

RSACConference2020

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HUMAN
ELEMENT

SESSION ID: PART3-W02

Zero Trust for the Real World



Nupur Goyal

Zero Trust Product Strategy

Microsoft

@nupur_11

Carmichael Patton

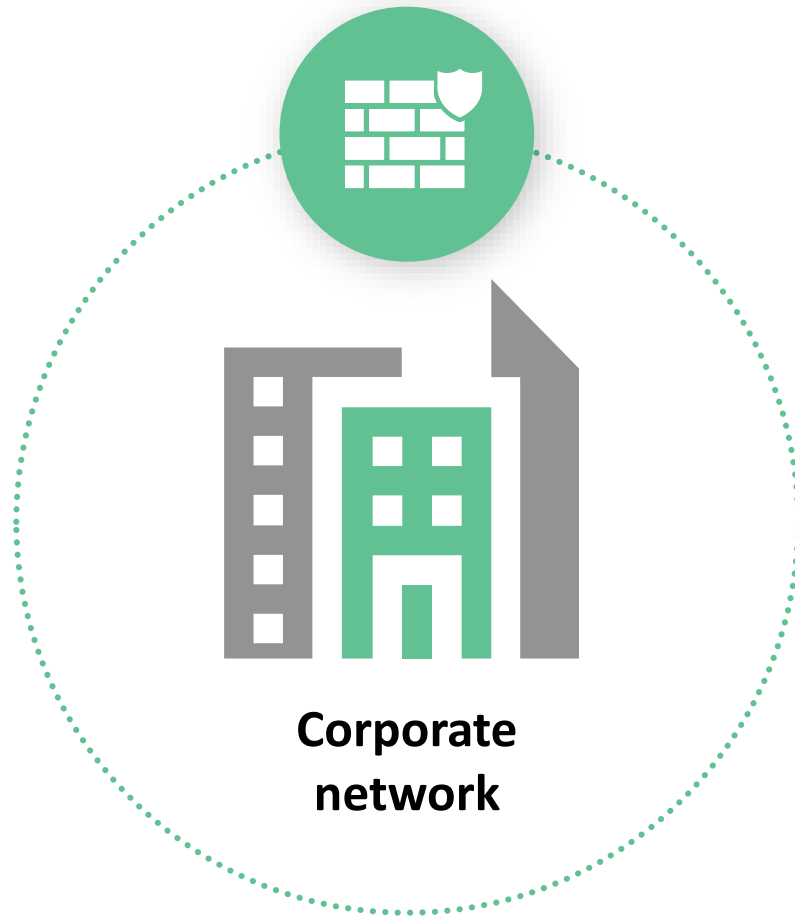
Zero Trust Security Architect

Microsoft / Digital Security, Risk, and Engineering

@Xanlythe

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Traditional Model



Users, devices, apps,
and data protected
behind a DMZ/firewall

Digital Transformation

2000

Salesforce SaaS
launched

2002

Starbucks puts
wifi in stores

2007

iPhone

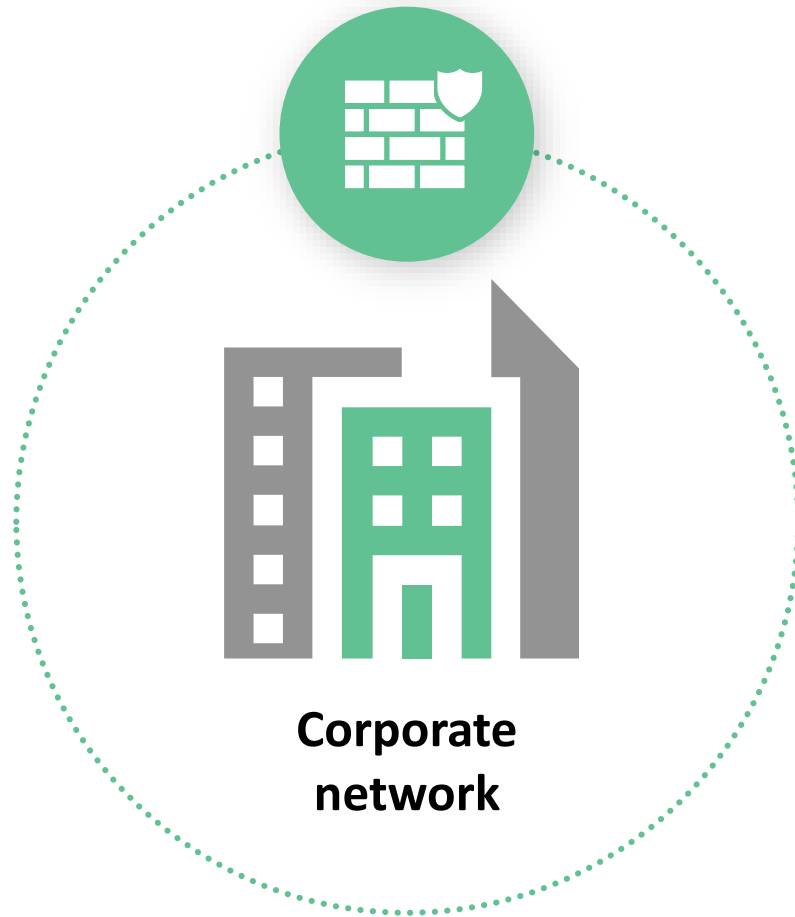
2009

FITBIT Tracker

2011

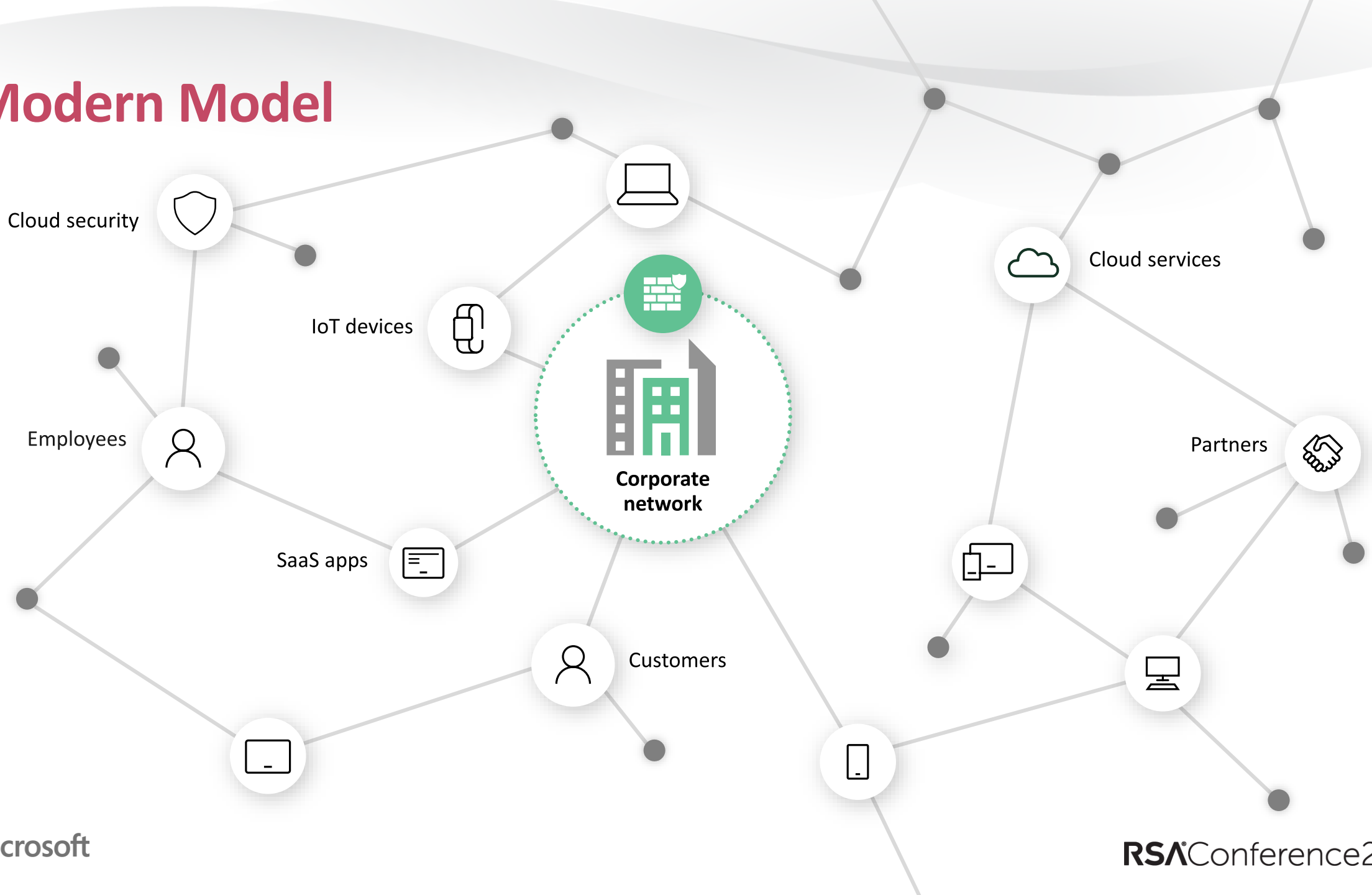
Office 365
launched

Traditional Model



Users, devices, apps,
and data protected
behind a DMZ/firewall

Modern Model



The world has changed

94% of organizations
