

# RSA®Conference2015

Singapore | 22-24 July | Marina Bay Sands

SESSION ID: MBS-R08

## Mobile Malware: How Phones Get Hacked and How To Analyze the Malware...Live!

**Rotem Salinas**

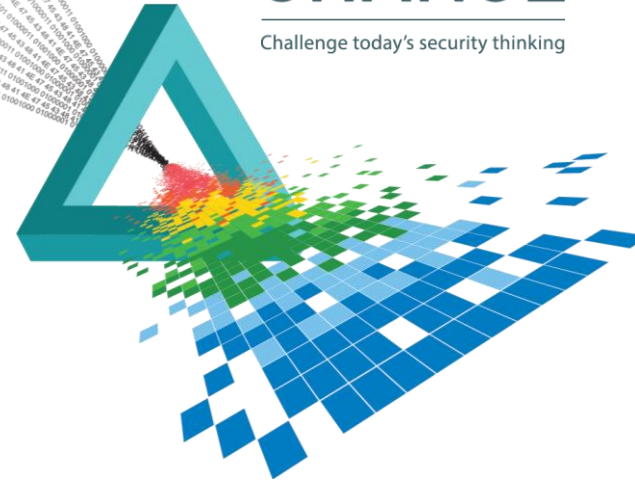
Security Researcher  
RSA Security  
@groovesmyth

**Lior Ben-Porat**

Security Researcher  
RSA Security  
@liorbp

# CHANGE

Challenge today's security thinking



# Agenda

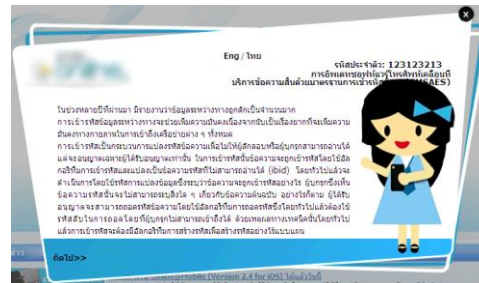
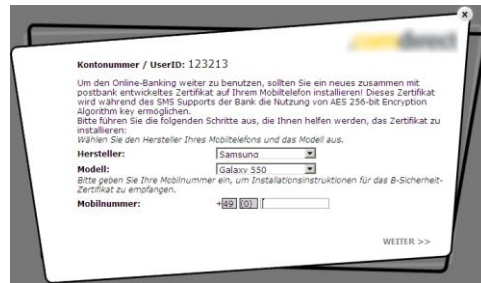
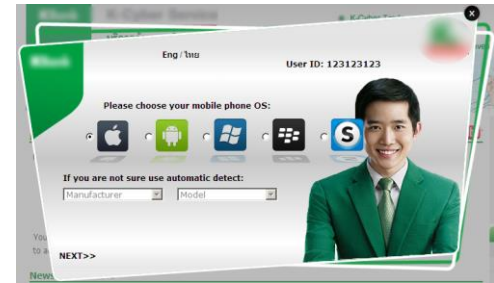
- ◆ Introduction
- ◆ Brief History
- ◆ Demo: Fraudster builds his iBanking bot
- ◆ Demo: From the Victim's Perspective
- ◆ Demo: From the Attacker's Perspective
- ◆ Malware Analyst's Perspective: Tools of the Trade
- ◆ Demo: From the Malware Analyst's Perspective
- ◆ Demo: Mobile Ransomware...The Reality!
- ◆ Final Demo: Finding vulnerabilities in the malware
- ◆ Summary

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## Demo: Fraudster tries to log in to bank's website with stolen credentials

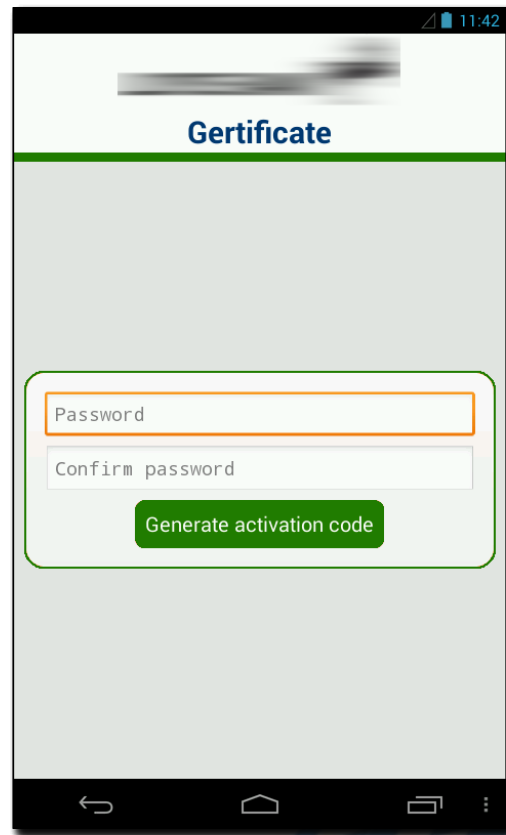




## Infecting the victim's mobile - Social Engineering

# iBanking

- Actively sold for over a year. During this time, price raised from \$4,000 to \$5,000
- Most notably used by Neverquest (aka Vawtrak) cyber gang
- Communicates over SMS and/or HTTP
- Commands supported:
  - Capture all in/out SMS & call-list
  - Send SMS / perform a call
  - Redirect incoming calls
  - Record ambient noise of the surroundings
  - Wipe all data from the device



