

# the adventures of bob

# Wireless Vulnerabilities in the Wild: View From the Trenches

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Job Title: Director, Engineering

Company Name: AirTight Networks



## Agenda

Why care about Wireless Vulnerabilities? (Motivation)

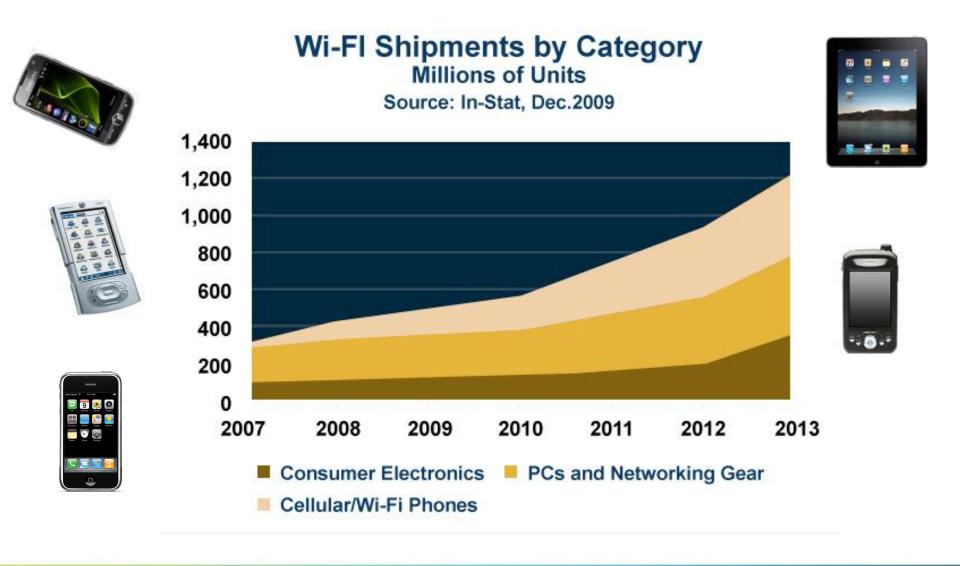
What's new in this talk and what are its implications?

Wireless Vulnerability Analysis (Measurements)

**Threat/Vulnerability Mitigation** 



#### Era of Wireless Consumerization





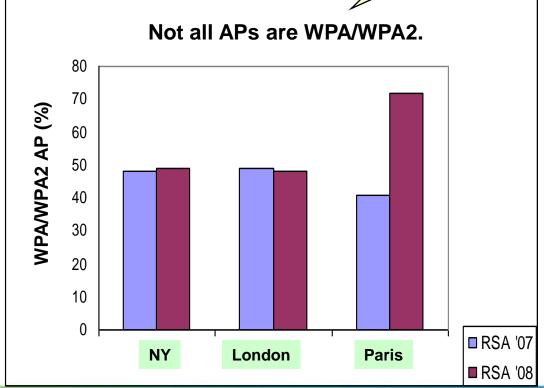


# Enter War Driving RSACONFERENCE C





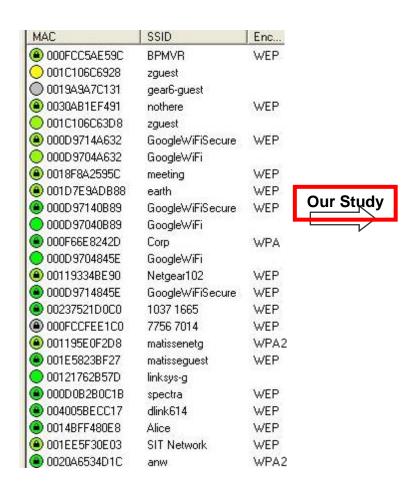
How many of these are actually connected to my network?

