

# **RSA**Conference2022

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## **Evolving Your Defense: Making Heads or Tails of Threat Actor Trends**

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**TRANSFORM**



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# Speaker Background, Pierre Cadieux

- Leader of the global Incident Response service of Cisco Talos.
- Professional consultant for the past ten years after first starting his career as an Information Security executive in the financial services, technology, and pharmaceutical industries.
- Los Angeles, CA USA





# Speaker Background, Nick Biasini

- Threat Researcher
- Seven years at Talos, 15+ in the industry.
- Recovering SOC Analyst.
- Research focus is Crimeware including exploit kits.
- Austin, TX USA



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Why are we here?



# Threat Actors & Environments are Changing

Discuss broadly how the threat landscape has changed

- Nation States
- Big Game Hunting
- Vulnerability Access

Discuss how environments are changing

- Hybrid Work
- Trust Abuse
- Increased Attack Surface

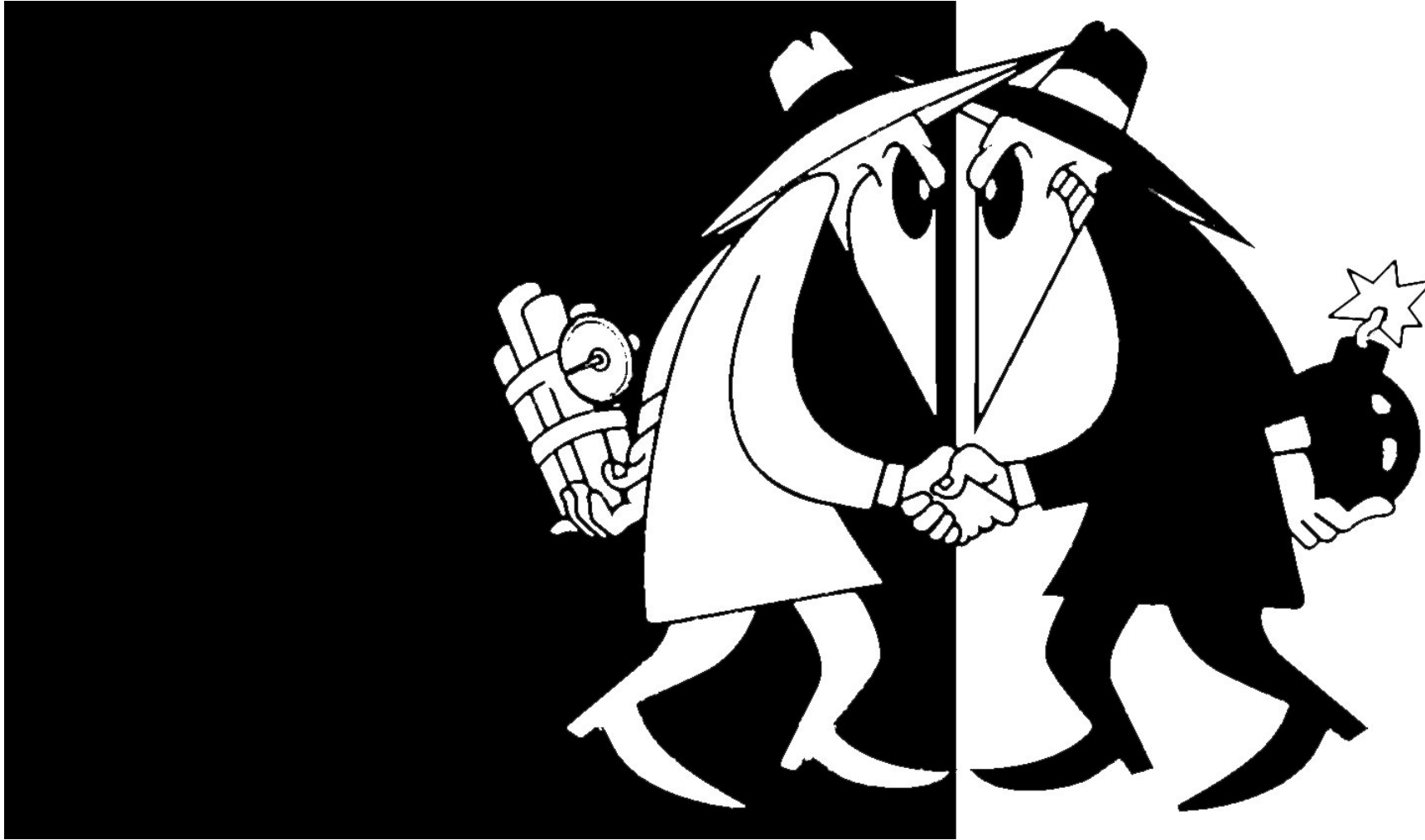
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## Let's Start with Trends

