

RSACConference2020

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HUMAN
ELEMENT

SESSION ID: AIR-W01

Intelligent Threat Intel 'LEAD' Framework



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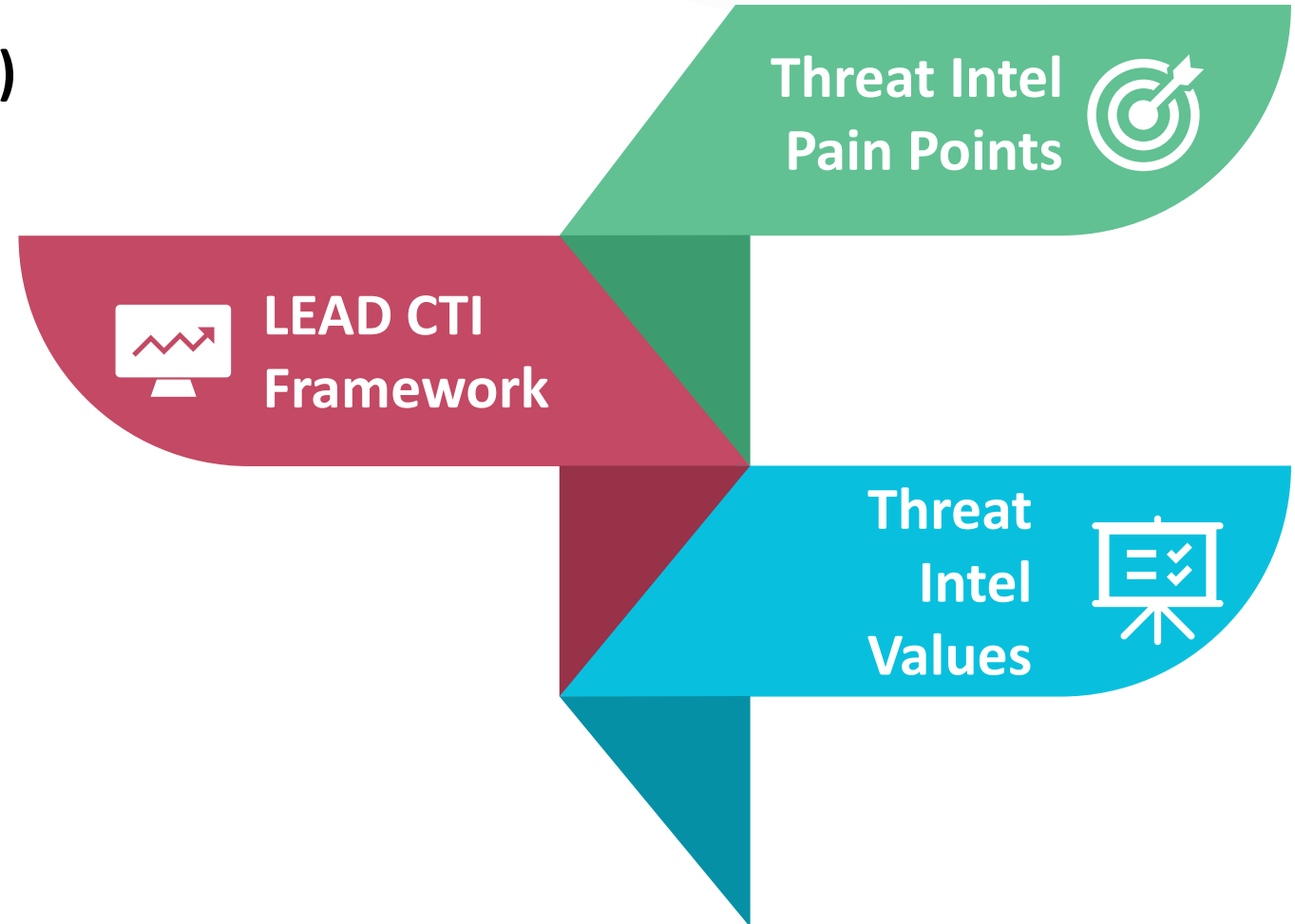
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Threat Intel - 'LEAD' Framework - 101

