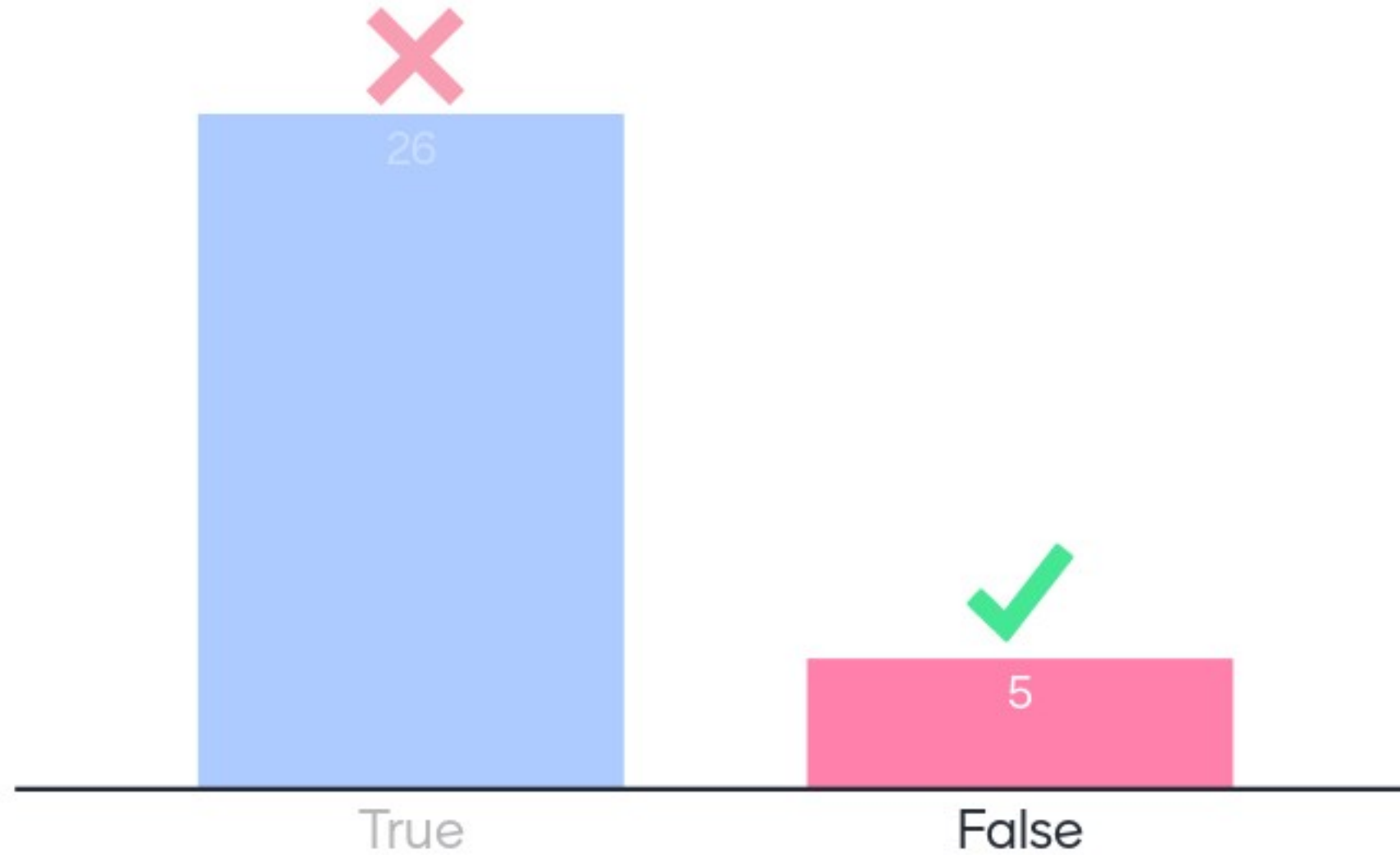
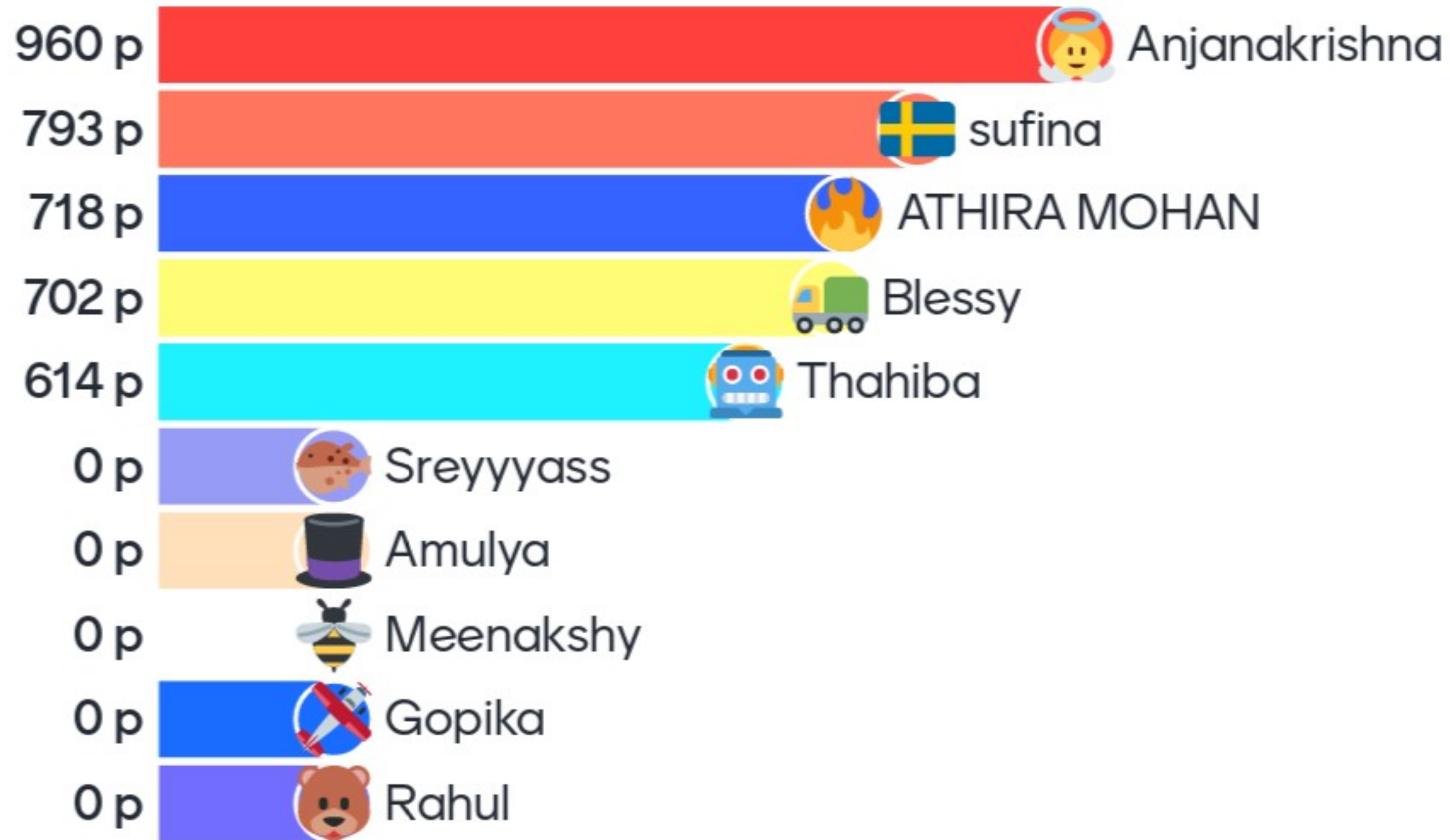