using cloud

5.2

mobile business apps
accessed daily by
employees

7B internet-
connected
devices in use
worldwide

60%

of organizations
currently have a
formal BYOD
program in place

Old World vs. New World

~~Users are employees~~



Employees, partners, customers, bots

~~Corporate managed devices~~



Bring your own devices and IoT

~~On-premises apps~~



Explosion of cloud apps

~~Monolithic apps~~



Composite apps & public restful APIs

~~Corp network and firewall~~



Perimeter-less

~~Local packet tracking and logs~~

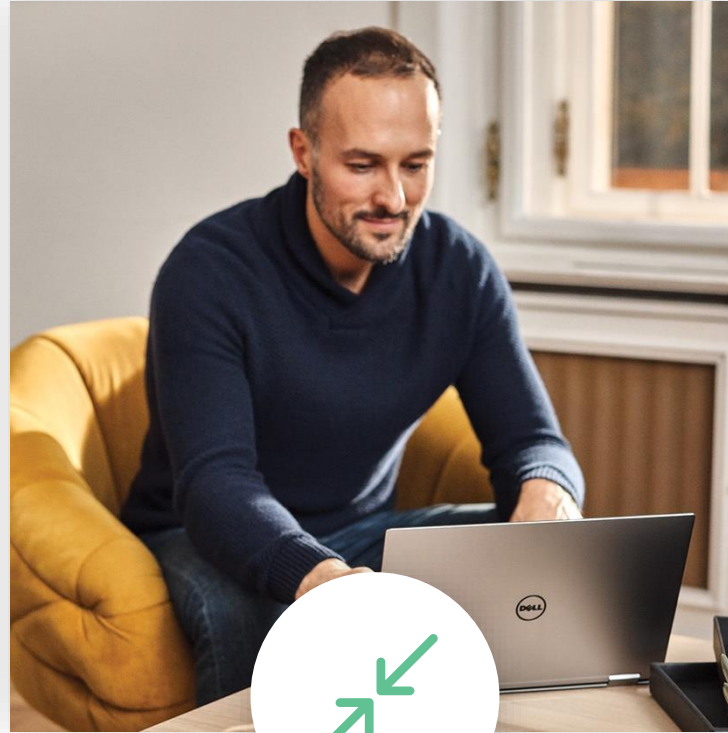


Explosion of signal

A new reality needs new principles



Verify explicitly



Use least privilege access



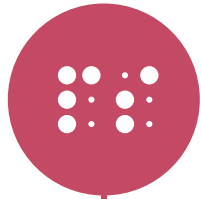
Assume breach

Zero Trust

A modern approach to security which treats every access attempt as if it's originating from an untrusted network.



