

RSAConference2022

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Tube – A Reverse SOCKS Proxy for Embedded Systems and Offensive Operations

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TRANSFORM



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Agenda

- Context
- Why Target Embedded Systems?
- Attack Scenario
- Tube Overview
- Defending Against Tube



Introduction



Evan Anderson

Founding Team & Principal Technologist, Randori

More than 15 years of experience in red teaming, vulnerability research, exploit development and is a founding member of the NCCDC Red Team.

Prior to co-founding Randori, he worked at Kyrus Technologies supporting commercial and federal projects.



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Let's Start With Some Context



Embedded System Attacks Are Not New

Casino Gets Hacked Through Its Internet-Connected Fish Tank Thermometer

📅 April 16, 2018 👤 Wang Wei

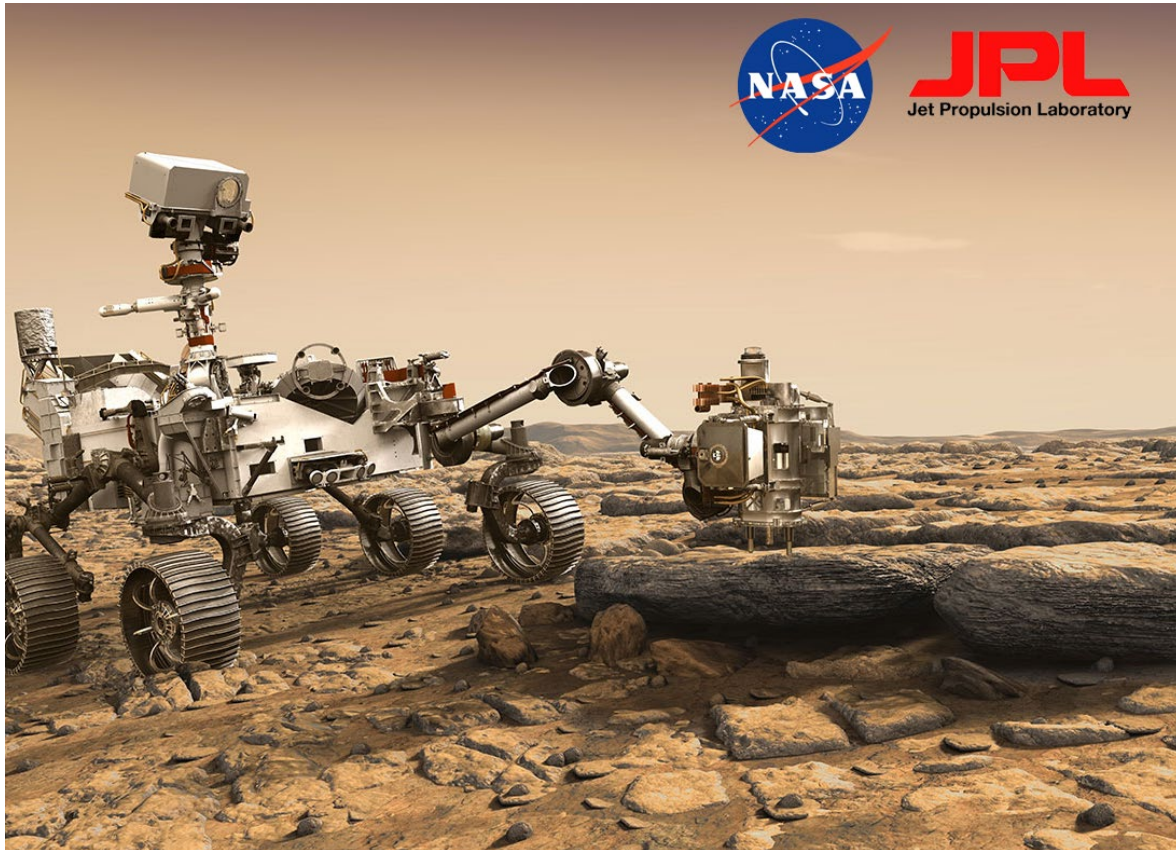


2017

“Somebody got into the fish tank and used it to move around into other areas of the network and sent out data... 10Gb were sent to a device in Finland”

- DarkTrace

JPL Breached by RaspberryPi

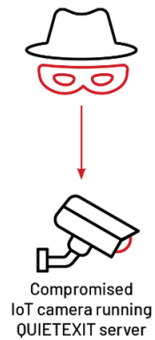
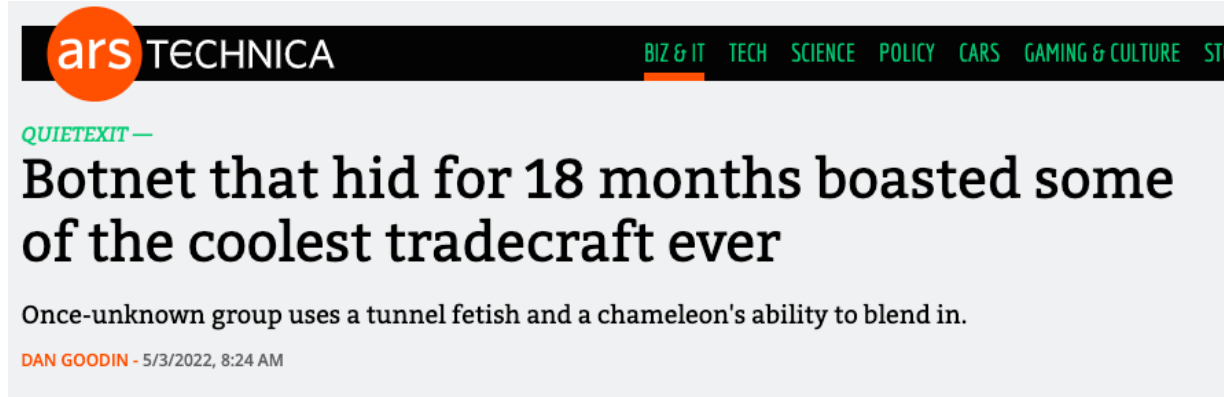


2019

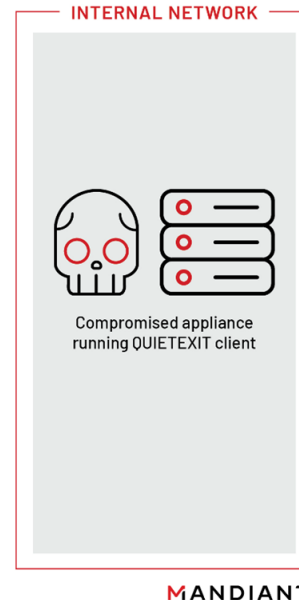
“The attacker went undetected...for approximately 10 months...the attacker successfully accessed two of the three primary JPL networks. Accordingly, NASA...temporarily disconnected several space flight-related systems from the JPL network.

