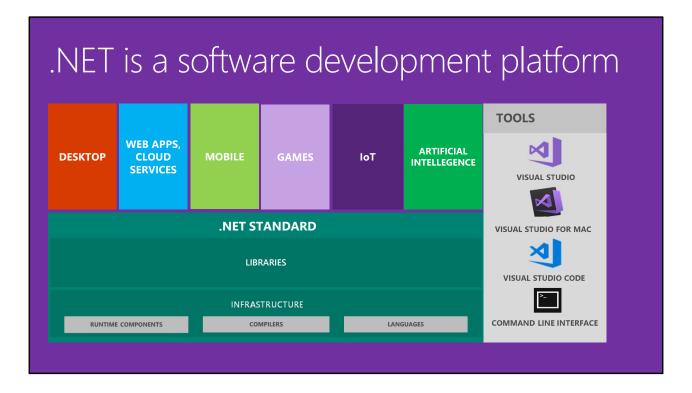


What is .NET?

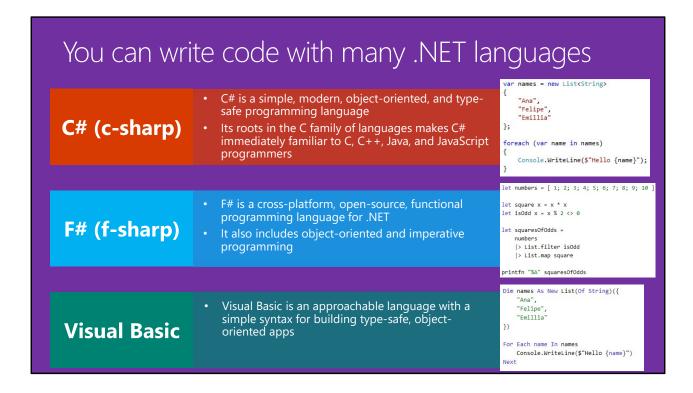
So what is .NET?



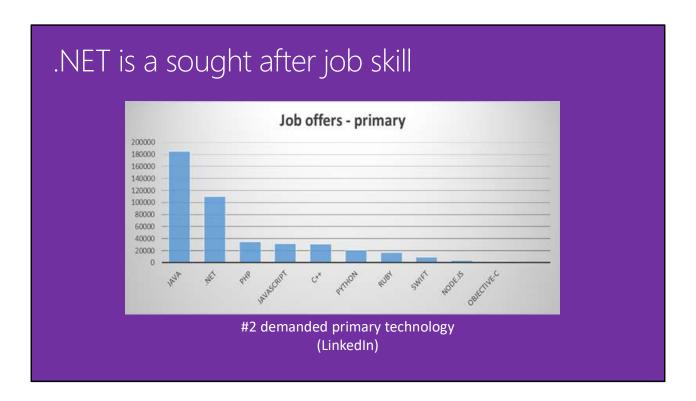
You can build anything with .NET. It is an entire software development platform that takes care of a lot of the heavy lifting for you when you want to build an application. Applications frameworks help you build the specific types of apps or workloads and enable you to literally build any app for any platform with any operating system. Each .NET workload shares a common infrastructure and .NET Standard library. This means not only are your .NET skills portable, but your *actual code* is portable no matter what you're building. This makes it easy to share reusable components (called libraries) across the breadth of applications people build.

Additionally, there are a broad set of development tools that makes it really productive to write, debug, build and manage code bases.

See: www.dot.net



(Speak to slide bullet points.)

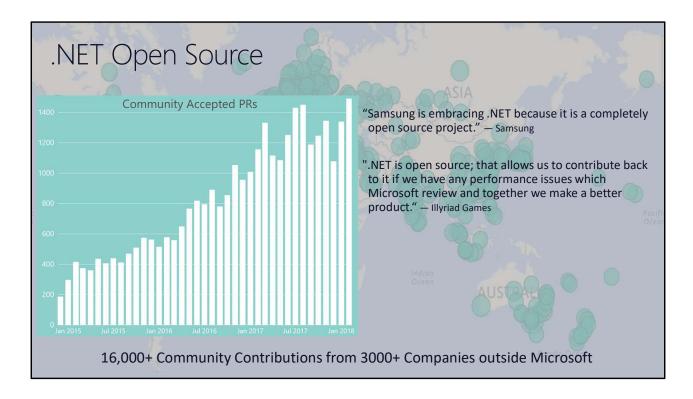


Everybody wants to have a successful career and that means finding a job. There are a LOT of .NET jobs available since it's been around for over 15 years. And in general, there are a huge amount of programming jobs.