**Looking back and looking forward**



# Nation State Activity Historically





# Moonlight Maze

## Description

- Advanced Actor associated with a Nation State
- Long running espionage campaign
- Targeted Government, Military, and Higher Ed.

## Tools

- Attacked known unpatched vulnerabilities
- Hid activities using proxies
- Gathered and Exfiltrated huge amounts of data

## Tactics

- Exploited known vulns
- Used proxied connections through innocuous networks including Universities
- Evaded detection for years

## Processes

- Searched, obtained, and exfiltrated sensitive documents
- Thought to have stolen thousands or more documents

# Operation Aurora

## Description

- Advanced Actor associated with a Nation State
- Targeted Private Companies (Primarily Tech)
- Primary goal was to obtain information on persons of interest & IP

## Tools

- Leveraged Zero-Days in Internet Explorer & Adobe Reader
- Delivered Custom Tools
- Data Exfiltration

## Tactics

- Leveraged zero-days
- Targeted Private Industry
- Dissident Data & Source Code Targeted

## Processes

- Compromised via Internet Explorer or Adobe Reader Zero-Day
- Goal was exfiltration of information and other IP

## Section on current APT activity

- Cover series of examples highlighting the escalating activity of nation states.
- **Topics covered will include:**
  - Software Supply Chain
  - Zero-Day
  - Service Supply Chain
  - Mobile Targeting
  - Exploit availability

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# Software Supply Chain Attacks





# Not Petya



## Description

- Advanced Actor associated with a Nation State
- Destructive Attack Masquerading as Ransomware
- Most Expensive Incident in History

## Tools

- Wormable Ransomware
- Designed to Spread Internally Not Externally
- Leveraged Eternal Blue / Eternal Romance and Admin Tools (WMI/PSEXEC)

## Tactics

- Supply chain and victim to victim pivoting
- Rapid Infection Spread
- Destroyed Countless Systems / Networks

## Processes

- Designed to inflict damage as quickly and effectively as possible.
- Appears to be Ransomware, but is purely destructive

# C Cleaner



## Description

- Advanced Actor associated with a Nation State
- Has the ability to run long and complex operations focused on IP level theft

## Tools

- Software Supply Chain
- DGA Based C2
- Wide net cast to compromise small pool of companies
- Focused on tech companies

## Tactics

- Supply chain and victim to victim pivoting
- Low and slow internal recon
- Complex multi-stage attacks

## Processes

- Highly targeted victim identification through data mining
- Focused on stealth, in it for the long game

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## Targeting Starts to Shift



# Olympic Destroyer

## Description

- Targeted Korean Olympics
- Attributed to different nation states at different times
- Attempted attribution misdirection

## Tools

- PSEXEC / WMI / Creds stealer / Browser stealer
- Use windows systems tools for most actions
- Mimikatz and Credential stealers
- Hot Patched Gathered Credentials

## Tactics

- Self Propagating Wiper
- Lateral movement using WMI and PSEXEC
- Automated lateral movement using stolen creds