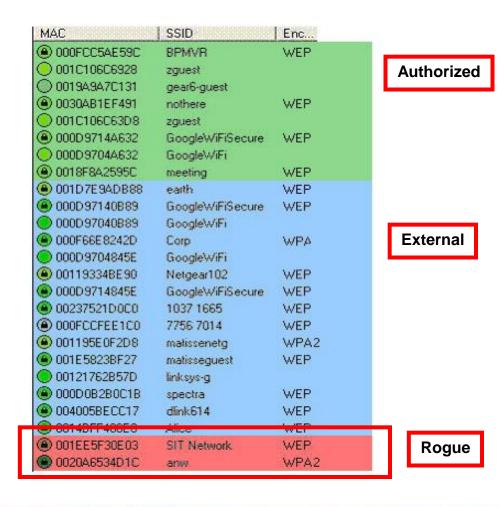






# War Driving Insufficient for Enterprise Threat Classification



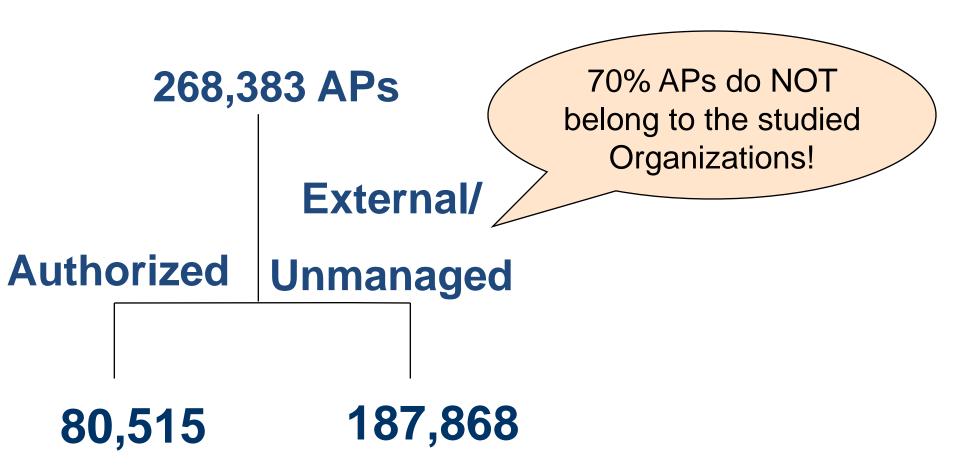




# Sensor Based Statistical Sampling Data collected over last two years

Total Number of	Count
Sites/Locations	2,155
Organizations	156
Sensors	4501
Total Access Points	268,383
Enterprise Clients	427,308
Threat Instances Analyzed	82,681

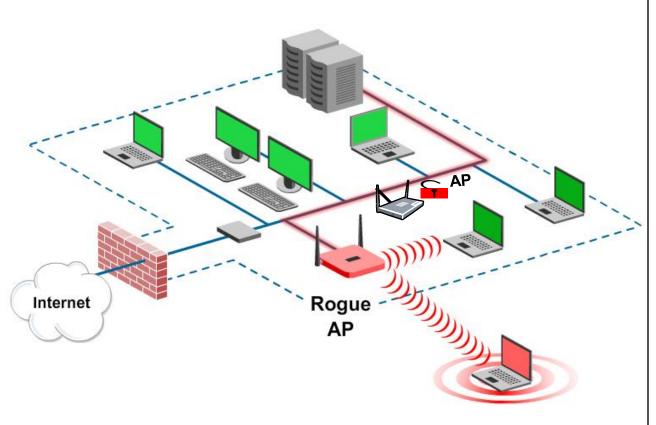




Similarly, About 87% Clients are Unmanaged/External!