Of course, we couldn't do any of this this without the open source community.

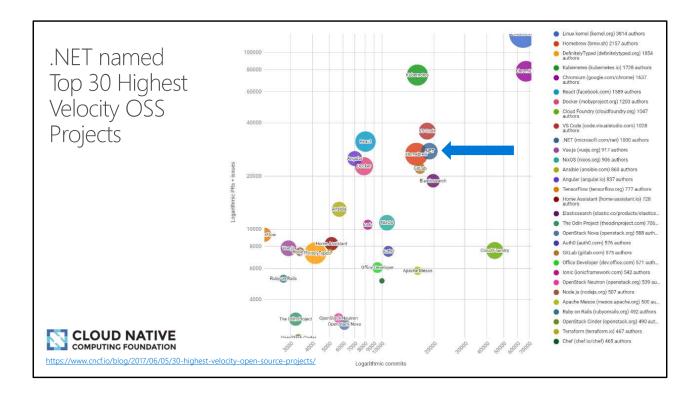
Open source is about accepting people's diverse opinions and combined intelligence to build something amazing. There are thousands of people all over the world contributing to the .NET platform.



We've seen companies taking a bet on .NET because it's a completely open source project. More than 16,000 contributors\* from 3300 companies have contributed to .NET Core and related open source repositories, with over half of the contributions coming from outside Microsoft.

Samsung is a big partner and are releasing their new Smart TVs that support .NET. They plan to expand to all their IoT devices too. Illyriad Games, specifically Ben Adams, contributed many performance enhancements to the platform. They build a MMO with hundreds of thousands of concurrent users so performance is super important to them. These enhancements not only benefit them but everyone that uses .NET.

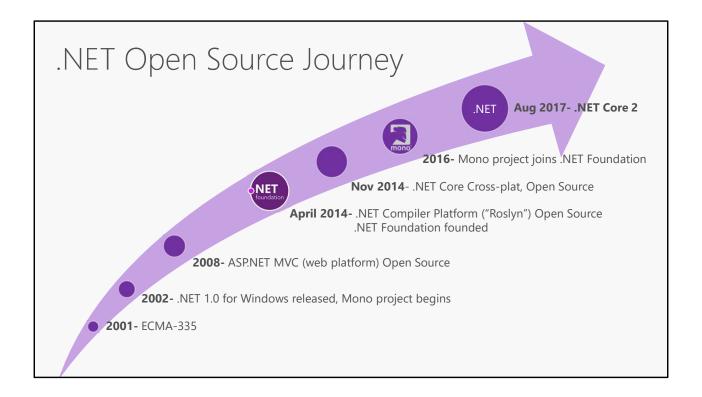
<sup>\*</sup>contributor = Submitted a Pull Request or Created an Issue



Jim Zemlin, Executive director of Linux foundation said "There are 10's of millions of open source projects, invest in the ones with sustainable ecosystems". .NET is one of those projects. June 5<sup>th</sup> 2017, CNCF released an analysis of the top 30 highest velocity open source projects today. This is a logarithmic scale to measure OSS project velocity with commits on the X axis and PRs and issues on the Y axis, with # of authors indicated by the size of the circle. The farther upper right the more activity a project has. Linux Kernel is #1, followed by Chromium, Kubernetes and VSCode. Notice .NET is the #1 application framework.

### **Updated live:**

https://cdn.rawgit.com/cncf/velocity/d6f852d9/charts/top\_30\_bubble\_chart\_2017.html



This didn't happen overnight. Here's a little history of .NET open source.....

Dec 2001-Feb 2002.

A new platform is born. Along with HP, Intel and others, the ECMA-335 standard was created that defined a common language infrastructure to support multiple programming languages. C# and Visual Basic.NET were released and F# came later in 2007, but there are over 20 other .NET languages today. Visual Studio .NET was released and included C#, VB, C++ development all in one box. This was the first IDE that was truly integrated across multiple languages.