# The iBanking Leak

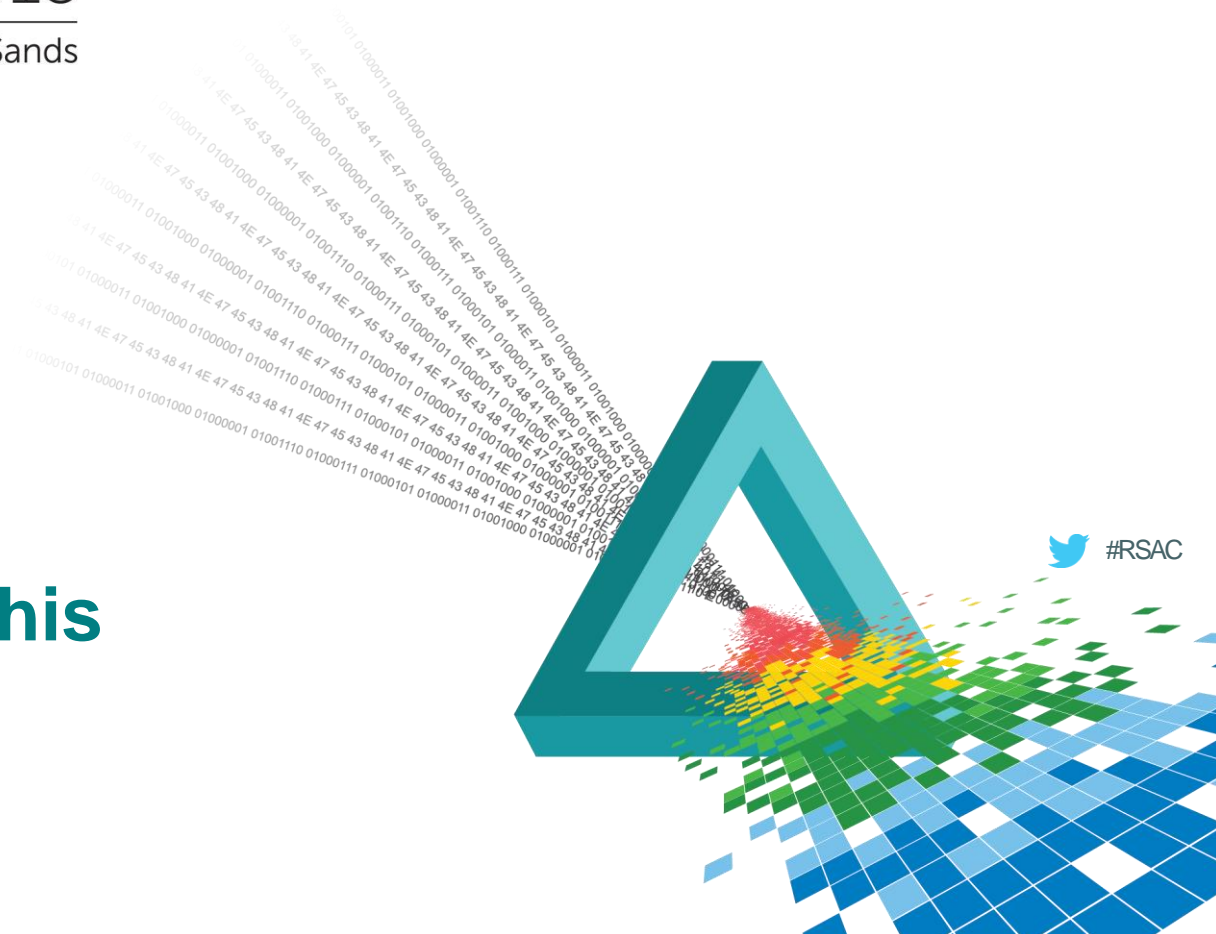
- ◆ In February, 2014 the iBanking source code was leaked on several underground forums
- ◆ Following that, few modifications were observed:
  - ◆ AES algorithm was added to encrypt all of the app's resources
  - ◆ Security fixes to the web-panel
  - ◆ Code obfuscation (Spaghetti code)
  - ◆ Anti-SDK mechanism

```
<resources>
  <string-array name="adm_domains">
    <item>4338aa1dc5facbdd4ec0b8be27e4ccb4</item>
    <item>6388995b4c309de03aa68ac12c9b4ff5</item>
    <item>942a7d4f210ad5e1db0c015a4726771e</item>
    <item>11412065eb093a3ade1c4825b64e6d16</item>
    <item>22a5ed85e999ace9c23a870822fda2a3</item>
    <item>9e2d6f1bd13eec8af0c19ef85e16ae55</item>
    <item>0d4a2ebf7fd4b5659a83e951d1aea77b</item>
    <item>4af46d70be43642f4a2bb74c44913ae2</item>
    <item>30679f21a7676ec32650a119b8bb5180</item>
  </string-array>
</resources>
```

