

RSA®Conference2020

San Francisco | February 24 – 28 | Moscone Center

HUMAN
ELEMENT

SESSION ID: CSV-R01

Clearing the Clouds: Incident Response in AWS (Isn't as Bad as You Thought)



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#RSAC

Disclaimer

- The views, opinions, and material presented by Kristy Westphal at this conference are solely based on her experience and opinions related to incident response.
- The content of this presentation does not reflect the views or opinions of MUFG Union Bank.

Agenda

- Why am I Here?
- AWS Architecture 101
- Incident Response Use Cases
- Acquiring Amazon Web Services (AWS) Skills
- 90 Day Plan for AWS Incident Response

Why am I here?

- Information security leader specializing in security assessments, operational risk, and program development
- Security is painful all around; hopefully I can help
- Let's share knowledge and make it less painful for all of us!
- Props to Pete Ehlke for helping make this preso really come to life



Why AWS incident response is important...



What this session is...and isn't...

- Think about cloud incident response differently
 - But not as the impossible mountain to climb
- Yes, this is only Amazon Web Services
 - But the approach can be applied to other providers
- We won't be doing in-depth AWS training
 - But you will have resources to do this yourself

Poll the Audience

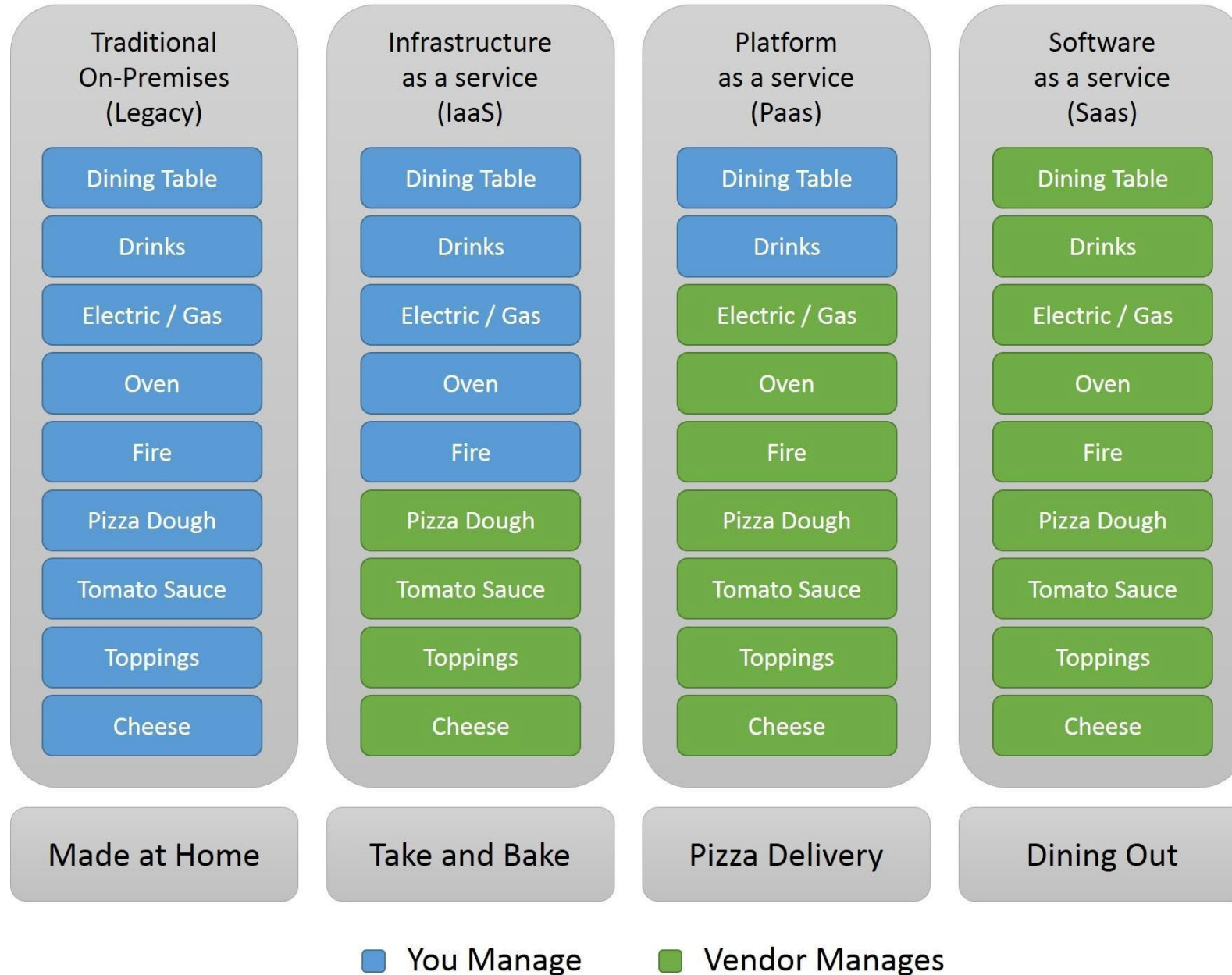
- CSV-R01
- **Are you doing security incident response in AWS now?**
 - A. Yes
 - B. No
 - C. I Don't Know

