Cybowall Solution Overview







EXAMPLES OF CYBER BREACHES INCLUDING CARD DATA



2013: Adobe Systems

- Hackers raided an Adobe back-up server on which they found and published a 3.8GB file containing 152 million usernames and poorly-encrypted passwords, plus customers' credit card numbers
- 38 million users affected in total
- Adobe paid an undisclosed amount to settle customer claims and faced US \$1.2 million in legal fees
- Ordered to pay USD \$1 million fine to North Carolina and 14 other US states and implement new policies and practices to prevent future similar breaches



2014: Home Depot

- US hardware retail giant robbed of the payment card details of 40 million customers
- Settled a class action consumer lawsuit agreeing to pay USD \$13 million in cash compensation (up to \$10,000 per customer affected), spend USD \$6.5 million on ID theft protection and adopt a series of measures to tighten its security



Small/Medium-sized businesses (SMBs) – targeted by about 60% of cyber attacks

- 43% of global attacks targeted SMBs with fewer than 250 staff (9% increase on previous year)
- Ranking of attack types: 1). General computer hack 2). Theft of credit card information
- Over USD \$32,000 average loss for SMBs whose business bank accounts were hit
- 42% of SMBs took more than 3 days to resolve a cyber attack issue

SMB CYBER BREACH CASE STUDIES



Maine Indoor Karting, US

- Targeted by a phishing scam
- The owner, Rick Snow, received an email that appeared to be from his bank, asking him to log in with his account information
- Mr. Snow realized he had fallen victim to a phishing scam, closed his business account and opened a new account
- Hacked again 2 weeks later and the attackers stole over USD \$37,000 to clear out his business bank account



MNH Platinum, UK

- Victim of a virus which encrypted over 12,000 files on its company network
- A ransom demand followed; the criminals would decrypt the company's files in exchange for more than GBP £3,000
- The company paid the ransom as the virus proved impossible to remove without the loss of crucial company data



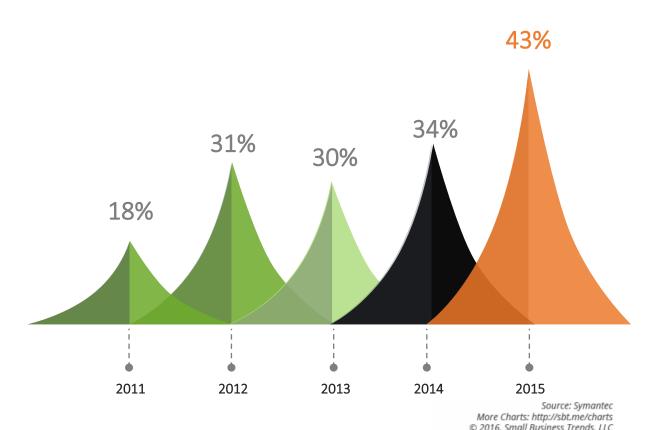
PCA Predict, UK

- Targeted by Russian hackers who sent out a spam email to 1.5 million people, claiming that GBP £120 had been charged to each person
- Customer service nightmare; company received overwhelming volume of calls and emails as people tried to get their money back
- As a technology company, PCA Predict was lucky that it could use its systems to respond quickly; recording a phone message explaining the issue and changing its homepage to a warning about the spam

SMB CYBER ATTACK STATISTICS

- Employee error and accidental email/internet exposure caused nearly 30% of all data breaches
- Ransomware attacks are on the rise and targeting not only employees but any devices connected to a company's hacked network
- 43% of information security attacks in 2015 targeted SMBs
- 60% of small businesses lose their business
 within 6 months of an attack

43% of Attacks target SMBs



SMB CYBERSECURITY CHALLENGES

RESOURCES & EXPERTISE

SMBs face the same threat with fewer resources and lack in-house expertise

RECOVERY FROM A CYBER ATTACK

33% of SMBs took 3 days to recover from an attack, and 60% of SMBs lose their business within 6 months of an attack

COST OF DATA BREACH

Recovery from a SMB data breach can cost between USD \$36,000 - \$50,000



GLOBAL ATTACK TARGET

43% of global attacks targeted SMBs with fewer than 250 staff (9% increase on previous year)