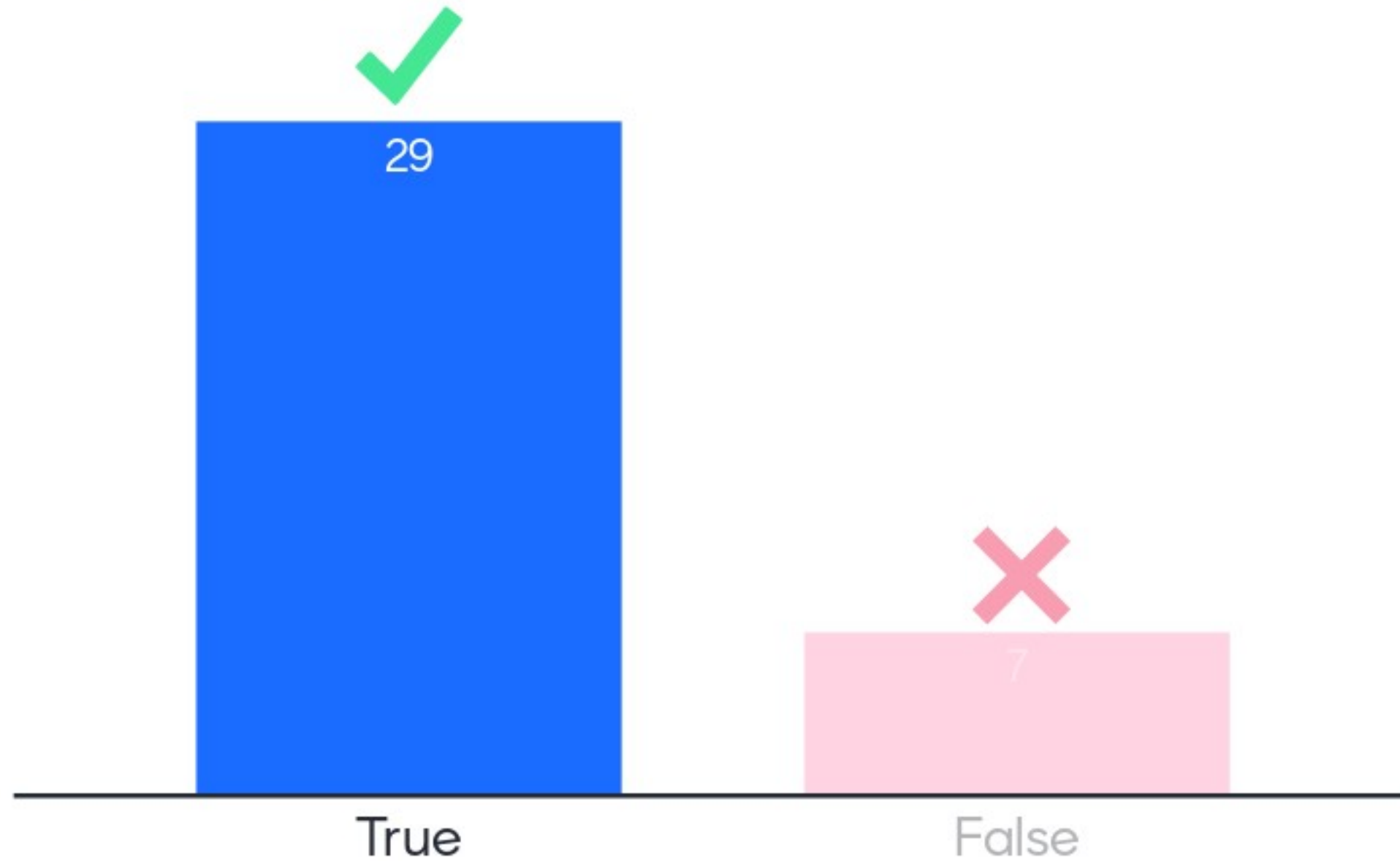
The operator `[n:m]` returns the part of the string from the "n-eth" character to the "m-eth" character, including the first and the last



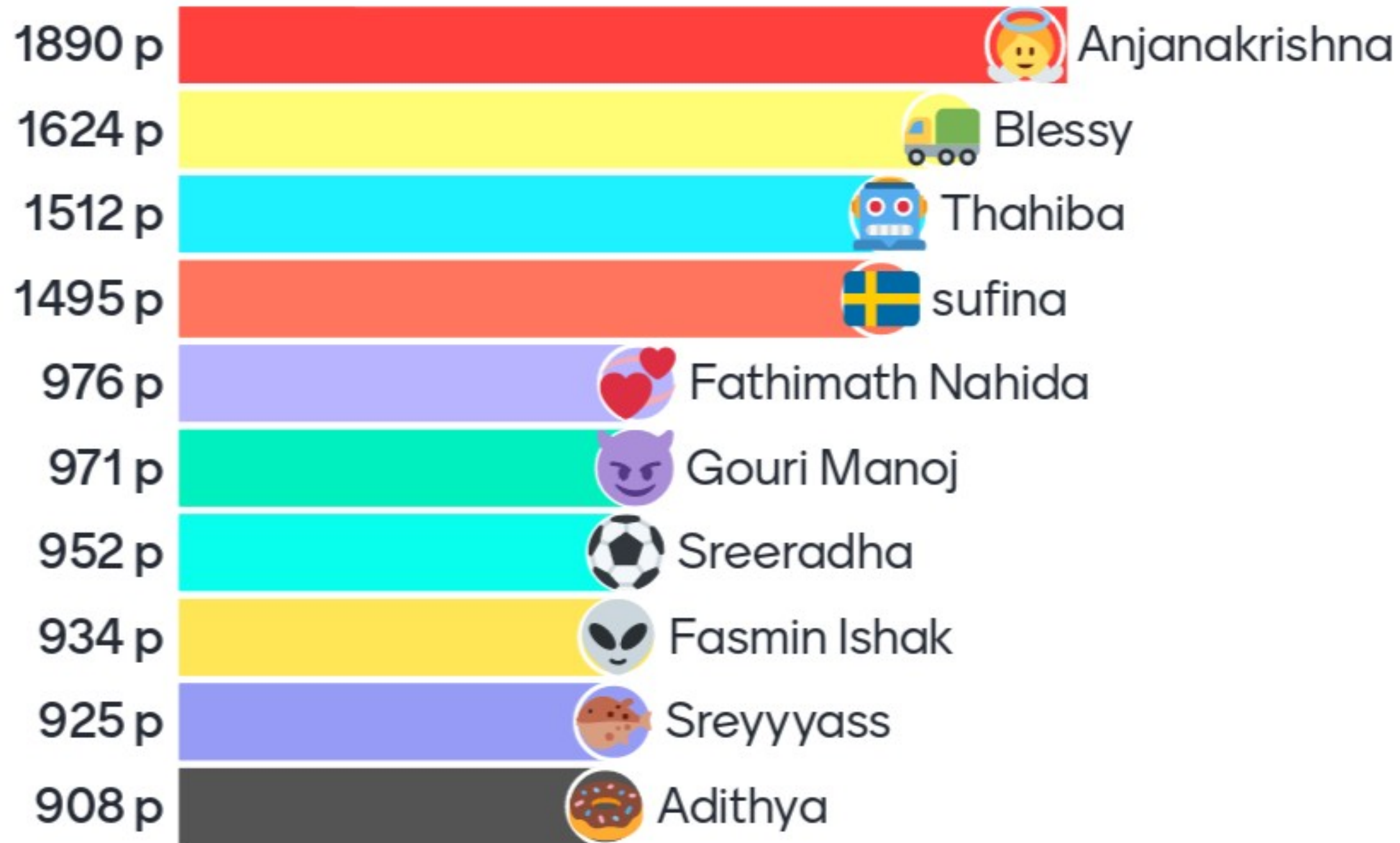
# Leaderboard



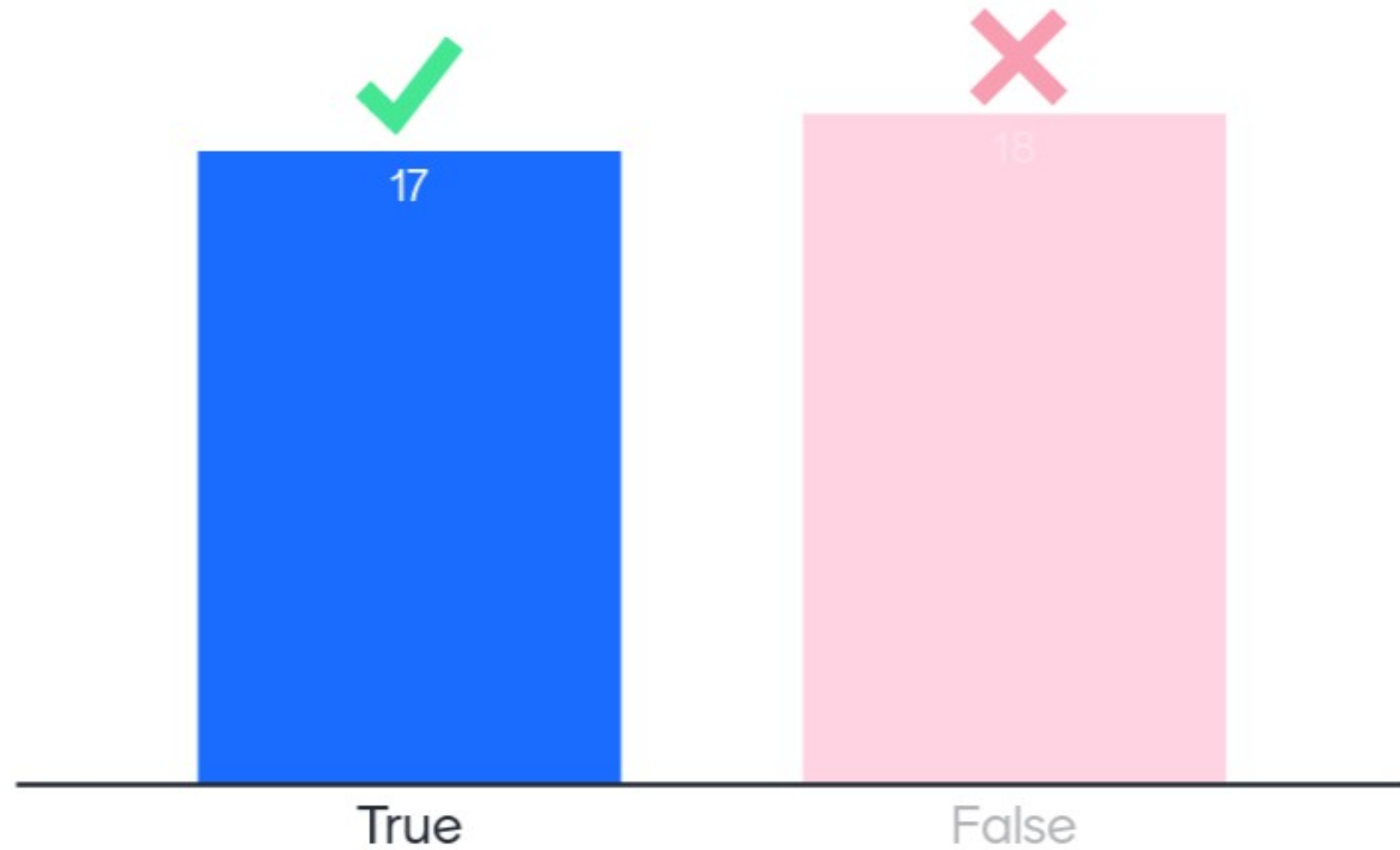
If you omit the first index (before the colon), the slice starts at the beginning of the string.