## Processes

- Steals credentials and moves laterally
- Focused and targeted attack for political gain



# VPN Filter / Cyclops Blink

## Description

- Edge Device Botnet
- Attributed to Russia
- Infected over 500K devices

## Tools

- Custom built bot framework
- Module architecture for updates
- Rather complex C2 and Stage 1, 2, 3 chain

## Tactics

- Targets edge devices
- Redirects and modifies network traffic
- Pivot functional to get to end hosts and lateral movement

## Processes

- Get everything, find interesting
- Pivot and hold

# HermeticWiper/CaddyWiper/DoubleZero

## Description

- Wipers Deployed as part of Ukrainian invasion by Russia
- Wide variety of wipers deployed into environments.

## Tools

- Designed to destroy data quickly
- Using various types of mechanisms to destroy data
- Allegedly, deployed using GPO

## Tactics

- Varying techniques for wiping
- Made use of embedded drivers
- Designed to destroy systems methodically
- Exited if found running on Domain Controller

## Processes

- Designed to inflict damage as quickly and effectively as possible.
- Didn't have internal spreading mechanism (except for HermeticWizard)

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# Escalations Continue



# Sea Turtle



## Description

- Advanced Actor associated with a Nation State
- Targeted DNS infrastructure

## Tools

- Attacked Registrants
- DNS Hijacking
- Modified records to point to actor owned servers

## Tactics

- Service based supply chain attack
- Attacked Registrants and Registries
- Used to gain credentials for further espionage activities

## Processes

- Targeted DNS infrastructure
- Allowed impersonation of several key government related sites



# Solar Winds



## Description

- Advanced Actor associated with a Nation State
- Affected thousands of customers and targeted Government Agencies and private companies

## Tools

- Supply Chain Attack
- Long running campaign
- Used to obtain SAML tokens

## Tactics

- Software supply chain attack
- SAML Tokens targeted
- Exploited monitoring/administration software

## Processes

- Designed to evade detection for long time
- Resulted in significant compromise across industries

# Hafnium / Exchange Vulnerabilities

## Description

- Advanced Actor associated with a Nation State
- Affected thousands of customers
- Typical Nation State activity combined with criminal element

## Tools

- RCE Vulnerability in MS Exchange
- Commonly used to deploy webshells and steal mailbox data

## Tactics

- 0-Day Exploitation initially
- Spread quickly to criminal elements
- Clouds attribution