 **CTI (Cyber Threat Intelligence)**
pain points

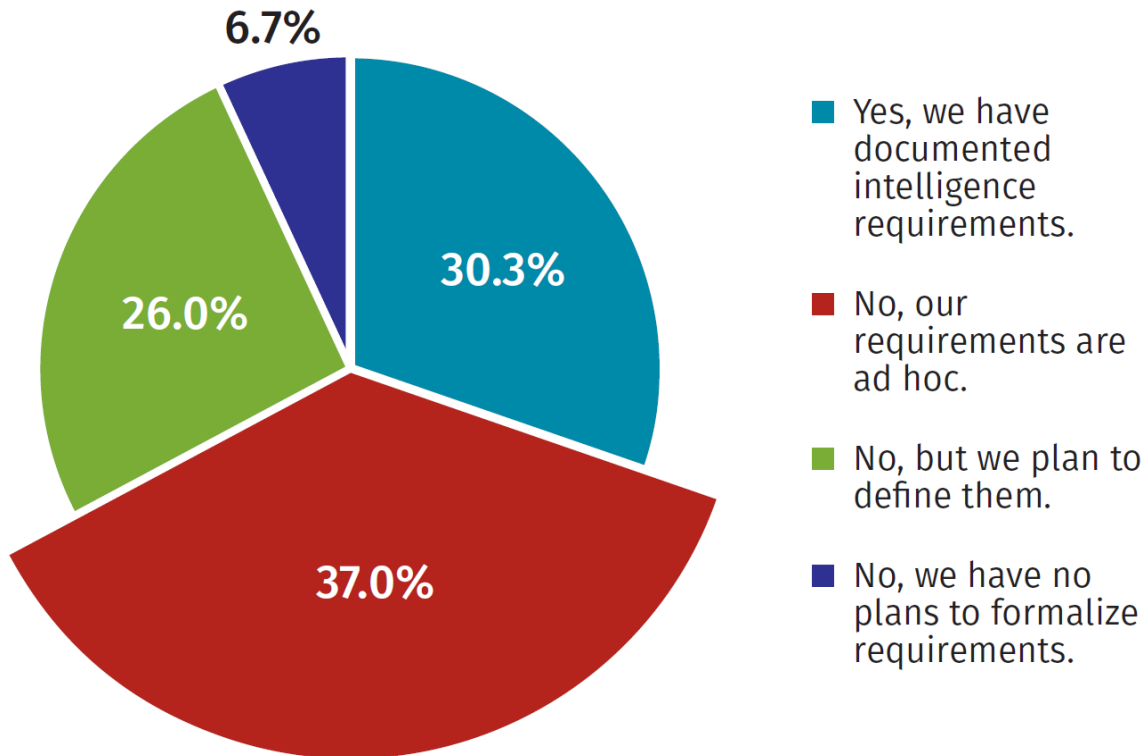
 **Efficiently and effectively**
solve the CTI problems.

 **LEADing Threat Intelligence**
Program



Threat Intel Pain Points - Requirements

Are CTI requirements clearly defined in your organization?



**No clear CTI Requirements
=
Time Bomb**

Source Ref: <https://www.sans.org/reading-room/whitepapers/threats/paper/38790>

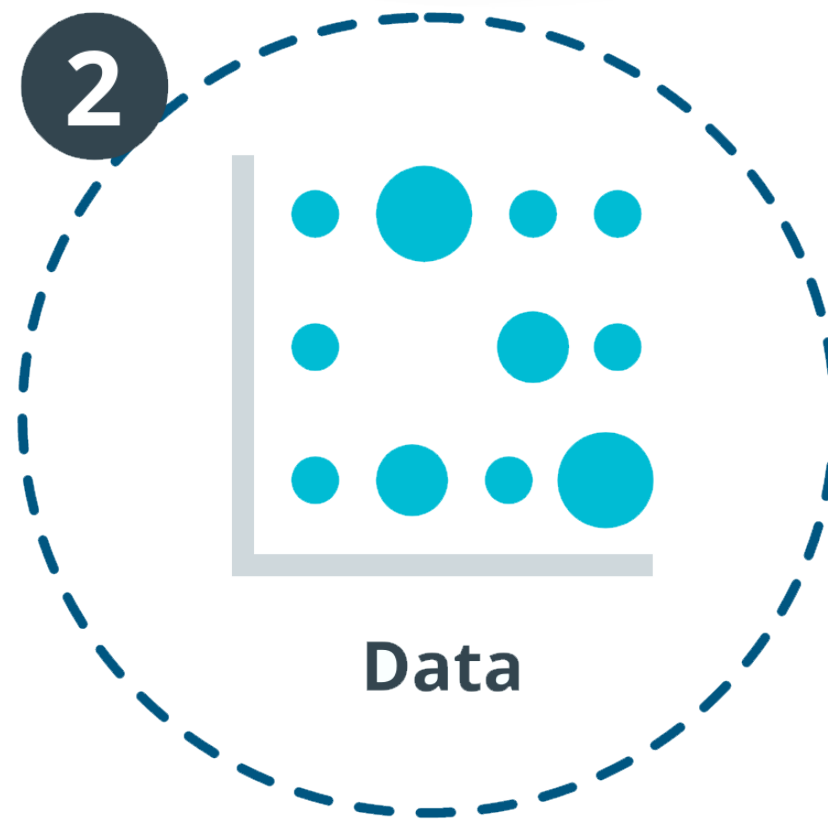
Threat Intel Pain Points - Data

Satisfaction with CTI	Not Satisfied
Analytics	34.3%
Cleanliness and quality of data	37.4%
Context	35.4%
Comprehensiveness of coverage	37.4%
Automation and integration of CTI information with detection and response systems	39.4%
Location-based visibility	42.5%
Identification and removal of expired indicators of compromise (IoCs) and other old data	47.6%
Machine learning	55.9%