- NASA Inspector General Report

Mandiant UNC3524



1. Client establishes connection to hardcoded C2 domain
2. Server initiates SSH connection negotiation as an SSH client
3. Client accepts the SSH connection as an SSH server
4. Server sends password to the client
5. Client verifies compares hashed password to value hardcoded in the binary
6. Client opens an SSH tunnel supporting full SSH functionality



2021

“Part of the group’s success...can be credited to their choice to install backdoors on appliances within victim environments that do not support security tools...The high level of operational security, low malware footprint, adept evasive skills, and large IoT botnet set this group apart”

- Mandiant



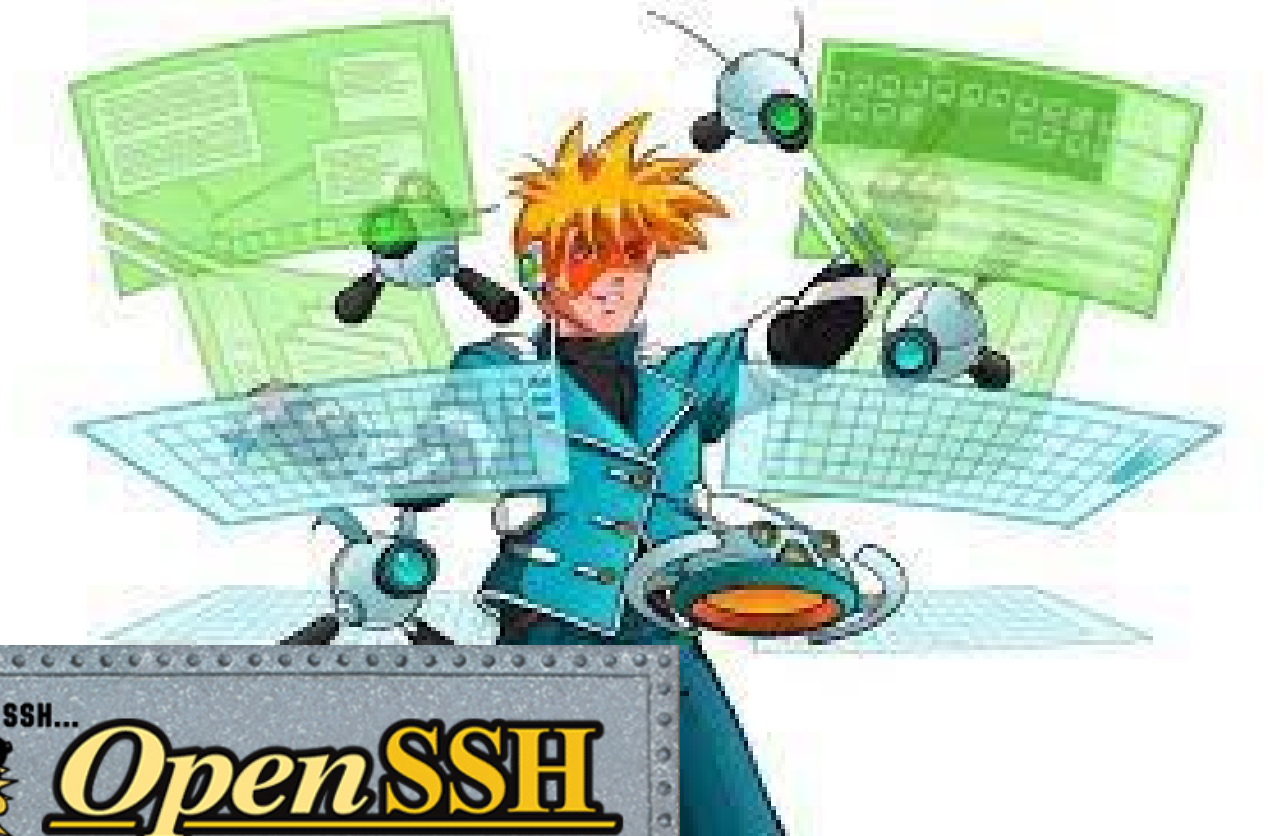
Techniques

- Initial Access (?)
- Establish C2
- Persist
- Move Laterally
- Exfil



New Actors, Old Techniques

- tsocks/proxychains
- Metasploit
- SSH
- Cobalt Strike
- socat
- Tube



Researchers Have Been Pointing Out For Years

Attacking Networked Embedded Systems

Presented at [DEF CON 10 \(2002\)](#), Aug. 3, 2002, noon (50 minutes)

Servers, workstations and PCs are the common targets of an average attacker, but there is much more to find in today's networks. Every device that has a processor, some memory and a network interface can become a target. Using printers and other common devices as examples, we will show how to exploit design failures and vulnerabilities and use the target as an attack platform. We will also release some tools, methods and sample code to entertain the audience and aid further vulnerability research in this area.



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Link to Talk: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TpYRQOA3WLc>

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Folks Worth Following

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<https://twitter.com/n00py1>

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Why Target Embedded Systems?



What Are Embedded Systems?

An **embedded system** is a computer system—a combination of a computer processor, computer memory, and input/output peripheral devices—that has a dedicated function within a larger mechanical or electronic system.



What Are Embedded Systems?

- Examples:
 - Security Cameras
 - VoIP Phones
 - Printers
 - Card Readers
 - HVAC Controllers...



Why Target Embedded Systems?

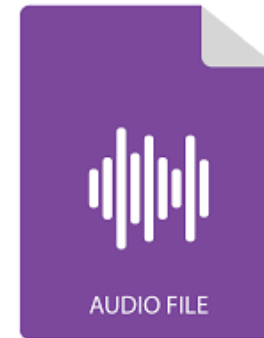
Embedded systems are just network-attached computers.

But you don't treat them like that.



Why Target Embedded Systems?

- Attributes:
 - Unlikely to have EDR
 - Often setup and forgotten
 - Unpatched
 - No Updates
 - Typically use default passwords
 - Contain interesting data



Why Target Embedded Systems?