<https://rsa1-live.eventbase.com/polls?event=rsa2020&session=1454108104>

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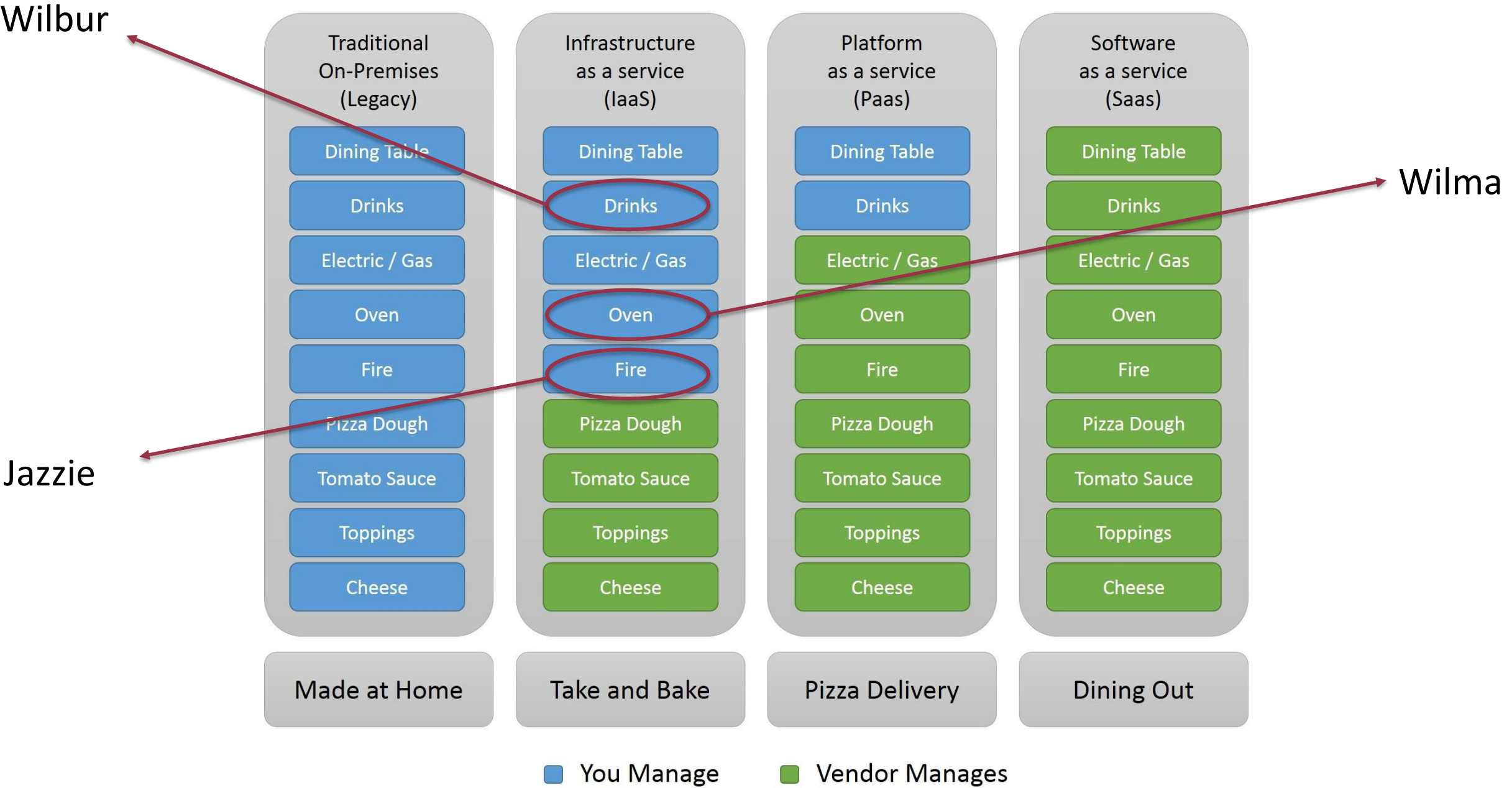
A Peek Into AWS Architecture

