

# Less is More with Intelligent Packet Capture RANDY CALDEJON

FLOCON 2020

#### **Objectives**

- Consider merits of streaming analytics
- Expose to advanced open source tools
- Encourage to experiment with OpenArgus





# Streaming Analytics at the Edge

- Increase speed
- Reduce bandwidth
- Local Resources



#### **DragonFly Design Goals**



Machine Learning

Analyzes data as it arrives



Incremental Updates

Receive updates before the flow is complete



Sustained Performance

Maintains 20Gbps+,



Single Node Architecture

High-performance without a cluster



Bolt-On Mindset

Integrate seamlessly with other security tools

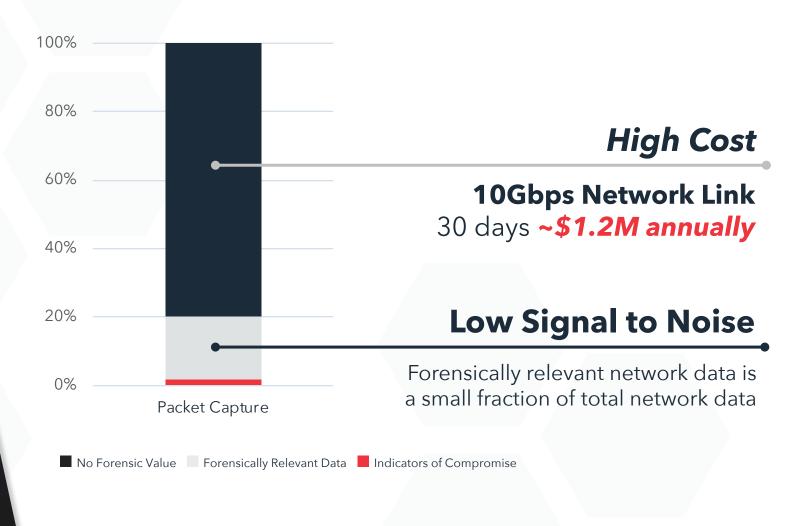


#### A Practical Application of DragonFly

# PCAP or it didn't happen.

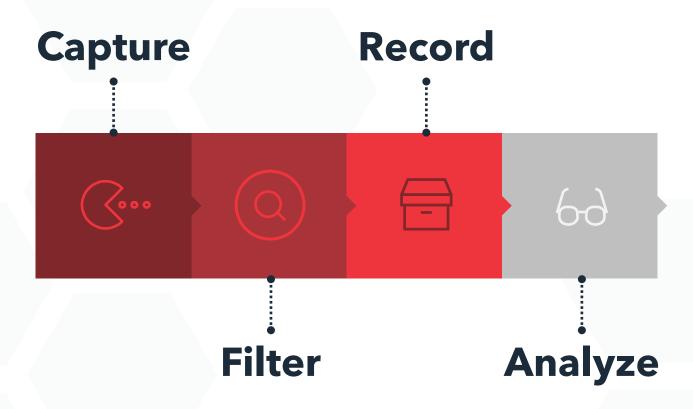


# Full Packet Capture is Ground Truth; but...



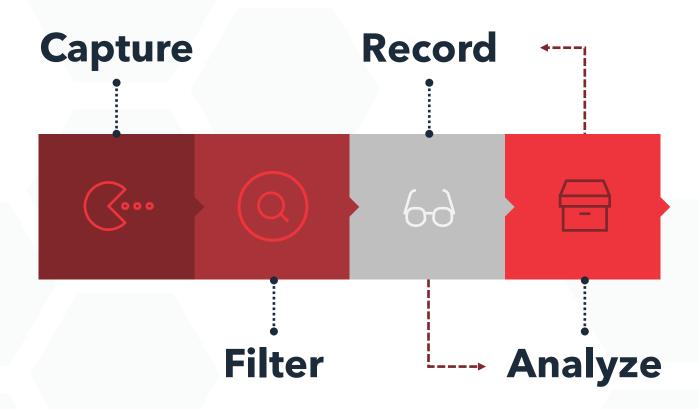


#### **Typical Packet Capture Workflow: Retrospective**



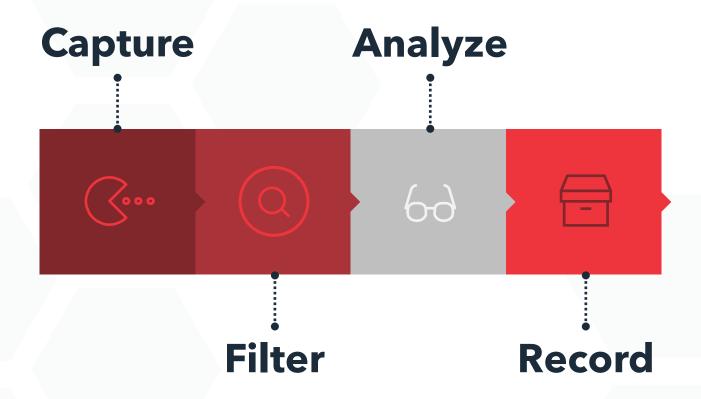


