.slice(0, 2);
Edit
```

◆ **11.** splice()

Changes the original array by adding/removing items.

javascript Ocopy Dedit

fruits.splice(1, 1, "Kiwi"); // remove 1 at index 1 and add "Kiwi"

◆ **12.** reduce()

Applies a function to accumulate a single value from an array.

javascript

const total = [1, 2, 3].reduce((sum, val) => sum + val, 0); console.log(total); // 6