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Know Your Own Risks: Content Security Policy Report Aggregation and Analysis



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Agenda

- What is Content Security Policy (CSP) and why do we need it?
- CSP reporting functionality
- Extracting important information from reports at scale
- CSP support and adoption
- Real world examples of policies







Pop Quiz

Which web application vulnerability was

- #4 in OWASP* Top 10 in 2003
- #1 in OWASP Top 10 in 2007
- #2 in OWASP Top 10 in 2010
- ◆ #3 in OWASP Top 10 in 2013



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* OWASP - Open Web Application Security Project (https://www.owasp.org/)





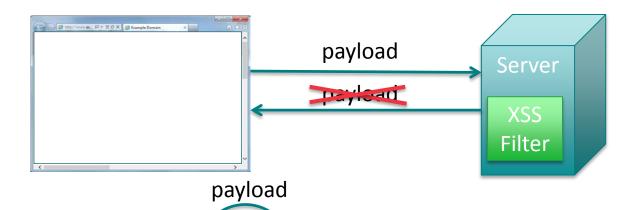
Traditional Methods of XSS Protection



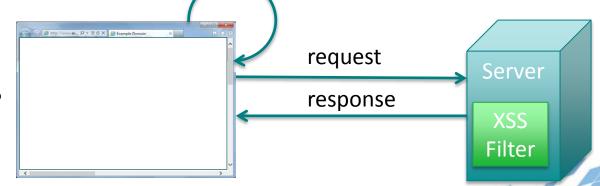


Execution of DOM-based XSS

Traditional XSS



DOM-based XSS

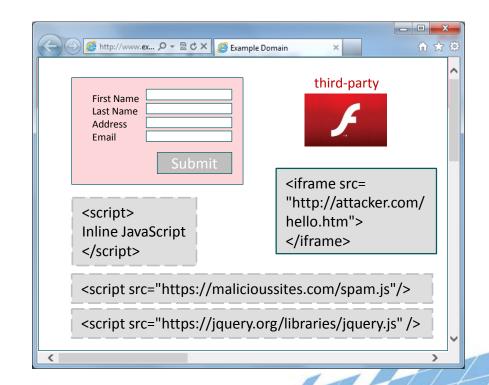






What is Content Security Policy?

- Content Security Policy:
 - Restricts ad-hoc XSS vectors: inline scripts and eval-constructs
 - Imposes restrictions on resources based on their origin
- CSP defines a list of resource directives:
 - script-src
 - object-src
 - frame-src
 - img-src
 - media-src
 - etc.







Sample CSP Policies

Policy is sent by the server as an HTTP header:

```
Content-Security-Policy: script-src 'self' https://apis.google.com
```

 Any malicious inline scripts or scripts hosted elsewhere will not be executed.

```
√
```

Can a page with the following policy load a CSS style sheet from http://wordpress.org?

```
Content-Security-Policy: script-src 'self'; frame-src 'none';
object-src 'none'
```





CSP Reporting

- Browsers supporting CSP send policy violation reports in JSON format to the server
- Violation report may contain data about the attack





CSP Reporting and Enforcing

- Content-Security-Policy header with report-uri enforces the policy
- Content-Security-Policy-Report-Only header reports policy violations, but does not enforce the policy

```
Content-Security-Policy-Report-Only: default-src 'self'; script-src 'self'
https://apis.google.com; report-uri http://example.com/reporting/parser.php
```

 Use both headers: one to enforce the old policy and another to test out the new policy

```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'self' *.google.com;

Content-Security-Policy-Report-Only: default-src 'self' *.google.com;
script-src 'self' https://apis.google.com; frame-src 'self';
report-uri http://example.com/reporting/parser.php
```





Browser Dependent Report Formats

Browsers use slightly different formats for the reports

Google Chrome	Mozilla Firefox	Windows Edge
document-uri referrer blocked-uri: "" violated-directive original-policy effective-directive status-code	document-uri (with path) referrer blocked-uri (with path): 'self' violated-directive original-policy	? Coming soon July 29, 2015

Special tools are needed to process CSP reports at scale





Report Aggregation: Tools

- Aggregate Data
 - Normalize data coming from different browsers
 - Add extra fields: application name, user agent
- Filter
 - According to Twitter, 80% is noise
 - Filter out reports from browser plugins, proxy sites, ISP cache servers
- Graph
 - Twitter created custom CSP report aggregation tool "highly proprietary and will never be open sourced"
 - Yelp uses Elasticsearch/Logstash/Kibana trio
 - Open source tool Caspr (http://www.caspr.io/)







