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Add-on Best Practice Check Tool

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Agenda

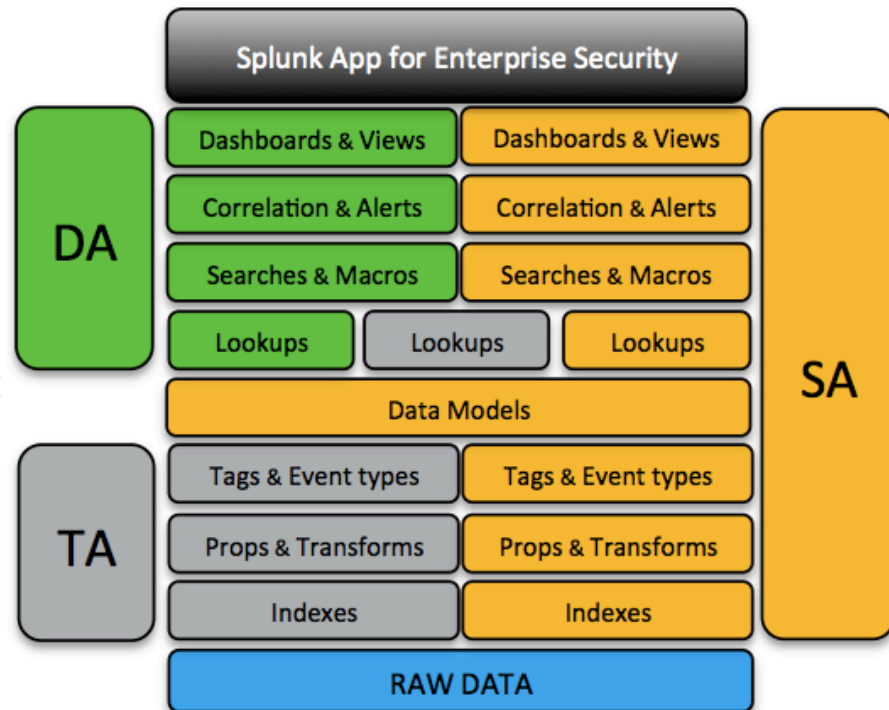
- What's a Technology Add-on?
- Naming Conventions
- Getting Data In
- Field Extraction Techniques
- Logging for Troubleshooting
- Data for Sample Events



What's a Technology Add-on?

<http://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/ES/latest/Install/ESArchitecture>

- It's a driver for non-Splunk technology
 - **Maybe** gets data in, **maybe** sends commands out
- It's a knowledge layer
 - **Definitely** makes sense of the data
- Yes, they're all just app packages
 - Standards that aren't code-enforced are really just guidelines
- Some apps are bigger than others
 - (Some apps' mothers are bigger than other apps' mothers)



Package Names

- The package name is the **folder name** and **app.conf id**.
 - It's hard to change, so get it right before you publish.
 - **Splunk_TA_\$vendor-\$product** is the format for Splunk-supported.
 - **TA-\$vendor-\$product** is the format to use if you aren't in Splunk R&D.
- If you use those, you'll be automatically inherited into ES.
- Use the shortest sensible name
- Use lower case
- Try to avoid version numbers
 - Follow this: <http://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunkbase/latest/Splunkbase/Namingguidelines>

GOOD

Splunk_TA_mcafee
Splunk_TA_cisco-asa

LESS GOOD, BUT STILL OKAY

TA-Symantec-DeepSight
Splunk_TA_flowfix

NOT SO GOOD

TA-Damballa-Failsafe-520-v101
TA_opendns

Source Type Names

- The sourcetype names in props.conf are how knowledge works
 - It's hard to change later, so get it right before you publish
 - Account for backward compatibility with a sourcetype rename
 - If you don't, your Add-on will have to co-exist with the old one as long as data is stored
 - Use `vendor:product:feature:format`
 - Why not underscores? Why not ampersands? Consistency is the goal
 - Use the shortest sensible name
 - Use the lowest sensible number of sourcetypes
 - Break the rules if you have to in order to get data in efficiently

GOOD

cisco:esa:textmail
f5:bigip:asm:syslog

LESS GOOD, BUT STILL OKAY

cisco_wsa
Perfmon:sqlserver:locks

NOT SO GOOD

syslog
microsoft:lync:general

Event Type Names

- The event type names in eventtypes.conf are how CIM tagging works
 - It's hard to change later, so get it right before you publish
 - Special characters (including colons) make startup config testing unhappy
 - Use `vendor_product_eventtype`
 - Consistency is the goal
 - This format is clearly distinguished from sourcetypes
 - Use the shortest sensible name
 - Use the lowest sensible number of event types

GOOD

nagios_service_flapping_alert
snow_change_request

LESS GOOD, BUT STILL OKAY

estreamer_v4
hyperv_host

NOT SO GOOD

update
vnx:block:SystemCpu

Lookup Names

- Lookups are a useful utility and a source of confusion and errors
- Clear naming convention makes them easier to troubleshoot
 - The filename should begin with a short identifier of the add-on, be descriptive, and be plural. `snort_severities.csv`
 - The transforms entry should be the singular form of the filename with `_lookup` added. `[snort_severity_lookup]`
 - The props entry should be descriptive and reference the add-on. `LOOKUP-severity_for_snort`
- Try for shorter names when possible, for btool's sake