Zero Trust – Where it all started?



2004

Jericho Forum
concept of de-
perimeterization



2010

Forrester coins
“Zero Trust” term



2009

Operation Aurora
attack



2014

Google
BeyondCorp is
published

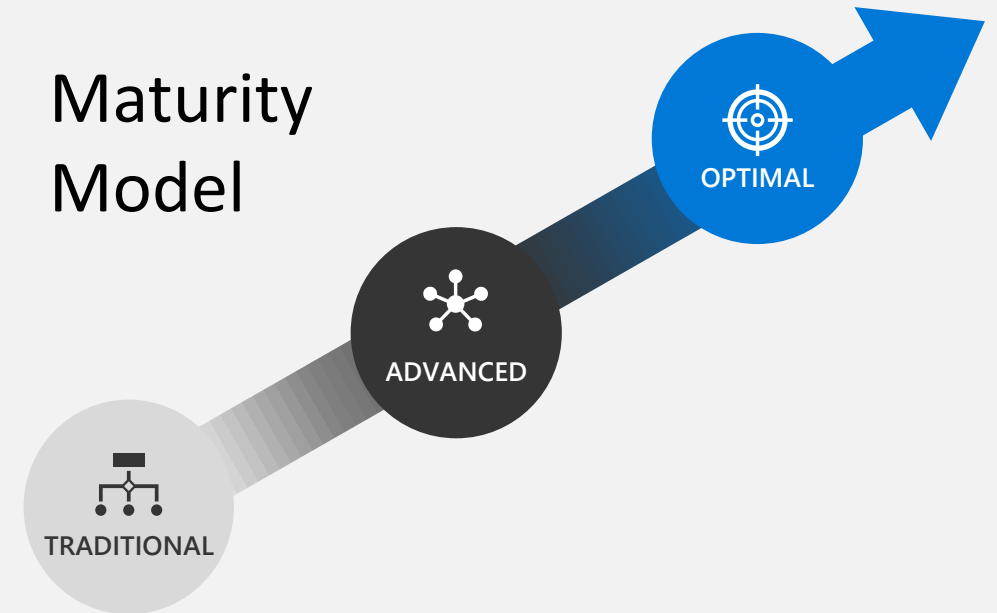
Zero Trust hype
takes off

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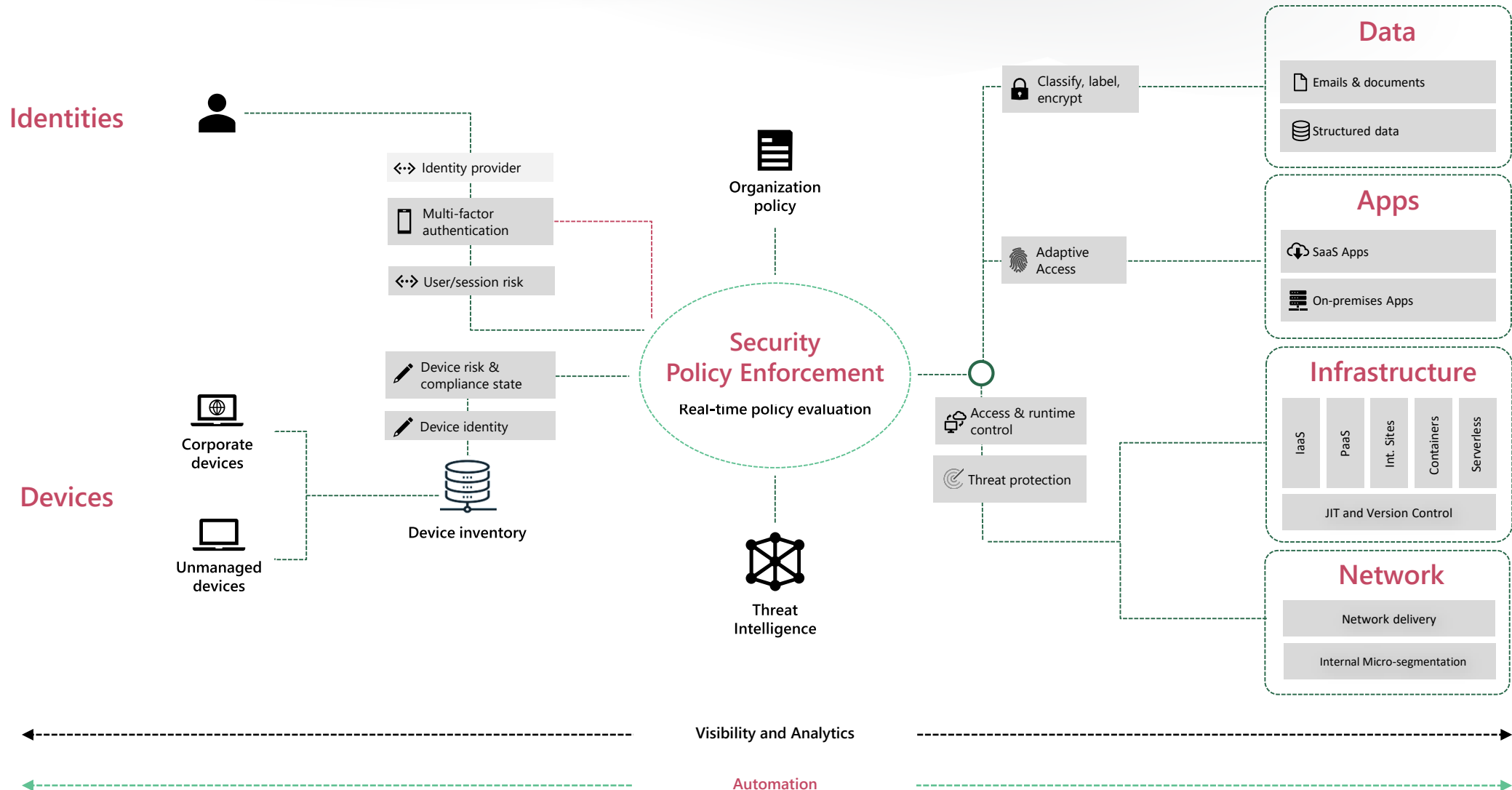
Making Zero Trust a reality