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## Demo: Fraudster builds his iBanking bot







## Web Injections – Under Maintenance Page



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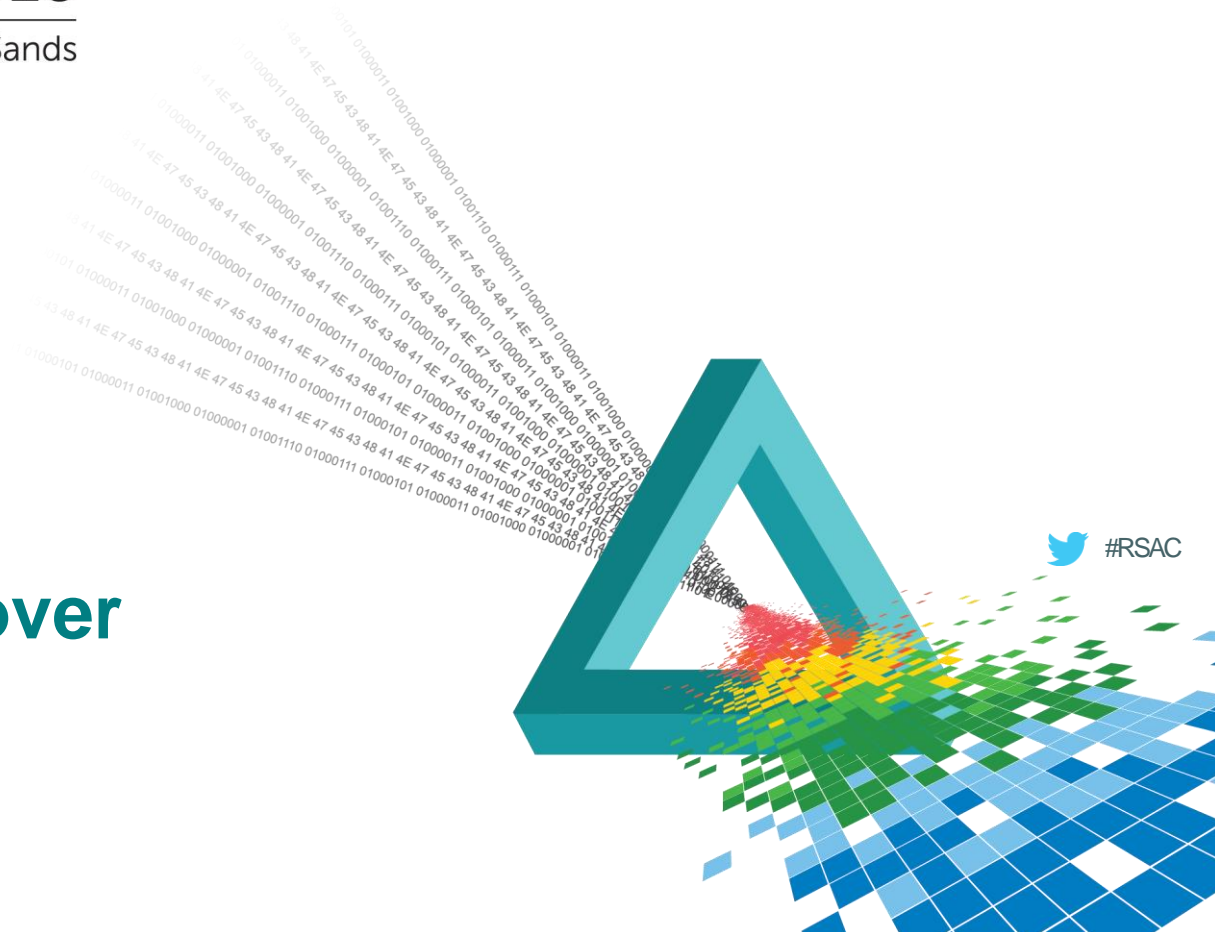
**Demo:**  
**Victim installs malicious app**  
**on his phone through bank's**  
**website**



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## Demo: Fraudster takes over victim's phone