#### **Intelligent Packet Capture**





#### **Intelligent Packet Capture: Real-Time**





#### **Intelligent PCAP**

Using Machine Learning to Capture Packets with Forensic Value



**Ground truth** - Full packet capture has long been viewed as the "ground truth" for activity on the network, allowing analysts to identify the source of security incidents.



**Expensive** - Despite its value, full packet capture is not used to its fullest extent because lengthy retention periods are cost prohibitive and retention only shrinks as bandwidth utilization increases.



**Alternatives Lack Payloads** - Though valuable for portions of the security workflow, alternatives to PCAP such as Flow, and Application Metadata cannot provide the "ground truth" payload for irregular traffic.



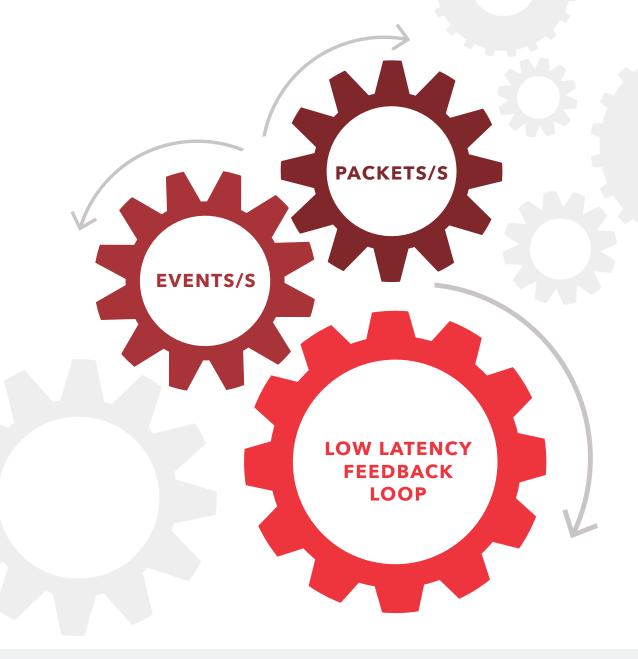
**Combine forces** - Intelligent packet capture combined with augmented flow provides a powerful combination that supports a data friendly log format plus the full packets for anomalous traffic.

#### **Intelligent Packet Capture**

uses threat intelligence, advanced analytics, and Machine Learning to decide in near real-time what to record.