Pizza as a Service



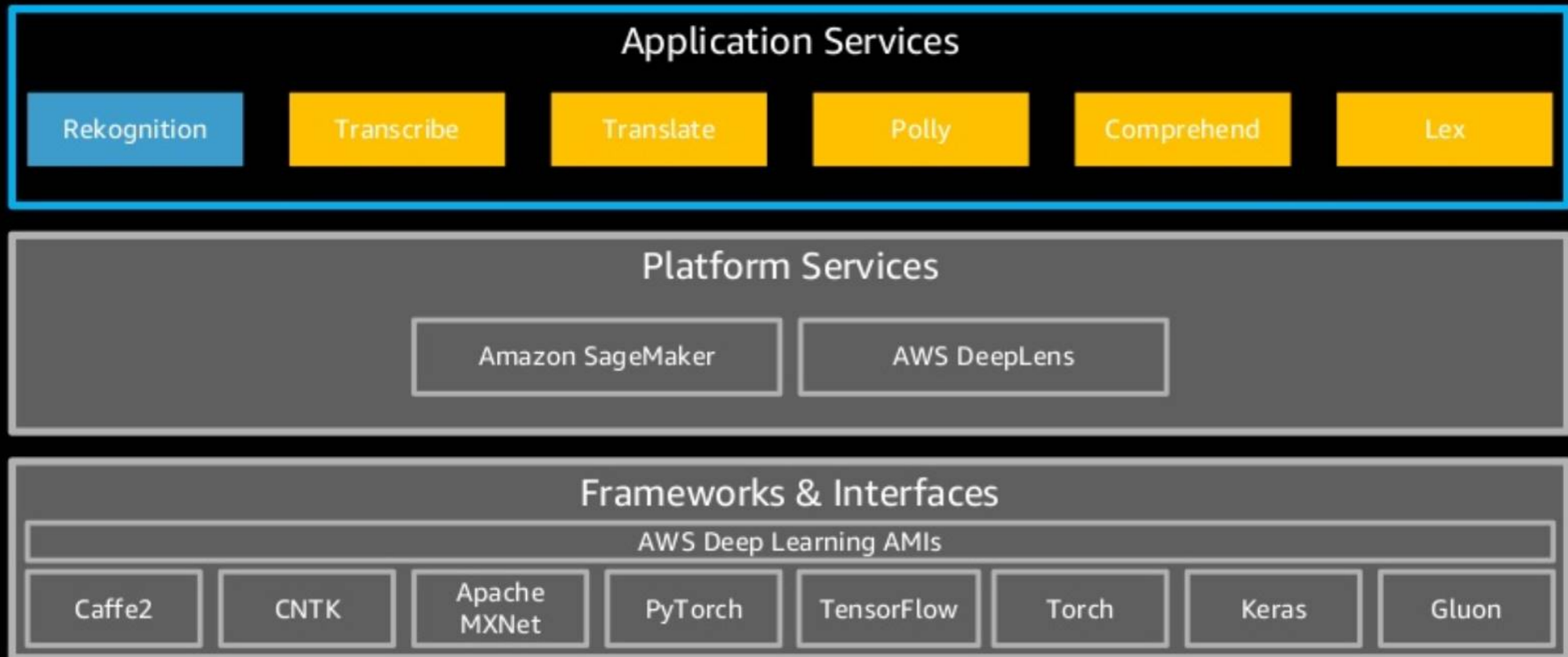
*Thank you
Albert Barron
for this
example.

Pizza as a Service



In reality....