- Do you know what is Zero Trust?
- Have you established a v-team with your stakeholders?
- Do you know where you are at today with your zero-trust journey?
- Do you have buy-in from C-level?

Maturity Model

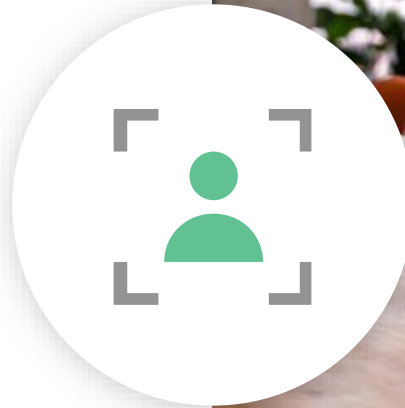


Zero Trust architecture



Identities

Verify identities and control access



Identity teams, here is your to-do:

01

Connect all apps for
Single Sign On

02

Strong Authentication
using Multi-Factor Auth
and Risk Detection

03

Enforce **Policy Based Access**
for breach containment

Devices

Protect devices and block access from non-compliant and risky devices



Device management teams, here is your to-do:

01

Register devices with your management solution

02

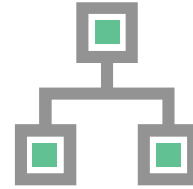
Implement security baselines & Compliance reporting

03

Use **endpoint threat detection** to monitor device risk

Network & Infrastructure

Remove trust from the network
and secure the cloud perimeter



Network & Infra security teams, here is your to-do:

01

Enable a **Cloud Workload Protection** solution across your estate: Hybrid and multi-cloud

02

Use cloud-native controls to **create micro-perimeters** with real-time threat protection and enhanced visibility and control

03

Encrypt all traffic and **enable Just-in-time**, application, network and identity

Application and Data

Protect your sensitive data—
wherever it lives or travels

101010
010101
101010



App and Data security teams, here is your to-do:

01

Perform Shadow IT
discovery and a cloud
control program

02

Agree on a **label taxonomy**
and classify all documents
& emails with the default
label

03

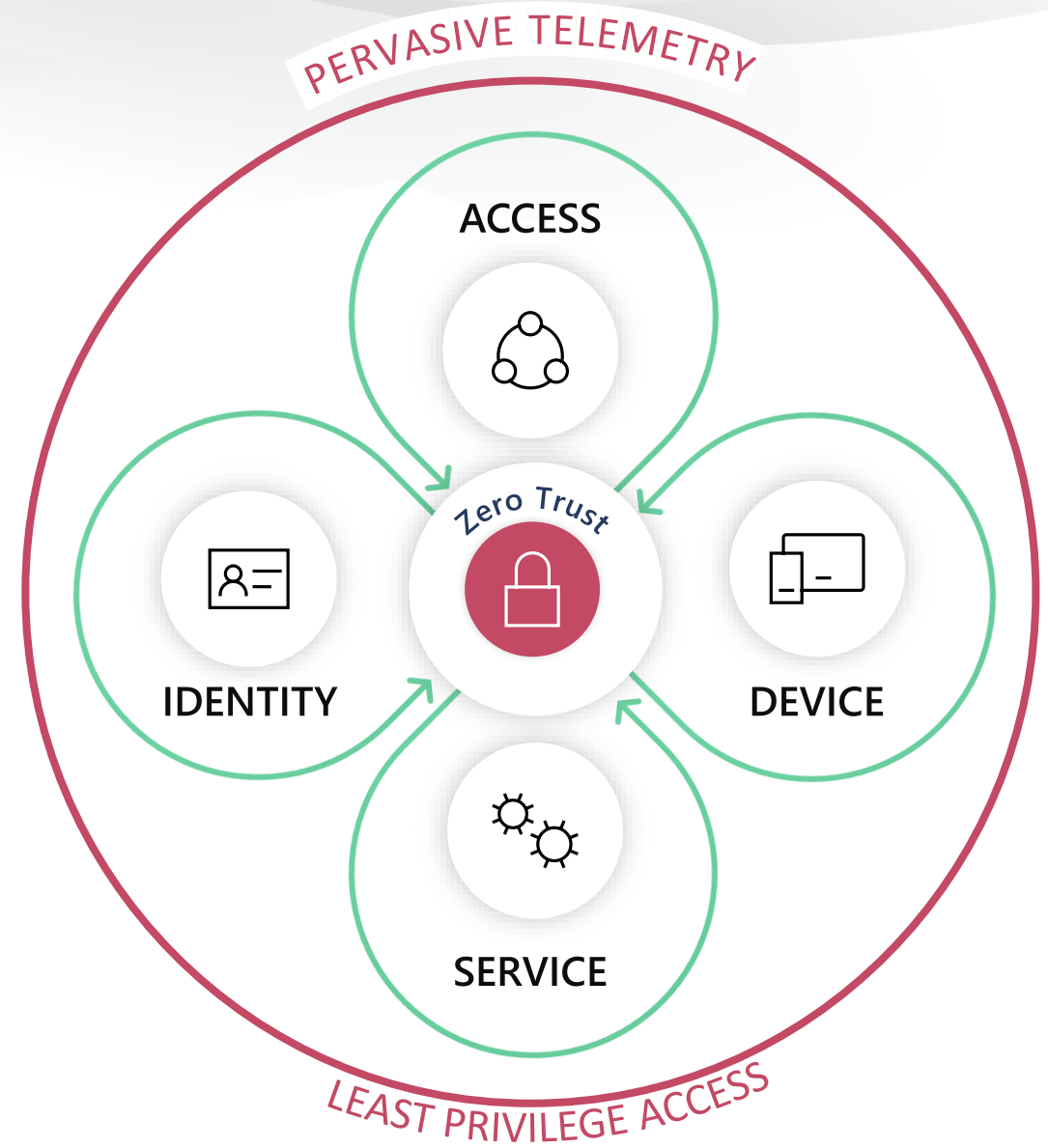
Apply real-time protection
to high risk scenarios;
sensitive data and
unmanaged access in apps

