

RSAConference2016

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CLOUD SECURITY ESSENTIALS 2.0

Full Stack Hacking & Recovery



Connect **to**
Protect

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Overview

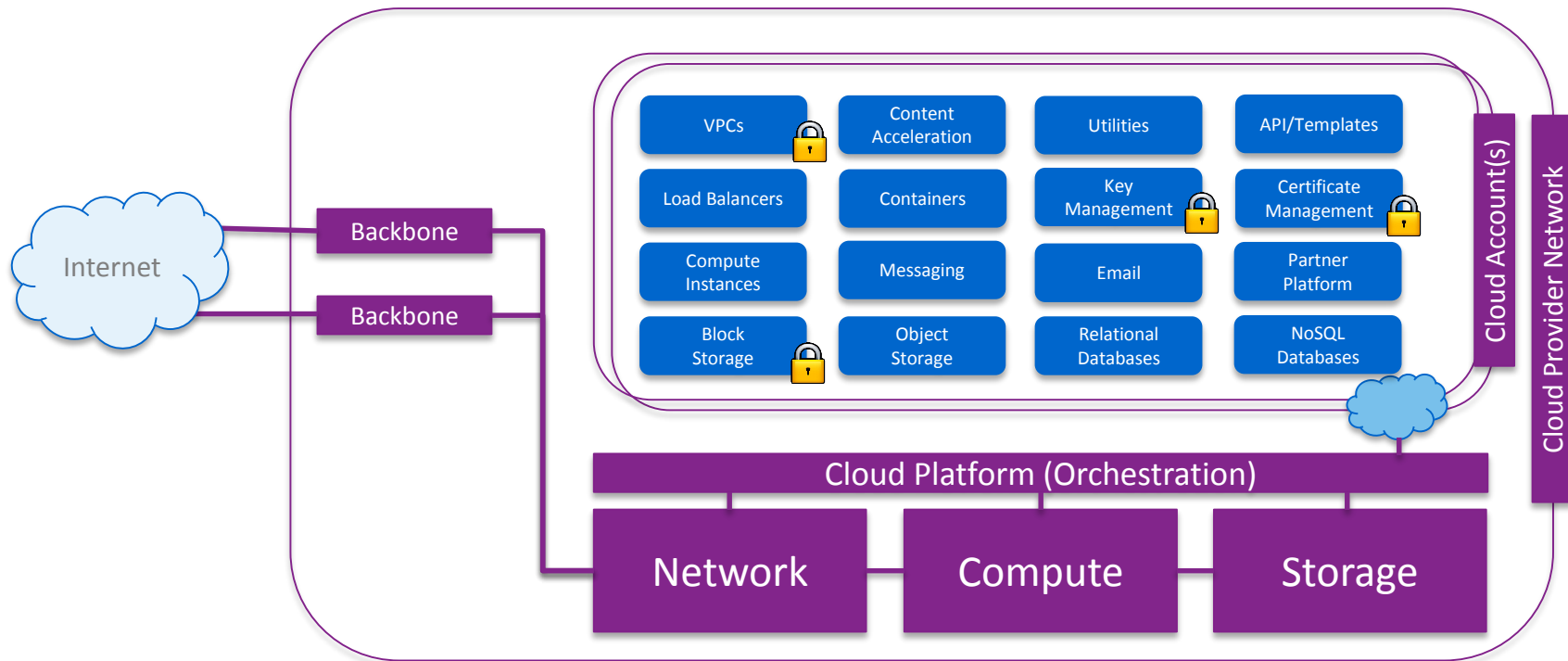


- A Basic Introduction – Cloud Hack Lab
- Attack Harness, Enumeration and Testing Tools
- Cloud Forensics at Scale
- Opportunities for Tools