**Mono project begins.** The CLI spec gave others the ability to create their own .NET implementations. Even though Microsoft built the first .NET Framework for Windows-only, the spec was intentionally portable across OSes and chipsets. The Mono project began, spearheaded by

Miguel de Icaza, with the goal to implement Microsoft's new .NET development platform on Linux and Unix-like platforms. Later, Miguel started Xamarin which focused on cross-platform, native, mobile development with C#, built upon Mono. This allows developers to use C# and .NET to build apps for iOS and Android. Unity games development also emerged from Mono.

### 2008.

**ASP.NET MVC web development stack is released to CodePlex as open source.** This was the first application development framework from Microsoft to be released as open source. The underlying runtime and compilers were still closed however.

### 2014.

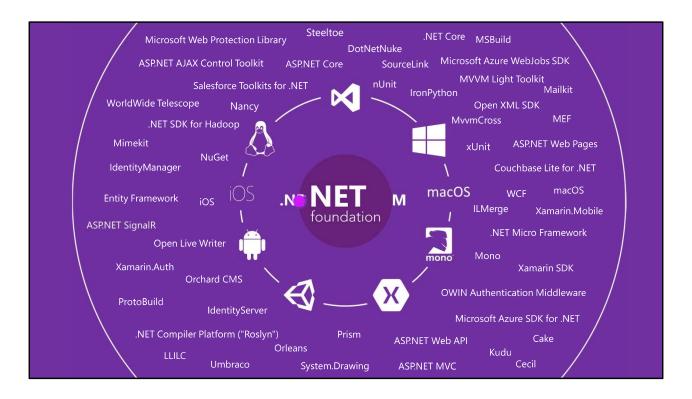
Hell freezes over & pigs fly. Early 2014 at Microsoft's BUILD conference, Anders Hejlsberg, the father of C#, releases the .NET Compiler Platform "Roslyn" as open source on stage. Later in November, .NET Core project begins in the open. The technology world is shocked, and the .NET community is excited. .NET Core is a new cloud-native implementation of .NET that is geared for cross-platform, hyper-scale services as well as small IoT devices. It's meant to bring .NET into the next 15 years of computing. And the community has been extremely supportive.

### 2016.

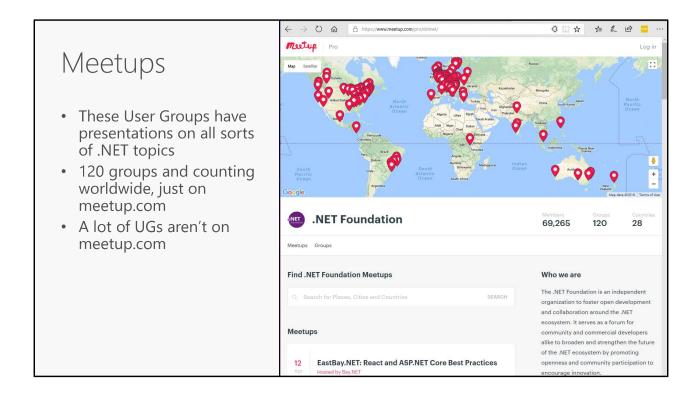
**Mono comes home.** In early 2016, Microsoft finally acquires Xamarin and brings Miguel de Icaza into Developer Division. Mono joins the .NET foundation and is officially supported and contributed to by Microsoft. The Microsoft community officially meets the Mono community.

### 2017.

**.NET Core 2.0 Released.** Our cross platform and open source implementation of .NET finally releases to the world with unified tooling support across multiple operating systems and editors.



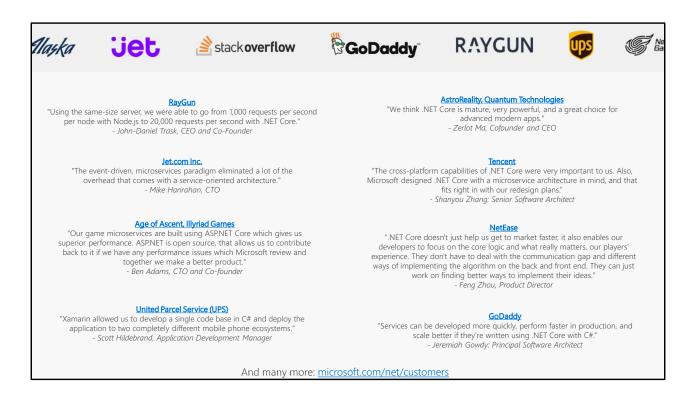
The .NET Foundation is our center of gravity for open development and collaboration around the .NET ecosystem. The .NET Foundation has over 60 projects and hundreds of repos under its stewardship. Open Source Software foundations provide protection, support, services and best practices for helping each project be successful and to grow the ecosystem of people and software.



