```
//copy one <u>arraylist</u> into another <u>arraylist</u>.
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Iterator;
public class ArrayListDemo1 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            ArrayList<Integer> al = new ArrayList<Integer>();
            al.add(10); // 0th index
            al.add(20); // 1st index
            al.add(30); // 2nd index
            ArrayList<Integer> al2 = new ArrayList<Integer>();
            al2.add(40); // 0th index
            al2.add(50); // 1st index
            al2.add(60); // 2nd index
            al.addAll(al2);
            System.out.println("copy arraylist is=" + al);
            Iterator<Integer> itr = al.iterator();
            while (itr.hasNext()) {
                  System.out.println(itr.next());
            }
      }
}
//Design the generic <u>arraylist</u> for Integer type only
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class ArrayListDemo2 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            ArrayList<Integer> al= new ArrayList<Integer>();
            al.add(10);
            al.add(20);
            al.add(30);
```

```
for(int i: al) {
                  System.out.println(""+i);
            }
      }
}
//Design the generic arraylist for String type only
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class ArrayListDemo3 {
public static void main(String[] args) {
            ArrayList<String> al= new ArrayList<String>();
            al.add("10");
            al.add("20");
            al.add("30");
            for(String str: al) {
                  System.out.println(""+str);
            }
      }
}
//program for demonstrate the arraylist method
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class ArrayListDemo4 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            ArrayList al= new ArrayList();
            al.add(10);
            al.add(20);
            <u>al.add(50)</u>;
            al.add(2,75);
            System.out.println("size of list is="+al.size());
            System.out.println("List="+al);
            System.out.println(al.contains(80));
      }
```

```
}
//how to sort arraylist
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collections;
public class ArrayListDemo6 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
           ArrayList<String> al= new ArrayList<String>();
           al.add("shubham");
           al.add("rahul");
           al.add("laxman");
           al.add("snehal");
           al.add("kshitija");
           al.add("yogesh");
           al.add("piyush");
           al.add("pushkar");
           al.add("ajay");
           Collections.sort(al);
           System.out.println(al);
      }
}
//merge two arraylist into one arraylist
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class ArrayListDemo7 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
           ArrayList<Integer> al=new ArrayList<Integer>();
```

```
al.add(10);
           al.add(20);
           al.add(30);
           ArrayList<Integer> al1=new ArrayList<Integer>();
           al1.add(40);
           al1.add(50);
           al1.add(60);
           ArrayList<Integer> al2=new ArrayList<Integer>();
           al2.addAll(al);
           al2.addAll(al1);
           System.out.println("Merge list element is>>"+al2);
     }
}
//create the <u>arraylist</u> for user defined type for employee
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.*;
public class ArrayListDemo8 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
           ArrayList<Employee> arrayList = new ArrayList<Employee>();
           arrayList.add(new Employee(20, "ram", "25000"));
           arrayList.add(new Employee(30, "sohan", "15000"));
//by using iterator
           Iterator<Employee> itr = arrayList.iterator();
           while (itr.hasNext()) {
                 System.out.println("employee list>>" + itr.next());
           }
//by using for each loop
for(Employee e1: arrayList) {
                 System.out.println("data is>>"+e1);
           }
```

```
}
}
package com.arraylist;
public class Employee {
     // id, name, salary.
     int id;
     String name;
     String salary;
      public Employee(int id, String name, String salary) {
           super();
           this.id = id;
           this.name = name;
           this.salary = salary;
     }
     public int getId() {
           return id;
     }
     public void setId(int id) {
           this.id = id;
      }
     public String getName() {
           return name;
     }
     public void setName(String name) {
           this.name = name;
     }
     public String getSalary() {
           return salary;
      }
     public void setSalary(String salary) {
           this.salary = salary;
```

```
}
     @Override
     public String toString() {
           return "Employee [id=" + id + ", name=" + name + ", salary="
+ salary + "]";
     }
}
// Design the method to return the list of Employees in arraylist.
public List<Employee> getEmployeeList() {
           List<Employee> list = new ArrayList<Employee>();
           list.add(new Employee("Jeevan", "Kulkarni"));
           list.add(new Employee("Ram", "Pawar"));
           return list;
     }
//Design the method to return arraylist to method
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.ArrayList;
* public Employee addEmployee(){
* Employee emp= new Employee();
   return emp;
*/
public class EmployeeList {
     public ArrayList getEmployeedata() {
           ArrayList arrayList = new ArrayList();
           arrayList.add(10);
           arrayList.add(20);
           arrayList.add(30);
           return arrayList;
```

```
}
package com.arraylist;
import java.util.ArrayList;
/*how insert the elements into list for type string and integer and iterate
* by using for each loop
* */
public class ArrayListDemo4 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
           ArrayList arrayList = new ArrayList();
            arrayList.add(50);
            arrayList.add(10);
           arrayList.add("ram");
           for(Object o: arrayList) {
                  System.out.println(o);
            }
      }
}
//Using Lambda Function to Iterate
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class ArrayListDemo {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
                        ArrayList<String> list = new ArrayList<String>();
                       list.add("pune");
                       list.add("mumbai");
                       list.add("bangalore");
                        list.forEach(arrayList ->
System.out.println(arrayList));
      }
}
```