# **Intelligent PCAP Performance Requirements**





# Intelligent PCAP Open Source Framework





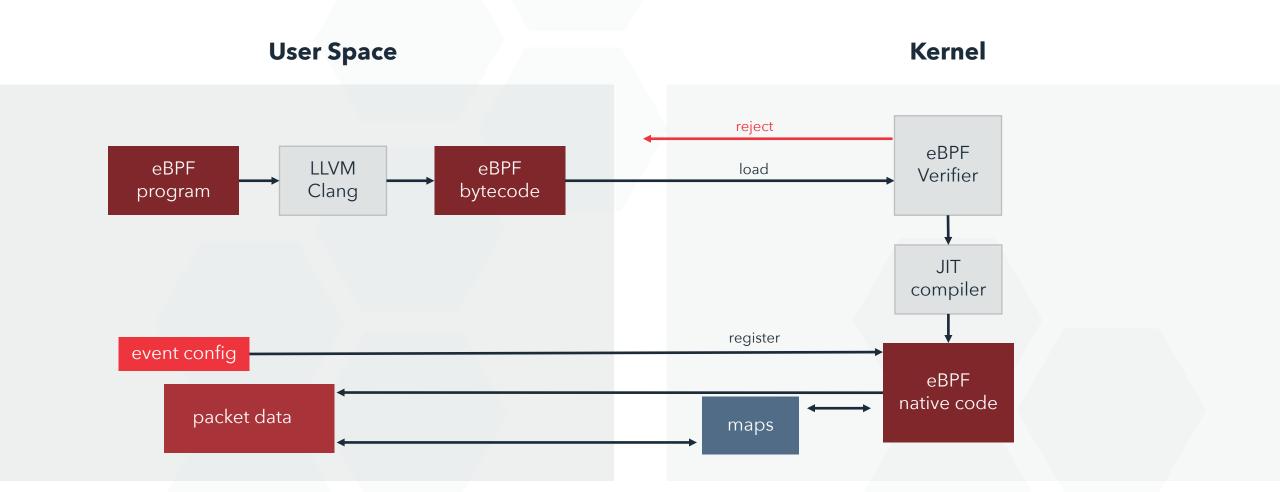
## TCPDUMP& LIBPCAP

tcpdump -i eth0 -w /cache/pcap-%m-%d-%H-%M-%S \
-W 100 -G 300 -C 1000





# eBPF for Filtering







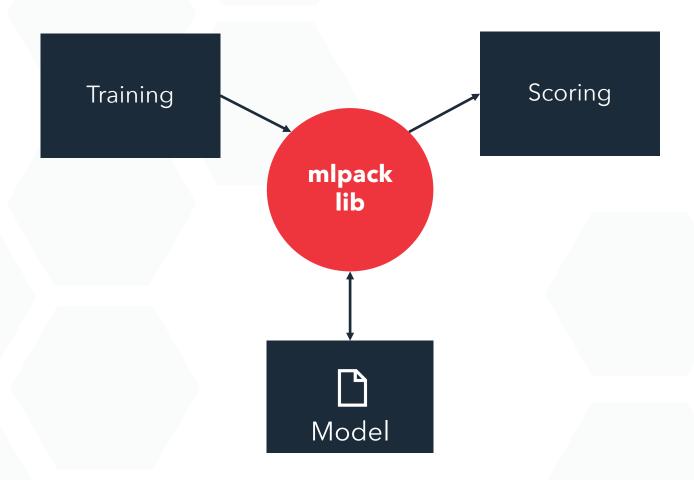
#### eBPF Map

```
struct bpf map def SEC("maps") watchlist = {
     .type = BPF MAP TYPE PERCPU HASH,
     .key size = sizeof(u32), /* ipv4 address */
     .value size = sizeof(u64), /* counter/timeout */
     .max entries = 100000,
     .map flags = BPF F NO PREALLOC,
```

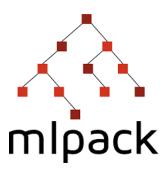




### Mlpack for training







### mlpack splitting data

1

```
/usr/local/bin/mlpack preprocess split
    --input file data/$filename.data.csv
    --input labels file data/$filename.labels.csv
    --training file data/$filename.train.csv
    --training labels file data/$filename.train.labels.csv
    --test file data/$filename.test.csv
    --test labels file data/$filename.test.labels.csv
    --test ratio 0.3
    --verbose
```



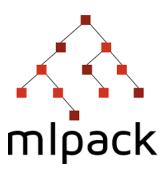


### mlpack generating model

2

```
/usr/local/bin/mlpack_random_forest
    --training_file data/$filename.data.csv
    --labels_file data/$filename.labels.csv
    --num_trees 10
    --minimum_leaf_size 3
    --print_training_accuracy
    --output_model_file model/$filename.eval-model.bin
    --verbose
```





### mlpack testing model

3

```
/usr/local/bin/mlpack_random_forest
--input_model_file model/$filename.eval-model.bin \
--test_file data/$filename.test.csv \
--test_labels_file data/$filename.test.labels.csv \
--probabilities_file probs.csv \
--verbose
```