The Basic Cloud Model



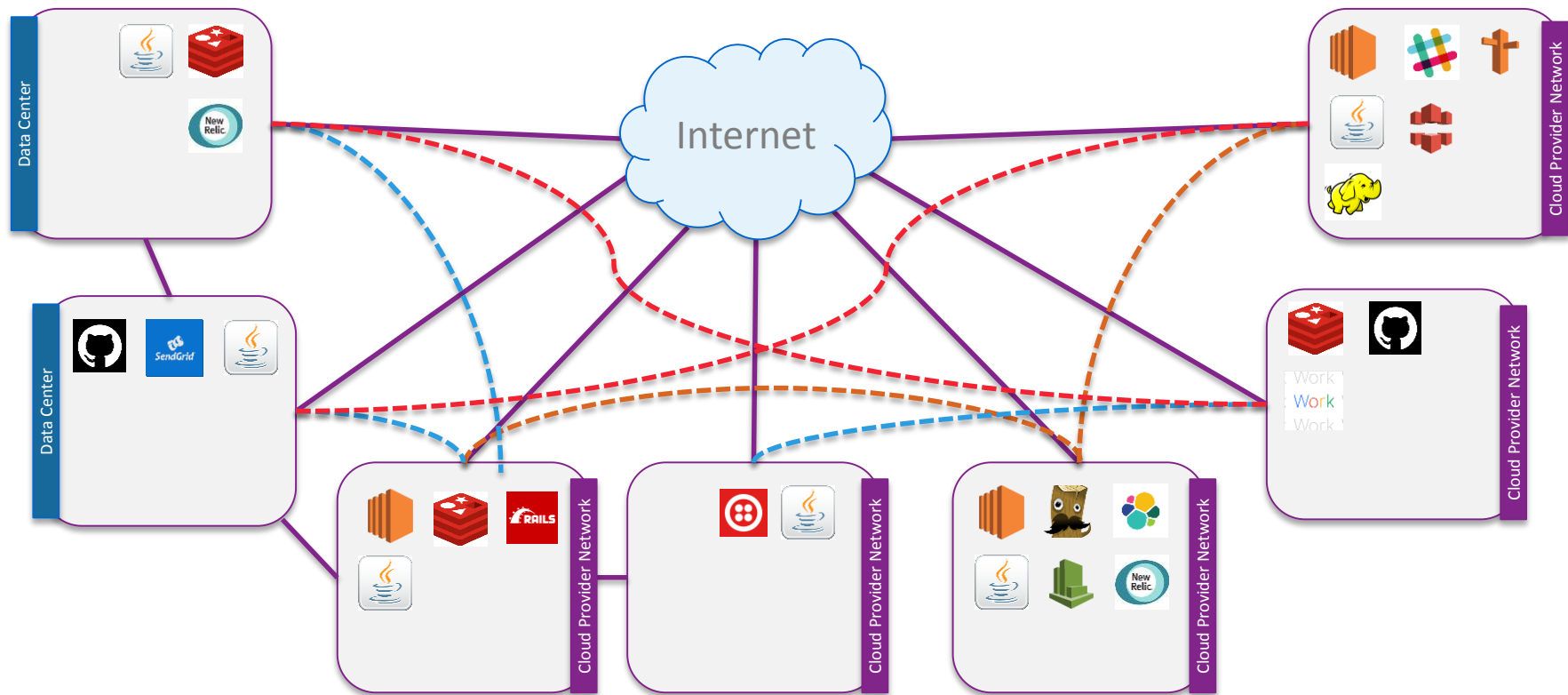
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Reality...



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UH... WE'RE NOT IN
{KANSAS} ANYMORE