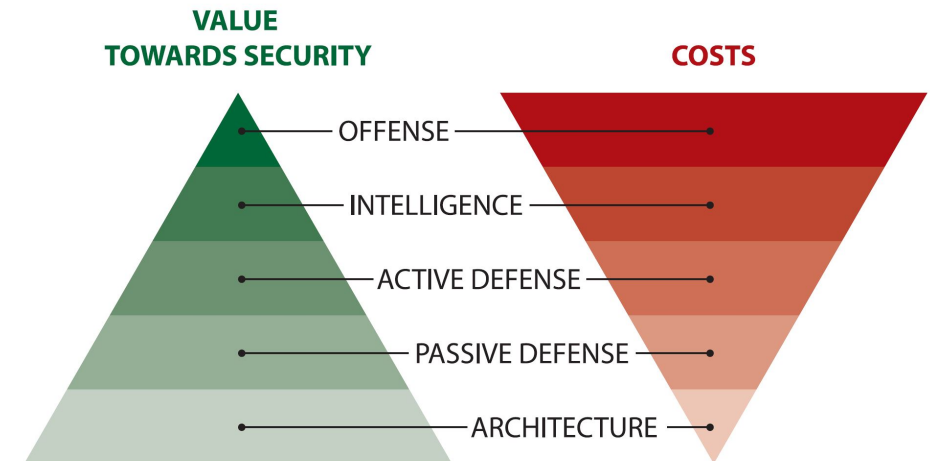
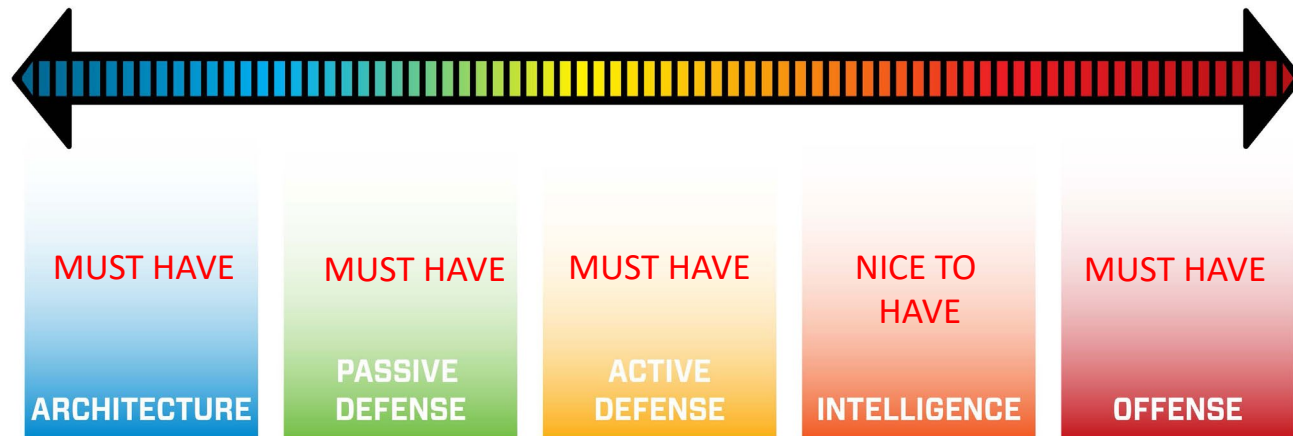
List of the biggest pain points for CTI