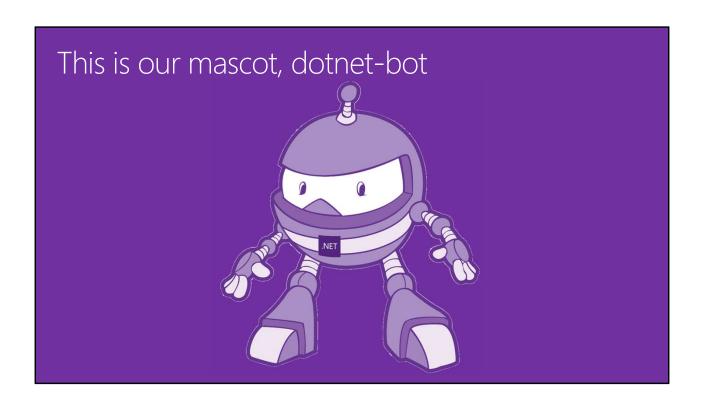
We're a huge community and the .NET Foundation is key to help foster it. We have over 4 million developers worldwide and .NET has grown its developer base by 1 million over the last year. There are meetups all over the world that speak on all sorts of .NET topics and application development. Here are the ones on meetup.com.

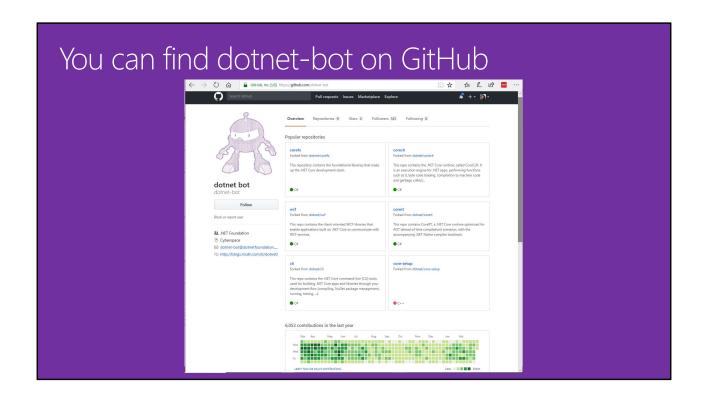


And it's not just individual developers, it's large companies that are invested in the future of .NET. .NET is bigger than Microsoft. The technical steering group of the .NET Foundation is responsible for guiding .NET into the future together with industry partners.

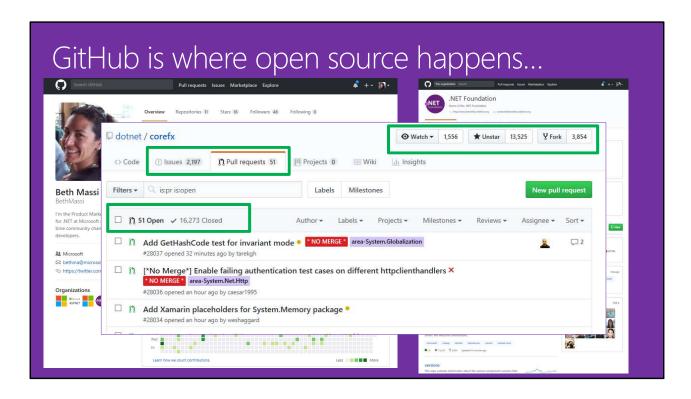


Our customers have been embracing the productivity in our platform, languages and tools for 15+ years. We're now gaining existing customers as well as new ones on our cloudnative, cross-platform, and device-native approaches with these new architectures. Here are just a few. There are many more (and their stories) on our website.