SPEAR PHISHING CAMPAIGNS

55% increase from previous year in number of spear phishing campaigns targeting all businesses

CYBER ATTACK RESPONSE PLAN

8 out of 10 SMBs don't have a basic cyber attack response plan

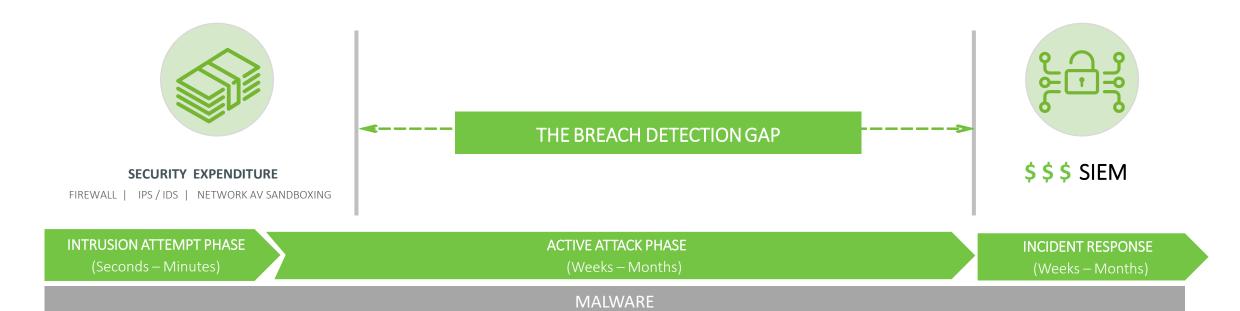


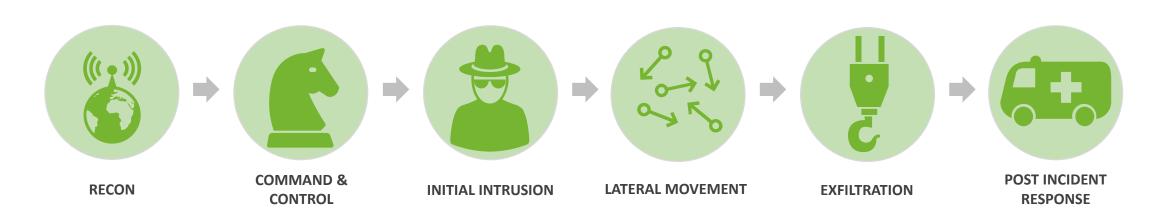


SMB BUYER PROFILE

- Organizations with USD \$1–15 million annual revenue are looking for a comprehensive yet affordable security solution
- On average only around 8% of a SMB's budget goes towards the business' security
- Many enterprise solutions require an investment of at least \$200,000
- Small and medium sized organizations will often not have a SOC or CISO; most enterprise solutions demand a dedicated analyst interpreting threats

THE BREACH DETECTION GAP

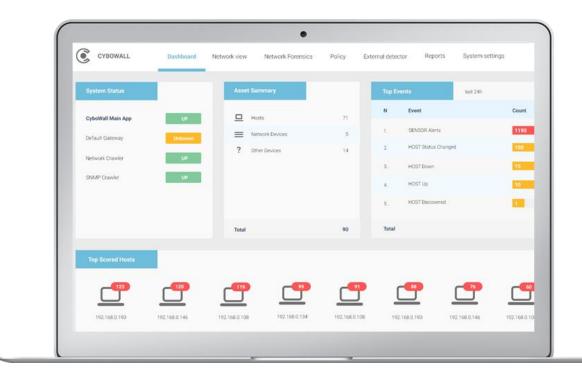




CYBONET INTRODUCES CYBOWALL

Multi-Vector Threat Detection and Response for Small and Medium Sized Organizations

- Quickly detect potential vulnerabilities and active breaches
- Automatically respond to threats as they are discovered
- Manage and report on compliance (GDPR, PCI-DSS, ISO etc.)
- Record and analyze all events and incidents within the network for further investigation



CYBOWALL SOLUTION BENEFITS

Detect Lateral Movement

to trap attackers that have already breached perimeter defenses

Identify Vulnerabilities

for patch deployment prioritization

Automated Response

based on configurable policies without System Administrator/ CISO/SOC intervention













Stop Endpoint Tampering and Malware

by leveraging network and endpoint detection

Map Network Assets

to increase visibility with a comprehensive endpoint map

Meet Compliance Requirements

for PCI-DSS, HIPAA, HITECH, GDPR, ISO etc.



