```
# A Neural Network Architecture Combining Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU) and
# Support Vector Machine (SVM) for Intrusion Detection in Network Traffic Data
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#
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"""Implementation of GRU+Softmax model"""
from __future__ import absolute_import
from __future__ import division
from future import print function
__version__ = "0.3.10"
__author__ = "Abien Fred Agarap"
import numpy as np
import os
import sys
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```
import tensorflow as tf
import time
class GruSoftmax:
  """Implementation of the GRU+Softmax model using TensorFlow"""
  def __init__(
    self, alpha, batch_size, cell_size, dropout_rate, num_classes, sequence_length
  ):
    """Initialize the GRU+Softmax class
    Parameter
    -----
    alpha: float
     The learning rate for the GRU+Softmax model.
    batch_size : int
     The number of batches to use for training/validation/testing.
    cell_size : int
     The size of cell state.
    dropout_rate : float
     The dropout rate to be used.
    num_classes: int
     The number of classes in a dataset.
    sequence_length: int
     The number of features in a dataset.
    .....
    self.alpha = alpha
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self.batch_size = batch_size
self.cell_size = cell_size
self.dropout_rate = dropout_rate
self.num_classes = num_classes
self.sequence_length = sequence_length
def __graph__():
  """Build the inference graph"""
  with tf.name_scope("input"):
    # [BATCH_SIZE, SEQUENCE_LENGTH]
    x_input = tf.placeholder(
      dtype=tf.uint8, shape=[None, self.sequence_length], name="x_input"
    )
    # [BATCH_SIZE, SEQUENCE_LENGTH, 10]
    x_onehot = tf.one_hot(
      indices=x_input,
      depth=10,
      on_value=1.0,
      off_value=0.0,
      name="x_onehot",
    )
    # [BATCH_SIZE]
    y_input = tf.placeholder(dtype=tf.uint8, shape=[None], name="y_input")
    # [BATCH_SIZE, N_CLASSES]
    y_onehot = tf.one_hot(
      indices=y_input,
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depth=self.num_classes,
    on_value=1.0,
    off_value=0.0,
    name="y_onehot",
  )
# [BATCH_SIZE, CELL_SIZE]
state = tf.placeholder(
  dtype=tf.float32, shape=[None, self.cell_size], name="initial_state"
)
learning_rate = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, name="learning_rate")
p_keep = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, name="p_keep")
cell = tf.contrib.rnn.GRUCell(self.cell_size)
drop_cell = tf.contrib.rnn.DropoutWrapper(cell, input_keep_prob=p_keep)
# outputs: [BATCH_SIZE, SEQUENCE_LENGTH, CELL_SIZE]
# states: [BATCH_SIZE, CELL_SIZE]
outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(
  drop_cell, x_onehot, initial_state=state, dtype=tf.float32
)
states = tf.identity(states, name="H")
with tf.name_scope("final_training_ops"):
  with tf.name_scope("weights"):
    weight = tf.get_variable(
      "weights",
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initializer=tf.random_normal(
         [self.cell_size, self.num_classes], stddev=0.01
      ),
    )
    self.variable_summaries(weight)
  with tf.name_scope("biases"):
    bias = tf.get_variable(
      "biases", initializer=tf.constant(0.1, shape=[self.num_classes])
    )
    self.variable_summaries(bias)
  hf = tf.transpose(outputs, [1, 0, 2])
  last = tf.gather(hf, int(hf.get_shape()[0]) - 1)
  with tf.name_scope("Wx_plus_b"):
    output = tf.matmul(last, weight) + bias
    tf.summary.histogram("pre-activations", output)
# Softmax
with tf.name_scope("loss"):
  loss = tf.reduce_mean(
    tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(
      logits=output, labels=y_onehot
    )
  )
tf.summary.scalar("loss", loss)
optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate).minimize(
  loss
```

)

```
with tf.name_scope("accuracy"):
    predicted_class = tf.nn.softmax(output)
    with tf.name_scope("correct_prediction"):
      correct = tf.equal(
        tf.argmax(predicted_class, 1), tf.argmax(y_onehot, 1)
      )
    with tf.name_scope("accuracy"):
      accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct, "float"))
  tf.summary.scalar("accuracy", accuracy)
  merged = (
    tf.summary.merge_all()
  ) # merge all the summaries collected from TF graph
  self.x_input = x_input
  self.y_input = y_input
  self.y_onehot = y_onehot
  self.p_keep = p_keep
  self.loss = loss
  self.optimizer = optimizer
  self.state = state
  self.states = states
  self.learning_rate = learning_rate
  self.predicted_class = predicted_class
  self.accuracy = accuracy
  self.merged = merged
sys.stdout.write("\n<log> Building Graph...")
__graph__()
```

```
def train(
  self,
  checkpoint_path,
  log_path,
  model_name,
  epochs,
  train_data,
  train_size,
  validation_data,
  validation_size,
  result_path,
):
  """Trains the model
  Parameter
  checkpoint_path: str
   The path where to save the trained model.
  log_path:str
   The path where to save the TensorBoard summaries.
  model_name: str
   The filename for the trained model.
  epochs: int
   The number of passes through the whole dataset.
  train_data : numpy.ndarray
   The NumPy array training dataset.
  train_size : int
```