#### **AP Based Threats**



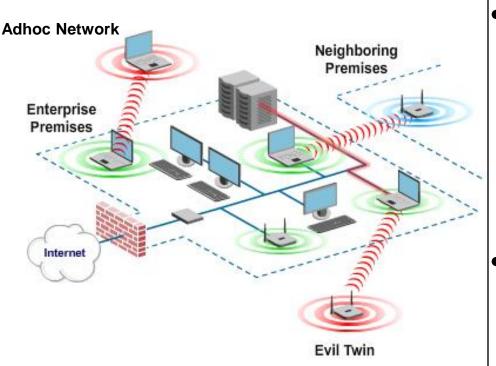
Rogue APs

 AP misconfigurations

 Soft/Client Based APs



#### **Client based threats**



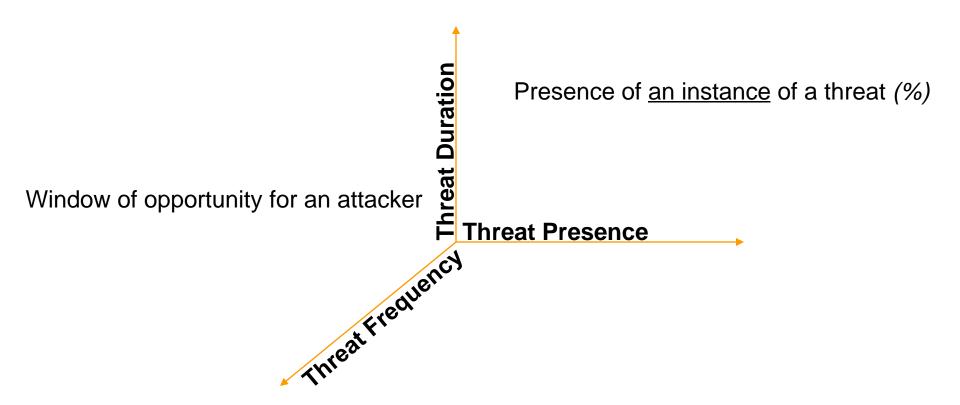
Client extrusions
 Connections to neighbors,
 evil twins

- Adhoc networks
- Client bridging

Banned devices



## T<sup>3</sup> (T-Cube) Parameters



Likelihood of presence of a threat instance



# Real-life data Based & Accurate picture of Threats

#### How does this information help you?

Get an idea of Wi-Fi threat scenario in enterprises that may be like yours

Which wireless threats you should worry about first?

Plan your enterprise mitigation strategy

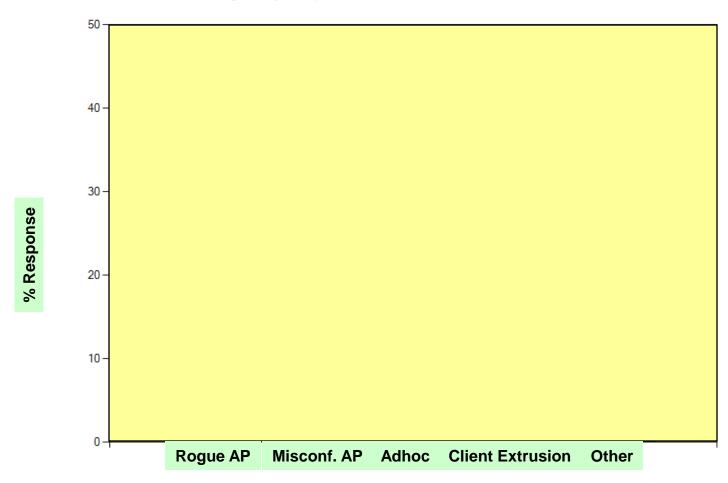
Simple (Yes/No) metric based on the presence of <u>an instance</u> of a threat (%)

# Threat Presence Threat Duration Threat Frequency



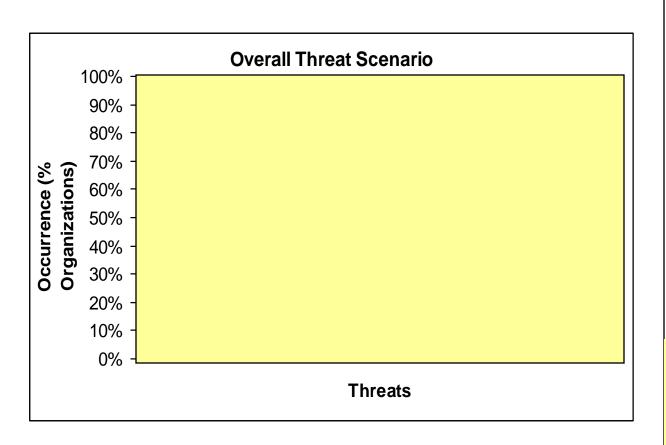
### Let us First Look At Survey Results

In your opinion, what is the most common Wi-Fi threat?