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Implementing Zero Trust at Microsoft

Zero Trust- Phase 1






- **Identity** – identities are validated and healthy
- **Device** - devices are validated to be managed and healthy
- **Service** - Health of applications, services, resources, and connections are verified
- **Access** – Network access is routed based on user role and device
- **Least privilege access** – limiting access to only the applications, services, and infrastructure required to perform job function
- **Pervasive telemetry** – understanding your environments, measuring risk reduction, and enabling artificial intelligence for anomaly detection



Core Scenarios

- | | |
|------------|--|
| Scenario 1 | As an employee, I can enroll my device into modern management system to get access to company resource. |
| Scenario 2 | As an employee or a business guest I have a method to access corporate resources when not using a managed device. |
| Scenario 3 | As a security stakeholder, I have systems in place to route network access based on user type and device role. |
| Scenario 4 | As a security stakeholder, I have the systems in place to proof the device health and user before granting access to the application or service. |
| Scenario 5 | As an employee I have user interface options (portal, desktop apps) that provides the ability to discover and launch applications and resources that I need. |

Implementation goals of Zero Trust @Microsoft

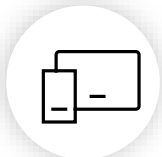
 IDENTITY	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Strong Identity is verified• Access to applications and data limited to minimum required to perform job function	Least privilege access	Pervasive telemetry
 DEVICE	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• All devices are enrolled and (modern) managed• Device health is verified• Unmanaged devices and non-FTE have alternative access methods to resources		
 ACCESS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Networks built using logical segmentation• Network access is routed based on user and device role		
 SERVICE	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Applications and services enforcing conditional access• All applications are accessible via Internet by default• Applications and services health is verified		
 EXPERIENCE	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Employees are only exposed to the applications and resources they can access• Tell the right story to the right audiences• Leverage telemetry to measure user experience• Provide visibility into the overall state of Zero Trust implementation		

Our implementation approach



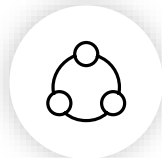
IDENTITY

- Set up all user accounts to use modern identity service
- Implement least privilege user rights
- Create segmented identities based on role requirement (individual, admin, etc.)



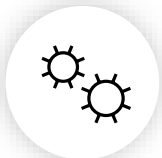
DEVICE

- Implement policy enforcement platform to ensure device health
- Implement policy deployment platform to manage devices
- Provide indirect access solution to applications or resources from unmanaged devices



ACCESS

- Implement logical network segments
- Deploy network access control system
- Integrate with policy enforcement platform to validate the health of identity and devices