Inputs

- Can you control the data that is generated?
 - Review [Splunk's Logging Best Practices](#)
 - Time and date entries should always use [ISO 8601](#)
- Optimize timestamp recognition as much as possible
- Always disable default inputs
 - Principle of Least Surprise: Enterprise admins want to turn it on themselves
 - Add-ons should get deployed all over, but they shouldn't run everywhere
 - Document how to turn them on where input is desired

disabled = 1

Dependencies

- Need another Add-on for your input? Don't ship an inputs.conf file
 - Common dependencies: DB Connect, PowerShell, Windows, Unix
 - Use `inputs.conf.template` to protect from startup errors
 - Why not a private `.spec` file? Because yours will get out of sync
- Prefer Modular Inputs to Scripted Inputs
 - Why write your own control logic?
- XML Payload? Use a CDATA wrapper
 - Otherwise special characters will break the input
- Asking Splunk REST endpoints for data? Use `count=0`
 - Otherwise, it will just return a few data points instead of all of them

Indexes Rules

- Do not ship an `indexes.conf`
 - The customer needs to be in control of storage location, data retention, role based access security, and deployment techniques
- Indexes should not be defined without clear understanding of the target Splunk deployment's
 - Security goals & settings (which roles have access to which indexes, &c)
 - Retention goals & settings (restrictions due to disk size, legal, compliance, &c)
 - Storage location, sizes, and performance (local disks, NAS, SAN, allocated free space, IOPS, &c)
 - Index configuration management (deployment server, clustering, puppet, chef, &c)
- Use a macro in your app so that customers can edit

Field Extractions

- The more complex a field extraction is, the worse it will perform
- Calling the regular expression engine repeatedly for simple tasks is better than calling it once for a giant task

– Readability of `src_port=(\d+)` is better than

```
^{\w{3}\s+\d{2}\s+\d{2}}:\d{2}:\d{2}\s+\S+\s+(?:\w{3}\s+\d{2}\s+\d{2}:\d{2}:\d{2}\s+)?([\^\\t]+)\t([\^\\t]+)\t([\^\\t]+)\t([\^\\t]+)\t\"?\d+:\s+([\^\\t\"]+)\t\"?([\^\\t\"]+)\t\"?([\^\\t\"]+)\t([\^\\t\"]+)\t([\^\\t\"]+)\t([\^\\t\"]+)\t([\^\\t\"]+)\t([\^\\t\"]+)\t\"?([\^\\t\"]+)\t\"?([\^\\t\"]+)\t([\^\\t\"]+)
```



Field Extraction Rules

- Fields used in prebuilt searches (eventtype, savedsearch, view or macro) MUST use static key value extractions instead of variable keys.
- Use the fastest field extraction mechanism that works for the data.
- Do not use variable keys.
 - DM Acceleration and searches are slowed by an order of magnitude
 - You can't CIM map unknown field names anyway

```
REGEX=( [^\s=] +=+(\S+))  
FORMAT=$1 :: $2
```

I am slowness

Over-riding Fields

- Vendors like the same field names that we do. It is to cry.
- Use Field Aliases to move conflicting fields to `vendor_$fieldname`
 - `FIELDALIAS-vendor_action_for_mcafee_epo=action AS vendor_action`
- Use Lookups to resolve conflicts
 - `LOOKUP-action_for_mcafee_epo=epo_action_lookup vendor_action OUTPUT action`

tag=authentication action=* stats count(sourcetype) by action		All time ▾	🔍
10,652 of 59,617 events matched		Job ▾	⏏
Events (10,652) Patterns Statistics (6) Visualization			
20 Per Page ▾ Format ▾ Preview ▾			
action ↕		count(sourcetype) ▾	
block		4017	
failure		3239	
success		2421	
USER_AUTHENTICATE_OAUTH2_TOKEN_REFRESH		585	
LOGIN		325	
FAILED_LOGIN		65	

Logging

- Users are taught to expect standard logging behavior from Splunk Add-ons
 - <http://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/AddOns/latest/Overview/Troubleshootadd-ons>
 - Write log files to locations that Splunk will index, using Splunk best practices for timestamp and format
 - Set at least one sourcetype so that you're not adding to “the learned problem”
 - Write your logs with levels, even if you don't let the user select levels yet.
 - The standard levels are **INFO**, **WARN**, **ERROR**, and **DEBUG**
- Log your intent and the outcome in the log
 - You want to authenticate to a service? **DEBUG** log that you are attempting it.
 - If it fails, **ERROR** log that it failed.
 - If it succeeds, **INFO** log that you're authenticated.

Sample Data and Customer Data

- Don't send us non-anonymized customer data or include in the Add-on
 - This isn't support, it's product development – different rules
- Customer data is normal data from working systems. That's okay for operations, but insufficient for security.
 - Fine for INFERENCE, inherently insufficient for RECOGNITION
 - INFERENCE: "Frank never has a second cup at home!"
 - RECOGNITION: "Frank bought a plane ticket to Colombia for better coffee."

Questions?



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THANK YOU

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