

The logical
model of
computation

The INFDEV
Team @ HR

Introduction

A
programming
language

Let's start
programming

The logical model of computation

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Hogeschool Rotterdam
Rotterdam, Netherlands

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Course topics

- This course is about *basic programming concepts* (DEV I)
- We will discuss computational concepts
- Computational thinking
- Describing computations clearly

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Course topics

- *How does a programming language work?*
- Memory, variables, conditionals, if-statements, and loops
- These are already enough to implement anything (of course not handily!)

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At the end of the course you will be able to...

- ...describe algorithms clearly
- ...write basic programs in Python
- ...describe the semantics of a basic Python program

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What is programming not about?

- computers
- programming languages
- technology
- programs
- websites
- smartphones
- ...

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What is programming about?

- the encoding of logical thought
- non-ambiguity: there is only one possible mode of execution
- precision: there is no appeal to vagueness or intuition

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What is programming about?

- especially if a machine will eventually run our program
- machines are **dumb as **ck**^a

^arock

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A programming language specifies

- what instructions we have
- what do they perform
- in what order

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The stdNt programming language

- In stdNt we let students perform some actions
- It does not require a machine, but only a white-board and alive (and complying students)

Following instructions¹

- 1 take 3 steps forward
- 2 sit on the chair
- 3 turn left
- 4 slide 3 steps forward

¹The teacher should ask for a volunteer

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The features of stdNt so far

- **Instructions**, in English
- **Order of execution** is left-to-right, top-to-bottom
- **State** made up of a living, breathing student

Following instructions with state (*we need a "volunteer"*)

| A | B | C |
|----------|---|----|
| your age | 2 | -3 |

```
1 take A/4 steps forward
2 sit on the chair
3 turn left by  $90 * B$  degrees
4 slide C steps forward
```

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The features of stdNt so far

- **Instructions**, in English
- **Order of execution** is left-to-right, top-to-bottom
- **State** made up of a living, breathing student plus a bunch of cards with data written on them

What if the state makes no sense? (*we need a “volunteer”*)

| A | B | C |
|----------|------------------|----|
| your age | “nice day today” | -3 |

- 1 take $A/4$ steps forward
- 2 sit on the chair
- 3 turn left by $90 * B$ degrees
- 4 slide C steps forward

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State comes with big preconditions

- It only contains information that is:
 - used in a way that makes sense with respect to the instructions
 - logically expressed (numbers, strings, etc. rather than emotions or riddles)
 - actually accessible (there is some connection from the executor to the accessed data)

The state may change (*we need a "volunteer"*)

| B | C |
|----|-----------------|
| -1 | today's weather |

- 1 make a comment on C
- 2 write on C the index of the current day of the week
- 3 sit on the chair
- 4 turn left by $90 * B$ degrees
- 5 slide C steps forward

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The features of stdNt so far

- **Instructions**, in English
- **Order of execution** is left-to-right, top-to-bottom
- **Mutable state** made up of a living, breathing student plus a bunch of cards with data written on them

We can make decisions²

| A | B | C | D |
|--------------|----|---|---|
| shirt colour | -1 | 2 | 3 |

```
1 sit on the chair
2 if A is 'black' then
3     turn left by 90 * B degrees
4 otherwise
5     turn left by 90 * C degrees
6 clap D times
```

²Teacher should ask the students to perform the action

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The features of stdNt so far

- **Instructions**, in English
- **Order of execution** is left-to-right, top-to-bottom
- **Mutable state** made up of a living, breathing student plus a bunch of cards with data written on them
- **Decisions** based on elements of the state

We can repeat behavior³

| | | | |
|----|--------------------------------------|----|--|
| 1 | while there are green soldiers alive | 2 | fight(a,d): |
| 2 | AND | 2 | if a = BAZOOKA AND d = GRENADIER then |
| 3 | there are brown soldiers alive | 3 | both die |
| 4 | TEAM 1: | 4 | else if a = BAZOOKA then |
| 5 | a = pick green soldier | 5 | d dies |
| 6 | d = pick brown soldier | 6 | else if d = GRENADIER then |
| 7 | fight(a,d) | 7 | a dies |
| 8 | TEAM 2: | 8 | else if brown team still has leader then |
| 9 | a = pick green soldier | 9 | a dies |
| 10 | d = pick brown soldier | 10 | else |
| 11 | fight(a,d) | 11 | d dies |

³The teacher should ask for two teams of volunteers

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The features of stdNt so far

- **Instructions**, in English
- **Order of execution** is left-to-right, top-to-bottom
- **Mutable state** made up of a living, breathing student plus a bunch of cards with data written on them
- **Decisions** based on elements of the state
- **Repetition** of code based on elements of the state

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Assignment 1 in groups of four

- Reprogram the game
- Make it so that the positioning of defending soldiers makes a difference (positive or negative)
- *One group will be "randomly selected" to present*

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Assignment 2 in groups of four

- Think about the actions needed for a game concept (at most 10).
- Write them down and put them in the box.
- Pick a sheet at random (if it is the one you wrote pick again).
- Write the implementation of a game using the actions you have.
- A group will be chosen to play the game.

This is it!

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The best of luck, and thanks for the attention!