京东数据仓库海量数据交换工具

-Plumber开发实践

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- 一、离线海量数据交换场景介绍
- 二、plumber技术特点和实现方案
- 三、clojure语言在开发中的应用

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技术突破



海量

- 每日进出上TB数据
- 每天数干数据传输任务

异构

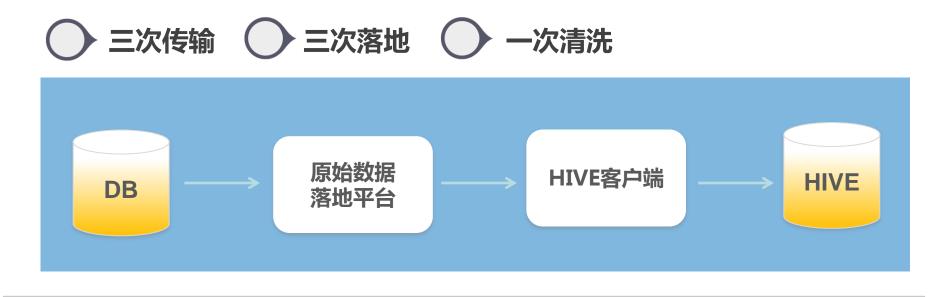
- 结构化: mysql, sqlserver, oracle, hive
- 非结构化: mongodb, hbase, log