sys.stdout.write("</log>\n")

```
The size of `train_data`.
validation_data : numpy.ndarray
 The NumPy array testing dataset.
validation_size : int
 The size of `validation_data`.
result_path: str
 The path where to save the actual and predicted classes.
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if not os.path.exists(path=checkpoint_path):
  os.mkdir(path=checkpoint_path)
saver = tf.train.Saver(max_to_keep=1000)
current_state = np.zeros(
  [self.batch_size, self.cell_size]
) # initialize H (current_state) with values of zeros
init_op = tf.group(
  tf.global_variables_initializer(), tf.local_variables_initializer()
) # variable initializer
timestamp = str(time.asctime()) # get the time in seconds since the Epoch
# create an event file to contain the TF graph summaries for training
train_writer = tf.summary.FileWriter(
  logdir=os.path.join(log_path, timestamp + "-training"),
  graph=tf.get_default_graph(),
)
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# create an event file to contain the TF graph summaries for validation
validation_writer = tf.summary.FileWriter(
  logdir=os.path.join(log_path, timestamp + "-validation"),
  graph=tf.get_default_graph(),
)
with tf.Session() as sess:
  sess.run(init_op)
  checkpoint = tf.train.get_checkpoint_state(checkpoint_path)
  # check if a trained model exists
  if checkpoint and checkpoint.model_checkpoint_path:
    # load the graph of the trained model
    saver = tf.train.import_meta_graph(
      checkpoint.model_checkpoint_path + ".meta"
    )
    # restore variables to resume training
    saver.restore(sess, tf.train.latest_checkpoint(checkpoint_path))
  try:
    for step in range(epochs * train_size // self.batch_size):
      # set the value for slicing
      # e.g. step = 0, batch_size = 256, train_size = 1898240
      # (0 * 256) % 1898240 = 0
      # [offset:(offset + batch_size)] = [0:256]
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offset = (step * self.batch_size) % train_size
train_example_batch = train_data[0][
  offset : (offset + self.batch_size)
]
train_label_batch = train_data[1][
  offset : (offset + self.batch_size)
]
# dictionary for key-value pair input for training
feed_dict = {
  self.x_input: train_example_batch,
  self.y_input: train_label_batch,
  self.state: current_state,
  self.learning_rate: self.alpha,
  self.p_keep: self.dropout_rate,
}
train_summary, _, predictions, actual, next_state = sess.run(
  [
    self.merged,
    self.optimizer,
    self.predicted_class,
    self.y_onehot,
    self.states,
  ],
  feed_dict=feed_dict,
)
# Display training accuracy every 100 steps and at step 0
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if step % 100 == 0:
  # get the train loss and accuracy
  train_loss, train_accuracy = sess.run(
    [self.loss, self.accuracy], feed_dict=feed_dict
  )
  # display train loss and accuracy
  print(
    "step [{}] train -- loss : {}, accuracy : {}".format(
      step, train_loss, train_accuracy
    )
  )
  # write the train summary
  train_writer.add_summary(train_summary, step)
  # save the model at the current step
  saver.save(
    sess=sess,
    save_path=os.path.join(checkpoint_path, model_name),
    global_step=step,
  )
current_state = next_state
self.save_labels(
  predictions=predictions,
  actual=actual,
  result_path=result_path,
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step=step,
       phase="training",
except KeyboardInterrupt:
  print("Training interrupted at {}".format(step))
  os._exit(1)
finally:
  print("EOF -- Training done at step {}".format(step))
  for step in range(epochs * validation_size // self.batch_size):
    offset = (step * self.batch_size) % validation_size
    test_example_batch = validation_data[0][
       offset : (offset + self.batch_size)
    ]
    test_label_batch = validation_data[1][
       offset : (offset + self.batch_size)
    ]
    # dictionary for key-value pair input for validation
    feed_dict = {
      self.x_input: test_example_batch,
      self.y_input: test_label_batch,
      self.state: np.zeros([self.batch_size, self.cell_size]),
      self.p_keep: 1.0,
    }
       validation_summary,
```

```
predictions,
  actual,
  validation_loss,
  validation_accuracy,
) = sess.run(
  [
    self.merged,
    self.predicted_class,
    self.y_onehot,
    self.loss,
    self.accuracy,
  ],
  feed_dict=feed_dict,
)
# Validate training every 100 steps
if step % 100 == 0 and step > 0:
  # add the validation summary
  validation_writer.add_summary(validation_summary, step)
  print(
    "step [{}] validation -- loss : {}, accuracy : {}".format(
      step, validation_loss, validation_accuracy
    )
  )
self.save_labels(
  predictions=predictions,
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result_path=result_path,
           step=step,
           phase="validation",
        )
      print("EOF -- Testing done at step {}".format(step))
@staticmethod
def predict(
  batch_size,
  cell_size,
  dropout_rate,
  num_classes,
  test_data,
  test_size,
  checkpoint_path,
  result_path,
):
  """Classifies the data whether there is an intrusion or none
  Parameter
  batch_size : int
   The number of batches to use for training/validation/testing.
  cell_size : int
   The size of cell state.
  dropout_rate : float
   The dropout rate to be used.
```