Source Ref: <https://www.sans.org/reading-room/whitepapers/threats/paper/38790>

The Threat Intel Problems

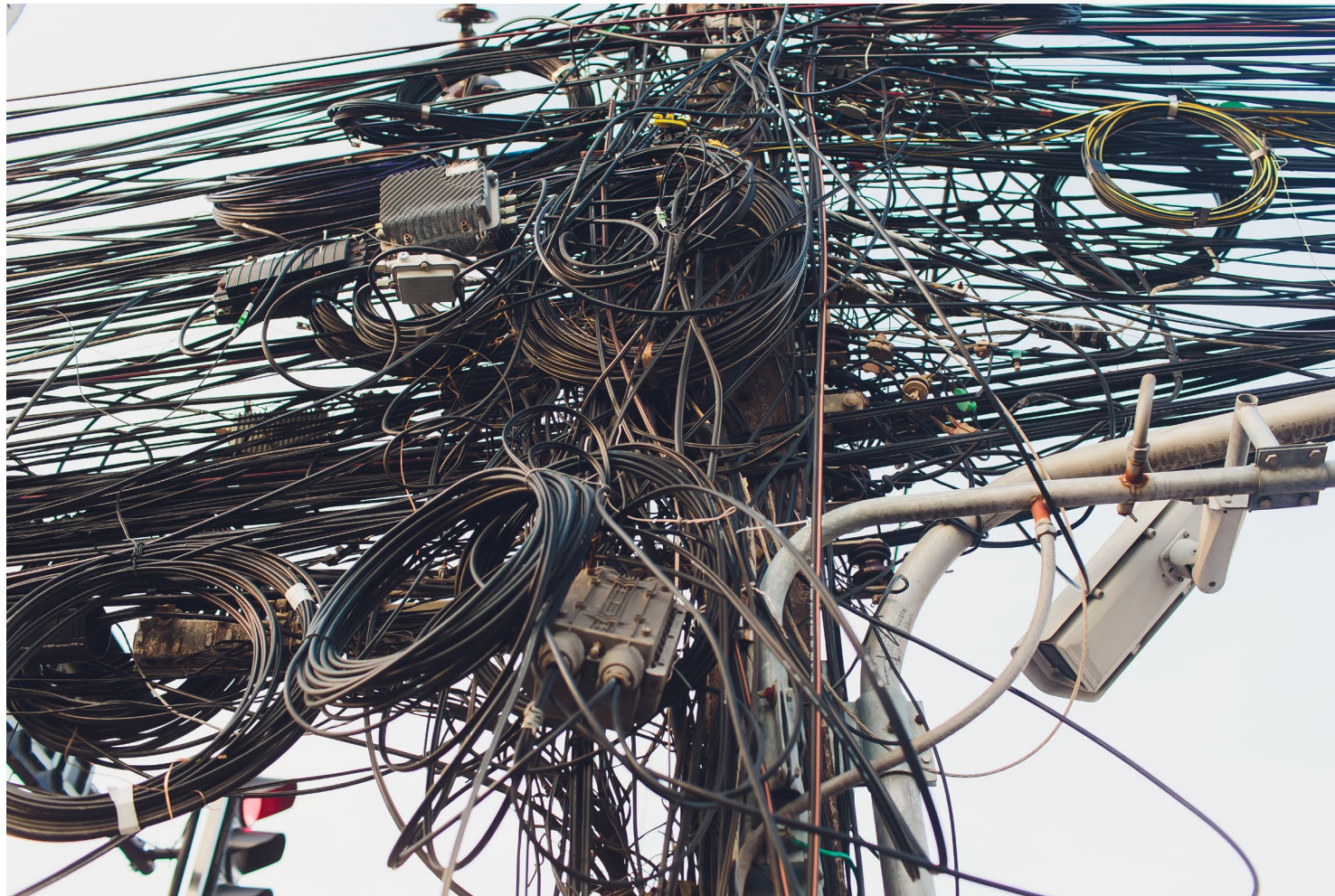


The Non-Essential Problem



Ref: <https://www.sans.org/reading-room/whitepapers/ActiveDefense/sliding-scale-cyber-security-36240>

The Threat Intel Data



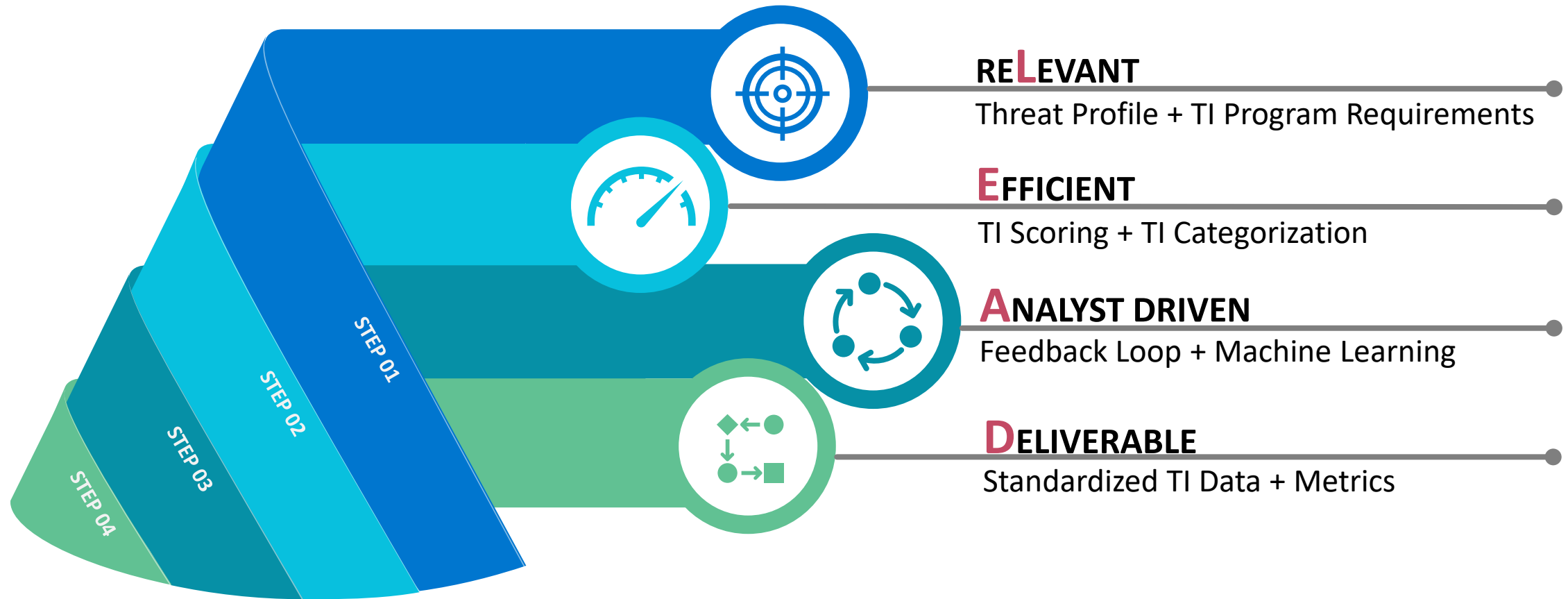
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Solving the CTI Problem

