

Sample exam 3

The INFDEV team

1 Question 1

Given the following block of code, fill in the stack, heap, and PC with all the steps taken by the program at runtime.

- Points: 4 (50% of total).
- Grading: one point per correctly filled-in execution step.
- Associated learning objective: *abstraction*.

```
1 interface MovableObject {
2 }
3 class Car : MovableObject {
4     private float direction = 3.14;
5     public Car() {
6     }
7     static public void move(Car car,float direction) {
8         car.direction = direction;
9     }
10 }
11 class Particle : MovableObject {
12     private float direction = 0;
13     public Particle() {
14     }
15 }
16 MovableObject mo = new Car();
17 Car.move(mo,1);
```

1. Stack:

PC
1

2. Stack:

PC
16

3. Stack:

PC
16

Heap:

1
direction=

4. Stack:

PC	...		PC	ret	this
16	...		6	null	ref 1

Heap:

1
direction=

5. Stack:

PC	...		PC	ret
16	...		6	ref 1

Heap:

1
direction=

6. Stack:

PC	mo
17	ref 1

Heap:

1
direction=

7. Stack:

PC	...		PC	ret	car	direction
17	...		8	null	ref 1	1

Heap:

1
direction=

8. Stack:

PC	...		PC	ret
17	...		8	null

Heap:

1
direction=1

9. Stack:

PC	mo
18	ref 1

Heap:

1
direction=1

2 Question 2

Given the following block of code, fill in the declarations, class definitions, and PC with all steps taken by the compiler while type checking.

- Points: 4 (50% of total).
- Grading: one point per correctly filled-in type checking step.
- Associated learning objective: *type checking*.

```
1 interface IntList {
2     bool isEmpty();
3     int getValue();
4 }
5 class IntNode : IntList {
6     private int value;
7     private IntList tail;
8     public IntNode(int value,IntList tail) {
9         this.value = value;
10        this.tail = tail;
11    }
12    public bool isEmpty() {
13        return false;
14    }
15    public int getValue() {
16        return this.value;
17    }
18 }
```

```

18 }
19 class IntEmpty : IntList {
20     public IntEmpty() {
21     }
22     public bool isEmpty() {
23         return true;
24     }
25     public int getValue() {
26         return 0;
27     }
28 }
29 ...
30 IntList list = new IntNode(5,new IntEmpty());

```

1. Declarations:

PC
1

2. Declarations:

PC
5

Classes:

IntList
getValue=getValue → int
isEmpty=isEmpty → bool

3. Declarations:

PC
18

Classes:

IntList	IntNode
getValue=getValue → int	IntNode=(IntNode×int×IntList) → IntNode
isEmpty=isEmpty → bool	getValue=getValue → int
	isEmpty=isEmpty → bool
	tail=IntList
	value=int

4. Declarations:

PC
28

Classes:

IntEmpty	IntList	IntNode
IntEmpty=IntEmpty → IntEmpty		IntNode=(IntNode×int×IntList) → IntNode
getValue=getValue → int	getValue=getValue → int	getValue=getValue → int
isEmpty=isEmpty → bool	isEmpty=isEmpty → bool	isEmpty=isEmpty → bool
		tail=IntList
		value=int

5. Declarations:

PC
30

Classes:	IntEmpty	IntList	IntNode
	IntEmpty=IntEmpty → IntEmpty getValue=getValue → int isEmpty=isEmpty → bool	getValue=getValue → int isEmpty=isEmpty → bool	IntNode=(IntNode×int×IntList) → IntNode getValue=getValue → int isEmpty=isEmpty → bool tail=IntList value=int

6. Declarations:

PC	list
31	IntList

Classes:	IntEmpty	IntList	IntNode
	IntEmpty=IntEmpty → IntEmpty getValue=getValue → int isEmpty=isEmpty → bool	getValue=getValue → int isEmpty=isEmpty → bool	IntNode=(IntNode×int×IntList) → IntNode getValue=getValue → int isEmpty=isEmpty → bool tail=IntList value=int