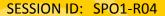
RSA*Conference2016

San Francisco | February 29 - March 4 | Moscone Center



Board Room Rodeo:

How to Align the C-Suite and Make Better Security Decisions



Connect **to** Protect

Diana Kelley

Executive Security Advisor IBM *@dianakelley14*



Why Survey the C-Suite about Cybersecurity?







Image Source: Cat Rodeo, Item #: 6079241 http://www.allposters.com/-sp/Cat-Rodeo-Posters_i6079241_.htm

Agenda

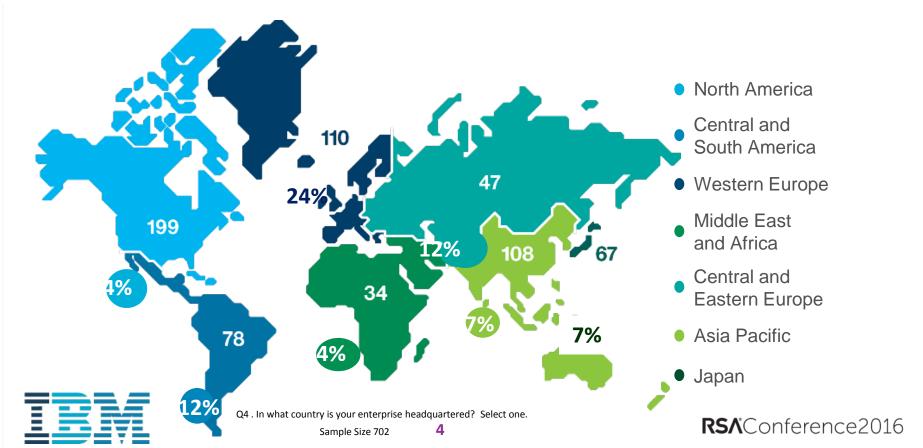


- Approach and Demographics
- C-Suite View
- Collaboration Factor
- Lessons Learned
- Recommendations



700 C-suite executives, 29 countries, 18 industries





20 questions for all, 3-5 specific to each role



Questions asked across
C-suite roles

- 5 Demographic
- 5 Risk awareness
- 5 Capability and preparation
- 5 Governance



Role Specific Examples

CEO

- Cybersecurity importance relative to other strategic issues
- Willingness to share information (internally and externally)

CHRO

- Deployed employee education
- Protected critical employee personal sensitive data

CFO/CRO

- Degree security is incorporated into ERM plans
- Protected critical financial and
 risk data
 RSA*Conference2016

Balanced across company size and role



Company size in \$USD annualized revenue

Over \$10B 5%

\$1B - \$10B 45%

\$500M - \$1B 15[%]

Under \$500M 35%

C-suite role

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Information Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Marketing Officer

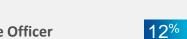
Chief **Human Resource** Officer

Chief Risk Officer

Chief Legal/Compliance Officer

Chief Operations Officer

Chief Supply Chain Officer



13%

13%

13%

13%

12%

12%

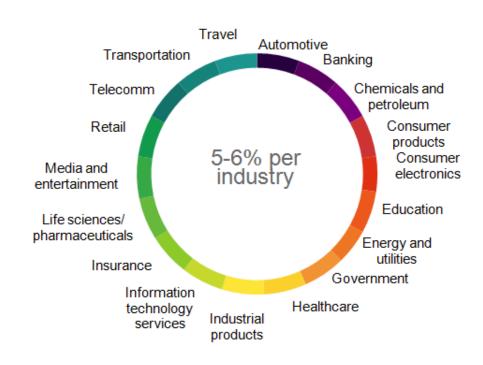
8%

4%



Balanced across industry







Agenda



- Approach and Demographics
- C-Suite View
- Collaboration Factor
- Lessons Learned
- Recommendations



IT Security Risks are Top of Mind



Greatest risks with emerging, disruptive technologies



Disruptive technologies where IT Security risk was selected as #1 Top Concern

- Mobile solutions
- Cloud computing
- Smart, connected (IoT)
- Cognitive computing
- Advanced manufacturing technologies
- Man-machine hybrids



IBM 2015 C-Suite Study: Source: Q1.4 Which of the following technologies will revolutionize your business in 3 to 5 years? [Rank up to 3] cut by Q2.3 Which of the following risks do you think may occur in 3 to 5 years as a result of the technology you ranked #1 in question 1.4?