SERVICE

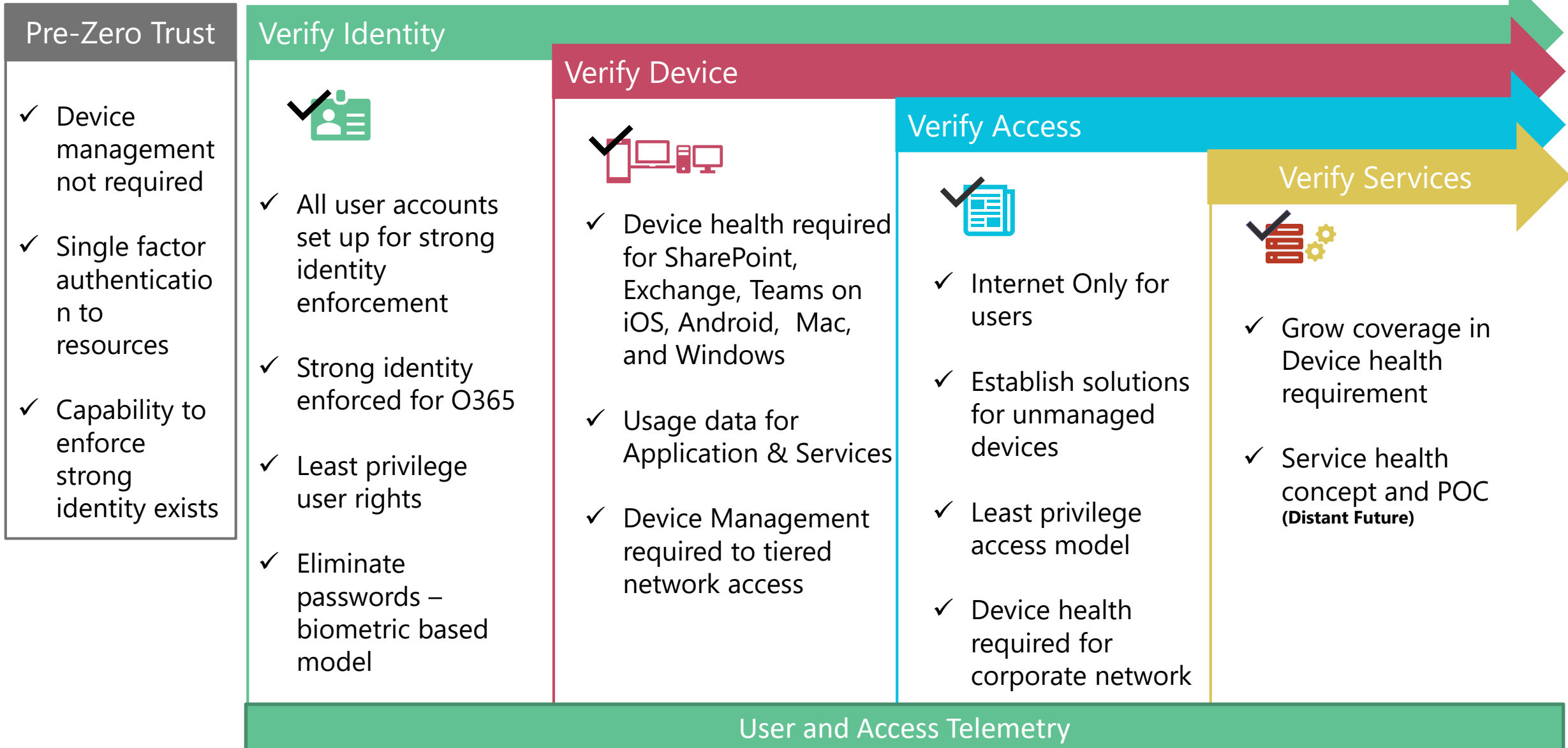
- Engineer applications to leverage modern auth platforms and libraries
- Implement mechanism to evaluate application or service health and execute access decision based on health
- Migrate application access routing from intranet to internet



EXPERIENCE

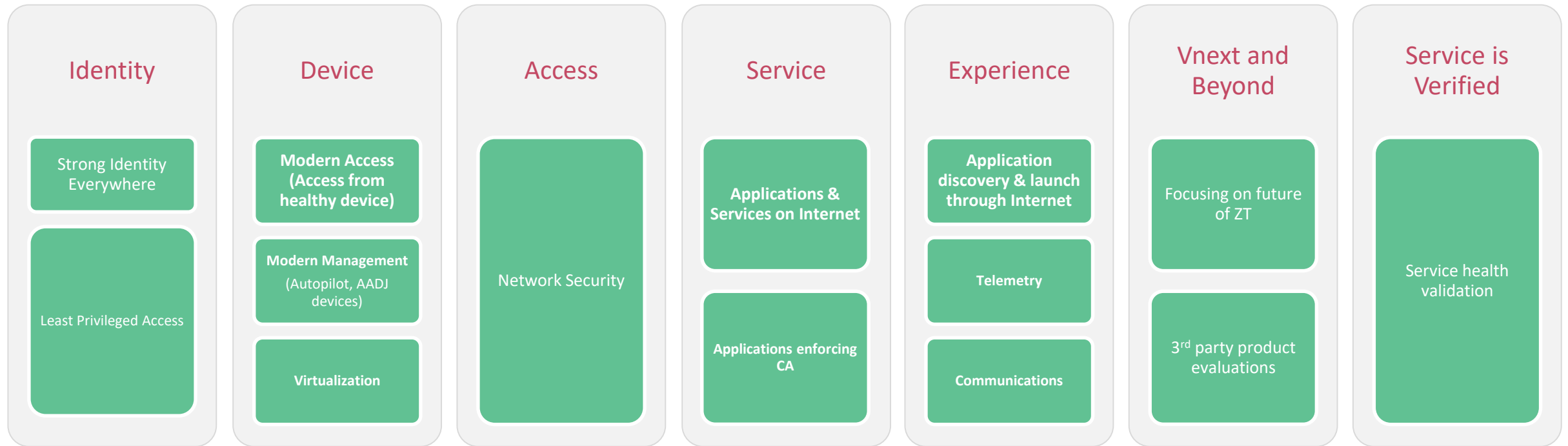
- Provide a single source of application discoverability tied to user entitlements
- Develop comprehensive communications strategy
- Develop metrics to measure impact of changes deployed in support of ZT
- Develop dashboard which provides visibility into the Zero Trust coverage

