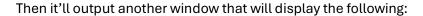
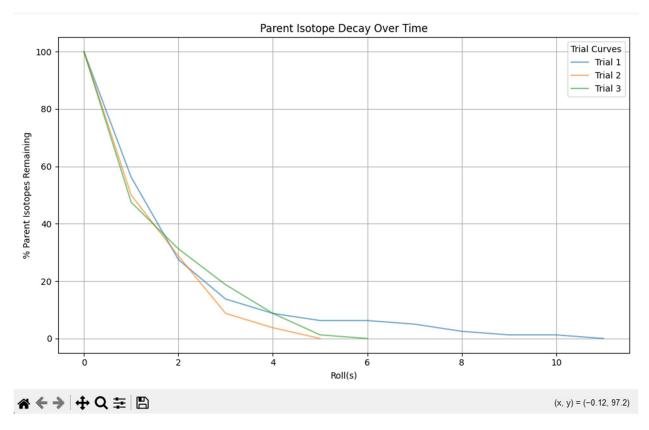
In this document, I'll show you what the program could do if you ran it:

This example is going to show you what the program will output if you decide to choose an Odd/Even experiment and run 3 trials. You can choose more or less trials.

=====	WELCOME TO THE DICE DECAY SIMULATION								
You'll	This simulation models radioactive decay using virtual dice. You'll choose a decay rule and see how 'parent isotopes' decay over time. Each roll simulates the passage of time. Have fun!!								
Choose	Choose an experiment to run (3 to exit):								
	choice (1 or								
How ma	ny trials do	you want	to run? 3						
	ial 1 (Odd (								
Roll(s	) Dice Left 80	Parents 80	Daughters 0	% Parents Left 100.00	% Daughters Left 0.00	Prob (decay) 0.0000			
1	80	45	35	56.25	43.75	0.4375			
2	45	22	23	27.50	72.50	0.5111			
3	22	11	11	13.75	86.25	0.5000			
4	11	7	4	8.75	91.25	0.3636			
5	7	5	2	6.25	93.75	0.2857			
6	5	5	Θ	6.25	93.75	0.0000			
7	5	4	1	5.00	95.00	0.2000			
8	4	2	2	2.50	97.50	0.5000			
9	2	1	1	1.25	98.75	0.5000			
10	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000			
11	ī	0	1	0.00	100.00	1.0000			
=== Tr	ial 2 (Odd (	Parent) /	Even (Daught	er)) ===					
Roll(s	) Dice Left	Parents	Daughters	% Parents Left	% Daughters Left	Prob (decay)			
0	80	80	0	100.00	0.00	0.0000			
1	89	40 40	40	50.00	50.00	0.5000			
2	40	23	17	28.75	71.25	0.4250			
3	23	7	16	8.75	91.25	0.6957			
4	7	3	4	3.75	96.25	0.5714			
5	3	Θ	3	0.00	100.00	1.0000			
=== Tr	ial 3 (Odd (	Parent) /	Even (Daught	er)) ===					
	) Dice Left	Parents	Daughters	% Parents Left	% Daughters Left	Prob (decay)			
0	80 	80		100.00	0.00	0.0000			
1	80	38	42	47.50	52.50	0.5250			
2	38	25	13	31.25	68.75	0.3421			
3	25	15	10	18.75	81.25	0.4000			
4	15	7	8	8.75	91.25	0.5333			
5	7	1	6	1.25	98.75	0.8571			
6	1	Θ	1	0.00	100.00	1.0000			





This example here is if you decide to pick the 1-5 / 6 experiment, meaning that the 1-5 is parent isotopes and 5 is the daughter isotopes:

Upon executing the program this is what it'll look like:

```
WELCOME TO THE DICE DECAY SIMULATION

This simulation models radioactive decay using virtual dice.

You'll choose a decay rule and see how 'parent isotopes' decay over time.

Each roll simulates the passage of time. Have fun!!

Choose an experiment to run (3 to exit):

1: Odd (Parent) / Even (Daughter)

2: 1-5 (Parent) / 6 (Daughter)

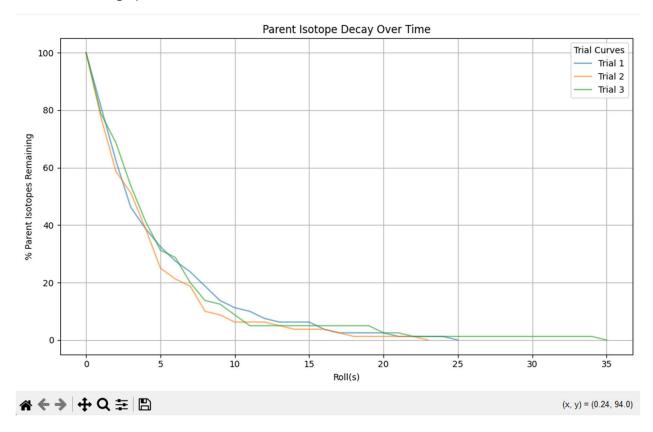
Enter choice (1 or 2): 2

How many trials do you want to run? 3
```

	al 1 (1-5 (P Dice Left 80 	arent) / 6 Parents 80	(Daughter)) Daughters 0	=== % Parents Left 100.00	% Daughters Left 0.00	Prob (decay) 0.0000
1	80	65	15	81.25	18.75	0.1875
2	65	50	15	62.50	37.50	0.2308
3	50	37	13	46.25	53.75	0.2600
4	37	31	6	38.75	61.25	0.1622
5	31	26	5	32.50	67.50	0.1613
6	26	22	4	27.50	72.50	0.1538
7	22	19	3	23.75	76.25	0.1364
8	19	15	4	18.75	81.25	0.2105
9	15	11	4	13.75	86.25	0.2667
10	11	9	2	11.25	88.75	0.1818
11	9	8	1	10.00	90.00	0.1111
12	8	6	2	7.50	92.50	0.2500
13	6	5	1	6.25	93.75	0.1667
14	5	5	0	6.25	93.75	0.0000
15	5	5	0	6.25	93.75	0.0000
16	5	3	2	3.75	96.25	0.4000
17	3	2	1	2.50	97.50	0.3333
18	2	2	0	2.50	97.50	0.0000
19	2	2	0	2.50	97.50	0.0000
20	2	2 1	0	2.50	97.50	0.0000
21	2		1	1.25	98.75	0.5000
22 23	1	1	0 0	1.25 1.25	98.75	0.0000
24	1	1	0	1.25	98.75 98.75	0.0000 0.0000
25	1	0	1	0.00	100.00	1.0000
			(Daughter))		100.00	1.0000
	Dice Left	Parents	Daughters	% Parents Left	% Daughters Left	Prob (decay)
0	80	80	0	100.00	0.00	0.0000
1	80	62	18	77.50	22.50	0.2250
2	62	47	15	58.75	41.25	0.2419
3	47	41	6	51.25	48.75	0.1277
4	41	31	10	38.75	61.25	0.2439
5	31	20	11	25.00	75.00	0.3548
6 7	20 17	17 15	3 2	21.25 18.75	78.75 81.25	0.1500 0.1176
	15	8	7	10.00	90.00	0.4667
8 9	8	7	1	8.75	91.25	0.1250
10	7	5	2	6.25	93.75	0.2857
11	5	5	0	6.25	93.75	0.0000
12	5	5	0	6.25	93.75	0.0000
13	5	4	1	5.00	95.00	0.2000
14	4	3	ī	3.75	96.25	0.2500
15	3	3	Θ	3.75	96.25	0.0000
16	3	3	Θ	3.75	96.25	0.0000
17	3	2	1	2.50	97.50	0.3333
18	2	1	1	1.25	98.75	0.5000
19	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
20	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
21	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
22	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
23	1	0	1	0.00	100.00	1.0000

