

the adventures of alic bob

Targeted Attacks: Mission 'Smartphones'

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Job Title: Senior Malware Analyst

Company Name: Kaspersky Lab

Agenda



- Targeted attacks on smartphones
 - What are they?
- Target: smartphone. Why?
 - Consumerization and threats
- How targeted attack could proceed
 - Details on possible scenarios
- How to suppress targeted attacks?



Targeted attacks on smartphones



Targeted attack on smartphone

An attack on a smartphone which aims to steal corporate data stored on a device

Targeted attacks on smartphones



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An attack on a smartphone which aims to steal corporate data stored on a device

- Small F.A.Q.
 - Can targeted attacks be real?
 - We'll discuss this later



Targeted attacks on smartphones



Targeted attack on smartphone

An attack on a smartphone which aims to steal corporate data stored on a device

- Small F.A.Q.
 - Can targeted attacks be real?
 - We'll discuss this later
 - Have they taken place already?
 - It is possible that they have taken place





Mobile Devices Sales to End Users by Device Category Smartphones (Thousands of Units)

Total	172 374,2	250 127,2	373 272,9	484 185,7
Western Europe	45 540,7	79 373,1	139 580,6	174 321,3
North America	45 601,8	66 695,3	89 861,2	104 698,4
Africa	12 005,3	15 338,6	22 744,8	35 264,1
Latin America Middle East and	7 251,7	10 453,5	18 626,9	29 003,3
Japan	17 426,7	18 369,0	19 976,4	25 636,9
Eastern Europe	6 969,0	9 104,5	13 244,7	20 365,3
Asia/Pacific	37 579,0	50 793,3	69 238,2	94 896,4
	2009	2010	2011	2012

Gartner, Forecast: Mobile Devices, Worldwide, 2003-2014, 1Q10 Update

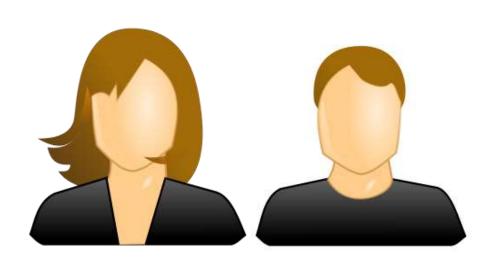


- Your device contains a lot of 'interesting' things
 - outgoing SMS messages to vour friends
 - work emails
 - business contacts
 - trip calendar
 - vacation photos
 - GPS coordinates
- So, your device is you!









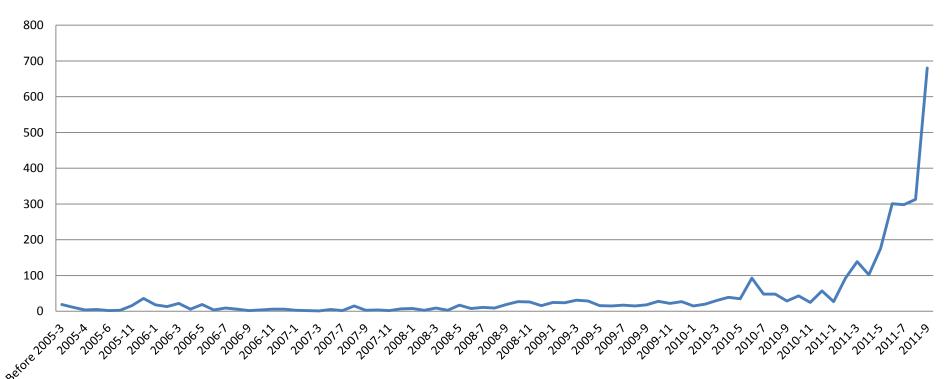
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Mobile malware:

Almost 100% growth of threats in 2011 over 2004 2010

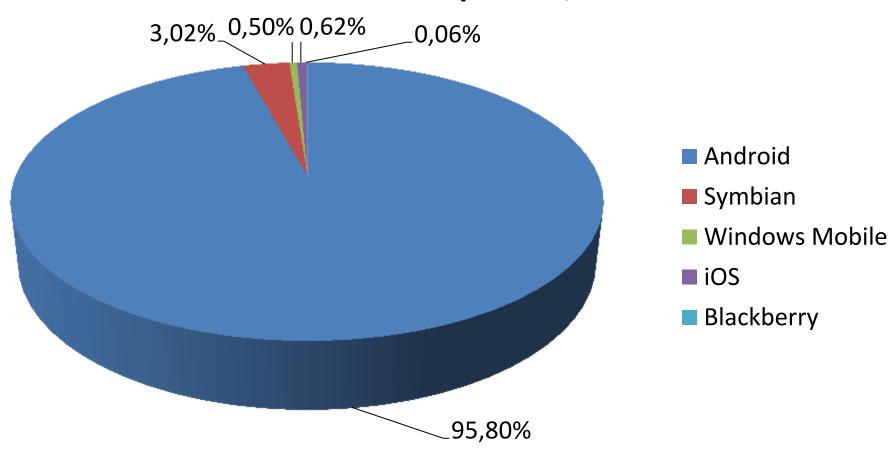
Number of modifications



Source: Kaspersky Lab



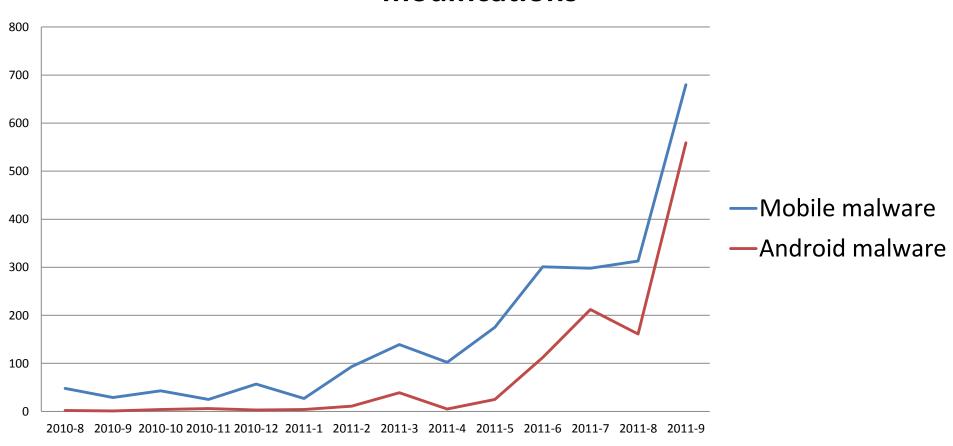
Malware for smartphones, 2011



Source: Kaspersky Lab



Android modifications vs. Mobile malware modifications



Source: Kaspersky Lab

How targeted attack could proceed Details on possible scenario



- Profiling the target
 - Trying to find the most vulnerable





- Profiling the target
 - Trying to find the most vulnerable
 - Social networks, again









- Retrieving a phone number
 - It's even easier than email!

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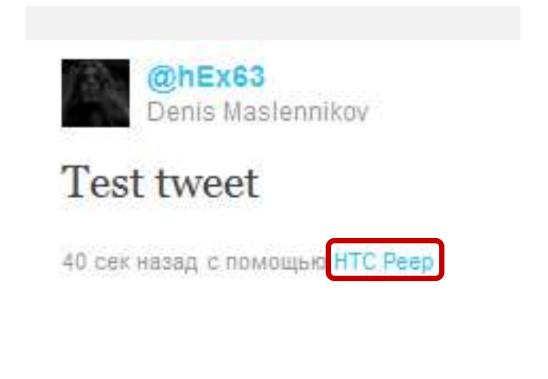
- Retrieving a device model
 - It's also rather easy!





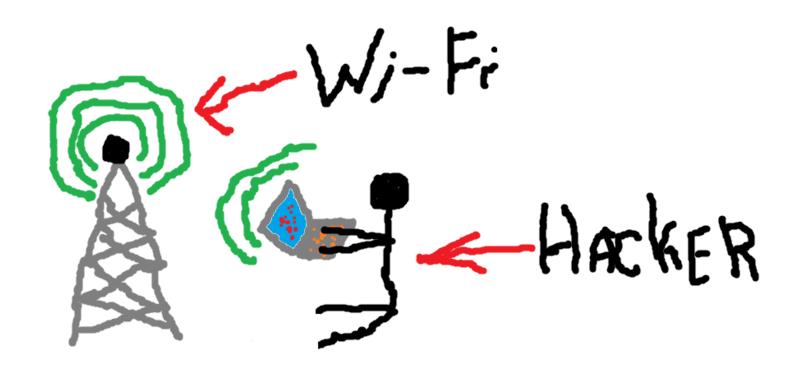
- Retrieving a device model
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Sniffing: illustration ⊚





Sniffing



- Using public Wi-Fi on corporate device?
 - Not a good idea at all!