# Leaderboard

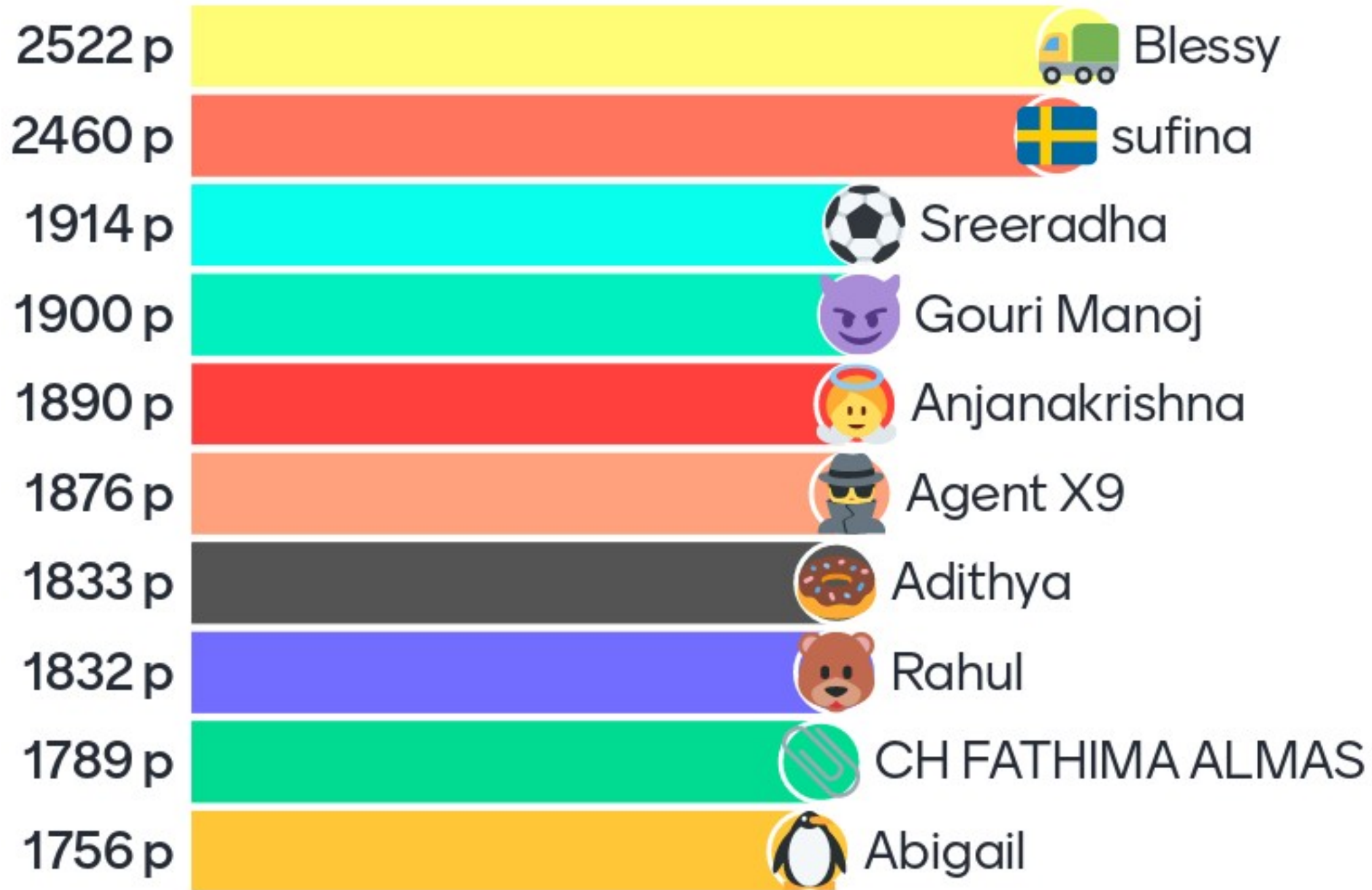


If you omit the second index, the slice goes to the end of the string