Rake-weighted n=5247

RSAConference 2016

68%

Fear of the new





57% employee-furnished mobile devices



54% social media/channel systems



47% enterprise mobile applications



47% cloud-based applications



42% vendor/partner system integration points



38% data/analytics applications

The latest "technologies du jour" such as mobile are capturing more Executive level attention, despite the fact that there are, currently, fewer known incidents through these channels than others (e.g. legacy applications, vendor/partner system integration points, network security).

Admittedly, legacy infrastructure vulnerabilities remain a top of concern for all. They are exacerbated by emerging technologies (e.g. API Security).



75% think a program is important



% of C-suite indicating cybersecurity plan components are important to extremely important

Weighted average response for whole cybersecurity plan is important to extremely important







Q12 . How important are the following elements of a cybersecurity plan in each of the areas described below? Please rate each item below on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being "Not at all important", 5 being "extremely important", or "Don't know".

RSAConference2016

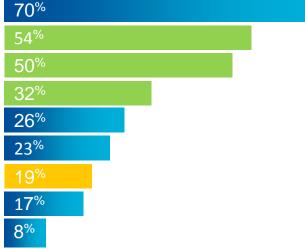


Do they understand the biggest threats?



Riskiest threat actors selected by C-suite respondents

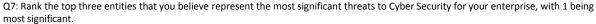




On average, they overstate the risk from Rogue actors and understate the risk from employees, foreign governments and industrial espionage

- 80% of material threats arise from organized crime groups¹
- 31.5% of data breaches are attributable to malicious insiders (employees, contractors, vendors)²
- 23.5% of data breaches are due to inadvertent actors, (insider errors, non-adherence to policy)²

Sample Size = 702



^{1:} UNODC Comprehensive Study on Cybercrime 2013

^{2:} IBM 2015 Cyber Security Intelligence Index - https://securityintelligence.com/economic-espionage-the-global-workforce-and-the-insider-threat/



Agenda



- Approach and Demographics
- C-Suite View
- Collaboration Factor
- Lessons Learned
- Recommendations



Do as I say, not as I do?



CEO agreement with need for external collaboration with various groups

CEO reticence to participate in sharing incident information with them

% CEOs that agree

Government needs to play stronger role

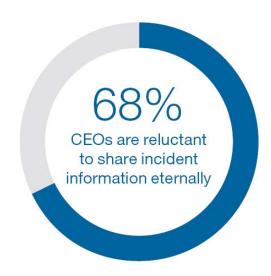


Industry needs to collaborate more

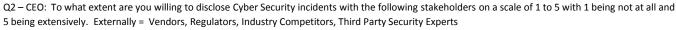


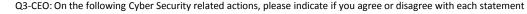
Cross-border information sharing











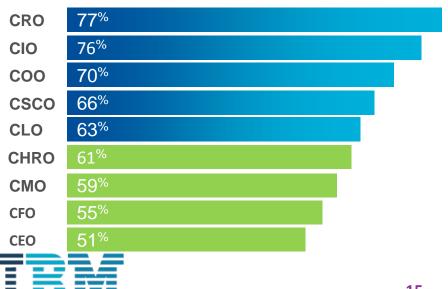




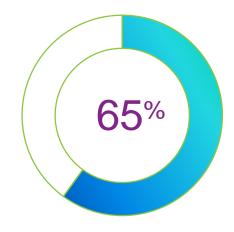
CEO: Least confident about the strategy



% C-suite respondents by role that report the cybersecurity strategy of their company is well established



C-suite average response that the cybersecurity strategy of their company is well established



Key roles low on engagement

#RSAC

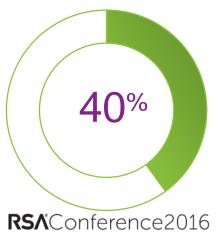
% C-suite respondents by role that report they are very engaged in security threat management discussions

		0
Low to No Engagement		High Engagement
43 %	CSCO	57%
44%	CIO	56%
44%	COO	56%
52 %	CLO	48%
55 %	CEO	45%
57 %	CRO	43%
57 %	CMO	43%
59 %	CHRO	41%
62 %	CFO	38%
T		

% of C-suite agree cybersecurity plan incorporates C-suite collaboration



% of C-suite highly engaged in cybersecurity threat management



Agenda



- Approach and Demographics
- C-Suite View
- Collaboration Factor
- Lessons Learned
- Recommendations



Methodology to cluster effectiveness



3 Strategic components:

- Q10.1 Evaluating potential security issues across all initiatives (C-Suite collaboration)
- Q10.2 Indentifying critical enterprise data (the Crown Jewels)
- Q10.3 Developing an effective response plan in the event of a breach (internal & external)