Sniffing



Using public Wi-Fi on corporate device?

— Not a good idea at all!



ID attack

University of Ulm researchers Bastian Konings, Jens Nickels, and Florian Schaub made their discovery while watching how Android phones handle login credentials for web-based services.

Many applications installed on Android phones interact with Google services by asking for an authentication token - essentially a digital ID card for that app. Once issued the token removes the need to keep logging in to a service for a given length of time.

Armed with the token, criminals would be able to pose as a particular user and get at their personal information.

Even worse, found the researchers, tokens are not bound to particular phones or time of use so they can be used to impersonate a handset almost anywhere.

"[T]he adversary can gain full access to the calendar, contacts nformation, or private web albums of the respective Google user," the researchers wrote in a blog post explaining their findings.

Abuse of the loophole might mean some people lose data but other changes may be harder to spot.

"...an adversary could change the stored e-mail address of the victim's boss or business partners hoping to receive sensitive or confidential material pertaining to their business," the team speculated.

How safe is your smartphone?

Is 'open' killing the

Apple, Google in

privacy hearing

Android?

Physical access

Where is your device?



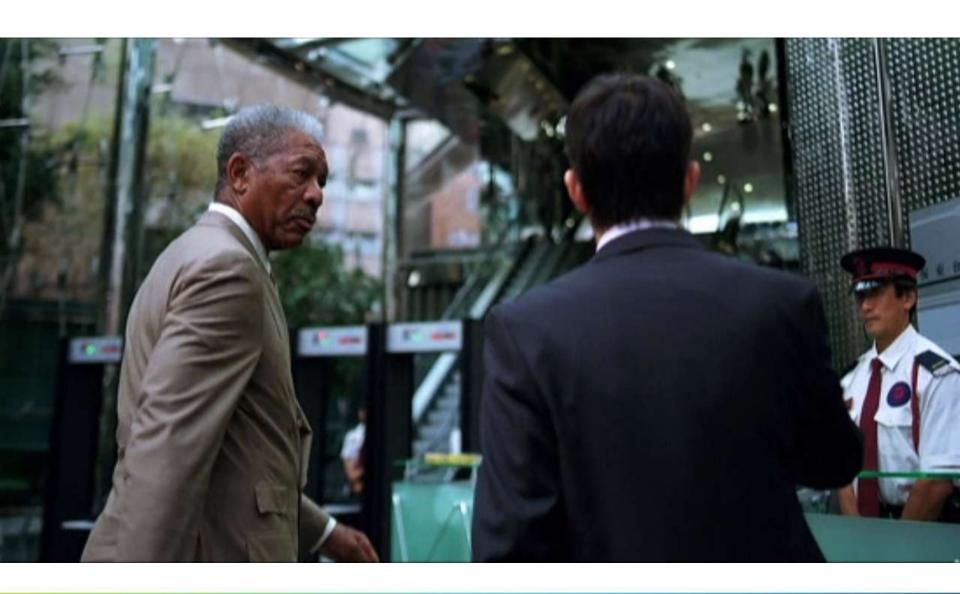






Scene from...





Scene from 'The Dark Knight'





Real life example



More serious issues

IAEA fears Iran officials have hacked UN nuclear inspectors' devices

Article

Published On Wed, 18 May 2011

its experts that their cellphones

George Jahn

PAGE 25

Associated Press

VIENNA — The UN nuclear agency is investigating reports from its experts that their cellphones

looking for confidential information

One of the diplomats said the International Atomic Energy Agency is examining "a range of events, ranging from those where it is certain something has happened to suppositions," all in the first quarter of this year. He said the Vienna-based nuclear watchdoo agency was alerted

by inspectors reporting "un electronic equipment.

while the equipment was left unattended

Two other diplomats in senior positions confirmed the essence of the report but said they had no further information. All three envoys come from member nations of the International Atomic Energy Agency and spoke on condition of anonymity because their information was privileged.

Screen lock: PIN



- Direct physical access
 - Passcode?



Screen lock: PIN



- Direct physical access
 - Passcode?

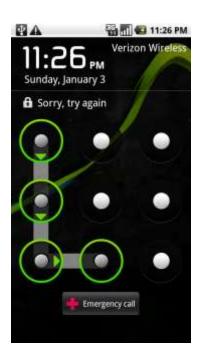


- 1234/birth year/0000/9876/etc?

Screen lock: swipe lock

RSACONFERENCE CHINA 2011

- Direct physical access
 - Swipe lock?