Network Sensor

- Network visibility
- Port mirroring/TAP
- IDS at the network level
- Inbound & outbound traffic

Network Traps

- Distributed deception grid
- Lateral movement

Agentless Endpoint Scan

- Asset mapping & port profiles
- process investigation



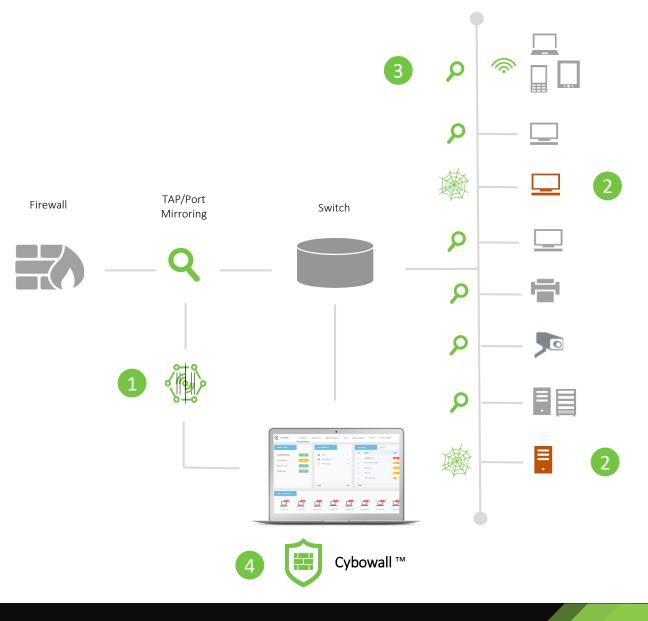
Leverage WMI for registry &

- Correlate forensic data with IOC

Policy, Response and Integration

- Send alerts
- Quarantine
- Shutdown port
- End process or application (WMI)
- Automated mitigation
- SNMP for switch integration
- Syslog for SIEM integration

CYBOWALL OVERVIEW



CYBOWALL SOLUTION FEATURES

Asset Mapping

Continuously updated list of all endpoints, including port profiles and activities

Intrusion Detection

Full inbound and outbound network traffic visibility without causing interference

SIEM

Log management, event management, event correlation and reporting to help identify policy violations and enable response procedures



Network Traps

Enable insight into lateral movement between endpoints and detect threats originating within the network by serving as a trip wire for active attacks

Vulnerability Assessment

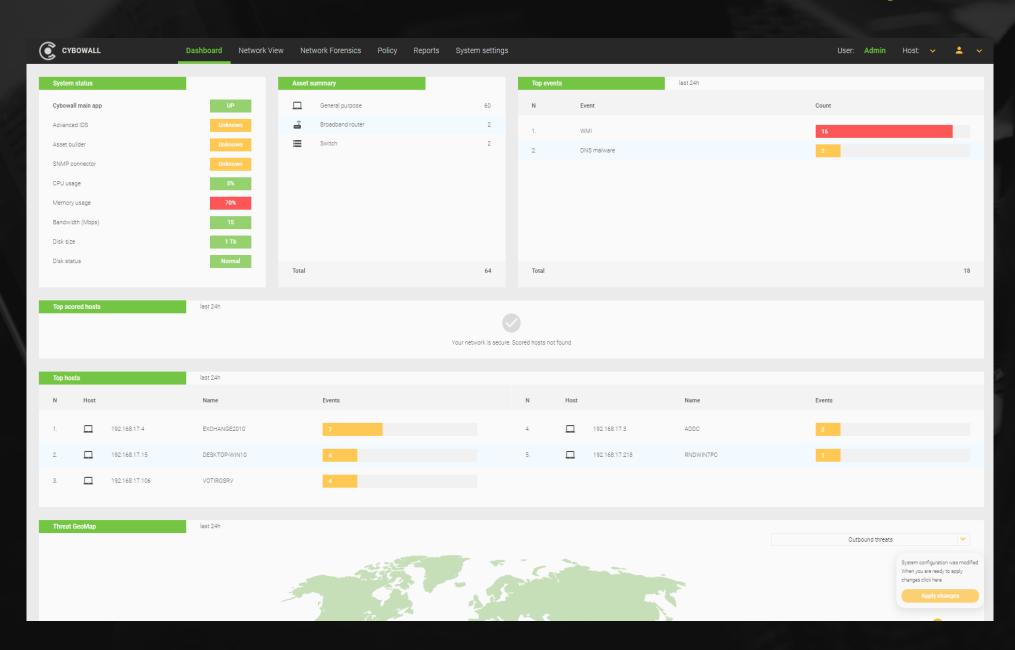
Monitor business assets and identify vulnerable systems inside the network, including risk level, for patch deployment prioritization

