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ELEN 100L (Electric Circuits II): Project 2, Christian Garcia Alexander Luo

```
clear; clc; clf; cla; close all;
format long; format compact;
```

Setup global variables

```
% These Ideal Design element values are fixed in the circuit.
VG = 1;
            % Generator voltage
Vdd_pos = 15 ;
Vdd_neg = -15 ;
                            % Positive power supply voltage
                            % Negative power supply voltage
R1 ideal 2 = 5000
R2 ideal 2 = 5000
                             % Ohms
R3_{ideal_2} = 400
                          ;
                            % Ohms
R4_{ideal_2} = 1000
                         ; % Ohms
R5_ideal_2 = 1000
                         ;
                             % Ohms
C1_ideal_2 = 0.1e-6
                         ; % Farads
; % Farads
C2_{ideal_2} = 0.1e-6
R1_ideal_6 = 1000
                         ; % Ohms
R2_ideal_6 = 1000
                             % Ohms
                          ;
                         ; % Ohms
R3_{ideal_6} = 740.938
R4 ideal 6 = 1000
                         ; % Ohms
R5_{ideal_6} = 1000
                         ; % Ohms
                         ; % Farads
; % Farads
C1_{ideal_6} = 0.1e-6
C2_{ideal_6} = 0.1e-6
% Build an array for the R elements.
R_ideal_2 = [R1_ideal_2, R2_ideal_2, R3_ideal_2, R4_ideal_2,
R5 ideal 2];
R_ideal_6 = [R1_ideal_6, R2_ideal_6, R3_ideal_6, R4_ideal_6,
 R5 ideal 6];
% Build an array for the C elements.
C ideal 2 = [(0),
                                    (0), (0), (0)
                   (0),
  ; ...
```

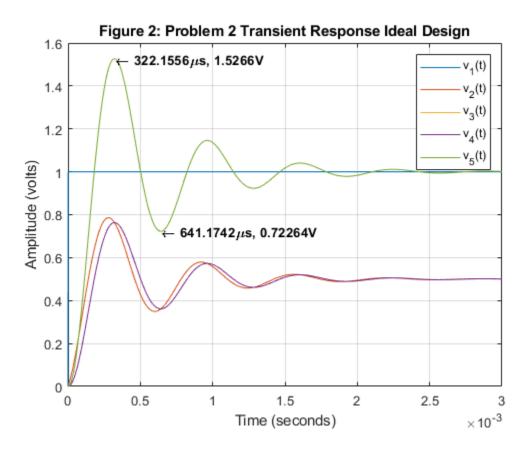
```
(0), -(C1_ideal_2),
                                 (0), (0),
 (C1 ideal 2); ...
                            (0), -(C2_ideal_2), (0), (0)
             (0),
  ; ...
                            (0),
             (0),
                                          (0), (0), (0)
  ; ...
             (0),
                            (0),
                                          (0), (0), (0)
                                                               1;
C_{ideal_6} = [ (0),
                            (0),
                                          (0), (0), (0)
  ; ...
             (0), -(C1_ideal_6),
                                         (0), (0),
 (C1_ideal_6); ...
                            (0), -(C2 ideal 6), (0), (0)
             (0),
  ; ...
                            (0),
             (0),
                                         (0), (0), (0)
  ; ...
             (0),
                            (0),
                                    (0), (0), (0)
                                                            ];
% Build an array for the source elements.
B = [VG; 0; 0; 0; 0];
% Build an array for the the time vector.
time2 = [0, 3*10^{(-3)}];
time6 = [0, 1*10^{(-3)}];
% Build an array for the the initial conditions.
x0 = [0; 0; 0; 0; 0]; % Assume everything is zero to start
% These values are used for plotting purposes.
fignum = 1;
plot_left_2 = 0; plot_right_2 = time2(2); % x-axis range
(seconds)
                    plot top 2 = VG+0.6;
plot bottom 2 = 0;
                                             % y-axis range (volts)
plot_left_6 = 0; plot_right_6 = time6(2); % x-axis range
 (seconds)
plot_bottom_6 = 0; plot_top_6 = VG+0.2; % y-axis range (volts)
```