Screen lock: swipe lock



- Direct physical access
 - Swipe lock?



Screen lock: swipe lock



- **Direct physical access**
 - Swipe lock?



Complete retrieval: 68%

Smudge Attacks on Smartphone Touch Screens; Aviv, Gibson, Mossop, Smith, University of Pennsylvania

Physical access: possible result



- Present with pre-installed malware
 - Classic Trojan attack



Remote attack

Unique malware



- What functionality is necessary?
 - Mask itself
 - Read data stored on smartphones
 - Retrieve GPS coordinates
 - Where have you been and where are you now
 - Able to communicate with the drop-zone
 - Upload stolen information



Functionality In discovered malware

Has it been done?

Read data	Monitor.AndroidOS.Flesp	
GPS	Monitor.AndroidOS.Tapsnake	
Disguise	Trojan-Spy.AndroidOS.Geinimi	
Communication	Backdoor.AndroidOS.Rooter (DroidDream)	

Delivering the malware



- Usage of social engineering tricks to get the victim to click on a link:
 - In the SMS spam message
 - In the Skype spam message
 - In the social network spam message



(Un)Trusted sources



- 'But I use only official application stores!'
- Malware in the Android Market
 - March 1, 2011
 - Malicious apps have been available for several days

(Un)Trusted sources



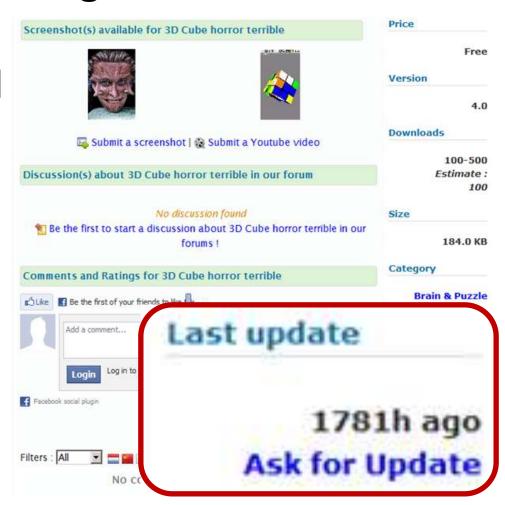
- 'But I use only official application stores!'
- Malware in the Android Market
 - March 1, 2011
 - Malicious apps have been available for several days
 - May 11, 2011
 - Malicious apps have been available for several...

...months?

(Un)Trusted sources

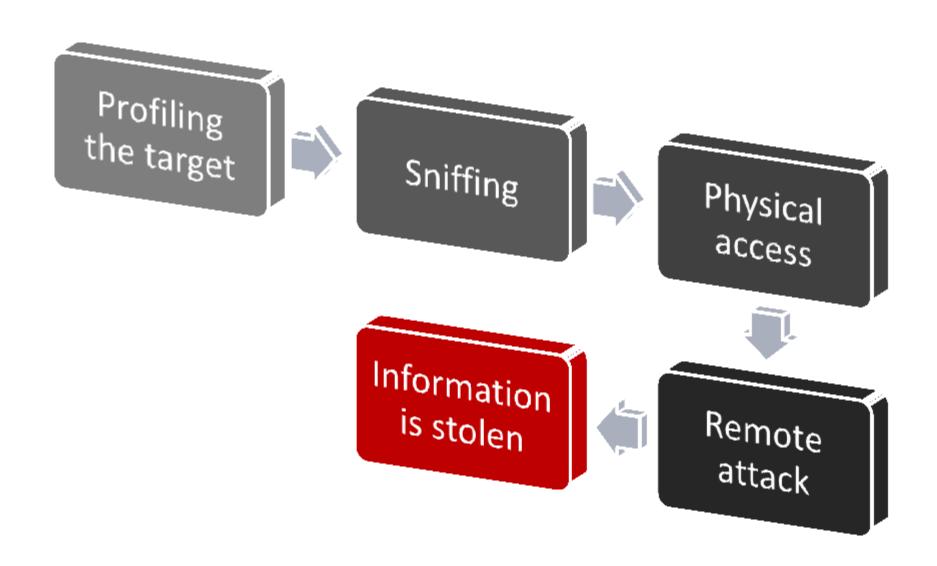


- Android Market mirroring web sites
- Screenshot captured
 May 12
- Malware uploaded
 February 27
- 2,5 months before
 it was noticed!