- An **embedded system** is a fantastic place to persist.
- Why:
 - Limited monitoring
 - Static environments
 - Access to other devices
 - Admin privileges

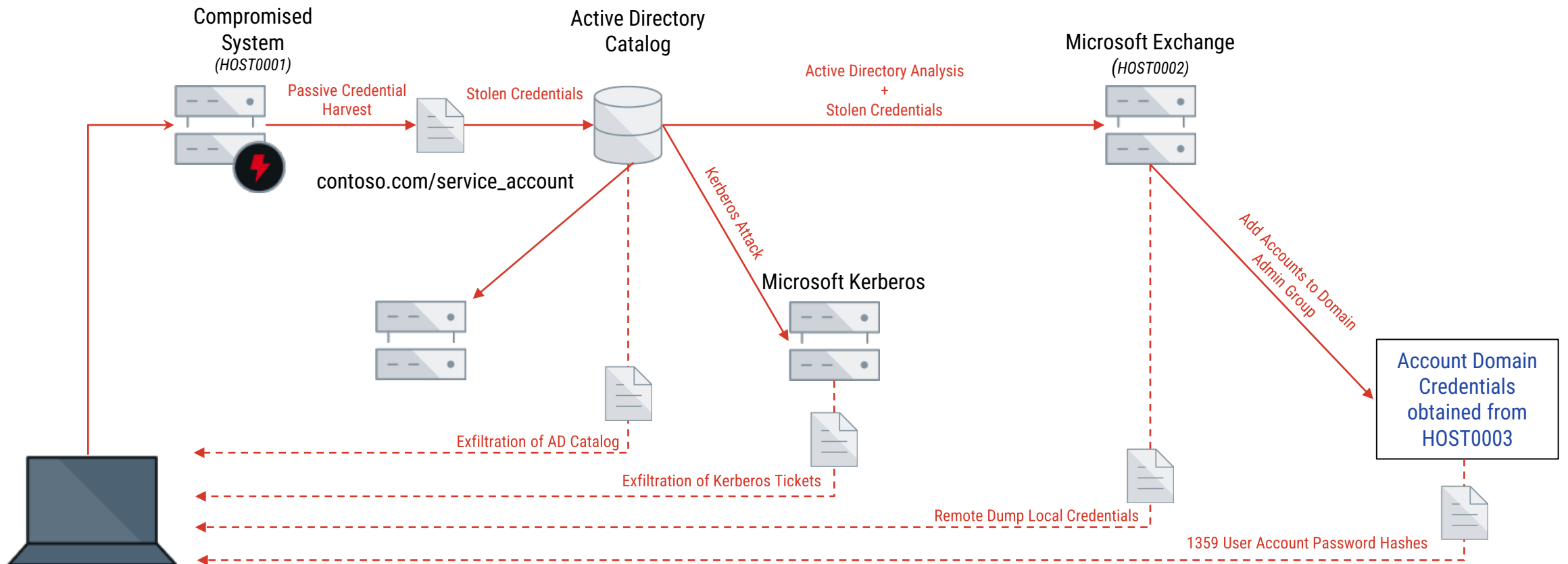


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Attack Scenario



Example Kill Chain

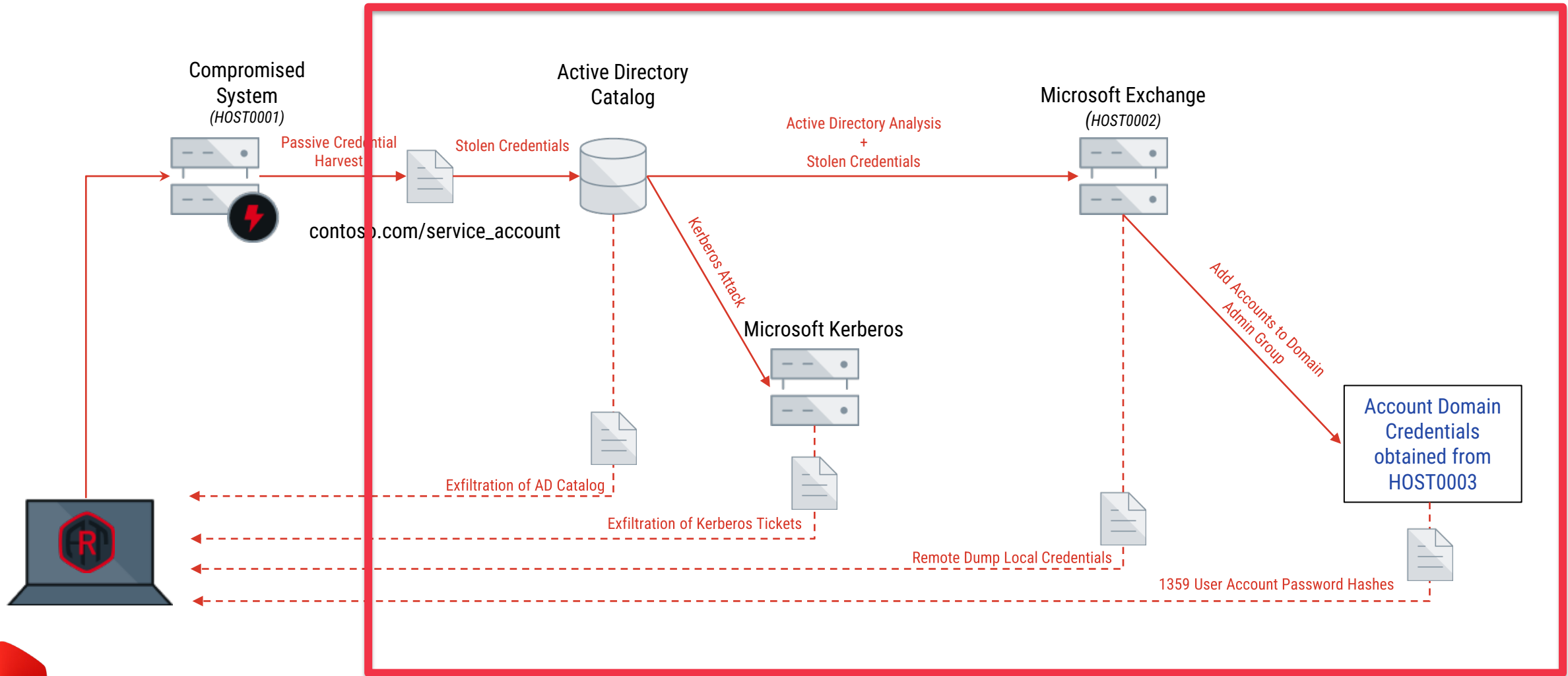


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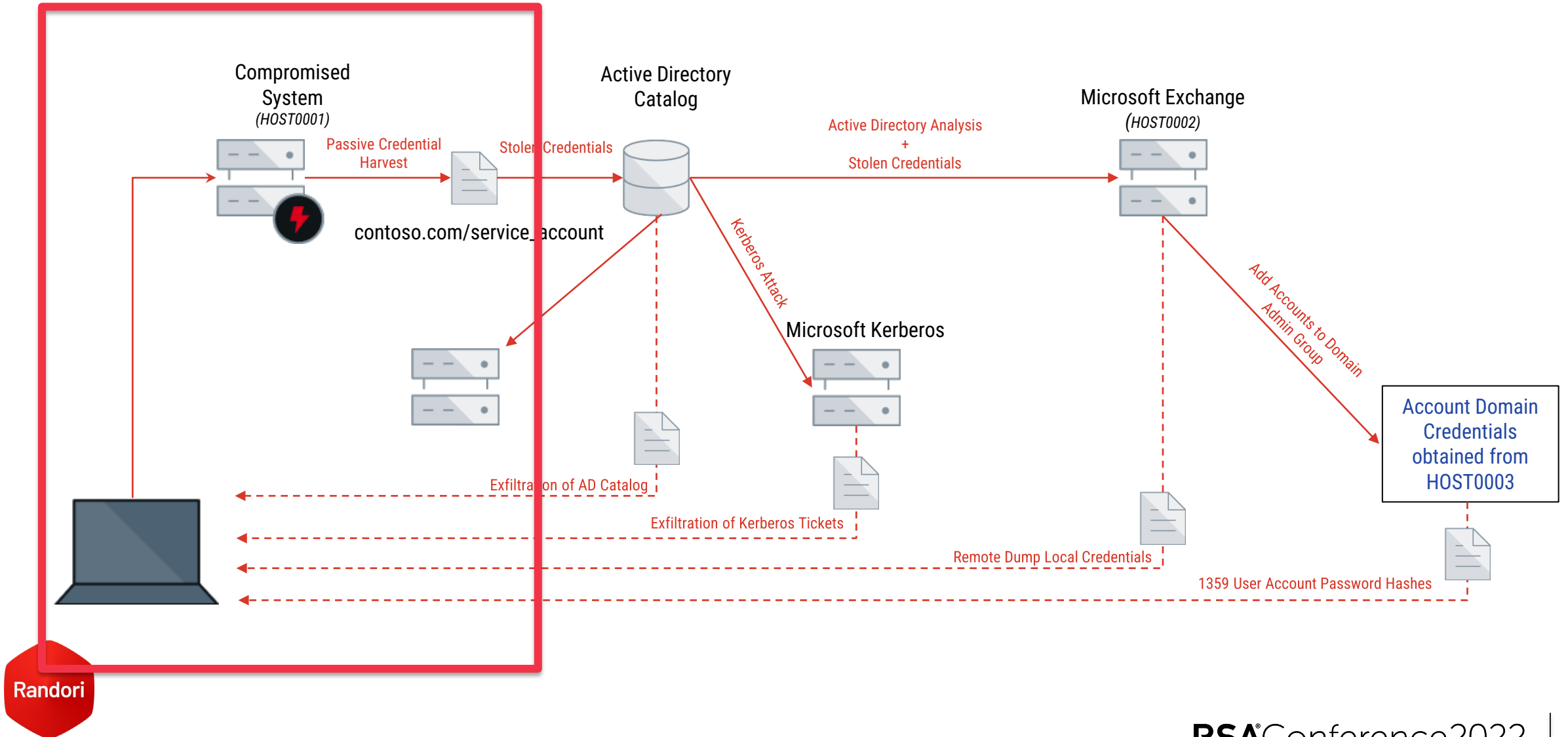
Tube Overview



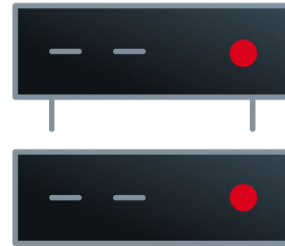
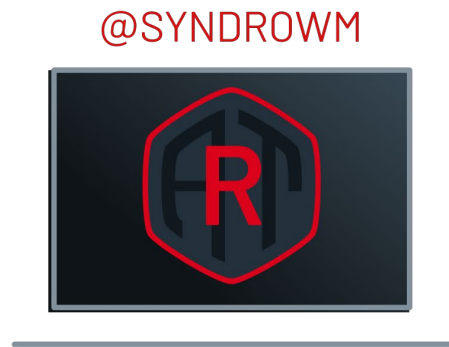
Example Kill Chain