## Results Based on Our Data Analysis



#### **Key Observations**

- -Prominent Threats
  - -Client extrusions
  - -Rogue APs
  - -AP mis-configurations
  - -Adhoc clients

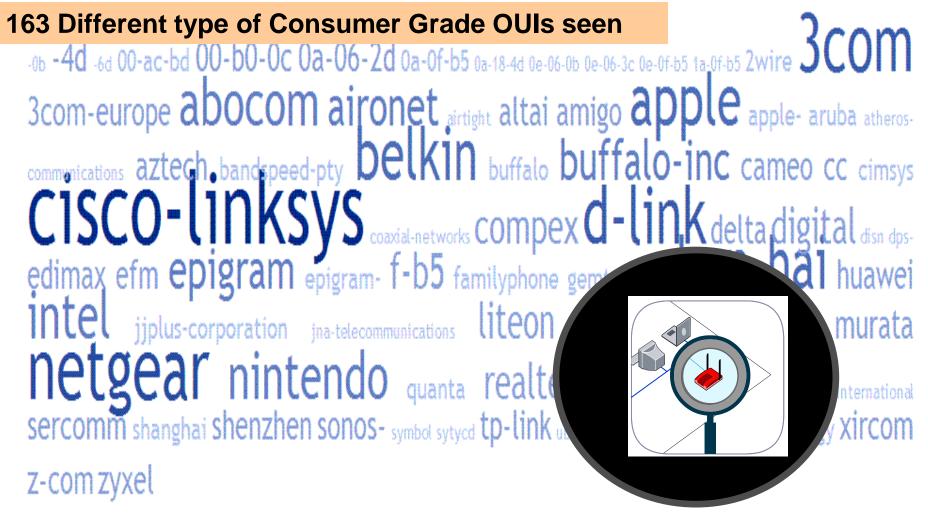
#### **Key Implications**

-Organization data is potentially at risk via Wi-Fi

Rogue APs Client Extrusions Adhoc Clients 



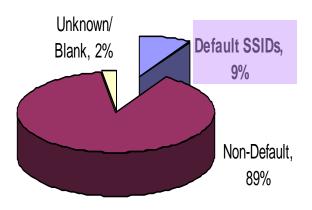
# Enterprise Wireless Consumerization: Rogue APs **1521 Rogue APs seen in our study**



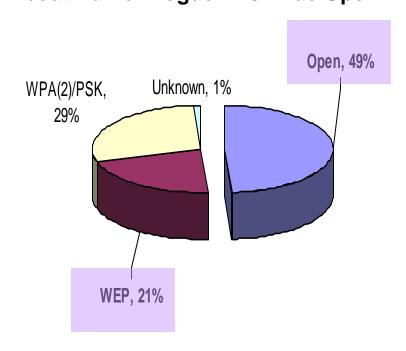


## Rogue AP Details





#### **About Half of Rogue APs Wide Open**





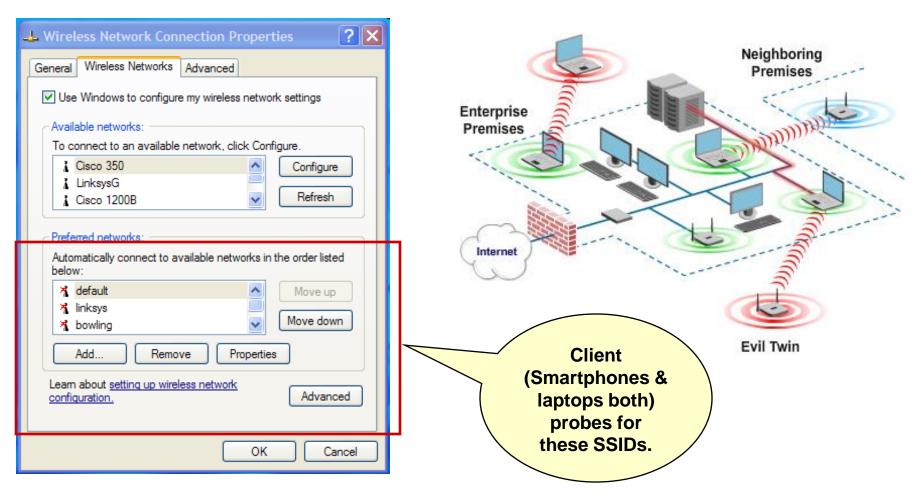
## Rogue AP Details

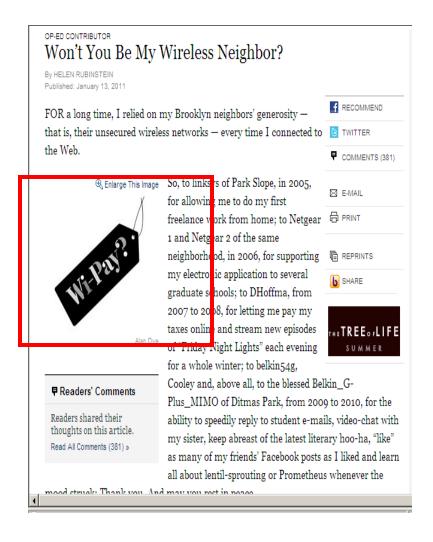


An open
Rogue AP is
Virtually
THIS!