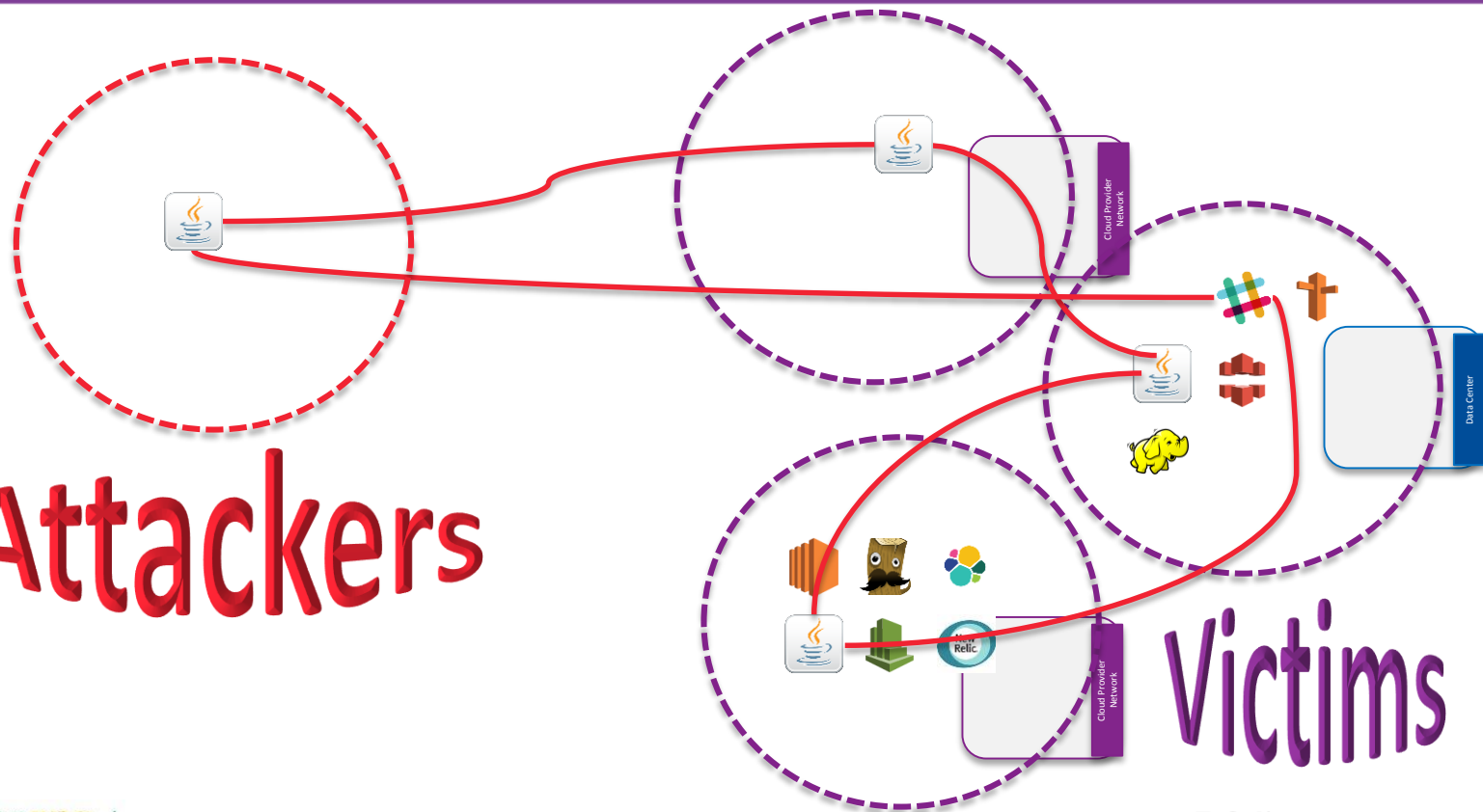
Attack Surface is Much Less Obvious



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Attackers

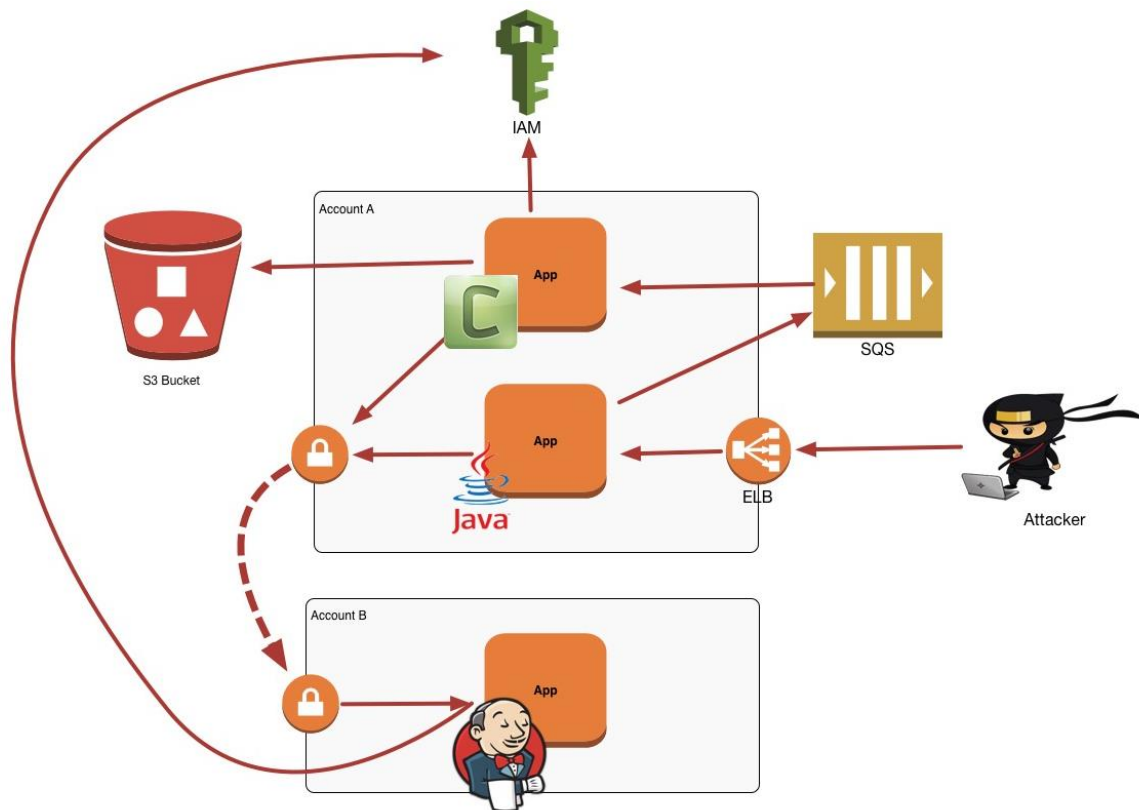
Victims



Cloud Hack Lab



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Cloud Hack Lab Demo



Blast Radius is a real thing...



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R.I.P.



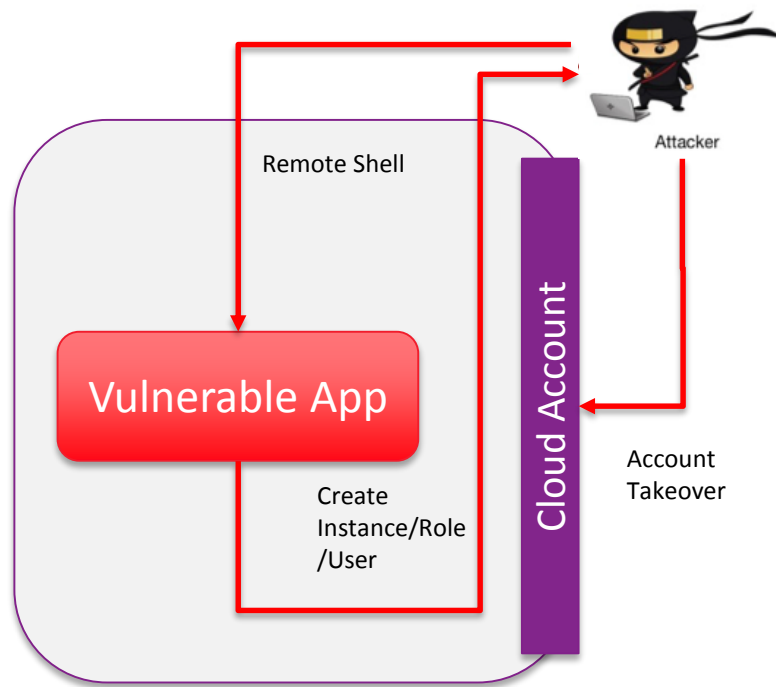
"We finally managed to get our panel access back but not before he had removed all EBS snapshots, S3 buckets, all AMI's, some EBS instances and several machine instances." said the statement.

The diagram illustrates a multi-cloud architecture for remote access. It shows two data centers (Data Center and Cloud Provider Network) connected via a central VPN. The Data Center contains a PUBLIC SUBNET, APP, and DATABASE. The Cloud Provider Network contains a PUBLIC SUBNET, APP, and DATABASE. The central VPN is labeled with 'SOFTWARE VPN', 'MANAGED VPN', and 'PRIVATE'. A dashed line represents the '10.0.0.0/8' address space, with a callout asking 'Connected & Routable?'. A red box at the bottom left asks 'Remote Access' and another red box at the bottom right asks 'Cloud Web Console' and 'API Credentials'. A red box at the top right asks 'No IDS?'. A red box at the top left asks 'What do you mean the IP could change?'.