## Processes

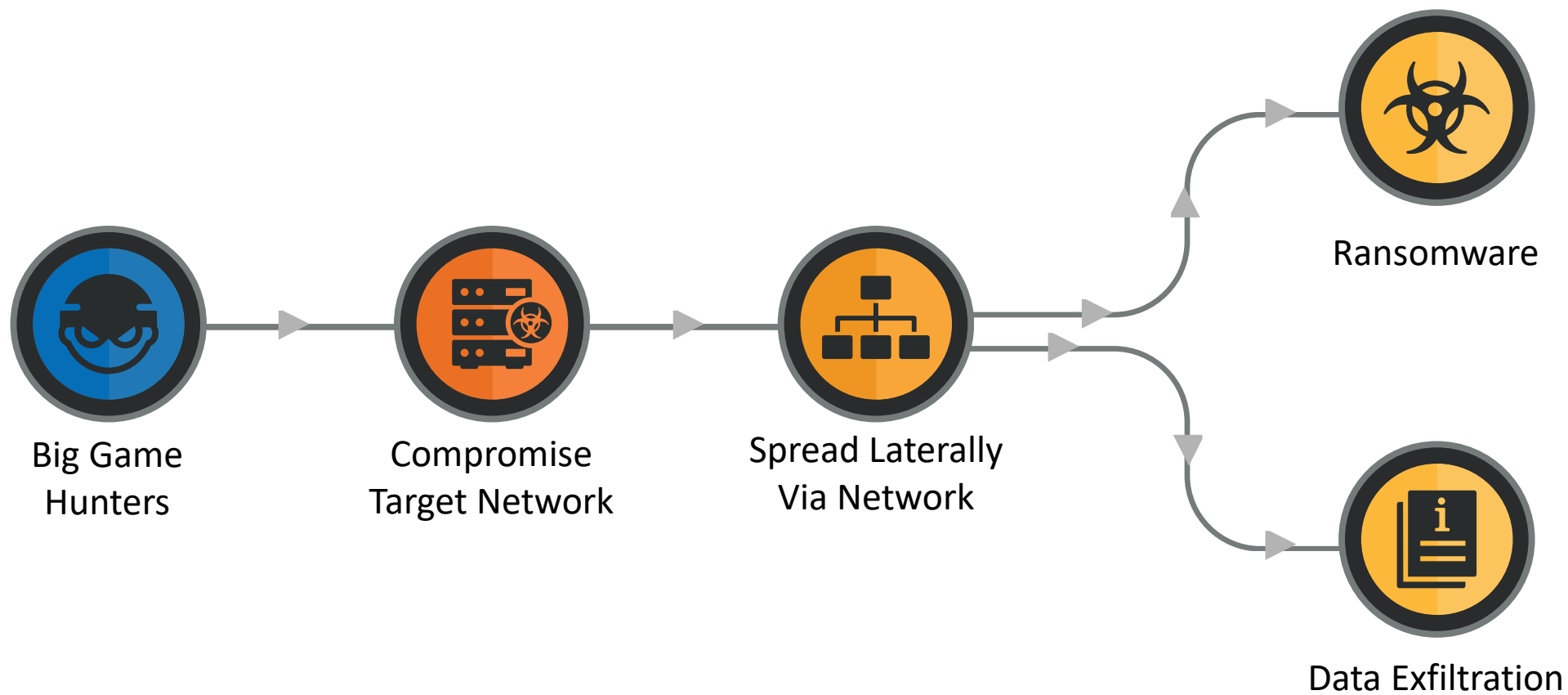
- Use of 0-day to compromise Exchange servers.
- Can be used for ongoing espionage and immediate information retrieval
- Once criminals get involved it is difficult to differentiate