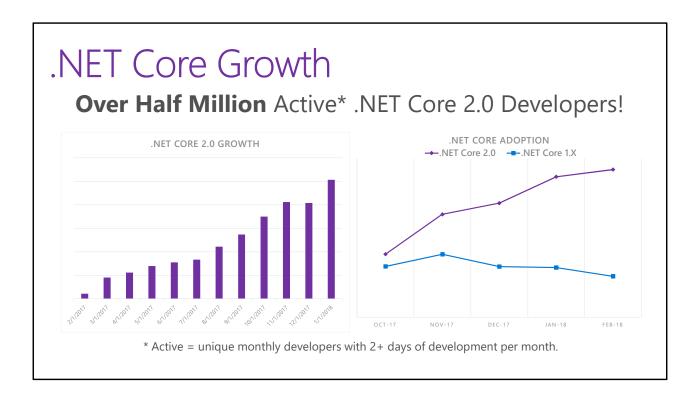




Dotnet-bot helps us check the contributions (called Pull Requests) to make sure they are the developer's original work. Dotnet-bot does this by checking if people have signed a contributor license agreement. This makes sure that the code that is submitted isn't stolen from another product or company.



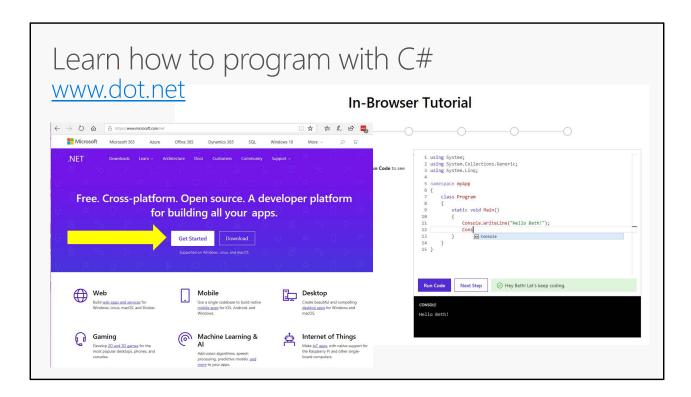
I encourage you to look through GitHub – there are millions of open source projects there, some big, some small. To give you a sense of the size of .NET, take a look at how many PRs we've had, open discussions happening in issues, and stars (or likes) we've got.



And our usage is growing. As of February 2018, if we take a look at just the cross-platform, web workload (.NET Core) you can see we are already over a half million active developers per month. Active means unique developers with 2+ days of development per month.

On average we're seeing double digit percentage growth of .NET Core MoM since 2.0 release in August. Metric includes .NET Core CLI + .NET Core in Visual Studio, 2day+ Active.

.NET all up across other workloads is also growing rapidly. We have 4M active developers. We get about 450K new developers/Month and we see a 15% growth in Community PR's MoM.



So you want to learn .NET? Start with a language. We make it easy to get started learning right in your browser.

# Demo Get started with .NET in your browser

In-Browser tutorial:

www.dot.net → Get Started → Select In-browser tutorial https://www.microsoft.com/net/learn/in-browser-tutorial/1

-- Have the class walk through some of the lessons.

# Make it easier with some free tools <a href="https://www.VisualStudio.com">www.VisualStudio.com</a>



# **Visual Studio**

A fully-featured, integrated development environment (IDE) for developing .NET apps on a Windows PC development machine.



## **Visual Studio Code**

Open source, cross-platform editor with .NET support.



## **Visual Studio for Mac**

A fully-featured editor for developing .NET apps on a Mac OS development machine.

We also have free tools that can help you build your apps.

# Demo Get started with .NET on your computer

### Machine demo:

Setup – install dotnet SDK

- ->> . Got to www.dot.net/core walk through the setup instructions for your operating system
- ->> . [Optional] Install an editor like Visual Studio Code (any OS) or Visual Studio (Windows) from www.visualstudio.com

Open terminal/command prompt

>dotnet new

Show all the templates you can use

>dotnet new web

Creates a web application

>dotnet run

Starts web app. Navigate a browser to localhost:5000 to show "Hello World"

> CTRL+C to stop web server

>code .

Open VSCode

Run through this tutorial:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/core/tutorials/with-visual-studio-code