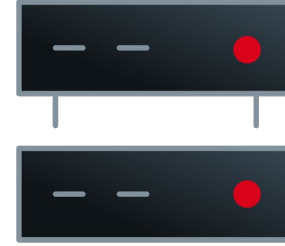
Example Kill Chain



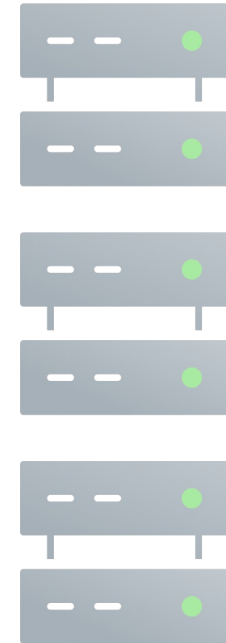
Tube – Reverse SOCKS4a Proxy



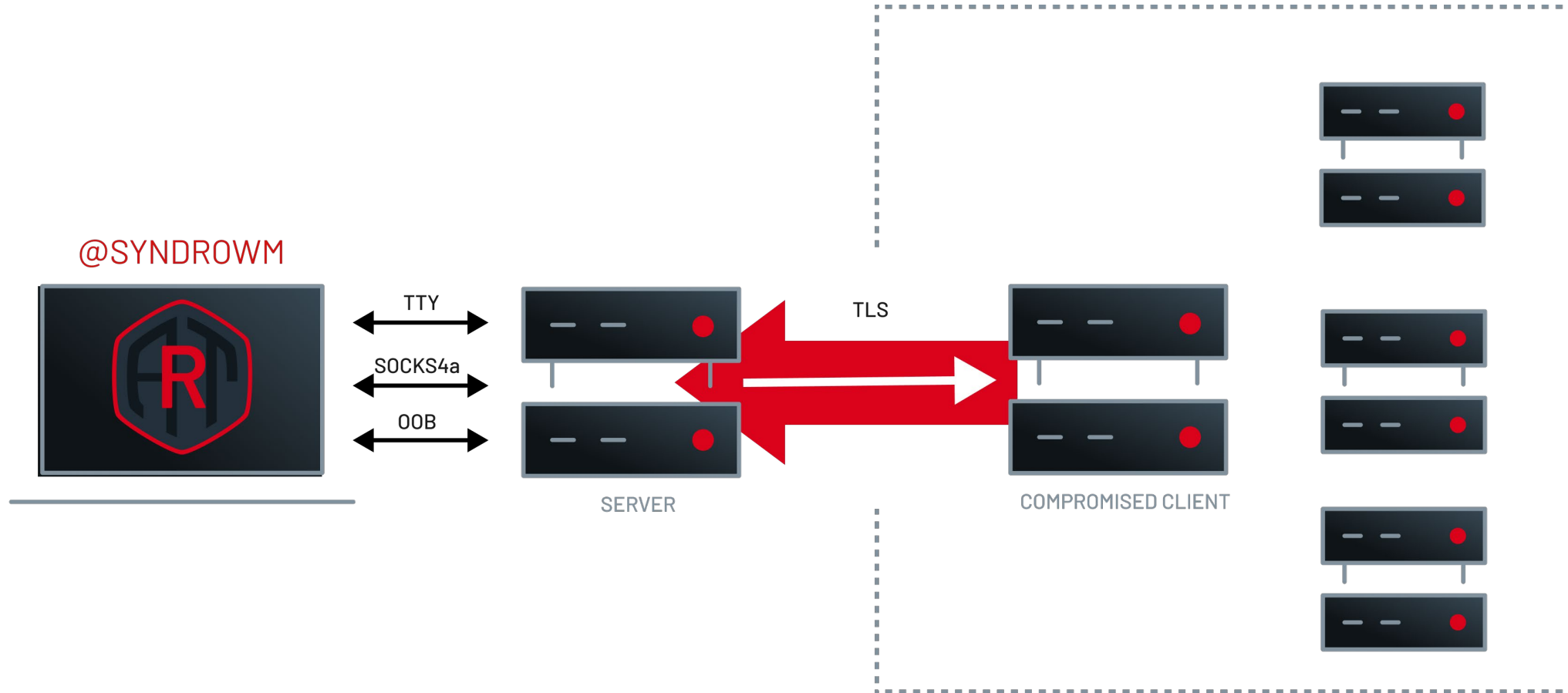
SERVER



COMPROMISED CLIENT



Tube – Reverse SOCKS4a Proxy



Tube – Overview

- Reverse SOCKS proxy for use on embedded systems
- Component of Randori's CART platform
- Similar to existing toolsets



Tube – Problem We Were Solving

Operational Requirements

- Low memory footprint
- Cross-platform OS support
- Small binary
- Works without privileged access
- Stand alone
- Multi-protocol support



Tube – How We Use at Randori

- What We Can Do:
 - Exfiltrate data through embedded systems
 - Gain network access and establish C2
 - Bypass firewalls
 - Pivot across networks
 - Route traffic
 - Escalate privileges



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Defending Against Embedded System Attacks