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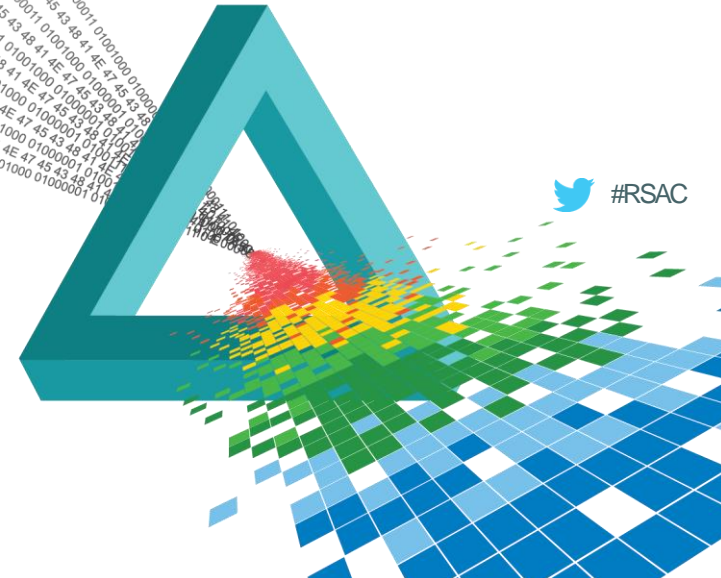
**Demo:**  
**Fraudster makes**  
**transactions in victim's bank**  
**account by using the stolen**  
**credentials and the OTP**



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## How Analysis of Mobile Malware is Performed



