

Computing machines architecture

The INFDEV Team @ HR

Introduction

Structure of a computer

CPU and instructions

Memory and data

Memory and data

Memory and data

Capabilities of programming languages

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Hogeschool Rotterdam Rotterdam, Netherlands



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Lecture topics

- We discuss the actual computational elements of a computer
- We bridge what we have seen in the previous lecture with actual computer architectures



Structure of a computer

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Computational elements at a glance

- CPU
- Memory



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CPU

- Read the current instruction from memory based on the PC
- Evaluate the instruction
 - Read and write memory elements as needed
- Write the PC of the next instruction



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CPU instructions

- Machine instructions
- Significantly smaller than what we use
 - Register manipulation add, sub, mul, ...
 - Memory manipulation by integer address lw, sw
- Concrete programming languages instructions equal many machine instructions



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Machine vs programming language instructions

- There are different sorts of programming languages
- Some higher level, some lower level
- Lower level languages instructions equal few (even as low as one) machine instructions



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Machine vs programming language instructions

- There are different sorts of programming languages
- Some higher level, some lower level
- Lower level languages instructions equal few (even as low as one) machine instructions
- Higher level languages instructions equal many (even as high as tens) machine instructions



Memory and data

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Memory

- Data is stored into memory (and also the instructions).
- Memory is just a long linear stream of bytes
- CPU queries memory by address
- CPU updates memory with address and data



Memory and data

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Different kinds of memory

- There are two kinds of memory in a computer: Random Access Memory (RAM), and hard drives (HD).
- RAM is volatile: the data is lost when the computer is powered off.
- HD memory is permanent. Data remain after switching off the power.
- The memory we are referring to in this lesson is the RAM.



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Different kinds of memory

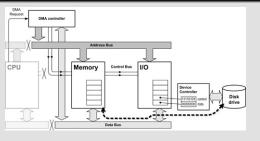


Figure: Architecture of a computer



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Typical programming language elements

- Intuitive instruction structure
- Higher level flow-control operators if, while, foreach, ...
- Labelled data through variables int studentAge = 19
- Higher level data manipulation operators hypotenuse = sqrt(x * x, y * y)



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Instruction names

Machine instructions have names that are hard to pierce



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Instruction names

- Machine instructions have names that are hard to pierce
 - What is the meaning of instruction 0xDEBC318A?



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Instruction names

- Machine instructions have names that are hard to pierce
 - What is the meaning of instruction 0xDEBC318A?
 - What is the meaning of instruction currentUserAge := currentUserAge + 1?



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Higher level flow-control operators

- Machine instructions are tiny
- Many standardized behaviors require lots of machine instructions

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Consider a *fictional* machine language listing vs its high-level equivalent:

```
lw r1 r3
cmpi r0 r3 18
jmpsz ELSE
lw r4 r3
addi r3 r3 1
                if userAge >= 18 then
sw r4 r3
                  adultUsers := adultUsers + 1
jmp END
                else
ELSE:
                  youngUsers := youngUsers + 1
lw r5 r3
addi r3 r3 1
sw r5 r3
F.ND:
. . .
```



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Variables

- Program data is stored into variables
- Variables label memory data
- Labels simplify reasoning



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 - What is the meaning of 0xA0DF9931?



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- Program data is stored into variables
- Variables label memory data
- Labels simplify reasoning
 - What is the meaning of 0xA0DF9931?
 - What is the meaning of userAge?



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Variables and types

- Program data in memory has no fixed structure
- We can read 48 bytes instead of 32, and get 16 bytes of garbage for free
- This causes errors



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- Variables give a type to memory data
- Types simplify reasoning



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- Variables give a type to memory data
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 - How many bytes should I read at address 0xA0DF9931?



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Variables and types

- Variables give a type to memory data
- Types simplify reasoning
 - How many bytes should I read at address 0xA0DF9931?
 - How many bytes should I read for integer userAge^a?

^aKnowing that integers are 4 bytes on 32 bit machines and 8 bytes on 64 bit machines



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Yet more

- Higher level programming languages do even more
- Handle custom and complex computations (functions, events, continuations, lambda's)
- Handle custom and complex data structures (structs, classes, tuples, ...)



This is it!

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The best of luck, and thanks for the attention!