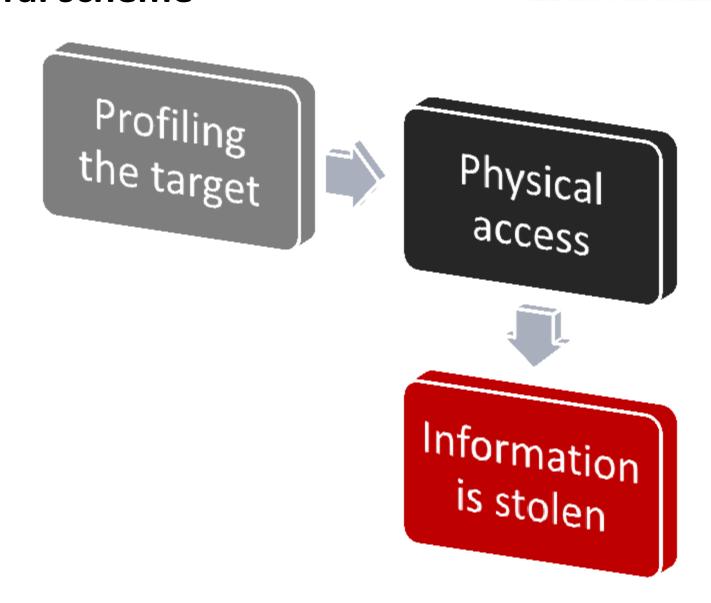


Successful targeted attack Results

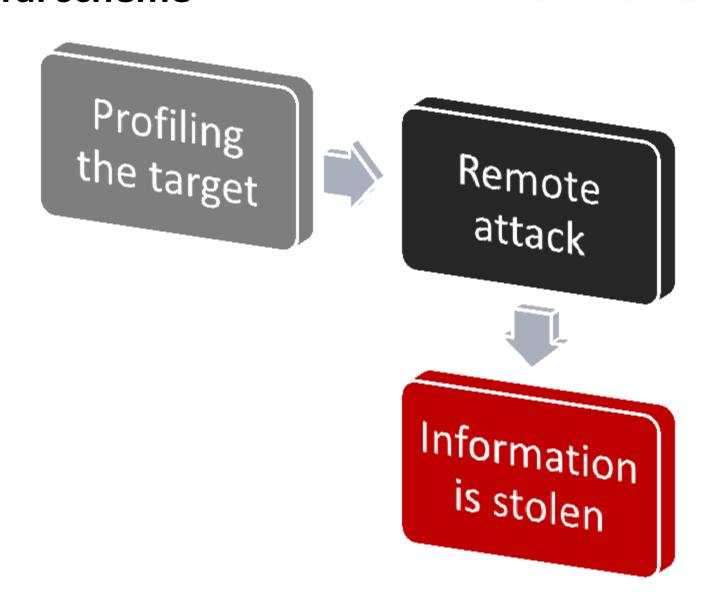
















Results



- Mission accomplished
 - Necessary information was stolen or accessed
- What's next?



Results



- Mission accomplished
 - Necessary information was stolen or accessed
- What's next?
 - Information can be sold
 - To competitors
 - To third party
 - Blackmailing
 - Disclosure to public
 - Erasure or modification



How to suppress targeted attacks

Suppressing targeted attacks

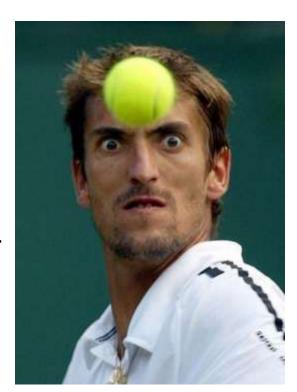


- Don't use public or untrusted Wi-Fi networks
 - WPA2 encryption
 - 3G/4G is more secure

Suppressing targeted attacks



- Don't use public or untrusted Wi-Fi networks
 - WPA2 encryption
 - 3G/4G is more secure
- Physical security
 - Always keep an eye on your device
 - Always!
 - Usage of strong screen lock password or tricky swipe lock is good idea
 - Remote wipe software must be mandatory for corporate devices



Suppressing targeted attacks



- Making life harder for remote attacker
 - Update OS and third party software regularly
 - Read all permissions carefully
 - SMS sending for 'media player' is not necessary
 - Ignore all SMS (and email) spam messages
 - especially with URLs
 - Use encryption
 - encode all critical data
 - Avoid jailbreaking or 'rooting'





Don't think that your smartphone is safer than your PC



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Thank you! Targeted Attacks: Mission 'Smartphones'

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