 #RSAC

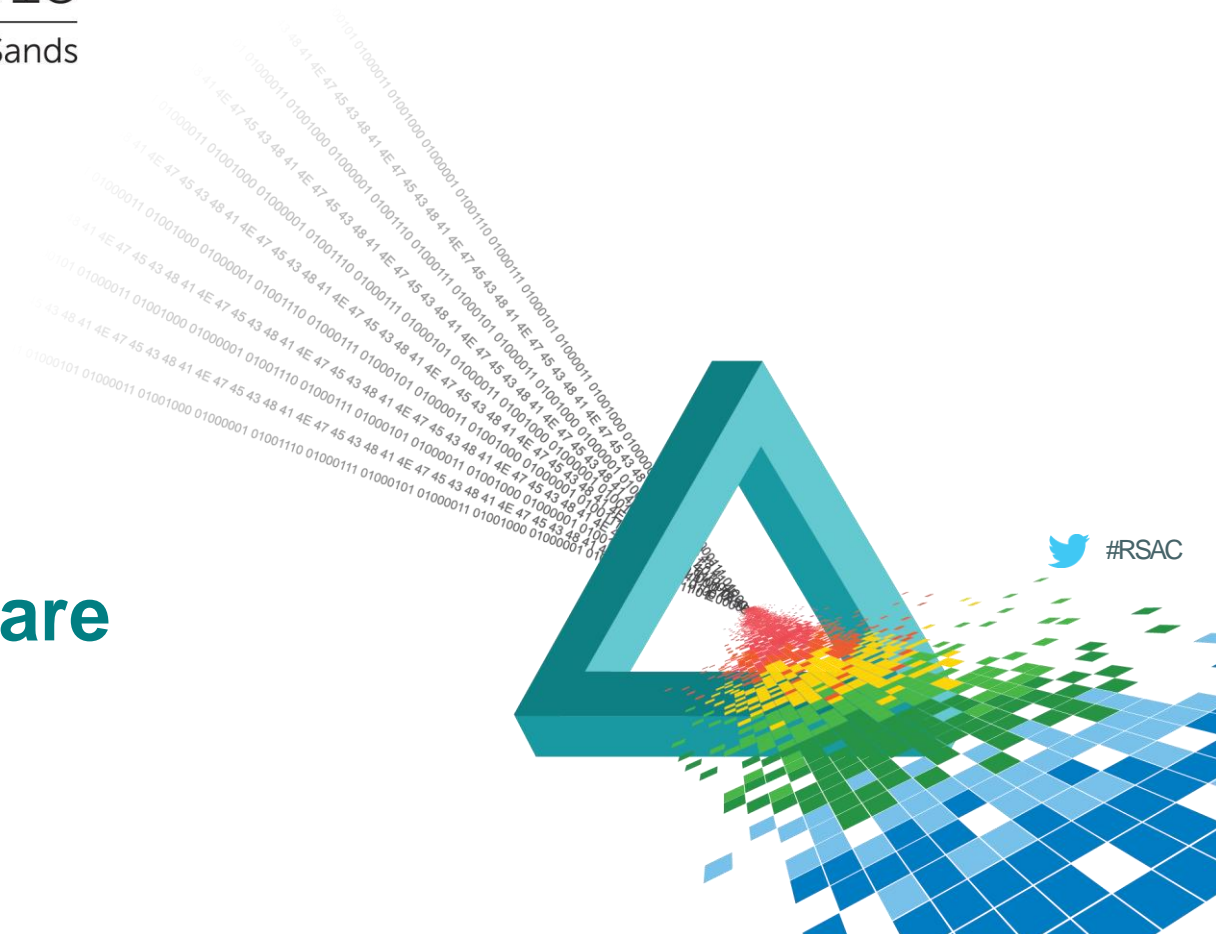
# Analysis Tools

- ◆ Virtualization – Android SDK
- ◆ Android Debug Bridge (ADB)
- ◆ Emulator Console (Telnet)
- ◆ Network Monitoring and Interception
  - ◆ Wireshark - <https://www.wireshark.org/download.html>
  - ◆ Burp Suite - <http://portswigger.net/burp/>
- ◆ JD-Gui
- ◆ APKTool
- ◆ Dex2Jar
- ◆ Smali/Baksmali.jar
- ◆ JarSigner

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## Demo: Live Mobile Malware Analysis



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## Demo: Finding vulnerabilities in the malware



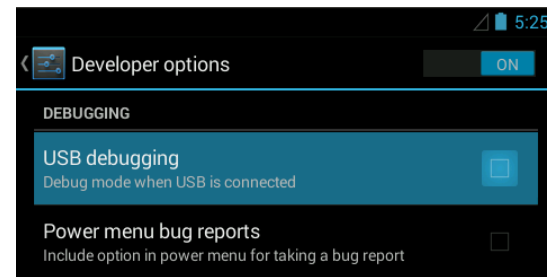
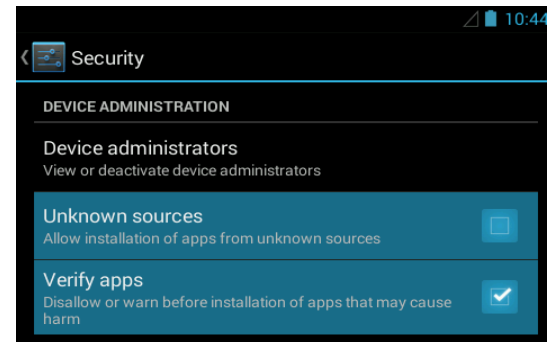


# Wrap-up & Summary

- ◆ iBanking is one of many active mobile malware projects
- ◆ They are maturing (using encryption, avoiding detection and analysis etc)
- ◆ Android and Jailbroken IOS platforms are susceptible
- ◆ The consumer needs to be aware and vigilant
- ◆ The reality of BYOD and MDM solutions

# Apply – Short Term

- ◆ Always inspect the permissions apps request before installing
- ◆ Make sure the “**Verify Apps**” option is turned-on
- ◆ Do not allow users to install from sources other than the Google Play Store by disabling the “**Unknown Sources**” option in the Security Settings
- ◆ Do not allow “**USB Debugging**” unless needed
- ◆ Do not Root or Jailbreak your device
- ◆ Make sure that no admin rights are given to applications you really trust them