Problem 2

```
% Display the component values for the Ideal design.
%

disp(' ');
disp('The Ideal Design component values are:');
fprintf(' R1 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R1_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' R2 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R2_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' R3 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R3_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' R4 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R4_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' R5 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R5_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' C1 = %+11.4e Farads.\n', C1_ideal_2 );
```

```
fprintf(' C2 = %+11.4e Farads.\n', C2_ideal_2);
The Ideal Design component values are:
    R1 = +5000.0000 \text{ Ohms}.
    R2 = +5000.0000 \text{ Ohms.}
    R3 =
           +400.0000 Ohms.
    R4 = +1000.0000 \text{ Ohms}.
    R5 = +1000.0000 \text{ Ohms}.
    C1 = +1.0000e-07 Farads.
    C2 = +1.0000e-07 Farads.
Calculate the MATLAB transient response for the Ideal design.
% Update the resistor variables used in the proj2E100_transient
 function
% before calling the ode23t solver.
R1_circuit = R1_ideal_2;
R2_circuit = R2_ideal_2;
R3_circuit = R3_ideal_2;
R4_circuit = R4_ideal_2;
R5_circuit = R5_ideal_2;
options = odeset('mass', C_ideal_2 , 'RelTol', 0.1e-9);
[t2, x2] = ode23t(@proj2E100_transient, [0 5], x0, options);
% Capture peak overshoot and undershoot voltages with indexes.
[v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_2 , ...
    v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_index_2 ] = max( x2(:,5) );
[v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2, ...
    v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_index_2] = ...
    min( x2(v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_index_2 + 1:size(t2),5) );
v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_index_2 = ...
    v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_index_2 + v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_index_2;
% Capture peak overshoot and undershoot time stamps at peak indexes.
t2_pk_overshoot_ideal_2 = t2( v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_index_2);
t2_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 = t2(v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_index_2);
Generate the MATLAB plot for the transient response.
fignum = fignum+1; figObj = figure(fignum); % Establish a figure
 number
set(fignum, 'Name', ...
    ['Prob 2: Transient Response Ideal Design']); % Name the figure
Tr_ideal_2_Plot = plot(t2, x2);
                                                   % Generate plot
grid on;
                                               % Turn grid on
xlabel('Time (seconds)');
                                               % Label the x-axis
ylabel('Amplitude (volts)');
                                               % Label the y-axis
axis([plot_left_2, plot_right_2, ...
      plot_bottom_2, plot_top_2]);
                                              % Bound plot
title(['Figure ',num2str(fignum,'%-2.u'),...
       ': Problem 2 Transient Response Ideal Design']);
legend('v_1(t)', 'v_2(t)', 'v_3(t)', 'v_4(t)', 'v_5(t)', ...
```



Display the MATLAB peak overshoot and undershoot values for the Ideal design.

```
disp(' ');
disp('The MATLAB peak overshoot and undershoot values are:');
fprintf('     V5 p.o. = %+11.4f Volts.\n',     v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_2);
fprintf('     V5 p.u. = %+11.4f Volts.\n',
     v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 );
fprintf('     t p.o. = %+11.4e seconds.\n', t2_pk_overshoot_ideal_2 );
fprintf('     t p.u. = %+11.4e seconds.\n',
     t2_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 );
```

```
The MATLAB peak overshoot and undershoot values are: V5\ p.o. = +1.5266\ Volts. V5\ p.u. = +0.7226\ Volts. t\ p.o. = +3.2216e-04\ seconds. t\ p.u. = +6.4117e-04\ seconds.
```