Source: http://engineeringblog.yelp.com/2014/09/csp_reports_at_scale.html

Yelp's Report Aggregation







Source: http://caniuse.com/#feat=contentsecuritypolicy

Browser Support of CSP

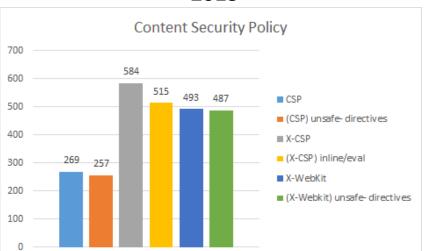




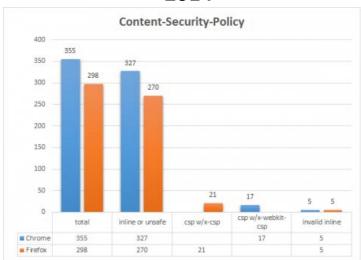
CSP Adoption

Number of sites using CSP out of Alexa Top 1 Million





2014



Sources: https://www.veracode.com/blog/2013/11/security-headers-on-the-top-1000000-websites-november-2013-report/https://www.veracode.com/blog/2014/03/guidelines-for-setting-security-headers





CSP Level 2

- Problem with CSP 1
 - Using CSP requires re-writing a whole application
 - Frameworks still use inline JavaScript and eval-constructs
- CSP Level 2 (W3C Candidate Recommendation)
 - Protecting inline JavaScript without re-writing an application:
 - Nonce-source directive
 - Hash-source directive
 - Replacing X-Frame-Options with frame-ancestors





Real World CSP Adoption Example: Facebook



Facebook uses CSP on www.facebook.com

```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src *; script-src https://*.facebook.com
http://*.facebook.com https://*.fbcdn.net http://*.fbcdn.net
*.facebook.net *.google-analytics.com *.virtualearth.net *.google.com
127.0.0.1:* *.spotilocal.com:* 'unsafe-inline' 'unsafe-eval'
https://*.akamaihd.net http://*.akamaihd.net *.atlassolutions.com; style-
src * 'unsafe-inline'; connect-src https://*.facebook.com
http://*.facebook.com https://*.fbcdn.net http://*.fbcdn.net
*.facebook.net *.spotilocal.com: * https://*.akamaihd.net
wss://*.facebook.com:* ws://*.facebook.com:* http://*.akamaihd.net
https://fb.scanandcleanlocal.com: * *.atlassolutions.com
http://attachment.fbsbx.com https://attachment.fbsbx.com;
```





Real World CSP Adoption Example: Yelp



Yelp uses CSP on www.yelp.com

```
Content-Security-Policy-Report-Only: report-uri
https://www.yelp.com/csp_report; default-src https:; img-src https:;
script-src https://*.facebook.com https://*.facebook.net
https://*.googleapis.com https://*.quantserve.com https://*.yelp.com
https://*.yelpcdn.com https://*.yelpassets.com https://*.google-
analytics.com https://*.scorecardresearch.com 'unsafe-inline'
'unsafe-eval'; style-src https: 'unsafe-inline'; connect-src https:;
font-src https: data:; media-src https:; object-src https:; frame-
ancestors 'self'; frame-src yelp-webview://* https://*.facebook.com
```





Real World CSP Adoption Example: Twitter



Twitter uses CSP on all their services

```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'none'; connect-src 'self'; font-src
https://abs.twimg.com data:; frame-src 'self' twitter:; frame-ancestors
'none'; img-src https://abs.twimg.com https://*.twimg.com
https://pbs.twimg.com data:; media-src 'none'; object-src 'none';
script-src https://abs.twimg.com https://abs-0.twimg.com; style-src
https://abs.twimg.com https://abs-0.twimg.com; report-uri
https://twitter.com/i/csp_report?a=
NVQWGYLXFVWG6Z3JNY%3D%3D%3D%3D%3D%3D%3D&ro=false;
```





Apply What You Have Learned Today

- If you want to use reporting functionality of CSP, next week answer the two questions:
 - Do any of your applications use CSP?
 - If they do, do you collect and analyze violation reports?
- In the next three months do the following:

Not Using CSP Yet	Already Using CSP
 Run a pilot: Select an application developed from scratch. Understand technologies used by the application. Are there any that don't support CSP? Use technologies that support CSP (Angular JS, Django). Do not use 'unsafe-eval' and 'unsafe-inline'. Use Report-Only option to test the policy. 	 Start collecting and analyzing reports: Add the report-uri directive to the policy. Filter out the noise. Add extra information to easily identify the application/module. Provide analysis results to development teams and to the security team. Use Report-Only option to test a new policy.





Summary

- CSP protects applications from all types of XSS, including DOMbased XSS.
- CSP 1.0 is hard to implement on existing applications, but can be added to the newly developed applications. CSP 1.1 is on its way!
- CSP violation reports provide essential data about the application in the users' browsers. Use it!
- Normalize and filter CSP reports before analyzing and plotting data.



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Questions?

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