#### Client Consumerization: Client Extrusion





## Stealing Your Neighbor's WIFI Signal is Still Illegal

#### Tuesday, February 08, 2011

Contributed By: Headlines A recent poll by Wakefield Research and the Wi-Fi Alliance reveals that nearly one third of respondents admit to piggybacking on a neighbors unsecured WI-FI connection.



The percentage is about double the number that admitted to stealing WI-FI access in a previous poll in 2008.

Unsecured WI-FI connections pose a security threat to both the owner of the connection and to those who might "borrow" it from time to time.

Either way, an unsecured connection leaves sensitive data such as login passwords and credit card details vulnerable to harvesting by software such as Firesheep.

And yes, stealing your neighbors WI-FI signal is still illegal.

"Most consumers know that leaving their Wi-Fi network open is not a good thing, but the reality is that many have not taken the steps to protect themselves. Consumers can usually activate Wi-Fi security protections in a few simple steps, but much like the seatbelts in your car, it won't protect you unless you use it," said Kelly Davis-Felner of the Wi-Fi Alliance.

Owners of unsecured WI-FI connections also run the risk of having any illegal online activity potentially traced back to their ISP connection.

The Wi-Fi Alliance, a non-profit industry association, recommends WI-FI owners take a few easy steps to secure their connection:



# Client Probing For Vulnerable SSIDs Retail/SMB Organizations

118,981 Clients **Authorized Unmanaged** Power of **Accurate threat** classification. 106,979 12,002 5.3% Vs 20.4% 21,777 (20.4%) 636 (5.3%)



## "Known" Vulnerable SSIDs Probed For 103 distinct SSIDs recorded



Certain (8%) Authorized Clients Probing for 5 or more SSIDs



#### Adhoc Authorized Clients!

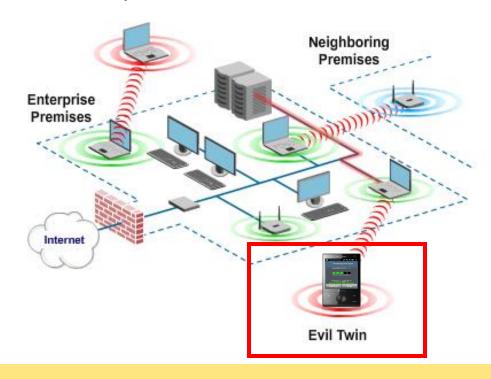
#### 565 distinct Adhoc SSIDs found, About half of them Vulnerable

15% of these are default SSIDs. 26,443 (7%) clients in adhoc mode. aulus10024 bb42362