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# Ransomware Cartels

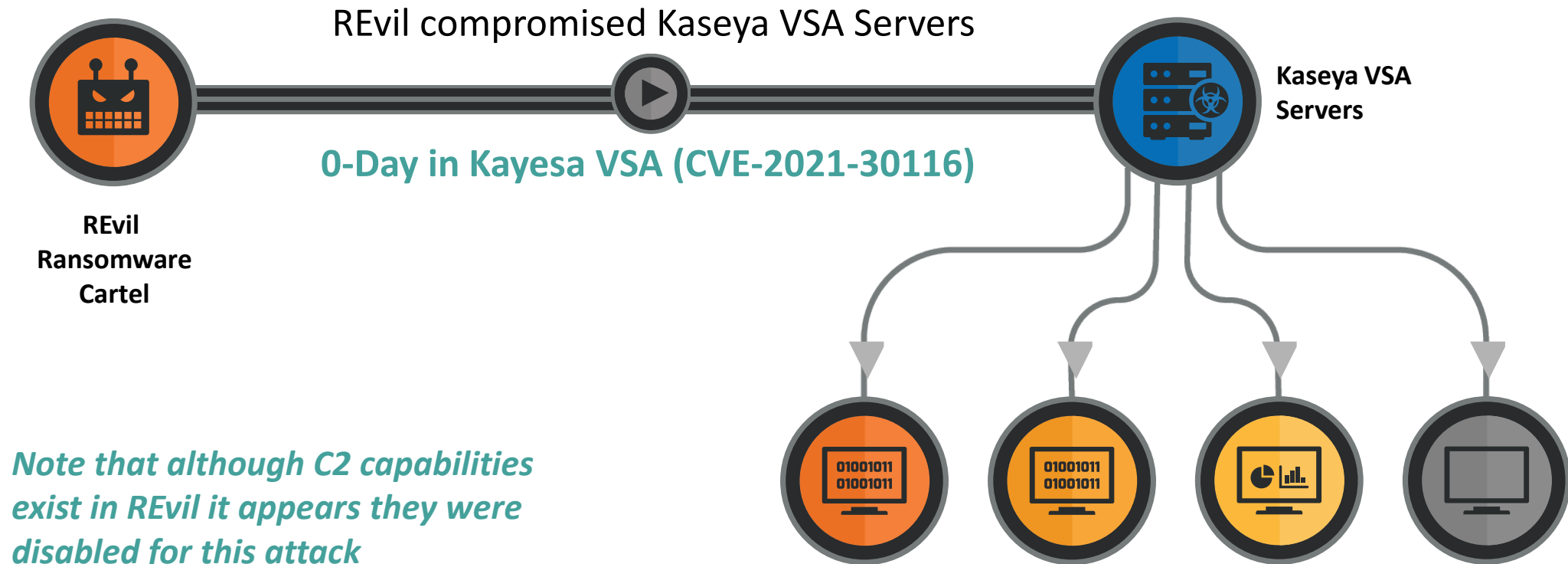


# Big Game Hunting





# Kaseya Overview



# Summary

- Key things Nation States and sophisticated actors are targeting
  - Trust
  - Remote Access
  - Supply Chain
  - Weaponized Exploit Markets
  - Critical Infrastructure
  - Foundations of Internet

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## Lessons Learned

**Insights from our work in the field**



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## Essential controls (the basics)



# Summary

- Talos has identified a number of basic controls that are applicable to the majority of incidents that we have responded to.
  - In August 2021 Talos was also able to further validate these approaches due to the leaked ransomware playbook used by the Conti ransomware group
- Implement MFA
  - Centralized logging
  - Limit Windows tools to trusted accounts
  - Network Segmentation
  - Patch/Remediate vulnerable systems and software



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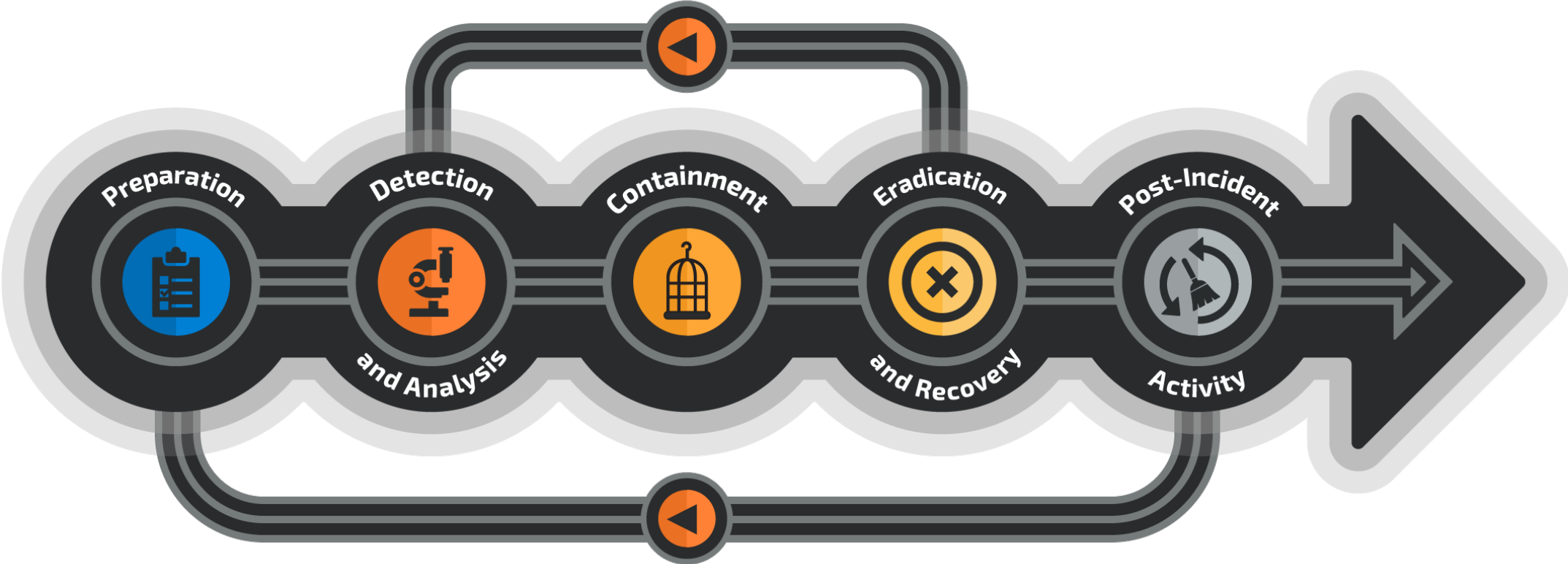
# Creating a Defender-Friendly Infrastructure



