

# Tag Helpers

.NET

Tag Helpers enable serverside code to participate in creating and rendering HTML elements.

# There are two types of 'Helpers'.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/mvc/overview/older-versions-1/views/creating-custom-html-helpers-cshttps://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/tag-helpers/intro?view=aspnetcore-5.0

#### HTML Helpers

An *HTML Helper* is a method in the HTML page that returns a string. The string can represent any type of content. You can use *HTML Helpers* to render standard HTML tags like HTML <input> and <img> tags. *HTML Helpers* help to render complex content such as tab strips or HTML tables.

The ASP.NET MVC framework includes:

Html.ActionLink(), Html.BeginForm(),

Html.CheckBox(), Html.DropDownList(),

Html.EndForm(), Html.Hidden(), Html.ListBox(),

Html.Password(), Html.RadioButton(),

Html.TextArea(), Html.TextBox() and more.

#### **MVC** Tag Helpers

ASP.NET Core *Tag Helpers* enable server-side code to participate in creating and rendering HTML elements in Razor files (.cshtml).

There are *Tag Helpers* for creating forms and links, loading assets, etc. *Tag Helpers* are written in C# and they target HTML elements based on element name, attribute name, or parent tag. *Tag Helpers* reduce the explicit transitions between HTML and C# in Razor views.

HTML Helpers provide an alternative approach to a specific Tag Helper and Tag Helpers don't replace all HTML Helpers.

# Tag Helpers vs HTML Helpers

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/tag-helpers/intro?view=aspnetcore-5.0#what-are-tag-helpers https://www.tutorialrepublic.com/html-tutorial/html-elements.php

**Tag Helpers** are preferable to HTML Helpers for a variety of reasons. They:

- are written in C#
- target HTML elements based on element name, attribute name, or parent tag
- reduce explicit transitions between HTML and C#
- provide a HTML-friendly environment because the syntax is familiar to front-end designers.
- provide IntelliSense.
- target standard HTML elements
- provide attributes created server-side on the model to the element.

HTML Helpers can be used when a specific Tag Helper is unavailable.

Tag Helper:

<label asp-for="Movie.Title"></label>

HTML Helper:

<label for="Movie\_Title">Title</label>

# <Form> Tag Helper

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/working-with-forms?view=aspnetcore-5.0#the-form-tag-helper

- Must be used in conjunction with the asp-controller and asp-action Tag
   Helpers and the [ValidateAntiForgeryToken] attribute on the Action method.
- Automatically generates a hidden Request Verification Token to prevent cross-site request forgery (CSRF).
- The Alternative, Html.BeginForm, doesn't automatically include an antiforgery token.

```
<form asp-controller="Demo" asp-action="Register" method="post">
    <!-- Input and Submit elements -->
</form>
```

### <label> Tag Helper

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/working-with-forms?view=aspnetcore-5.0#the-label-tag-helper

The <label> tag helper <label asp-for="Name">, gives the label for a model value. It's html helper equivalent is Html.LabelFor().

The <a href="#">Iabel</a> Tag Helper provides the following benefits over a pure HTML <a href="#">Iabel</a> element:

- Get the descriptive label value from the [Display] attribute in the *Model*.
- Less markup in the source code
- Strong typing with the Model Properties.

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;

namespace FormsTagHelper.ViewModels
{
    public class SimpleViewModel
    {
        [Required]
        [EmailAddress]
        [Display(Name = "Email Address")]
        public string Email { get; set; }
    }
}
```

### <Input> Tag Helper

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/working-with-forms?view=aspnetcore-5.0#the-input-tag-helper

- The <input> Tag Helper binds an HTML <input> element to a model expression.
- <input asp-for="Name" /> is equal to @Html.EditorFor(m => m.Name)
- If a model is passed to the view, the form control will begin already populated with the model's values.
- Generates HTML5 validation attributes from data annotation attributes applied to the models properties.

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;

namespace FormsTagHelper.ViewModels
{
    public class RegisterViewModel
    {
        [Required]
        [EmailAddress]
        [Display(Name = "Email Address")]
        public string Email { get; set; }

        [Required]
        [DataType(DataType.Password)]
        public string Password { get; set; }
    }
}
```

```
@model RegisterViewModel

<form asp-controller="Demo" asp-action="RegisterInput" method="post">
        Email: <input asp-for="Email" /> <br />
        Password: <input asp-for="Password" /><br />
        <button type="submit">Register</button>
    </form>
```

# Validation Message Tag Helper

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/working-with-forms?view=aspnetcore-5.0#the-validation-message-tag-helper

- Used for <u>client-side validation</u> and displays the results of server-side validation when a form is rejected.
- <span asp-validation-for=""> is equal to html helper Html.ValidationMessageFor()
- Leverages model data attributes and jQuery to display validation error messages in the body of the <span> element and prevent the form from being submitted.
- It will also display server-side ModelState errors.

```
<span asp-validation-for="Email"></span>
```

# Validation Summary Tag Helper

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/working-with-forms?view=aspnetcore-5.0#the-validation-summary-tag-helper

asp-validation	Validation messages
= AII	Property and model level
= ModelOnly	Model
None	None

- asp-validation-summary is equivalent to html helper Html.ValidationSummary().
- also displays server-side ModelState errors.
- used to display a summary of validation messages.

### <select> Tag Helper

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/working-with-forms?view=aspnetcore-5.0#the-select-tag-helper

The <select> tag helper is equal to Html.DropDownListFor().

You give it the list of items and the property to put the selected item into.

The list should be an

IEnumerable < SelectListItem > (e.g. SelectList) property on the *model*.

```
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.Rendering;
using System.Collections.Generic;

namespace FormsTagHelper.ViewModels
{
    public class CountryViewModel
    {
        public string Country { get; set; }

        public List<SelectListItem> Countries { get; } = new List<SelectListItem> {
            new SelectListItem { Value = "MX", Text = "Mexico" },
            new SelectListItem { Value = "CA", Text = "Canada" },
            new SelectListItem { Value = "US", Text = "USA" },
        };
    }
}
```

## <a> (anchor) Tag Helper

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/tag-helpers/built-in/anchor-tag-helper?view=aspnetcore-5.0#anchor-tag-helper-attributes

- The <a> Tag Helper is equal to Html.ActionLink(). It is used to create a link to specify a Controller/Action method.
- If the asp-controller attribute is specified and asp-action isn't, the default asp-action value will be the Action associated with the currently executing View.

```
<a asp-controller="Speaker"
asp-action="Index">All Speakers</a>
```

```
<a asp-controller="Speaker"
asp-action="Evaluations">Speaker Evaluations</a>
```

# <a> (anchor) Tag Helper

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/mvc/views/tag-helpers/built-in/anchor-tag-helper?view=aspnetcore-5.0#anchor-tag-helper-attributes

 asp-route-id enables a wildcard route prefix. Any value occupying the {value} placeholder in the URL is interpreted as a potential route parameter. If a default route isn't found, this route prefix is appended to the generated href attribute as a request parameter and value.