

# Boxing, and Unboxing

.NET

Subtyping between more complex **types** relates to subtyping between their components. If type **Cat** is a subtype of **Mammal**, then an instance of type **Cat** should be substitutable wherever an instance of type **Mammal** is used.

## Boxing

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/programming-guide/types/boxing-and-unboxing#boxing

# Unboxing

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/programming-guide/types/boxing-and-unboxing#unboxing

# The concept of **boxing** and **unboxing** underlies the C# **Unified Type System** in which a value of any **type** can be treated as an object.

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Boxing happens when any *value* type is cast to an *object*. The value is wrapped to give it reference-type behavior.

```
int i = 123;
// The following line boxes i.
object o = i;
```

**BOXING** is implicit

Unboxing extracts the *value* type from the object.

```
o = 123;
i = (int)o; // unboxing
```

UNBOXING is explicit

# **Boxing** to the object type allows different types to inhabit the same array.

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```
// String.Concat example.
// String.Concat has many versions. Rest the mouse pointer on
// Concat in the following statement to verify that the version
// that is used here takes three object arguments. Both 42 and
// true must be boxed.
Console.WriteLine(String.Concat("Answer", 42, true));
// List example.
// Create a list of objects to hold a heterogeneous collection
// of elements.
List<object> mixedList = new List<object>();
// Add a string element to the list.
mixedList.Add("First Group:");
// Add some integers to the list.
for (int j = 1; j < 5; j++)
   // Rest the mouse pointer over j to verify that you are adding
    // an int to a list of objects. Each element j is boxed when
   // you add j to mixedList.
   mixedList.Add(j);
```

```
// Add another string and more integers.
mixedList.Add("Second Group:");
for (int j = 5; j < 10; j++)
    mixedList.Add(j);
// Display the elements in the list. Declare the loop variable by
// using var, so that the compiler assigns its type.
foreach (var item in mixedList)
    // of mixedList are objects.
    Console.WriteLine(item);
// The following loop sums the squares of the first group of boxed
// integers in mixedList. The list elements are objects, and cannot
// be multiplied or added to the sum until they are unboxed. The
// unboxing must be done explicitly.
var sum = 0;
for (var j = 1; j < 5; j++)
    // The following statement causes a compiler error: Operator
    // '*' cannot be applied to operands of type 'object' and
    // 'object'.
    //sum += mixedList[j] * mixedList[j]);
    // After the list elements are unboxed, the computation does
    // not cause a compiler error.
    sum += (int)mixedList[j] * (int)mixedList[j];
```

#### Output

```
// The sum displayed is 30, the sum of 1 + 4 + 9 + 16.
Console.WriteLine("Sum: " + sum);
// Output:
// Answer42True
// First Group:
// Second Group:
// Sum: 30
```

### Unboxing

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/programming-guide/types/boxing-and-unboxing#unboxing

Unboxing is an explicit conversion from the type object to a value type or from an interface type to a value type that implements the interface. An unboxing operation consists of:

- Checking the object instance to make sure that it is a boxed value of the given value type.
- Copying the value from the instance into the value-type variable.

```
int i = 123;  // a value type
object o = i;  // boxing
int j = (int)o;  // unboxing
```

```
class TestUnboxing
{
    static void Main()
    {
        int i = 123;
        object o = i; // implicit boxing

        try
        {
            int j = (short)o; // attempt to unbox

            System.Console.WriteLine("Unboxing OK.");
        }
        catch (System.InvalidCastException e)
        {
                System.Console.WriteLine("{0} Error: Incorrect unboxing.", e.Message);
        }
    }
}
```

Specified cast is not valid. Error: Incorrect unboxing.