

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

# Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe Maggiore

Hogeschool Rotterdam  
Rotterdam, Netherlands

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Lecture topics

- We introduce Python
- We bridge what we have seen in the previous lecture with actual Python elements

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Why many programming languages?

- Low-level vs high-level
- Statically-typed vs dynamically-typed
- Compiled vs interpreted
- Imperative vs functional vs logic vs declarative vs object-oriented
- Safe vs unsafe
- Fast vs slow
- ...

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Why many programming languages?

- The set of all problems is a complex, fractal-looking shape
- The programming language we choose shifts our focus on these problems
- Some become more visible and obvious to solve...

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Why many programming languages?

- The set of all problems is a complex, fractal-looking shape
- The programming language we choose shifts our focus on these problems
- Some become more visible and obvious to solve...
- ...others become hidden, obstructed, or harder to solve

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Why many programming languages?

- Not all languages are equal
- There is improvement and an ordering
  - For low-level programming C is in most cases better than assembly
  - For data transformation SQL is in most cases better than Java
  - For algorithmic work on trees F# is in most cases better than C#

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Why many programming languages?

- Not all languages are comparable
- There are perfectly valid differences in balance and features
  - Most languages are better than assembly in most scenarios
  - For data transformation SQL is as good as F# on algorithmic work on trees

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Early programming languages

- Analytical Engine: mechanical computers (1840's, Charles Babbage and Ada Lovelace)
- Assembly language: close to the machine (1940's)
- Fortran, ALGOL, and COBOL: imperative programming (1950's)
- LISP: functional (1950's, still in use)
- Simula: object-oriented programming (1950's)
- C: high-level low-level programming (1970's, still in use)
- Smalltalk: everything-is-an-object programming (1970's)
- Prolog: logic programming (1970's)
- ML: statically typed, polymorphic functional programming (1970's, still in use)
- SQL: query language (1970's, still in use)



Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## 1980's

- C++: C with classes (still in use)
- Matlab and Mathematica: mathematics and simulations (still in use)
- Erlang: concurrency and telecommunications (still in use)

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## 1990's: the Internet Age

- Haskell: functional programming (still in use)
- Python, Ruby, Lua: concise, dynamic programming (still in use)
- JavaScript: webpage dynamics (still in use)
- Java: objects and portability (still in use)

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## 2000's: the Modern Age

- C#: objects and portability (still in use)
- F# and Scala: hybrid, functional-first programming and portability (still in use)
- Go and Swift: native, safe development (getting traction?)

# We have to make a choice

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

Python! <sup>1</sup>

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Why Python?

- Used a lot as a beginning languages in higher education
- Adequate for expressing the basics of computational thinking
- High signal to noise ratio of syntax

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Python introduction

- General-purpose language
- High-level
- Concise on purpose
- Dynamically typed
- Hybrid paradigm, imperative/procedural first

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## The Python Zen

- Beautiful is better than ugly
- Explicit is better than implicit
- Simple is better than complex
- Complex is better than complicated
- Readability counts

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Variables

- Variables are not declared
- Just initialize and subsequently use



Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Variable names

- Variables may begin with any letter or the `_` sign
- Followed by any sequence of letters, numbers, and the `_`

# Valid variable names

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

```
x  
y  
_x  
customer_name  
_x1  
_x1_customer
```

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Variable names

- Python supports integers and other sorts of numbers
- Any sequence of numeric characters (we call it an integer *literal*) is a number

# Examples of integer literals

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

100

0

-1

79228162514264337593543950336L

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Variable names

- We can assign a value to a variable
- `variableName = expression`
- What does this do to the memory of the program?

**Discuss.**

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Variable names

- We can assign a value to a variable
- `variableName = expression`
- What does this do to the memory of the program?

### **Discuss.**

- If the variable did not exist, then we add it to memory
- If the variable existed, then we change its value in memory

$$\begin{cases} (PC, S) \xrightarrow{x=e} (PC + 1, (S - \{x\})[x \mapsto e]) & \text{when } x \notin S \\ (PC, S) \xrightarrow{x=e} (PC + 1, S[x \mapsto e]) & \text{when } x \in S \end{cases}$$

# Variables that did not exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC

1

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

what changes while running the current instruction? **Try to guess and discuss!**

# Variables that did not exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC
1

1  
2  
3

```
x = 100  
y = 200  
z = 50
```



# Variables that did not exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC
1

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

PC	x
2	100

# Variables that did not exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x
2	100

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

# Variables that did not exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x
2	100

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

PC	x	y
3	100	200

# Variables that did not exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y
3	100	200

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

# Variables that did not exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y
3	100	200

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

PC	x	y	z
4	100	200	50

# Variables that did exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y	z
1	0	-1	5

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

what changes while running the current instruction? **Try to guess and discuss!**

# Variables that did exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y	z
1	0	-1	5

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

# Variables that did exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y	z
1	0	-1	5

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

PC	x	y	z
2	100	-1	5



# Variables that did exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y	z
2	100	-1	5

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

# Variables that did exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y	z
2	100	-1	5

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

PC	x	y	z
3	100	2 00	5

# Variables that did exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y	z
3	100	200	5

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

# Variables that did exist in the state

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

PC	x	y	z
3	100	200	5

```
1 x = 100
2 y = 200
3 z = 50
```

PC	x	y	z
4	100	200	5 0

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Foreword

- We now focus on using variables to represent *an instant* of a game
- We do not work with the dynamics and the fighting, only a still picture

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Instructions

- Get in four groups
- Draw the playing field and the properties of a soldiers fight similar to that from the first lecture
- Write a tiny Python program (on paper).
- Make sure the program runs without errors.
- **The program only contains variable definitions and assignments which describe the playing field**
  - How many soldiers per sort
  - Do these soldiers have cover or other properties?
  - ...
- Give your program, but not your drawing, to another team; have them draw the corresponding game
- If they draw what you drew, you made it
- Otherwise rewrite your code better

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

## Hand-in

- Write your names and student numbers on your sheets
- Hand them in
- *They may be used at your oral check* in the form of questions such as “how would you rewrite this after the course”

Hello Python!

Dr. Giuseppe  
Maggiore

Introduction

The Python  
Programming  
Language

Python basic  
syntax and  
semantics

Assignment

The best of luck, and thanks for the  
attention!