- An Application vulnerability can lead to a Cloud Account Takeover
- Most apps require traditional defense in depth which doesn't apply to cloud apps
- Baselines are really important and drift management essential

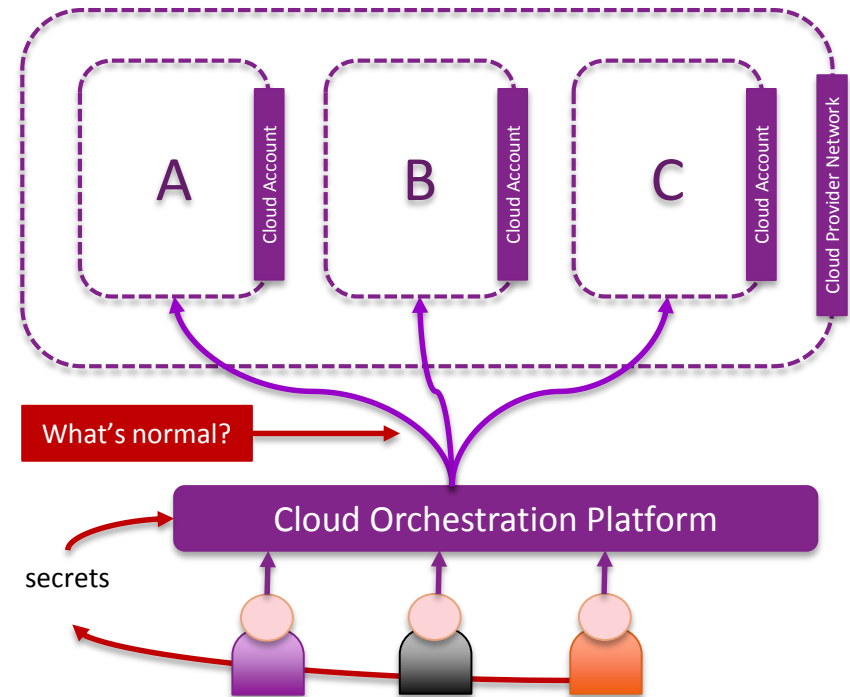


Beware of Orchestrators...



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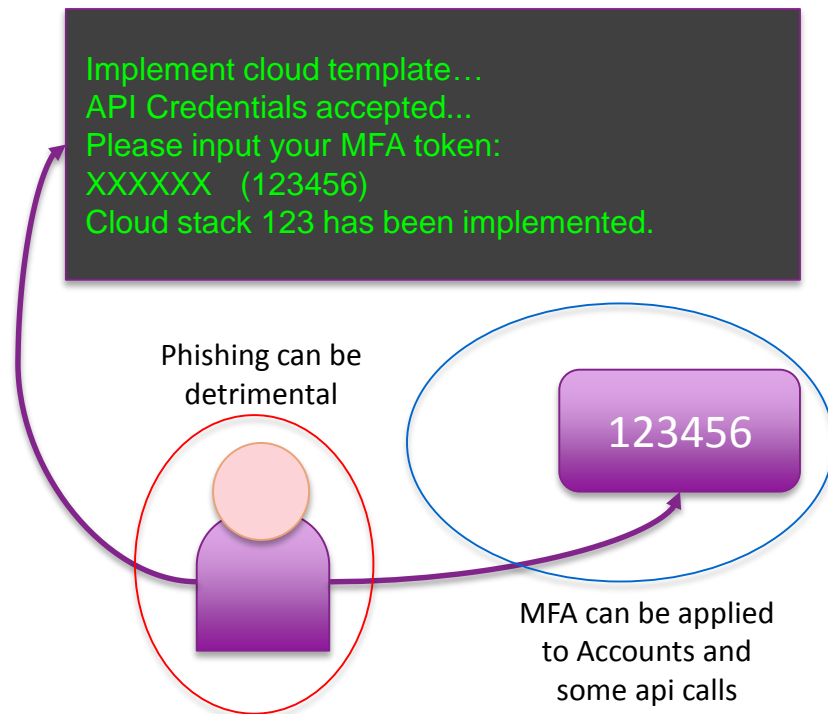
- Orchestration creates blast radius because it centralizes the deployment/security for cloud workloads.
- Tools that *act on behalf* usually require credentials and create blindspots.
- Non-native tools require specialized skills and make it difficult to gain context on what the right behavior should be.



MFA is a MUST!

