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U-Boot, I-Hack

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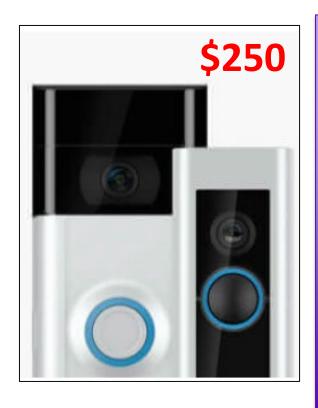


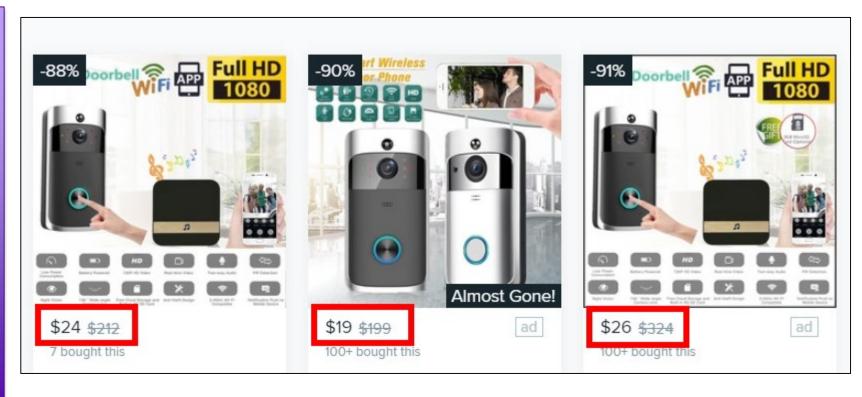
Risks IoT Product Security

- How does your company approach product security?
- Is it effective?
- System and User Security Protections
- Intellectual Property



Intellectual Property







Das U-Boot

Why Attack U-Boot?

- Universal Boot Loader
- Multi-arch support
 - ARM, MIPS, x86, etc.
- Supports Onboard Storage
- Supports Serial Ports
- Network Boot Capability

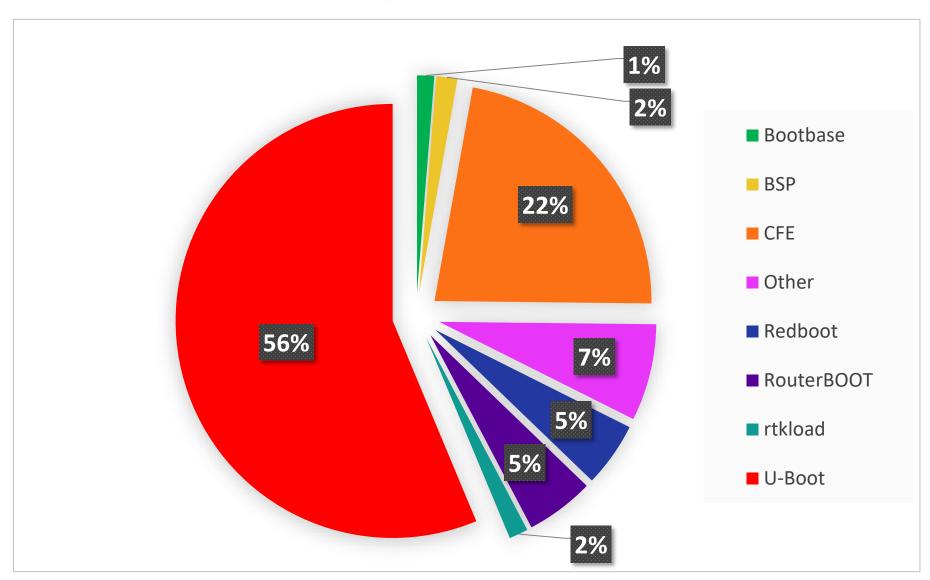








Market Share





Importance of Boot Loader Security

- Boot Loader Sits Outside of the Kernel
- Attack Surface:
 - Tamper with Firmware
 - Deny Firmware from Loading
 - Variable Manipulation
 - Start/Stop Services
 - Data Theft/Injection
 - Exploitation into other parts of the ecosystem



Demo #1 – Variable Manipulation



Demo #2 – TFTP Boot Manipulation



Impact of Accessing Firmware

- Stored Credentials
- Remote Sessions
- Controlling Other Devices
- Source Code
- API & Web App Info
- Potential Information Leakage
- Intellectual Property Loss







Establish Security During Development

- Physical Hardware Security Considerations
- Verified/Secure Boot
- Encryption
- Trusted Zones
- Review Security for Chip Data Sheets
- Disable Debug Interfaces BEFORE Production
- Other Ecosystem Protections



Follow-up Actions

- Life Cycle & Regular Review
- Develop Internal Policies & Checklists
- Enable Verified/Secure Boot
- Implement Encryption
- Protect Firmware in Transit and at Rest
- Ecosystem Security Assessment