Major phases of Zero Trust



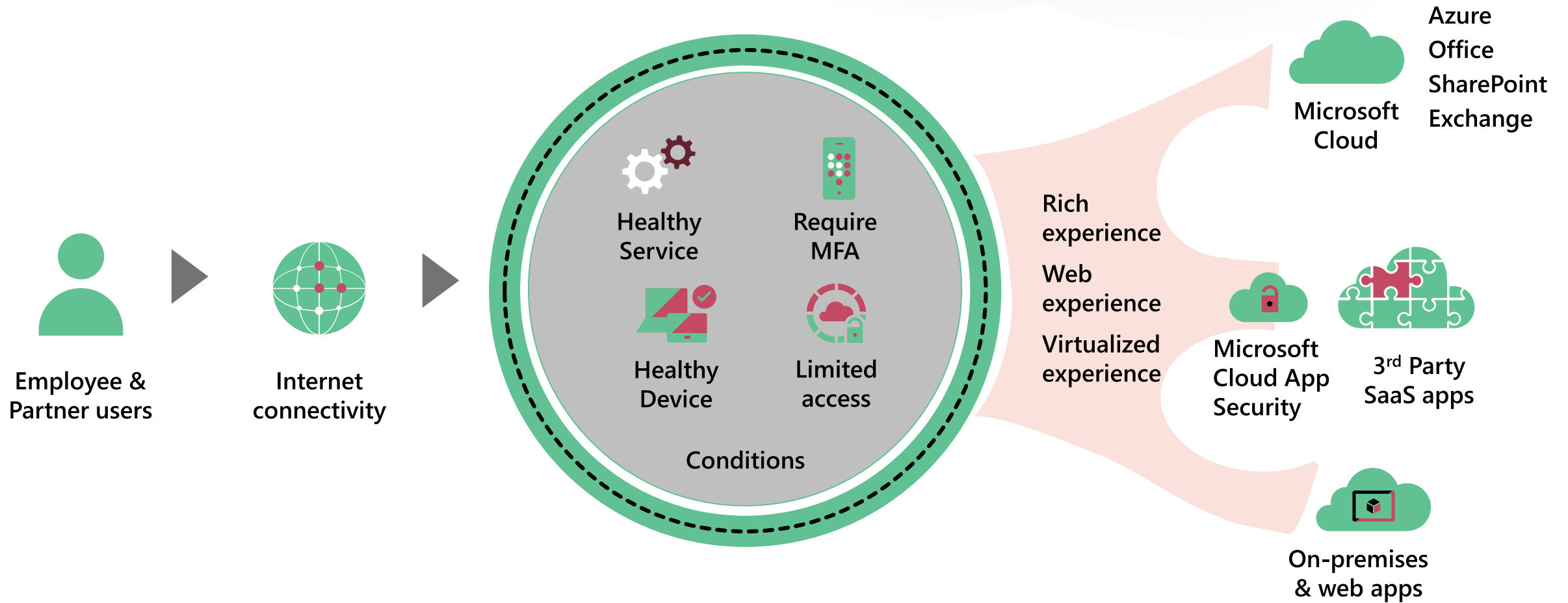
How are we managing Zero Trust implementation

- Scenarios-> Requirements->Workstreams owned by various sub-organizations
- Resulted in 15 sub programs reporting under ZT
- Yes, Zero Trust is a Super Epic 😊