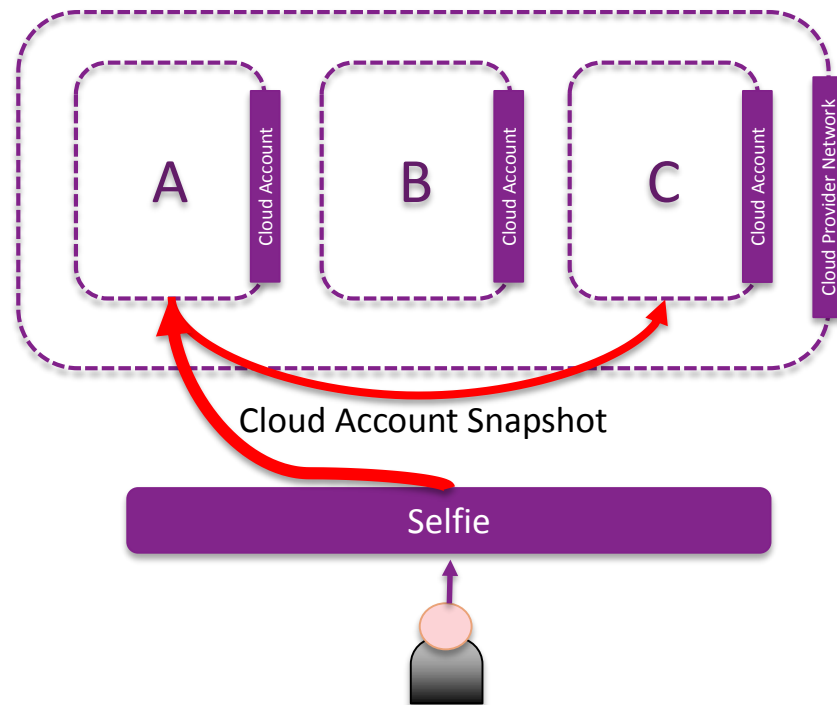


- Passwords don't work.
- Passwords aren't enough to protect infrastructure.
- API Credentials and Roles can be misappropriated
- Most Cloud Environments and Apps have one level of access
- On some cloud platforms it is possible to make roles work only when MFA is provided and for certain actions to require MFA





- Full Account Snapshot (Roles, Instances, Managed Services)
- Used to determine what happened along with Audit Trails
- Ability to clone and perform sandbox analysis





Cloud Forensics Demo



Missing Tools of the Trade



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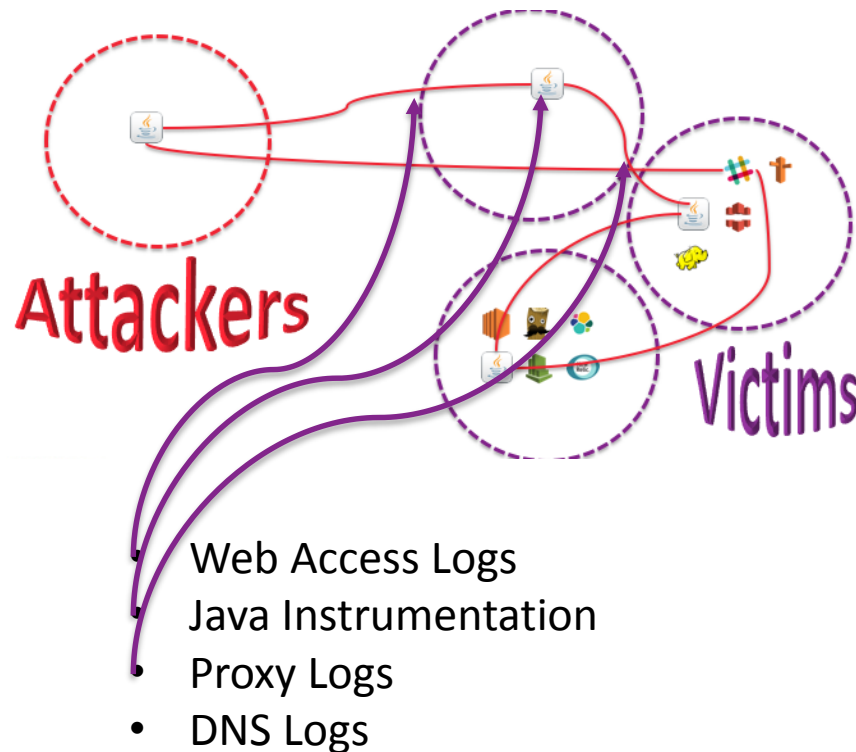
- Enumeration tools for API discovery and drift detection are few and far between
- Scanners are missing Cloudy capabilities, ie. Credential Discovery, API Integrations, Pathway Enumeration
- Varying levels of resources and 3rd party add-ons create visibility challenges
- Permissions are not granular enough and role inheritance is missing
- Hard to create coarse grained controls to allow for innovation
- Network monitoring and controls are not easily passed to cloud customers

Cloud Security is a Big Data Challenge...