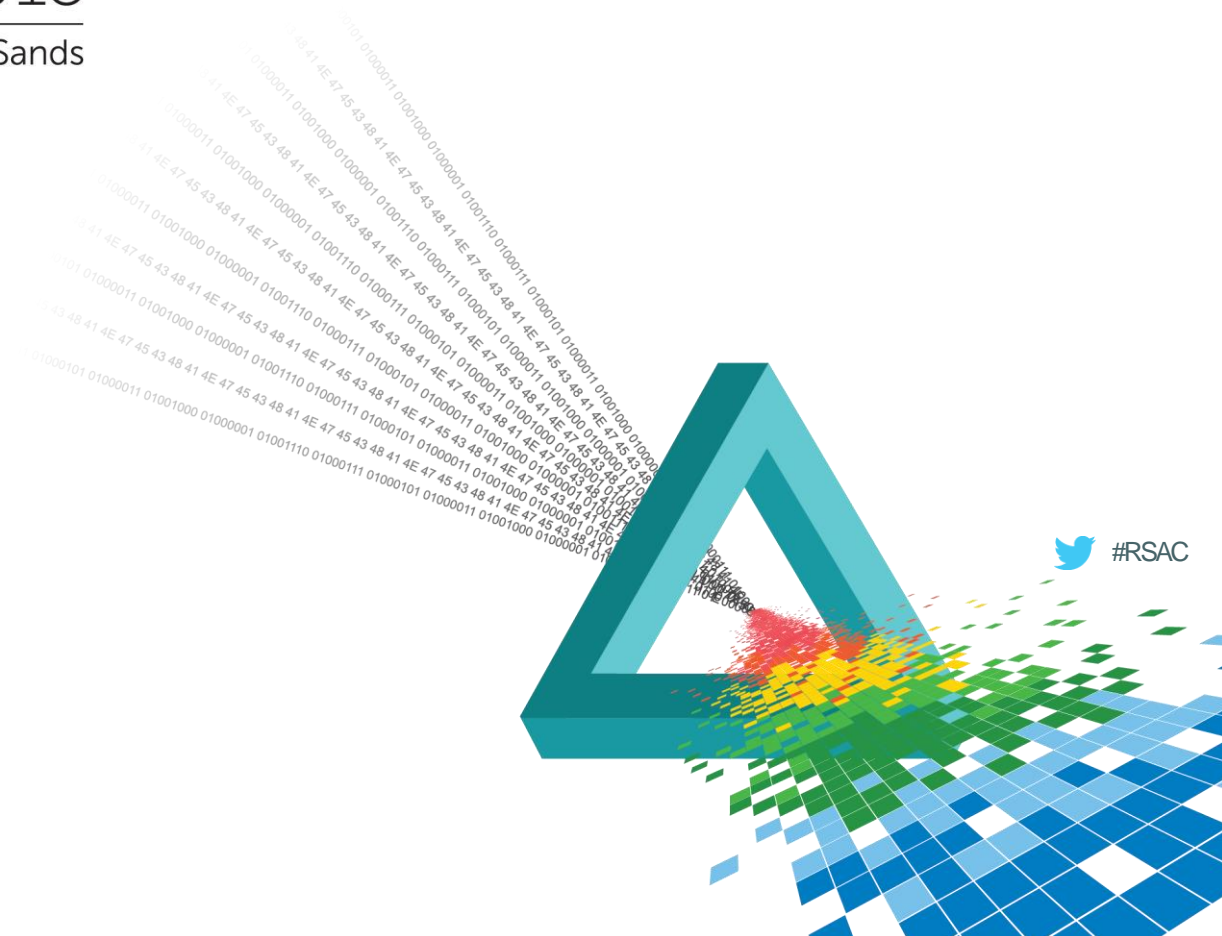
# Apply – Long Term

- ◆ If your organization is infected with any kind of malware, acquire the knowledge and tools needed and spend the time to analyze and investigate the malware.
- ◆ Block any IOC found in any incident.
- ◆ Create a short seminar for employees in order to increase their awareness to these attacks and how to avoid them.

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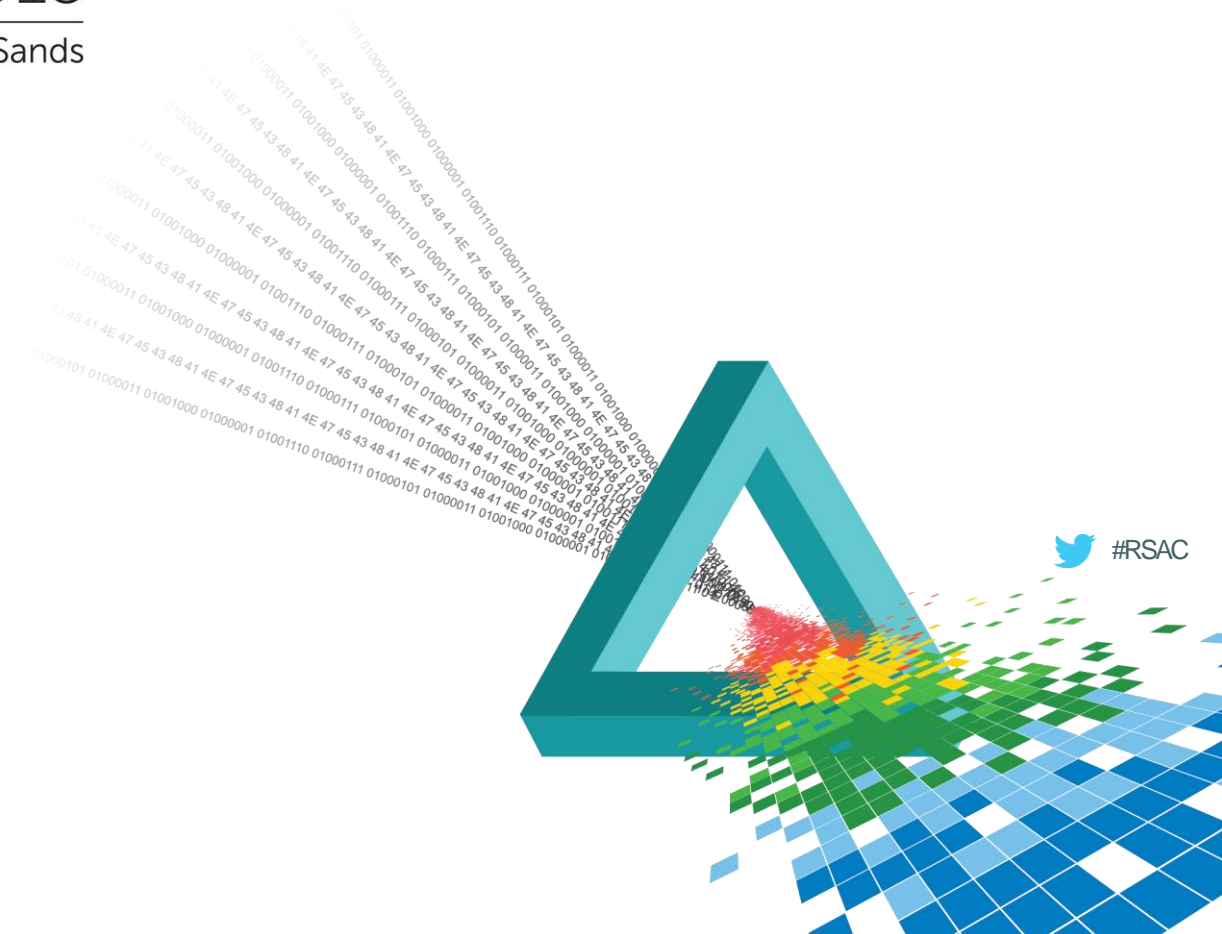
## Questions?



