

패키지 취약성 관리 with Go and deps.dev API



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<https://bit.ly/3Y1zb0y>



발표 소개

Introduction

Build more secure apps with Go and Google

Introduction

01

패키지 취약성

- 소프트웨어 공급망
- 소프트웨어 공급망 공격
- 패키지 취약성

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govulncheck

- Go 언어의 패키지 관리
- **govulncheck** 패키지 활용법

03

deps.dev API

- 오픈 소스 인사이트(Open Source Insight)
- deps.dev API

패키지 취약성

Package Vulnerability

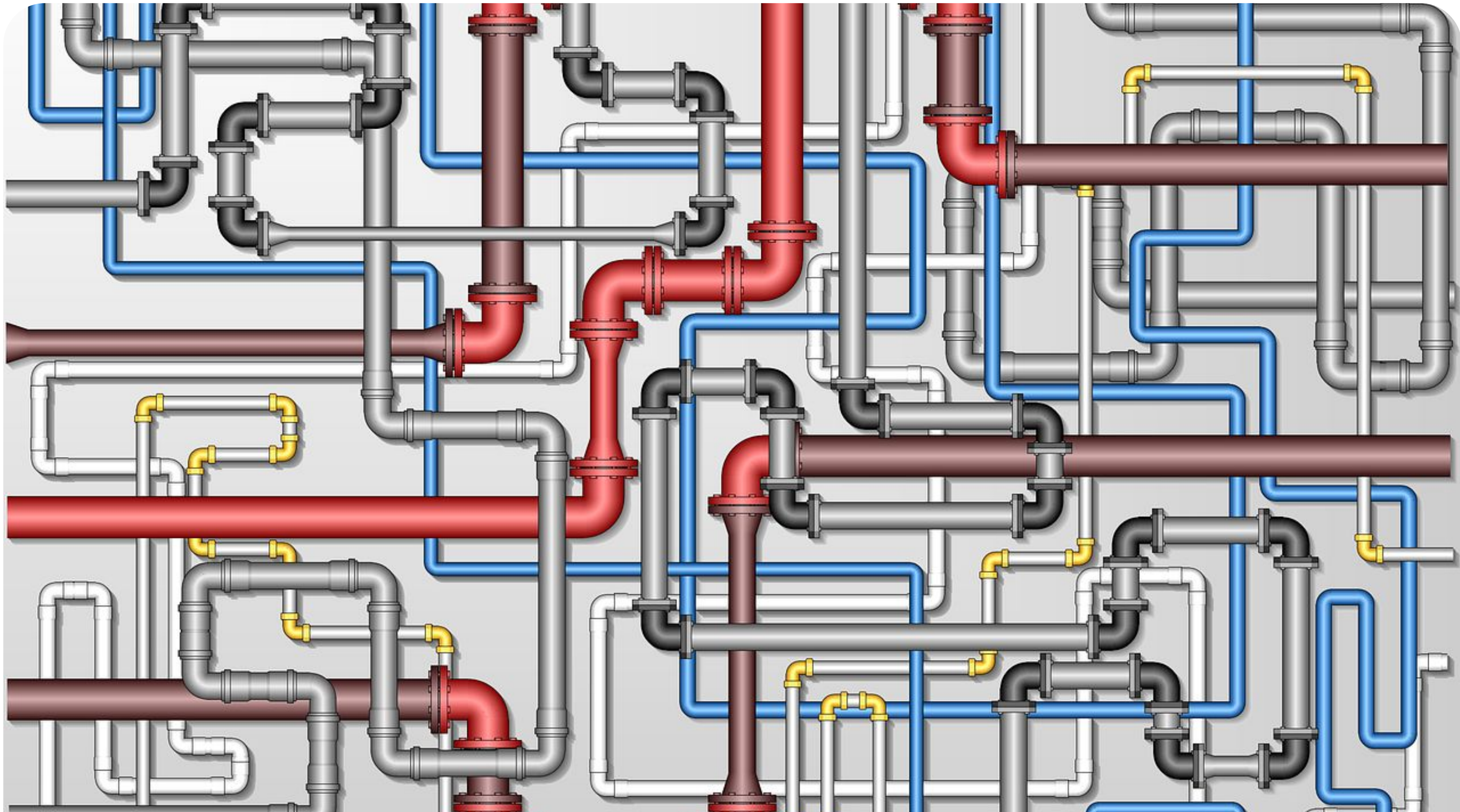
Package Vulnerability

Software Supply Chain

소프트웨어 공급망

Software Supply Chain

파이프라인(Pipeline)



“ 애플리케이션 개발에서 배포까지
소프트웨어 개발 라이프 사이클에서
코드를 수정하는 모든 사용자와 요소 ”