How To Solve The TI Problem

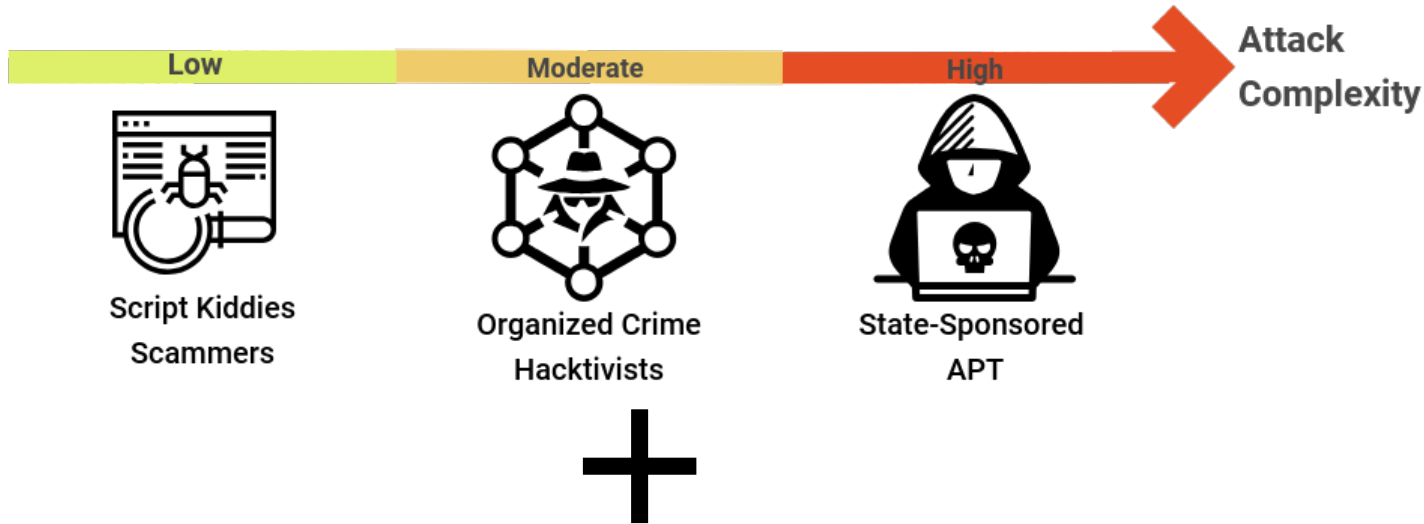


'LEAD' Framework Structure

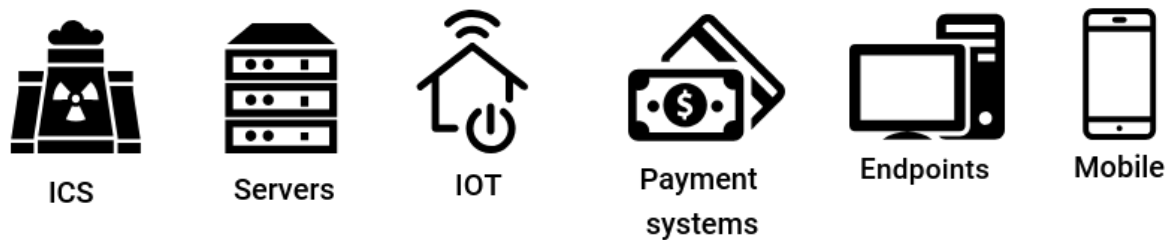


RELEVANT- Creating Threat Profile

From **WHOM**, you are trying to defend from?



WHAT, infrastructure you are trying to defend?



RELEVANT – TI Program Requirements

Early Stage

Mature Stage

Use-case/Consumer	Incident Response , Security Operations(Blue Team), Passive Defense	Threat Hunting, Red Team, Non-Standard TI Consumer
Data Types	Atomic & Computed Indicators	Behavioral Indicators (TTP's)
Integration Type	Automation	Orchestration , Machine Learning
Threat Intel Source	Threat Intel Sharing Groups, OSINT, Internally generated TI	+ Paid Threat Intel feeds
Data Structure	STIX 2.0 , MITRE ATT&CK, Cyber Kill Chain, Threat Library	
Resources	Inexpensive, 1-2 FTE	Expensive, 2+ FTE

RELEVANT – Non-IR TI Consumers



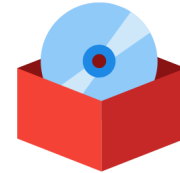
E-commerce
(Fraudulent Payments)



Code repositories
(0-day exploits)