Automated Response

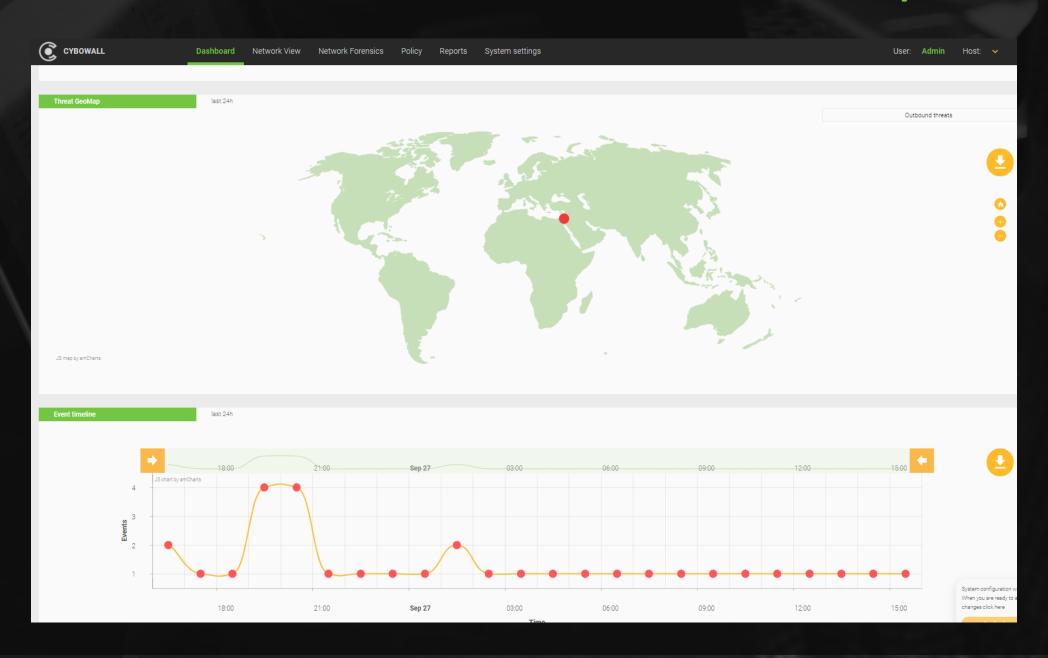
Policy-based responses initiated according to assigned activity/risk factor scores, enabling containment of real time attacks



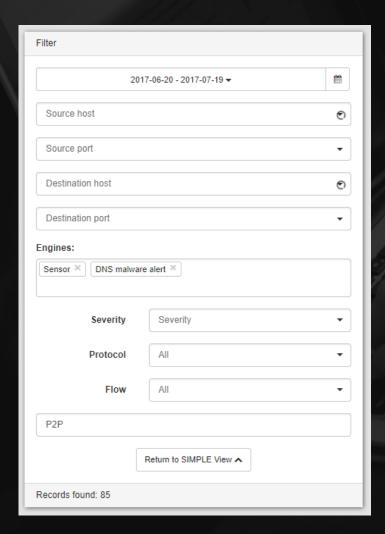
CYBOWALL INTUITIVE MONITORING WITHOUT A CISO/SOC