	al 3 (1-5 (P Dice Left 80	Parent) / 6 Parents 80	(Daughter)) Daughters 0	=== % Parents Left 100.00	% Daughters Left 0.00	Prob (decay) 0.0000
1	 80	63	17	78.75	21.25	0.2125
2	63	55	8	68.75	31.25	0.1270
3	55	43	12	53.75	46.25	0.2182
4	43	33	10	41.25	58.75	0.2326
5	33	25	8	31.25	68.75	0.2424
6	25	23	2	28.75	71.25	0.0800
7	23	16	7	20.00	80.00	0.3043
8	16	11	5	13.75	86.25	0.3125
9	11	10	1	12.50	87.50	0.0909
10	10	7	3	8.75	91.25	0.3000
11	7	4	3	5.00	95.00	0.4286
12	4	4	Θ	5.00	95.00	0.0000
13	4	4	0	5.00	95.00	0.0000
14	4	4	0	5.00	95.00	0.0000
15	4	4	0	5.00	95.00	0.0000
16	4	4	0	5.00	95.00	0.0000
17	4	4	0	5.00	95.00	0.0000
18	4	4	0	5.00	95.00	0.0000
19	4	4	Θ	5.00	95.00	0.0000
20	4	2	2	2.50	97.50	0.5000
21	2	2	0	2.50	97.50	0.0000
22	2	1	1	1.25	98.75	0.5000
23	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
24	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
25	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
26	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
27	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
28	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
29	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
30	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
31	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
32	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
33	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
34	1	1	0	1.25	98.75	0.0000
35	1	0	1	0.00	100.00	1.0000

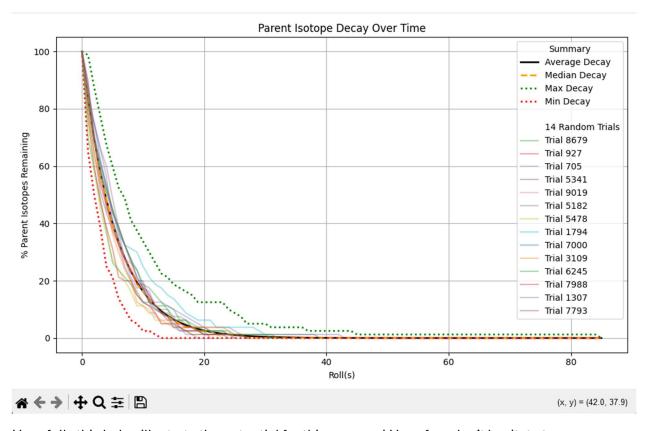
This is what the graph would look like:



Now in this trial, I'm going to push the limits of the program by choosing option 2 but with 9999 trials, (Note: the number of trials are dependent on the processing power of your computer, it may or may not take time to process) it'll out put everything/all trials into the terminal and it'll will display the average, median, max and minimum decay curves, and then it'll show 14 random trials to illustrate the path that the decay curves follow. I'll be only including trial 9999 in this screenshot from the terminal window since I'm sure you don't want to see all 9999.

23	2	1	1	1.25	98.75	0.5000
24	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
25	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
26	1	Θ	1	0.00	100.00	1.0000
=== Tri	al 9999 (1-5	(Parent)	/ 6 (Daughte	er)) ===		
	Dice Left				% Daughters Left	Prob (decay)
0	80	80	0	100.00	0.00	0.0000
1	80	67	13	83.75	16.25	0.1625
2	67	58	9	72.50	27.50	0.1343
3	58	52	6	65.00	35.00	0.1034
4	52	41	11	51.25	48.75	0.2115
5	41	35	6	43.75	56.25	0.1463
6	35	29	6	36.25	63.75	0.1714
7	29	23	6	28.75	71.25	0.2069
8	23	16	7	20.00	80.00	0.3043
9	16	13	3	16.25	83.75	0.1875
10	13	8	5	10.00	90.00	0.3846
11	8	5	3	6.25	93.75	0.3750
12	5	5	0	6.25	93.75	0.0000
13	5	2	3	2.50	97.50	0.6000
14	2	2	Θ	2.50	97.50	0.0000
15	2	2	0	2.50	97.50	0.0000
16	2	2	0	2.50	97.50	0.0000
17	2	1	1	1.25	98.75	0.5000
18	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
19	1	1	Θ	1.25	98.75	0.0000
20	1	Θ	1	0.00	100.00	1.0000

Then this is the outputted graph showing that Average, Median, Max and Min decays curves as well as the 14 random trials:



Hopefully this helps illustrate the potential for this program! Have fun, don't hesitate to open an issue thread if something comes across, that you think should be there or bugs, or whatever.