4 Tactical components:

Q13.1 Prevention: Having necessary prevention practices and tools in place

Q 13.2 Detection: Deploying continuous monitoring & detection tools

Q13.3 Response: Implementing a comprehensive response plan

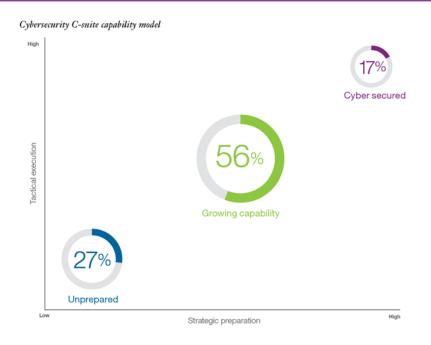
Q13.4 Remediation: Implementing remediation plans to strengthen security

We asked respondents how they have prepared strategically and tactically along these factors and used responses to these questions to see if clusters emerged, by capability.

RSAConference2016

Analysis clusters





Sample Size = 702

Q10. To what extent has your organization established and implemented Cyber Security plans and capabilities across your enterprise? Please rate each item below [Strategic Plan, Data Protected, Response Plan ready], on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 "Not at all", 5 being "Extensively"



Q13. Considering your entire enterprise, how effective are current Cyber Security plans in each of the areas described below [Prevention, Detection, Response, Q13 . Considering your entire enterprise, now enecute are content experienced, and 5 being "extremely effective" Remediation]? Please rate each item below on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 "Not at all effective", and 5 being "extremely effective" RSACONFERENCE 2016

Have a CISO



Have established an office of information security and appointed a Chief Information Security Officer (CISO)



32%

Growing capability

29% Unprepared





Build collaboration in



C-suite collaboration built into cybersecurity plan (governance)



Cybersecured

34%

Growing capability

10%

Unprepared





Promote transparency & communication



Cybersecurity is a regular topic on the board meeting agenda



Cybersecured

27%

Growing capability

10%

Unprepared





Agenda



- Approach and Demographics
- C-Suite View
- Collaboration Factor
- Lessons Learned
- Recommendations



Recommendations



- Help CxOs understand the risks
- Collaborate, educate, empower
- Manage risk with vigilance and speed



Learn more about the study: Securing the C-Suite



Visit ibm.com/security/ciso to download the report









Learn more about IBM Security



No. 1

enterprise security vendor in total revenue

25

industry analyst reports rank IBM Security as a **LEADER**

130⁺

countries where IBM delivers managed security services

12K⁺

clients protected including...



of the Fortune 100 companies



You Tube

Watch our videos on YouTube



Read new blog posts



Join IBM X-Force Exchange



Follow us on Twitter

Statement of Good Security Practices: IT system security involves protecting systems and information through prevention, detection and response to improper access from within and outside your enterprise. Improper access can result in information being altered, destroyed, misappropriated or misused or can result in damage to or misuse of your systems, including for use in attacks on others. No IT system or product should be considered completely secure and no single product, service or security measure can be completely effective in preventing improper use or access. IBM systems, products and services are designed to be part of a lawful, comprehensive security approach, which will necessarily involve additional operational procedures, and may require other systems, products or services to be most effective. IBM DOES NOT WARRANT THAT ANY SYSTEMS, PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE IMMUNE FROM, OR WILL MAKE YOUR ENTERPRISE IMMUNE FROM, THE MALICIOUS OR ILLEGAL CONDUCT OF ANY PARTY

THANK YOU

www.ibm.com/security





Intelligence. Integration. Expertise.

© Copyright IBM Corporation 2015. All rights reserved. The information contained in these materials is provided for informational purposes only, and is provided AS IS without warranty of any kind, express or implied. IBM shall not be responsible for any damages arising out of the use of, or otherwise related to, these materials. Nothing contained in these materials is intended to, nor shall have the effect of, creating any warranties or representations from IBM or its suppliers or licensors, or altering the terms and conditions of the applicable license agreement governing the use of IBM software. References in these materials to IBM products, programs, or services do not imply that they will be available in all countries in which IBM operates. Product release dates and / or capabilities referenced in these materials may change at any time at IBM's sole discretion based on market opportunities or other factors, and are not intended to be a commitment to future product or feature availability in any way. IBM, the IBM logo, and other IBM products and services are trademarks of the International Business Machines Corporation, in the United States, other countries or both. Other company, product, or service marks of others.