# RS∧°Conference2016

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How to Steer Cyber Security with Only One KPI: The Cyber Risk Resilience



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# I Did Not Find It Either...





## **KBC** at a Glance



### Geographical spread

 Belgium, Czech Republic, Hungary, Slovakia, Bulgaria, Ireland, ...

#### Different business areas

- Retail banks, Insurance, Lease, Securities, Asset Managers, ...
- Local accountability

### IT systems interconnected

~1,600 bank branches worldwide ~36,000 FTEs worldwide, 45% in Belgium, and 51% in Central and Eastern Europe





## **Challenge: How to Take Control Over This Risk Area**



#### **Back in time:**

- Attacks to KBC companies were happening all the time
- A high risk of financial loss, negative publicity, and unavailability of online banking
- The protective measures were no longer sufficient
- We work in a very diverse Group geographically, and also in terms of business and available resources
- KBC PEARL mission





# Cyber Risk: The Next Gear



## Mission of the Program

- Get Cyber defense on acceptable level for all companies of KBC Group
- Report to the KBC GEXCO (\*) the status and mitigating activities of Cyber risk for the different Business Entities in the Group
- Embed business ownership of Information Security in all entities of the Group





# **Group-wide Strategic Objectives**



- Strengthen Cyber defense in KBC Group while respecting and stimulating the *Pearl spirit*
- Implement proactive threat-based Cyber Risk Management
- Create an *information highway* to be able to respond appropriately to trends and incidents at all levels of the organization
- Check and track maturity on Cyber Risk Management: compare to internal peers per business unit and to external peers for KBC Group
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   & risk appetite
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# Search for Support



- Get heavyweight sponsorship within the company
  - Chief Risk Officer for IT+ IS (Information Security)
  - Chief Risk Officer for Group
- Get support from top managers
  - Country Teams (Belgium, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Ireland, Bulgaria)
  - Management Teams (Asset Management, Securities, ...)
- Start a program under the auspice of top management
  - Group Executive Committee



## Poll 1



How many levels exist between your CISO and your GEXCO/Board?

1 Level

2 Level

More than 2 Levels



# **Model = Information Security Wheel**



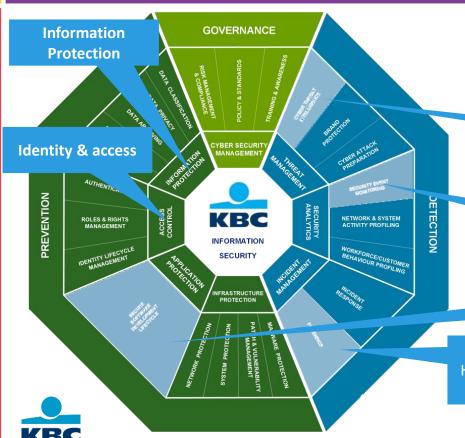


Chart all capabilities that have an influence on this risk

Some examples:

**Cyber Threat Intelligence**Analysis of threats, incidents and trends

**Security Event Monitoring**Correlation between events

Secure Software Development Life Cycle
Making software safe,
"from cradle to grave"

#### Forensic research

How did the attack happen? What's the damage? Build a remediation plan.