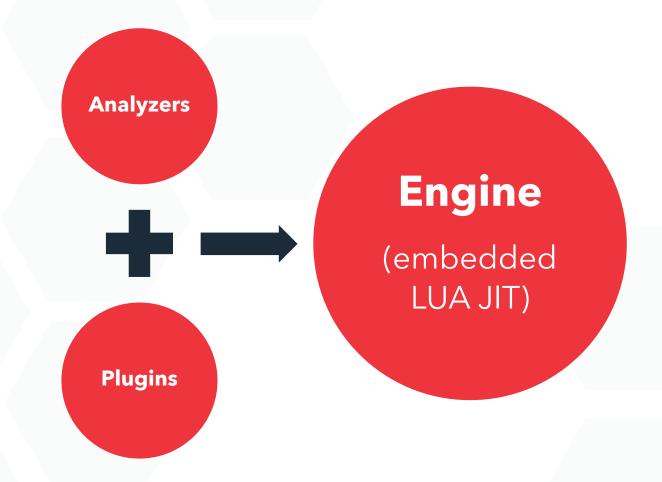




Version 2.0

- Scalable
- Lightweight
- Flexible
- Extensible

# **DragonFly MLE**





Fast - C/C++

# DragonFly Engine

**Lightweight - Small Library** 

Scriptable - Embedded LUA JIT

**Easy - Arduino Programming Model** 



#### **DragonFly Scriptable Analyzers**

```
function M:setup()
   model = config['module.model']
   rf = RandomForest.load(model)
end
function M:loop (event)
   rf:classify (event)
end
```



#### **DragonFly Scriptable Analyzers**

```
function M:dns (event)
    rf:classify (event)
end
function M:tls (event)
    rf:classify (event)
end
```



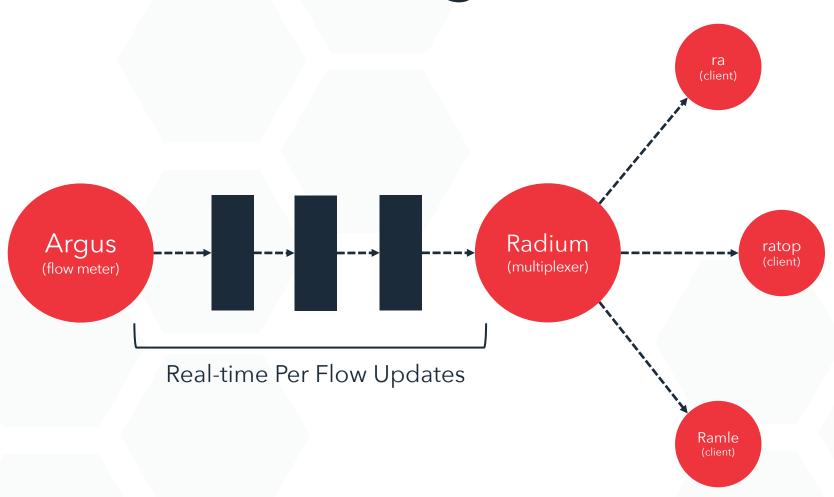
# **DragonFly Plug-ins**

mlpack eBPF iptree Redis cuckoo filter



#### argus

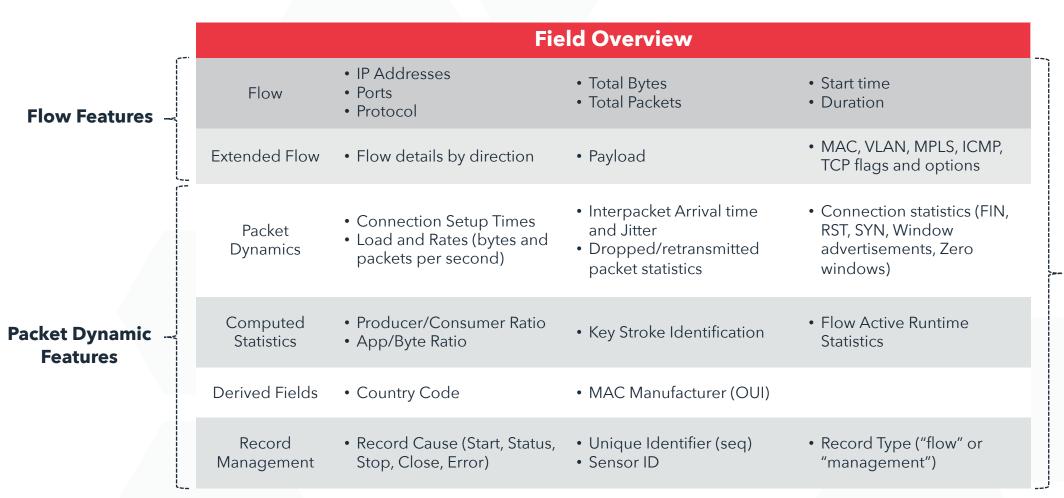
### Argus





#### argus

# **Argus**Real-Time Flow Meter



100+ Features

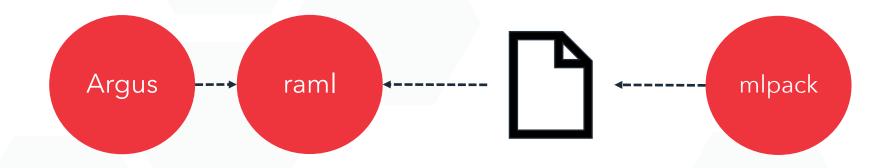


#### Intelligent PCAP with ram

- Based on Argus client (library)
- Integrated with DragonFly (library)
- Able to run an instance per core