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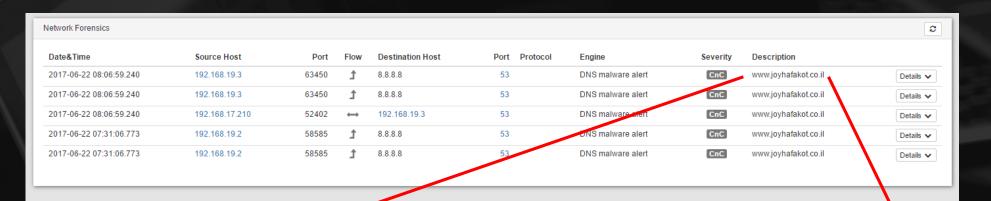
CYBOWALL STOP ENDPOINT TAMPERING & MALWARE

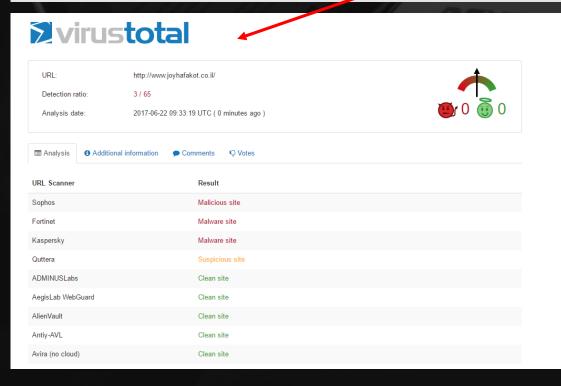


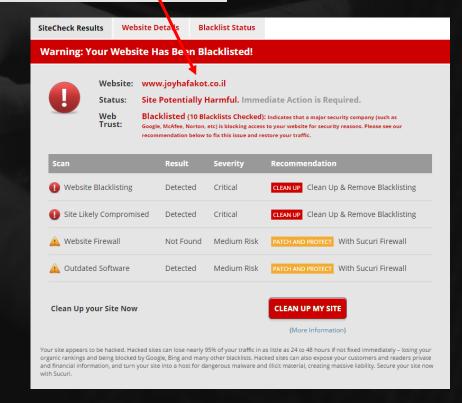
Network Forensics										2
Date&Time	Source Host	Port	Flow	Destination Host	Port	Protocol	Engine	Severity	Description	
2017-07-18 09:33:50.944	10.200.108.7	26237	t	95.211.223.2 Netherlands	6881	UDP	Sensor	High	A Network Trojan was detected ET CNC Shadowserver Reported CnC Server IP group 46	Details ✓

Network Forensics										8
Date&Time	Source Host	Port	Flow	Destination Host	Port	Protocol	Engine	Severity	Description	
2017-07-19 11:31:13.132	192.168.248.108	56536	t	88.245.1.89 C• Turkey (Izmir)	63456	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 10:30:56.022	192.168.248.108	56536	Î	41.177.127.196 South Africa (Cape Town)	47705	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 10:20:27.428	192.168.248.108	56536	Î	94.242.219.107 Luxembourg	35075	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 10:00:00.329	192.168.248.108	56536	Î	185.36.211.196 Spain (Lorqui)	20706	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 09:52:25.173	192.168.248.108	56536	Î	95.186.46.38 Saudi Arabia (Jeddah)	1828	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 09:47:00.092	192.168.248.108	56536	Î	190.24.59.225 Colombia (Bogotá)	41016	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 09:38:10.021	192.168.248.108	56536	Î	178.141.130.225 Russia (Kirov)	14730	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 09:27:59.459	192.168.248.108	56536	Ţ	213.136.79.7 Germany	6881	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 09:04:19.074	192.168.248.108	56536	Ţ	131.213.35.95 Japan (Tokyo)	6889	UDP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent DHT ping request	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 00:37:19.958	192.168.248.192	58989	ţ	41.188.108.105 Mauritania	64006	TCP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent peer sync	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 00:35:16.832	192.168.248.192	58911	Î	176.58.153.94 Greece (Athens)	28970	TCP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent peer sync	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 00:35:16.746	192.168.248.192	58798	t	111.100.30.20 Japan (Kamirenjaku)	60725	TCP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent peer sync	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 00:35:16.730	192.168.248.192	58725	ţ	87.203.111.97 Greece (Athens)	24959	TCP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent peer sync	Details 🗸
2017-07-19 00:35:16.620	192.168.248.192	58768	Î	197.0.143.203 Tunisia	42610	TCP	Sensor	High	Potential Corporate Privacy Violation ET P2P BitTorrent peer sync	Details 🗸