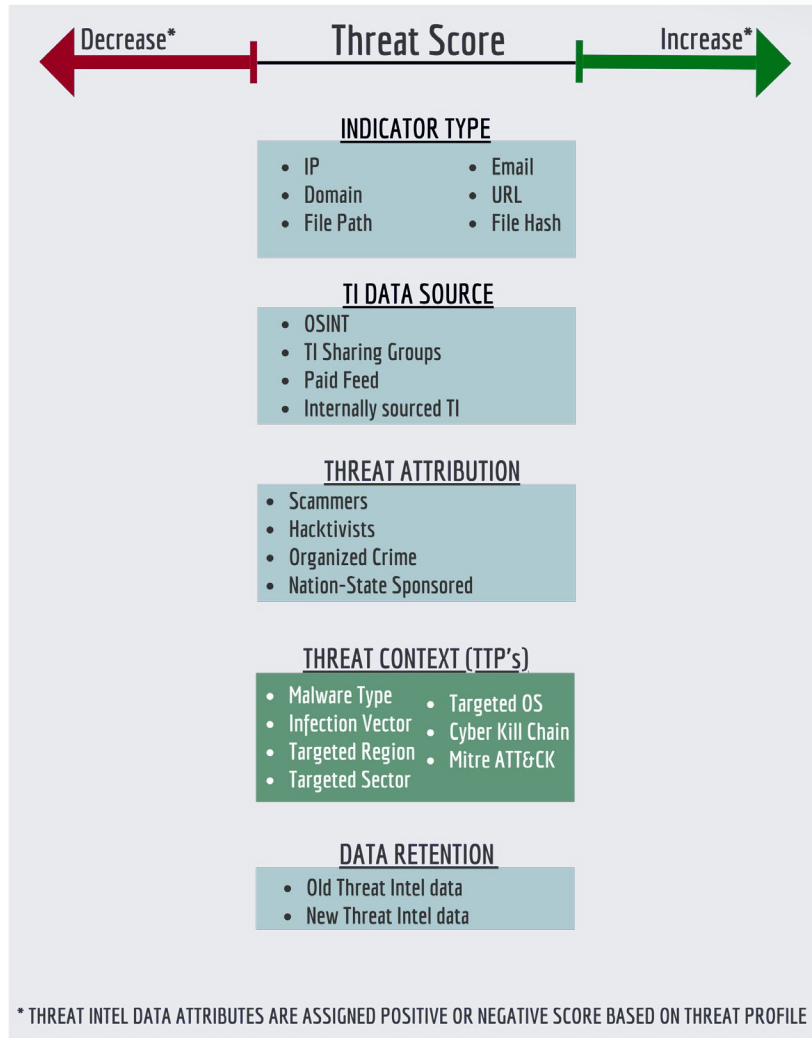
Customer Content
Moderation



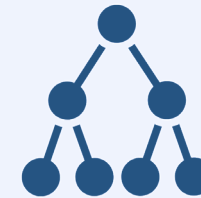
Piracy

EFFICIENT - TI Scoring & Categorization

Scoring >>>



Use-Case
Categorization



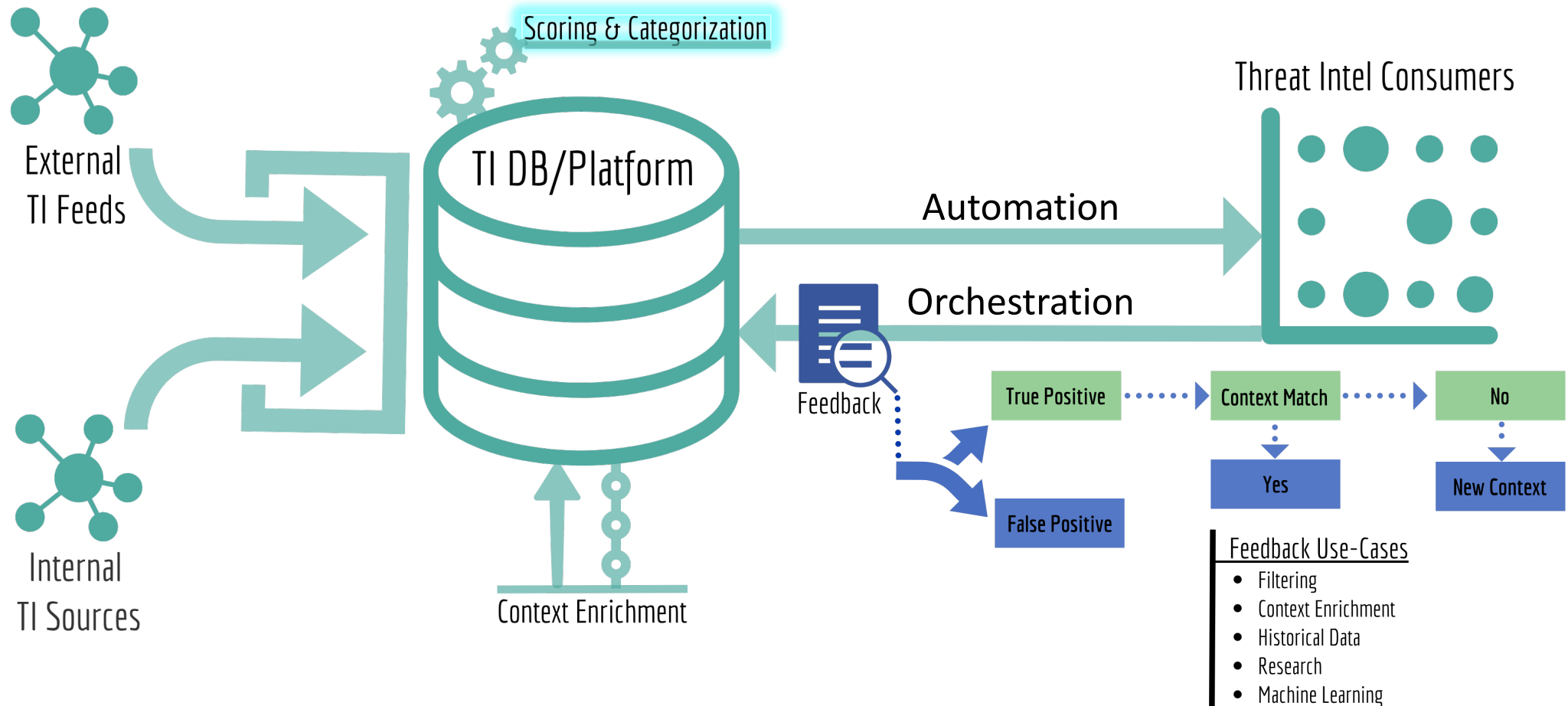
Active/Actionable



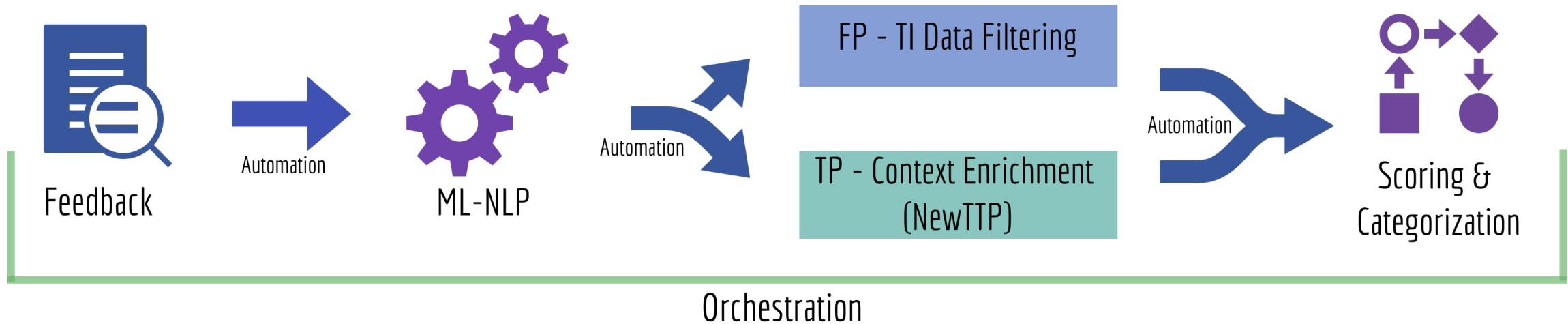
Historical/False Positive