场景复杂

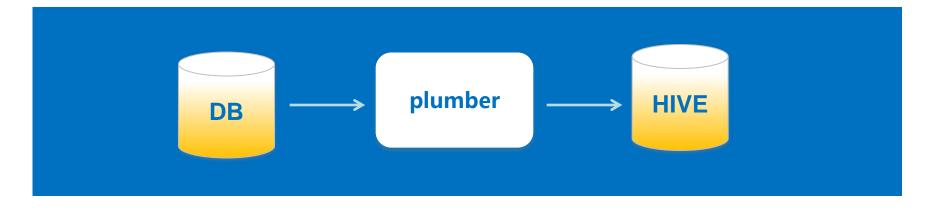
- mysql分库分表
- 全国各地仓库数据抽取

流程优化









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技术特点及实现方案



- 读写分离插件化
- 多线程并行执行
- 配置化和实时统计信息
- 定制化开发全国仓库抽取

读写插件化





Reader: mysql, sqlserver, oracle, mongodb, hive, log

Writer: hive, mysql, oracle, hbase



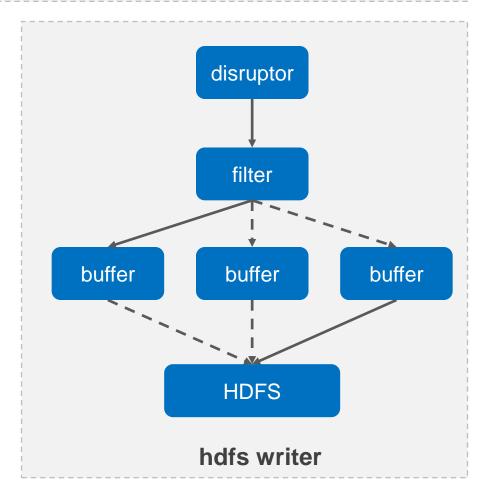


Reader

- RDBMS JDBC
- NOSQL API
- LOG http断点续传

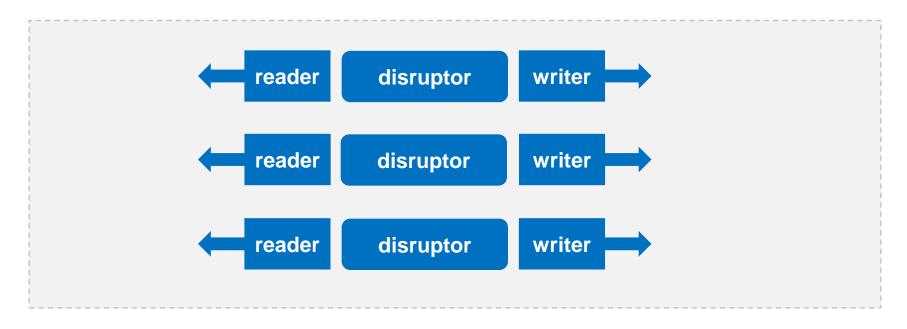
Writer

- RDBMS JDBC
- Hive write hdfs & add partitions



多线程并行执行





并行执行任务

- 分库分表,库名表名sql拆分

资源有效利用

- 根据系统资源增加线程数

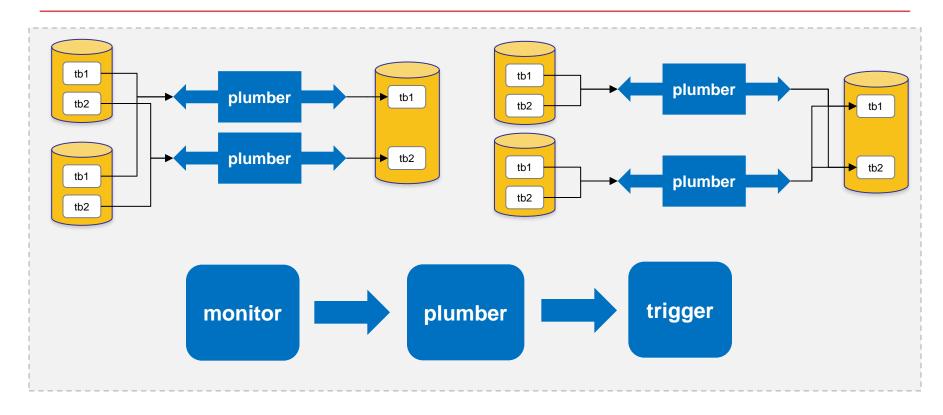
调度模板和实时监控



```
运行日志
 任务编号: plumber_query_orderskudiscount
 文件路径: task/2014-08-20/153720.20140820055807.txt
  2014-08-20 07:01:25 hdfs [INFO] HADOOP_CONF_DIR: /software/servers/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop
  2014-08-20 07:01:25 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 265200000
  2014-08-20 07:01:27 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 265300000
  2014-08-20 07:01:29 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 265400000
  2014-08-20 07:01:30 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 265500000
  2014-08-20 07:01:32 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 265600000
  2014-08-20 07:01:32 job [INFO] total-bytes: 20843288322 total-run-time: 3800291 avg-read-bytes: 5484655 interval-read-bytes: 4775006
  2014-08-20 07:01:32 job [INFO] 预计 2297 秒内完成抽取. history-total-bytes: 31814472358 history-total-time: 6336 total-data-size: 20844653598 avg-read-rate:
   20844653598000/3800723 interval-rate: 4775006
  2014-08-20 07:01:32 job [INFO] not-running-job-list: 0 running-job-list: 1 finished-job-list: 0
  2014-08-20 07:01:33 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 265700000
  2014-08-20 07:01:35 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 265800000
  2014-08-20 07:01:36 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 265900000
  2014-08-20 07:01:38 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266000000
  2014-08-20 07:01:39 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266100000
  2014-08-20 07:01:41 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266200000
  2014-08-20 07:01:42 job [INFO] total-bytes: 20897882083 total-run-time: 3810291 avg-read-bytes: 5484589 interval-read-bytes: 5459376
  2014-08-20 07:01:42 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266300000
  2014-08-20 07:01:42 job [INFO] 预计 1999 秒内完成抽取. history-total-bytes: 31814472358 history-total-time: 6336 total-data-size: 20899291181 avg-read-rate:
  5224822795250/952681 interval-rate: 5459376
  2014-08-20 07:01:42 job [INFO] not-running-job-list: 0 running-job-list: 1 finished-job-list: 0
  2014-08-20 07:01:44 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266400000
  2014-08-20 07:01:46 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266500000
  2014-08-20 07:01:47 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266600000
  2014-08-20 07:01:49 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266700000
  2014-08-20 07:01:51 reader-util [INFO] read lines: 266800000
  2014-08-20 07:01:51 hdfs [INFO] HADOOP CONF DIR: /software/servers/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop
□ 启用自动刷新
```

定制化全国仓库数据抽取





- 仓库分处全国各地,网络情况不确定性大
- 各地仓库下班时间不一,可抽取时间点不一
- 个别仓库宕机不能影响第二天全国仓库报表生成时间点

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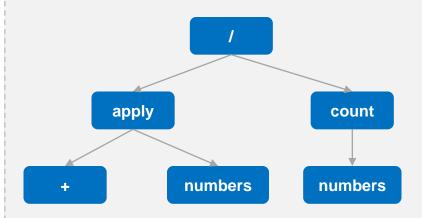
为什么是clojure





- 纯函数式
- 代码即数据
- 代码即AST
- JVM上的Lisp

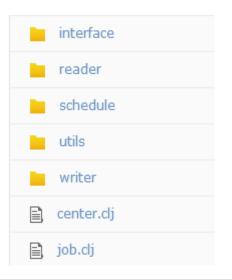
(defn average
 [numbers]
 (/ (apply + numbers) (count numbers)))



User=> (average [60 80 100 400]) 160

代码结构





```
localhost:/tmp/plumber/src/plumber/interface phoenix$wc -1 *
    113 dispatch.clj
    112 dispatch_spider.clj
    25 hbase.clj
    31 hive.clj
    35 http.clj
    34 interface.clj
    34 load.clj
    111 local.clj
    35 mongo.clj
    33 rdb.clj
    563 total
```

```
localhost:/tmp/plumber/src/plumber/writer phoenix$wc -1 *
    135 hbase_writer.clj
    141 hbase_writer_dispatch.clj
    156 hdfs_writer.clj
    126 local_infile.clj
    124 local_infile.clj.back
    68 localfs_writer.clj
    101 mysql_load_writer.clj
    102 rdbms_writer.clj
    147 spider_writer.clj
    108 writer.clj
    108 total
```