The Amazon Machine Learning Stack



The five pillars of the AWS framework

- Operational Excellence
- Security
- Reliability
- Performance Efficiency
- Cost Optimization

https://d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/architecture/AWS_Well-Architected_Framework.pdf?did=wp_card&trk=wp_card



History

Console Home

Find a service by name or feature (for example, EC2, S3 or VM, storage).

Group

A-Z



Compute

EC2
Lightsail [↗](#)
ECR
ECS
EKS
Lambda
Batch
Elastic Beanstalk
Serverless Application Repository



Storage

S3
EFS
FSx
S3 Glacier
Storage Gateway
AWS Backup



Database

RDS
DynamoDB
ElastiCache
Neptune
Amazon Redshift
Amazon QLDB
Amazon DocumentDB



Customer Enablement

AWS IQ [↗](#)
Support
Managed Services



Blockchain

Amazon Managed Blockchain



Satellite

Ground Station



Management & Governance

AWS Organizations
CloudWatch
AWS Auto Scaling
CloudFormation
CloudTrail
Config
OpsWorks
Service Catalog
Systems Manager
Trusted Advisor
Control Tower
AWS License Manager
AWS Well-Architected Tool
Personal Health Dashboard [↗](#)



Analytics

Athena
EMR
CloudSearch
Elasticsearch Service
Kinesis
QuickSight [↗](#)
Data Pipeline
AWS Data Exchange
AWS Glue
AWS Lake Formation
MSK



Security, Identity, & Compliance

IAM
Resource Access Manager
Cognito
Secrets Manager
GuardDuty
Inspector
Amazon Macie [↗](#)
AWS Single Sign-On
Certificate Manager
Key Management Service
CloudHSM
Directory Service
WAF & Shield
Artifact



Business Applications

Alexa for Business
Amazon Chime [↗](#)
WorkMail



End User Computing

WorkSpaces
AppStream 2.0
WorkDocs
WorkLink



Internet Of Things

IoT Core
Amazon FreeRTOS
IoT 1-Click
IoT Analytics
IoT Device Defender
IoT Device Management
IoT Events
IoT Greengrass
IoT SiteWise
IoT Things Graph



Game Development

Amazon GameLift

Where to focus IR efforts?

- Host
- IAM (a.k.a. role-based access)
- Data storage (e.g., S3)
- Persistence (e.g., when odd things change)
 - S3 bucket permissions
 - Security groups
 - Network gateways
 - EC2 instance ownership
 - Authorization failures



Breaking it down

Bad guy



Leverages

IAM

Attacks

EC2

S3

We detect via

CloudWatch

CloudTrail

Poll the Audience

- CSV-R01
- **What of the following do you see as roadblock to AWS Incident Response?**
 - A. Not enough authority
 - B. Knowledge of landscape
 - C. Lack of skills