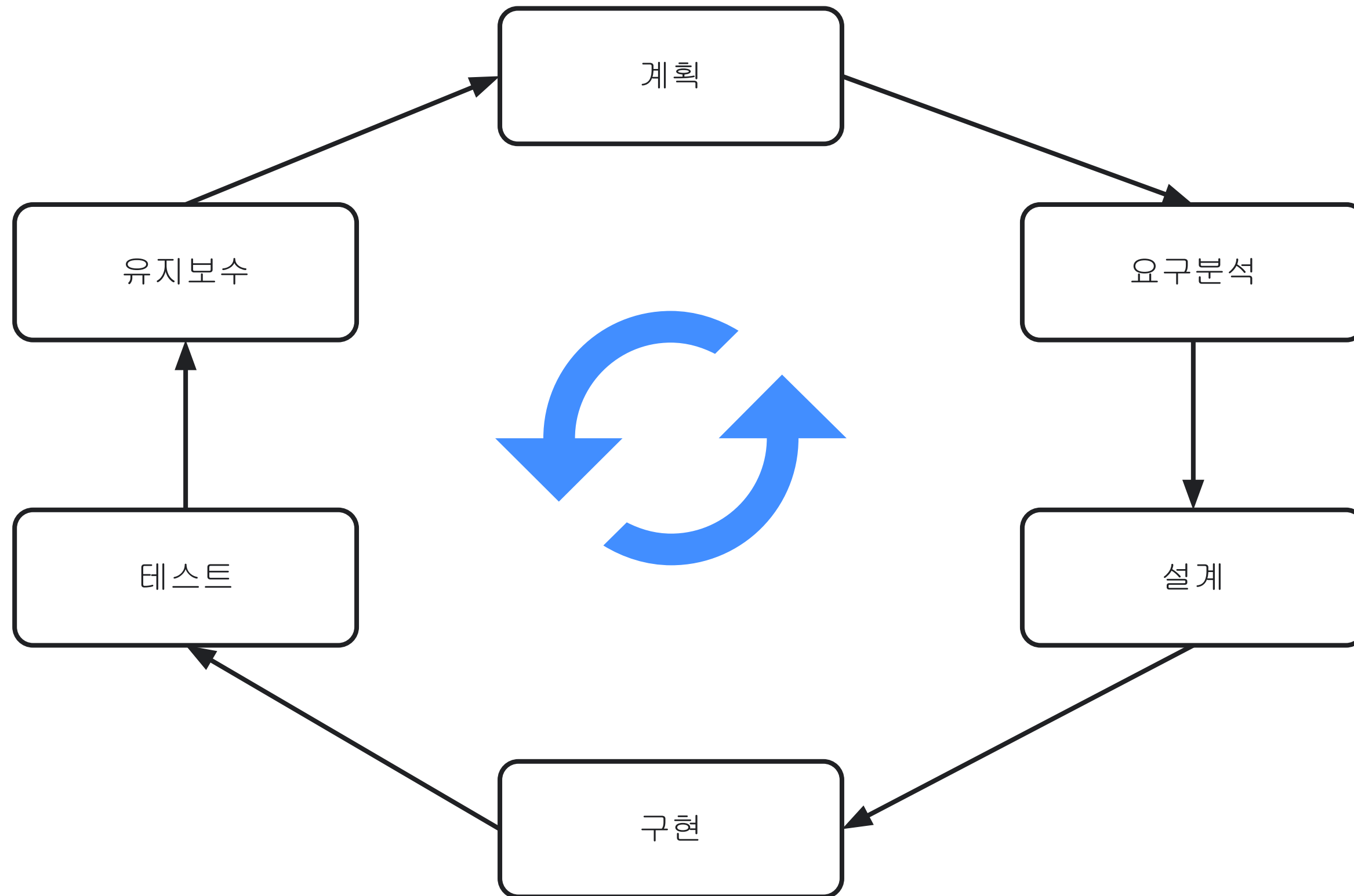
Red Hat

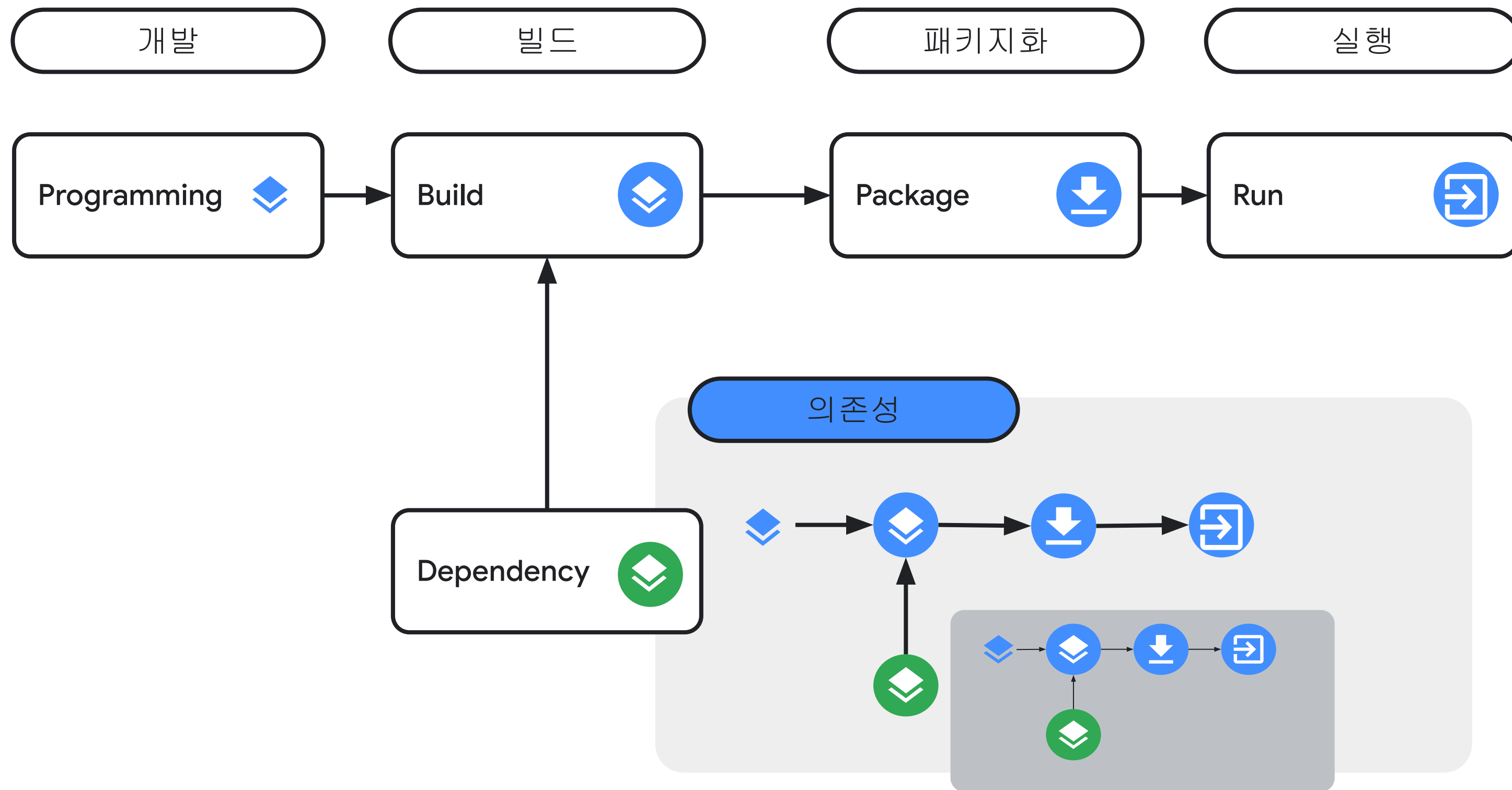
“ 애플리케이션 개발에서 배포까지
소프트웨어 개발 라이프 사이클에서
코드를 수정하는 모든 사용자와 요소 ”

