

useState in Functional Components (Hooks)

The useState hook allows you to manage local state in function components — a feature that was only available in class components before React 16.8.



Syntax Syntax

```
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js
const [state, setState] = useState(initialValue);
  state → current value
   setState → function to update the value
  initialValue \rightarrow starting value (e.g. 0, "", [], {})
```

Simple Example

```
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jsx
import React, { useState } from 'react'; function ClickCounter() { const [count, setCount] =
useState(0); // initial value is 0 return ( <div> <h2>Clicked {count} times</h2> <button onClick=</pre>
{() => setCount(count + 1)}>Click Me!</button> </div> ); }
```

Notes:

- setCount re-renders the component with the new value.
- You can use multiple useState calls for different variables.

```
jsx Copy Copy Edit
```

```
function Profile() { const [name, setName] = useState("Vivek"); const [age, setAge] =
useState(22); return ( <div> <h3>{name}</h3> Age: {age} <button onClick={() => setAge(age +
1)}>Increase Age</button> </div> ); }
```

useState with Objects

```
const [user, setUser] = useState({ name: "Vivek", age: 22 }); const updateName = () => { setUser({
...user, name: "Rahul" }); // Spread keeps old values };
```

▲ Common Mistake

Don't do this - you'll lose other properties:

Instead, always spread the old state unless you're replacing it all.