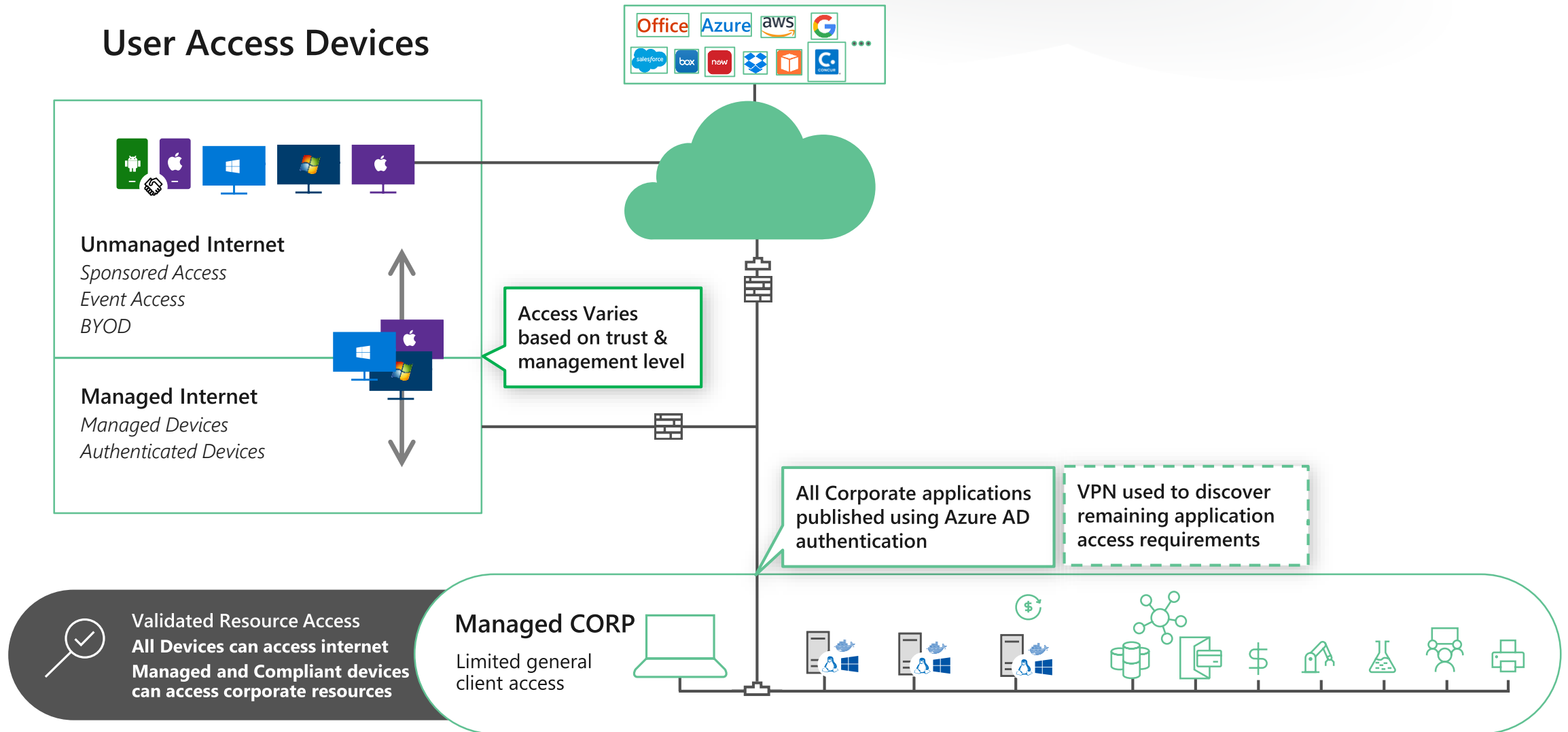
Future scoped

Zero Trust Access Model

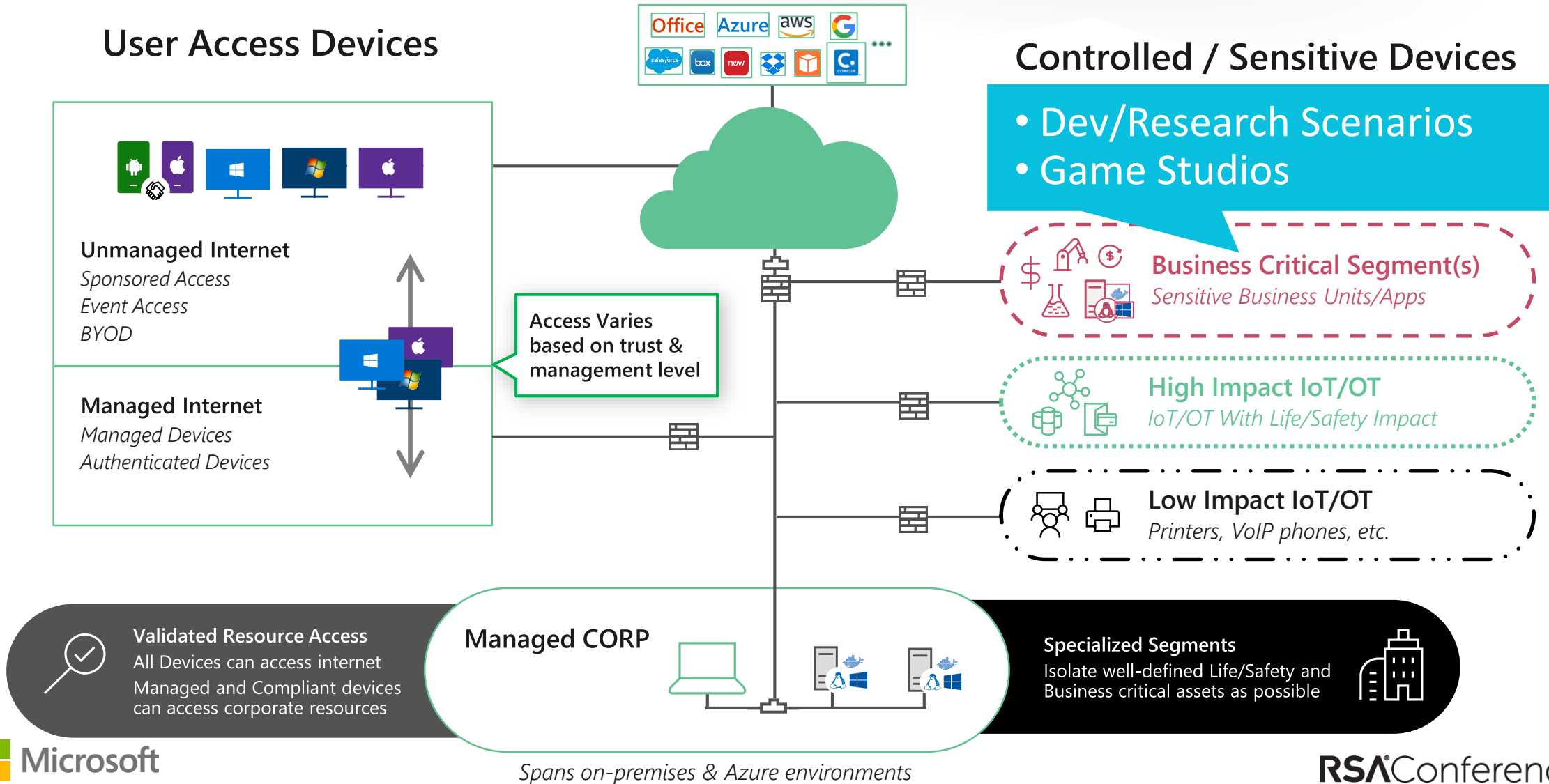




Zero Trust – Client Security Transformation



Zero Trust – Network Segment Transformation



Key Considerations in getting started

1. Collect **telemetry** and evaluate **risks**, and then set **goals**.
2. Get to modern identity and MFA - **Onboard to AAD**.
3. For CA enforcement, focus on top **used applications** to ensure maximum coverage.
4. Start with **simple policies** for device health enforcement such as device lock or password complexity.
5. Determine your **network connectivity strategy**

To Learn more

Aka.ms/ZeroTrust

1. Maturity Model White paper
2. Microsoft Implementation of Zero trust
3. Zero Trust Assessment tool

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Good luck with your Journey!