Problem 3

```
%This part requires screenshots for:
% LTSpice schematic
% The LTSpice voltage source setup (this is the gray settings box)
% The LT model transient analysis simulation setup(simulation
settings)
% The LTSpice simulation result
% Capture peak overshoot and undershoot voltages from the LTSpice
plot.
ltspice_v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_2 = 1.527;
ltspice_v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 = 0.722;
% Capture peak overshoot and undershoot time stamps from the LTSpice
plot.
ltspice t2 pk overshoot ideal 2 = 0.000317848;
ltspice_t2_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 = 0.00063569 ;
Display the LTSpice peak overshoot and undershoot values for the Ideal design.
disp(' ');
disp('The LTSpice peak overshoot and undershoot values are:');
          V5 p.o. = \$+11.4f Volts.\n', ...
    ltspice_v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_2);
            V5 p.u. = %+11.4f Volts.n', ...
    ltspice_v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2);
             t p.o. = \$+11.4e seconds.\n', ...
fprintf('
    ltspice_t2_pk_overshoot_ideal_2);
fprintf('
           t p.u. = %+11.4e seconds.\n', ...
    ltspice_t2_pk_undershoot_ideal_2);
The LTSpice peak overshoot and undershoot values are:
    V5 p.o. =
                  +1.5270 Volts.
    V5 p.u. =
                  +0.7220 Volts.
     t p.o. = +3.1785e-04 seconds.
     t p.u. = +6.3569e-04 seconds.
Calculate the percent difference at the peak overshoot and undershoot values between MATLAB and
LTSpice Ideal Designs.
diff_ideal_v5_pk_overshoot_2 = ...
    (ltspice_v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_2 - v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_2) ...
    /abs(v5 pk overshoot ideal 2)*100;
diff_ideal_v5_pk_undershoot_2 = (ltspice_v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 -
 v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2) ...
```

```
/abs(v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2)*100 ;
diff_ideal_t2_pk_overshoot_2 = (ltspice_t2_pk_overshoot_ideal_2 -
t2 pk overshoot ideal 2) ...
   /abs(t2_pk_overshoot_ideal_2)*100 ;
diff_ideal_t2_pk_undershoot_2 = (ltspice_t2_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 -
 t2_pk_undershoot_ideal_2) ...
   /abs(t2 pk undershoot ideal 2)*100 ;
disp(' ');
disp('The % difference between MATLAB and LTSpice at the peaks:');
fprintf('
           MATLAB V5 p.o. = %+11.4f Volts.\n', ...
        v5 pk overshoot ideal 2);
fprintf(' LTSpice V5 p.o. = %+11.4f Volts.\n', ...
        ltspice v5 pk overshoot ideal 2);
fprintf('
              %% diff = %+8.4f (%%).\n', ...
   diff_ideal_v5_pk_overshoot_2);
           MATLAB V5 p.u. = %+11.4f Volts.\n',
fprintf('
v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' LTSpice V5 p.u. = %+11.4f Volts.\n',
ltspice_v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 );
diff ideal v5 pk undershoot 2 );
fprintf('
            MATLAB t p.o. = %+11.4e seconds.\n',
t2_pk_overshoot_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' LTSpice t p.o. = %+11.4e seconds.\n',
ltspice_t2_pk_overshoot_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' %% diff = %+8.4f (%%).\n',
diff_ideal_t2_pk_overshoot_2 );
fprintf('
           MATLAB t p.u. = %+11.4e seconds.\n',
t2_pk_undershoot_ideal_2 );
fprintf(' LTSpice t p.u. = %+11.4e seconds.\n',
ltspice t2 pk undershoot ideal 2 );
               %% diff = %+8.4f (%%).\n',
fprintf('
diff_ideal_t2_pk_undershoot_2 );
The % difference between MATLAB and LTSpice at the peaks:
   MATLAB V5 p.o. = +1.5266 Volts.
   LTSpice V5 p.o. =
                        +1.5270 Volts.
       % diff = +0.0247 (%).
   MATLAB V5 p.u. =
                        +0.7226 Volts.
   LTSpice V5 p.u. =
                        +0.7220 Volts.
       % diff = -0.0881 (%).
   MATLAB t p.o. = +3.2216e-04 seconds.
   LTSpice t p.o. = +3.1785e-04 seconds.
       % diff = -1.3371 (%).
          t p.u. = +6.4117e-04 seconds.
   MATLAB
   LTSpice t p.u. = +6.3569e-04 seconds.
       % diff = -0.8553 (%).
```