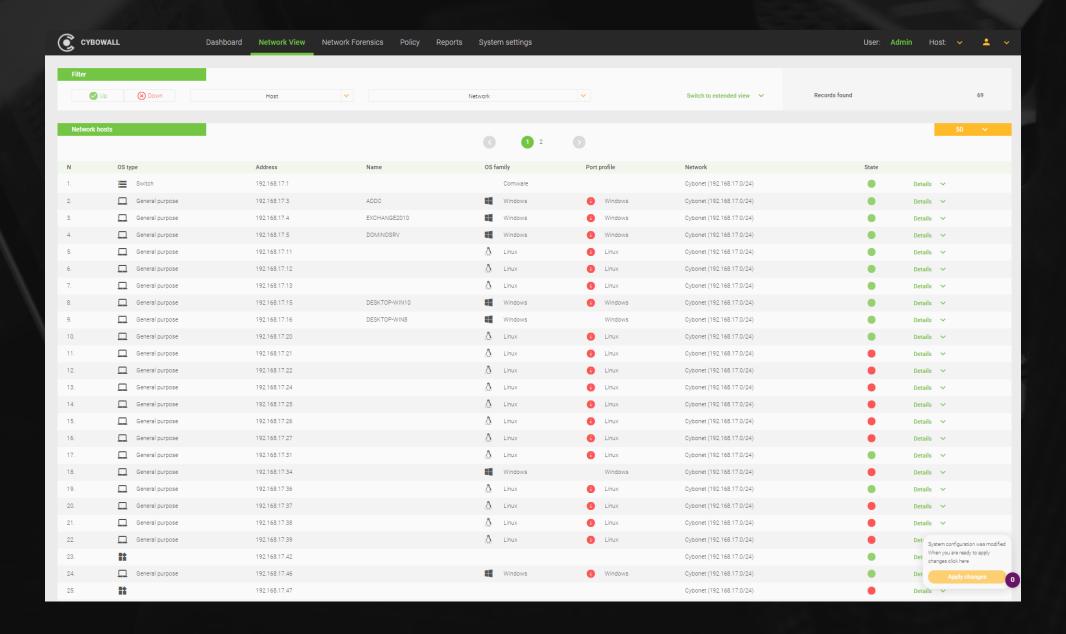
CYBOWALL STOP ENDPOINT TAMPERING & MALWARE