# Creating a Defender-Friendly Infrastructure

1. Develop your environment to allow for response
2. Understand your assets, risks and blind spots
3. Know where your logs are retained, how to access them, and how long they are retained
4. Know how to deploy tools rapidly and the impact and processes involved

# Incident Response Process



# Preparation

- Understand what questions you will need to answer, in the event of an incident or investigation
- Plan for how to access, preserve, analyze, and draw conclusions from your evidence
- Test and practice
- Validate and update processes such as containment and remediation strategies

- **Goal:**  
Have tools, knowledge and skills ready to act upon the event of an incident.

# Detection and Analysis

- Plan for comprehensive monitoring, prioritizing known attack methods and critical systems
- Create and test the triage and escalation process, what information is needed to escalate, who should receive the escalation?
- Define what role can declare an incident, and what that entails
- **Collect and archive data that might be related to the situation**
  - Network logs
  - Endpoint logs
  - System events
  - Scheduled tasks
  - Security software events
  - Disks images
  - Memory captures



# Containment

- Understand your assets, what function they provide, and their criticality - So you understand the impact of containment
  - Develop multiple methods for containment, your first option may not work or may not be available
  - Consider automated containment methods for very high-fidelity alerts or critical alerts
- **Can the incident be isolated?**
    - If the incident can be isolated, what steps will be taken to isolate?
    - If not, work with the owners to resolve the problem.
    - Are the affected systems isolated from non-affected systems?

# Containment

- Understand how to manage enterprise-wide password resets, including across service accounts
  - Determine what criteria would be needed to remove a device from containment
  - Plan for deployment of enterprise settings or control changes, which are often needed to complete containment
- Have backups been created to protect critical data?
  - Have copies of infected machines been made for forensic analysis?

# Eradication and Recovery

- Prepare for methods of conducting enterprise-wide eradication steps
  - Establish what your risk threshold is for rebuilding or attempting to recover a compromised system
  - Understand how your backup infrastructure works, how frequent backups are captured, and what the process is for restoration
- Remove malicious software
  - Deny the adversary access to the environment
  - Remove/remediate known entry points
  - Remove the presence of the adversary from the environment

# Post Incident Activity

- Capture recommendations and track these as projects
  - Hold an internal debrief to review the lessons learned and action items
  - Document any process improvements needed, based on the lessons learned, test new controls and optimizations
- Capture recommendations to prevent future threats
  - Analysis of the incident and overall actions
  - Identify areas of weakness

# Summary

**Consider the threats that you are concerned about –  
how would you respond to an attack using those TTPs?**

- Do you know what questions to ask?
- Do you have the logs or the telemetry to answer the questions?