Red Hat

소프트웨어 개발 생명 주기

SDLC: Software Development Life Cycle



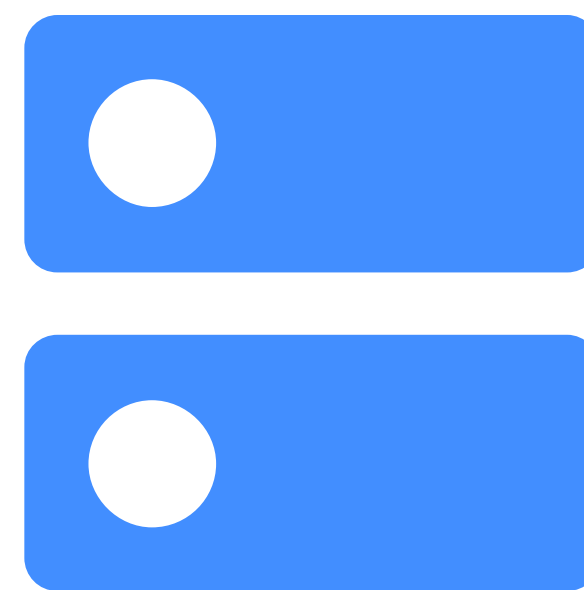
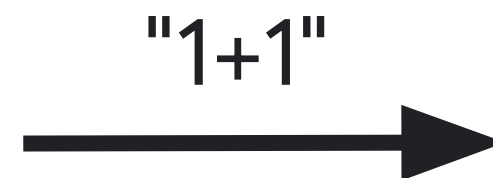
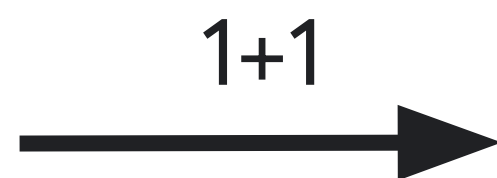


소프트웨어 공급망 공격

Software Supply Chain Attack

2021년 12월 9일 Log4j 보안 취약점 사태





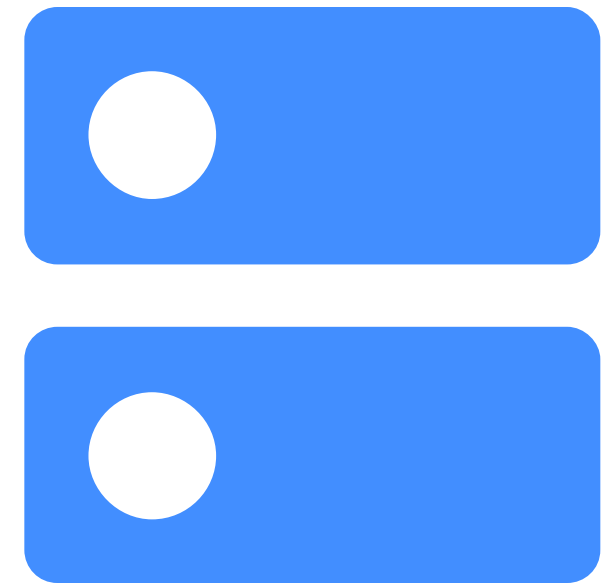
LOG4J



{JNDI:LDAP}



RCE



35,000

“ More than 35,000 Java packages
impacted by Log4j Vulnerabilities ”