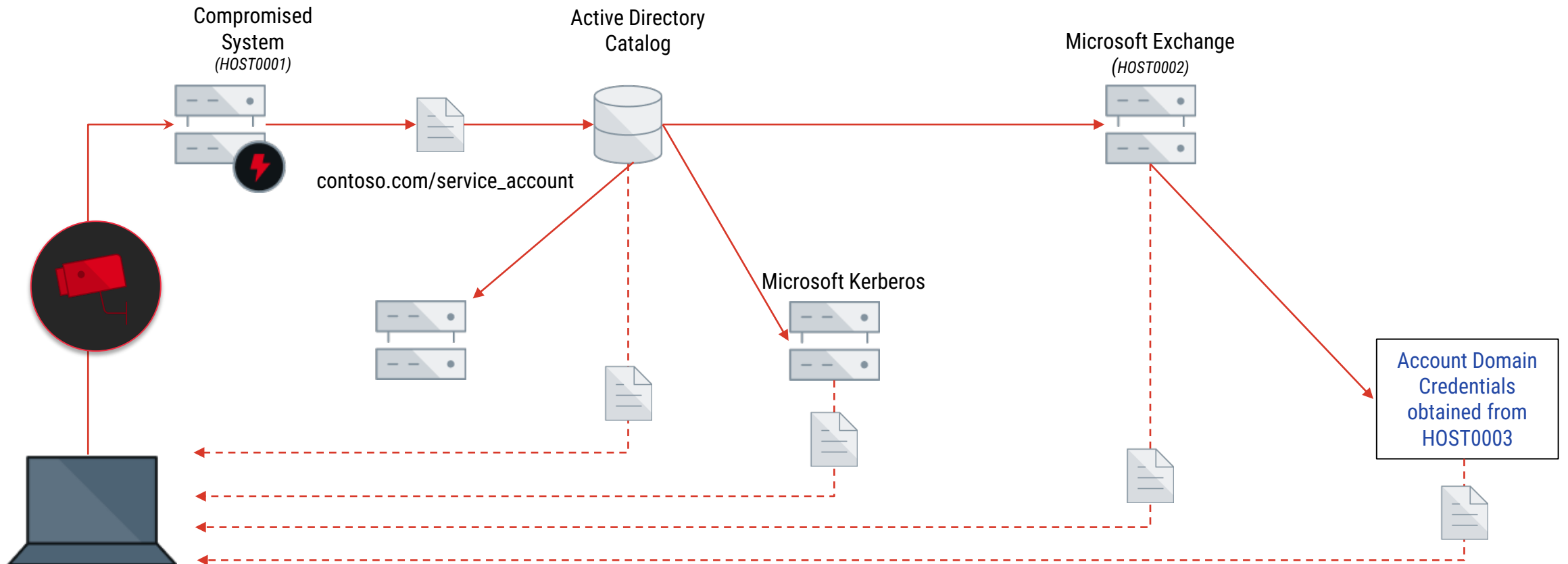


Defending Against Embedded System Attacks

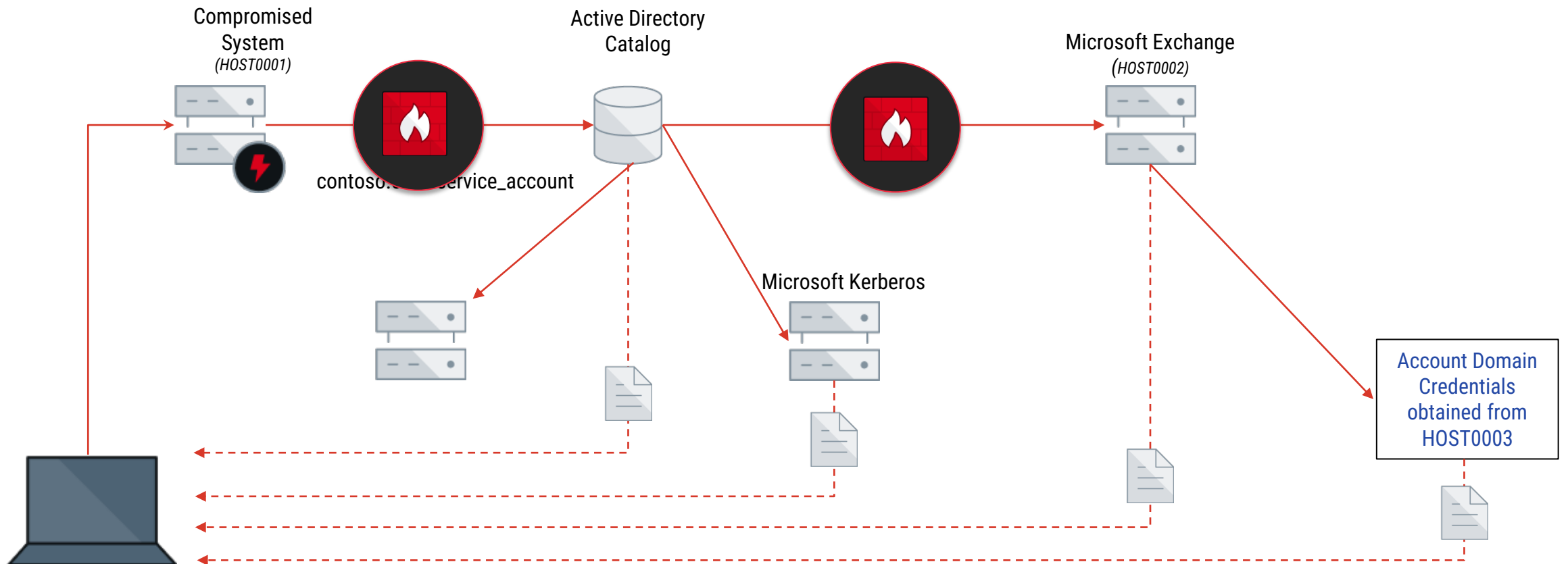
1. Monitor your attack surface
2. Segment your networks
3. Implement default-deny
4. Know what normal looks and alert on abnormal traffic
5. Check for default credentials
6. Manage and patch your embedded devices
7. Set Honey pots / tokens