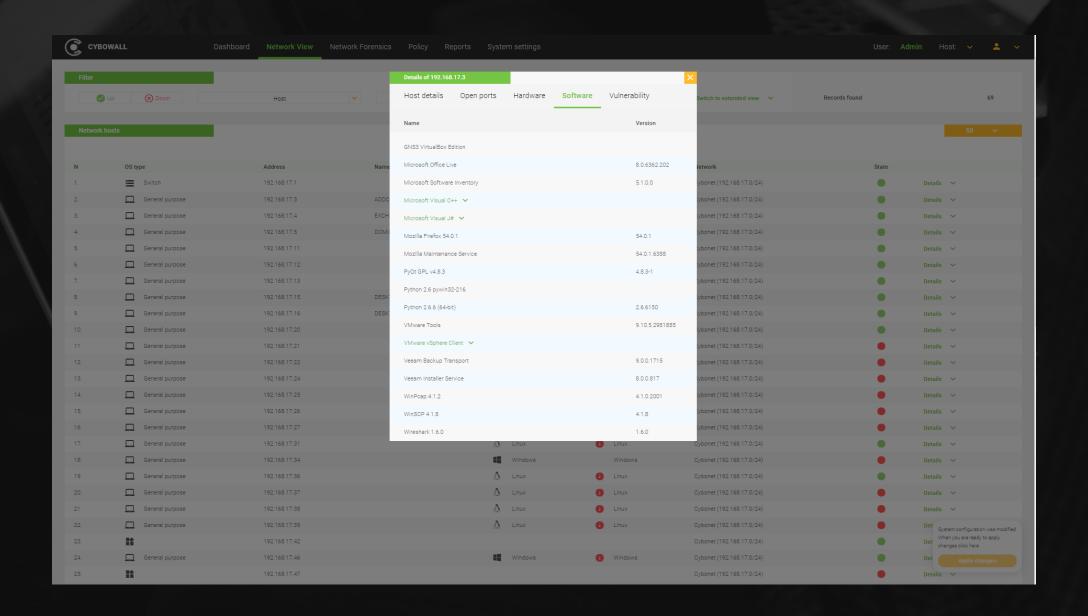




CYBOWALL MAP NETWORK ASSETS



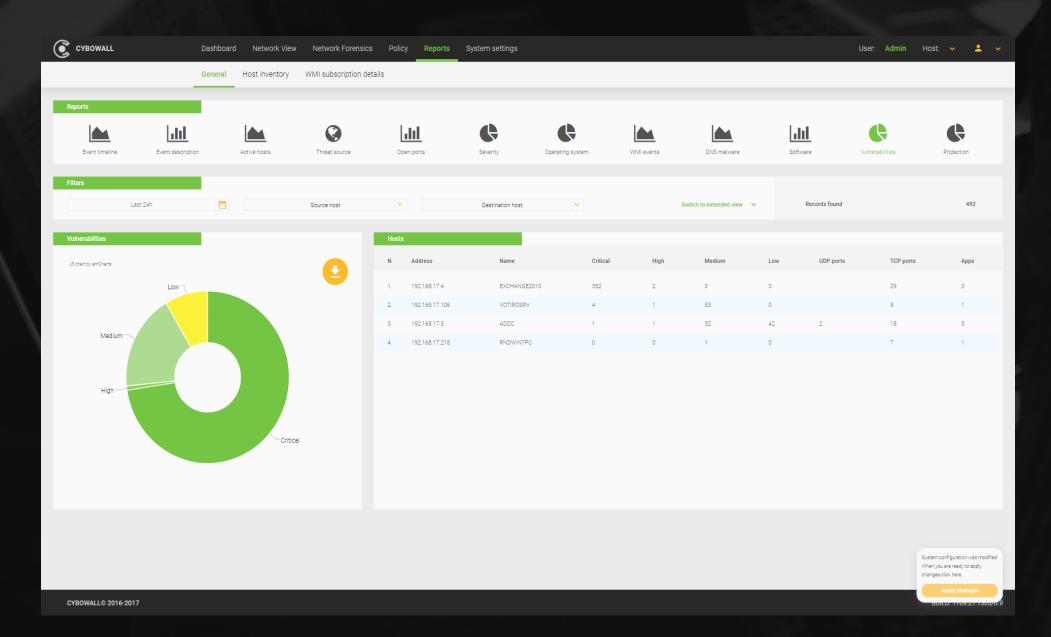
CYBOWALL MAP NETWORK ASSETS



CYBOWALL IDENTIFY VULNERABILITIES

•	CYBOWA	NLL Dashb	ooard Network View Network Fore		User: Admin Host: 🗸 💄
19	9.	General purpose	192.168.17.36	↑ Linux Cybonet (192.1 Details of 192.168.17.106 Cybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
21		General purpose	192.168.17.37	Cybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24)
2		General purpose	192.168.17.38	Host details Open ports Hardware Software Vulnerability Cybonet (1921	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
2:	2.	General purpose	192.168.17.39	Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures Cybonet (192.1	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
2	3.	#	192.168.17.42	Cybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
2-	4.	General purpose	192.168.17.46	Application Details Top score Cybonet (192.1	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
2	5.	Ħ	192.168.17.47	Cisco WebEx Meetings A CVE-2017-3823 A 9.3	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
20	6.	Ħ	192.168.17.48	Cybonet (192.1	(63.17.0/24) Details V
2	7.	Ħ	192.168.17.49	Description: An issue was discovered in the Cisco WebEx Extension before 1.0.7 on Google Chrome, the	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
21	8.	Ħ	192.168.17.50	ActiveTouch General Plugin Container before 106 on Mozilla Firefox, the GpcContainer Class ActiveX control	(68.17.0/24) Details ~
25	9.	General purpose	192.168.17.51	plugin before 10031.6.2017.0126 on Internet Explorer, and the Download Manager ActiveX control plugin Cybonet (192.1	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
31		General purpose	192.168.17.66	before 2.1.0.10 on Internet Explorer. A vulnerability in these Cisco WebEx browser extensions could allow an unauthenticated, remote attacker to execute arbitrary code with the privileges of the affected browser on an Cybonet (192.1)	(68.17.0/24) Details V
31		General purpose	192.168.17.69	affected system. This vulnerability affects the browser extensions for Cisco WebEx Meetings Server and Cybonet (192.1)	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
3:	2.	General purpose	192.168.17.93	Cisco WebEx Centers (Meeting Center, Event Center, Training Center, and Support Center) when they are Cybonet (1921)	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
3:	3.	General purpose	192.168.17.99	running on Microsoft Windows. The vulnerability is a design defect in an application programing interface (API) response parser within the extension. An attacker that can convince an affected user to visit an	(68.17.0/24) Details V
3-	4.	Broadband router	192.168.17.101	attacker-controlled web page or follow an attacker-supplied link with an affected browser could exploit the Cybonet (192.1)	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