<https://rsa1-live.eventbase.com/polls?event=rsa2020&session=1454108104>

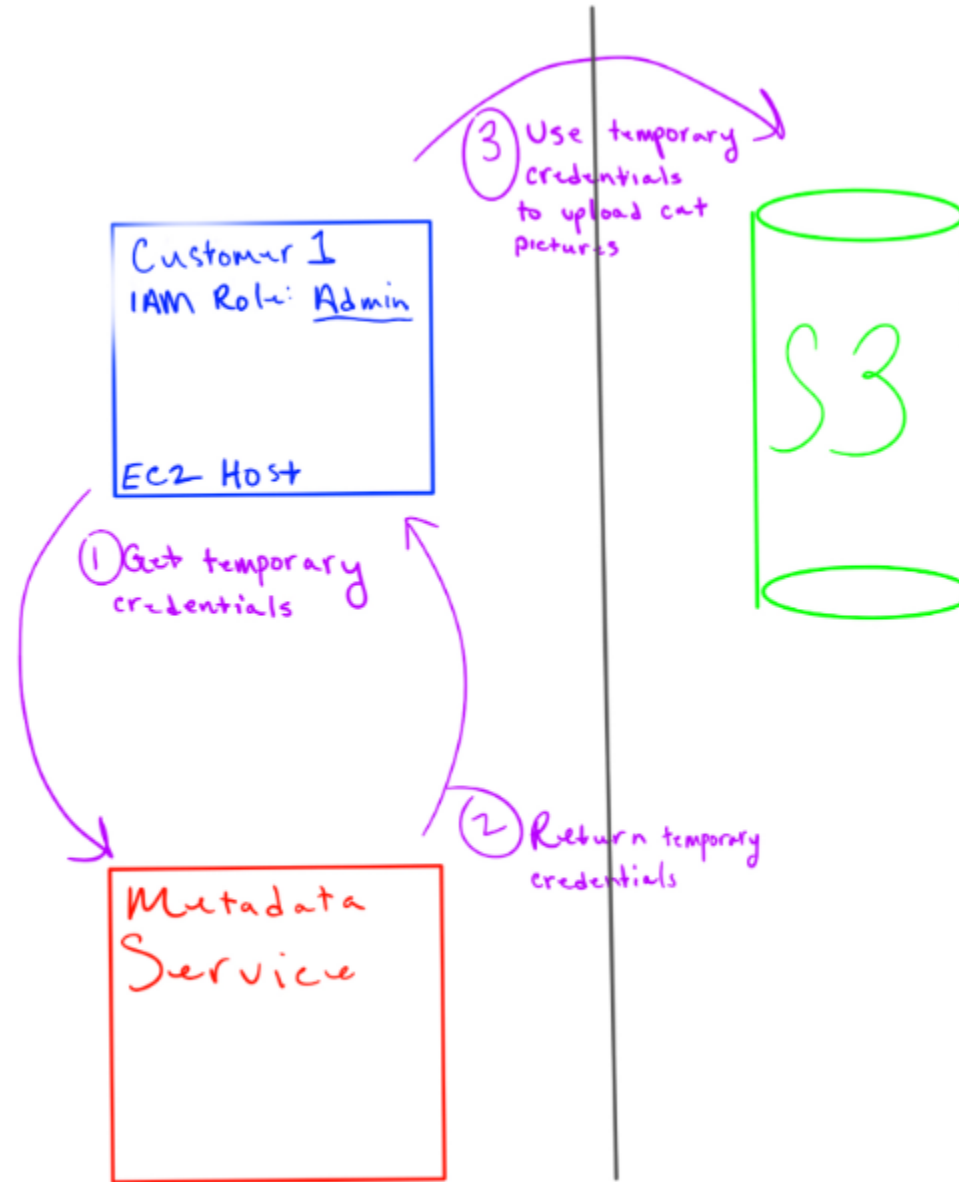
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AWS Incident Response Use Cases

Use Case 1: What really happened at Capital One?

- An old vulnerability called Server Side Request Forgery (SSRF)
 - On the Web Application Firewall (WAF) - ModSecurity
- The WAF was misconfigured
 - Able to make a metadata service request
 - Which is how the attacker gained access to credentials
 - Credentials had access to whatever resource requested them
 - WAF assigned too much privilege
 - Could list information contained within S3 storage buckets
- AWS has since added additional authentication to the service

A visual



Why should you care?

- Cloud misconfigurations can have greater impact if exploited
 - Versus on premises misconfigurations
- A bad actor much more likely to access if internet-facing

Use Case 2: Oh no, not more!

- Ever heard of Code Spaces?
 - Maybe not since it's been dead since 2014
 - It was a site that hosted source code repositories and offered project management services
 - Mostly hosted on AWS
- An attacker gained access to their AWS console
 - Held it for ransom
 - When no payment, started deleting...everything
 - Elastic Block Storage (EBS) Snapshots, S3 data, some server instances

All eggs in one basket

- All the data that was deleted included backups
- Effectively put Code Spaces out of business



So how do I respond to that?

- Follow the breadcrumbs
 - Read the logs (Cloud Trail, Cloud Watch)
 - Understand the flow
 - Understand what your scope of response is
 - An internal shared responsibility model?
 - Understand how things are configured
 - And did they behave as expected?



Table Of Contents

aws

- [Description](#)
- [Synopsis](#)
- [Options](#)
- [Available Services](#)
- [See Also](#)

Quick search

Feedback

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[pull request](#) on GitHub.

User Guide

aws

Description

The AWS Command Line Interface is a unified tool to manage your AWS

Synopsis

```
aws [options] <command> <subcommand> [parameters]
```

Use *aws command help* for information on a specific command. Use *aws* available help topics. The synopsis for each command shows its parameter names. Parameters are shown in square brackets.