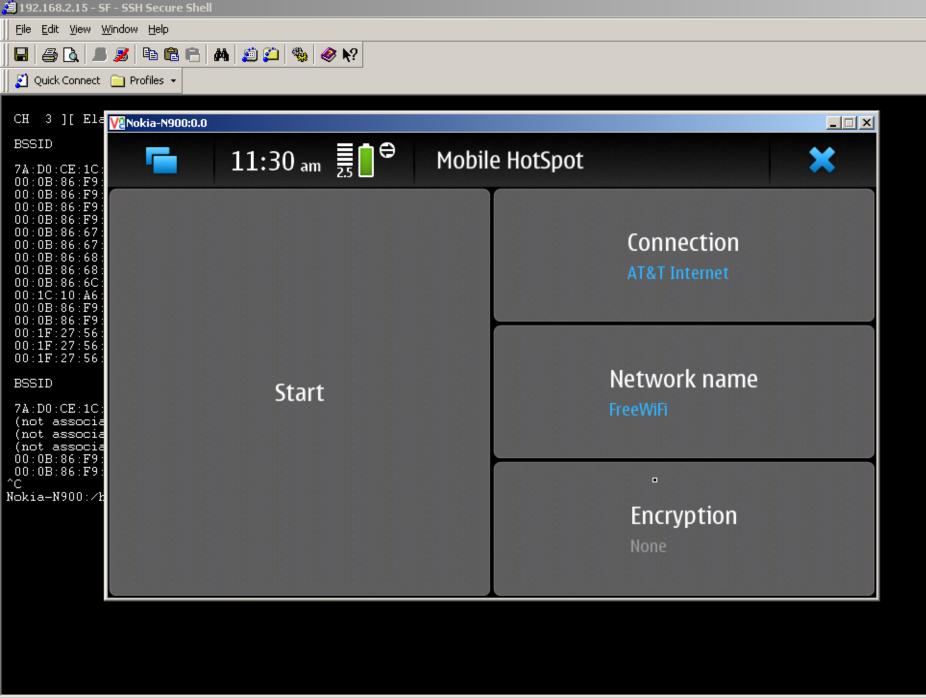
free-internet-access free-publicrnet internet-oasis- iphone-sis777 ipod-touch ita itudelg jet-blue-hot-spot jwp2p kewego tim linksys linksys-g linksys2 Isuwireless manet2 mgbwireless mmm motorola-ffe mr mt3 myt netapp notebook obicom omni panasonic-display1 prodigymovil psp public rex redrover sanghoon senao shna smc smsta99269b4f7f89f42774473ed3c SON sprintwireless SSt-pr-1 t-wireless tdpj test test2 the-pr-brain- w32983 Wireless-network wirelesslan Wise wms100-image wmwifirouter



# So What? Illustrative Exploit via Client Extrusion



VIDEO DEMO: Smartpot MITM Attack



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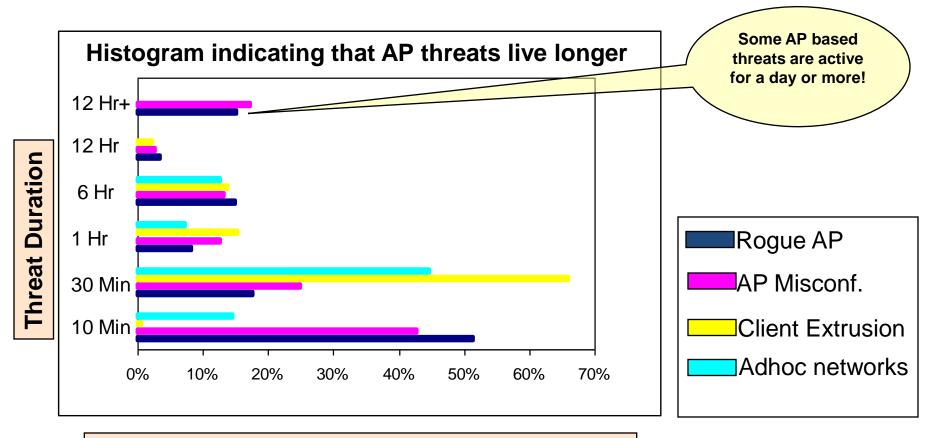
How long (time interval) a threat is active before removal?