3	5.	General purpose	192.168.17.104	vulnerability. If successful, the attacker could execute arbitrary code with the privileges of the affected Cybonet (192.1)	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
31	6.	General purpose	192.168.17.105	browser. Links: Oybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
31	7.	General purpose	192.168.17.106	http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/95737 Cybonet (192.1	(63.17.0/24) Details 🗸
31	8.	General purpose	192.168.17.107	https://0patch.blogspot.com/2017/01/micropatching-remote-code-execution-in.html	(68.17.0/24) Details V
31	9.	General purpose	192.168.17.109	https://bugs.chromium.org/p/project-zero/issues/detail?id=1096 https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/content/CiscoSecurity/Advisory/cisco-sa-20170124-webex Cybonet (1921)	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
41		General purpose	192.168.17.114	CWE: CWE-119 Cybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
4		General purpose	192.168.17.130	Cvssv3: Cybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Details V
4:	2.	General purpose	192.168.17.131	Attack vector: NETWORK Attack complexity: LOW Oybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
4:	3.	General purpose	192.168.17.133	Privileges required: NONE Cybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
4	4.	General purpose	192.168.17.140	User interaction: REQUIRED Oybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
4	5.	General purpose	192.168.17.170	Confidentiality: HIGH Integrity: HIGH Cybonet (192.1	(65.17.0/24) Details 🗸
41	6.	General purpose	192.168.17.171	Availability: HIGH Oybonet (1921	68.17.0/24) Details 🗸
41	7.	General purpose	192.168.17.181	Cvssv2: Cybonet (192.1	(68.17.0/24) Det System configuration was modif
41	8.	General purpose	192.168.17.183	Attack vector: NETWORK Attack complexity: MEDIUM Cybonet (192.1	When you are ready to apply
49	9.	General purpose	192.168.17.200	Confidentiality: COMPLETE Cybonet (1921	
51		General purpose	192.168.17.201	Integrity: COMPLETE Cybonet (192.1	65.17.0/24) Details V
				Availability: COMPLETE	

CYBOWALL IDENTIFY VULNERABILITIES





CYBONET

R&D Center

Matam, Building 23,

P.O.B. 15102

Haifa 3190501 Israel



+972 (4) 821-2321



info@cybonet.com



www.cybonet.com

CASE STUDY TARGET BREACH

Background

At the end of 2013, attackers breached the US chain retailer's point-of-sale system and stole data, including names and all the information required to manufacture counterfeit credit cards.

Facts and Figures

- 40 million credit card / debit card records stolen
- 70 million data files stolen
- 98 million total unique customers affected

Outcomes

Firings of Target executives including the CEO, President and Chairman.

Target settled class action lawsuits for approximately USD \$50 million.



ANATOMY OF THE TARGET BREACH