Options

--debug (boolean)

Turn on debug logging.

Available Services

- [accessanalyzer](#)
- [acm](#)
- [acm-pca](#)
- [alexaforbusiness](#)
- [amplify](#)
- [apigateway](#)
- [apigatewaymanagementapi](#)
- [apigatewayv2](#)
- [appconfig](#)
- [application-autoscaling](#)
- [application-insights](#)
- [appmesh](#)
- [appstream](#)
- [appsync](#)
- [athena](#)
- [autoscaling](#)
- [autoscaling-plans](#)
- [backup](#)
- [batch](#)
- [budgets](#)
- [ce](#)
- [chime](#)
- [cloud9](#)
- [clouddirectory](#)
- [cloudformation](#)
- [cloudfront](#)

Command line interface tips

- You'll have to install the environment
 - Looks like DOS! (seriously!)
- Run aws-configure
 - Consider – debug to get all the interactive detail
 - Do you have a proxy? May need to pass through/tunnel.
 - If you do tunnel, may need to import certs
 - set REQUESTS_CA_BUNDLE=full-path-to\[name of\].pem
- Potential for automation

Some examples

- Want to copy a snapshot?

aws ec2 copy-snapshot \

- region us-east-1 \

- source-region us-west-2 \

- source-snapshot-id snap-066877671789bd71b \

- description "This is my copied snapshot."

```
C:\> Select Command Prompt - aws help topics

AWS CLI Topic Guide
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

Description
*****

This is the AWS CLI Topic Guide. It gives access to a set of topics
that provide a deeper understanding of the CLI. To access the list of
topics from the command line, run "aws help topics". To access a
specific topic from the command line, run "aws help [topicname]",
where "topicname" is the name of the topic as it appears in the output
from "aws help topics".

Available Topics
*****

General
=====

* config-vars: Configuration Variables for the AWS CLI

* return-codes: Describes the various return codes of the AWS CLI

S3
-- More --
```


Another example

- Change a security group?

```
aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress \\  
  - group-name MySecurityGroup \
```

```
  - protocol tcp \
```

```
  - port 22 \
```

```
  - cidr 203.0.113.0/24
```

Other options

- Crash cart
 - What tools might you want to have available?
 - Depends upon incident response scope
 - Remnux for malware analysis
 - Other gems?
- Breakglass
 - May be more palatable for Incident Response to have emergency only access
- Lambda
 - What can you automate through scripting?
- Who contacts Amazon in case of an incident?



Why GitHub? ▾

Enterprise

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Sign in

Sign up



Amazon Web Services - Labs

AWS Labs

Seattle, WA

<http://amazon.com/aws/>

Verified

Repositories 448

Packages 1

People 109

Projects

security

Type: All ▾

Language: All ▾

11 results for repositories matching security

✕ Clear filter

aws-security-benchmark

Open source demos, concept and guidance related to the AWS CIS Foundation framework.

Python

209

★ 501

28

18

Updated on Sep 25

aws-waf-security-automations

This solution automatically deploys a single web access control list (web ACL) with a set of AWS WAF rules designed to filter common web-based attacks.

Top languages

Python Java JavaScript Go
Shell

Most used topics

aws

serverless

deep-learning

machine-learning

lambda



ThreatResponse

A Free Open Source Security Suite for Hardening and Responding in AWS

Ashland, OR <http://www.threatresponse.cloud> info@threatresponse.cloud

Repositories 39

Packages

People 5

Projects

Find a repository...

Type: All

Language: All

margaritashotgun

Remote Memory Acquisition Tool

Python MIT 25 133 11 (1 issue needs help) 2 Updated on Oct 22

aws_ir

Python installable command line utility for mitigation of host and key compromises.