### Intelligent PCAP with ram





#### raml: DGA Analyzer

```
function M:loop (event)
    local v = features (event.domain,
event.ttl)
    score = rf:classify (v)
    return score
end
```

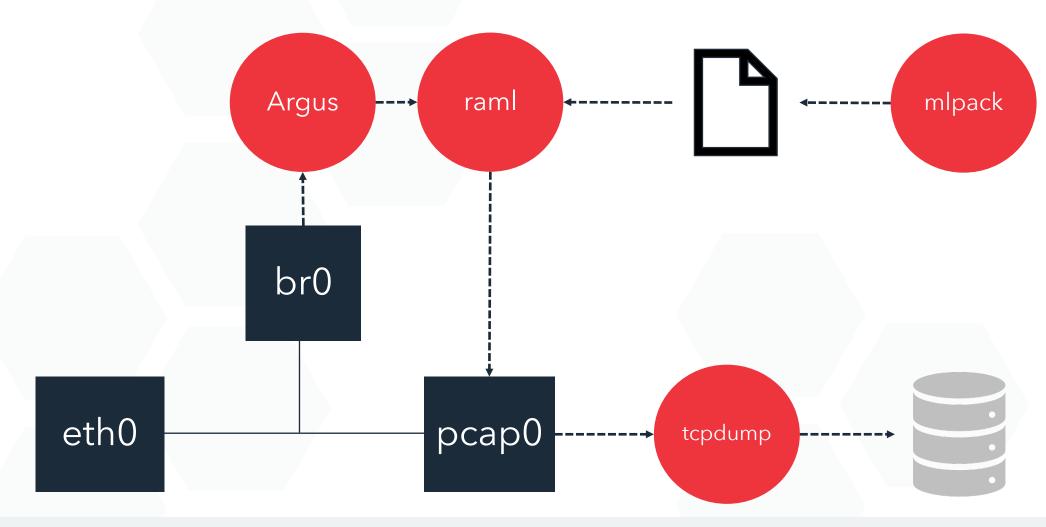


#### raml: Threat Feed Analyzer

```
function M:setup()
    file = config['ioc.filename']
    iplist = iptree(file)
end
function M:loop (event)
    local daddr = event['daddr']
    match = iplist.lookup (daddr)
    return match
end
```



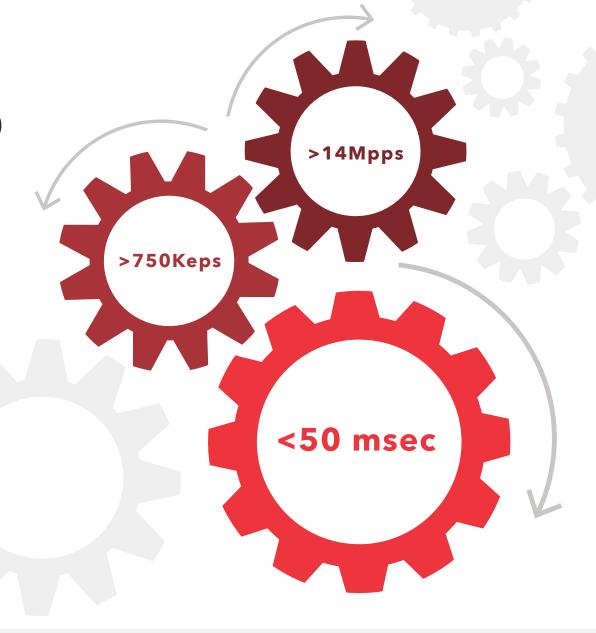
### Intelligent PCAP Solutions





#### **LESSONS LEARNED**

**Performance** 





#### **Next Steps...**

- Complete POCs
- Publish to GitHub
  - https://github.com/counterflow-ai/dragonfly2
- Merge raml with Argus
  - https://openargus.org/
- Explore additional use cases...



# **Streaming Analytics Use Cases**

- Threat Intelligence Triage
- Encrypted Traffic Analysis
- Predictive Fault Detection



# Questions?

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https://github.com/counterflow-ai/dragonfly2