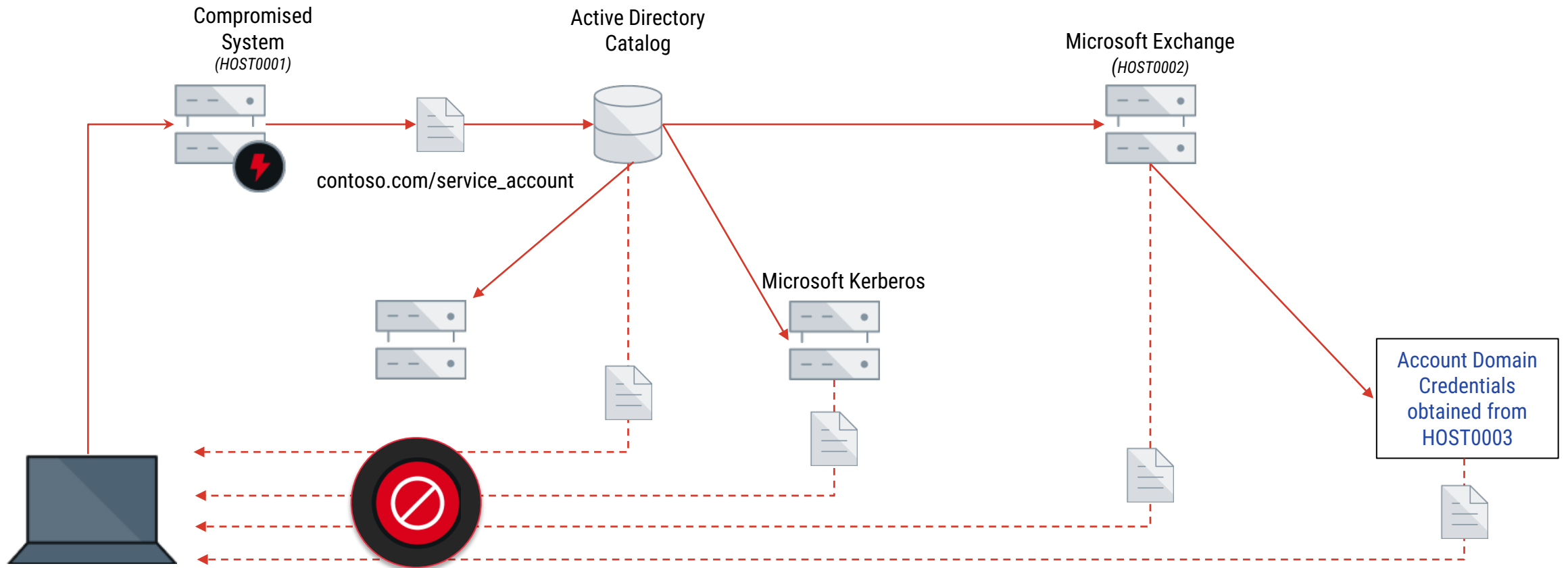
Monitor Your Attack Surface



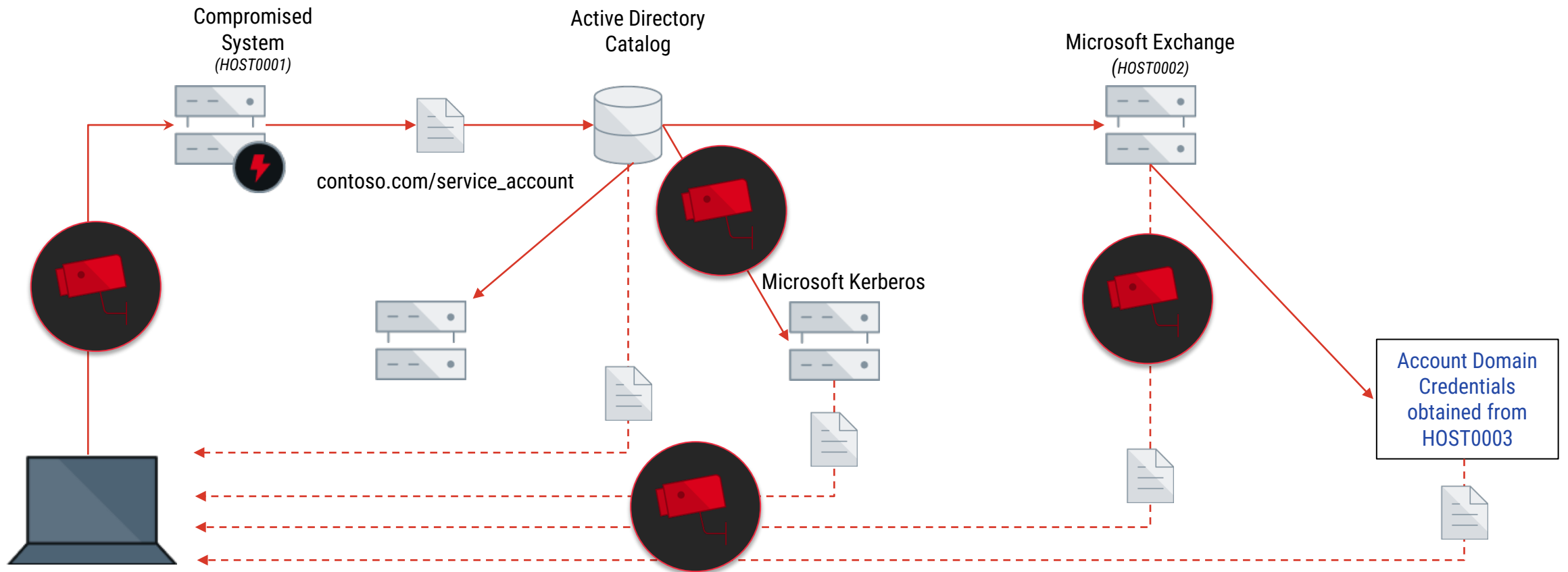
Segment Your Network



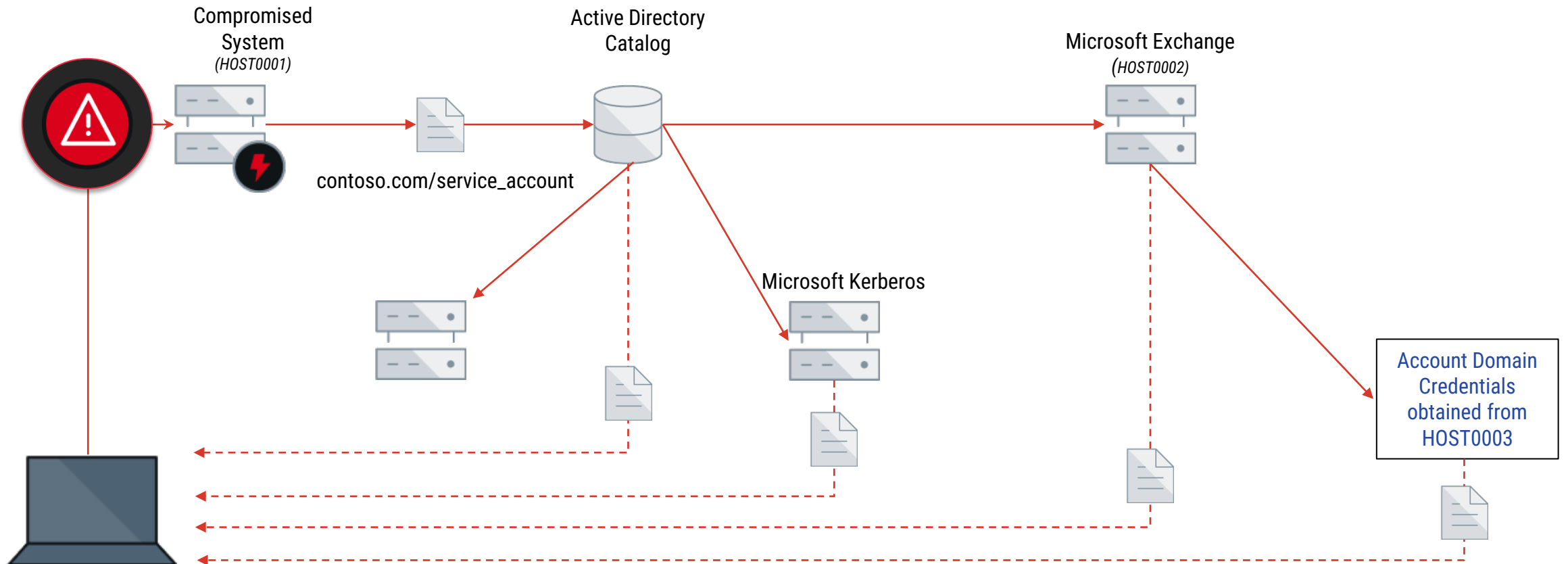
Implement Default Deny