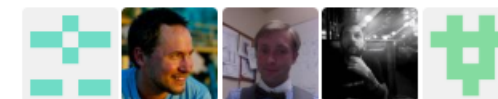
Python MIT 43 214 12 (3 issues need help) 1 Updated on Feb 28

Top languages

Python CSS Shell JavaScript
HTML

People

5 >



Use Case 3: Let's Run Through An Incident End To End

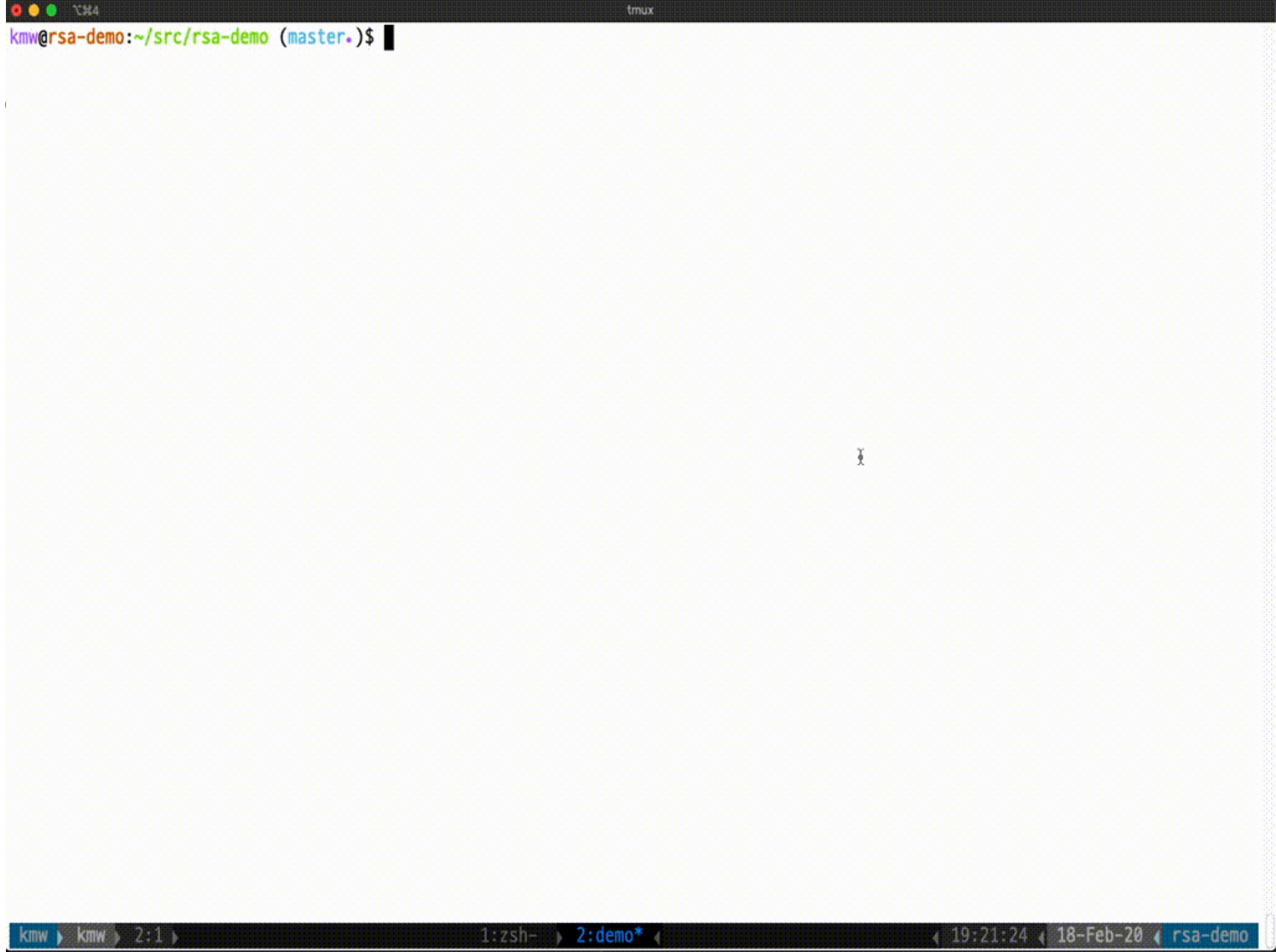
- Your Macie service has identified odd behavior via a key pair
 - Key pair is accessing an account it's never logged into before
 - Is this a security incident?
- Work through four stages of an Incident:
 - Prepare
 - Detect
 - Contain
 - Post-Incident

Run It Down...

- Detect

- How would you determine what IAM User the access keys belonged to?
 - How were the access keys used?
- Which log would access to keys show up in? (access, use)
 - What would the log tell you?
 - How do you sift through all those events?
- Would you have an alert anywhere when they were accessed?
 - Depends on the action
- What regions were the keys used in?
 - Were they limited to specific regions?