<<< Categorization

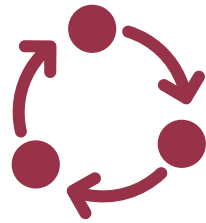
ANALYST DRIVEN - Feedback loop



ANALYST DRIVEN - Feedback loop & Machine Learning



ANALYST DRIVEN - Machine Learning Use-cases



Dynamic TI

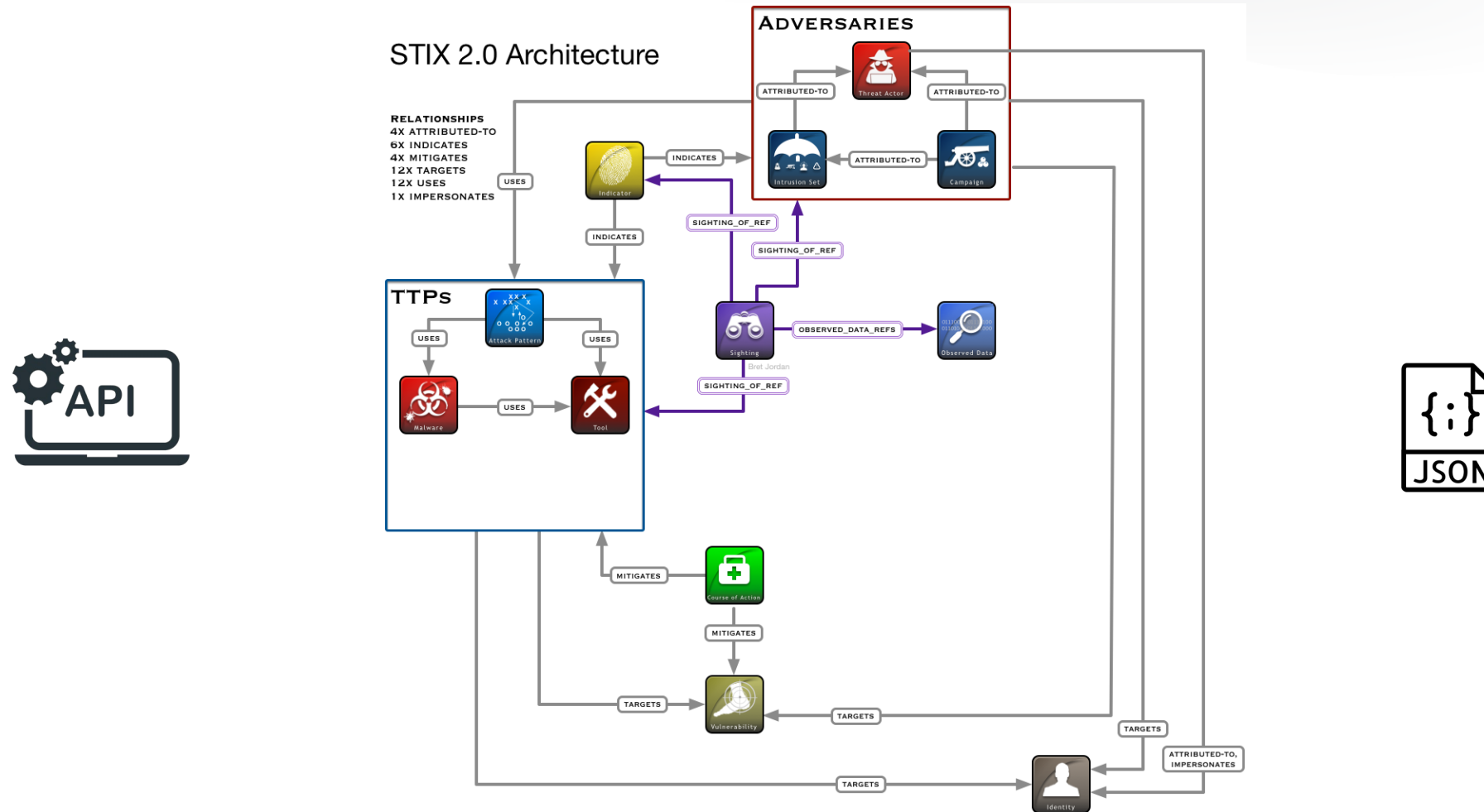
Apply ML on Feedback Loop
for automated scoring and categorization



