

# Angular Services

.NET

Services are a great way to share information among classes that don't know each other and to make requests to an API.

Components should never fetch or save data directly.

### Dependency Injection – Services and Injectables

https://angular.io/guide/glossary#dependency-injection-dihttps://angular.io/guide/dependency-injection

**Components** should always delegate data access to a **Service**. A **Service** can get data from an API web service, local storage, a mock data source, and more.

**Services** are integral to Angular. A **service** is an instance of a class that you can make available to any part of your application using **Angular**'s **Dependency Injection** system.

A **Service** is your portal to persist data and have methods to access that data.

The @Injectable() decorator accepts a metadata object for the service, the same way the @Component() decorator does for component classes.

```
import { Injectable } from
import { Hero } from './hero
import { HEROES } from './m
@Injectable({
  providedIn: 'root'
3 references
export class HeroService {
  0 references
  getHeroes(): Hero[] {
    return HEROES;
  0 references
```

### Dependency Injection – Services and Injectables

https://angular.io/tutorial/toh-pt4#provide-the-heroservice

https://angular.io/guide/dependency-injection https://angular.io/guide/architecture-services

Services must be registered with Angular's Dependency Injection system before they can be injected into a *Component*.

By default, the *Angular CLI* command ng generate service registers a *provider* with the *root* injector for your *Service* by including *provider* metadata that's providedIn: 'root' in the @Injectable() *decorator* of the *Service Component*.

When a **Service** is provided at the root level, Angular creates a single, shared instance of the **Service** and injects it into any class that <u>asks</u> for it.

Angular will also remove any unused Services.

```
import { Injectable } from
import { Hero } from './hero
import { HEROES } from './m
@Injectable({
  providedIn: 'root'
3 references
export class HeroService {
  0 references
  getHeroes(): Hero[] {
    return HEROES;
  0 references
```

## Angular – Use DI to Get a Service

https://angular.io/tutorial/toh-pt4

#### Create a service:

- 1. Create a **Service**:
  - ng generate service <ServiceName>.
- import { Hero } from '../hero';
  import { HeroService } from '../hero.service';
- 2. Import the *Injectable* symbol into the *Service Component*To allow the *Service* to be injected into *Components*:
  - import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
- Import the Service into the Component where it will be used:
  - import { ServiceName } from '../relative/location';.
- 4. Inject the **Service** into the constructor of the **Component** where it will be used:
  - constructor(private ServiceVariableName: ServiceName) {}.

Use ngOnInit() to access and retrieve data from a service on instantiation of the *Component* instead of using the constructor.

```
0 references | 1 reference
constructor(private heroService: HeroService) {}

1 reference
getHeroes(): void {
    this.heroes = this.heroService.getHeroes();
}

6 references
ngOnInit(): void {
    this.getHeroes();
}
```