# The Concept of Maturity





Level 1
Initial

Ad hoc, Undocumented, uncontrolled



Level 2
Repeatable

Documented but discipline is unlikely to be rigorous



Level 3
Defined

Standards are established



Level 4 Managed

Using process metrics, management can effectively steer & control



Optimizing

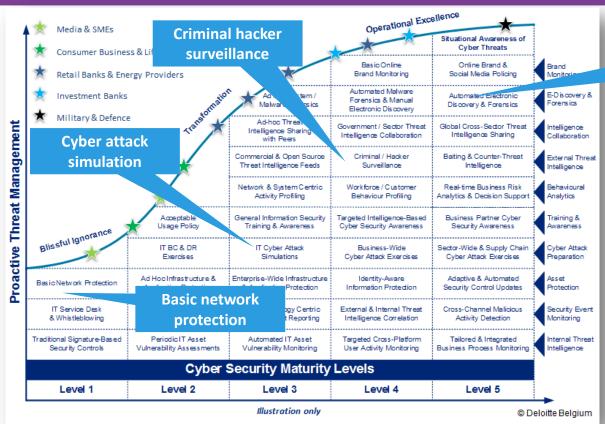
Continuous improvement

Level 5



# The Concept of Required Maturity



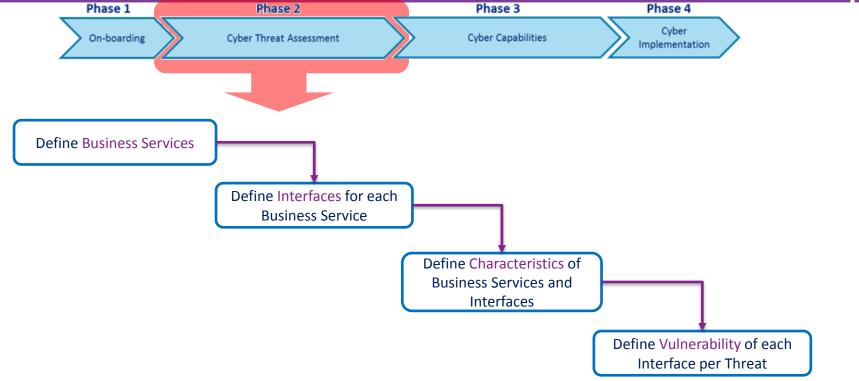


Automated discovery & forensics



# **Cyber Threat Assessment**







# **Capability Assessment**





Required and current maturity level is defined for each of the 8 capabilities and 24 sub-capabilities



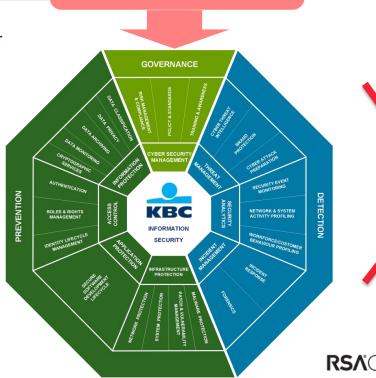
## Required maturity based on business

based on business services, interfaces and threat landscape

#### **Current maturity**

based on questionnaires & evidence







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# Methodology





Final result is a multi-year roadmap that will close the gap between Current and Required Maturity.

The yearly **security action plan** is the part of the roadmap that will be implemented within the next year.



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Making the Risk Visible: How to Steer with One KPI – Cyber Resilience







# **Cyber Resilience: Legend for Next Slides**



This shows the moment in time for the presented values

- ... assuming technology doesn't change
- ... assuming the threat landscape doesn't shift
- ... assuming all planned projects can/will be implemented

The Cyber Resilience shows how close this organization is compared to the maturity that is required for its specific threat landscape

#### Color coding

#### Actions yet to be taken

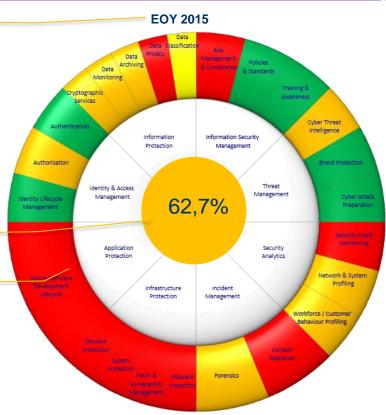
Up to 10% remaining

11% to 25% remaining

26% to 40% remaining

More than 40% remaining

KBC

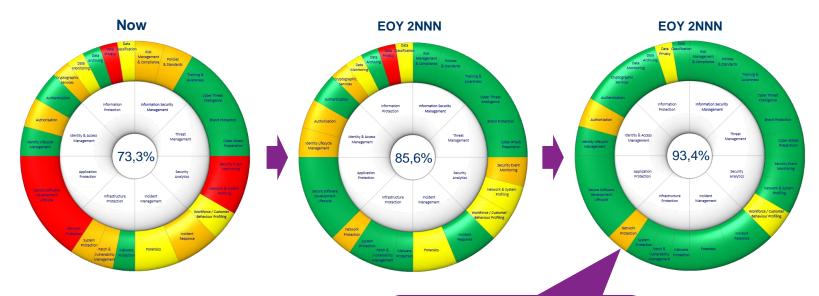


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# **Roadmap Evolution & Simulations: Example**



### **Business Unit – Entity x**







# Threat Landscape: Vulnerability Levels

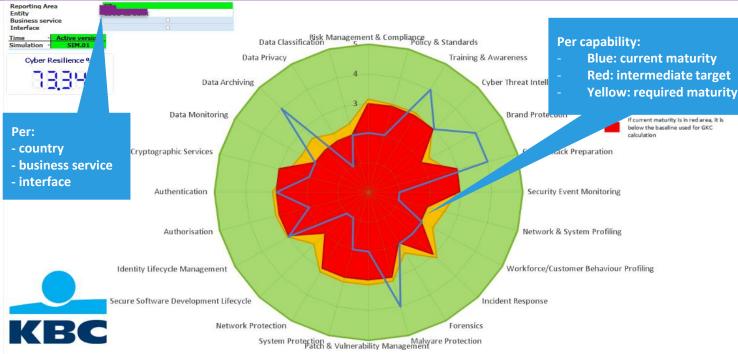


Phishing towards persons external to the organisation Phishing towards employees Generic malware towards customers and employees Targeted malware against customers Targeted malware against employees External network-level attack towards publicly accessible server External application-level attack towards publicly accessible server Network-level attack from trusted third parties



# **Spider Diagram: Example**







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**Cyber Risk Management on Group Level Services** 