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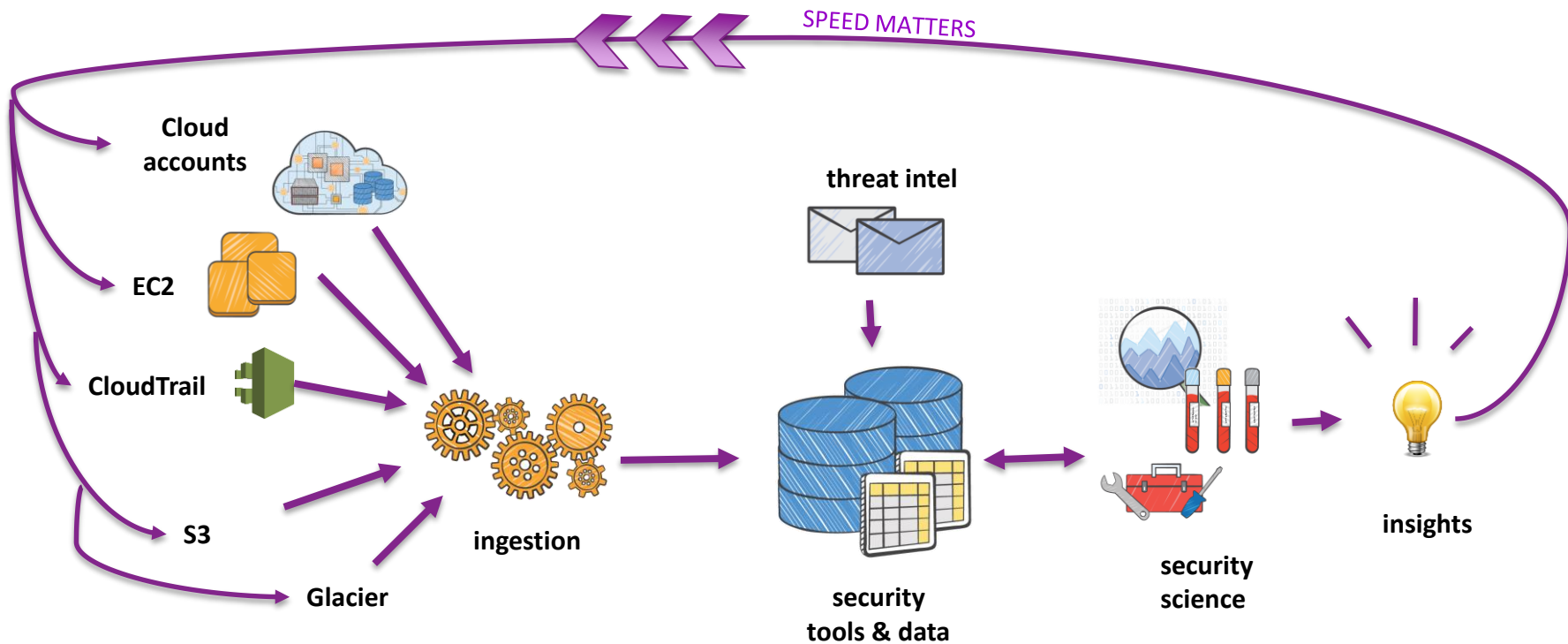
- DevOps + Security is the biggest big data challenge ahead.
- Use Attack Models and choose the right Data Sources to discover attacks in near real-time.
- Develop a scientific approach to help DevOps teams get the security feedback loop they have been looking for.



Cloud Security Feedback Loop



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Security as Code... gotta do it.



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DEVSECOPS

security as code

Apply what you learned today...



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- **Next week you should:**

- Understand how your organization is or plans to use cloud providers
- Identify cloud workloads and virtual blast radius within your organization

- **In the first 3 months following this presentation you should:**

- Begin to build Security as Code skills and run cloud security experiments to understand the issues
- Develop Crawl-Walk-Run plans to help your organization build security into cloud workloads

- **Within 6 months you should:**

- Cloud workloads have been instrumented for known security issues and flagged during the Continuous Delivery of software to the cloud
- Your group has begun to test using Red Team methods and automation to ensure end-to-end security for your cloud workloads
- Remediation happens in hours to days as a result of automation

Get Involved & Join the Community



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