

### Problem 1

Consider an n-channel MOSFET with:  $\mu_n$ ,  $C_{ox}$ ,  $W$ ,  $L$ ,  $V_t$ ,  $V_{GS}$  and  $V_{DS}$ .

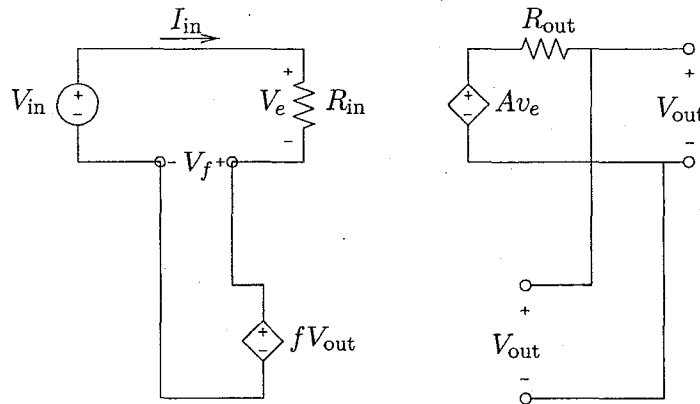
- What is this transistor's transconductance if operating in triode (linear) mode?
- If this transistor is operating in saturation mode rather than in triode (linear) mode, is the  $|\text{gain}|$  of an amplifier larger or smaller? Please show why.

### Problem 2

Consider an amplifier with three capacitors  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$  &  $C_3$ . Each capacitor "sees" a resistance, found with the other capacitors removed. These resistances are  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  &  $R_3$ .

- You need to increase the high frequency cutoff of the amplifier and can adjust only one capacitor. Which capacitor should you adjust? Why, and how?
- Is this amplifier's dominant pole given by  $1/(RC)$ , where  $R$  is  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  or  $R_3$  and  $C$  is  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$  or  $C_3$ ?

### Problem 3



- What is the gain ( $G = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}}$ ) of this circuit?
- The input resistance of this circuit is  $R_{in,f \neq 0}$ . If  $f$  is reduced to zero ( $f = 0$ ), the input resistance is  $R_{in,f=0}$ . How is  $R_{in,f \neq 0}$  related to  $R_{in,f=0}$ ?