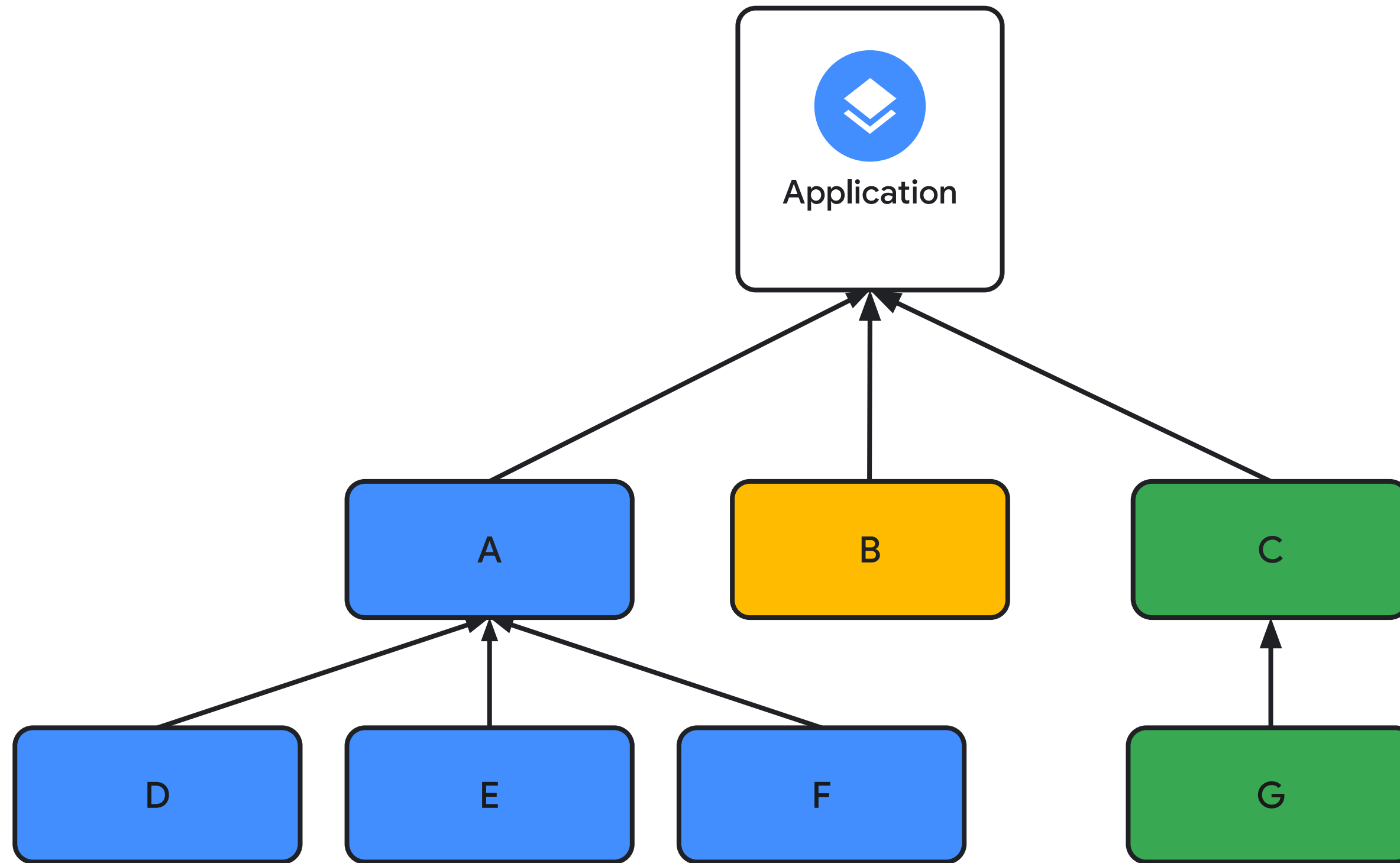
Google

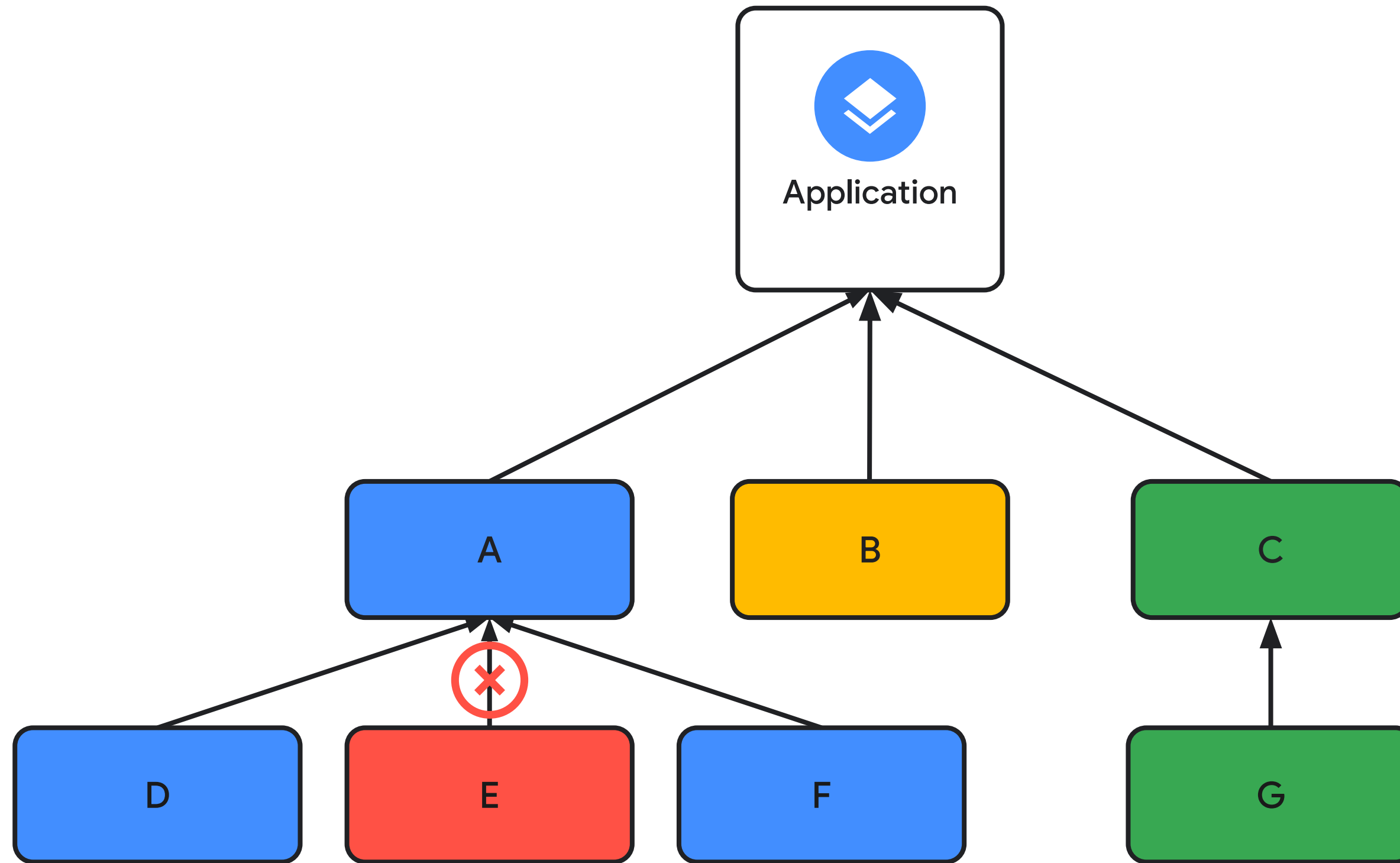
패키지 취약성

Package Vulnerability

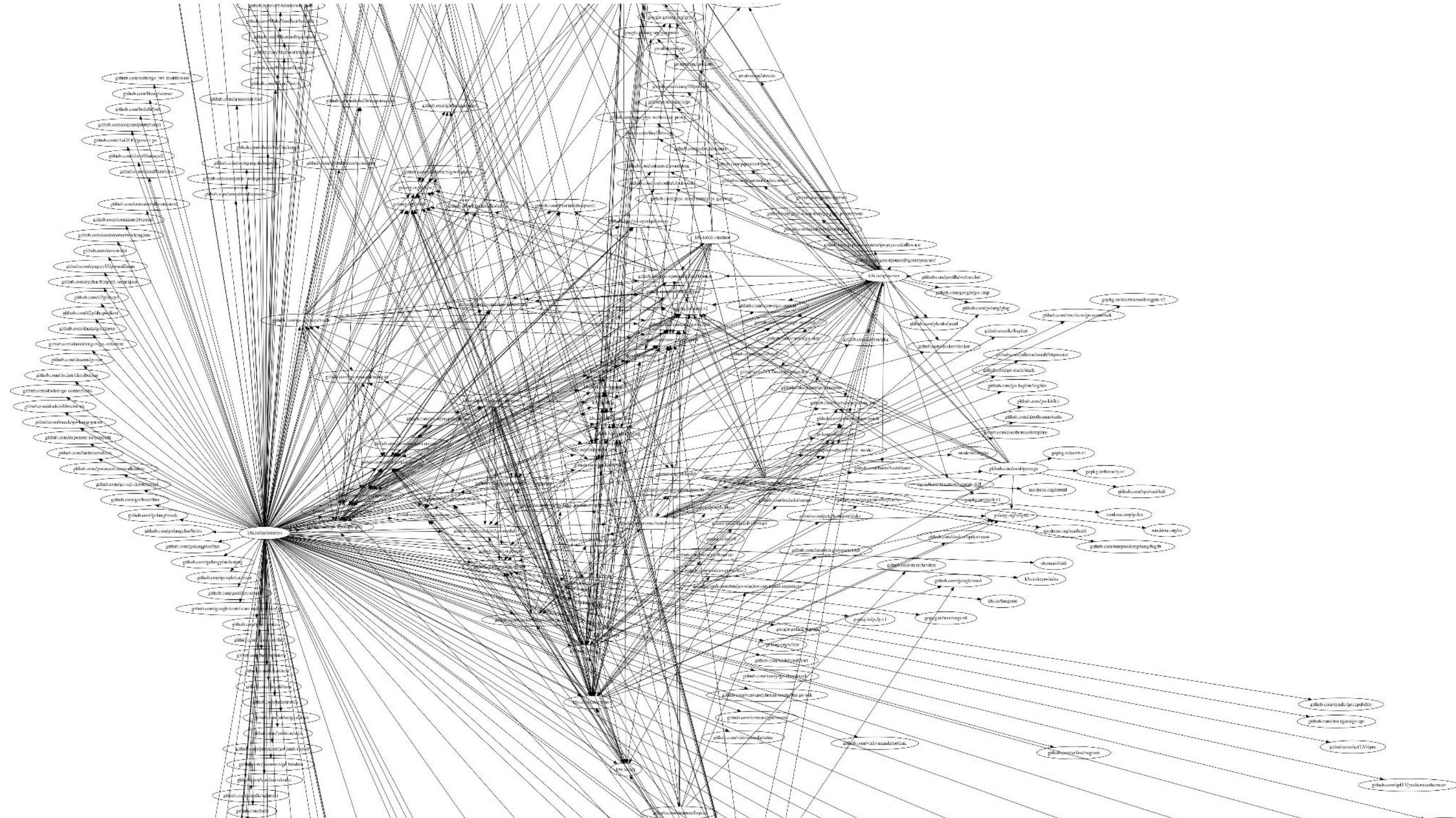
“ 바퀴를 다시 발명하지 마라 ”

“ Do not revient the wheel ”





Kubernetes Dependency Graph



Go 언어의 패키지 관리

Package Management in Go

go.mod 파일과 go.sum 파일

패키지 해시값 관리

go.mod 파일과 go.sum 파일

패키지 의존성
관리

go.mod

```
require (  
    github.com/gin-gonic/gin v1.1.4 // indirect  
    github.com/golang/protobuf v1.5.3 // indirect  
    github.com/mattn/go-isatty v0.0.19 // indirect  
    golang.org/x/net v0.12.0 // indirect  
    golang.org/x/sys v0.10.0 // indirect  
    google.golang.org/protobuf v1.31.0 // indirect  
    gopkg.in/go-playground/validator.v8 v8.18.2 // indirect  
    gopkg.in/yaml.v2 v2.4.0 // indirect  
)
```

go.sum

```
github.com/gin-gonic/gin v1.1.4 h1:XLdCFbU39SSGRQr...  
github.com/gin-gonic/gin v1.1.4/go.mod h1:7cKuhb...  
github.com/golang/protobuf v1.5.0/go.mod h1:FsONVRA...  