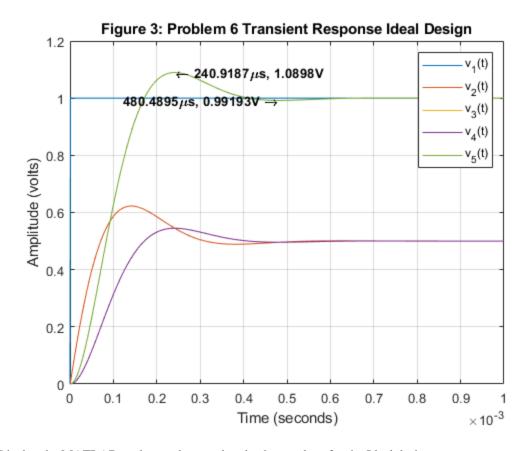
Problem 6

Display the component values for the Ideal design.

```
disp(' ');
disp('The Ideal Design component values are:');
fprintf(' R1 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R1 ideal 6);
fprintf('
            R2 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R2 ideal 6 );
fprintf('
           R3 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R3_ideal_6);
fprintf('
            R4 = %+11.4f Ohms.\n', R4 ideal 6 );
fprintf('
             R5 = +11.4f Ohms.\n', R5_ideal_6);
            C1 = %+11.4e Farads.\n', C1_ideal_6 );
fprintf('
fprintf('
            C2 = %+11.4e Farads.\n', C2_ideal_6);
The Ideal Design component values are:
    R1 = +1000.0000 \text{ Ohms}.
    R2 = +1000.0000 \text{ Ohms.}
    R3 =
           +740.9380 Ohms.
    R4 = +1000.0000 \text{ Ohms.}
    R5 = +1000.0000 \text{ Ohms}.
    C1 = +1.0000e-07 Farads.
    C2 = +1.0000e-07 Farads.
Calculate the MATLAB transient response for the Ideal design.
% Update the resistor variables used in the proj2E100_transient
 function
% before calling the ode23t solver.
R1_circuit = R1_ideal_6;
R2_circuit = R2_ideal_6;
R3_circuit = R3_ideal_6;
R4_circuit = R4_ideal_6;
R5_circuit = R5_ideal_6;
%ODE solution, refer to the example in Problem 2
options = odeset('mass', C_ideal_6 , 'RelTol', 0.1e-9);
[t6, x6] = ode23t(@proj2E100_transient, [0 5], x0, options);
% Capture peak overshoot and undershoot voltages with indexes.
[v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6 , ...
    v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_index_6 ] = max( x6(:,5) );
[v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6, ...
    v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_index_6] = ...
    min( x6(v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_index_6 + 1:size(t6),5) );
v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_index_6 = ...
    v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_index_6 + v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_index_6;
% Capture peak overshoot and undershoot time stamps at peak indexes.
t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6 = t6( v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_index_6);
t6_pk_undershoot_ideal_6 = t6(v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_index_6);
```

Generate the MATLAB plot for the transient response.

```
fignum = fignum+1; figObj = figure(fignum); % Establish a figure
 number
set(fignum, 'Name', ...
    ['Prob 6: Transient Response Ideal Design']); % Name the figure
Tr_ideal_6_Plot = plot( t6 , x6 );
                                                  % Generate plot
grid on;
                                             % Turn grid on
xlabel('Time (seconds)');
                                             % Label the x-axis
                                             % Label the y-axis
ylabel('Amplitude (volts)');
axis([plot_left_6, plot_right_6, ...
      plot_bottom_6, plot_top_6]);
                                             % Bound plot
title(['Figure ',num2str(fignum,'%-2.u'),...
       ': Problem 6 Transient Response Ideal Design']);
legend('v_1(t)', 'v_2(t)', 'v_3(t)', 'v_4(t)', 'v_5(t)', \dots
    'Location', 'NorthEast');
% Add annotation to the plot.
strmax = ['\leftarrow', num2str(t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6 * 1e6), ...
          '\mus, ', num2str(v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6),'V'];
text(t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6, ...
     v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6, ...
     strmax, 'HorizontalAlignment', 'left', 'FontWeight', 'bold');
strmin = [num2str(t6 pk undershoot ideal 6 * 1e6), ...
          '\mus, ', num2str(v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6),'V
 \rightarrow'];
text(t6_pk_undershoot_ideal_6, ...
     v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6, ...
     strmin, 'HorizontalAlignment', 'right', 'FontWeight', 'bold');
```