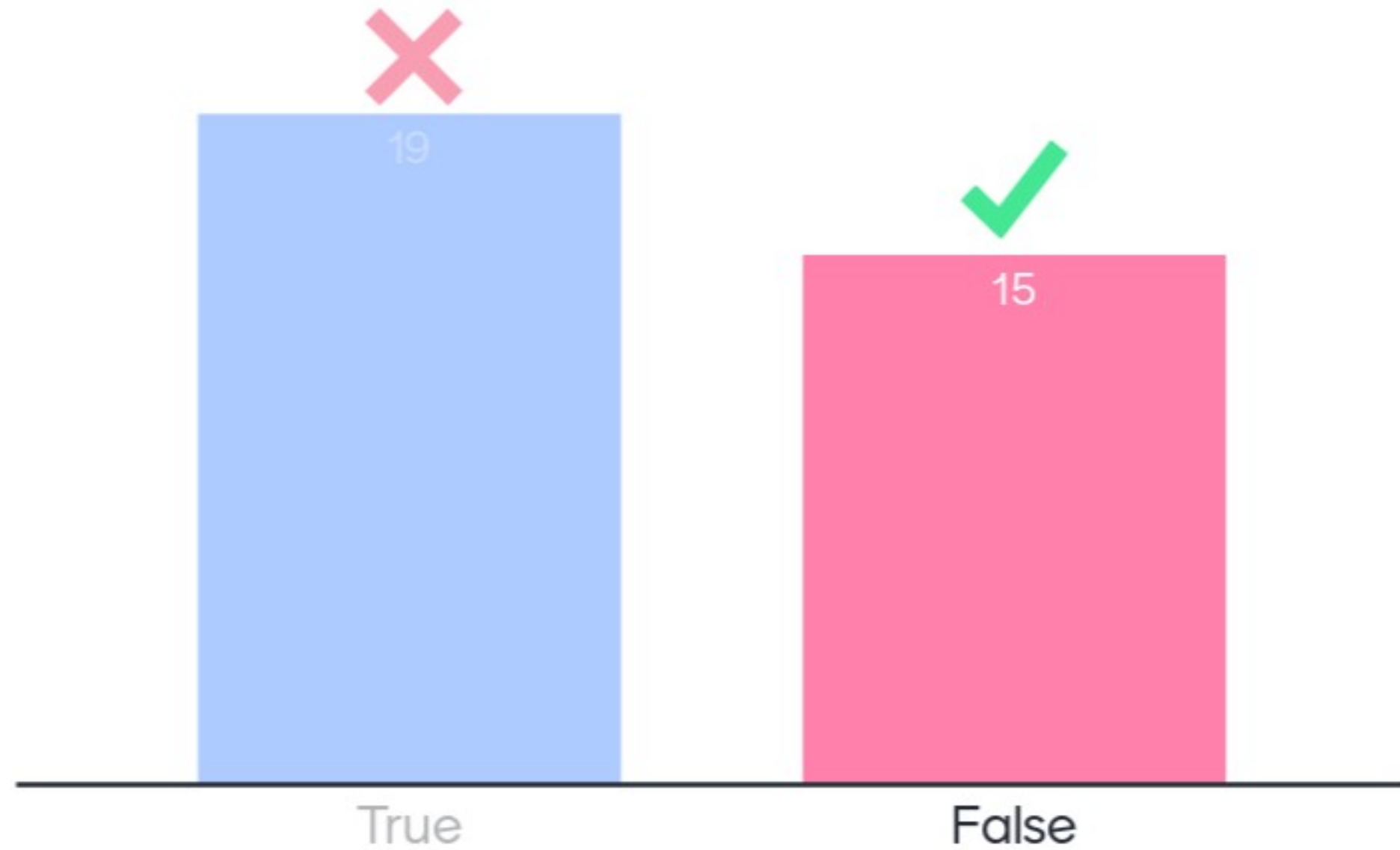




# Leaderboard



All the lowercase letters come before all uppercase letters.



# Leaderboard