github.com/golang/protobuf v1.5.3 h1:KhyjKVUg...  
github.com/golang/protobuf v1.5.3/go.mod h1:XVQd3VN...
```

govulncheck

govulncheck 패키지 활용

Package Management in Go

CLI 명령어

IDE

Makefile 파일

pre-commit 후
(Hook)

자동화 ↑

인적 오류 ↓
Human Error

CLI 명령어

Command Line Interface

```
$ govulncheck .
```

Vulnerability #2: GO-2021-0052

Inconsistent interpretation of HTTP Requests in github.com/gin-gonic/gin

More info: <https://pkg.go.dev/vuln/GO-2021-0052>

Module: github.com/gin-gonic/gin

Found in: github.com/gin-gonic/gin@v1.1.4

Fixed in: github.com/gin-gonic/gin@v1.7.7

Example traces found:

#1: `main.go:16:7: govulncheck.main calls gin.Engine.Run`


```
$ govulncheck .
```

Vulnerability #2: GO-2021-0052

Inconsistent interpretation of HTTP Requests in github.com/gin-gonic/gin

More info: <https://pkg.go.dev/vuln/GO-2021-0052>

Module: github.com/gin-gonic/gin

Found in: github.com/gin-gonic/gin@v1.1.4

Fixed in: github.com/gin-gonic/gin@v1.7.7

Example traces found:

#1: main.go:16:7: govulncheck.main calls gin.Engine.Run

main.go

```
func main() {  
    r := gin.Default()  
    r.Get("/ping", func(c *gin.Context) {  
        c.JSON(http.StatusOK, gin.H{  
            "message": "pong",  
        })  
    })  
    r.Run() // main.go:16  
}
```

IDE

Integrated Development Environment

settings.json

```
{  
  "go.diagnostic.vulncheck": "Imports",  
  "gopls": {  
    "codeLenses": {  
      "run_govulncheck": true,  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Visual Studio Code 설정

Check for upgrades | Upgrade transitive dependencies | Upgrade direct dependencies

```
require (
```

```
github.com/gin-gonic/gin v1.1.4 // indirect
```

github.com/gin-gonic/gin has known vulnerabilities GO-2020-0001, GO-2021-0052.

github.com/gin-gonic/gin

Note: The project imports packages with known vulnerabilities. Use `govulncheck` to check if the project uses vulnerable symbols.

- [GO-2020-0001](#) The default Formatter for the Logger middleware (LoggerConfig.Formatter), which is included in the Default engine, allows attackers to inject arbitrary log entries by manipulating the request path. Vulnerable package is:

- `github.com/gin-gonic/gin`

Fixed in v1.6.0.

- [GO-2021-0052](#) Due to improper HTTP header sanitization, a malicious user can spoof their source IP address by setting the X-Forwarded-For header. This may allow

Makefile 파일

Makefile

```
.PHONY: vuln-check
```

```
vuln-check:
```

```
    @govulncheck .
```

```
.PHONY: build
```

```
build:
```

```
    @make vuln-check && @go build -o test
```

Makefile

```
.PHONY: vuln-check
```

```
vuln-check:
```

```
    @govulncheck .
```

```
.PHONY: build
```

```
build:
```

```
    @make vuln-check && @go build -o test
```



```
$ make build
```

Vulnerability #2: GO-2021-0052

Inconsistent interpretation of HTTP Requests in
github.com/gin-gonic/gin

More info: <https://pkg.go.dev/vuln/GO-2021-0052>

Module: github.com/gin-gonic/gin

Found in: github.com/gin-gonic/gin@v1.1.4

Fixed in: github.com/gin-gonic/gin@v1.7.7

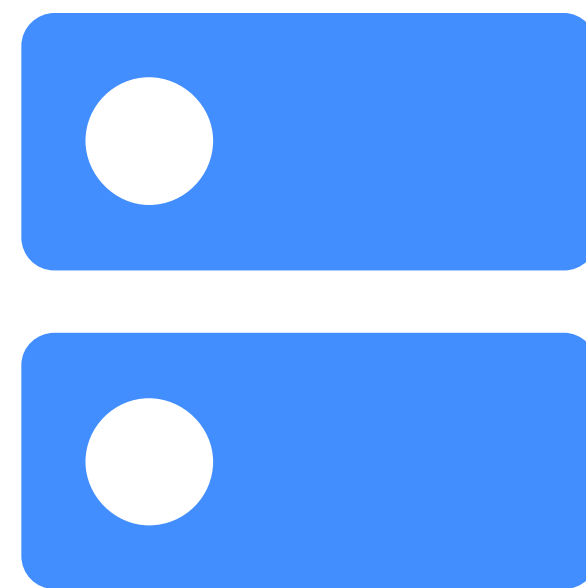
Example traces found:

#1: main.go:16:7: govulncheck.main calls gin.Engine.Run

`pre-commit`  (Hook)



commit





```
pre-commit.sh
```

```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
TARGET_DIRECTORY = $(find . -name go.mod -exec dirname {} \;)
```

```
cd $TARGET_DIRECTORY
```

```
govulncheck .
```

```
if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
```

```
    echo "취약성 발견!"
```

```
    exit 1
```

```
fi
```

```
pre-commit.sh
```

```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
TARGET_DIRECTORY = $(find . -name go.mod -exec dirname {} \;)
```