## **Provide Supporting Services to Group Members**

















# **Cyber Intelligence - Sharing**



#### **Publications**





#### **Notifications**







#### Sharing







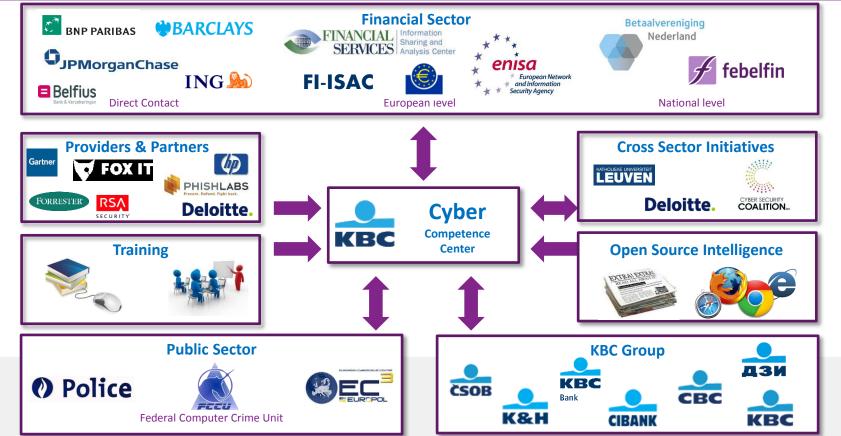
#### Management Reports





# **Intelligence - Sources**





Non exhaustive list

## **Provide Supporting Services to Group Members**

















# **Cyber Surveillance**



- Detection of malware targeting KBC companies and shutting down malicious servers (command & control servers)
- Detection of phishing activities and shutting down malicious websites
- Monitoring of mobile app stores for fake mobile apps of KBC Group companies
- Detection of customer/employee credentials on drop zones



## **Provide Supporting Services to Group Members**

















# **Breach Investigation**



- Forensic Investigation
- Malware Analysis





## **Provide Supporting Services to Group Members**

















# **Crisis Management**



## Central team steps in when:

- Right profiles unavailable
- Too many incidents/crises at the same time
- Crisis gets out of control
- Global Cyber crisis

## In 2016







## **Provide Supporting Services to Group Members**













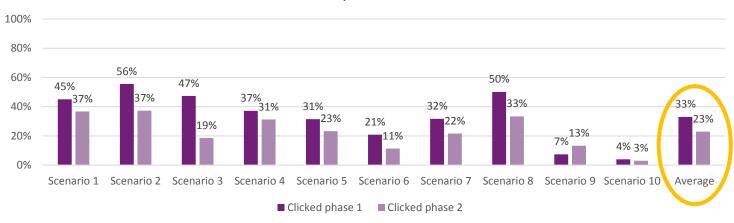




# Large Scale Phishing Campaign



#### Click Rate - suspicious links in emails



Number of "clickers" dropped to 23% → Continue the efforts this year



## **Provide Supporting Services to Group Members**

















# **Cyber Resilience & Readiness Testing**



- Vulnerability scanning of all websites in KBC Group
- Vulnerability scanning of all mobile apps in KBC Group
- Ethical Hacking of our companies
- Vulnerability scanning on our internal network



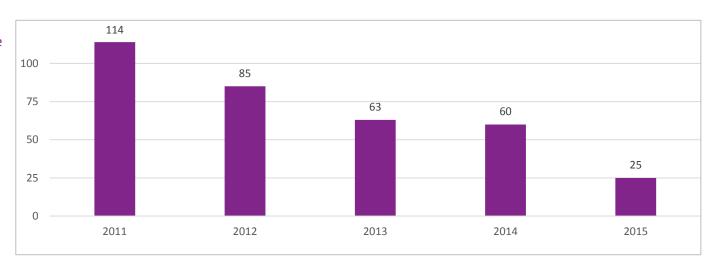
# **Cyber Resilience & Readiness Testing**



If you didn't start to scan your websites for vulnerabilities yet, do it now!

#### Positive impact of vulnerability scan

Number of severe Vulnerabilities (all websites)





## Poll 2



## Who has done an Ethical Hacking exercise?

Never

Yes

I do not know what Ethical Hacking means



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# **KBC Group Dashboard Information Security**

Reporting period Q2 2015







Note: Resilience results are based on the Cyber TNG maturity assessment dd. 15/07/2015



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# **Apply What You Have Learned Today**



- Next week you should:
  - Not lose time in discussions about 'the best' Information Security Framework. Choose one!
  - Start getting your Top Level Buy-in
- In the first three months following this presentation you should:
  - Involve your Information Security Officers, get them to speak the same language based on your Framework
  - Define measurable target(s) for your risk appetite and approve them at the Board Level
- Within six months you should:
  - Define your program charter, get it decided at the Board Level and go for it!