A quick demo...



A terminal window running a tmux session. The title bar at the top shows window management icons and the text "tmux". The prompt line displays the user "kmw" at host "rsa-demo" in the directory "~/src/rsa-demo", with the branch "(master.*)" and a dollar sign prompt. The terminal area is currently blank. The bottom status bar shows the session structure: "kmw" (active), "kmw", "2:1", "1:zsh-", and "2:demo*" (active). It also includes a timestamp "19:21:24", the date "18-Feb-20", and the project name "rsa-demo".

```
kmw@rsa-demo:~/src/rsa-demo (master.*)$
```

Wrapping Up....

- Contain

- What actions need to be taken to mitigate?
- Who has the permission to do it?
 - Incident Response Team?
 - IAM Team?
- Who needs to be notified?
 - Application Team?
 - End User?

- Post-Incident

- How did the credentials get posted?
 - Was it posted from within your network?
 - Code for the demo available here: <https://github.com/kameenan/RSAC2020>

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Acquiring AWS Skills

Start of available resources

- https://d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/aws_security_incident_response.pdf
- [https://d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/Security/AWS Security Best Practices.pdf](https://d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/Security/AWS_Security_Best_Practices.pdf)
- [https://d0.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/AWS CAF Security Perspective.pdf](https://d0.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/AWS_CAF_Security_Perspective.pdf)
- <https://www.aws.training/> (need to set up an account)
- <https://aws.amazon.com/free> (get your own hands on!)
- <https://www.coursera.org/> (search for AWS [topic])
- <https://github.com/jlevy/og-aws> (awesome find)
- <https://aws.amazon.com/>

AWS training

←

→

↺

aws.training/LearningLibrary?filters=classification%3A103&search=&tab=view_all

Apps

Agile stuff

Imported

Imported (1)

aws

training and certification

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Learning Library

Certification

Support

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Getting Started

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16 items

VIDEO

Amazon SageMaker: Build an Object Detection Model Using

INTERMEDIATE 70 MINUTES

CURRICULUM

AWS Cloud Practitioner Essential (Second Edition) (Traditional

FUNDAMENTAL



AWS Security Fundamentals (Second Edition)

FREE COURSE

You must subscribe to Free Digital Training to take this course.

SUBSCRIBE >

|| FUNDAMENTAL ⌚ 2 HOURS 🗣 ENGLISH

ABOUT

Description

In this self-paced course, you will learn fundamental AWS cloud security concepts, including AWS access control, data encryption methods, and how network access to your AWS infrastructure can be secured. We will address and your security responsibility in the AWS cloud and the different security-oriented services available.

Intended Audience

This course is intended for:

- IT business-level professionals interested in cloud security practices

Youtube. OMG.

- Go there
- Search for Amazon Web Service
- Find the very latest from re:Invent
- Learn a ton of stuff!



Get Started: Find Configuration

Search All Content

Search

OR

Browse by

Security Control

- Config Rules
- Auto Remediation
- Amazon GuardDuty
- Amazon Inspector
- Security Hub
- Billing and Cost
- S3 Bucket Policies
- CloudWatch Alarms & Rules
- Logging & Monitoring
- Service Control Policies
- AWS Systems Manager
- Security Groups & NACLs
- KMS
- IAM Policies

Configuration Packages

- Deploy Amazon VPC
- Enable Logging Services
- Threat Detection
- Monitoring & Compliance
- Auto Remediation Rules
- EC2 Patch Management
- Common SCPs Package
- CIS AWS Benchmark

Service

- VPC
- S3
- EC2
- IAM
- CloudFormation
- Lambda
- EMR
- DynamoDB
- RDS

Security Strategy Guides

- EC2 Security Strategy
- S3 Security Strategy

Solutions, Guides & Tools

- Security Solutions
- Security Tools

Apply – 90-day AWS incident response plan

- 30 days:
 - Identify gaps between existing plan and what we've discussed
 - Begin acquiring needed skills
- 60 days:
 - Confirm architecture of AWS (or other cloud provider) environment
 - Acquire sandbox environment
 - Document processes to support
- 90 days:
 - Consider automation for certain tasks
 - Test out processes
 - Table tops!

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Thank you!

Keep the conversation going!

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