```
cd $TARGET_DIRECTORY
```

```
govulncheck .
```

```
if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
```

```
    echo "취약성 발견!"
```

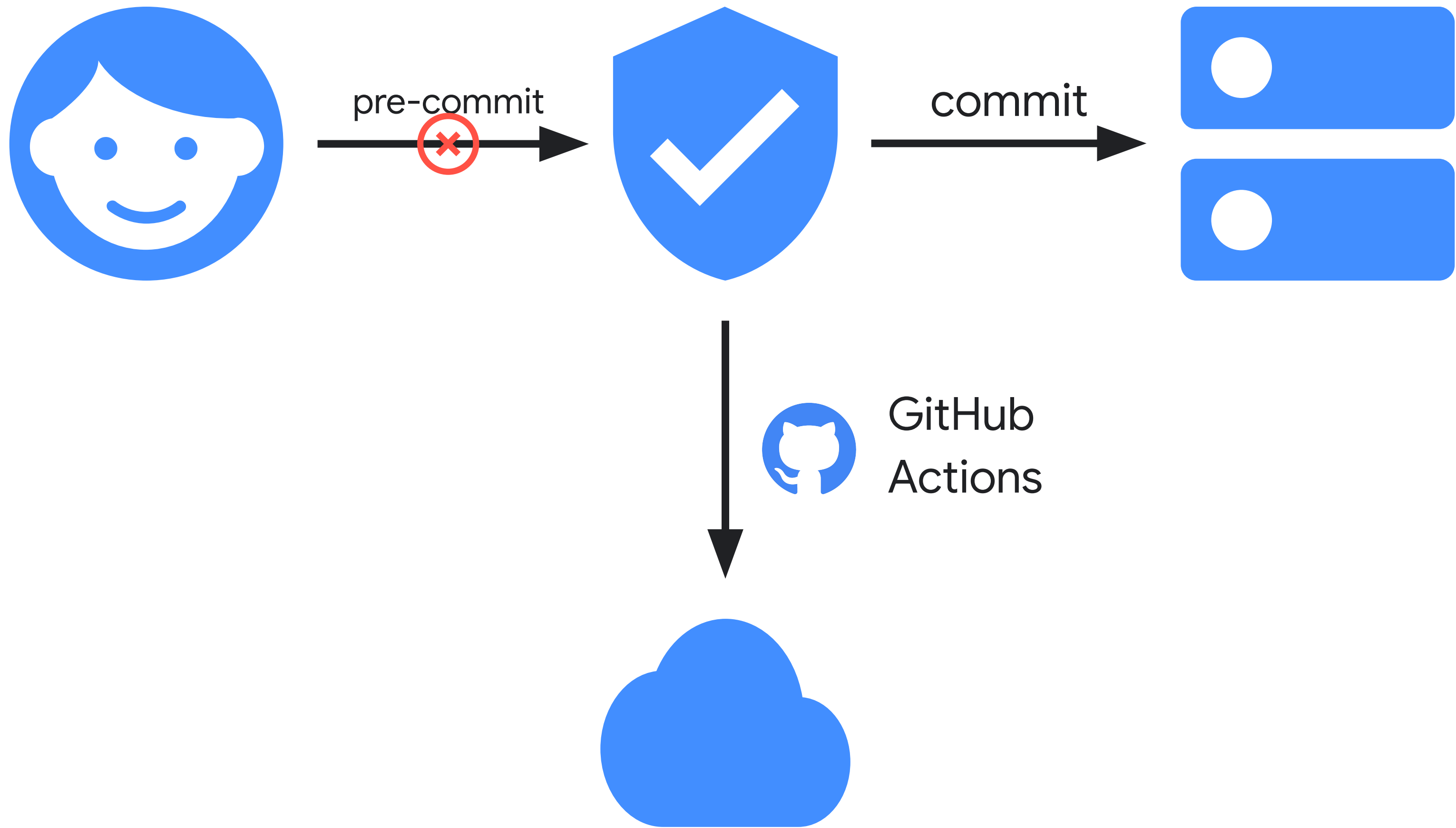
```
    exit 1
```

```
fi
```

```
$ git commit -m "Initial commit"
```

"취약성 발견!"





Open Source Insight

Open Source Insight

Kubernetes v1.27.0 취약성

[Overview](#)[Dependencies](#)[Dependents](#)[Compare](#)[Versions](#)

Security Advisories

6

In this package

Kubernetes mountable secrets policy bypass

6.5 MODERATE · GHSA-cgcv-5272-97pr[MORE DETAILS](#)

kube-apiserver vulnerable to policy bypass

6.5 MODERATE · GHSA-qc2g-gmh6-95p4[MORE DETAILS](#)

Kubelet vulnerable to bypass of seccomp profile enforcement

4.4 MODERATE · GHSA-xc8m-28vv-4pjc[MORE DETAILS](#)

In the dependencies

runc AppArmor bypass with symlinked /proc

6.1 MODERATE · GHSA-g2j6-57v7-gm8c[MORE DETAILS](#)

deps.dev API

Overview

The deps.dev API provides access to [Open Source Insights data](#). It can be used by tool builders, researchers, and tinkerers who want to answer questions like:

- What versions are available for this package?
- What are the licenses that cover this version of a package?
- How many dependencies does this package have? What are they?
- What versions of what packages correspond to this file?

The API can be accessed in two ways: as JSON over HTTP, which is described on this page, as well as via [gRPC](#). For more information about accessing the API via gRPC, please visit github.com/google/deps.dev.

- [Using the API](#)
 - [Package names](#)
 - [Coverage](#)
- [API reference](#)
 - [GetPackage](#)
 - [GetVersion](#)
 - [GetRequirements](#)
 - [GetDependencies](#)
 - [GetProject](#)

```
$ pip install fastapi  
$ pip freeze > requirements.txt
```

requirements.txt

```
fastapi==0.50.0  
pydantic==1.10.11  
starlette==0.13.2  
typing_extensions==4.7.1
```

parser.py

```
class TextfileParser:
    @staticmethod
    def parse_to_dictionary(file_path: str) -> list[Package]:
        packages_information: list[Package] = []

        with open(file=file_path) as file:
            packages: list[str] = file.read().strip().split("\n")

        for package in packages:
            name, version = package.split("==")
            packages_information.append(Package(name=name, version=version))
        return packages_information
```

Package Data Model

```
[  
  {  
    name: "fastapi",  
    version: "0.05.0"  
  },  
  {  
    name: "pydantic",  
    version: "1.10.11"  
  }  
]
```


GetVersion API

```
def get_version(self,
    package_name: str,
    package_version: str
) -> GetVersionAPIResponse:
    return (
        self.session
        .get(url=...)
        .json()
    )
```

GetVersion

```
GET /v3alpha/systems/{versionKey.system}/packages/{versionKey
```

GetVersion returns information about a specific package version, including its known to affect it.

Example: `/v3alpha/systems/npm/packages/%40colors%2Fcolors/vers`

Path parameters

versionKey.system: string

The package management system containing the package.

Can be one of `GO`, `NPM`, `CARGO`, `MAVEN`, `PYPI`, `NUGET`

versionKey.name: string

The name of the package.

versionKey.version: string

The version of the package.

Response

main.py

```
packages: list[Package] = TextfileParser.parse_to_dictionary()
client: OpenSourceInsightAPI = OpenSourceInsightAPI()

for package in packages:
    advisories: list[Advisory] = (
        client.get_version(package_name=..., package_version=...)
        .get("advisoryKeys")
    )
```

GetAdvisory API

```
def get_advisory(self,
    advisory_key: str
) -> GetAdvisoryAPIResponse:
    return (
        self.session
        .get(url=...)
        .json()
    )
```

GetAdvisory

```
GET /v3alpha/advisories/{advisoryKey.id}
```

GetAdvisory returns information about security advisories hosted by OSV.

Example: `/v3alpha/advisories/GHSA-2qrg-x229-3v8q`

Path parameters

advisoryKey.id: string

The OSV identifier for the security advisory.

Response

advisoryKey: object

The identifier for the security advisory. Note that this may differ from the canonicalization.

advisoryKey.id: string

The OSV identifier for the security advisory.

main.py

