# ECON312 Problem Set 1: question 2e

# Futing Chen, Will Parker

# 04/12/2020

# Contents

Roy model simulator function	2
Simulation results	3
Fixing $\rho = 0.5$ and varying $\sigma$	3
library(tidyverse) library(knitr)	

#### Roy model simulator function

```
roy_model <- function(sigma, rho, N = 10000, means = c(0,0), seed = 12346){
set.seed(seed)
cov_matrix <- matrix(c(sigma^2, rho*sigma, rho*sigma, 1), nrow = 2)</pre>
sample <- mvtnorm::rmvnorm(n = N, means, cov_matrix)</pre>
colnames(sample) <- c("U0", "U1")</pre>
sample <- as_tibble(sample) %>%
  mutate(D = ifelse(U1 > U0, 1, 0),
         beta = U1-U0,
         Y = D*U1 + (1-D)*U0)
ATE <- sample$beta %>% mean()
ATT <- filter(sample, D ==1)$beta %>% mean()
ATUT <- filter(sample, D == 0)$beta %>% mean()
# beta OLS with matrix calculation
X <- rep(1, length(sample$D)) %>% cbind(sample$D)
beta_OLS <- solve(t(X)%*%X)%*%t(X)%*%sample$Y
beta_OLS <- beta_OLS[[2]]</pre>
E_Y_D1 = filter(sample, D ==1)$Y %>% mean()
E_Y_D0 = filter(sample, D ==0)$Y %>% mean()
E_diff = E_Y_D1 - E_Y_D0
#lm(Y \sim D, data = sample)
results <- tibble(
  `quantity of interest` = c("ATE", "ATT", "ATUT", "Beta_OLS", "E[Y|D =1] - E[Y|D =0]"),
  estimate = c(ATE, ATT, ATUT, beta_OLS, E_diff),
  'theoretical result' = c(0,
                          2*sqrt(sigma^2 + 1 -2*rho*sigma)*dnorm(0),
                          -2*sqrt(sigma^2 + 1 - 2*rho*sigma)*dnorm(0),
                          0,
                          0)
) %>%
  mutate(estimate = comma(estimate),
         `theoretical result` = comma(`theoretical result`))
kable(results)
```

# Simulation results

### roy\_model(2, 0.5)

quantity of interest	estimate	theoretical result
ATE	-0.019	0.0
ATT	1.401	1.4
ATUT	-1.356	-1.4
Beta_OLS	-1.357	0.0
E[Y D=1] - E[Y D=0]	-1.357	0.0

The simulation shows that

$$E[Y|D=1] - E[Y|D=0] = \beta_{OLS}$$

#### roy\_model(2, 0)

quantity of interest	estimate	theoretical result
ATE	-0.022	0.0
ATT	1.810	1.8
ATUT	-1.749	-1.8
Beta_OLS	-1.033	0.0
E[Y D=1] - E[Y D=0]	-1.033	0.0

#### roy\_model(2, -0.5)

quantity of interest	estimate	theoretical result
ATE	-0.024	0.0
ATT	2.139	2.1
ATUT	-2.073	-2.1
Beta_OLS	-0.861	0.0
$\mathrm{E}[\mathrm{Y} \mathrm{D}$ =1] - $\mathrm{E}[\mathrm{Y} \mathrm{D}$ =0]	-0.861	0.0

# Fixing $\rho = 0.5$ and varying $\sigma$

## roy\_model(1, 0.5)

quantity of interest	estimate	theoretical result
ATE	-0.0054	0.0
ATT	0.8029	0.8
ATUT	-0.7898	-0.8
Beta_OLS	0.0082	0.0
E[Y D=1] - E[Y D=0]	0.0082	0.0

### roy\_model(2, 0.5)

quantity of interest	estimate	theoretical result
ATE	-0.019	0.0
ATT	1.401	1.4
ATUT	-1.356	-1.4
Beta_OLS	-1.357	0.0
$\mathrm{E}[\mathrm{Y} \mathrm{D}$ =1] - $\mathrm{E}[\mathrm{Y} \mathrm{D}$ =0]	-1.357	0.0

## roy\_model(4, 0.5)

quantity of interest	estimate	theoretical result
ATE	-0.047	0.0
ATT	2.893	2.9
ATUT	-2.838	-2.9
Beta_OLS	-3.262	0.0
$\mathrm{E}[\mathrm{Y} \mathrm{D}$ =1] - $\mathrm{E}[\mathrm{Y} \mathrm{D}$ =0]	-3.262	0.0

## roy\_model(10, 0.5)

quantity of interest	estimate	theoretical result
ATE	-0.13	0.0
ATT	7.61	7.6
ATUT	-7.53	-7.6
Beta_OLS	-8.18	0.0
E[Y D=1] - E[Y D=0]	-8.18	0.0