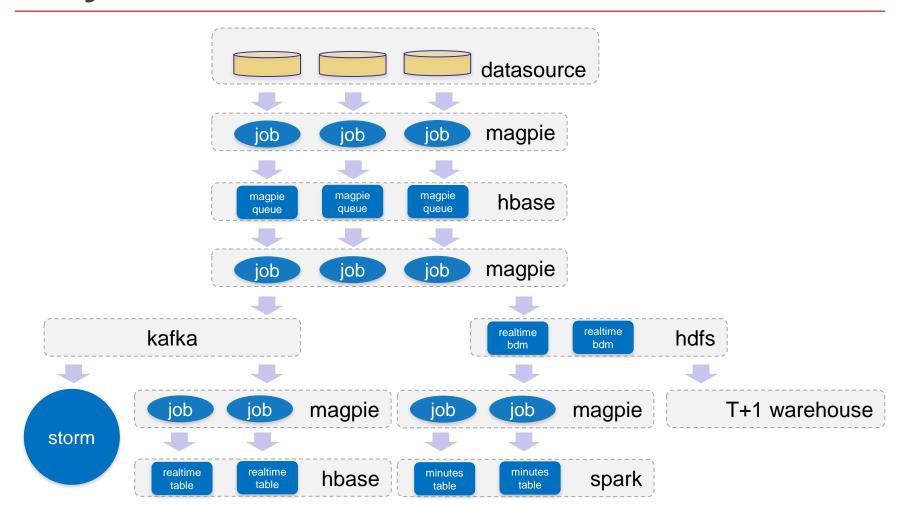
多线程编程



```
(defn- sub-job
 "单个子任务,任务运行的最小单元,要不成功,要不失败."
 [sub-job-conf]
 (let [reader-config (atom (:reader sub-job-conf))
       writer-config (:writer sub-job-conf)
       reader-result (ref {:finished false :success false })
       writer-result (ref {:finished false :success false})
       monitor-interval 10000
       total-bytes (atom 0) ;;统计抽数字节数
       last-read-bytes (atom 0)
       avg-read-rate (atom 0) ;; 统计平均轴数速度
       interval-read-rate (atom 0);;统计interval 时间内抽数速度
       start-time (System/currentTimeMillis)
       last-static-time (atom start-time)
       static-fn (f [total-read-bytes] ;;此函數用于統计Writer 的名种运行状态
                    (let [now (System/currentTimeMillis)
                         _ (reset! total-bytes total-read-bytes)
                         interval (- now @last-static-time)]
                      (if (>= interval monitor-interval)
                       (let [interval-read-bytes (- total-read-bytes @last-read-bytes)
                              total-run-time (- now start-time)
                             _ (reset! last-read-bytes total-read-bytes)
                             _ (reset! last-static-time now)
                             _ (reset! avg-read-rate (long (/ total-read-bytes (/ total-run-time 1000))))
                              _ (reset! interval-read-rate (long (/ interval-read-bytes (/ interval 1000))))]
                         (log/info "total-bytes: @total-bytes "total-run-time: "total-run-time "avg-read-bytes: @avg-read-rate "interval-read-bytes: @interval-read-rate)))))]
   (reify Job
     (init [this] (log/debug "init sub-job" @reader-config) )
     (start [this]
       (let [exec (java.util.concurrent.Executors/newCachedThreadPool)
             [disruptor publisher writer] (d-util/wire-up-disruptor exec writer-config static-fn)
             reader-future (future (r/reader @reader-config publisher))
             writer-future (future (writer))
             listener (f ☐ (do (while (not (future-done? writer-future))
                                      (Thread/sleep 1000)
                                      (catch Exception e (log/error e))))
                                (d-util/shutdown-disruptor disruptor exec)
                                (dosync (ref-set reader-result @reader-future)
                                        (ref-set writer-result (first @writer-future)))
         (listener)));;监听任务是否完成,若完成,则将返回结果写入到reader-result 和 writer-result 中.
     (stop [this] (reset! reader-config (assoc @reader-config :force-stop true)))
     (finished? [this] (:finished @writer-result))
     (success? [this] (and (:success @reader-result) (:success @writer-result)))
     (monitor [this] {:job-id (:id @reader-config) :job-start-time start-time :static-time @last-static-time :total-bytes @total-bytes :avg-read-rate @avg-read-rate :interval-read-rate @interval-read-rate})
     ;; when call finish, please check success? is true
     (result [this] (if (success? this){:reader @reader-result :writer (merge @writer-result (monitor this))} nil))
     (info [this] sub-job-conf))))
```

Clojure in JD





magpie: realtime task scheduling system for realtime data warehouse



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