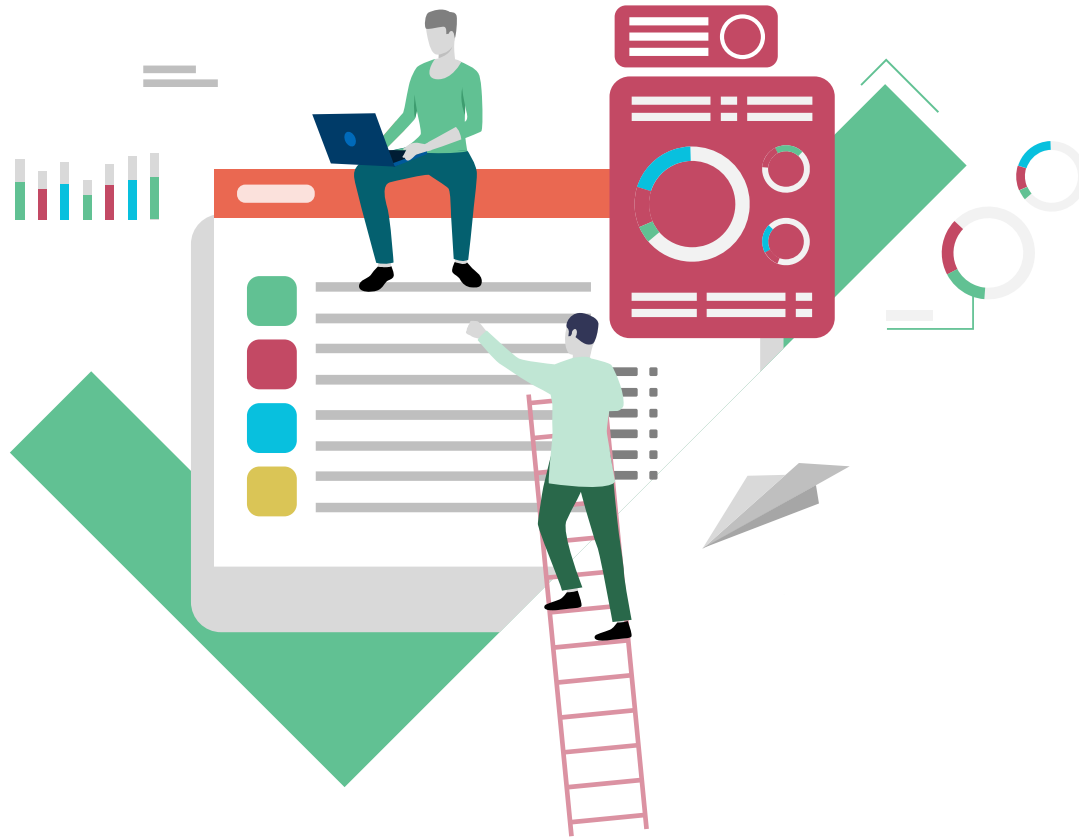
Data Mining

Predict Adversary
TTPs and Infrastructure

DELIVERABLE - Standardized Threat Intel Format

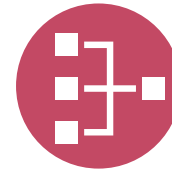


DELIVERABLE - Metrics



~~Actor Driven~~

Actor Driven metrics will betray you on the long run.



How and Where

Start by how and where is used Threat Intelligence.



Audience

Tactical / Operational / Strategic

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LEAD CTI Framework Key Takeaways

“Apply”

- Next week you should:
 - Create Threat Profile and understand from **whom** and **what** you are trying to defend.
 - Promote CTI within your organization and find new stakeholders.
- In the first three months following this presentation you should:
 - Set Threat Intel Program Requirements and use LEAD maturity model to understand where you stand.
 - Try to make sense of your CTI data by applying scoring and categorization
 - Use Security Orchestration and Machine Learning to get the best of CTI
 - Use the results to create metrics that will justify and add value to your CTI Program

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Q&A