```
_SAFE: int = 0
```

```
for advisory in advisories:
```

```
    advisory_information: GetAdvisoryAPIResponse = (  
        client.get_advisory(advisory_key_id=...)  
    )
```

```
    score: int = advisory_information.get("cvss3Score")
```

```
    if score > _SAFE:
```

```
        print("취약성이 발견되었습니다.")
```

```
$ python main.py
```

4개의 패키지에 대한 취약성 검증을 시작해요.

fastapi 패키지의 **0.50.0** 버전에서 Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) in FastAPI 취약성이 발견 되었고, 취약성 점수는 8.2/10점이에요!

자세한 내용은 [https://osv/dev/vulnerability/GHSH-8h2j-cgx8-6xv7](https://osv.dev/vulnerability/GHSH-8h2j-cgx8-6xv7)을 방문하여 확인해주세요.

```
$ python main.py
```

4개의 패키지에 대한 취약성 검증을 시작해요.

`fastapi` 패키지의 `0.50.0` 버전에서 **Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) in FastAPI** 취약성이 발견 되었고, 취약성 점수는 **8.2/10**점이에요!

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CVE와 CVSS v3

advisoryKey.id: string

The OSV identifier for the security advisory.

url: string

The URL of the security advisory.

title: string

A brief human-readable description.

aliases[]: string[]

Other identifiers used for the advisory, including CVEs.

cvss3Score: number

The severity of the advisory as a CVSS v3 score in the range [0,10]. A higher score represents greater severity.

cvss3Vector: string

The severity of the advisory as a CVSS v3 vector string.

CVE와 CVSS v3

advisoryKey.id: string

The OSV identifier for the security advisory.

url: string

The URL of the security advisory.

title: string

A brief human-readable description.

aliases[]: string[]

Other identifiers used for the advisory, including CVEs.

cvss3Score: number

The severity of the advisory as a CVSS v3 score in the range [0,10]. A higher score represents greater severity.

cvss3Vector: string

The severity of the advisory as a CVSS v3 vector string.

Open Source Insight

CVE

Common Vulnerabilities and Exposure

Open Source Insight

CVSS

Common Vulnerability Scoring System

CVSS v3 취약성 점수

0점

10점

취약성



CVSS v3 취약성 점수



```
$ python main.py
```

4개의 패키지에 대한 취약성 검증을 시작해요.

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자세한 내용은 <https://osv.dev/vulnerability/GHSH-8h2j-cgx8-6xv7>을 방문하여 확인해주세요.

FastAPI v0.50.0 취약성

PyPI package

fastapi

 0.50.0 ▼

[Overview](#)

[Dependencies](#)

[Dependents](#)

[Compare](#)

[Versions](#)

Security Advisories

2

In this package

PYSEC-2021-100

PYSEC-2021-100

[MORE DETAILS](#)

SIMILAR ADVISORIES

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) in FastAPI

8.2 HIGH · GHSA-8h2j-cgx8-6xv7

[MORE DETAILS](#)

In the dependencies

```
$ pip install --upgrade fastapi  
$ pip freeze > requirements.txt
```

requirements.txt

```
anyio==3.7.1  
fastapi==0.100.1  
idna==3.4  
pydantic==1.10.11  
sniffio==1.3.0  
starlette==0.27.0  
typing_extensions==4.7.1
```

```
$ pip uninstall fastapi  
$ pip freeze > requirements.txt
```

requirements.txt

```
pydantic==1.10.11  
starlette==0.13.2  
typing_extensions==4.7.1
```

FastAPI v0.50.0 의존성 취약성

In this package

PYSEC-2021-100

PYSEC-2021-100

[MORE DETAILS](#)

SIMILAR ADVISORIES

Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) in FastAPI

8.2 HIGH · GHSA-8h2j-cgx8-6xv7

[MORE DETAILS](#)

In the dependencies

PYSEC-2023-48

PYSEC-2023-48

[MORE DETAILS](#)

SIMILAR ADVISORIES

MultipartParser denial of service with too many fields or files

MODERATE · GHSA-74m5-2c7w-9w3x

[MORE DETAILS](#)

Starlette allows an unauthenticated and remote attacker to specify any number of form fields or files

7.5 HIGH · GHSA-3qj8-93xh-pwh2

[MORE DETAILS](#)

Open Source Insight

Poetry 패키지 사용

```
$ poetry add fastapi
```

```
pyproject.toml
```

```
[tool.poetry.dependencies]  
fastapi = "0.50.0"
```

```
$ poetry add fastapi
```

```
pyproject.toml
```

```
[tool.poetry.dependencies]
```

```
fastapi = "0.50.0"
```

```
poetry.lock
```

```
[[package]]  
name = "fastapi"
```

```
[package.dependencies]  
pydantic = ">=0.32.2,<2.0.0"  
starlette = "0.13.2"
```

```
poetry.lock
```

```
[[package]]  
name = "fastapi"
```

```
[package.dependencies]  
pydantic = ">=0.32.2,<2.0.0"  
starlette = "0.13.2"
```

```
$ poetry remove fastapi
```

- Removing fastapi (0.50.0)
- Removing pydantic (1.10.12)
- Removing starlette (0.13.2)
- Removing typing-extensions (4.7.1)

결론

Conclusion

Conclusion

소프트웨어 공급망

- 소프트웨어 개발 생명 주기
- 소프트웨어 공급망
- 소프트웨어 공급망 공격

패키지 취약성

- **Log4j** 취약점 사태
- 의존성 그래프

Go 언어의 패키지 관리

- **go.mod** 파일의 패키지 의존성 관리
- **go.sum** 파일의 패키지 해시값 관리

govulncheck 활용법

- CLI 명령어
- IDE
- **Makefile** 파일
- **pre-commit** 훅(Hook)

Open Source Insight

- 패키지 검색 방법

deps.dev API

- API를 활용한 다른 프로그래밍 언어 활용