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## Thank-You!



# Appendix – Table of Contents

- ◆ Mobile Malware Analysis Basics
- ◆ Dynamic Analysis Tools
- ◆ Live Environments/VM's
- ◆ Dalvik – Android Java VM
- ◆ Android Architecture
- ◆ ByteCode – JIT
- ◆ Smali/Baksmali
- ◆ APK

# Mobile Malware Analysis Basics

- ◆ Dynamic Analysis
  - ◆ Running the Malware in a confined environment, such as an emulator or a VM. In our case the most popular tool is the Android SDK.
- ◆ Static Analysis
  - ◆ Reviewing the Malware's package, and more specifically the code and the malware's resources.



# Dynamic Analysis Tools

- ◆ Virtualization
  - ◆ Virtual Box - <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/server-storage/virtualbox/overview/index.html>
  - ◆ VMWare - <http://www.vmware.com/>
  - ◆ Android SDK - <http://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html>
  - ◆ Google x86 Android (No Emulation=Works Faster) – <https://code.google.com/p/android-x86/downloads/list>

# Dynamic Analysis Tools

- ◆ Android Debug Bridge (ADB)
- ◆ Emulator Console (Telnet)
- ◆ Network Monitoring and Interception
  - ◆ Wireshark - <https://www.wireshark.org/download.html>
  - ◆ Burp Suite - <http://portswigger.net/burp/>