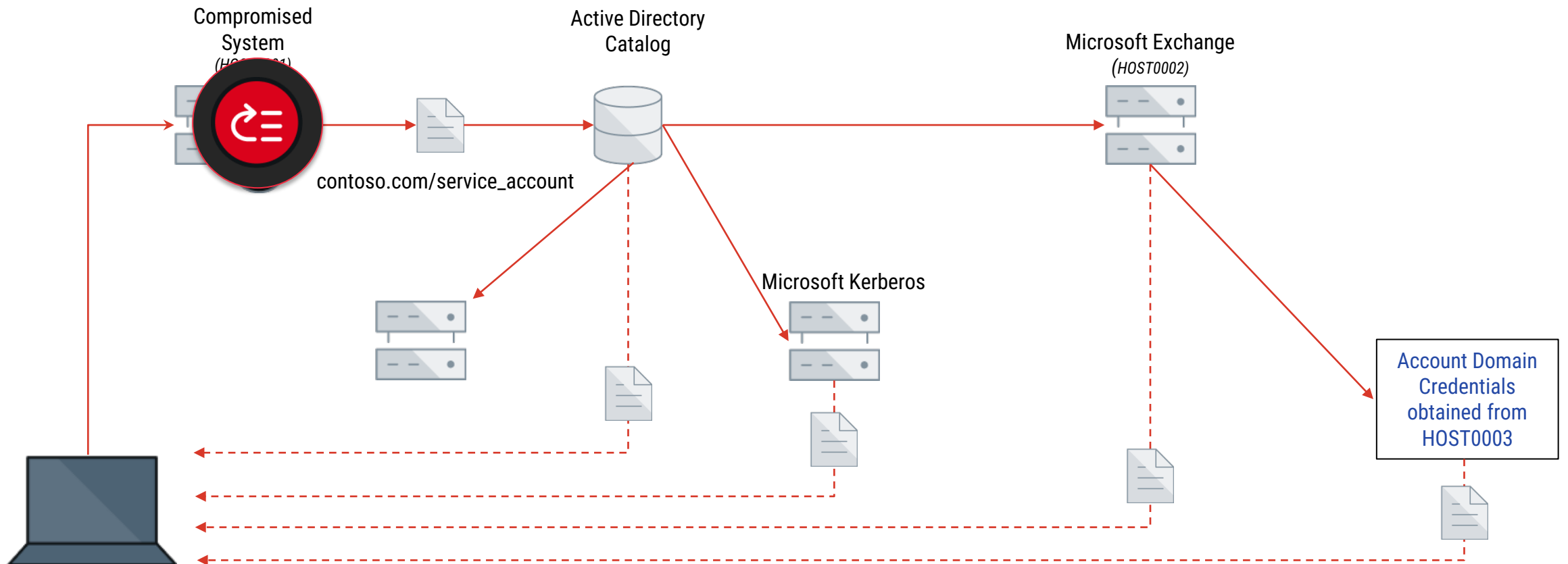
Know What Normal Looks Like



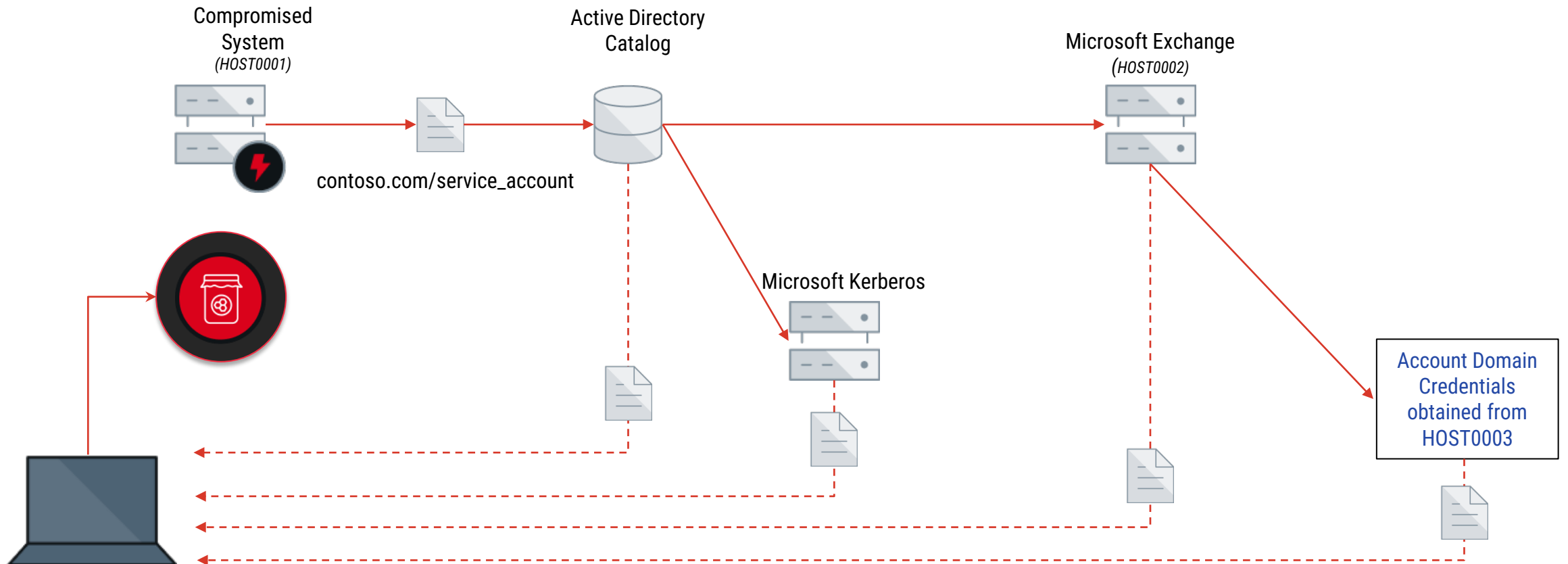
Check for Default Credentials



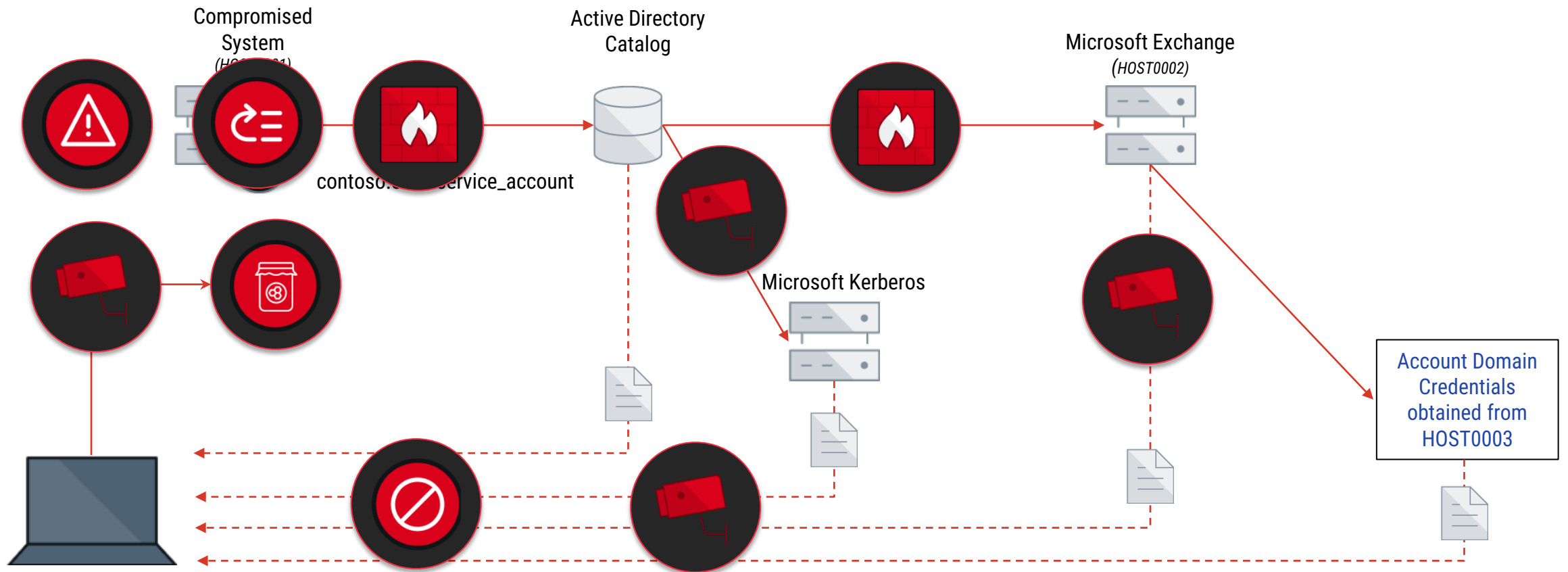
Manage & Patch Embedded Devices



Set Honey Pots



Set A Minefield for Attackers



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Get Your Tube [SOCKS] On!

Visit the Randori Booths to Get Your Pair

#5363 North Hall

#3202 South Hall