Display the MATLAB peak overshoot and undershoot values for the Ideal design.

```
disp(' ');
disp('The MATLAB peak overshoot and undershoot values are:');
             V5 p.o. = %+11.4f Volts.\n', v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
            V5 p.u. = %+11.4f Volts.\n',
                                          v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6);
             t p.o. = %+11.4e seconds.\n', t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
             t p.u. = %+11.4e seconds.\n', t6_pk_undershoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
The MATLAB peak overshoot and undershoot values are:
    V5 p.o. =
                  +1.0898 Volts.
    V5 p.u. =
                  +0.9919 Volts.
     t p.o. = +2.4092e-04 seconds.
     t p.u. = +4.8049e-04 seconds.
%This part requires screenshots of:
% The LTSpice schematic for the circuit
% The LTSpice voltage source setup for the circuit
% The LTSpice model transient analysis simulation setup %%
% The LTSpice simulation result is shown below.
% Capture peak overshoot and undershoot voltages from the plot.
ltspice_v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6 = 1.09 ;
ltspice v5 pk undershoot ideal 6 = 0.9918 ;
% Capture peak overshoot and undershoot time stamps from the plot.
```

```
ltspice_t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6 = 0.00023978 ;
ltspice t6 pk undershoot ideal 6 = 0.000479554 ;
Display the LTSpice peak overshoot and undershoot values for the Ideal design.
disp(' ');
disp('The LTSpice peak overshoot and undershoot values are:');
            V5 p.o. = %+11.4f Volts.\n', v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6 );
             V5 p.u. = %+11.4f Volts.\n', v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
             t p.o. = %+11.4e seconds.\n', t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6 );
fprintf('
fprintf('
             t p.u. = %+11.4e seconds.\n',
 t6_pk_undershoot_ideal_6 );
The LTSpice peak overshoot and undershoot values are:
    V5 p.o. =
                  +1.0898 Volts.
    V5 p.u. =
                  +0.9919 Volts.
     t p.o. = +2.4092e-04 seconds.
     t p.u. = +4.8049e-04 seconds.
Calculate the percent difference at the peak overshoot and undershoot values between MATLAB and
LTSpice Ideal Designs.
diff_ideal_v5_pk_overshoot_6 = ...
    (ltspice v5 pk overshoot ideal 6 - v5 pk overshoot ideal 6) ...
    /abs(v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6)*100;
diff ideal v5 pk undershoot 6 = ...
    (ltspice_v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6 - v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6) ...
    /abs(v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6)*100;
diff ideal t6 pk overshoot 6 = ...
    (ltspice_t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6 - t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6) ...
    /abs(t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6)*100;
diff_ideal_t6_pk_undershoot_6 = ...
    (ltspice_t6_pk_undershoot_ideal_6 - t6_pk_undershoot_ideal_6) ...
    /abs(t6 pk undershoot ideal 6)*100;
disp(' ');
disp('The % difference between MATLAB and LTSpice at the peaks:');
            MATLAB V5 p.o. = \$+11.4f Volts.\n', ...
fprintf('
         v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
            LTSpice V5 p.o. = %+11.4f Volts.n', ...
         ltspice_v5_pk_overshoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
                 %% diff = %+8.4f (%%).\n', ...
         diff_ideal_v5_pk_overshoot_6);
fprintf(' MATLAB V5 p.u. = %+11.4f Volts.\n', ...
         v5 pk undershoot ideal 6);
fprintf(' LTSpice V5 p.u. = %+11.4f Volts.\n', ...
         ltspice_v5_pk_undershoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
                %% diff = %+8.4f (%%).\n', ...
         diff_ideal_v5_pk_undershoot_6);
fprintf('
           MATLAB t p.o. = \$+11.4e seconds.\n', ...
         t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6);
fprintf(' LTSpice t p.o. = %+11.4e seconds.\n', ...
```

```
ltspice_t6_pk_overshoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
                %% diff = %+8.4f (%%).\n', ...
        diff_ideal_t6_pk_overshoot_6);
fprintf(' MATLAB t p.u. = %+11.4e seconds.\n', ...
        t6_pk_undershoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
            LTSpice t p.u. = %+11.4e seconds.\n', ...
        ltspice_t6_pk_undershoot_ideal_6);
fprintf('
                %% diff = %+8.4f (%%).\n', ...
        diff_ideal_t6_pk_undershoot_6);
The % difference between MATLAB and LTSpice at the peaks:
   MATLAB V5 p.o. = +1.0898 Volts.
   LTSpice V5 p.o. =
                         +1.0900 Volts.
        % diff = +0.0155 (%).
   MATLAB V5 p.u. =
                         +0.9919 Volts.
   LTSpice V5 p.u. =
                         +0.9918 Volts.
        % diff = -0.0126 (%).
   MATLAB
            t p.o. = +2.4092e-04 seconds.
   LTSpice t p.o. = +2.3978e-04 seconds.
        % diff = -0.4726 (%).
   MATLAB t p.u. = +4.8049e-04 seconds.
   LTSpice t p.u. = +4.7955e-04 seconds.
        % diff = -0.1947 (%).
```

Program execution complete

```
disp(' ');
disp('Program execution complete....');
```

Program execution complete....

MATLAB code listing

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