# Preparing for Defense

## Initial Access

- Email inspection
- Log retention
- Monitoring
- Alerting

## User Actions

- DNS Logs
- Netflow
- Endpoint security solution
- SYSMON
- PowerShell logging

## Account Compromise

- MFA
- Authentication events
- Creation or modification of groups

## Privilege Escalation

- Microsoft LAPS
- Monitor privileged accounts
- Alert on GPO modification

## Lateral Movement

- Network segmentation
- Remove or restrict SMB
- Monitor for unexpected traffic

## Encryption of data

- Ensure critical data is backed up regularly
- Secure backups
- Test data restore process

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# How do we evolve defenses

**Things are escalating how do we stay secure??**



# Test and improve

Perform periodic tabletop tests using either recent incidents that your team has handled or recent incidents from the news or other sources to test your team.

Are there different tools, capabilities, or telemetry you require to have a successful outcome?

Does your IR Plan cover all of what you need to be successful for this specific type of incident?

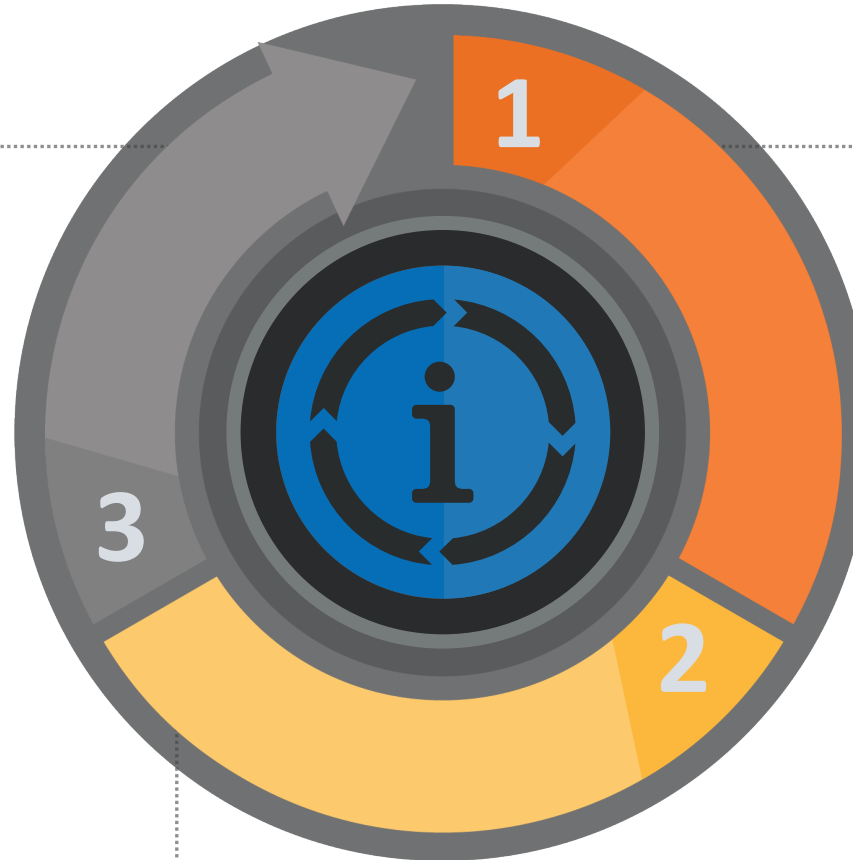


*Much better to find out during a scheduled test vs. during an incident*

Do you have the right team members or roles identified to address the issues or risks with this type of incident?

# Apply Intelligence

Train the team on what these alerts mean and how to handle them, update playbooks and IR plans as needed



- Develop alerts and detections based on information from reputable threat intelligence sources.
- When there are new tools, attack methods, or techniques, verify that your team captures the logs that are needed to detect and investigate these threats.

Use tools like the Mitre ATT&CK matrix and navigator to better understand current techniques, detection opportunities, and mitigations

# Stay Connected and Up To Date

Spreading security news, updates, and other information to the public.



*Talos publicly shares security information through numerous channels to help make the internet safer for everyone.*



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