actual=actual,

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num_classes: int
 The number of classes in a dataset.
test_data: numpy.ndarray
 The NumPy array testing dataset.
test_size : int
 The size of `test_data`.
checkpoint_path: str
 The path where to save the trained model.
result_path: str
 The path where to save the actual and predicted classes array.
.....
# create initial RNN state array, filled with zeros
initial_state = np.zeros([batch_size, cell_size])
# cast the array to float32
initial_state = initial_state.astype(np.float32)
# variables initializer
init_op = tf.group(
  tf.global_variables_initializer(), tf.local_variables_initializer()
)
with tf.Session() as sess:
  sess.run(init_op)
  checkpoint = tf.train.get_checkpoint_state(checkpoint_path)
  if checkpoint and checkpoint.model_checkpoint_path:
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saver = tf.train.import_meta_graph(
    checkpoint.model_checkpoint_path + ".meta"
  saver.restore(sess, tf.train.latest_checkpoint(checkpoint_path))
  print(
    "Loaded model from {}".format(
      tf.train.latest_checkpoint(checkpoint_path)
    )
try:
  for step in range(test_size // batch_size):
    offset = (step * batch_size) % test_size
    test_example_batch = test_data[0][offset : (offset + batch_size)]
    test_label_batch = test_data[1][offset : (offset + batch_size)]
    # one-hot encode labels according to NUM_CLASSES
    label_onehot = tf.one_hot(test_label_batch, num_classes, 1.0, 0.0)
    y_onehot = sess.run(label_onehot)
    # dictionary for input values for the tensors
    feed_dict = {
      "input/x_input:0": test_example_batch,
      "initial_state:0": initial_state.astype(np.float32),
      "p_keep:0": dropout_rate,
    }
    # get the tensor for classification
```

```
softmax_tensor = sess.graph.get_tensor_by_name("accuracy/Softmax:0")
    predictions = sess.run(softmax_tensor, feed_dict=feed_dict)
    # add key, value pair for labels
    feed_dict["input/y_input:0"] = test_label_batch
    # get the tensor for calculating the classification accuracy
    accuracy_tensor = sess.graph.get_tensor_by_name(
      "accuracy/accuracy/Mean:0"
    )
    accuracy = sess.run(accuracy_tensor, feed_dict=feed_dict)
    if step \% 100 == 0 and step > 0:
      print("step [{}] test -- accuracy : {}".format(step, accuracy))
    GruSoftmax.save_labels(
      predictions=predictions,
      actual=y_onehot,
      result_path=result_path,
      step=step,
      phase="testing",
    )
except tf.errors.OutOfRangeError:
  print("EOF")
except KeyboardInterrupt:
  print("KeyboardInterrupt")
finally:
  print("EOF -- testing done at step {}".format(step))
```

```
@staticmethod
def variable_summaries(var):
 with tf.name_scope("summaries"):
    mean = tf.reduce_mean(var)
    tf.summary.scalar("mean", mean)
    with tf.name_scope("stddev"):
      stddev = tf.sqrt(tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(var - mean)))
    tf.summary.scalar("stddev", stddev)
    tf.summary.scalar("max", tf.reduce_max(var))
    tf.summary.scalar("min", tf.reduce_min(var))
    tf.summary.histogram("histogram", var)
@staticmethod
def save_labels(predictions, actual, result_path, step, phase):
  """Saves the actual and predicted labels to a NPY file
  Parameter
  predictions: numpy.ndarray
  The NumPy array containing the predicted labels.
  actual: numpy.ndarray
  The NumPy array containing the actual labels.
  result_path: str
  The path where to save the concatenated actual and predicted labels.
 step:int
  The time step for the NumPy arrays.
  phase: str
   The phase for which the predictions is, i.e. training/validation/testing.
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# Concatenate the predicted and actual labels
labels = np.concatenate((predictions, actual), axis=1)

if not os.path.exists(path=result_path):
    os.mkdir(path=result_path)

# save every labels array to NPY file
np.save(
    file=os.path.join(result_path, "{}-gru_softmax-{}.npy".format(phase, step)),
    arr=labels,
)
```