# Threat Presence Threat Duration Threat Frequency



### AP Threats live "longer" than Client Threats

15% client threats & 30 % AP threats live for > hr



**% Threat Instances with Given Threat Duration** 

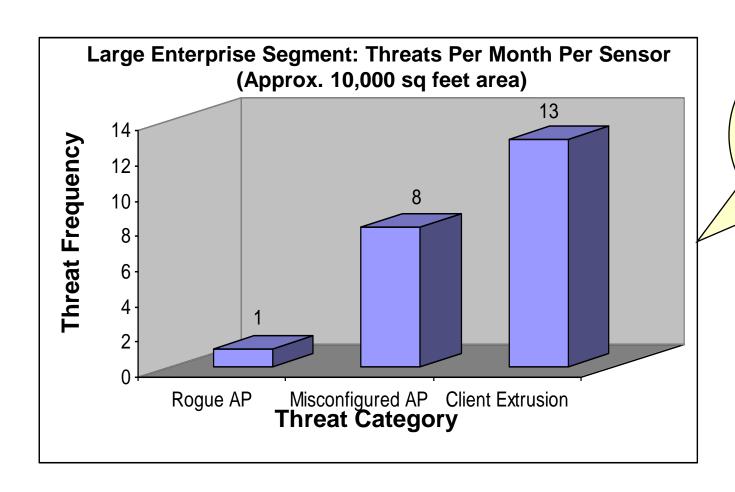
Data from SMB/Retail (PCI) Segment

Threat instances per Sensor per month

# Threat Presence Threat Duration Threat Frequency



## Threat Frequency



Bigger your organization, higher the likelihood of finding the threats



## Key Takeaways Summarized

- Wireless threats due to unmanaged devices are present
  - Enterprise wireless environment influenced by consumerization
- Certain threats more common than others
  - Client extrusions
  - Rogue AP
  - AP Mis-configurations
  - Adhoc clients
- Common threats affect large enterprise and SMB organizations
  - Wireless threats persist regardless of sophistication of wired network security

## **Threat Mitigation**

#### Let's Ban Wi-Fi!





# Use WPA2 Enterprise For Your Authorized WLAN!

But, WPA2 does not protect against threats due to unmanaged devices



#### **Best Practices**

- Cleanup wireless profiles regularly
- Do not connect to networks such as "Free Public WiFi", "Free Internet"
- Do not connect to ad hoc networks
- Use Virtual Private Network (VPN) if you are on the road
- Conduct enterprise wireless scans periodically

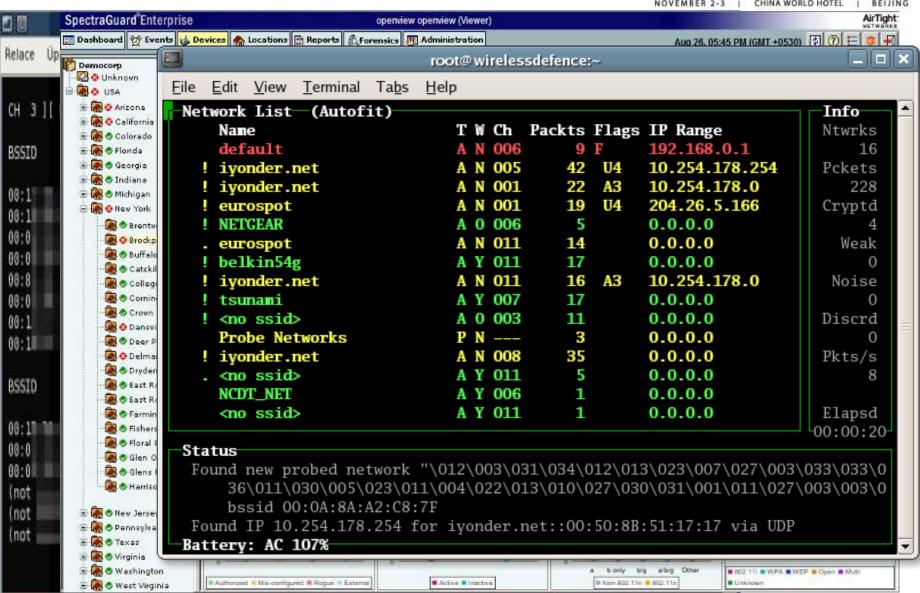
# Options for Wireless Scans

#### Laptop/Notebook based tools

- Public domain tools used for war driving can be re-purposed for scans
- Examples include Netstumbler,
   Backtrack, Kismet
- However, process is manual and suffers from limitations of wardriving (discussed earlier)

#### **Centrally Managed tools**

- Via deployment of wireless sensors
- Both onsite and SaaS models available
- Onsite models need an upfront CapEx, but, OpEx based SaaS based models combine best of both worlds –
  - Removes cumbersome manual process
  - Accurate threat classification



# Threat Mitigation Summary

#### Intrusions (AP Based Threats)

- Wire side controls as a first line of defense (e.g., 802.1X port control)
- Wireless IPS to automatically detect
   & block intrusions

#### Extrusions (Client Based Threats)

Educate users: clean up profiles, Use
 VPNs & connect to secure Wi-Fi

- Deploy end point agents to automatically block connections to insecure Wi-Fi
- Wireless IPS to automatically detect & block extrusions in enterprise perimeter

#### **Questions?**

# Thank You gopinath.kn@airtightnetworks.com