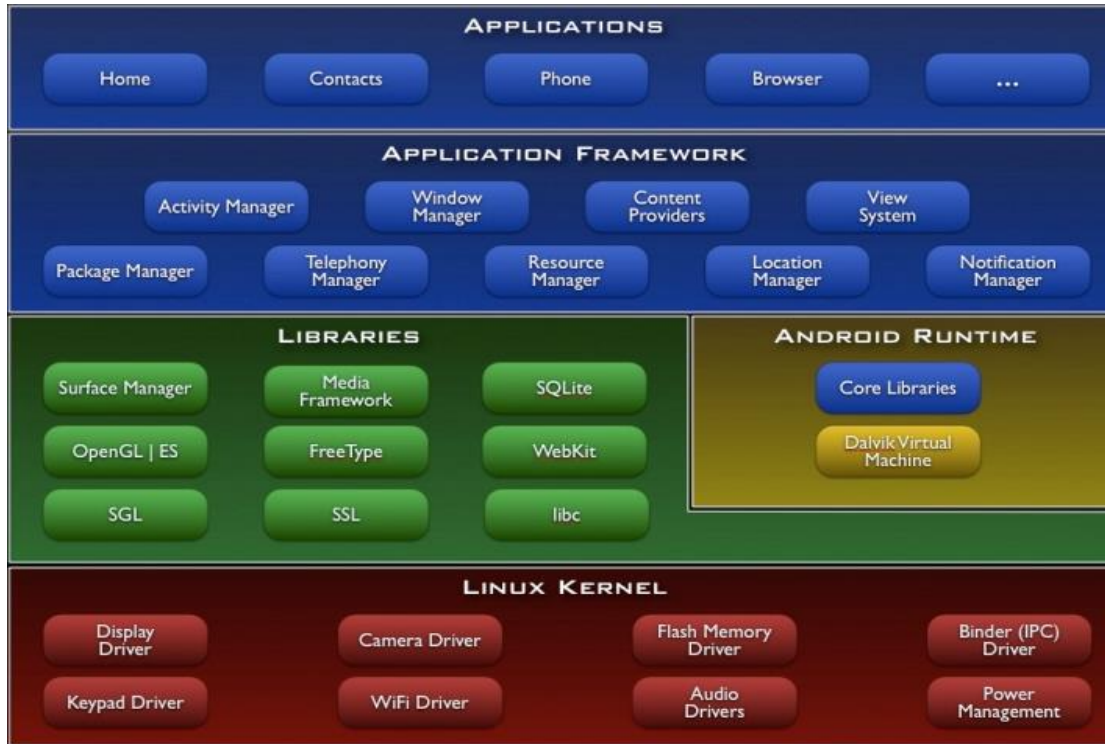
# Live Environments/VM's

- ◆ AppUse by AppSec Labs - <https://appsec-labs.com/AppUse>
  - ◆ Reframworker
  - ◆ Has all the needed tools already set up and good to go.
- ◆ Santoku Linux - <https://santoku-linux.com/>
- ◆ Kali Linux - <http://www.kali.org/downloads/>

# Dalvik – Android Java VM

- ◆ Dalvik is the virtual machine (VM) in Google's Android operating system.
- ◆ It is the software that runs the apps on Android devices.
- ◆ Dalvik is thus an integral part of Android, which is typically used on mobile devices such as mobile phones and tablets.

# Android Architecture



# Dalvik – Android Java VM

- ◆ Programs are commonly written in Java and compiled to Bytecode.
- ◆ They are then converted from Java Virtual Machine-compatible .class files to Dalvik-compatible .dex (Dalvik Executable) files before installation on a device.
- ◆ The compact Dalvik Executable format is designed to be suitable for systems that are constrained in terms of memory and processor speed.

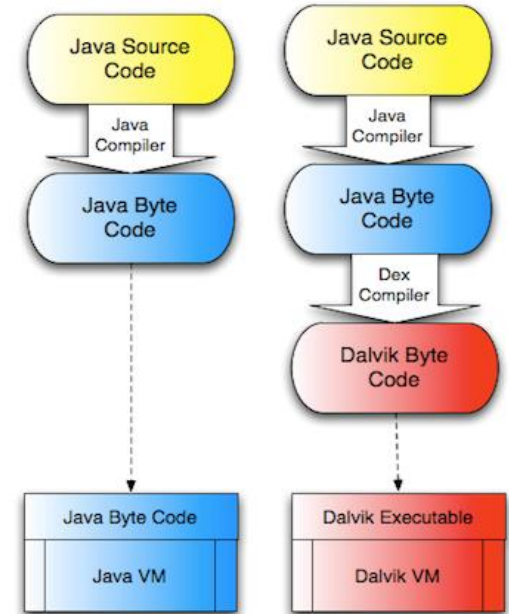
# Bytecode?

- ◆ **Bytecode**, is a form of instruction set designed for efficient execution by a software interpreter.
- ◆ The name bytecode stems from instruction sets which have one-byte opcodes followed by optional parameters.
  - Opcode is the binary representation of a specific bytecode instruction.



# ByteCode - JIT

- Some systems, called dynamic translators, or "just-in-time" (JIT) compilers, translate bytecode into machine language as necessary at runtime: this makes the virtual machine hardware-specific, but doesn't lose the portability of the bytecode itself.



# Smali/Baksmali

- ◆ Smali/Baksmali is an assembler/disassembler for the dex format used by dalvik (Android's Java VM implementation).
- ◆ The syntax is loosely based on Jasmin's/dedexer's syntax.

# Smali/Baksmali

- ◆ The names "smali" and "baksmali" are the Icelandic equivalents of "assembler" and "disassembler" respectively.
- ◆ Why Icelandic you ask? Because dalvik was named for an Icelandic fishing village.

# Java-Smali Comparison

## ◆ Hello World Program in Java

```
import java.io.PrintStream;
```

```
public class HelloWorld {  
    public static void main(String[] paramArrayOfString) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World!");  
    }  
}
```

# Java-Smali Comparison

## ◆ Hello World in Smali

```
.class public LHelloWorld;  
.super Ljava/lang/Object;  
  
.method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V  
    .registers 2  
    sget-object v0, Ljava/lang/System;:->out:Ljava/io/PrintStream;  
    const-string v1, "Hello World!"  
    invoke-virtual {v0, v1}, Ljava/io/PrintStream;:->println(Ljava/lang/String;)V  
    return-void  
.end method
```

# APK

- Android **application package file (APK)** is the file format used to distribute and install application software and middleware onto Google's Android operating system.
- An APK file contains all of that program's code (such as .dex files), resources, assets, certificates, and manifest file.
- APK files are ZIP file formatted packages based on the JAR file format, with .apk file extensions.

# APK

